

## Description of STM32L0 HAL and low-layer drivers

### Introduction

STM32Cube is an STMicroelectronics original initiative to significantly improve developer productivity by reducing development effort, time and cost. STM32Cube covers the STM32 portfolio.

STM32Cube includes:

- **STM32CubeMX**, a graphical software configuration tool that allows the generation of C initialization code using graphical wizards.
- A comprehensive embedded software platform, delivered per Series (such as **STM32CubeL0** for STM32L0 Series)
  - The STM32Cube HAL, STM32 abstraction layer embedded software ensuring maximized portability across the STM32 portfolio. HAL APIs are available for all peripherals.
  - Low-layer APIs (LL) offering a fast light-weight expert-oriented layer which is closer to the hardware than the HAL. LL APIs are available only for a set of peripherals.
  - A consistent set of middleware components such as RTOS and USB.
  - All embedded software utilities, delivered with a full set of examples.

The HAL driver layer provides a simple, generic multi-instance set of APIs (application programming interfaces) to interact with the upper layer (application, libraries and stacks). The HAL driver APIs are split into two categories: generic APIs, which provide common and generic functions for all the STM32 series and extension APIs, which include specific and customized functions for a given line or part number. The HAL drivers include a complete set of ready-to-use APIs that simplify the user application implementation. For example, the communication peripherals contain APIs to initialize and configure the peripheral, manage data transfers in polling mode, handle interrupts or DMA, and manage communication errors. The HAL drivers are feature-oriented instead of IP-oriented. For example, the timer APIs are split into several categories following the IP functions, such as basic timer, capture and pulse width modulation (PWM). The HAL driver layer implements run-time failure detection by checking the input values of all functions. Such dynamic checking enhances the firmware robustness. Run-time detection is also suitable for user application development and debugging.

The LL drivers offer hardware services based on the available features of the STM32 peripherals. These services reflect exactly the hardware capabilities, and provide atomic operations that must be called by following the programming model described in the product line reference manual. As a result, the LL services are not based on standalone processes and do not require any additional memory resources to save their states, counter or data pointers. All operations are performed by changing the content of the associated peripheral registers. Unlike the HAL, LL APIs are not provided for peripherals for which optimized access is not a key feature, or for those requiring heavy software configuration and/or a complex upper-level stack (such as USB).

The HAL and LL are complementary and cover a wide range of application requirements:

- The HAL offers high-level and feature-oriented APIs with a high-portability level. These hide the MCU and peripheral complexity from the end-user.
- The LL offers low-level APIs at register level, with better optimization but less portability. These require deep knowledge of the MCU and peripheral specifications.

The HAL- and LL-driver source code is developed in Strict ANSI-C, which makes it independent of the development tools. It is checked with the CodeSonar<sup>®</sup> static analysis tool. It is fully documented.

They are compliant with MISRA C<sup>®</sup>:2004 standard.

This user manual is structured as follows:

- Overview of HAL drivers
- Overview of low-layer drivers
- Cohabiting of HAL and LL drivers
- Detailed description of each peripheral driver: configuration structures, functions, and how to use the given API to build your application



## 1 General information

The [STM32CubeL0](#) MCU Package runs on STM32L0 32-bit microcontrollers based on the Arm® Cortex®-M processor.

*Note: Arm is a registered trademark of Arm Limited (or its subsidiaries) in the US and/or elsewhere.*



## 2 Acronyms and definitions

Table 1. Acronyms and definitions

Acronym	Definition
ADC	Analog-to-digital converter
ANSI	American national standards institute
API	Application programming interface
BSP	Board support package
CMSIS	Cortex microcontroller software interface standard
COMP	Comparator
CORDIC	Trigonometric calculation unit
CPU	Central processing unit
CRC	CRC calculation unit
CRYP	Cryptographic processor
DAC	Digital to analog converter
DMA	Direct memory access
EXTI	External interrupt/event controller
FLASH	Flash memory
GPIO	General purpose I/Os
HAL	Hardware abstraction layer
I2C	Inter-integrated circuit
I2S	Inter-integrated sound
IRDA	Infrared data association
IWDG	Independent watchdog
LCD	Liquid crystal display controller
LPTIM	Low-power timer
MCO	Microcontroller clock output
MPU	Memory protection unit
MSP	MCU specific package
NVIC	Nested vectored interrupt controller
PCD	USB peripheral controller driver
PPP	STM32 peripheral or block
PWR	Power controller
RCC	Reset and clock controller
RNG	Random number generator
RTC	Real-time clock
SD	Secure digital
SMARTCARD	Smartcard IC
SMBUS	System management bus
SPI	Serial peripheral interface
SRAM	SRAM external memory
SysTick	System tick timer

Acronym	Definition
TIM	Advanced-control, general-purpose or basic timer
TSC	Touch sensing controller
UART	Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter
USART	Universal synchronous receiver/transmitter
WWDG	Window watchdog
USB	Universal serial bus



### 3 Overview of HAL drivers

The HAL drivers are designed to offer a rich set of APIs and to interact easily with the application upper layers. Each driver consists of a set of functions covering the most common peripheral features. The development of each driver is driven by a common API which standardizes the driver structure, the functions and the parameter names.

The HAL drivers include a set of driver modules, each module being linked to a standalone peripheral. However, in some cases, the module is linked to a peripheral functional mode. As an example, several modules exist for the USART peripheral: UART driver module, USART driver module, SMARTCARD driver module and IRDA driver module.

The HAL main features are the following:

- Cross-family portable set of APIs covering the common peripheral features as well as extension APIs in case of specific peripheral features.
- Three API programming models: polling, interrupt and DMA.
- APIs are RTOS compliant:
  - Fully reentrant APIs
  - Systematic usage of timeouts in polling mode
- Support of peripheral multi-instance allowing concurrent API calls for multiple instances of a given peripheral (such as USART1 or USART2)
- All HAL APIs implement user-callback functions mechanism:
  - Peripheral Init/Delinit HAL APIs can call user-callback functions to perform peripheral system level Initialization/De-Initialization (clock, GPIOs, interrupt, DMA)
  - Peripherals interrupt events
  - Error events
- Object locking mechanism: safe hardware access to prevent multiple spurious accesses to shared resources.
- Timeout used for all blocking processes: the timeout can be a simple counter or a timebase.

## 3.1 HAL and user-application files

### 3.1.1 HAL driver files

HAL drivers are composed of the following set of files:

**Table 2. HAL driver files**

File	Description
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp.c</i>	Main peripheral/module driver file It includes the APIs that are common to all STM32 devices. <i>Example: stm32l0xx_hal_adc.c, stm32l0xx_hal_irda.c.</i>
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp.h</i>	Header file of the main driver C file It includes common data, handle and enumeration structures, define statements and macros, as well as the exported generic APIs. <i>Example: stm32l0xx_hal_adc.h, stm32l0xx_hal_irda.h.</i>
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex.c</i>	Extension file of a peripheral/module driver. It includes the specific APIs for a given part number or family, as well as the newly defined APIs that overwrite the default generic APIs if the internal process is implemented in different way. <i>Example: stm32l0xx_hal_adc_ex.c, stm32l0xx_hal_flash_ex.c.</i>
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex.h</i>	Header file of the extension C file It includes the specific data and enumeration structures, define statements and macros, as well as the exported device part number specific APIs <i>Example: stm32l0xx_hal_adc_ex.h, stm32l0xx_hal_flash_ex.h.</i>
<i>stm32l0xx_hal.c</i>	This file is used for HAL initialization and contains DBGMCU, Remap and Time Delay based on SysTick APIs.
<i>stm32l0xx_hal.h</i>	stm32l0xx_hal.c header file
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_msp_template.c</i>	Template file to be copied to the user application folder It contains the MSP initialization and de-initialization (main routine and callbacks) of the peripheral used in the user application.
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_conf_template.h</i>	Template file allowing to customize the drivers for a given application
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_def.h</i>	Common HAL resources such as common define statements, enumerations, structures and macros

### 3.1.2 User-application files

The minimum files required to build an application using the HAL are listed in the table below:

**Table 3. User-application files**

File	Description
<i>system_stm32l0xx.c</i>	This file contains SystemInit() that is called at startup just after reset and before branching to the main program. It does not configure the system clock at startup (contrary to the standard library). This is to be done using the HAL APIs in the user files. It allows relocating the vector table in internal SRAM.
<i>startup_stm32l0xx.s</i>	Toolchain specific file that contains reset handler and exception vectors. For some toolchains, it allows adapting the stack/heap size to fit the application requirements.
<i>stm32l0xx_flash.icf</i> (optional)	Linker file for EWARM toolchain allowing mainly adapting the stack/heap size to fit the application requirements.
<i>stm32l0xx_FLASH.ld</i> (optional)	Linker file for SW4STM32 toolchain.
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_msp.c</i>	This file contains the MSP initialization and de-initialization (main routine and callbacks) of the peripheral used in the user application.

File	Description
<i>stm32l0xx_hal_conf.h</i>	This file allows the user to customize the HAL drivers for a specific application. It is not mandatory to modify this configuration. The application can use the default configuration without any modification.
<i>stm32l0xx_it.c/.h</i>	This file contains the exceptions handler and peripherals interrupt service routine, and calls HAL_IncTick() at regular time intervals to increment a local variable (declared in <i>stm32l0xx_hal.c</i> ) used as HAL timebase. By default, this function is called each 1ms in SysTick ISR. The PPP_IRQHandler() routine must call HAL_PPP_IRQHandler() if an interrupt based process is used within the application.
<i>main.c/.h</i>	This file contains the main program routine, mainly: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call to HAL_Init()</li> <li>• assert_failed() implementation</li> <li>• system clock configuration</li> <li>• peripheral HAL initialization and user application code.</li> </ul>

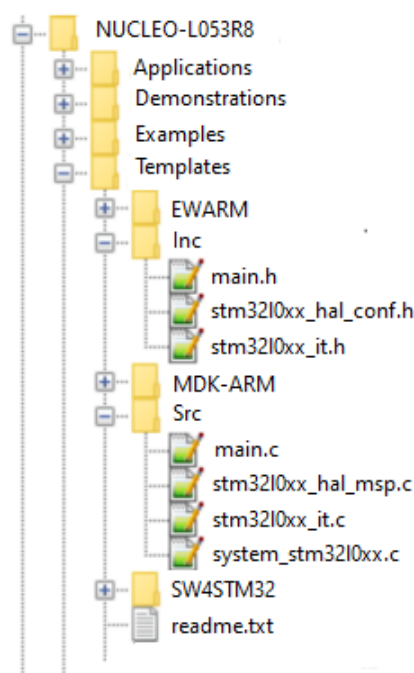
The STM32Cube package comes with ready-to-use project templates, one for each supported board. Each project contains the files listed above and a preconfigured project for the supported toolchains.

Each project template provides empty main loop function and can be used as a starting point to get familiar with project settings for STM32Cube. Its features are the following:

- It contains the sources of HAL, CMSIS and BSP drivers which are the minimal components to develop a code on a given board.
- It contains the include paths for all the firmware components.
- It defines the STM32 device supported, and allows configuring the CMSIS and HAL drivers accordingly.
- It provides ready to use user files preconfigured as defined below:
  - HAL is initialized
  - SysTick ISR implemented for HAL\_Delay()
  - System clock configured with the maximum device frequency.

**Note:** If an existing project is copied to another location, then include paths must be updated.

**Figure 1. Example of project template**



## 3.2 HAL data structures

Each HAL driver can contain the following data structures:

- Peripheral handle structures
- Initialization and configuration structures
- Specific process structures.

### 3.2.1 Peripheral handle structures

The APIs have a modular generic multi-instance architecture that enables working with several IP instances simultaneously.

**PPP\_HandleTypeDef \*handle** is the main structure that is implemented in the HAL drivers. It handles the peripheral/module configuration and registers and embeds all the structures and variables needed to follow the peripheral device flow.

The peripheral handle is used for the following purposes:

- Multi-instance support: each peripheral/module instance has its own handle. As a result instance resources are independent.
- Peripheral process intercommunication: the handle is used to manage shared data resources between the process routines.  
Example: global pointers, DMA handles, state machine.
- Storage : this handle is used also to manage global variables within a given HAL driver.

An example of peripheral structure is shown below:

```
typedef struct
{
  USART_TypeDef *Instance; /* USART registers base address */
  USART_InitTypeDef Init; /* Usart communication parameters */
  uint8_t *pTxBuffPtr; /* Pointer to Usart Tx transfer Buffer */
  uint16_t TxXferSize; /* Usart Tx Transfer size */
  __IO uint16_t TxXferCount; /* Usart Tx Transfer Counter */
  uint8_t *pRxBuffPtr; /* Pointer to Usart Rx transfer Buffer */
  uint16_t RxXferSize; /* Usart Rx Transfer size */
  __IO uint16_t RxXferCount; /* Usart Rx Transfer Counter */
  DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdmatx; /* Usart Tx DMA Handle parameters */
  DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdmarx; /* Usart Rx DMA Handle parameters */
  HAL_LockTypeDef Lock; /* Locking object */
  __IO HAL_USART_StateTypeDef State; /* Usart communication state */
  __IO HAL_USART_ErrorTypeDef ErrorCode; /* USART Error code */
}USART_HandleTypeDef;
```

- Note:**
1. The multi-instance feature implies that all the APIs used in the application are reentrant and avoid using global variables because subroutines can fail to be reentrant if they rely on a global variable to remain unchanged but that variable is modified when the subroutine is recursively invoked. For this reason, the following rules are respected:
    - Reentrant code does not hold any static (or global) non-constant data: reentrant functions can work with global data. For example, a reentrant interrupt service routine can grab a piece of hardware status to work with (for example serial port read buffer) which is not only global, but volatile. Still, typical use of static variables and global data is not advised, in the sense that only atomic read-modify-write instructions should be used in these variables. It should not be possible for an interrupt or signal to occur during the execution of such an instruction.
    - Reentrant code does not modify its own code.
  2. When a peripheral can manage several processes simultaneously using the DMA (full duplex case), the DMA interface handle for each process is added in the PPP\_HandleTypeDef.
  3. For the shared and system peripherals, no handle or instance object is used. The peripherals concerned by this exception are the following:
    - GPIO
    - SYSTICK
    - NVIC
    - PWR
    - RCC
    - FLASH

### 3.2.2 Initialization and configuration structure

These structures are defined in the generic driver header file when it is common to all part numbers. When they can change from one part number to another, the structures are defined in the extension header file for each part number.

```
typedef struct
{
  uint32_t BaudRate; /*!< This member configures the UART communication baudrate.*/
  uint32_t WordLength; /*!< Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame*/
  uint32_t StopBits; /*!< Specifies the number of stop bits transmitted.*/
  uint32_t Parity; /*!< Specifies the parity mode. */
  uint32_t Mode; /*!< Specifies whether the Receive or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled.*/
  uint32_t HwFlowCtl; /*!< Specifies whether the hardware flow control mode is enabled or disabled.*/
  uint32_t OverSampling; /*!< Specifies whether the Over sampling 8 is enabled or disabled, to achieve higher speed (up to fPCLK/8).*/
  uint32_t OneBitSampling; /*!< Specifies whether a single sample or three samples majority vote is selected */
}UART_InitTypeDef;
```

**Note:** The config structure is used to initialize the sub-modules or sub-instances. See below example:

```
HAL_ADC_ConfigChannel (ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc, ADC_ChannelConfTypeDef* sConfig)
```

### 3.2.3 Specific process structures

The specific process structures are used for specific process (common APIs). They are defined in the generic driver header file.

Example:

```
HAL_PPP_Process (PPP_HandleTypeDef* hadc, PPP_ProcessConfig* sConfig)
```

### 3.3 API classification

The HAL APIs are classified into the following categories:

- **Generic APIs:** common generic APIs applying to all STM32 devices. These APIs are consequently present in the generic HAL driver files of all STM32 microcontrollers.

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_Init(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc);
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_DeInit(ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc);
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_Start(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc);
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_Stop(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc);
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_Start_IT(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc);
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_Stop_IT(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc);
void HAL_ADC_IRQHandler(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc);
```

- **Extension APIs:**

This set of API is divided into two sub-categories :

- **Family specific APIs:** APIs applying to a given family. They are located in the extension HAL driver file (see example below related to the ADC).

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADCEX_Calibration_Start(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc, uint32_t SingleDiff);
uint32_t HAL_ADCEX_Calibration_GetValue(ADC_HandleTypeDef* hadc, uint32_t SingleDiff);
```

- **Device part number specific APIs:** These APIs are implemented in the extension file and delimited by specific define statements relative to a given part number.

```
#if !defined(STM32L051xx) && !defined(STM32L061xx) void HAL_RCCEx_CRSCfg(RCC_CRSCfgTypeDef *pInit);
void HAL_RCCEx_CRSSoftwareSynchronizationGenerate(void);
RCC_CRSCfgTypeDef HAL_RCCEx_CRSCfgWaitSynchronization(uint32_t Timeout);
#endif /* !(STM32L051xx) && !(STM32L061xx) */
```

**Note:** The data structure related to the specific APIs is delimited by the device part number define statement. It is located in the corresponding extension header C file.

The following table summarizes the location of the different categories of HAL APIs in the driver files.

**Table 4. API classification**

	Generic file	Extension file
<b>Common APIs</b>	X	X <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Family specific APIs</b>	-	X
<b>Device specific APIs</b>	-	X

1. In some cases, the implementation for a specific device part number may change. In this case the generic API is declared as weak function in the extension file. The API is implemented again to overwrite the default function.

**Note:** Family specific APIs are only related to a given family. This means that if a specific API is implemented in another family, and the arguments of this latter family are different, additional structures and arguments might need to be added.

The IRQ handlers are used for common and family specific processes.

## 3.4 Devices supported by HAL/LL drivers

**Table 5.** List of devices supported by HAL drivers

IP/Module	STM32L011xx	STM32L021xx	STM32L031xx	STM32L041xx	STM32L051xx	STM32L052xx	STM32L053xx	STM32L061xx	STM32L062xx	STM32L063xx	STM32L071xx	STM32L072xx	STM32L073xx	STM32L081xx	STM32L082xx	STM32L083xx
stm32l0xx_hal.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_adc.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_adc_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_comp.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_cortex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_crc.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_crc_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_cryp.c	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_cryp_ex.c	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_dac.c	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_dac_ex.c	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_dma.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_firewall.c	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_flash.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_flash_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_flash_ramfunc.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_gpio.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_i2c.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_i2c_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_i2s.c	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_irda.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_iwdg.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_lcd.c	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_lptim.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_pcd.c	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_pcd_ex.c	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_pwr.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_pwr_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_rcc.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_rcc_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_rng.c	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_rtc.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_rtc_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_smartcard.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_smartcard_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

IP/Module	STM32L011xx	STM32L021xx	STM32L031xx	STM32L041xx	STM32L051xx	STM32L052xx	STM32L053xx	STM32L061xx	STM32L062xx	STM32L063xx	STM32L071xx	STM32L072xx	STM32L073xx	STM32L081xx	STM32L082xx	STM32L083xx
stm32l0xx_hal_smbus.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_spi.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_tim.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_tim_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_tsc.c	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_uart.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_uart_ex.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_usart.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
stm32l0xx_hal_wwdg.c	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



## 3.5 HAL driver rules

### 3.5.1 HAL API naming rules

The following naming rules are used in HAL drivers:

**Table 6. HAL API naming rules**

	Generic	Family specific APIs	Device specific APIs
<b>File names</b>	<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp (c/h)</i>	<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex (c/h)</i>	<i>stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex (c/h)</i>
<b>Module name</b>	<i>HAL_PPP_MODULE</i>		
<b>Function name</b>	<i>HAL_PPP_Function</i> <i>HAL_PPP_FeatureFunction_MODE</i>	<i>HAL_PPPEX_Function</i> <i>HAL_PPPEX_FeatureFunction_MODE</i>	<i>HAL_PPPEX_Function</i> <i>HAL_PPPEX_FeatureFunction_MODE</i>
<b>Handle name</b>	<i>PPP_HandleTypeDef</i>	NA	NA
<b>Init structure name</b>	<i>PPP_InitTypeDef</i>	NA	<i>PPP_InitTypeDef</i>
<b>Enum name</b>	<i>HAL_PPP_StructnameTypeDef</i>	NA	NA

- The **PPP** prefix refers to the peripheral functional mode and not to the peripheral itself. For example, if the USART, PPP can be USART, IRDA, UART or SMARTCARD depending on the peripheral mode.
- The constants used in one file are defined within this file. A constant used in several files is defined in a header file. All constants are written in uppercase, except for peripheral driver function parameters.
- typedef variable names should be suffixed with *\_TypeDef*.
- Registers are considered as constants. In most cases, their name is in uppercase and uses the same acronyms as in the STM32L0 reference manuals.
- Peripheral registers are declared in the *PPP\_TypeDef* structure (for example *ADC\_TypeDef*) in *stm32l0xxx.h* header file:  
*stm32l0xxx.h* corresponds to *stm32l051xx.h*, *stm32l052xx.h*, *stm32l053xx.h*, *stm32l061xx.h*, *stm32l062xx.h* and *stm32l063xx.h*, *stm32l0xxx.h* corresponds to *stm32l011xx*, *stm32l021xx*, *stm32l031xx*, *stm32l041xx*, *stm32l051xx.h*, *stm32l052xx.h*, *stm32l053xx.h*, *stm32l062xx.h*, *stm32l063xx.h*, *stm32l071xx.h*, *stm32l072xx.h*, *stm32l073xx.h*, *stm32l081xx.h*, *stm32l082xx.h*, and *stm32l083xx.h*.
- Peripheral function names are prefixed by *HAL\_*, then the corresponding peripheral acronym in uppercase followed by an underscore. The first letter of each word is in uppercase (for example *HAL\_UART\_Transmit()*). Only one underscore is allowed in a function name to separate the peripheral acronym from the rest of the function name.
- The structure containing the PPP peripheral initialization parameters are named *PPP\_InitTypeDef* (for example *ADC\_InitTypeDef*).
- The structure containing the Specific configuration parameters for the PPP peripheral are named *PPP\_xxxxConfTypeDef* (for example *ADC\_ChannelConfTypeDef*).
- Peripheral handle structures are named *PPP\_HandleTypeDef* (e.g *DMA\_HandleTypeDef*)
- The functions used to initialize the PPP peripheral according to parameters specified in *PPP\_InitTypeDef* are named *HAL\_PPP\_Init* (for example *HAL\_TIM\_Init()*).
- The functions used to reset the PPP peripheral registers to their default values are named *HAL\_PPP\_DeInit* (for example *HAL\_TIM\_DeInit()*).
- The **MODE** suffix refers to the process mode, which can be polling, interrupt or DMA. As an example, when the DMA is used in addition to the native resources, the function should be called: *HAL\_PPP\_Function\_DMA()*.
- The **Feature** prefix should refer to the new feature.  
 Example: *HAL\_ADC\_Start()* refers to the injection mode.

### 3.5.2 HAL general naming rules

- For the shared and system peripherals, no handle or instance object is used. This rule applies to the following peripherals:
  - GPIO
  - SYSTICK
  - NVIC
  - RCC
  - FLASH

Example: The `HAL_GPIO_Init()` requires only the GPIO address and its configuration parameters.

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_GPIO_Init (GPIO_TypeDef* GPIOx, GPIO_InitTypeDef *Init)
{
  /*GPIO Initialization body */
}
```

- The macros that handle interrupts and specific clock configurations are defined in each peripheral/module driver. These macros are exported in the peripheral driver header files so that they can be used by the extension file. The list of these macros is defined below:

*Note: This list is not exhaustive and other macros related to peripheral features can be added, so that they can be used in the user application.*

**Table 7. Macros handling interrupts and specific clock configurations**

Macros	Description
<code>__HAL_PPP_ENABLE_IT(__HANDLE__, __INTERRUPT__)</code>	Enables a specific peripheral interrupt
<code>__HAL_PPP_DISABLE_IT(__HANDLE__, __INTERRUPT__)</code>	Disables a specific peripheral interrupt
<code>__HAL_PPP_GET_IT (__HANDLE__, __ INTERRUPT __)</code>	Gets a specific peripheral interrupt status
<code>__HAL_PPP_CLEAR_IT (__HANDLE__, __ INTERRUPT __)</code>	Clears a specific peripheral interrupt status
<code>__HAL_PPP_GET_FLAG (__HANDLE__, __FLAG__)</code>	Gets a specific peripheral flag status
<code>__HAL_PPP_CLEAR_FLAG (__HANDLE__, __FLAG__)</code>	Clears a specific peripheral flag status
<code>__HAL_PPP_ENABLE(__HANDLE__)</code>	Enables a peripheral
<code>__HAL_PPP_DISABLE(__HANDLE__)</code>	Disables a peripheral
<code>__HAL_PPP_XXXX (__HANDLE__, __PARAM__)</code>	Specific PPP HAL driver macro
<code>__HAL_PPP_GET_IT_SOURCE (__HANDLE__, __ INTERRUPT __)</code>	Checks the source of specified interrupt

- NVIC and SYSTICK are two Arm® Cortex® core features. The APIs related to these features are located in the `stm32l0xx_hal_cortex.c` file.
- The PPP handles are valid before using the `HAL_PPP_Init()` API. The init function performs a check before modifying the handle fields.

```
HAL_PPP_Init(PPP_HandleTypeDef)
if(hppp == NULL)
{
  return HAL_ERROR;
}
```

- The macros defined below are used:

- Conditional macro:

```
#define ABS(x) (((x) > 0) ? (x) : -(x))
```

- Pseudo-code macro (multiple instructions macro):

```
#define __HAL_LINKDMA(__HANDLE__, __PPP_DMA_FIELD__, __DMA_HANDLE__) \
do{ \
  (__HANDLE__)->__PPP_DMA_FIELD__ = &(__DMA_HANDLE__); \
  (__DMA_HANDLE__).Parent = (__HANDLE__); \
} while(0)
```

### 3.5.3 HAL interrupt handler and callback functions

Besides the APIs, HAL peripheral drivers include:

- HAL\_PPP\_IRQHandler() peripheral interrupt handler that should be called from stm32l0xx\_it.c
- User callback functions.

The user callback functions are defined as empty functions with “weak” attribute. They have to be defined in the user code.

There are three types of user callbacks functions:

- Peripheral system level initialization/ de-Initialization callbacks: HAL\_PPP\_MspInit() and HAL\_PPP\_MspDeInit
- Process complete callbacks : HAL\_PPP\_ProcessCpltCallback
- Error callback: HAL\_PPP\_ErrorCallback.

**Table 8. Callback functions**

Callback functions	Example
HAL_PPP_MspInit() / _DeInit()	Example: HAL_USART_MspInit() Called from HAL_PPP_Init() API function to perform peripheral system level initialization (GPIOs, clock, DMA, interrupt)
HAL_PPP_ProcessCpltCallback	Example: HAL_USART_TxCpltCallback Called by peripheral or DMA interrupt handler when the process completes
HAL_PPP_ErrorCallback	Example: HAL_USART_ErrorCallback Called by peripheral or DMA interrupt handler when an error occurs

## 3.6 HAL generic APIs

The generic APIs provide common generic functions applying to all STM32 devices. They are composed of four APIs groups:

- Initialization and de-initialization functions:** HAL\_PPP\_Init(), HAL\_PPP\_DeInit()
- IO operation functions:** HAL\_PPP\_Read(), HAL\_PPP\_Write(), HAL\_PPP\_Transmit(), HAL\_PPP\_Receive()
- Control functions:** HAL\_PPP\_Set (), HAL\_PPP\_Get ().
- State and Errors functions:** HAL\_PPP\_GetState (), HAL\_PPP\_GetError ().

For some peripheral/module drivers, these groups are modified depending on the peripheral/module implementation.

Example: in the timer driver, the API grouping is based on timer features (such as PWM, OC and IC).

The initialization and de-initialization functions allow initializing a peripheral and configuring the low-level resources, mainly clocks, GPIO, alternate functions (AF) and possibly DMA and interrupts. The *HAL\_DeInit()* function restores the peripheral default state, frees the low-level resources and removes any direct dependency with the hardware.

The IO operation functions perform a row access to the peripheral payload data in write and read modes.

The control functions are used to change dynamically the peripheral configuration and set another operating mode.

The peripheral state and errors functions allow retrieving in run time the peripheral and data flow states, and identifying the type of errors that occurred. The example below is based on the ADC peripheral. The list of generic APIs is not exhaustive. It is only given as an example.

**Table 9. HAL generic APIs**

Function group	Common API name	Description
<i>Initialization group</i>	<i>HAL_ADC_Init()</i>	This function initializes the peripheral and configures the low -level resources (clocks, GPIO, AF..)
	<i>HAL_ADC_DeInit()</i>	This function restores the peripheral default state, frees the low-level resources and removes any direct dependency with the hardware.
<i>IO operation group</i>	<i>HAL_ADC_Start ()</i>	This function starts ADC conversions when the polling method is used
	<i>HAL_ADC_Stop ()</i>	This function stops ADC conversions when the polling method is used
	<i>HAL_ADC_PollForConversion()</i>	This function allows waiting for the end of conversions when the polling method is used. In this case, a timeout value is specified by the user according to the application.
	<i>HAL_ADC_Start_IT()</i>	This function starts ADC conversions when the interrupt method is used
	<i>HAL_ADC_Stop_IT()</i>	This function stops ADC conversions when the interrupt method is used
	<i>HAL_ADC_IRQHandler()</i>	This function handles ADC interrupt requests
	<i>HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback()</i>	Callback function called in the IT subroutine to indicate the end of the current process or when a DMA transfer has completed
	<i>HAL_ADC_ErrorCallback()</i>	Callback function called in the IT subroutine if a peripheral error or a DMA transfer error occurred
<i>Control group</i>	<i>HAL_ADC_ConfigChannel()</i>	This function configures the selected ADC regular channel, the corresponding rank in the sequencer and the sample time
	<i>HAL_ADC_AnalogWDGConfig</i>	This function configures the analog watchdog for the selected ADC
<i>State and Errors group</i>	<i>HAL_ADC_GetState()</i>	This function allows getting in run time the peripheral and the data flow states.
	<i>HAL_ADC_GetError()</i>	This function allows getting in run time the error that occurred during IT routine

## 3.7 HAL extension APIs

### 3.7.1 HAL extension model overview

The extension APIs provide specific functions or overwrite modified APIs for a specific family (series) or specific part number within the same family.

The extension model consists of an additional file, `stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex.c`, that includes all the specific functions and define statements (`stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex.h`) for a given part number.

Below an example based on the ADC peripheral:

**Table 10. HAL extension APIs**

Function group	Common API name
<i>HAL_ADCEx_CalibrationStart()</i>	This function is used to start the automatic ADC calibration
<i>HAL_ADCEx_Calibration_GetValue()</i>	This function is used to get the ADC calibration factor
<i>HAL_ADCEx_Calibration_SetValue()</i>	This function is used to set the calibration factor to overwrite the automatic conversion result

### 3.7.2 HAL extension model cases

The specific peripheral features can be handled by the HAL drivers in five different ways. They are described below.

#### Adding a part number-specific function

When a new feature specific to a given device is required, the new APIs are added in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_ppp\_ex.c extension file. They are named HAL\_PPPEX\_Function().

**Figure 2. Adding device-specific functions**



Example: stm32l0xx\_hal\_rcc\_ex.c/h

```
#if !defined(STM32L051xx) && !defined(STM32L061xx)
void HAL_RCCEX_CRSSoftwareSynchronizationGenerate(void);
void HAL_RCCEX_CRSSoftwareSynchronizationInfo(RCC_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef *pSynchroInfo);
RCC_CRSSStatusTypeDef HAL_RCCEX_CRSSoftwareSynchronization(uint32_t Timeout);
#endif /* !(STM32L051xx) && !(STM32L061xx) */
```

#### Adding a family-specific function

In this case, the API is added in the extension driver C file and named HAL\_PPPEX\_Function ().

**Figure 3. Adding family-specific functions**



#### Adding a new peripheral (specific to a device belonging to a given family)

When a peripheral which is available only in a specific device is required, the APIs corresponding to this new peripheral/module (newPPP) are added in a new `stm32l0xx_hal_newppp.c`. However the inclusion of this file is selected in the `stm32l0xx_hal_conf.h` using the macro:

```
#define HAL_NEWPPP_MODULE_ENABLED
```

Figure 4. Adding new peripherals

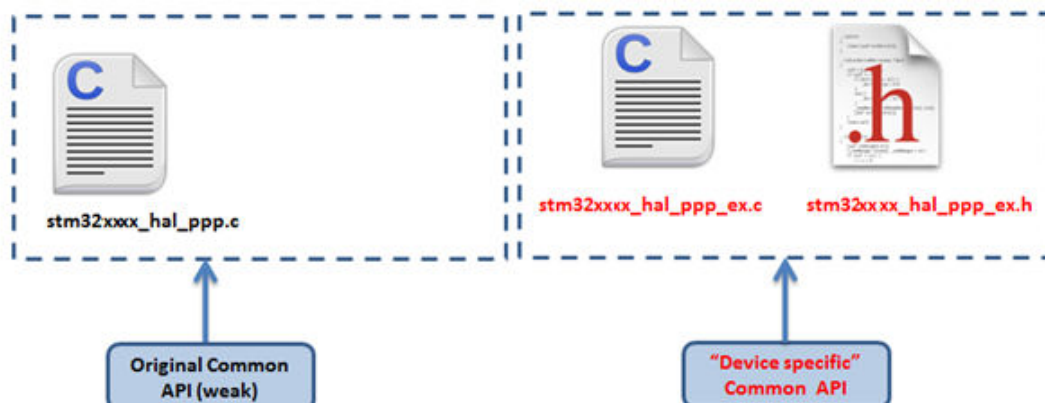


Example: `stm32l0xx_hal_adc.c/h`

### Updating existing common APIs

In this case, the routines are defined with the same names in the `stm32l0xx_hal_ppp_ex.c` extension file, while the generic API is defined as *weak*, so that the compiler overwrites the original routine by the new defined function.

Figure 5. Updating existing APIs



### Updating existing data structures

The data structure for a specific device part number (for example `PPP_InitTypeDef`) can have different fields. In this case, the data structure is defined in the extension header file and delimited by the specific part number define statement.

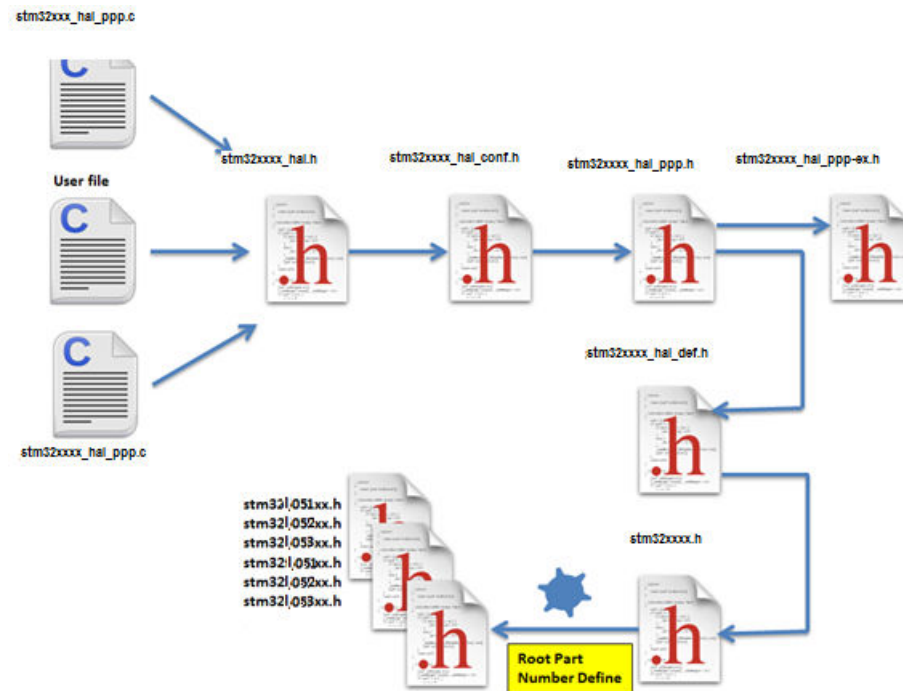
Example:

```
#if defined (STM32L051xx)
typedef struct
{
    (...)
} PPP_InitTypeDef;
#endif /* STM32L051xx */
```

### 3.8 File inclusion model

The header of the common HAL driver file (stm3210xx\_hal.h) includes the common configurations for the whole HAL library. It is the only header file that is included in the user sources and the HAL C sources files to be able to use the HAL resources.

Figure 6. File inclusion model



A PPP driver is a standalone module which is used in a project. The user must enable the corresponding `USE_HAL_PPP_MODULE` define statement in the configuration file.

```

/*****
* @file stm3210xx_hal_conf.h
* @author MCD Application Team
* @version VX.Y.Z * @date dd-mm-yyyy
* @brief This file contains the modules to be used
*****/
(...)
#define USE_HAL_USART_MODULE
#define USE_HAL_IRDA_MODULE
#define USE_HAL_DMA_MODULE
#define USE_HAL_RCC_MODULE
(...)

```

### 3.9 HAL common resources

The common HAL resources, such as common define enumerations, structures and macros, are defined in *stm32l0xx\_hal\_def.h*. The main common define enumeration is *HAL\_StatusTypeDef*.

- **HAL Status**

The HAL status is used by almost all HAL APIs, except for boolean functions and IRQ handler. It returns the status of the current API operations. It has four possible values as described below:

```
Typedef enum
{
    HAL_OK = 0x00,
    HAL_ERROR = 0x01,
    HAL_BUSY = 0x02,
    HAL_TIMEOUT = 0x03
} HAL_StatusTypeDef;
```

- **HAL Locked**

The HAL lock is used by all HAL APIs to prevent accessing by accident shared resources.

```
typedef enum
{
    HAL_UNLOCKED = 0x00, /*!<Resources unlocked */
    HAL_LOCKED = 0x01 /*!< Resources locked */
} HAL_LockTypeDef;
```

In addition to common resources, the *stm32l0xx\_hal\_def.h* file calls the *stm32l0xx.h* file in CMSIS library to get the data structures and the address mapping for all peripherals:

- Declarations of peripheral registers and bits definition.
- Macros to access peripheral registers hardware (such as Write register or Read register).

- **Common macros**

- Macro defining *HAL\_MAX\_DELAY*

```
#define HAL_MAX_DELAY 0xFFFFFFFF
```

- Macro linking a PPP peripheral to a DMA structure pointer:

```
#define __HAL_LINKDMA(__HANDLE__, __PPP_DMA_FIELD__, __DMA_HANDLE__) \
do{ \
    (__HANDLE__)->__PPP_DMA_FIELD__ = &(__DMA_HANDLE__); \
    (__DMA_HANDLE__).Parent = (__HANDLE__); \
}while(0)
```

### 3.10 HAL configuration

The configuration file, *stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf.h*, allows customizing the drivers for the user application. Modifying this configuration is not mandatory: the application can use the default configuration without any modification.

To configure these parameters, the user should enable, disable or modify some options by uncommenting, commenting or modifying the values of the related define statements as described in the table below:

**Table 11. Define statements used for HAL configuration**

Configuration item	Description	Default Value
<b>HSE_VALUE</b>	Defines the value of the external oscillator (HSE) expressed in Hz. The user must adjust this define statement when using a different crystal value.	8 000 000 Hz
<b>HSE_STARTUP_TIMEOUT</b>	Timeout for HSE start-up, expressed in ms	5000 ms
<b>HSI_VALUE</b>	Defines the value of the internal oscillator (HSI) expressed in Hz.	16 000 000 Hz
<b>MSI_VALUE</b>	Defines the Internal Multiple Speed oscillator (MSI) value expressed in Hz.	2 000 000 Hz
<b>VDD_VALUE</b>	VDD value	3300 (mV)
<b>USE_RTOS</b>	Enables the use of RTOS	FALSE (for future use)
<b>PREFETCH_ENABLE</b>	Enables prefetch feature	TRUE



Configuration item	Description	Default Value
<b>BUFFER_CACHE_ENABLE</b>	Enables buffer cache	FALSE

**Note:** The `stm32l0xx_hal_conf_template.h` file is located in the HAL drivers Inc folder. It should be copied to the user folder, renamed and modified as described above.

By default, the values defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_conf_template.h` file are the same as the ones used for the examples and demonstrations. All HAL include files are enabled so that they can be used in the user code without modifications.

## 3.11 HAL system peripheral handling

This section gives an overview of how the system peripherals are handled by the HAL drivers. The full API list is provided within each peripheral driver description section.

### 3.11.1 Clocks

Two main functions can be used to configure the system clock:

- `HAL_RCC_OscConfig` (`RCC_OscInitTypeDef *RCC_OscInitStruct`). This function configures/enables multiple clock sources (HSE, HSI, LSE, LSI, PLL).
- `HAL_RCC_ClockConfig` (`RCC_ClkInitTypeDef *RCC_ClkInitStruct, uint32_t FLatency`). This function
  - selects the system clock source
  - configures AHB, APB1, and APB2 clock dividers
  - configures the number of Flash memory wait states
  - updates the SysTick configuration when HCLK clock changes.

Some peripheral clocks are not derived from the system clock (such as RTC, USB). In this case, the clock configuration is performed by an extended API defined in `stm32l0xx_hal_rcc_ex.c`: `HAL_RCCEx_PeriphCLKConfig` (`RCC_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef *PeriphClkInit`).

Additional RCC HAL driver functions are available:

- `HAL_RCC_DeInit()` Clock de-initialization function that returns clock configuration to reset state
- Get clock functions that allow retrieving various clock configurations (such as system clock, HCLK, PCLK1 or PCLK2)
- MCO and CSS configuration functions

A set of macros are defined in `stm32l0xx_hal_rcc.h` and `stm32l0xx_hal_rcc_ex.h`. They allow executing elementary operations on RCC block registers, such as peripherals clock gating/reset control:

- `__HAL_PPP_CLK_ENABLE/ __HAL_PPP_CLK_DISABLE` to enable/disable the peripheral clock.
- `__HAL_PPP_FORCE_RESET/ __HAL_PPP_RELEASE_RESET` to force/release peripheral reset
- `__HAL_PPP_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE/ __HAL_PPP_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE` to enable/disable the peripheral clock during Sleep mode.

### 3.11.2 GPIOs

GPIO HAL APIs are the following:

- `HAL_GPIO_Init()` / `HAL_GPIO_DeInit()`
- `HAL_GPIO_ReadPin()` / `HAL_GPIO_WritePin()`
- `HAL_GPIO_TogglePin()`.

In addition to standard GPIO modes (input, output, analog), the pin mode can be configured as EXTI with interrupt or event generation.

When selecting EXTI mode with interrupt generation, the user must call `HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler()` from `stm32l0xx_it.c` and implement `HAL_GPIO_EXTI_Callback()`

The table below describes the `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure field.

Table 12. Description of GPIO\_InitTypeDef structure

Structure field	Description
Pin	Specifies the GPIO pins to be configured. Possible values: GPIO_PIN_x or GPIO_PIN_All, where x[0..15]
Mode	Specifies the operating mode for the selected pins: GPIO mode or EXTI mode. Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><u>GPIO mode</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPIO_MODE_INPUT : Input floating</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP : Output push-pull</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_OD : Output open drain</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_AF_PP : Alternate function push-pull</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_AF_OD : Alternate function open drain</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_ANALOG : Analog mode</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>External Interrupt mode</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPIO_MODE_IT_RISING : Rising edge trigger detection</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_IT_FALLING : Falling edge trigger detection</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_IT_RISING_FALLING : Rising/Falling edge trigger detection</li> </ul> </li> <li><u>External Event mode</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>GPIO_MODE_EVT_RISING : Rising edge trigger detection</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_EVT_FALLING : Falling edge trigger detection</li> <li>GPIO_MODE_EVT_RISING_FALLING : Rising/Falling edge trigger detection</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Pull	Specifies the Pull-up or Pull-down activation for the selected pins. Possible values are: GPIO_NOPULL GPIO_PULLUP GPIO_PULLDOWN
Speed	Specifies the speed for the selected pins Possible values are: GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_MEDIUM GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_HIGH GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_VERY_HIGH
Alternate	Peripheral to be connected to the selected pins. Possible values: GPIO_AFx_PPP, where AFx: is the alternate function index and PPP: is the peripheral instance Example: use GPIO_AF1_TIM2 to connect TIM2 I/Os on AF1. These values are defined in the GPIO extended driver, since the AF mapping may change between product lines. <i>Note:</i> Refer to the "Alternate function mapping" table in the datasheets for the detailed description of the system and peripheral I/O alternate functions.

Please find below typical GPIO configuration examples:

- Configuring GPIOs as output push-pull to drive external LEDs:

```
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = GPIO_PIN_12 | GPIO_PIN_13 | GPIO_PIN_14 | GPIO_PIN_15;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_PULLUP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_HIGH;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOD, &GPIO_InitStruct);
```

- Configuring PA0 as external interrupt with falling edge sensitivity:

```
GPIO_InitStructure.Mode = GPIO_MODE_IT_FALLING;
GPIO_InitStructure.Pull = GPIO_NOPULL;
GPIO_InitStructure.Pin = GPIO_PIN_0;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStructure);
```

- Configuring USART1 Tx (PA9, mapped on AF4) as alternate function:

```
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = GPIO_PIN_9;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = GPIO_MODE_AF_PP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = GPIO_PULLUP;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_HIGH;
GPIO_InitStruct.Alternate = GPIO_AF4_USART1;
HAL_GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStruct);
```

### 3.11.3 Cortex® NVIC and SysTick timer

The Cortex® HAL driver, `stm32l0xx_hal_cortex.c`, provides APIs to handle NVIC and SysTick. The supported APIs include:

- HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority()
- HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ()/HAL\_NVIC\_DisableIRQ()
- HAL\_NVIC\_SystemReset()
- HAL\_SYSTICK\_IRQHandler()
- HAL\_NVIC\_GetPendingIRQ() / HAL\_NVIC\_SetPendingIRQ () / HAL\_NVIC\_ClearPendingIRQ()
- HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config()
- HAL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSourceConfig()
- HAL\_SYSTICK\_Callback()

### 3.11.4 PWR

The PWR HAL driver handles power management. The features shared between all STM32 Series are listed below:

- PVD configuration, enabling/disabling and interrupt handling
  - HAL\_PWR\_ConfigPVD()
  - HAL\_PWR\_EnablePVD() / HAL\_PWR\_DisablePVD()
  - HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_IRQHandler()
  - HAL\_PWR\_PVDCallback()
- Wakeup pin configuration
  - HAL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin() / HAL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin()
- Low-power mode entry
  - HAL\_PWR\_EnterSLEEPMode()
  - HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTOPMode()
  - HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTANDBYMode()

Depending on the STM32 Series, extension functions are available in `stm32l0xx_hal_pwr_ex`. Here are a few examples (the list is not exhaustive):

- Ultra low-power mode control
  - HAL\_PWREx\_EnableUltraLowPower() / HAL\_PWREx\_DisableUltraLowPower()
  - HAL\_PWREx\_EnableLowPowerRunMode() / HAL\_PWREx\_DisableLowPowerRunMode()

### 3.11.5 EXTI

The EXTI is not considered as a standalone peripheral but rather as a service used by other peripheral, that are handled through EXTI HAL APIs. In addition, each peripheral HAL driver implements the associated EXTI configuration and function as macros in its header file.

The first 16 EXTI lines connected to the GPIOs, are managed within the GPIO driver. The `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure allows configuring an I/O as external interrupt or external event.

The EXTI lines connected internally to the PVD, RTC, COMP and USB, are configured within the HAL drivers of these peripheral through the macros given in the table below.

The EXTI internal connections depend on the targeted STM32 microcontroller (refer to the product datasheet for more details):

**Table 13. Description of EXTI configuration macros**

Macros	Description
PPP_EXTI_LINE_FUNCTION	Defines the EXTI line connected to the internal peripheral. Example: <pre>#define PWR_EXTI_LINE_PVD ((uint32_t)0x00010000) /*! &lt;External interrupt line 16 Connected to the PVD EXTI Line */</pre>
__HAL_PPP_EXTI_ENABLE_IT(__EXTI_LINE__)	Enables a given EXTI line Example: <pre>__HAL_PVD_EXTI_ENABLE_IT(PWR_EXTI_LINE_PVD)</pre>
__HAL_PPP_EXTI_DISABLE_IT(__EXTI_LINE__)	Disables a given EXTI line. Example: <pre>__HAL_PVD_EXTI_DISABLE_IT(PWR_EXTI_LINE_PVD)</pre>
__HAL_PPP_EXTI_GET_FLAG(__EXTI_LINE__)	Gets a given EXTI line interrupt flag pending bit status. Example: <pre>__HAL_PVD_EXTI_GET_FLAG(PWR_EXTI_LINE_PVD)</pre>
__HAL_PPP_EXTI_CLEAR_FLAG(__EXTI_LINE__)	Clears a given EXTI line interrupt flag pending bit. Example; <pre>__HAL_PVD_EXTI_CLEAR_FLAG(PWR_EXTI_LINE_PVD)</pre>
__HAL_PPP_EXTI_GENERATE_SWIT (__EXTI_LINE__)	Generates a software interrupt for a given EXTI line. Example: <pre>__HAL_PVD_EXTI_GENERATE_SWIT (PWR_EXTI_LINE_PVD)</pre>

If the EXTI interrupt mode is selected, the user application must call HAL\_PPP\_FUNCTION\_IRQHandler() (for example HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_IRQHandler()), from stm32l0xx\_it.c file, and implement HAL\_PPP\_FUNCTIONCallback() callback function (for example HAL\_PWR\_PVDCallback()).

### 3.11.6

#### DMA

The DMA HAL driver allows enabling and configuring the peripheral to be connected to the DMA Channels (except for internal SRAM/FLASH memory which do not require any initialization). Refer to the product reference manual for details on the DMA request corresponding to each peripheral.

For a given channel, HAL\_DMA\_Init() API allows programming the required configuration through the following parameters:

- Transfer direction
- Source and destination data formats
- Circular, Normal or peripheral flow control mode
- Channel priority level
- Source and destination Increment mode
- FIFO mode and its threshold (if needed)
- Burst mode for source and/or destination (if needed).

Two operating modes are available:

- Polling mode I/O operation
  1. Use HAL\_DMA\_Start() to start DMA transfer when the source and destination addresses and the Length of data to be transferred have been configured.
  2. Use HAL\_DMA\_PollForTransfer() to poll for the end of current transfer. In this case a fixed timeout can be configured depending on the user application.

- Interrupt mode I/O operation
  1. Configure the DMA interrupt priority using `HAL_NVIC_SetPriority()`.
  2. Enable the DMA IRQ handler using `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ()`.
  3. Use `HAL_DMA_Start_IT()` to start DMA transfer when the source and destination addresses and the length of data to be transferred have been configured. In this case the DMA interrupt is configured.
  4. Use `HAL_DMA_IRQHandler()` called under `DMA_IRQHandler()` Interrupt subroutine.
  5. When data transfer is complete, `HAL_DMA_IRQHandler()` function is executed and a user function can be called by customizing `XferCpltCallback` and `XferErrorCallback` function pointer (that is a member of DMA handle structure).

Additional functions and macros are available to ensure efficient DMA management:

- Use `HAL_DMA_GetState()` function to return the DMA state and `HAL_DMA_GetError()` in case of error detection.
- Use `HAL_DMA_Abort()` function to abort the current transfer.

The most used DMA HAL driver macros are the following:

- `__HAL_DMA_ENABLE`: enables the specified DMA channel
- `__HAL_DMA_DISABLE`: disables the specified DMA channel
- `__HAL_DMA_GET_FLAG`: gets the DMA channel pending flags
- `__HAL_DMA_CLEAR_FLAG`: clears the DMA channel pending flags
- `__HAL_DMA_ENABLE_IT`: enables the specified DMA channel interrupts
- `__HAL_DMA_DISABLE_IT`: disables the specified DMA channel interrupts
- `__HAL_DMA_GET_IT_SOURCE`: checks whether the specified DMA channel interrupt has been enabled or not

**Note:** *When a peripheral is used in DMA mode, the DMA initialization must be done in the `HAL_PPP_MspInit()` callback. In addition, the user application must associate the DMA handle to the PPP handle (refer to section "HAL IO operation functions").*

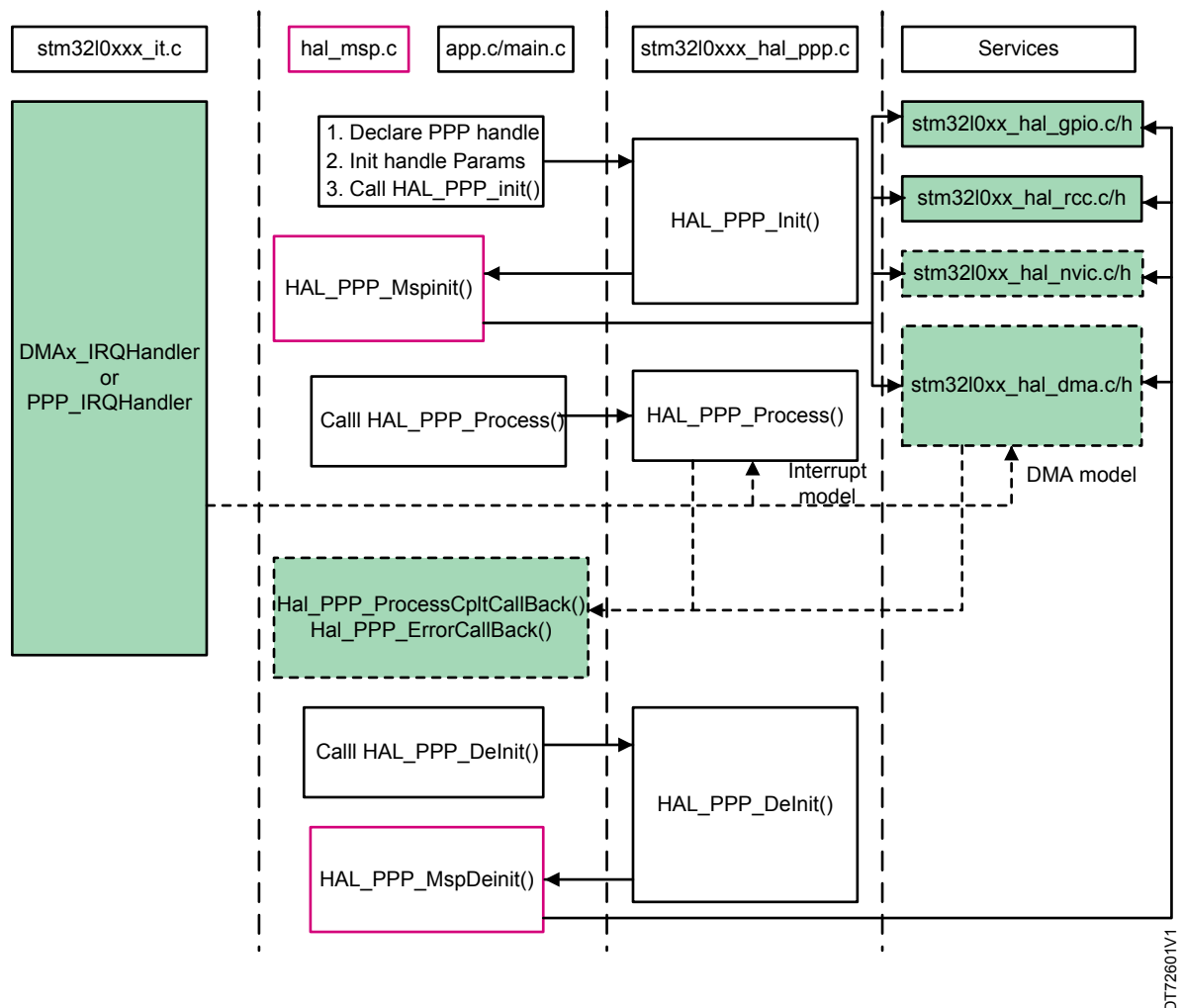
**Note:** *DMA channel callbacks need to be initialized by the user application only in case of memory-to-memory transfer. However when peripheral-to-memory transfers are used, these callbacks are automatically initialized by calling a process API function that uses the DMA.*

## 3.12 How to use HAL drivers

### 3.12.1 HAL usage models

The following figure shows the typical use of the HAL driver and the interaction between the application user, the HAL driver and the interrupts.

Figure 7. HAL driver model



**Note:** The functions implemented in the HAL driver are shown in green, the functions called from interrupt handlers in dotted lines, and the msp functions implemented in the user application in red. Non-dotted lines represent the interactions between the user application functions.

Basically, the HAL driver APIs are called from user files and optionally from interrupt handlers file when the APIs based on the DMA or the PPP peripheral dedicated interrupts are used.

When DMA or PPP peripheral interrupts are used, the PPP process complete callbacks are called to inform the user about the process completion in real-time event mode (interrupts). Note that the same process completion callbacks are used for DMA in interrupt mode.

## 3.12.2 HAL initialization

### 3.12.2.1 HAL global initialization

In addition to the peripheral initialization and de-initialization functions, a set of APIs are provided to initialize the HAL core implemented in file `stm32l0xx_hal.c`.

- **HAL\_Init():** this function must be called at application startup to
  - initialize data/instruction cache and pre-fetch queue
  - set SysTick timer to generate an interrupt each 1ms (based on HSI clock) with the lowest priority
  - call **HAL\_MspInit()** user callback function to perform system level initializations (Clock, GPIOs, DMA, interrupts). **HAL\_MspInit()** is defined as "weak" empty function in the HAL drivers.

- **HAL\_DeInit()**
  - resets all peripherals
  - calls function **HAL\_MspDeInit()** which is a user callback function to do system level De-Initializations.
- **HAL\_GetTick()**: this function gets current SysTick counter value (incremented in SysTick interrupt) used by peripherals drivers to handle timeouts.
- **HAL\_Delay()**. this function implements a delay (expressed in milliseconds) using the SysTick timer. Care must be taken when using **HAL\_Delay()** since this function provides an accurate delay (expressed in milliseconds) based on a variable incremented in SysTick ISR. This means that if **HAL\_Delay()** is called from a peripheral ISR, then the SysTick interrupt must have highest priority (numerically lower) than the peripheral interrupt, otherwise the caller ISR is blocked.

### 3.12.2.2 System clock initialization

The clock configuration is done at the beginning of the user code. However the user can change the configuration of the clock in his own code.

Below the typical clock configuration sequence.

```
void SystemClock_Config(void)
{
  RCC_ClkInitTypeDef RCC_ClkInitStruct = {0};
  RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
  /* Enable MSI Oscillator */
  RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_MSI;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.MSISState = RCC_MSI_ON;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.MSIClockRange = RCC_MSIRANGE_5;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.MSICalibrationValue=0x00;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_NONE;
  if (HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStruct)!= HAL_OK)
  {
    /* Initialization Error */
    while(1);
  }
  /* Select MSI as system clock source and configure the HCLK, PCLK1 and PCLK2 clock
  s dividers */
  RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType = (RCC_CLOCKTYPE_SYSCLK | RCC_CLOCKTYPE_HCLK | RCC_CLO
  CKTYPE_PCLK1 | RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2);
  RCC_ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC_SYSCLKSOURCE_MSI;
  RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1;
  RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV1;
  RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV1;
  if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_0)!= HAL_OK)
  {
    /* Initialization Error */
    while(1);
  }
  /* Enable Power Control clock */
  __HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_ENABLE();
  /* The voltage scaling allows optimizing the power consumption when the device is
  clocked below the
  maximum system frequency, to update the voltage scaling value regarding system
  frequency refer to product datasheet. */
  __HAL_PWR_VOLTAGESCALING_CONFIG(PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE3);
  /* Disable Power Control clock */
  __HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_DISABLE();
}
```

### 3.12.2.3 HAL MSP initialization process

The peripheral initialization is done through **HAL\_PPP\_Init()** while the hardware resources initialization used by a peripheral (PPP) is performed during this initialization by calling MSP callback function **HAL\_PPP\_MspInit()**.

The **MspInit** callback performs the low level initialization related to the different additional hardware resources: RCC, GPIO, NVIC and DMA.

All the HAL drivers with handles include two MSP callbacks for initialization and de-initialization:

```

/**
 * @brief Initializes the PPP MSP.
 * @param hppp: PPP handle
 * @retval None */
void __weak HAL_PPP_MspInit(PPP_HandleTypeDef *hppp) {
/* NOTE : This function Should not be modified, when the callback is needed,
the HAL_PPP_MspInit could be implemented in the user file */
}
/**
 * @brief DeInitializes PPP MSP.
 * @param hppp: PPP handle
 * @retval None */
void __weak HAL_PPP_MspDeInit(PPP_HandleTypeDef *hppp) {
/* NOTE : This function Should not be modified, when the callback is needed,
the HAL_PPP_MspDeInit could be implemented in the user file */
}

```

The MSP callbacks are declared empty as weak functions in each peripheral driver. The user can use them to set the low level initialization code or omit them and use his own initialization routine.

The HAL MSP callback is implemented inside the *stm32l0xx\_hal\_msp.c* file in the user folders. An *stm32l0xx\_hal\_msp.c* file template is located in the HAL folder and should be copied to the user folder. It can be generated automatically by STM32CubeMX tool and further modified. Note that all the routines are declared as weak functions and could be overwritten or removed to use user low level initialization code.

*stm32l0xx\_hal\_msp.c* file contains the following functions:

**Table 14. MSP functions**

Routine	Description
<b>void HAL_MspInit()</b>	Global MSP initialization routine
<b>void HAL_MspDeInit()</b>	Global MSP de-initialization routine
<b>void HAL_PPP_MspInit()</b>	PPP MSP initialization routine
<b>void HAL_PPP_MspDeInit()</b>	PPP MSP de-initialization routine

By default, if no peripheral needs to be de-initialized during the program execution, the whole MSP initialization is done in *Hal\_MspInit()* and MSP De-Initialization in the *Hal\_MspDeInit()*. In this case the *HAL\_PPP\_MspInit()* and *HAL\_PPP\_MspDeInit()* are not implemented.

When one or more peripherals needs to be de-initialized in run time and the low level resources of a given peripheral need to be released and used by another peripheral, *HAL\_PPP\_MspDeInit()* and *HAL\_PPP\_MspInit()* are implemented for the concerned peripheral and other peripherals initialization and de-Initialization are kept in the global *HAL\_MspInit()* and the *HAL\_MspDeInit()*.

If there is nothing to be initialized by the global *HAL\_MspInit()* and *HAL\_MspDeInit()*, the two routines can simply be omitted.

### 3.12.3 HAL I/O operation process

The HAL functions with internal data processing like transmit, receive, write and read are generally provided with three data processing modes as follows:

- Polling mode
- Interrupt mode
- DMA mode

#### 3.12.3.1 Polling mode

In Polling mode, the HAL functions return the process status when the data processing in blocking mode is complete. The operation is considered complete when the function returns the *HAL\_OK* status, otherwise an error status is returned. The user can get more information through the *HAL\_PPP\_GetState()* function. The data processing is handled internally in a loop. A timeout (expressed in ms) is used to prevent process hanging.

The example below shows the typical Polling mode processing sequence :



```

HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PPP_Transmit ( PPP_HandleTypeDef * phandle, uint8_t pData,
int16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)
{
  if((pData == NULL ) || (Size == 0))
  {
    return HAL_ERROR;
  }
  (...) while (data processing is running)
  {
    if( timeout reached )
    {
      return HAL_TIMEOUT;
    }
  }
  (...)
  return HAL_OK; }

```

### 3.12.3.2 Interrupt mode

In Interrupt mode, the HAL function returns the process status after starting the data processing and enabling the appropriate interruption. The end of the operation is indicated by a callback declared as a weak function. It can be customized by the user to be informed in real-time about the process completion. The user can also get the process status through the *HAL\_PPP\_GetState()* function.

In Interrupt mode, four functions are declared in the driver:

- *HAL\_PPP\_Process\_IT()*: launches the process
- *HAL\_PPP\_IRQHandler()*: global PPP peripheral interruption
- *\_\_weak HAL\_PPP\_ProcessCpltCallback ()*: callback relative to the process completion.
- *\_\_weak HAL\_PPP\_ProcessErrorCallback()*: callback relative to the process Error.

To use a process in Interrupt mode, *HAL\_PPP\_Process\_IT()* is called in the user file and *HAL\_PPP\_IRQHandler* in *stm32l0xx\_it.c*.

The *HAL\_PPP\_ProcessCpltCallback()* function is declared as weak function in the driver. This means that the user can declare it again in the application. The function in the driver is not modified.

An example of use is illustrated below:

*main.c* file:

```

UART_HandleTypeDef UartHandle;
int main(void)
{
  /* Set User Parameters */
  UartHandle.Init.BaudRate = 9600;
  UartHandle.Init.WordLength = UART_DATABITS_8;
  UartHandle.Init.StopBits = UART_STOPBITS_1;
  UartHandle.Init.Parity = UART_PARITY_NONE;
  UartHandle.Init.HwFlowCtl = UART_HWCONTROL_NONE;
  UartHandle.Init.Mode = UART_MODE_TX_RX;
  UartHandle.Init.Instance = USART1;
  HAL_UART_Init(&UartHandle);
  HAL_UART_SendIT(&UartHandle, TxBuffer, sizeof(TxBuffer));
  while (1);
}
void HAL_UART_TxCpltCallback(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart)
{
}
void HAL_UART_ErrorCallback(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart)
{
}

```

*stm32l0xx\_it.c* file:

```
extern UART_HandleTypeDef UartHandle;
void USART1_IRQHandler(void)
{
  HAL_UART_IRQHandler(&UartHandle);
}
```

### 3.12.3.3 DMA mode

In DMA mode, the HAL function returns the process status after starting the data processing through the DMA and after enabling the appropriate DMA interruption. The end of the operation is indicated by a callback declared as a weak function and can be customized by the user to be informed in real-time about the process completion. The user can also get the process status through the *HAL\_PPP\_GetState()* function. For the DMA mode, three functions are declared in the driver:

- *HAL\_PPP\_Process\_DMA()*: launch the process
- *HAL\_PPP\_DMA\_IRQHandler()*: the DMA interruption used by the PPP peripheral
- *\_\_weak HAL\_PPP\_ProcessCpltCallback()*: the callback relative to the process completion.
- *\_\_weak HAL\_PPP\_ErrorCpltCallback()*: the callback relative to the process Error.

To use a process in DMA mode, *HAL\_PPP\_Process\_DMA()* is called in the user file and the *HAL\_PPP\_DMA\_IRQHandler()* is placed in the *stm32l0xx\_it.c*. When DMA mode is used, the DMA initialization is done in the *HAL\_PPP\_MspInit()* callback. The user should also associate the DMA handle to the PPP handle. For this purpose, the handles of all the peripheral drivers that use the DMA must be declared as follows:

```
typedef struct
{
  PPP_TypeDef *Instance; /* Register base address */
  PPP_InitTypeDef Init; /* PPP communication parameters */
  HAL_StateTypeDef State; /* PPP communication state */
  (...)
  DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdma; /* associated DMA handle */
} PPP_HandleTypeDef;
```

The initialization is done as follows (UART example):

```
int main(void)
{
  /* Set User Parameters */
  UartHandle.Init.BaudRate = 9600;
  UartHandle.Init.WordLength = UART_DATABITS_8;
  UartHandle.Init.StopBits = UART_STOPBITS_1;
  UartHandle.Init.Parity = UART_PARITY_NONE;
  UartHandle.Init.HwFlowCtl = UART_HWCONTROL_NONE;
  UartHandle.Init.Mode = UART_MODE_TX_RX;
  UartHandle.Init.Instance = USART1;
  HAL_UART_Init(&UartHandle);
  (...)
}

void HAL_USART_MspInit (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart)
{
  static DMA_HandleTypeDef hdma_tx;
  static DMA_HandleTypeDef hdma_rx;
  (...)
  __HAL_LINKDMA(UartHandle, DMA_Handle_tx, hdma_tx);
  __HAL_LINKDMA(UartHandle, DMA_Handle_rx, hdma_rx);
  (...)
}
```

The *HAL\_PPP\_ProcessCpltCallback()* function is declared as weak function in the driver that means, the user can declare it again in the application code. The function in the driver should not be modified.

An example of use is illustrated below:

*main.c* file:

```
UART_HandleTypeDef UartHandle;
int main(void)
{
  /* Set User Paramaters */
  UartHandle.Init.BaudRate = 9600;
  UartHandle.Init.WordLength = UART_DATABITS_8;
  UartHandle.Init.StopBits = UART_STOPBITS_1;
  UartHandle.Init.Parity = UART_PARITY_NONE;
  UartHandle.Init.HwFlowCtl = UART_HWCONTROL_NONE;
  UartHandle.Init.Mode = UART_MODE_TX_RX; UartHandle.Instance = USART1;
  HAL_UART_Init(&UartHandle);
  HAL_UART_Send_DMA(&UartHandle, TxBuffer, sizeof(TxBuffer));
  while (1);
}

void HAL_UART_TxCpltCallback(UART_HandleTypeDef *phuart)
{
}

void HAL_UART_TxErrorCallback(UART_HandleTypeDef *phuart)
{
}
```

*stm32l0xx\_it.c* file:

```
extern UART_HandleTypeDef UartHandle;
void DMAx_IRQHandler(void)
{
  HAL_DMA_IRQHandler(&UartHandle.DMA_Handle_tx);
}
```

*HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback()* and *HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback()* should be linked in the *HAL\_PPP\_Process\_DMA()* function to the DMA transfer complete callback and the DMA transfer Error callback by using the following statement:

```
HAL_PPP_Process_DMA (PPP_HandleTypeDef *hppp, Params....)
{
  (...)
  hppp->DMA_Handle->XferCpltCallback = HAL_UART_TxCpltCallback ;
  hppp->DMA_Handle->XferErrorCallback = HAL_UART_ErrorCallback ;
  (...)
}
```

## 3.12.4 Timeout and error management

### 3.12.4.1 Timeout management

The timeout is often used for the APIs that operate in Polling mode. It defines the delay during which a blocking process should wait till an error is returned. An example is provided below:

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_PollForTransfer(DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdma, uint32_t CompleteLevel, uint32_t Timeout)
```

The timeout possible values are the following:

**Table 15. Timeout values**

Timeout value	Description
0	No poll : Immediate process check and exit
1 ... (HAL_MAX_DELAY -1) <sup>(1)</sup>	Timeout in ms
HAL_MAX_DELAY	Infinite poll till process is successful

1. *HAL\_MAX\_DELAY* is defined in the *stm32l0xx\_hal\_def.h* as 0xFFFFFFFF

However, in some cases, a fixed timeout is used for system peripherals or internal HAL driver processes. In these cases, the timeout has the same meaning and is used in the same way, except when it is defined locally in the drivers and cannot be modified or introduced as an argument in the user application.

Example of fixed timeout:

```
#define LOCAL_PROCESS_TIMEOUT 100
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PPP_Process(PPP_HandleTypeDef *hppp)
{
    (...)
    tickstart = HAL_GetTick();
    (...)
    while (ProcessOngoing)
    {
        (...)
        if ((HAL_GetTick() - tickstart) > LOCAL_PROCESS_TIMEOUT)
        {
            hppp->ErrorCode |= HAL_PPP_ERROR_TIMEOUT;
            hppp->State= HAL_PPP_STATE_READY;
            return HAL_ERROR;
        }
    }
    (...)
}
```

The following example shows how to use the timeout inside the polling functions:

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PPP_Poll(PPP_HandleTypeDef *hppp, uint32_t Timeout)
{
    (...)
    tickstart = HAL_GetTick();
    (...)
    while (ProcessOngoing)
    {
        (...)
        if (((HAL_GetTick() - tickstart) > Timeout) || (Timeout == 0))
        {
            hppp->ErrorCode |= HAL_PPP_ERROR_TIMEOUT;
            hppp->State= HAL_PPP_STATE_READY;
            return HAL_ERROR;
        }
    }
    (...)
}
```

#### 3.12.4.2 Error management

The HAL drivers implement a check on the following items:

- Valid parameters: for some process the used parameters should be valid and already defined, otherwise the system may crash or go into an undefined state. These critical parameters are checked before being used (see example below).

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PPP_Process(PPP_HandleTypeDef* hppp, uint32_t *pdata, uint32 Size)
{
    if ((pdata == NULL) || (Size == 0))
    {
        return HAL_ERROR;
    }
}
```

- Valid handle: the PPP peripheral handle is the most important argument since it keeps the PPP driver vital parameters. It is always checked in the beginning of the *HAL\_PPP\_Init()* function.

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PPP_Init(PPP_HandleTypeDef* hppp)
{
    if (hppp == NULL) //the handle should be already allocated
    {
        return HAL_ERROR;
    }
}
```

- Timeout error: the following statement is used when a timeout error occurs:

```
while (Process ongoing)
{
  timeout = HAL_GetTick() + Timeout; while (data processing is running)
  {
    if(timeout) { return HAL_TIMEOUT;
  }
}
```

When an error occurs during a peripheral process, *HAL\_PPP\_Process ()* returns with a *HAL\_ERROR* status. The HAL PPP driver implements the *HAL\_PPP\_GetError ()* to allow retrieving the origin of the error.

```
HAL_PPP_ErrorTypeDef HAL_PPP_GetError (PPP_HandleTypeDef *hPPP);
```

In all peripheral handles, a *HAL\_PPP\_ErrorTypeDef* is defined and used to store the last error code.

```
typedef struct
{
  PPP_TypeDef * Instance; /* PPP registers base address */
  PPP_InitTypeDef Init; /* PPP initialization parameters */
  HAL_LockTypeDef Lock; /* PPP locking object */
  __IO HAL_PPP_StateTypeDef State; /* PPP state */
  __IO HAL_PPP_ErrorTypeDef ErrorCode; /* PPP Error code */
  (...)
  /* PPP specific parameters */
}
PPP_HandleTypeDef;
```

The error state and the peripheral global state are always updated before returning an error:

```
PPP->State = HAL_PPP_READY; /* Set the peripheral ready */
PPP->ErrorCode = HAL_ERRORCODE ; /* Set the error code */
__HAL_UNLOCK(PPP) ; /* Unlock the PPP resources */
return HAL_ERROR; /*return with HAL error */
```

*HAL\_PPP\_GetError ()* must be used in interrupt mode in the error callback:

```
void HAL_PPP_ProcessCpltCallback(PPP_HandleTypeDef *hspi)
{
  ErrorCode = HAL_PPP_GetError (hPPP); /* retrieve error code */
}
```

### 3.12.4.3 Run-time checking

The HAL implements run-time failure detection by checking the input values of all HAL driver functions. The run-time checking is achieved by using an *assert\_param* macro. This macro is used in all the HAL driver functions which have an input parameter. It allows verifying that the input value lies within the parameter allowed values.

To enable the run-time checking, use the *assert\_param* macro, and leave the define ***USE\_FULL\_ASSERT*** uncommented in *stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf.h* file.

```
void HAL_UART_Init(UART_HandleTypeDef *huart)
{
  (...) /* Check the parameters */
  assert_param(IS_UART_INSTANCE(huart->Instance));
  assert_param(IS_UART_BAUDRATE(huart->Init.BaudRate));
  assert_param(IS_UART_WORD_LENGTH(huart->Init.WordLength));
  assert_param(IS_UART_STOPBITS(huart->Init.StopBits));
  assert_param(IS_UART_PARITY(huart->Init.Parity));
  assert_param(IS_UART_MODE(huart->Init.Mode));
  assert_param(IS_UART_HARDWARE_FLOW_CONTROL(huart->Init.HwFlowCtl));
  (...)
```

```
/** @defgroup UART_Word_Length *
@{
*/
#define UART_WORDLENGTH_8B ((uint32_t)0x00000000)
#define UART_WORDLENGTH_9B ((uint32_t)USART_CR1_M)
#define IS_UART_WORD_LENGTH(LENGTH) (((LENGTH) == UART_WORDLENGTH_8B) || \
  \ ((LENGTH) == UART_WORDLENGTH_9B))
```

If the expression passed to the `assert_param` macro is false, the `assert_failed` function is called and returns the name of the source file and the source line number of the call that failed. If the expression is true, no value is returned.

The `assert_param` macro is implemented in `stm32l0xx_hal_conf.h`:

```
/* Exported macro -----*/
#ifdef USE_FULL_ASSERT
/**
 * @brief The assert_param macro is used for function's parameters check.
 * @param expr: If expr is false, it calls assert_failed function
 * which reports the name of the source file and the source
 * line number of the call that failed.
 * If expr is true, it returns no value.
 * @retval None */
#define assert_param(expr) ((expr)?(void)0:assert_failed((__FILE__, __LINE__))
/* Exported functions -----*/
void assert_failed(uint8_t* file, uint32_t line);
#else
#define assert_param(expr) ((void)0)
#endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */
```

The `assert_failed` function is implemented in the `main.c` file or in any other user C file:

```
#ifdef USE_FULL_ASSERT /**
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
 * where the assert_param error has occurred.
 * @param file: pointer to the source file name
 * @param line: assert_param error line source number
 * @retval None */
void assert_failed(uint8_t* file, uint32_t line)
{
/* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line number,
ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
/* Infinite loop */
while (1)
{
}
}
```

**Attention:** *Because of the overhead run-time checking introduces, it is recommended to use it during application code development and debugging, and to remove it from the final application to improve code size and speed.*

## 4 Overview of low-layer drivers

The low-layer (LL) drivers are designed to offer a fast light-weight expert-oriented layer which is closer to the hardware than the HAL. Contrary to the HAL, LL APIs are not provided for peripherals where optimized access is not a key feature, or those requiring heavy software configuration and/or complex upper-level stack (such as USB).

The LL drivers feature:

- A set of functions to initialize peripheral main features according to the parameters specified in data structures
- A set of functions used to fill initialization data structures with the reset values of each field
- Functions to perform peripheral de-initialization (peripheral registers restored to their default values)
- A set of inline functions for direct and atomic register access
- Full independence from HAL since LL drivers can be used either in standalone mode (without HAL drivers) or in mixed mode (with HAL drivers)
- Full coverage of the supported peripheral features

The low-layer drivers provide hardware services based on the available features of the STM32 peripherals. These services reflect exactly the hardware capabilities and provide one-shot operations that must be called following the programming model described in the microcontroller line reference manual. As a result, the LL services do not implement any processing and do not require any additional memory resources to save their states, counter or data pointers: all the operations are performed by changing the associated peripheral registers content.

### 4.1 Low-layer files

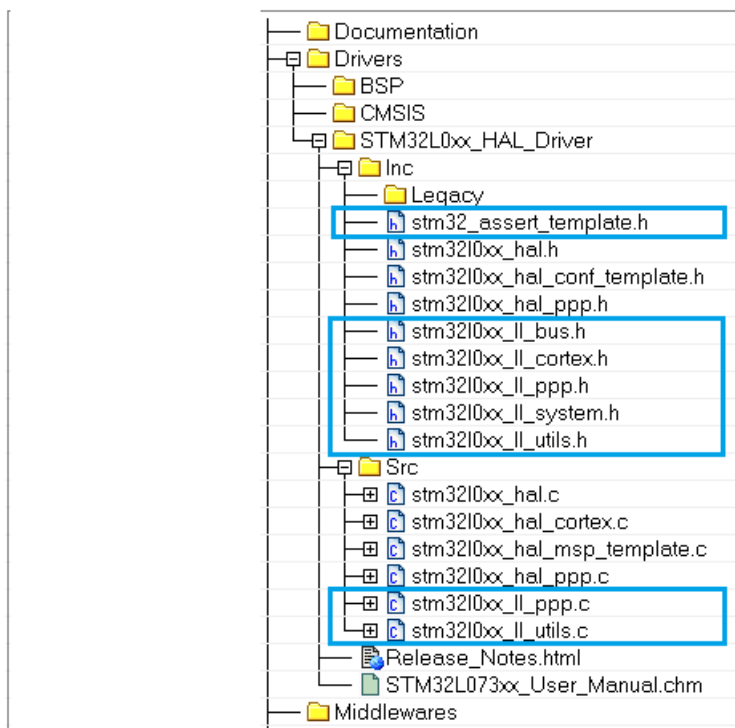
The low-layer drivers are built around header/C files (one per each supported peripheral) plus five header files for some System and Cortex related features.

**Table 16. LL driver files**

File	Description
<i>stm32l0xx_ll_bus.h</i>	This is the h-source file for core bus control and peripheral clock activation and deactivation <i>Example: LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock</i>
<i>stm32l0xx_ll_ppp.h/.c</i>	stm32l0xx_ll_ppp.c provides peripheral initialization functions such as LL_PPP_Init(), LL_PPP_StructInit(), LL_PPP_DeInit(). All the other APIs are defined within stm32l0xx_ll_ppp.h file.  The low-layer PPP driver is a standalone module. To use it, the application must include it in the stm32l0xx_ll_ppp.h file.
<i>stm32l0xx_ll_cortex.h</i>	Cortex-M related register operation APIs including the SysTick, Low power (such as LL_SYSTICK_XXXX and LL_LPM_XXXX "Low Power Mode")
<i>stm32l0xx_ll_utils.h/.c</i>	This file covers the generic APIs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Read of device unique ID and electronic signature</li> <li>• Timebase and delay management</li> <li>• System clock configuration.</li> </ul>
<i>stm32l0xx_ll_system.h</i>	System related operations. <i>Example: LL_SYSCFG_XXX, LL_DBGMCU_XXX and LL_FLASH_XXX</i>
<i>stm32_assert_template.h</i>	Template file allowing to define the assert_param macro, that is used when run-time checking is enabled.  This file is required only when the LL drivers are used in standalone mode (without calling the HAL APIs). It should be copied to the application folder and renamed to stm32_assert.h.

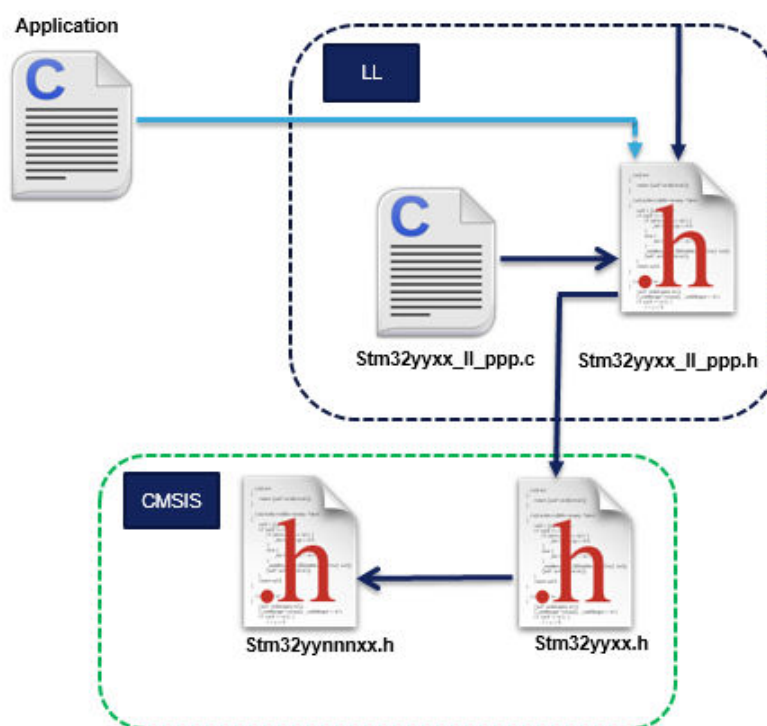
**Note:** *There is no configuration file for the LL drivers.*

The low-layer files are located in the same HAL driver folder.

**Figure 8. Low-layer driver folders**


In general, low-layer drivers include only the STM32 CMSIS device file.

```
#include "stm32yyxx.h"
```

**Figure 9. Low-layer driver CMSIS files**




Application files have to include only the used low-layer driver header files.

## 4.2 Overview of low-layer APIs and naming rules

### 4.2.1 Peripheral initialization functions

The LL drivers offer three sets of initialization functions. They are defined in stm32l0xx\_ll\_ppp.c file:

- Functions to initialize peripheral main features according to the parameters specified in data structures
- A set of functions used to fill initialization data structures with the reset values of each field
- Function for peripheral de-initialization (peripheral registers restored to their default values)

The definition of these LL initialization functions and associated resources (structure, literals and prototypes) is conditioned by a compilation switch: *USE\_FULL\_LL\_DRIVER*. To use these functions, this switch must be added in the toolchain compiler preprocessor or to any generic header file which is processed before the LL drivers.

The below table shows the list of the common functions provided for all the supported peripherals:

**Table 17. Common peripheral initialization functions**

Functions	Return Type	Parameters	Description
LL_PPP_Init	ErrorStatus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>PPP_TypeDef* PPPx</i></li> <li>• <i>LL_PPP_InitTypeDef* PPP_InitStruct</i></li> </ul>	Initializes the peripheral main features according to the parameters specified in PPP_InitStruct. Example: LL_USART_Init(USART_TypeDef *USARTx, LL_USART_InitTypeDef *USART_InitStruct)
LL_PPP_StructInit	void	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>LL_PPP_InitTypeDef* PPP_InitStruct</i></li> </ul>	Fills each PPP_InitStruct member with its default value. Example: LL_USART_StructInit(LL_USART_InitTypeDef *USART_InitStruct)
LL_PPP_DeInit	ErrorStatus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>PPP_TypeDef* PPPx</i></li> </ul>	De-initializes the peripheral registers, that is restore them to their default reset values. Example: LL_USART_DeInit(USART_TypeDef *USARTx)

Additional functions are available for some peripherals (refer to [Table 18. Optional peripheral initialization functions](#) ).

**Table 18. Optional peripheral initialization functions**

Functions	Return Type	Parameters	Examples
LL_PPP{CATEGORY}_Init	ErrorStatus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>PPP_TypeDef* PPPx</i></li> <li>• <i>LL_PPP{CATEGORY}_InitTypeDef* PPP{CATEGORY}_InitStruct</i></li> </ul>	Initializes peripheral features according to the parameters specified in PPP_InitStruct.  Example: LL_ADC_INJ_Init(ADC_TypeDef *ADCx, LL_ADC_INJ_InitTypeDef *ADC_INJ_InitStruct)  LL_RTC_TIME_Init(RTC_TypeDef *RTCx, uint32_t RTC_Format, LL_RTC_TimeTypeDef *RTC_TimeStruct)  LL_RTC_DATE_Init(RTC_TypeDef *RTCx, uint32_t RTC_Format, LL_RTC_DateTypeDef *RTC_DateStruct)  LL_TIM_IC_Init(TIM_TypeDef* TIMx, uint32_t Channel, LL_TIM_IC_InitTypeDef* TIM_IC_InitStruct)  LL_TIM_ENCODER_Init(TIM_TypeDef* TIMx, LL_TIM_ENCODER_InitTypeDef* TIM_EncoderInitStruct)
LL_PPP{CATEGORY}_StructInit	void	<i>LL_PPP{CATEGORY}_InitTypeDef* PPP{CATEGORY}_InitStruct</i>	Fills each PPP{CATEGORY}_InitStruct member with its default value.

Functions	Return Type	Parameters	Examples
			Example: LL_ADC_INJ_StructInit(LL_ADC_INJ_InitTypeDef *ADC_INJ_InitStruct)
LL_PPP_CommonInit	ErrorStatus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PPP_TypeDef* PPPx</li> <li>LL_PPP_CommonInitTypeDef* PPP_CommonInitStruct</li> </ul>	<p>Initializes the common features shared between different instances of the same peripheral.</p> <p>Example: LL_ADC_CommonInit(ADC_Common_TypeDef *ADCxy_COMMON, LL_ADC_CommonInitTypeDef *ADC_CommonInitStruct)</p>
LL_PPP_CommonStructInit	void	LL_PPP_CommonInitTypeDef* PPP_CommonInitStruct	<p>Fills each PPP_CommonInitStruct member with its default value</p> <p>Example: LL_ADC_CommonStructInit(LL_ADC_CommonInitTypeDef *ADC_CommonInitStruct)</p>
LL_PPP_ClockInit	ErrorStatus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PPP_TypeDef* PPPx</li> <li>LL_PPP_ClockInitTypeDef* PPP_ClockInitStruct</li> </ul>	<p>Initializes the peripheral clock configuration in synchronous mode.</p> <p>Example: LL_USART_ClockInit(USART_TypeDef *USARTx, LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef *USART_ClockInitStruct)</p>
LL_PPP_ClockStructInit	void	LL_PPP_ClockInitTypeDef* PPP_ClockInitStruct	<p>Fills each PPP_ClockInitStruct member with its default value</p> <p>Example: LL_USART_ClockStructInit(LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef *USART_ClockInitStruct)</p>

#### 4.2.1.1

#### Run-time checking

Like HAL drivers, LL initialization functions implement run-time failure detection by checking the input values of all LL driver functions. For more details, refer to [Section 3.12.4.3 Run-time checking](#).

When using the LL drivers in standalone mode (without calling HAL functions), the following actions are required to use run-time checking:

1. Copy stm32\_assert\_template.h to the application folder and rename it to stm32\_assert.h. This file defines the assert\_param macro which is used when run-time checking is enabled.
2. Include stm32\_assert.h file within the application main header file.
3. Add the USE\_FULL\_ASSERT compilation switch in the toolchain compiler preprocessor or in any generic header file which is processed before the stm32\_assert.h driver.

**Note:** Run-time checking is not available for LL inline functions.

#### 4.2.2

#### Peripheral register-level configuration functions

On top of the peripheral initialization functions, the LL drivers offer a set of inline functions for direct atomic register access. Their format is as follows:

```
__STATIC_INLINE return_type LL_PPP_Function (PPPx_TypeDef *PPPx, args)
```

The "Function" naming is defined depending to the action category:

- **Specific Interrupt, DMA request and status flags management:** Set/Get/Clear/Enable/Disable flags on interrupt and status registers

**Table 19. Specific Interrupt, DMA request and status flags management**

Name	Examples
LL_PPP_{ CATEGORY}_ActionItem_BITNAME	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSIRDY</li> <li>LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_FWRST()</li> <li>LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOC(ADC1)</li> <li>LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TCx(DMA_TypeDef* DMAx)</li> </ul>
LL_PPP{ CATEGORY}_IsItem_BITNAME_Action	

Table 20. Available function formats

Item	Action	Format
Flag	Get	LL_PPP_IsActiveFlag_BITNAME
	Clear	LL_PPP_ClearFlag_BITNAME
Interrupts	Enable	LL_PPP_EnableIT_BITNAME
	Disable	LL_PPP_DisableIT_BITNAME
	Get	LL_PPP_IsEnabledIT_BITNAME
DMA	Enable	LL_PPP_EnableDMAReq_BITNAME
	Disable	LL_PPP_DisableDMAReq_BITNAME
	Get	LL_PPP_IsEnabledDMAReq_BITNAME

Note: BITNAME refers to the peripheral register bit name as described in the product line reference manual.

- **Peripheral clock activation/deactivation management:** Enable/Disable/Reset a peripheral clock

Table 21. Peripheral clock activation/deactivation management

Name	Examples
LL_BUS_GRPx_ActionClock{Mode}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock (LL_IOP_GRP1_PERIPH_GPIOA LL_IOP_GRP1_PERIPH_GPIOB)</li> <li>• LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep (LL_APB1_GRP1_PERIPH_DAC1)</li> </ul>

Note: 'x' corresponds to the group index and refers to the index of the modified register on a given bus. 'bus' corresponds to the bus name.

- **Peripheral activation/deactivation management :** Enable/disable a peripheral or activate/deactivate specific peripheral features

Table 22. Peripheral activation/deactivation management

Name	Examples
LL_PPP[_CATEGORY]_Action{Item}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LL_ADC_Enable ()</li> <li>• LL_ADC_StartCalibration();</li> <li>• LL_ADC_IsCalibrationOnGoing;</li> <li>• LL_RCC_HSI_Enable ()</li> <li>• LL_RCC_HSI_IsReady()</li> </ul>
LL_PPP[_CATEGORY]_IsItemAction	

- **Peripheral configuration management :** Set/get a peripheral configuration settings

Table 23. Peripheral configuration management

Name	Examples
LL_PPP[_CATEGORY]_Set{ or Get}ConfigItem	LL_USART_SetBaudRate (USART2, 16000000,LL_USART_OVERSAMPLING_16, 9600)

- **Peripheral register management :** Write/read the content of a register/retrun DMA relative register address

Table 24. Peripheral register management

Name
LL_PPP_WriteReg(__INSTANCE__, __REG__, __VALUE__)
LL_PPP_ReadReg(__INSTANCE__, __REG__)
LL_PPP_DMA_GetRegAddr (PPP_TypeDef *PPPx,{Sub Instance if any ex: Channel} , {uint32_t Propriety})

*Note: The Propriety is a variable used to identify the DMA transfer direction or the data register type.*

## 5 Cohabiting of HAL and LL

The low-layer APIs are designed to be used in standalone mode or combined with the HAL. They cannot be automatically used with the HAL for the same peripheral instance. If you use the LL APIs for a specific instance, you can still use the HAL APIs for other instances. Be careful that the low-layer APIs might overwrite some registers which content is mirrored in the HAL handles.

### 5.1 Low-layer driver used in Standalone mode

The low-layer APIs can be used without calling the HAL driver services. This is done by simply including `stm32l0xx_ll_ppp.h` in the application files. The LL APIs for a given peripheral are called by executing the same sequence as the one recommended by the programming model in the corresponding product line reference manual. In this case the HAL drivers associated to the used peripheral can be removed from the workspace. However the [STM32CubeLO](#) framework should be used in the same way as in the HAL drivers case which means that System file, startup file and CMSIS should always be used.

*Note: When the BSP drivers are included, the used HAL drivers associated with the BSP functions drivers should be included in the workspace, even if they are not used by the application layer.*

### 5.2 Mixed use of low-layer APIs and HAL drivers

In this case the low-layer APIs are used in conjunction with the HAL drivers to achieve direct and register level based operations.

Mixed use is allowed, however some consideration should be taken into account:

- It is recommended to avoid using simultaneously the HAL APIs and the combination of low-layer APIs for a given peripheral instance. If this is the case, one or more private fields in the HAL PPP handle structure should be updated accordingly.
- For operations and processes that do not alter the handle fields including the initialization structure, the HAL driver APIs and the low-layer services can be used together for the same peripheral instance.
- The low-layer drivers can be used without any restriction with all the HAL drivers that are not based on handle objects (RCC, common HAL, Flash and GPIO).

Several examples showing how to use HAL and LL in the same application are provided within `stm32l0` firmware package (refer to `Examples_MIX` projects).

- Note:*
1. When the HAL `Init/DelInit` APIs are not used and are replaced by the low-layer macros, the `InitMsp()` functions are not called and the MSP initialization should be done in the user application.
  2. When process APIs are not used and the corresponding function is performed through the low-layer APIs, the callbacks are not called and post processing or error management should be done by the user application.
  3. When the LL APIs is used for process operations, the IRQ handler HAL APIs cannot be called and the IRQ should be implemented by the user application. Each LL driver implements the macros needed to read and clear the associated interrupt flags.

## 6 HAL System Driver

### 6.1 HAL Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the HAL library.

#### 6.1.1 How to use this driver

The common HAL driver contains a set of generic and common APIs that can be used by the PPP peripheral drivers and the user to start using the HAL.

The HAL contains two APIs categories:

- Common HAL APIs
- Services HAL APIs

#### 6.1.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize the Flash interface, the NVIC allocation and initial clock configuration. It initializes the source of time base also when timeout is needed and the backup domain when enabled.
- De-initialize common part of the HAL.
- Configure the time base source to have 1ms time base with a dedicated Tick interrupt priority.
  - SysTick timer is used by default as source of time base, but user can eventually implement his proper time base source (a general purpose timer for example or other time source), keeping in mind that Time base duration should be kept 1ms since PPP\_TIMEOUT\_VALUES are defined and handled in milliseconds basis.
  - Time base configuration function (HAL\_InitTick ()) is called automatically at the beginning of the program after reset by HAL\_Init() or at any time when clock is configured, by HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig().
  - Source of time base is configured to generate interrupts at regular time intervals. Care must be taken if HAL\_Delay() is called from a peripheral ISR process, the Tick interrupt line must have higher priority (numerically lower) than the peripheral interrupt. Otherwise the caller ISR process will be blocked.
  - functions affecting time base configurations are declared as \_\_weak to make override possible in case of other implementations in user file.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_InitTick\(\)\*](#)

#### 6.1.3 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Init (void )**

##### Function description

This function configures the Flash prefetch, Flash preread and Buffer cache, Configures time base source, NVIC and Low level hardware.

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This function is called at the beginning of program after reset and before the clock configuration
- The time base configuration is based on MSI clock when exiting from Reset. Once done, time base tick start incrementing. In the default implementation, SysTick is used as source of time base. the tick variable is incremented each 1ms in its ISR.

### HAL\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DeInit (void )**

#### Function description

This function de-initializes common part of the HAL and stops the source of time base.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This function is optional.

### HAL\_MspInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_MspInit (void )**

#### Function description

Initializes the MSP.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_MspDeInit (void )**

#### Function description

DeInitializes the MSP.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_InitTick

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_InitTick (uint32\_t TickPriority)**

#### Function description

This function configures the source of the time base: The time source is configured to have 1ms time base with a dedicated Tick interrupt priority.

#### Parameters

- **TickPriority:** Tick interrupt priority.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This function is called automatically at the beginning of program after reset by HAL\_Init() or at any time when clock is reconfigured by HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig().
- In the default implementation, SysTick timer is the source of time base. It is used to generate interrupts at regular time intervals. Care must be taken if HAL\_Delay() is called from a peripheral ISR process, The SysTick interrupt must have higher priority (numerically lower) than the peripheral interrupt. Otherwise the caller ISR process will be blocked. The function is declared as \_\_weak to be overwritten in case of other implementation in user file.

### HAL\_IncTick

#### Function name

**void HAL\_IncTick (void )**

#### Function description

This function is called to increment a global variable "uwTick" used as application time base.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In the default implementation, this variable is incremented each 1ms in SysTick ISR.
- This function is declared as \_\_weak to be overwritten in case of other implementations in user file.

### HAL\_Delay

#### Function name

**void HAL\_Delay (uint32\_t Delay)**

#### Function description

This function provides minimum delay (in milliseconds) based on variable incremented.

#### Parameters

- **Delay:** specifies the delay time length, in milliseconds.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In the default implementation , SysTick timer is the source of time base. It is used to generate interrupts at regular time intervals where uwTick is incremented.
- This function is declared as \_\_weak to be overwritten in case of other implementations in user file.

### HAL\_GetTick

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_GetTick (void )**

#### Function description

Provides a tick value in millisecond.

#### Return values

- **tick:** value

## Notes

- This function is declared as \_\_weak to be overwritten in case of other implementations in user file.



## HAL\_GetTickPrio

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_GetTickPrio (void )**

### Function description

This function returns a tick priority.

### Return values

- **tick:** priority

## HAL\_SetTickFreq

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SetTickFreq (HAL\_TickFreqTypeDef Freq)**

### Function description

Set new tick Freq.

### Return values

- **Status:**

## HAL\_GetTickFreq

### Function name

**HAL\_TickFreqTypeDef HAL\_GetTickFreq (void )**

### Function description

Return tick frequency.

### Return values

- **tick:** period in Hz

## HAL\_SuspendTick

### Function name

**void HAL\_SuspendTick (void )**

### Function description

Suspends the Tick increment.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- In the default implementation , SysTick timer is the source of time base. It is used to generate interrupts at regular time intervals. Once HAL\_SuspendTick() is called, the SysTick interrupt will be disabled and so Tick increment is suspended.
- This function is declared as \_\_weak to be overwritten in case of other implementations in user file.

## HAL\_ResumeTick

### Function name

**void HAL\_ResumeTick (void )**

### Function description

Resumes the Tick increment.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In the default implementation , SysTick timer is the source of time base. It is used to generate interrupts at regular time intervals. Once HAL\_ResumeTick() is called, the SysTick interrupt will be enabled and so Tick increment is resumed.
- This function is declared as \_\_weak to be overwritten in case of other implementations in user file.

## HAL\_GetHalVersion

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_GetHalVersion (void )
```

### Function description

Returns the HAL revision.

## Return values

- **version:** 0xXYZR (8bits for each decimal, R for RC)

## HAL\_GetREVID

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_GetREVID (void )
```

### Function description

Returns the device revision identifier.

## Return values

- **Device:** revision identifier

## HAL\_GetDEVID

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_GetDEVID (void )
```

### Function description

Returns the device identifier.

## Return values

- **Device:** identifier

## HAL\_GetUIDw0

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_GetUIDw0 (void )
```

### Function description

Returns the first word of the unique device identifier (UID based on 96 bits)

## Return values

- **Device:** identifier

## HAL\_GetUIDw1

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_GetUIDw1 (void )
```

**Function description**

Returns the second word of the unique device identifier (UID based on 96 bits)

**Return values**

- **Device:** identifier

**HAL\_GetUIDw2**

**Function name**

**uint32\_t HAL\_GetUIDw2 (void )**

**Function description**

Returns the third word of the unique device identifier (UID based on 96 bits)

**Return values**

- **Device:** identifier

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGSleepMode**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGSleepMode (void )**

**Function description**

Enables the Debug Module during SLEEP mode.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGSleepMode**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGSleepMode (void )**

**Function description**

Disables the Debug Module during SLEEP mode.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStopMode**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStopMode (void )**

**Function description**

Enables the Debug Module during STOP mode.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStopMode**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStopMode (void )**

**Function description**

Disables the Debug Module during STOP mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStandbyMode**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStandbyMode (void )**

#### Function description

Enables the Debug Module during STANDBY mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStandbyMode**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStandbyMode (void )**

#### Function description

Disables the Debug Module during STANDBY mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_DBG\_EnableLowPowerConfig**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_DBG\_EnableLowPowerConfig (uint32\_t Periph)**

#### Function description

Enable low power mode behavior when the MCU is in Debug mode.

#### Parameters

- **Periph:** specifies the low power mode. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - DBGMCU\_SLEEP: Keep debugger connection during SLEEP mode
  - DBGMCU\_STOP: Keep debugger connection during STOP mode
  - DBGMCU\_STANDBY: Keep debugger connection during STANDBY mode

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DBGMCU\_DBG\_DisableLowPowerConfig**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DBGMCU\_DBG\_DisableLowPowerConfig (uint32\_t Periph)**

#### Function description

Disable low power mode behavior when the MCU is in Debug mode.

#### Parameters

- **Periph:** specifies the low power mode. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - DBGMCU\_SLEEP: Keep debugger connection during SLEEP mode
  - DBGMCU\_STOP: Keep debugger connection during STOP mode
  - DBGMCU\_STANDBY: Keep debugger connection during STANDBY mode

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SYSCFG\_GetBootMode**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_SYSCFG\_GetBootMode (void )**

#### Function description

Returns the boot mode as configured by user.

#### Return values

- **The:** boot mode as configured by user. The returned value can be one of the following values:
  - 0x00000000 : Boot is configured in Main Flash memory
  - 0x00000100 : Boot is configured in System Flash memory
  - 0x00000300 : Boot is configured in Embedded SRAM memory

**HAL\_SYSCFG\_Enable\_Lock\_VREFINT**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SYSCFG\_Enable\_Lock\_VREFINT (void )**

#### Function description

Lock the SYSCFG VREF register values.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SYSCFG\_Disable\_Lock\_VREFINT**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SYSCFG\_Disable\_Lock\_VREFINT (void )**

#### Function description

Unlock the overall SYSCFG VREF register values.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OutputSelect**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OutputSelect (uint32\_t SYSCFG\_Vrefint\_OUTPUT)**

#### Function description

Selects the output of internal reference voltage (VREFINT).

#### Parameters

- **SYSCFG\_Vrefint\_OUTPUT:** new state of the Vrefint output. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_NONE
  - SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_PB0
  - SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_PB1
  - SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_PB0\_PB1

#### Return values

- **None:**

## 6.2 HAL Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 6.2.1 HAL

HAL

**DBGMCU Low Power Configuration**

DBGMCU\_SLEEP

DBGMCU\_STOP

DBGMCU\_STANDBY

IS\_DBGMCU\_PERIPH

#### **HAL Exported Macros**

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_TIM2

TIM2 Peripherals Debug mode

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_TIM2

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_TIM3

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_TIM3

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_TIM6

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_TIM6

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_TIM7

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_TIM7

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_RTC

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_RTC

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_WWDG

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_WWDG

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_IWDG

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_IWDG

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_I2C1\_TIMEOUT

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_I2C1\_TIMEOUT\_DBGMCU

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_I2C2\_TIMEOUT\_DBGMCU

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_UNFREEZE\_I2C2\_TIMEOUT\_DBGMCU

\_\_HAL\_DBGMCU\_FREEZE\_I2C3\_TIMEOUT

`__HAL_DBGMCU_UNFREEZE_I2C3_TIMEOUT`

`__HAL_DBGMCU_FREEZE_LPTIMER`

`__HAL_DBGMCU_UNFREEZE_LPTIMER`

`__HAL_DBGMCU_FREEZE_TIM22`

`__HAL_DBGMCU_UNFREEZE_TIM22`

`__HAL_DBGMCU_FREEZE_TIM21`

`__HAL_DBGMCU_UNFREEZE_TIM21`

`__HAL_SYSCFG_REMAPMEMORY_FLASH`

`__HAL_SYSCFG_REMAPMEMORY_SYSTEMFLASH`

`__HAL_SYSCFG_REMAPMEMORY_SRAM`

`__HAL_SYSCFG_DBG_LP_CONFIG`

**Description:**

- Configuration of the DBG Low Power mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__DBG_LPMODE__`: bit field to indicate in wich Low Power mode DBG is still active. This parameter can be a value of
  - `DBGMCU_SLEEP`
  - `DBGMCU_STOP`
  - `DBGMCU_STANDBY`

`__HAL_SYSCFG_GET_BOOT_MODE`

**Description:**

- Returns the boot mode as configured by user.

**Return value:**

- The: boot mode as configured by user. The returned can be a value of :
  - `SYSCFG_BOOT_MAINFLASH`
  - `SYSCFG_BOOT_SYSTEMFLASH`
  - `SYSCFG_BOOT_SRAM`

`__HAL_SYSCFG_GET_FLAG`

**Description:**

- Check whether the specified SYSCFG flag is set or not.

**Parameters:**

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. The only parameter supported is `SYSCFG_FLAG_VREFINT_READY`

**Return value:**

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Fast mode Plus driving capability enable macro.

### Parameters:

- \_\_FASTMODEPLUS\_\_: This parameter can be a value of :
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9

## \_\_HAL\_SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Fast mode Plus driving capability disable macro.

### Parameters:

- \_\_FASTMODEPLUS\_\_: This parameter can be a value of :
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8
  - SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9

### HAL state definition

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_RESET

SMBUS not yet initialized or disabled

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_READY

SMBUS initialized and ready for use

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_BUSY

SMBUS internal process is ongoing

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_MASTER\_BUSY\_TX

Master Data Transmission process is ongoing

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_MASTER\_BUSY\_RX

Master Data Reception process is ongoing

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_SLAVE\_BUSY\_TX

Slave Data Transmission process is ongoing

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_SLAVE\_BUSY\_RX

Slave Data Reception process is ongoing

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_TIMEOUT

Timeout state

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_ERROR

Reception process is ongoing

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_LISTEN

Address Listen Mode is ongoing

### HAL Version



\_\_STM32L0xx\_HAL\_VERSION\_MAIN

[31:24] main version

\_\_STM32L0xx\_HAL\_VERSION\_SUB1

[23:16] sub1 version

\_\_STM32L0xx\_HAL\_VERSION\_SUB2

[15:8] sub2 version

\_\_STM32L0xx\_HAL\_VERSION\_RC

[7:0] release candidate

\_\_STM32L0xx\_HAL\_VERSION

IDCODE\_DEVID\_MASK

#### ***Boot Mode***

SYSCFG\_BOOT\_MAINFLASH

SYSCFG\_BOOT\_SYSTEMFLASH

SYSCFG\_BOOT\_SRAM

#### ***Fast Mode Plus on GPIO***

SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6

SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7

SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8

SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9

IS\_SYSCFG\_FASTMODEPLUS

#### ***SYSCFG Flags Definition***

SYSCFG\_FLAG\_VREFINT\_READY

IS\_SYSCFG\_FLAG

#### ***SYSCFG VREFINT Out Selection***

SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_NONE

SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_PB0

SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_PB1

SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_PB0\_PB1

IS\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_OUT\_SELECT

## 7 HAL ADC Generic Driver

### 7.1 ADC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 7.1.1 ADC\_OversamplingTypeDef

**ADC\_OversamplingTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_adc.h`

Data Fields

- `uint32_t Ratio`
- `uint32_t RightBitShift`
- `uint32_t TriggeredMode`

Field Documentation

- `uint32_t ADC_OversamplingTypeDef::Ratio`  
Configures the oversampling ratio. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Oversampling\\_Ratio](#)
- `uint32_t ADC_OversamplingTypeDef::RightBitShift`  
Configures the division coefficient for the Oversampler. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Right\\_Bit\\_Shift](#)
- `uint32_t ADC_OversamplingTypeDef::TriggeredMode`  
Selects the regular triggered oversampling mode. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Triggered\\_Oversampling\\_Mode](#)

#### 7.1.2 ADC\_InitTypeDef

**ADC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_adc.h`

Data Fields

- `uint32_t ClockPrescaler`
- `uint32_t Resolution`
- `uint32_t DataAlign`
- `uint32_t ScanConvMode`
- `uint32_t EOCSelection`
- `uint32_t LowPowerAutoWait`
- `uint32_t LowPowerAutoPowerOff`
- `FunctionalState ContinuousConvMode`
- `FunctionalState DiscontinuousConvMode`
- `uint32_t ExternalTrigConv`
- `uint32_t ExternalTrigConvEdge`
- `FunctionalState DMAContinuousRequests`
- `uint32_t Overrun`
- `uint32_t LowPowerFrequencyMode`
- `uint32_t SamplingTime`
- `uint32_t OversamplingMode`
- `ADC_OversamplingTypeDef Oversample`

Field Documentation

- `uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::ClockPrescaler`  
Select ADC clock source (synchronous clock derived from APB clock or asynchronous clock derived from ADC dedicated HSI RC oscillator) and clock prescaler. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_ClockPrescaler](#). Note: In case of synchronous clock mode based on HCLK/1, the configuration must be enabled only if the system clock has a 50% duty clock cycle (APB prescaler configured inside RCC must be bypassed and PCLK clock must have 50% duty cycle). Refer to reference manual for details. Note: In case of usage of the ADC dedicated HSI RC oscillator, it must be preliminarily enabled at RCC top level. Note: This parameter can be modified only if the ADC is disabled.
- `uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::Resolution`  
Configure the ADC resolution. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Resolution](#)

- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::DataAlign`**  
Specify ADC data alignment in conversion data register (right or left). Refer to reference manual for alignments formats versus resolutions. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Data\\_align](#)
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::ScanConvMode`**  
Configure the sequencer of regular group. This parameter can be associated to parameter 'DiscontinuousConvMode' to have main sequence subdivided in successive parts. Sequencer is automatically enabled if several channels are set (sequencer cannot be disabled, as it can be the case on other STM32 devices): If only 1 channel is set: Conversion is performed in single mode. If several channels are set: Conversions are performed in sequence mode (ranks defined by each channel number: channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...). Scan direction can be set to forward (from channel 0 to channel 18) or backward (from channel 18 to channel 0). This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Scan\\_mode](#)
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::EOCSelection`**  
Specify which EOC (End Of Conversion) flag is used for conversion by polling and interruption: end of unitary conversion or end of sequence conversions. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_EOCSelection](#).
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::LowPowerAutoWait`**  
Select the dynamic low power Auto Delay: new conversion start only when the previous conversion (for ADC group regular) has been retrieved by user software, using function `HAL_ADC_GetValue()`. This feature automatically adapts the frequency of ADC conversions triggers to the speed of the system that reads the data. Moreover, this avoids risk of overrun for low frequency applications. This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE. Note: Do not use with interruption or DMA (`HAL_ADC_Start_IT()`, `HAL_ADC_Start_DMA()`) since they clear immediately the EOC flag to free the IRQ vector sequencer. Do use with polling: 1. Start conversion with `HAL_ADC_Start()`, 2. Later on, when ADC conversion data is needed: use `HAL_ADC_PollForConversion()` to ensure that conversion is completed and `HAL_ADC_GetValue()` to retrieve conversion result and trig another conversion start.
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::LowPowerAutoPowerOff`**  
Select the auto-off mode: the ADC automatically powers-off after a conversion and automatically wakes-up when a new conversion is triggered (with startup time between trigger and start of sampling). This feature can be combined with automatic wait mode (parameter 'LowPowerAutoWait'). This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE. Note: If enabled, this feature also turns off the ADC dedicated 14 MHz RC oscillator (HSI14)
- **`FunctionalState ADC_InitTypeDef::ContinuousConvMode`**  
Specify whether the conversion is performed in single mode (one conversion) or continuous mode for ADC group regular, after the first ADC conversion start trigger occurred (software start or external trigger). This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE.
- **`FunctionalState ADC_InitTypeDef::DiscontinuousConvMode`**  
Specify whether the conversions sequence of ADC group regular is performed in Complete-sequence/ Discontinuous-sequence (main sequence subdivided in successive parts). Discontinuous mode is used only if sequencer is enabled (parameter 'ScanConvMode'). If sequencer is disabled, this parameter is discarded. Discontinuous mode can be enabled only if continuous mode is disabled. If continuous mode is enabled, this parameter setting is discarded. This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE. Note: On this STM32 serie, ADC group regular number of discontinuous ranks increment is fixed to one-by-one.
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::ExternalTrigConv`**  
Select the external event source used to trigger ADC group regular conversion start. If set to `ADC_SOFTWARE_START`, external triggers are disabled and software trigger is used instead. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_regular\\_external\\_trigger\\_source](#). Caution: external trigger source is common to all ADC instances.
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::ExternalTrigConvEdge`**  
Select the external event edge used to trigger ADC group regular conversion start. If trigger source is set to `ADC_SOFTWARE_START`, this parameter is discarded. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_regular\\_external\\_trigger\\_edge](#)
- **`FunctionalState ADC_InitTypeDef::DMAContinuousRequests`**  
Specify whether the DMA requests are performed in one shot mode (DMA transfer stops when number of conversions is reached) or in continuous mode (DMA transfer unlimited, whatever number of conversions). This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE. Note: In continuous mode, DMA must be configured in circular mode. Otherwise an overrun will be triggered when DMA buffer maximum pointer is reached.

- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::Overrun`**  
Select the behavior in case of overrun: data overwritten or preserved (default). This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_Overrun](#). Note: In case of overrun set to data preserved and usage with programming model with interruption (`HAL_Start_IT()`): ADC IRQ handler has to clear end of conversion flags, this induces the release of the preserved data. If needed, this data can be saved in function **`HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback()`**, placed in user program code (called before end of conversion flags clear). Note: Error reporting with respect to the conversion mode:
  - Usage with ADC conversion by polling for event or interruption: Error is reported only if overrun is set to data preserved. If overrun is set to data overwritten, user can willingly not read all the converted data, this is not considered as an erroneous case.
  - Usage with ADC conversion by DMA: Error is reported whatever overrun setting (DMA is expected to process all data from data register).
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::LowPowerFrequencyMode`**  
When selecting an analog ADC clock frequency lower than 2.8MHz, it is mandatory to first enable the Low Frequency Mode. This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE. Note: This parameter can be modified only if there is no conversion is ongoing.
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::SamplingTime`**  
The sample time common to all channels. Unit: ADC clock cycles This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_sampling\\_times](#) Note: This parameter can be modified only if there is no conversion ongoing.
- **`uint32_t ADC_InitTypeDef::OversamplingMode`**  
Specify whether the oversampling feature is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE. Note: This parameter can be modified only if there is no conversion is ongoing on ADC group regular.
- **`ADC_OversamplingTypeDef ADC_InitTypeDef::Oversample`**  
Specify the Oversampling parameters Caution: this setting overwrites the previous oversampling configuration if oversampling is already enabled.

### 7.1.3

#### ADC\_ChannelConfTypeDef

**`ADC_ChannelConfTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_adc.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t Channel`**
- **`uint32_t Rank`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t ADC_ChannelConfTypeDef::Channel`**  
Specify the channel to configure into ADC regular group. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_channels](#)  
Note: Depending on devices, some channels may not be available on device package pins. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **`uint32_t ADC_ChannelConfTypeDef::Rank`**  
Add or remove the channel from ADC regular group sequencer. On STM32L0 devices, number of ranks in the sequence is defined by number of channels enabled, rank of each channel is defined by channel number (channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...). Despite the channel rank is fixed, this parameter allow an additional possibility: to remove the selected rank (selected channel) from sequencer. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_rank](#)

### 7.1.4

#### ADC\_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef

**`ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_adc.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t WatchdogMode`**
- **`uint32_t Channel`**
- **`FunctionalState ITMode`**
- **`uint32_t HighThreshold`**
- **`uint32_t LowThreshold`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef::WatchdogMode`**  
Configure the ADC analog watchdog mode: single/all channels. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_analog\\_watchdog\\_mode](#)

- **`uint32_t ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef::Channel`**  
Select which ADC channel to monitor by analog watchdog. This parameter has an effect only if watchdog mode is configured on single channel (parameter WatchdogMode) This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_channels](#)
- **`FunctionalState ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef::ITMode`**  
Specify whether the analog watchdog is configured in interrupt or polling mode. This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE
- **`uint32_t ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef::HighThreshold`**  
Configures the ADC analog watchdog High threshold value. Depending of ADC resolution selected (12, 10, 8 or 6 bits), this parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFF, 0x3FF, 0xFF or 0x3F respectively.
- **`uint32_t ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef::LowThreshold`**  
Configures the ADC analog watchdog High threshold value. Depending of ADC resolution selected (12, 10, 8 or 6 bits), this parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFF, 0x3FF, 0xFF or 0x3F respectively.

### 7.1.5

#### **`__ADC_HandleTypeDef`**

`__ADC_HandleTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_adc.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`ADC_TypeDef * Instance`**
- **`ADC_InitTypeDef Init`**
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef * DMA_Handle`**
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`**
- **`__IO uint32_t State`**
- **`__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`**
- **`void(* ConvCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* ConvHalfCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* LevelOutOfWindowCallback`**
- **`void(* ErrorCallback`**
- **`void(* MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* MspDeInitCallback`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`ADC_TypeDef* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
Register base address
- **`ADC_InitTypeDef __ADC_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
ADC required parameters
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::DMA_Handle`**  
Pointer DMA Handler
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef __ADC_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**  
ADC locking object
- **`__IO uint32_t __ADC_HandleTypeDef::State`**  
ADC communication state (bitmap of ADC states)
- **`__IO uint32_t __ADC_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`**  
ADC Error code
- **`void(* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::ConvCpltCallback)(struct __ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc)`**  
ADC conversion complete callback
- **`void(* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::ConvHalfCpltCallback)(struct __ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc)`**  
ADC conversion DMA half-transfer callback
- **`void(* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::LevelOutOfWindowCallback)(struct __ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc)`**  
ADC analog watchdog 1 callback
- **`void(* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc)`**  
ADC error callback
- **`void(* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc)`**  
ADC Msp Init callback

- `void(* __ADC_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __ADC_HandleTypeDef *hadc)`  
ADC Msp DeInit callback

## 7.2 ADC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the ADC library.

### 7.2.1 ADC peripheral features

- 12-bit, 10-bit, 8-bit or 6-bit configurable resolution.
- Interrupt generation at the end of regular conversion and in case of analog watchdog or overrun events.
- Single and continuous conversion modes.
- Scan mode for conversion of several channels sequentially.
- Data alignment with in-built data coherency.
- Programmable sampling time (common for all channels)
- External trigger (timer or EXTI) with configurable polarity
- DMA request generation for transfer of conversions data of regular group.
- ADC calibration
- ADC conversion of regular group.
- ADC supply requirements: 1.62 V to 3.6 V.
- ADC input range: from Vref- (connected to Vssa) to Vref+ (connected to Vdda or to an external voltage reference).

### 7.2.2 How to use this driver

#### Configuration of top level parameters related to ADC

1. Enable the ADC interface
  - As prerequisite, ADC clock must be configured at RCC top level. Caution: On STM32L0, ADC clock frequency max is 16MHz (refer to device datasheet). Therefore, ADC clock prescaler must be configured in function of ADC clock source frequency to remain below this maximum frequency.
  - Two clock settings are mandatory:
    - ADC clock (core clock, also possibly conversion clock).
    - ADC clock (conversions clock). Two possible clock sources: synchronous clock derived from APB clock or asynchronous clock derived from ADC dedicated HSI RC oscillator 16MHz. If asynchronous clock is selected, parameter "HSIState" must be set either: - to "...HSIState = RCC\_HSI\_ON" to maintain the HSI16 oscillator always enabled: can be used to supply the main system clock.
    - Example: Into HAL\_ADC\_MspInit() (recommended code location) or with other device clock parameters configuration:
    - `__HAL_RCC_ADC1_CLK_ENABLE();` (mandatory) HSI enable (optional: if asynchronous clock selected)
    - `RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStructure;`
    - `RCC_OscInitStructure.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSI;`
    - `RCC_OscInitStructure.HSI16CalibrationValue = RCC_HSI16CALIBRATION_DEFAULT;`
    - `RCC_OscInitStructure.HSIState = RCC_HSI_ON;`
    - `RCC_OscInitStructure.PLL...` (optional if used for system clock)
    - `HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStructure);`
  - ADC clock source and clock prescaler are configured at ADC level with parameter "ClockPrescaler" using function HAL\_ADC\_Init().
2. ADC pins configuration
  - Enable the clock for the ADC GPIOs using macro `__HAL_RCC_GPIOx_CLK_ENABLE()`
  - Configure these ADC pins in analog mode using function HAL\_GPIO\_Init()



3. Optionally, in case of usage of ADC with interruptions:
  - Configure the NVIC for ADC using function `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(ADCx_IRQn)`
  - Insert the ADC interruption handler function `HAL_ADC_IRQHandler()` into the function of corresponding ADC interruption vector `ADCx_IRQHandler()`.
4. Optionally, in case of usage of DMA:
  - Configure the DMA (DMA channel, mode normal or circular, ...) using function `HAL_DMA_Init()`.
  - Configure the NVIC for DMA using function `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(DMAx_Channelx_IRQn)`
  - Insert the ADC interruption handler function `HAL_ADC_IRQHandler()` into the function of corresponding DMA interruption vector `DMAx_Channelx_IRQHandler()`.

### Configuration of ADC, group regular, channels parameters

1. Configure the ADC parameters (resolution, data alignment, ...) and regular group parameters (conversion trigger, sequencer, ...) using function `HAL_ADC_Init()`.
2. Configure the channels for regular group parameters (channel number, channel rank into sequencer, ..., into regular group) using function `HAL_ADC_ConfigChannel()`.
3. Optionally, configure the analog watchdog parameters (channels monitored, thresholds, ...) using function `HAL_ADC_AnalogWDGConfig()`.
4. When device is in mode low-power (low-power run, low-power sleep or stop mode), function "`HAL_ADCEX_EnableVREFINT()`" must be called before function `HAL_ADC_Init()`. In case of internal temperature sensor to be measured: function "`HAL_ADCEX_EnableVREFINTTempSensor()`" must be called similarly

### Execution of ADC conversions

1. Optionally, perform an automatic ADC calibration to improve the conversion accuracy using function `HAL_ADCEX_Calibration_Start()`.
2. ADC driver can be used among three modes: polling, interruption, transfer by DMA.
  - ADC conversion by polling:
    - Activate the ADC peripheral and start conversions using function `HAL_ADC_Start()`
    - Wait for ADC conversion completion using function `HAL_ADC_PollForConversion()`
    - Retrieve conversion results using function `HAL_ADC_GetValue()`
    - Stop conversion and disable the ADC peripheral using function `HAL_ADC_Stop()`
  - ADC conversion by interruption:
    - Activate the ADC peripheral and start conversions using function `HAL_ADC_Start_IT()`
    - Wait for ADC conversion completion by call of function `HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback()` (this function must be implemented in user program)
    - Retrieve conversion results using function `HAL_ADC_GetValue()`
    - Stop conversion and disable the ADC peripheral using function `HAL_ADC_Stop_IT()`
  - ADC conversion with transfer by DMA:
    - Activate the ADC peripheral and start conversions using function `HAL_ADC_Start_DMA()`
    - Wait for ADC conversion completion by call of function `HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback()` or `HAL_ADC_ConvHalfCpltCallback()` (these functions must be implemented in user program)
    - Conversion results are automatically transferred by DMA into destination variable address.
    - Stop conversion and disable the ADC peripheral using function `HAL_ADC_Stop_DMA()`

**Note:** *Callback functions must be implemented in user program:*

- `HAL_ADC_ErrorCallback()`
- `HAL_ADC_LevelOutOfWindowCallback()` (callback of analog watchdog)
- `HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback()`
- `HAL_ADC_ConvHalfCpltCallback`

## Deinitialization of ADC

1. Disable the ADC interface
  - ADC clock can be hard reset and disabled at RCC top level.
  - Hard reset of ADC peripherals using macro `__ADCx_FORCE_RESET()`, `__ADCx_RELEASE_RESET()`.
  - ADC clock disable using the equivalent macro/functions as configuration step.
    - Example: Into `HAL_ADC_MspDeInit()` (recommended code location) or with other device clock parameters configuration:
    - `RCC_OscInitStructure.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSI;`
    - `RCC_OscInitStructure.HSIState = RCC_HSI_OFF;` (if not used for system clock)
    - `HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStructure);`
2. ADC pins configuration
  - Disable the clock for the ADC GPIOs using macro `__HAL_RCC_GPIOx_CLK_DISABLE()`
3. Optionally, in case of usage of ADC with interruptions:
  - Disable the NVIC for ADC using function `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(ADCx_IRQn)`
4. Optionally, in case of usage of DMA:
  - Deinitialize the DMA using function `HAL_DMA_Init()`.
  - Disable the NVIC for DMA using function `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ(DMAx_Channelx_IRQn)`

## Callback registration

The compilation flag `USE_HAL_ADC_REGISTER_CALLBACKS`, when set to 1, allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions `HAL_ADC_RegisterCallback()` to register an interrupt callback.

Function `HAL_ADC_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:

- `ConvCpltCallback` : ADC conversion complete callback
- `ConvHalfCpltCallback` : ADC conversion DMA half-transfer callback
- `LevelOutOfWindowCallback` : ADC analog watchdog 1 callback
- `ErrorCallback` : ADC error callback
- `MspInitCallback` : ADC Msp Init callback
- `MspDeInitCallback` : ADC Msp DeInit callback This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function `HAL_ADC_UnRegisterCallback` to reset a callback to the default weak function.

`HAL_ADC_UnRegisterCallback` takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- `ConvCpltCallback` : ADC conversion complete callback
- `ConvHalfCpltCallback` : ADC conversion DMA half-transfer callback
- `LevelOutOfWindowCallback` : ADC analog watchdog 1 callback
- `ErrorCallback` : ADC error callback
- `MspInitCallback` : ADC Msp Init callback
- `MspDeInitCallback` : ADC Msp DeInit callback

By default, after the `HAL_ADC_Init()` and when the state is `HAL_ADC_STATE_RESET` all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples `HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback()`, `HAL_ADC_ErrorCallback()`. Exception done for `MspInit` and `MspDeInit` functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the `HAL_ADC_Init()`/`HAL_ADC_DeInit()` only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand).

If `MspInit` or `MspDeInit` are not null, the `HAL_ADC_Init()`/`HAL_ADC_DeInit()` keep and use the user `MspInit`/`MspDeInit` callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in `HAL_ADC_STATE_READY` state only. Exception done `MspInit`/`MspDeInit` functions that can be registered/unregistered in `HAL_ADC_STATE_READY` or `HAL_ADC_STATE_RESET` state, thus registered (user) `MspInit`/`DeInit` callbacks can be used during the `Init`/`DeInit`.

Then, the user first registers the `MspInit`/`MspDeInit` user callbacks using `HAL_ADC_RegisterCallback()` before calling `HAL_ADC_DeInit()` or `HAL_ADC_Init()` function.



When the compilation flag `USE_HAL_ADC_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

### 7.2.3 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure channels on regular group
- Configure the analog watchdog

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_ADC\_ConfigChannel\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_ADC\_AnalogWDGConfig\(\)`](#)

### 7.2.4 Peripheral state and errors functions

This subsection provides functions to get in run-time the status of the peripheral.

- Check the ADC state
- Check the ADC error code

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_ADC\_GetState\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_ADC\_GetError\(\)`](#)

### 7.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_ADC\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Init (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

##### Function description

Initialize the ADC peripheral and regular group according to parameters specified in structure "ADC\_InitTypeDef".

##### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

##### Notes

- As prerequisite, ADC clock must be configured at RCC top level depending on possible clock sources: APB clock of HSI clock. See commented example code below that can be copied and uncommented into `HAL_ADC_MspInit()`.
- Possibility to update parameters on the fly: This function initializes the ADC MSP (`HAL_ADC_MspInit()`) only when coming from ADC state reset. Following calls to this function can be used to reconfigure some parameters of `ADC_InitTypeDef` structure on the fly, without modifying MSP configuration. If ADC MSP has to be modified again, `HAL_ADC_DeInit()` must be called before `HAL_ADC_Init()`. The setting of these parameters is conditioned to ADC state. For parameters constraints, see comments of structure "ADC\_InitTypeDef".
- This function configures the ADC within 2 scopes: scope of entire ADC and scope of regular group. For parameters details, see comments of structure "ADC\_InitTypeDef".
- When device is in mode low-power (low-power run, low-power sleep or stop mode), function "`HAL_ADCEx_EnableVREFINT()`" must be called before function `HAL_ADC_Init()` (in case of previous ADC operations: function `HAL_ADC_DeInit()` must be called first). In case of internal temperature sensor to be measured: function "`HAL_ADCEx_EnableVREFINTTempSensor()`" must be called similarly.

## HAL\_ADC\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_DeInit (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Deinitialize the ADC peripheral registers to their default reset values, with deinitialization of the ADC MSP.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- For devices with several ADCs: reset of ADC common registers is done only if all ADCs sharing the same common group are disabled. If this is not the case, reset of these common parameters reset is bypassed without error reporting: it can be the intended behavior in case of reset of a single ADC while the other ADCs sharing the same common group is still running.

## HAL\_ADC\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_ADC\_MspInit (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Initialize the ADC MSP.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_ADC\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_ADC\_MspDeInit (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Deinitialize the ADC MSP.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_ADC\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_RegisterCallback (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, HAL\_ADC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pADC\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User ADC Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hadc:** Pointer to a ADC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified ADC.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_ADC\_CONVERSION\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID ADC conversion complete callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_CONVERSION\_HALF\_CB\_ID ADC conversion complete callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_LEVEL\_OUT\_OF\_WINDOW\_1\_CB\_ID ADC analog watchdog 1 callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_CB\_ID ADC error callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_INJ\_CONVERSION\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID ADC group injected conversion complete callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID ADC Msp Init callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID ADC Msp DeInit callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_ADC\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_UnRegisterCallback (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, HAL\_ADC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

## Function description

Unregister a ADC Callback ADC callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hadc:** Pointer to a ADC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified ADC.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_ADC\_CONVERSION\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID ADC conversion complete callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_CONVERSION\_HALF\_CB\_ID ADC conversion complete callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_LEVEL\_OUT\_OF\_WINDOW\_1\_CB\_ID ADC analog watchdog 1 callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_CB\_ID ADC error callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_INJ\_CONVERSION\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID ADC group injected conversion complete callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID ADC Msp Init callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID ADC Msp DeInit callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_ADC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_ADC\_Start

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Start (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

## Function description

Enable ADC, start conversion of regular group.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- Interruptions enabled in this function: None.

### HAL\_ADC\_Stop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Stop (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

#### Function description

Stop ADC conversion of regular group (and injected channels in case of auto\_injection mode), disable ADC peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status.

### HAL\_ADC\_PollForConversion

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_PollForConversion (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Wait for regular group conversion to be completed.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle
- **Timeout:** Timeout value in millisecond.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- ADC conversion flags EOS (end of sequence) and EOC (end of conversion) are cleared by this function, with an exception: if low power feature "LowPowerAutoWait" is enabled, flags are not cleared to not interfere with this feature until data register is read using function HAL\_ADC\_GetValue().
- This function cannot be used in a particular setup: ADC configured in DMA mode and polling for end of each conversion (ADC init parameter "EOCSelection" set to ADC\_EOC\_SINGLE\_CONV). In this case, DMA resets the flag EOC and polling cannot be performed on each conversion. Nevertheless, polling can still be performed on the complete sequence (ADC init parameter "EOCSelection" set to ADC\_EOC\_SEQ\_CONV).

### HAL\_ADC\_PollForEvent

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_PollForEvent (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, uint32\_t EventType, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Poll for ADC event.

## Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle
- **EventType:** the ADC event type. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - ADC\_AWD\_EVENT: ADC Analog watchdog event
  - ADC\_OVR\_EVENT: ADC Overrun event
- **Timeout:** Timeout value in millisecond.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The relevant flag is cleared if found to be set, except for ADC\_FLAG\_OVR. Indeed, the latter is reset only if hadc->Init.Overrun field is set to ADC\_OVR\_DATA\_OVERWRITTEN. Otherwise, data register may be potentially overwritten by a new converted data as soon as OVR is cleared. To reset OVR flag once the preserved data is retrieved, the user can resort to macro `__HAL_ADC_CLEAR_FLAG(hadc, ADC_FLAG_OVR)`;

## HAL\_ADC\_Start\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Start\_IT (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Enable ADC, start conversion of regular group with interruption.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- Interruptions enabled in this function according to initialization setting : EOC (end of conversion), EOS (end of sequence), OVR overrun. Each of these interruptions has its dedicated callback function.
- To guarantee a proper reset of all interruptions once all the needed conversions are obtained, `HAL_ADC_Stop_IT()` must be called to ensure a correct stop of the IT-based conversions.
- By default, `HAL_ADC_Start_IT()` doesn't enable the End Of Sampling interruption. If required (e.g. in case of oversampling with trigger mode), the user must: 1. first clear the EOSMP flag if set with macro `__HAL_ADC_CLEAR_FLAG(hadc, ADC_FLAG_EOSMP)` 2. then enable the EOSMP interrupt with macro `__HAL_ADC_ENABLE_IT(hadc, ADC_IT_EOSMP)` before calling `HAL_ADC_Start_IT()`.

## HAL\_ADC\_Stop\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Stop\_IT (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Stop ADC conversion of regular group (and injected group in case of auto\_injection mode), disable interruption of end-of-conversion, disable ADC peripheral.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status.

## HAL\_ADC\_Start\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Start\_DMA (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, uint32\_t \* pData, uint32\_t Length)**

### Function description

Enable ADC, start conversion of regular group and transfer result through DMA.

### Parameters

- **hadc**: ADC handle
- **pData**: Destination Buffer address.
- **Length**: Length of data to be transferred from ADC peripheral to memory (in bytes)

### Return values

- **HAL**: status.

### Notes

- Interruptions enabled in this function: overrun (if applicable), DMA half transfer, DMA transfer complete. Each of these interruptions has its dedicated callback function.

## HAL\_ADC\_Stop\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADC\_Stop\_DMA (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Stop ADC conversion of regular group (and injected group in case of auto\_injection mode), disable ADC DMA transfer, disable ADC peripheral.

### Parameters

- **hadc**: ADC handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status.

## HAL\_ADC\_GetValue

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_ADC\_GetValue (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc)**

### Function description

Get ADC regular group conversion result.

### Parameters

- **hadc**: ADC handle

### Return values

- **ADC**: group regular conversion data

## Notes

- Reading register DR automatically clears ADC flag EOC (ADC group regular end of unitary conversion).
- This function does not clear ADC flag EOS (ADC group regular end of sequence conversion). Occurrence of flag EOS rising: If sequencer is composed of 1 rank, flag EOS is equivalent to flag EOC. If sequencer is composed of several ranks, during the scan sequence flag EOC only is raised, at the end of the scan sequence both flags EOC and EOS are raised. To clear this flag, either use function: in programming model IT: HAL\_ADC\_IRQHandler(), in programming model polling: HAL\_ADC\_PollForConversion() or \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CLEAR\_FLAG(&hadc, ADC\_FLAG\_EOS).

### HAL\_ADC\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_ADC_IRQHandler (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

#### Function description

Handle ADC interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_ADC\_ConvCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_ADC_ConvCpltCallback (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

#### Function description

Conversion complete callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_ADC\_ConvHalfCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_ADC_ConvHalfCpltCallback (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

#### Function description

Conversion DMA half-transfer callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_ADC\_LevelOutOfWindowCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_ADC_LevelOutOfWindowCallback (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

#### Function description

Analog watchdog 1 callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_ADC\_ErrorCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_ADC_ErrorCallback (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

#### Function description

ADC error callback in non-blocking mode (ADC conversion with interruption or transfer by DMA).

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- In case of error due to overrun when using ADC with DMA transfer (HAL ADC handle parameter "ErrorCode" to state "HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_OVR"): Reinitialize the DMA using function "HAL\_ADC\_Stop\_DMA()". If needed, restart a new ADC conversion using function "HAL\_ADC\_Start\_DMA()" (this function is also clearing overrun flag)

#### HAL\_ADC\_ConfigChannel

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_ConfigChannel (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc, ADC_ChannelConfTypeDef * sConfig)
```

#### Function description

Configure a channel to be assigned to ADC group regular.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle
- **sConfig:** Structure of ADC channel assigned to ADC group regular.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- In case of usage of internal measurement channels: VrefInt/Vlcd(STM32L0x3xx only)/TempSensor. Sampling time constraints must be respected (sampling time can be adjusted in function of ADC clock frequency and sampling time setting). Refer to device datasheet for timings values, parameters TS\_vrefint, TS\_vlcd (STM32L0x3xx only), TS\_temp (values rough order: 5us to 17us). These internal paths can be disabled using function HAL\_ADC\_DeInit().
- Possibility to update parameters on the fly: This function initializes channel into ADC group regular, following calls to this function can be used to reconfigure some parameters of structure "ADC\_ChannelConfTypeDef" on the fly, without resetting the ADC. The setting of these parameters is conditioned to ADC state: Refer to comments of structure "ADC\_ChannelConfTypeDef".

#### HAL\_ADC\_AnalogWDGConfig

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_ADC_AnalogWDGConfig (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc, ADC_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef * AnalogWDGConfig)
```



### Function description

Configure the analog watchdog.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle
- **AnalogWDGConfig:** Structure of ADC analog watchdog configuration

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- Possibility to update parameters on the fly: This function initializes the selected analog watchdog, successive calls to this function can be used to reconfigure some parameters of structure "ADC\_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef" on the fly, without resetting the ADC. The setting of these parameters is conditioned to ADC state. For parameters constraints, see comments of structure "ADC\_AnalogWDGConfTypeDef".
- Analog watchdog thresholds can be modified while ADC conversion is on going. In this case, some constraints must be taken into account: the programmed threshold values are effective from the next ADC EOC (end of unitary conversion). Considering that registers write delay may happen due to bus activity, this might cause an uncertainty on the effective timing of the new programmed threshold values.

### HAL\_ADC\_GetState

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_ADC_GetState (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

### Function description

Return the ADC handle state.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **ADC:** handle state (bitfield on 32 bits)

### Notes

- ADC state machine is managed by bitfields, ADC status must be compared with states bits. For example: " if (HAL\_IS\_BIT\_SET(HAL\_ADC\_GetState(hadc1), HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_REG\_BUSY)) " " if (HAL\_IS\_BIT\_SET(HAL\_ADC\_GetState(hadc1), HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_AWD1) ) "

### HAL\_ADC\_GetError

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_ADC_GetError (ADC_HandleTypeDef * hadc)
```

### Function description

Return the ADC error code.

### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle

### Return values

- **ADC:** error code (bitfield on 32 bits)

## 7.3 ADC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

## 7.3.1

**ADC**

## ADC

***ADC Analog Watchdog Mode***

ADC\_ANALOGWATCHDOG\_NONE

ADC\_ANALOGWATCHDOG\_SINGLE\_REG

ADC\_ANALOGWATCHDOG\_ALL\_REG

***ADC\_Channels***

ADC\_CHANNEL\_0

ADC\_CHANNEL\_1

ADC\_CHANNEL\_2

ADC\_CHANNEL\_3

ADC\_CHANNEL\_4

ADC\_CHANNEL\_5

ADC\_CHANNEL\_6

ADC\_CHANNEL\_7

ADC\_CHANNEL\_8

ADC\_CHANNEL\_9

ADC\_CHANNEL\_10

ADC\_CHANNEL\_11

ADC\_CHANNEL\_12

ADC\_CHANNEL\_13

ADC\_CHANNEL\_14

ADC\_CHANNEL\_15

ADC\_CHANNEL\_17

ADC\_CHANNEL\_18

ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT

ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR

***ADC Channel Masks***

ADC\_CHANNEL\_MASK

**ADC\_CHANNEL\_AWD\_MASK****ADC Clock Prescaler****ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV1**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 1

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV2**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV4**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV6**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV8**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV10**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV12**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV16**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV32**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV64**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV128**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV256**

ADC Asynchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV1**

Synchronous clock mode divided by 1 This configuration must be enabled only if PCLK has a 50% duty clock cycle (APB prescaler configured inside the RCC must be bypassed and the system clock must by 50% duty cycle)

**ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV2**

Synchronous clock mode divided by 2

**ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV4**

Synchronous clock mode divided by 4

**ADC Conversion Group****ADC\_REGULAR\_GROUP****ADC conversion data alignment****ADC\_DATAALIGN\_RIGHT**

## ADC\_DATAALIGN\_LEFT

### ADC EOC Selection

## ADC\_EOC\_SINGLE\_CONV

## ADC\_EOC\_SEQ\_CONV

### ADC Error Code

## HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

## HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_INTERNAL

ADC peripheral internal error (problem of clocking, enable/disable, erroneous state, ...)

## HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_OVR

Overrun error

## HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

## HAL\_ADC\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

### ADC Event

## ADC\_AWD\_EVENT

## ADC\_OVR\_EVENT

### ADC Exported Macros

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### Description:

- Reset ADC handle state.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_ENABLE

#### Description:

- Enable the ADC peripheral.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

#### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_ENABLING\_CONDITIONS

### Description:

- Verification of hardware constraints before ADC can be enabled.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- SET: (ADC can be enabled) or RESET (ADC cannot be enabled)

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the ADC peripheral.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_DISABLING\_CONDITIONS

### Description:

- Verification of hardware constraints before ADC can be disabled.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- SET: (ADC can be disabled) or RESET (ADC cannot be disabled)

## ADC\_IS\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Verification of ADC state: enabled or disabled.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- SET: (ADC enabled) or RESET (ADC disabled)

## ADC\_GET\_RESOLUTION

### Description:

- Returns resolution bits in CFGR register: RES[1:0].

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_IS\_SOFTWARE\_START\_REGULAR

### Description:

- Test if conversion trigger of regular group is software start or external trigger.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- SET: (software start) or RESET (external trigger)

## ADC\_IS\_CONVERSION\_ONGOING\_REGULAR

### Description:

- Check if no conversion on going on regular group.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle

### Return value:

- SET: (conversion is on going) or RESET (no conversion is on going)

## ADC\_CONTINUOUS

### Description:

- Enable ADC continuous conversion mode.

### Parameters:

- `_CONTINUOUS_MODE_`: Continuous mode.

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_SCANDIR

### Description:

- Enable ADC scan mode to convert multiple ranks with sequencer.

### Parameters:

- `_SCAN_MODE_`: Scan conversion mode.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CFGR1\_DISCONTINUOUS\_NUM

### Description:

- Configures the number of discontinuous conversions for the regular group channels.

### Parameters:

- `_NBR_DISCONTINUOUS_CONV_`: Number of discontinuous conversions.

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_DMACONTREQ

### Description:

- Enable the ADC DMA continuous request.

### Parameters:

- `_DMAContReq_MODE_`: DMA continuous request mode.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CFGR1\_AutoDelay

### Description:

- Enable the ADC Auto Delay.

### Parameters:

- `_AutoDelay_`: Auto delay bit enable or disable.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CFGR1\_AUTOFF

### Description:

- Enable the ADC LowPowerAutoPowerOff.

### Parameters:

- `_AUTOFF_`: AutoOff bit enable or disable.

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_TRX\_HIGHTHRESHOLD

### Description:

- Configure the analog watchdog high threshold into registers TR1, TR2 or TR3.

### Parameters:

- `_Threshold_`: Threshold value

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CCR\_LOWFREQUENCY

### Description:

- Enable the ADC Low Frequency mode.

### Parameters:

- `_LOW_FREQUENCY_MODE_`: Low Frequency mode.

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_OFFSET\_SHIFT\_RESOLUTION

### Description:

- Shift the offset in function of the selected ADC resolution.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle.
- `_Offset_`: Value to be shifted

### Return value:

- None

## ADC\_AWD1THRESHOLD\_SHIFT\_RESOLUTION

### Description:

- Shift the AWD1 threshold in function of the selected ADC resolution.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle.
- `_Threshold_`: Value to be shifted

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_Value\_Shift\_left

### Description:

- Shift the value on the left, less significant are set to 0.

### Parameters:

- `_Value_`: Value to be shifted
- `_Shift_`: Number of shift to be done

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the ADC end of conversion interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: ADC Interrupt.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the ADC end of conversion interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: ADC interrupt.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Checks if the specified ADC interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: ADC interrupt source to check
  - ...
  - ...

### Return value:

- State: of interruption (TRUE or FALSE)

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the ADC's pending flags.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: ADC flag.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the selected ADC's flag status.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: ADC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: ADC flag.

### Return value:

- None



## ADC\_STATE\_CLR\_SET

### Description:

- Simultaneously clears and sets specific bits of the handle State.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- : ADC\_STATE\_CLR\_SET() macro is merely aliased to generic macro MODIFY\_REG(), the first parameter is the ADC handle State, the second parameter is the bit field to clear, the third and last parameter is the bit field to set.

## ADC\_CLEAR\_ERRORCODE

### Description:

- Clear ADC error code (set it to error code: "no error")

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: ADC handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_PRESCALER

### Description:

- Configuration of ADC clock & prescaler: clock source PCLK or Asynchronous with selectable prescaler.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: ADC handle

### Return value:

- None

## IS\_ADC\_CLOCKPRESCALER

## IS\_ADC\_RESOLUTION

## IS\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8\_6\_BITS

## IS\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN

## IS\_ADC\_EXTTRIG\_EDGE

## IS\_ADC\_EOC\_SELECTION

## IS\_ADC\_OVERRUN

## IS\_ADC\_RANK

## IS\_ADC\_CHANNEL

## IS\_ADC\_SAMPLE\_TIME

## IS\_ADC\_SCAN\_MODE

## IS\_ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO

## IS\_ADC\_RIGHT\_BIT\_SHIFT

## IS\_ADC\_TRIGGERED\_OVERSAMPLING\_MODE

IS\_ADC\_ANALOG\_WATCHDOG\_MODE

IS\_ADC\_CONVERSION\_GROUP

IS\_ADC\_EVENT\_TYPE

### ADC Exported Types

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_RESET

#### Notes:

- ADC state machine is managed by bitfields, state must be compared with bit by bit. For example: " if (HAL\_IS\_BIT\_SET(HAL\_ADC\_GetState(hadc1), HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_REG\_BUSY)) " " if (HAL\_IS\_BIT\_SET(HAL\_ADC\_GetState(hadc1), HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_AWD1) ) " ADC not yet initialized or disabled

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_READY

ADC peripheral ready for use

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_BUSY\_INTERNAL

ADC is busy due to an internal process (initialization, calibration)

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_TIMEOUT

TimeOut occurrence

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_ERROR\_INTERNAL

Internal error occurrence

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_ERROR\_CONFIG

Configuration error occurrence

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA error occurrence

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_REG\_BUSY

A conversion on ADC group regular is ongoing or can occur (either by continuous mode, external trigger, low power auto power-on (if feature available), multimode ADC master control (if feature available))

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_REG\_EOC

Conversion data available on group regular

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_REG\_OVR

Overrun occurrence

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_REG\_EOSMP

Not available on this STM32 serie: End Of Sampling flag raised

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_INJ\_BUSY

Not available on this STM32 serie: A conversion on group injected is ongoing or can occur (either by auto-injection mode, external trigger, low power auto power-on (if feature available), multimode ADC master control (if feature available))

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_INJ\_EOC

Not available on this STM32 serie: Conversion data available on group injected

HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_INJ\_JQOVF

Not available on this STM32 serie: Injected queue overflow occurrence

**HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_AWD1**

Out-of-window occurrence of ADC analog watchdog 1

**HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_AWD2**

Not available on this STM32 serie: Out-of-window occurrence of ADC analog watchdog 2

**HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_AWD3**

Not available on this STM32 serie: Out-of-window occurrence of ADC analog watchdog 3

**HAL\_ADC\_STATE\_MULTIMODE\_SLAVE**

Not available on this STM32 serie: ADC in multimode slave state, controlled by another ADC master (when feature available)

***ADC External Trigger Source*****IS\_ADC\_EXTTRIG*****ADC flags definition*****ADC\_FLAG\_RDY**

ADC Ready flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_EOSMP**

ADC End of Sampling flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_EOC**

ADC End of Regular Conversion flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_EOS**

ADC End of Regular sequence of Conversions flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_OVR**

ADC overrun flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_AWD**

ADC Analog watchdog flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_EOCAL**

ADC Enf Of Calibration flag

**ADC\_FLAG\_ALL*****ADC Interrupts Definition*****ADC\_IT\_RDY**

ADC Ready (ADRDY) interrupt source

**ADC\_IT\_EOSMP**

ADC End of Sampling interrupt source

**ADC\_IT\_EOC**

ADC End of Regular Conversion interrupt source

**ADC\_IT\_EOS**

ADC End of Regular sequence of Conversions interrupt source

**ADC\_IT\_OVR**

ADC overrun interrupt source

## ADC\_IT\_AWD

ADC Analog watchdog 1 interrupt source

## ADC\_IT\_EOCAL

ADC End of Calibration interrupt source

## **ADC Overrun**

## ADC\_OVR\_DATA\_PRESERVED

## ADC\_OVR\_DATA\_OVERWRITTEN

## **ADC Oversampling Ratio**

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_2

ADC Oversampling ratio 2x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_4

ADC Oversampling ratio 4x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_8

ADC Oversampling ratio 8x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_16

ADC Oversampling ratio 16x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_32

ADC Oversampling ratio 32x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_64

ADC Oversampling ratio 64x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_128

ADC Oversampling ratio 128x

## ADC\_OVERSAMPLING\_RATIO\_256

ADC Oversampling ratio 256x

## **ADC Range Verification**

## IS\_ADC\_RANGE

## **ADC rank**

## ADC\_RANK\_CHANNEL\_NUMBER

Enable the rank of the selected channels. Number of ranks in the sequence is defined by number of channels enabled, rank of each channel is defined by channel number (channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...)

## ADC\_RANK\_NONE

Disable the selected rank (selected channel) from sequencer

## **ADC External Trigger Source Edge for Regular Group**

## ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONVEDGE\_NONE

## ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONVEDGE\_RISING

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONVEDGE\_FALLING

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONVEDGE\_RISINGFALLING

***ADC External Trigger Source***

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T6\_TRGO

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T21\_CC2

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T2\_TRGO

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T2\_CC4

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T22\_TRGO

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T3\_TRGO

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_EXT\_IT11

ADC\_SOFTWARE\_START

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T21\_TRGO

ADC\_EXTERNALTRIGCONV\_T2\_CC3

***ADC Regular Nb Conversion Verification***

IS\_ADC\_REGULAR\_NB\_CONV

***ADC Resolution***

ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B

ADC 12-bit resolution

ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B

ADC 10-bit resolution

ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B

ADC 8-bit resolution

ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B

ADC 6-bit resolution

***ADC Right Bit Shift***

ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_NONE

ADC No bit shift for oversampling

ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_1

ADC 1 bit shift for oversampling

ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_2

ADC 2 bits shift for oversampling

ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_3

ADC 3 bits shift for oversampling

**ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_4**

ADC 4 bits shift for oversampling

**ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_5**

ADC 5 bits shift for oversampling

**ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_6**

ADC 6 bits shift for oversampling

**ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_7**

ADC 7 bits shift for oversampling

**ADC\_RIGHTBITSHIFT\_8**

ADC 8 bits shift for oversampling

***ADC Sampling Cycles*****ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_1CYCLE\_5**

ADC sampling time 1.5 cycle

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_3CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 3.5 CYCLES

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_7CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 7.5 CYCLES

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_12CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 12.5 CYCLES

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_19CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 19.5 CYCLES

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_39CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 39.5 CYCLES

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_79CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 79.5 CYCLES

**ADC\_SAMPLETIME\_160CYCLES\_5**

ADC sampling time 160.5 CYCLES

***ADC Scan mode*****ADC\_SCAN\_DIRECTION\_FORWARD**

Scan direction forward: from channel 0 to channel 18

**ADC\_SCAN\_DIRECTION\_BACKWARD**

Scan direction backward: from channel 18 to channel 0

**ADC\_SCAN\_ENABLE*****ADC SYSCFG internal paths Flags Definition*****ADC\_FLAG\_SENSOR****ADC\_FLAG\_VREFINT*****ADC TimeOut Values***

ADC\_ENABLE\_TIMEOUT

ADC\_DISABLE\_TIMEOUT

ADC\_STOP\_CONVERSION\_TIMEOUT

ADC\_DELAY\_10US\_MIN\_CPU\_CYCLES

***ADC Triggered Oversampling Mode***

ADC\_TRIGGEREDMODE\_SINGLE\_TRIGGER

ADC No bit shift for oversampling

ADC\_TRIGGEREDMODE\_MULTI\_TRIGGER

ADC No bit shift for oversampling

## 8 HAL ADC Extension Driver

### 8.1 ADCEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the ADCEx library.

#### 8.1.1 IO operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Perform the ADC calibration.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_Calibration\\_Start\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_Calibration\\_GetValue\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_Calibration\\_SetValue\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_EnableVREFINT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_DisableVREFINT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_EnableVREFINTTempSensor\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_ADCEx\\_DisableVREFINTTempSensor\(\)\*](#)

#### 8.1.2 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_ADCEx\_Calibration\_Start

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADCEx\_Calibration\_Start (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, uint32\_t SingleDiff)**

###### Function description

Perform an ADC automatic self-calibration Calibration prerequisite: ADC must be disabled (execute this function before HAL\_ADC\_Start() or after HAL\_ADC\_Stop() ).

###### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle
- **SingleDiff:** Selection of single-ended or differential input This parameter can be only of the following values:
  - ADC\_SINGLE\_ENDED: Channel in mode input single ended

###### Return values

- **HAL:** status

###### Notes

- Calibration factor can be read after calibration, using function HAL\_ADC\_GetValue() (value on 7 bits: from DR[6;0]).

##### HAL\_ADCEx\_Calibration\_GetValue

###### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_ADCEx\_Calibration\_GetValue (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, uint32\_t SingleDiff)**

###### Function description

Get the calibration factor.

###### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle.
- **SingleDiff:** This parameter can be only:
  - ADC\_SINGLE\_ENDED: Channel in mode input single ended.



#### Return values

- **Calibration:** value.

#### HAL\_ADCEx\_Calibration\_SetValue

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADCEx\_Calibration\_SetValue (ADC\_HandleTypeDef \* hadc, uint32\_t SingleDiff, uint32\_t CalibrationFactor)**

#### Function description

Set the calibration factor to overwrite automatic conversion result.

#### Parameters

- **hadc:** ADC handle
- **SingleDiff:** This parameter can be only:
  - ADC\_SINGLE\_ENDED: Channel in mode input single ended.
- **CalibrationFactor:** Calibration factor (coded on 7 bits maximum)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** state

#### HAL\_ADCEx\_EnableVREFINT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADCEx\_EnableVREFINT (void )**

#### Function description

Enables the buffer of Vrefint for the ADC, required when device is in mode low-power (low-power run, low-power sleep or stop mode) This function must be called before function HAL\_ADC\_Init() (in case of previous ADC operations: function HAL\_ADC\_DeInit() must be called first) For more details on procedure and buffer current consumption, refer to device reference manual.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This is functional only if the LOCK is not set.
- This API is obsolete. This configuration is done in HAL\_ADC\_ConfigChannel().

#### HAL\_ADCEx\_DisableVREFINT

#### Function name

**void HAL\_ADCEx\_DisableVREFINT (void )**

#### Function description

Disables the Buffer Vrefint for the ADC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This is functional only if the LOCK is not set.
- This API is obsolete. This configuration is done in HAL\_ADC\_ConfigChannel().

## HAL\_ADCEx\_EnableVREFINTTempSensor

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_ADCEx\_EnableVREFINTTempSensor (void )**

### Function description

Enables the buffer of temperature sensor for the ADC, required when device is in mode low-power (low-power run, low-power sleep or stop mode) This function must be called before function HAL\_ADC\_Init() (in case of previous ADC operations: function HAL\_ADC\_DeInit() must be called first) For more details on procedure and buffer current consumption, refer to device reference manual.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This is functional only if the LOCK is not set.
- This API is obsolete. This configuration is done in HAL\_ADC\_ConfigChannel().

## HAL\_ADCEx\_DisableVREFINTTempSensor

### Function name

**void HAL\_ADCEx\_DisableVREFINTTempSensor (void )**

### Function description

Disables the VREFINT and Sensor for the ADC.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This is functional only if the LOCK is not set.
- This API is obsolete. This configuration is done in HAL\_ADC\_ConfigChannel().

## 8.2 ADCEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 8.2.1 ADCEx

ADCEx

**ADC Calibration Factor Length Verification**

#### IS\_ADC\_CALFACT

##### Description:

- Calibration factor length verification (7 bits maximum)

##### Parameters:

- `_Calibration_Factor_`: Calibration factor value

##### Return value:

- None

**ADC Single Ended**

#### ADC\_SINGLE\_ENDED

## 9 HAL COMP Generic Driver

### 9.1 COMP Firmware driver registers structures

#### 9.1.1 COMP\_InitTypeDef

**COMP\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_comp.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t WindowMode**
- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t NonInvertingInput**
- **uint32\_t InvertingInput**
- **uint32\_t OutputPol**
- **uint32\_t LPTIMConnection**
- **uint32\_t TriggerMode**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::WindowMode**  
Set window mode of a pair of comparators instances (2 consecutive instances odd and even COMP<x> and COMP<x+1>). Note: HAL COMP driver allows to set window mode from any COMP instance of the pair of COMP instances composing window mode. This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_WindowMode**
- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
Set comparator operating mode to adjust power and speed. Note: For the characteristics of comparator power modes (propagation delay and power consumption), refer to device datasheet. This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_PowerMode**
- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::NonInvertingInput**  
Set comparator input plus (non-inverting input). This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_InputPlus**
- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::InvertingInput**  
Set comparator input minus (inverting input). This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_InputMinus**
- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::OutputPol**  
Set comparator output polarity. This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_OutputPolarity**
- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::LPTIMConnection**  
Set comparator output connection to LPTIM peripheral. This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_LPTIMConnection**
- **uint32\_t COMP\_InitTypeDef::TriggerMode**  
Set the comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line (EXTI). This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_EXTI\_TriggerMode**

#### 9.1.2 \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef

**\_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_comp.h

Data Fields

- **COMP\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **COMP\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_COMP\_StateTypeDef State**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode**
- **void(\* TriggerCallback**
- **void(\* MspInitCallback**
- **void(\* MspDeInitCallback**

Field Documentation

- **COMP\_TypeDef\* \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
Register base address

- **COMP\_InitTypeDef \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
COMP required parameters
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
Locking object
- **\_\_IO HAL\_COMP\_StateTypeDef \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
COMP communication state
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
COMP Error code
- **void(\* \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::TriggerCallback)(struct \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef \*hcomp)**  
COMP trigger callback
- **void(\* \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef \*hcomp)**  
COMP Msp Init callback
- **void(\* \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct \_\_COMP\_HandleTypeDef \*hcomp)**  
COMP Msp DeInit callback

## 9.2 COMP Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the COMP library.

### 9.2.1 COMP Peripheral features

The STM32L0xx device family integrates two analog comparators instances COMP1 and COMP2:

1. The COMP input minus (inverting input) and input plus (non inverting input) can be set to internal references or to GPIO pins (refer to GPIO list in reference manual).
2. The COMP output level is available using HAL\_COMP\_GetOutputLevel() and can be redirected to other peripherals: GPIO pins (in mode alternate functions for comparator), timers. (refer to GPIO list in reference manual).
3. Pairs of comparators instances can be combined in window mode (2 consecutive instances odd and even COMP<x> and COMP<x+1>).
4. The comparators have interrupt capability through the EXTI controller with wake-up from sleep and stop modes:
  - COMP1 is internally connected to EXTI Line 21
  - COMP2 is internally connected to EXTI Line 22 From the corresponding IRQ handler, the right interrupt source can be retrieved using macro \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG() and \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG().

### 9.2.2 How to use this driver

This driver provides functions to configure and program the comparator instances of STM32L0xx devices. To use the comparator, perform the following steps:

1. Initialize the COMP low level resources by implementing the HAL\_COMP\_MspInit():
  - Configure the GPIO connected to comparator inputs plus and minus in analog mode using HAL\_GPIO\_Init().
  - If needed, configure the GPIO connected to comparator output in alternate function mode using HAL\_GPIO\_Init().
  - If required enable the COMP interrupt by configuring and enabling EXTI line in Interrupt mode and selecting the desired sensitivity level using HAL\_GPIO\_Init() function. After that enable the comparator interrupt vector using HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ() function.

2. Configure the comparator using HAL\_COMP\_Init() function:

- Select the input minus (inverting input)
- Select the input plus (non-inverting input)
- Select the output polarity
- Select the power mode
- Select the window mode

**Note:** HAL\_COMP\_Init() calls internally \_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCFG\_CLK\_ENABLE() to enable internal control clock of the comparators. However, this is a legacy strategy. In future STM32 families, COMP clock enable must be implemented by user in "HAL\_COMP\_MspInit()". Therefore, for compatibility anticipation, it is recommended to implement \_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCFG\_CLK\_ENABLE() in "HAL\_COMP\_MspInit()".

3. Reconfiguration on-the-fly of comparator can be done by calling again function HAL\_COMP\_Init() with new input structure parameters values.
4. Enable the comparator using HAL\_COMP\_Start() function.
5. Use HAL\_COMP\_TriggerCallback() or HAL\_COMP\_GetOutputLevel() functions to manage comparator outputs (events and output level).
6. Disable the comparator using HAL\_COMP\_Stop() function.
7. De-initialize the comparator using HAL\_COMP\_DeInit() function.
8. For safety purpose, comparator configuration can be locked using HAL\_COMP\_Lock() function. The only way to unlock the comparator is a device hardware reset.

### Callback registration

The compilation flag USE\_HAL\_COMP\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS, when set to 1, allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions HAL\_COMP\_RegisterCallback() to register an interrupt callback. Function HAL\_COMP\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:

- TriggerCallback : callback for COMP trigger.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_COMP\_UnRegisterCallback to reset a callback to the default weak function.

HAL\_COMP\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- TriggerCallback : callback for COMP trigger.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit.

By default, after the HAL\_COMP\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_COMP\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: example HAL\_COMP\_TriggerCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the HAL\_COMP\_Init()/ HAL\_COMP\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand).

If MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_COMP\_Init()/ HAL\_COMP\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/ MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_COMP\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit functions that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_COMP\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_COMP\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/ DeInit.

Then, the user first registers the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_COMP\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_COMP\_DeInit() or HAL\_COMP\_Init() function.

When the compilation flag USE\_HAL\_COMP\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

## 9.2.3 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions to initialize and de-initialize comparators

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_COMP_Init()`
- `HAL_COMP_DeInit()`
- `HAL_COMP_MspInit()`
- `HAL_COMP_MspDeInit()`
- `HAL_COMP_RegisterCallback()`
- `HAL_COMP_UnRegisterCallback()`

#### 9.2.4 IO operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Start a comparator instance.
- Stop a comparator instance.

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_COMP_Start()`
- `HAL_COMP_Stop()`
- `HAL_COMP_IRQHandler()`

#### 9.2.5 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the comparators.

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_COMP_Lock()`
- `HAL_COMP_GetOutputLevel()`
- `HAL_COMP_TriggerCallback()`

#### 9.2.6 Peripheral State functions

This subsection permit to get in run-time the status of the peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_COMP_GetState()`
- `HAL_COMP_GetError()`

#### 9.2.7 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_COMP\_Init

##### Function name

`HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_COMP_Init (COMP_HandleTypeDef * hcomp)`

##### Function description

Initialize the COMP according to the specified parameters in the COMP\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **hcomp**: COMP handle

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### Notes

- If the selected comparator is locked, initialization can't be performed. To unlock the configuration, perform a system reset.
- When the LPTIM connection is enabled, the following pins LPTIM\_IN1(PB5, PC0) and LPTIM\_IN2(PB7, PC2) should not be configured in alternate function.

## HAL\_COMP\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_DeInit (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Deinitialize the COMP peripheral.

### Parameters

- **hcomp**: COMP handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- Deinitialization cannot be performed if the COMP configuration is locked. To unlock the configuration, perform a system reset.

## HAL\_COMP\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_COMP\_MspInit (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Initialize the COMP MSP.

### Parameters

- **hcomp**: COMP handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_COMP\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_COMP\_MspDeInit (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Deinitialize the COMP MSP.

### Parameters

- **hcomp**: COMP handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_COMP\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_RegisterCallback (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp, HAL\_COMP\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pCOMP\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User COMP Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hcomp:** Pointer to a COMP\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified COMP.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_COMP\_TRIGGER\_CB\_ID Trigger callback ID
  - HAL\_COMP\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_COMP\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_COMP\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_UnRegisterCallback (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp, HAL\_COMP\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister a COMP Callback COMP callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hcomp:** Pointer to a COMP\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified COMP.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_COMP\_TRIGGER\_CB\_ID Trigger callback ID
  - HAL\_COMP\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_COMP\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_COMP\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_Start (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Start the comparator.

### Parameters

- **hcomp:** COMP handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_COMP\_Stop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_Stop (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Stop the comparator.

### Parameters

- **hcomp:** COMP handle



#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_COMP\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_COMP\_IRQHandler (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

#### Function description

Comparator IRQ handler.

#### Parameters

- **hcomp:** COMP handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_COMP\_Lock

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_Lock (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

#### Function description

Lock the selected comparator configuration.

#### Parameters

- **hcomp:** COMP handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- A system reset is required to unlock the comparator configuration.
- Locking the comparator from reset state is possible if `__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_CLK_ENABLE()` is being called before.

#### HAL\_COMP\_GetOutputLevel

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_COMP\_GetOutputLevel (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

#### Function description

Return the output level (high or low) of the selected comparator.

#### HAL\_COMP\_TriggerCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_COMP\_TriggerCallback (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

#### Function description

Comparator trigger callback.

#### Parameters

- **hcomp:** COMP handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_COMP\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_COMP\_StateTypeDef HAL\_COMP\_GetState (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Return the COMP handle state.

### Parameters

- **hcomp**: COMP handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## HAL\_COMP\_GetError

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_COMP\_GetError (COMP\_HandleTypeDef \* hcomp)**

### Function description

Return the COMP error code.

### Parameters

- **hcomp**: COMP handle

### Return values

- **COMP**: error code

## 9.3 COMP Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 9.3.1 COMP

COMP

**COMP Error Code**

#### HAL\_COMP\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_COMP\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

**COMP Exported Types**

#### COMP\_STATE\_BITFIELD\_LOCK

**COMP EXTI Lines**

#### COMP\_EXTI\_LINE\_COMP1

EXTI line 21 connected to COMP1 output

#### COMP\_EXTI\_LINE\_COMP2

EXTI line 22 connected to COMP2 output

#### COMP\_EXTI\_IT

EXTI line event with interruption

## COMP\_EXTI\_EVENT

EXTI line event only (without interruption)

## COMP\_EXTI\_RISING

EXTI line event on rising edge

## COMP\_EXTI\_FALLING

EXTI line event on falling edge

### **COMP external interrupt line management**

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

### **Description:**

- Enable the COMP1 EXTI line rising edge trigger.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

### **Description:**

- Disable the COMP1 EXTI line rising edge trigger.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

### **Description:**

- Enable the COMP1 EXTI line falling edge trigger.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

### **Description:**

- Disable the COMP1 EXTI line falling edge trigger.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

### **Description:**

- Enable the COMP1 EXTI line rising & falling edge trigger.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

### **Description:**

- Disable the COMP1 EXTI line rising & falling edge trigger.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

### **Description:**

- Enable the COMP1 EXTI line in interrupt mode.

### **Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

**Description:**

- Disable the COMP1 EXTI line in interrupt mode.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

**Description:**

- Generate a software interrupt on the COMP1 EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT

**Description:**

- Enable the COMP1 EXTI line in event mode.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT

**Description:**

- Disable the COMP1 EXTI line in event mode.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG

**Description:**

- Check whether the COMP1 EXTI line flag is set.

**Return value:**

- RESET: or SET

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP1\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the COMP1 EXTI flag.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Enable the COMP2 EXTI line rising edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable the COMP2 EXTI line rising edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Enable the COMP2 EXTI line falling edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Disable the COMP2 EXTI line falling edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Enable the COMP2 EXTI line rising & falling edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Disable the COMP2 EXTI line rising & falling edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT****Description:**

- Enable the COMP2 EXTI line in interrupt mode.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT****Description:**

- Disable the COMP2 EXTI line in interrupt mode.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT****Description:**

- Generate a software interrupt on the COMP2 EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT****Description:**

- Enable the COMP2 EXTI line in event mode.

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT

##### Description:

- Disable the COMP2 EXTI line in event mode.

##### Return value:

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG

##### Description:

- Check whether the COMP2 EXTI line flag is set.

##### Return value:

- RESET: or SET

#### \_\_HAL\_COMP\_COMP2\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

##### Description:

- Clear the COMP2 EXTI flag.

##### Return value:

- None

#### *COMP output to EXTI*

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_NONE

Comparator output triggering no External Interrupt Line

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_IT\_RISING

Comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line event with interruption, on rising edge

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_IT\_FALLING

Comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line event with interruption, on falling edge

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_IT\_RISING\_FALLING

Comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line event with interruption, on both rising and falling edges

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_EVENT\_RISING

Comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line event only (without interruption), on rising edge

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_EVENT\_FALLING

Comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line event only (without interruption), on falling edge

#### COMP\_TRIGGERMODE\_EVENT\_RISING\_FALLING

Comparator output triggering External Interrupt Line event only (without interruption), on both rising and falling edges

#### *COMP private macros to get EXTI line associated with comparators*

#### COMP\_GET\_EXTI\_LINE

##### Description:

- Get the specified EXTI line for a comparator instance.

##### Parameters:

- `__INSTANCE__`: specifies the COMP instance.

##### Return value:

- value: of

#### *COMP Handle Management*

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

### Description:

- Reset COMP handle state.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: COMP handle

### Return value:

- None

## COMP\_CLEAR\_ERRORCODE

### Description:

- Clear COMP error code (set it to no error code "HAL\_COMP\_ERROR\_NONE").

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: COMP handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the specified comparator.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: COMP handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the specified comparator.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: COMP handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_LOCK

### Description:

- Lock the specified comparator configuration.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: COMP handle

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- Using this macro induce HAL COMP handle state machine being no more in line with COMP instance state. To keep HAL COMP handle state machine updated, it is recommended to use function "HAL\_COMP\_Lock").

## \_\_HAL\_COMP\_IS\_LOCKED

### Description:

- Check whether the specified comparator is locked.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: COMP handle

### Return value:

- Value: 0 if COMP instance is not locked, value 1 if COMP instance is locked

**COMP input minus (inverting input)****COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_4VREFINT**

Comparator input minus connected to 1/4 VREFINT (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_2VREFINT**

Comparator input minus connected to 1/2 VREFINT (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_3\_4VREFINT**

Comparator input minus connected to 3/4 VREFINT (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_VREFINT**

Comparator input minus connected to VrefInt

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH1**

Comparator input minus connected to DAC1 channel 1 (DAC\_OUT1)

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH2**

Comparator input minus connected to DAC1 channel 2 (DAC\_OUT2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO1**

Comparator input minus connected to IO1 (pin PA0 for COMP1, pin PA2 for COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO2**

Comparator input minus connected to IO2 (pin PB3 for COMP2) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP input plus (non-inverting input)****COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO1**

Comparator input plus connected to IO1 (pin PA1 for COMP1, pin PA3 for COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO2**

Comparator input plus connected to IO2 (pin PB4 for COMP2) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO3**

Comparator input plus connected to IO3 (pin PA5 for COMP2) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO4**

Comparator input plus connected to IO4 (pin PB6 for COMP2) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO5**

Comparator input plus connected to IO5 (pin PB7 for COMP2) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

**COMP private macros to check input parameters****IS\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE****IS\_COMP\_POWERMODE****IS\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_INSTANCE****IS\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS****IS\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS****IS\_COMP1\_LPTIMCONNECTION****IS\_COMP2\_LPTIMCONNECTION**



IS\_COMP2\_LPTIMCONNECTION\_RESTRICTED

IS\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL

IS\_COMP\_TRIGGERMODE

IS\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL

***COMP Low power timer connection definition***

COMP\_LPTIMCONNECTION\_DISABLED

COMPx signal is gated

COMP\_LPTIMCONNECTION\_IN1\_ENABLED

COMPx signal is connected to LPTIM input 1

COMP\_LPTIMCONNECTION\_IN2\_ENABLED

COMPx signal is connected to LPTIM input 2

***COMP Output Level***

COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL\_LOW

COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL\_HIGH

***COMP output Polarity***

COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_NONINVERTED

COMP output on GPIO isn't inverted

COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_INVERTED

COMP output on GPIO is inverted

***COMP power mode***

COMP\_POWERMODE\_MEDIUMSPEED

COMP power mode to low power (indicated as "high speed" in reference manual) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

COMP\_POWERMODE\_ULTRALOWPOWER

COMP power mode to ultra low power (indicated as "low speed" in reference manual) (only for COMP instance: COMP2)

***COMP Window Mode***

COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_DISABLE

Window mode disable: Comparators instances pair COMP1 and COMP2 are independent

COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_COMP1\_INPUT\_PLUS\_COMMON

Window mode enable: Comparators instances pair COMP1 and COMP2 have their input plus connected together. The common input is COMP1 input plus (COMP2 input plus is no more accessible).

## 10 HAL COMP Extension Driver

### 10.1 COMPEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the COMPEX library.

#### 10.1.1 COMP peripheral Extended features

Comparing to other previous devices, the COMP interface for STM32L0XX devices contains the following additional features

- Possibility to enable or disable the VREFINT which is used as input to the comparator.

#### 10.1.2 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_COMPEX\_EnableVREFINT

###### Function name

**void HAL\_COMPEX\_EnableVREFINT (void )**

###### Function description

Enable Vrefint and path to comparator, used by comparator instance COMP2 input based on VrefInt or subdivision of VrefInt.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Notes

- The equivalent of this function is managed automatically when using function "HAL\_COMP\_Init()".
- VrefInt requires a startup time (refer to device datasheet, parameter "TVREFINT"). This function waits for the startup time (alternative solution: poll for bit SYSCFG\_CFGR3\_VREFINT\_RDYF set).
- VrefInt must be disabled before entering in low-power mode. Refer to description of bit EN\_VREFINT in reference manual.

##### HAL\_COMPEX\_DisableVREFINT

###### Function name

**void HAL\_COMPEX\_DisableVREFINT (void )**

###### Function description

Disable Vrefint and path to comparator, used by comparator instance COMP2 input based on VrefInt or subdivision of VrefInt.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Notes

- VrefInt must be disabled before entering in low-power mode. Refer to description of bit EN\_VREFINT in reference manual.

## 11 HAL CORTEX Generic Driver

### 11.1 CORTEX Firmware driver registers structures

#### 11.1.1 MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef

**MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_cortex.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t BaseAddress**
- **uint8\_t Enable**
- **uint8\_t Number**
- **uint8\_t Size**
- **uint8\_t SubRegionDisable**
- **uint8\_t TypeExtField**
- **uint8\_t AccessPermission**
- **uint8\_t DisableExec**
- **uint8\_t IsShareable**
- **uint8\_t IsCacheable**
- **uint8\_t IsBufferable**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::BaseAddress**  
Specifies the base address of the region to protect.
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::Enable**  
Specifies the status of the region. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Region\\_Enable](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::Number**  
Specifies the number of the region to protect. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Region\\_Number](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::Size**  
Specifies the size of the region to protect. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Region\\_Size](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::SubRegionDisable**  
Specifies the number of the subregion protection to disable. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::TypeExtField**  
This parameter is NOT used but is kept to keep API unified through all families
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::AccessPermission**  
Specifies the region access permission type. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Region\\_Permission\\_Attributes](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::DisableExec**  
Specifies the instruction access status. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Instruction\\_Access](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::IsShareable**  
Specifies the shareability status of the protected region. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Access\\_Shareable](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::IsCacheable**  
Specifies the cacheable status of the region protected. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Access\\_Cacheable](#)
- **uint8\_t MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef::IsBufferable**  
Specifies the bufferable status of the protected region. This parameter can be a value of [CORTEX\\_MPU\\_Access\\_Bufferable](#)

### 11.2 CORTEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CORTEX library.

## 11.2.1 How to use this driver

### How to configure Interrupts using CORTEX HAL driver

This section provides functions allowing to configure the NVIC interrupts (IRQ). The Cortex M0+ exceptions are managed by CMSIS functions.

1. Enable and Configure the priority of the selected IRQ Channels. The priority can be 0..3.

*Note:* Lower priority values gives higher priority.

*Note:* Priority Order:

1. Lowest priority.
  2. Lowest hardware priority (IRQn position).
2. Configure the priority of the selected IRQ Channels using HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority()
  3. Enable the selected IRQ Channels using HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ()

### How to configure SysTick using CORTEX HAL driver

Setup SysTick Timer for time base.

- The HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config() function calls the SysTick\_Config() function which is a CMSIS function that:
  - Configures the SysTick Reload register with value passed as function parameter.
  - Configures the SysTick IRQ priority to the lowest value (0x03).
  - Resets the SysTick Counter register.
  - Configures the SysTick Counter clock source to be Core Clock Source (HCLK).
  - Enables the SysTick Interrupt.
  - Starts the SysTick Counter.
- You can change the SysTick Clock source to be HCLK\_Div8 by calling the function HAL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSourceConfig(SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK\_DIV8) just after the HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config() function call. The HAL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSourceConfig() function is defined inside the stm32l0xx\_hal\_cortex.c file.
- You can change the SysTick IRQ priority by calling the HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority(SysTick\_IRQn,...) function just after the HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config() function call. The HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority() call the NVIC\_SetPriority() function which is a CMSIS function.
- To adjust the SysTick time base, use the following formula: Reload Value = SysTick Counter Clock (Hz) x Desired Time base (s)
  - Reload Value is the parameter to be passed for HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config() function
  - Reload Value should not exceed 0xFFFFFF

## 11.2.2 Initialization and Configuration functions

This section provides the CORTEX HAL driver functions allowing to configure Interrupts SysTick functionalities

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_SetPriority\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_EnableIRQ\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_DisableIRQ\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_SystemReset\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_SYSTICK\\_Config\(\)](#)

## 11.2.3 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the CORTEX (NVIC, SYSTICK) functionalities.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_GetPriority\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_SetPendingIRQ\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_GetPendingIRQ\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_NVIC\\_ClearPendingIRQ\(\)](#)

- *HAL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSourceConfig()*
- *HAL\_SYSTICK\_IRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_SYSTICK\_Callback()*
- *HAL\_MPU\_Disable()*
- *HAL\_MPU\_Enable()*
- *HAL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion()*

#### 11.2.4 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority

###### Function name

**void HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority (IRQn\_Type IRQn, uint32\_t PreemptPriority, uint32\_t SubPriority)**

###### Function description

Sets the priority of an interrupt.

###### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number . This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to stm32l0xx.h file)
- **PreemptPriority:** The pre-emption priority for the IRQn channel. This parameter can be a value between 0 and 3. A lower priority value indicates a higher priority
- **SubPriority:** the subpriority level for the IRQ channel. with stm32l0xx devices, this parameter is a dummy value and it is ignored, because no subpriority supported in Cortex M0+ based products.

###### Return values

- **None:**

##### HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ

###### Function name

**void HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ (IRQn\_Type IRQn)**

###### Function description

Enable a device specific interrupt in the NVIC interrupt controller.

###### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number . This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to stm32l0xx.h file)

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Notes

- To configure interrupts priority correctly, the NVIC\_PriorityGroupConfig() function should be called before.

##### HAL\_NVIC\_DisableIRQ

###### Function name

**void HAL\_NVIC\_DisableIRQ (IRQn\_Type IRQn)**

###### Function description

Disable a device specific interrupt in the NVIC interrupt controller.

###### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number . This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to stm32l0xx.h file)

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_NVIC\_SystemReset**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_NVIC\_SystemReset (void )**

#### Function description

Initiate a system reset request to reset the MCU.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_SYSTICK\_Config (uint32\_t TicksNumb)**

#### Function description

Initialize the System Timer with interrupt enabled and start the System Tick Timer (SysTick) Counter is in free running mode to generate periodic interrupts.

#### Parameters

- **TicksNumb:** Specifies the ticks Number of ticks between two interrupts.

#### Return values

- **status:** - 0 Function succeeded.  
– 1 Function failed.

**HAL\_NVIC\_GetPriority**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_NVIC\_GetPriority (IRQn\_Type IRQn)**

#### Function description

Gets the priority of an interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number. This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to the appropriate CMSIS device file (stm32l0xxxx.h))

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_NVIC\_GetPendingIRQ**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_NVIC\_GetPendingIRQ (IRQn\_Type IRQn)**

#### Function description

Get Pending Interrupt (read the pending register in the NVIC and return the pending bit for the specified interrupt).

#### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number . This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to stm32l0xx.h file)

#### Return values

- **status:** - 0 Interrupt status is not pending.  
– 1 Interrupt status is pending.

#### HAL\_NVIC\_SetPendingIRQ

#### Function name

**void HAL\_NVIC\_SetPendingIRQ (IRQn\_Type IRQn)**

#### Function description

Sets Pending bit of an external interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to stm32l0xx.h file)

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_NVIC\_ClearPendingIRQ

#### Function name

**void HAL\_NVIC\_ClearPendingIRQ (IRQn\_Type IRQn)**

#### Function description

Clear the pending bit of an external interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **IRQn:** External interrupt number . This parameter can be an enumerator of IRQn\_Type enumeration (For the complete STM32 Devices IRQ Channels list, please refer to stm32l0xx.h file)

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSourceConfig

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSourceConfig (uint32\_t CLKSource)**

#### Function description

Configure the SysTick clock source.

#### Parameters

- **CLKSource:** specifies the SysTick clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK\_DIV8: AHB clock divided by 8 selected as SysTick clock source.
  - SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK: AHB clock selected as SysTick clock source.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_SYSTICK\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SYSTICK\_IRQHandler (void )**

#### Function description

Handle SYSTICK interrupt request.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SYSTICK\_Callback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SYSTICK\_Callback (void )**

#### Function description

SYSTICK callback.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_MPU\_Enable**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_MPU\_Enable (uint32\_t MPU\_Control)**

#### Function description

Enable the MPU.

#### Parameters

- **MPU\_Control:** Specifies the control mode of the MPU during hard fault, NMI, FAULTMASK and privileged access to the default memory This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - MPU\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF\_NONE
  - MPU\_HARDFAULT\_NMI
  - MPU\_PRIVILEGED\_DEFAULT
  - MPU\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_MPU\_Disable**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_MPU\_Disable (void )**

#### Function description

Disable the MPU.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion (MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef \* MPU\_Init)**

#### Function description

Initialize and configure the Region and the memory to be protected.

#### Parameters

- **MPU\_Init:** Pointer to a MPU\_Region\_InitTypeDef structure that contains the initialization and configuration information.



## Return values

- **None:**

## 11.3 CORTEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 11.3.1 CORTEx

CORTEx

*CORTEx Exported Constants*

IS\_NVIC\_PREEMPTION\_PRIORITY

IS\_NVIC\_DEVICE\_IRQ

*CORTEx MPU Instruction Access Bufferable*

MPU\_ACCESS\_BUFFERABLE

MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_BUFFERABLE

*CORTEx MPU Instruction Access Cacheable*

MPU\_ACCESS\_CACHEABLE

MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_CACHEABLE

*CORTEx MPU Instruction Access Shareable*

MPU\_ACCESS\_SHAREABLE

MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_SHAREABLE

*CORTEx MPU HFNMI and PRIVILEGED Access control*

MPU\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF\_NONE

MPU\_HARDFAULT\_NMI

MPU\_PRIVILEGED\_DEFAULT

MPU\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF

*CORTEx MPU Instruction Access*

MPU\_INSTRUCTION\_ACCESS\_ENABLE

MPU\_INSTRUCTION\_ACCESS\_DISABLE

*CORTEx MPU Region Enable*

MPU\_REGION\_ENABLE

MPU\_REGION\_DISABLE

*CORTEx MPU Region Number*

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER0

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER1

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER2

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER3

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER4

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER5

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER6

MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER7

#### ***CORTEx MPU Region Permission Attributes***

MPU\_REGION\_NO\_ACCESS

MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RW

MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RW\_URO

MPU\_REGION\_FULL\_ACCESS

MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RO

MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RO\_URO

#### ***CORTEx MPU Region Size***

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32B

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64B

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128B

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256B

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512B

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_8KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_16KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512KB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_8MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_16MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512MB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1GB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2GB

MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4GB

#### ***CORTEx SysTick Clock Source***

SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK\_DIV8

SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK

IS\_SYSTICK\_CLK\_SOURCE

## 12 HAL CRC Generic Driver

### 12.1 CRC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 12.1.1 CRC\_InitTypeDef

**CRC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_crc.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint8\_t DefaultPolynomialUse**
- **uint8\_t DefaultInitValueUse**
- **uint32\_t GeneratingPolynomial**
- **uint32\_t CRCLength**
- **uint32\_t InitValue**
- **uint32\_t InputDataInversionMode**
- **uint32\_t OutputDataInversionMode**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint8\_t CRC\_InitTypeDef::DefaultPolynomialUse**  
This parameter is a value of **CRC\_Default\_Polynomial** and indicates if default polynomial is used. If set to **DEFAULT\_POLYNOMIAL\_ENABLE**, resort to default  $X^{32} + X^{26} + X^{23} + X^{22} + X^{16} + X^{12} + X^{11} + X^{10} + X^8 + X^7 + X^5 + X^4 + X^2 + X + 1$ . In that case, there is no need to set **GeneratingPolynomial** field. If otherwise set to **DEFAULT\_POLYNOMIAL\_DISABLE**, **GeneratingPolynomial** and **CRCLength** fields must be set.
- **uint8\_t CRC\_InitTypeDef::DefaultInitValueUse**  
This parameter is a value of **CRC\_Default\_InitValue\_Use** and indicates if default init value is used. If set to **DEFAULT\_INIT\_VALUE\_ENABLE**, resort to default 0xFFFFFFFF value. In that case, there is no need to set **InitValue** field. If otherwise set to **DEFAULT\_INIT\_VALUE\_DISABLE**, **InitValue** field must be set.
- **uint32\_t CRC\_InitTypeDef::GeneratingPolynomial**  
Set CRC generating polynomial as a 7, 8, 16 or 32-bit long value for a polynomial degree respectively equal to 7, 8, 16 or 32. This field is written in normal, representation e.g., for a polynomial of degree 7,  $X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^2 + 1$  is written 0x65. No need to specify it if **DefaultPolynomialUse** is set to **DEFAULT\_POLYNOMIAL\_ENABLE**.
- **uint32\_t CRC\_InitTypeDef::CRCLength**  
This parameter is a value of **CRC\_Polynomial\_Sizes** and indicates CRC length. Value can be either one of
  - **CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_32B** (32-bit CRC),
  - **CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_16B** (16-bit CRC),
  - **CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_8B** (8-bit CRC),
  - **CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_7B** (7-bit CRC).
- **uint32\_t CRC\_InitTypeDef::InitValue**  
Init value to initiate CRC computation. No need to specify it if **DefaultInitValueUse** is set to **DEFAULT\_INIT\_VALUE\_ENABLE**.
- **uint32\_t CRC\_InitTypeDef::InputDataInversionMode**  
This parameter is a value of **CRCEX\_Input\_Data\_Inversion** and specifies input data inversion mode. Can be either one of the following values
  - **CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_NONE** no input data inversion
  - **CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_BYTE** byte-wise inversion, 0x1A2B3C4D becomes 0x58D43CB2
  - **CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_HALFWORD** halfword-wise inversion, 0x1A2B3C4D becomes 0xD458B23C
  - **CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_WORD** word-wise inversion, 0x1A2B3C4D becomes 0xB23CD458

- **`uint32_t CRC_InitTypeDef::OutputDataInversionMode`**  
This parameter is a value of **`CRCEx_Output_Data_Inversion`** and specifies output data (i.e. CRC) inversion mode. Can be either
  - **`CRC_OUTPUTDATA_INVERSION_DISABLE`** no CRC inversion,
  - **`CRC_OUTPUTDATA_INVERSION_ENABLE`** CRC 0x11223344 is converted into 0x22CC4488

### 12.1.2

#### CRC\_HandleTypeDef

**`CRC_HandleTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_crc.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`CRC_TypeDef * Instance`**
- **`CRC_InitTypeDef Init`**
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`**
- **`__IO HAL_CRC_StateTypeDef State`**
- **`uint32_t InputDataFormat`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`CRC_TypeDef* CRC_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
Register base address
- **`CRC_InitTypeDef CRC_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
CRC configuration parameters
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef CRC_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**  
CRC Locking object
- **`__IO HAL_CRC_StateTypeDef CRC_HandleTypeDef::State`**  
CRC communication state
- **`uint32_t CRC_HandleTypeDef::InputDataFormat`**  
This parameter is a value of **`CRC_Input_Buffer_Format`** and specifies input data format. Can be either
  - **`CRC_INPUTDATA_FORMAT_BYTES`** input data is a stream of bytes (8-bit data)
  - **`CRC_INPUTDATA_FORMAT_HALFWORDS`** input data is a stream of half-words (16-bit data)
  - **`CRC_INPUTDATA_FORMAT_WORDS`** input data is a stream of words (32-bit data)

Note that constant `CRC_INPUT_FORMAT_UNDEFINED` is defined but an initialization error must occur if `InputBufferFormat` is not one of the three values listed above

## 12.2

### CRC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CRC library.

#### 12.2.1

##### How to use this driver

- Enable CRC AHB clock using `__HAL_RCC_CRC_CLK_ENABLE()`;
- Initialize CRC calculator
  - specify generating polynomial (peripheral default or non-default one)
  - specify initialization value (peripheral default or non-default one)
  - specify input data format
  - specify input or output data inversion mode if any
- Use `HAL_CRC_Accumulate()` function to compute the CRC value of the input data buffer starting with the previously computed CRC as initialization value
- Use `HAL_CRC_Calculate()` function to compute the CRC value of the input data buffer starting with the defined initialization value (default or non-default) to initiate CRC calculation

#### 12.2.2

##### Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize the CRC according to the specified parameters in the `CRC_InitTypeDef` and create the associated handle
- DeInitialize the CRC peripheral

- Initialize the CRC MSP (MCU Specific Package)
- DeInitialize the CRC MSP

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)

### 12.2.3 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- compute the 7, 8, 16 or 32-bit CRC value of an 8, 16 or 32-bit data buffer using combination of the previous CRC value and the new one.
- or
- compute the 7, 8, 16 or 32-bit CRC value of an 8, 16 or 32-bit data buffer independently of the previous CRC value.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_Accumulate\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_Calculate\(\)\*](#)

### 12.2.4 Peripheral State functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_CRC\\_GetState\(\)\*](#)

### 12.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_CRC\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRC\_Init (CRC\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrc)**

##### Function description

Initialize the CRC according to the specified parameters in the CRC\_InitTypeDef and create the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_CRC\_DeInit

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRC\_DeInit (CRC\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrc)**

##### Function description

DeInitialize the CRC peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_CRC\_Msplnit

### Function name

```
void HAL_CRC_Msplnit (CRC_HandleTypeDef * hcrc)
```

### Function description

Initializes the CRC MSP.

### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_CRC\_MspDeInit

### Function name

```
void HAL_CRC_MspDeInit (CRC_HandleTypeDef * hcrc)
```

### Function description

DeInitialize the CRC MSP.

### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_CRC\_Accumulate

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_CRC_Accumulate (CRC_HandleTypeDef * hcrc, uint32_t pBuffer, uint32_t BufferLength)
```

### Function description

Compute the 7, 8, 16 or 32-bit CRC value of an 8, 16 or 32-bit data buffer starting with the previously computed CRC as initialization value.

### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle
- **pBuffer**: pointer to the input data buffer, exact input data format is provided by hcrc->InputDataFormat.
- **BufferLength**: input data buffer length (number of bytes if pBuffer type is \* uint8\_t, number of half-words if pBuffer type is \* uint16\_t, number of words if pBuffer type is \* uint32\_t).

### Return values

- **uint32\_t**: CRC (returned value LSBs for CRC shorter than 32 bits)

### Notes

- By default, the API expects a uint32\_t pointer as input buffer parameter. Input buffer pointers with other types simply need to be cast in uint32\_t and the API will internally adjust its input data processing based on the handle field hcrc->InputDataFormat.

## HAL\_CRC\_Calculate

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_CRC_Calculate (CRC_HandleTypeDef * hcrc, uint32_t pBuffer, uint32_t BufferLength)
```

### Function description

Compute the 7, 8, 16 or 32-bit CRC value of an 8, 16 or 32-bit data buffer starting with hcrc->Instance->INIT as initialization value.

### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle
- **pBuffer**: pointer to the input data buffer, exact input data format is provided by hcrc->InputDataFormat.
- **BufferLength**: input data buffer length (number of bytes if pBuffer type is \* uint8\_t, number of half-words if pBuffer type is \* uint16\_t, number of words if pBuffer type is \* uint32\_t).

### Return values

- **uint32\_t**: CRC (returned value LSBs for CRC shorter than 32 bits)

### Notes

- By default, the API expects a uint32\_t pointer as input buffer parameter. Input buffer pointers with other types simply need to be cast in uint32\_t and the API will internally adjust its input data processing based on the handle field hcrc->InputDataFormat.

### HAL\_CRC\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_CRC\_StateTypeDef HAL\_CRC\_GetState (CRC\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrc)**

### Function description

Return the CRC handle state.

### Parameters

- **hcrc**: CRC handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## 12.3 CRC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 12.3.1 CRC

CRC

**Default CRC computation initialization value**

#### DEFAULT\_CRC\_INITVALUE

Initial CRC default value

**Indicates whether or not default init value is used**

#### DEFAULT\_INIT\_VALUE\_ENABLE

Enable initial CRC default value

#### DEFAULT\_INIT\_VALUE\_DISABLE

Disable initial CRC default value

**Indicates whether or not default polynomial is used**

#### DEFAULT\_POLYNOMIAL\_ENABLE

Enable default generating polynomial 0x04C11DB7



## DEFAULT\_POLYNOMIAL\_DISABLE

Disable default generating polynomial 0x04C11DB7

*Default CRC generating polynomial*

## DEFAULT\_CRC32\_POLY

$$X^{32} + X^{26} + X^{23} + X^{22} + X^{16} + X^{12} + X^{11} + X^{10} + X^8 + X^7 + X^5 + X^4 + X^2 + X + 1$$

*CRC Exported Macros*

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

**Description:**

- Reset CRC handle state.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: CRC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_DR\_RESET

**Description:**

- Reset CRC Data Register.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: CRC handle

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_INITIALCRCVALUE\_CONFIG

**Description:**

- Set CRC INIT non-default value.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: CRC handle
- `__INIT__`: 32-bit initial value

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_SET\_IDR

**Description:**

- Store data in the Independent Data (ID) register.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: CRC handle
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be stored in the ID register

**Return value:**

- None

**Notes:**

- Refer to the Reference Manual to get the authorized `__VALUE__` length in bits

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_GET\_IDR

### Description:

- Return the data stored in the Independent Data (ID) register.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: CRC handle

### Return value:

- Value: of the ID register

### Notes:

- Refer to the Reference Manual to get the authorized \_\_VALUE\_\_ length in bits

### *Input Buffer Format*

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_FORMAT\_UNDEFINED

Undefined input data format

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_FORMAT\_BYTES

Input data in byte format

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_FORMAT\_HALFWORDS

Input data in half-word format

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_FORMAT\_WORDS

Input data in word format

### *Polynomial sizes to configure the peripheral*

## CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_32B

Resort to a 32-bit long generating polynomial

## CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_16B

Resort to a 16-bit long generating polynomial

## CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_8B

Resort to a 8-bit long generating polynomial

## CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_7B

Resort to a 7-bit long generating polynomial

### *CRC polynomial possible sizes actual definitions*

## HAL\_CRC\_LENGTH\_32B

32-bit long CRC

## HAL\_CRC\_LENGTH\_16B

16-bit long CRC

## HAL\_CRC\_LENGTH\_8B

8-bit long CRC

## HAL\_CRC\_LENGTH\_7B

7-bit long CRC

## 13 HAL CRC Extension Driver

### 13.1 CRCEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CRCEX library.

#### 13.1.1 How to use this driver

- Set user-defined generating polynomial through HAL\_CRCEX\_Polynomial\_Set()
- Configure Input or Output data inversion

#### 13.1.2 Extended configuration functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure the generating polynomial
- Configure the input data inversion
- Configure the output data inversion

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_CRCEX\\_Polynomial\\_Set\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_CRCEX\\_Input\\_Data\\_Reverse\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_CRCEX\\_Output\\_Data\\_Reverse\(\)](#)

#### 13.1.3 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_CRCEX\_Polynomial\_Set

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRCEX\_Polynomial\_Set (CRC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrcrc, uint32\_t Pol, uint32\_t PolyLength)**

###### Function description

Initialize the CRC polynomial if different from default one.

###### Parameters

- **hrcrc**: CRC handle
- **Pol**: CRC generating polynomial (7, 8, 16 or 32-bit long). This parameter is written in normal representation, e.g.
  - for a polynomial of degree 7,  $X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^2 + 1$  is written 0x65
  - for a polynomial of degree 16,  $X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1$  is written 0x1021
- **PolyLength**: CRC polynomial length. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_7B 7-bit long CRC (generating polynomial of degree 7)
  - CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_8B 8-bit long CRC (generating polynomial of degree 8)
  - CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_16B 16-bit long CRC (generating polynomial of degree 16)
  - CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_32B 32-bit long CRC (generating polynomial of degree 32)

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_CRCEX\_Input\_Data\_Reverse

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRCEX\_Input\_Data\_Reverse (CRC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrcrc, uint32\_t InputReverseMode)**

### Function description

Set the Reverse Input data mode.

### Parameters

- **hcrc:** CRC handle
- **InputReverseMode:** Input Data inversion mode. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_NONE no change in bit order (default value)
  - CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_BYTE Byte-wise bit reversal
  - CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_HALFWORD HalfWord-wise bit reversal
  - CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_WORD Word-wise bit reversal

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_CRCEX\_Output\_Data\_Reverse**

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRCEX\_Output\_Data\_Reverse (CRC\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrc, uint32\_t OutputReverseMode)**

### Function description

Set the Reverse Output data mode.

### Parameters

- **hcrc:** CRC handle
- **OutputReverseMode:** Output Data inversion mode. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - CRC\_OUTPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_DISABLE no CRC inversion (default value)
  - CRC\_OUTPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_ENABLE bit-level inversion (e.g. for a 8-bit CRC: 0xB5 becomes 0xAD)

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## 13.2 CRCEX Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 13.2.1 CRCEX

CRCEX

**CRC Extended Exported Macros**

#### **\_\_HAL\_CRC\_OUTPUTREVERSAL\_ENABLE**

**Description:**

- Set CRC output reversal.

**Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_:** CRC handle

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_OUTPUTREVERSAL\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Unset CRC output reversal.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: CRC handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRC\_POLYNOMIAL\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Set CRC non-default polynomial.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: CRC handle
- \_\_POLYNOMIAL\_\_: 7, 8, 16 or 32-bit polynomial

### Return value:

- None

### *Input Data Inversion Modes*

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_NONE

No input data inversion

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_BYTE

Byte-wise input data inversion

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_HALFWORD

HalfWord-wise input data inversion

## CRC\_INPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_WORD

Word-wise input data inversion

### *Output Data Inversion Modes*

## CRC\_OUTPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_DISABLE

No output data inversion

## CRC\_OUTPUTDATA\_INVERSION\_ENABLE

Bit-wise output data inversion

## 14 HAL CRYPT Generic Driver

### 14.1 CRYPT Firmware driver registers structures

#### 14.1.1 CRYPT\_InitTypeDef

**CRYPT\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_cryp.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t DataType**
- **uint8\_t \* pKey**
- **uint8\_t \* pInitVect**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t CRYPT\_InitTypeDef::DataType**  
32-bit data, 16-bit data, 8-bit data or 1-bit string. This parameter can be a value of **CRYPT\_Data\_Type**
- **uint8\_t\* CRYPT\_InitTypeDef::pKey**  
The key used for encryption/decryption
- **uint8\_t\* CRYPT\_InitTypeDef::pInitVect**  
The initialization vector used also as initialization counter in CTR mode

#### 14.1.2 CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef

**CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_cryp.h

Data Fields

- **AES\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **CRYPT\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **uint8\_t \* pCrypInBuffPtr**
- **uint8\_t \* pCrypOutBuffPtr**
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t CrypInCount**
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t CrypOutCount**
- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef Status**
- **HAL\_PhaseTypeDef Phase**
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmain**
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmaout**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_CRYPT\_STATETTypeDef State**

Field Documentation

- **AES\_TypeDef\* CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
Register base address
- **CRYPT\_InitTypeDef CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
CRYPT required parameters
- **uint8\_t\* CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::pCrypInBuffPtr**  
Pointer to CRYPT processing (encryption, decryption,...) buffer
- **uint8\_t\* CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::pCrypOutBuffPtr**  
Pointer to CRYPT processing (encryption, decryption,...) buffer
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::CrypInCount**  
Counter of inputted data
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::CrypOutCount**  
Counter of outputted data
- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::Status**  
CRYPT peripheral status
- **HAL\_PhaseTypeDef CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::Phase**  
CRYPT peripheral phase

- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::hdmain**  
CRYPT In DMA handle parameters
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::hdmaout**  
CRYPT Out DMA handle parameters
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
CRYPT locking object
- **\_\_IO HAL\_CRYPT\_STATTypeDef CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
CRYPT peripheral state

## 14.2 CRYPT Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CRYPT library.

### 14.2.1 How to use this driver

The CRYPT HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Initialize the CRYPT low level resources by implementing the HAL\_CRYPT\_MspInit():
  - a. Enable the CRYPT interface clock using \_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_CLK\_ENABLE()
  - b. In case of using interrupts (e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_IT()) (+) Configure the CRYPT interrupt priority using HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority() (+) Enable the CRYPT IRQ handler using HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ() (+) In CRYPT IRQ handler, call HAL\_CRYPT\_IRQHandler()
  - c. In case of using DMA to control data transfer (e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA()) (+) Enable the DMA1 interface clock using (++) \_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_CLK\_ENABLE() (+) Configure and enable two DMA Channels one for managing data transfer from memory to peripheral (input channel) and another channel for managing data transfer from peripheral to memory (output channel) (+) Associate the initialized DMA handle to the CRYPT DMA handle using \_\_HAL\_LINKDMA() (+) Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the two DMA Streams. The output stream should have higher priority than the input stream. (++) HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority() (++) HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ()
2. Initialize the CRYPT low level resources by implementing the HAL\_CRYPT\_MspInit(): (##) Enable the CRYPT interface clock using \_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_CLK\_ENABLE() (##) In case of using interrupts (e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_IT()) (+) Configure the CRYPT interrupt priority using HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority() (+) Enable the CRYPT IRQ handler using HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ() (+) In CRYPT IRQ handler, call HAL\_CRYPT\_IRQHandler() (##) In case of using DMA to control data transfer (e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA()) (+) Enable the DMA1 interface clock using
  - \_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_CLK\_ENABLE() (+) Configure and enable two DMA Channels one for managing data transfer from memory to peripheral (input channel) and another channel for managing data transfer from peripheral to memory (output channel) (+) Associate the initialized DMA handle to the CRYPT DMA handle using \_\_HAL\_LINKDMA() (+) Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the two DMA Streams. The output stream should have higher priority than the input stream.
  - HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority()
  - HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ()
3. Initialize the CRYPT HAL using HAL\_CRYPT\_Init(). This function configures mainly:
  - a. The data type: 1-bit, 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit
  - b. The encryption/decryption key.
  - c. The initialization vector (counter). It is not used ECB mode.
4. Three processing (encryption/decryption) functions are available:
  - a. Polling mode: encryption and decryption APIs are blocking functions i.e. they process the data and wait till the processing is finished e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt()
  - b. Interrupt mode: encryption and decryption APIs are not blocking functions i.e. they process the data under interrupt e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_IT()
  - c. DMA mode: encryption and decryption APIs are not blocking functions i.e. the data transfer is ensured by DMA e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA()

5. When the processing function is called for the first time after HAL\_CRYPT\_Init() the CRYPT peripheral is initialized and processes the buffer in input. At second call, the processing function performs an append of the already processed buffer. When a new data block is to be processed, call HAL\_CRYPT\_Init() then the processing function.
6. Call HAL\_CRYPT\_DeInit() to deinitialize the CRYPT peripheral.

The CRYPT HAL driver can be used as follows: (#)Initialize the CRYPT low level resources by implementing the HAL\_CRYPT\_MspInit(): (##) Enable the CRYPT interface clock using \_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_CLK\_ENABLE() (##) In case of using interrupts (e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_IT())

- Configure the CRYPT interrupt priority using HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority()
- Enable the CRYPT IRQ handler using HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ()
- In CRYPT IRQ handler, call HAL\_CRYPT\_IRQHandler()
  1. In case of using DMA to control data transfer (e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA())
- Enable the DMA1 interface clock using
  - \_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_CLK\_ENABLE()
- Configure and enable two DMA Channels one for managing data transfer from memory to peripheral (input channel) and another channel for managing data transfer from peripheral to memory (output channel)
- Associate the initialized DMA handle to the CRYPT DMA handle using \_\_HAL\_LINKDMA()
- Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the two DMA Streams. The output stream should have higher priority than the input stream. (++) HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority() (++) HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ() (#)Initialize the CRYPT HAL using HAL\_CRYPT\_Init(). This function configures mainly:
  1. The data type: 1-bit, 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit
  2. The encryption/decryption key.
  3. The initialization vector (counter). It is not used ECB mode. (#)Three processing (encryption/decryption) functions are available:
  4. Polling mode: encryption and decryption APIs are blocking functions i.e. they process the data and wait till the processing is finished e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt()
  5. Interrupt mode: encryption and decryption APIs are not blocking functions i.e. they process the data under interrupt e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_IT()
  6. DMA mode: encryption and decryption APIs are not blocking functions i.e. the data transfer is ensured by DMA e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA() (#)When the processing function is called for the first time after HAL\_CRYPT\_Init() the CRYPT peripheral is initialized and processes the buffer in input. At second call, the processing function performs an append of the already processed buffer. When a new data block is to be processed, call HAL\_CRYPT\_Init() then the processing function. (#)Call HAL\_CRYPT\_DeInit() to deinitialize the CRYPT peripheral.
- Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the two DMA Streams. The output stream should have higher priority than the input stream.
  - HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority()
  - HAL\_NVIC\_EnableIRQ() (#)Initialize the CRYPT HAL using HAL\_CRYPT\_Init(). This function configures mainly: (##) The data type: 1-bit, 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit (##) The encryption/decryption key. (##) The initialization vector (counter). It is not used ECB mode. (#)Three processing (encryption/decryption) functions are available: (##) Polling mode: encryption and decryption APIs are blocking functions i.e. they process the data and wait till the processing is finished e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt() (##) Interrupt mode: encryption and decryption APIs are not blocking functions i.e. they process the data under interrupt e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_IT() (##) DMA mode: encryption and decryption APIs are not blocking functions i.e. the data transfer is ensured by DMA e.g. HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA() (#)When the processing function is called for the first time after HAL\_CRYPT\_Init() the CRYPT peripheral is initialized and processes the buffer in input. At second call, the processing function performs an append of the already processed buffer. When a new data block is to be processed, call HAL\_CRYPT\_Init() then the processing function. (#)Call HAL\_CRYPT\_DeInit() to deinitialize the CRYPT peripheral.

### 14.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize the CRYPT according to the specified parameters in the CRYPT\_InitTypeDef and creates the associated handle



- DeInitialize the CRYP peripheral
- Initialize the CRYP MSP
- DeInitialize CRYP MSP

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)

### 14.2.3 AES processing functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Encrypt plaintext using AES algorithm in different chaining modes
- Decrypt cyphertext using AES algorithm in different chaining modes

Three processing functions are available:

- Polling mode
- Interrupt mode
- DMA mode

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESECB\\_Encrypt\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCBC\\_Encrypt\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCTR\\_Encrypt\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESECB\\_Decrypt\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCBC\\_Decrypt\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCTR\\_Decrypt\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESECB\\_Encrypt\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCBC\\_Encrypt\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCTR\\_Encrypt\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESECB\\_Decrypt\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCBC\\_Decrypt\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCTR\\_Decrypt\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESECB\\_Encrypt\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCBC\\_Encrypt\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCTR\\_Encrypt\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESECB\\_Decrypt\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCBC\\_Decrypt\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_AESCTR\\_Decrypt\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)

### 14.2.4 CRYP IRQ handler management

This section provides CRYP IRQ handler function.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_IRQHandler\(\)\*](#)

### 14.2.5 Peripheral State functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_GetState\(\)\*](#)

### 14.2.6 DMA callback functions

This section provides DMA callback functions:

- DMA Input data transfer complete
- DMA Output data transfer complete
- DMA error

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_ErrorCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_InCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_Cryp\\_OutCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)

## 14.2.7 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_Cryp\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_Init (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp)**

#### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT according to the specified parameters in the CRYPT\_InitTypeDef and creates the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_Cryp\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_DeInit (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp)**

#### Function description

DeInitializes the CRYPT peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_Cryp\_MspInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_Cryp\_MspInit (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp)**

#### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

#### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_CRYPT\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_CRYPT\_MspDeInit (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt)**

### Function description

DeInitializes CRYPT MSP.

### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES ECB encryption mode then encrypt pPlainData.

### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Timeout:** Specify Timeout value

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Decrypt

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Decrypt (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES ECB decryption mode then decrypted pCypherData.

### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Timeout:** Specify Timeout value

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_Cryp\_AESCBC\_Encrypt

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCBC\_Encrypt (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hCryp, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CBC encryption mode then encrypt pPlainData.

### Parameters

- **hCryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData**: Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size**: Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pCypherData**: Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Timeout**: Specify Timeout value

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_Cryp\_AESCBC\_Decrypt

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCBC\_Decrypt (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hCryp, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES ECB decryption mode then decrypted pCypherData.

### Parameters

- **hCryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData**: Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size**: Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pPlainData**: Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Timeout**: Specify Timeout value

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Encrypt

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Encrypt (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hCryp, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CTR encryption mode then encrypt pPlainData.

### Parameters

- **hCryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData**: Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size**: Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pCypherData**: Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Timeout**: Specify Timeout value

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Decrypt

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Decrypt (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hCryp, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CTR decryption mode then decrypted pCypherData.

## Parameters

- **hCryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Timeout:** Specify Timeout value

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_Cryp\_AESECB\_Encrypt\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESECB\_Encrypt\_IT (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hCryp, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData)**

## Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES ECB encryption mode using Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **hCryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16 bytes
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_Cryp\_AESCBC\_Encrypt\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCBC\_Encrypt\_IT (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hCryp, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData)**

## Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CBC encryption mode using Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **hCryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16 bytes
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Encrypt\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Encrypt\_IT (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the Cryp peripheral in AES CTR encryption mode using Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a Cryp\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for Cryp module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16 bytes
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_Cryp\_AESECB\_Decrypt\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESECB\_Decrypt\_IT (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the Cryp peripheral in AES ECB decryption mode using Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a Cryp\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for Cryp module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Decrypt\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_Cryp\_AESCTR\_Decrypt\_IT (Cryp\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the Cryp peripheral in AES CTR decryption mode using Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a Cryp\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for Cryp module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCBC\_Decrypt\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCBC\_Decrypt\_IT (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CBC decryption mode using IT.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Encrypt\_DMA (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES ECB encryption mode using DMA.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16 bytes
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Decrypt\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESECBC\_Decrypt\_DMA (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES ECB decryption mode using DMA.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16 bytes
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCBC\_Encrypt\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCBC\_Encrypt\_DMA (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData)**

## Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CBC encryption mode using DMA.

## Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCBC\_Decrypt\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCBC\_Decrypt\_DMA (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData)**

## Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CBC encryption mode using DMA.

## Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16 bytes
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCTR\_Encrypt\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCTR\_Encrypt\_DMA (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pPlainData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pCypherData)**

## Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CTR encryption mode using DMA.

## Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16.
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)



#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCTR\_Decrypt\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_AESCTR\_Decrypt\_DMA (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt, uint8\_t \* pCypherData, uint16\_t Size, uint8\_t \* pPlainData)**

#### Function description

Initializes the CRYPT peripheral in AES CTR decryption mode using DMA.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module
- **pCypherData:** Pointer to the cyphertext buffer (aligned on u32)
- **Size:** Length of the plaintext buffer, must be a multiple of 16
- **pPlainData:** Pointer to the plaintext buffer (aligned on u32)

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_InCpltCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_CRYPT\_InCpltCallback (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt)**

#### Function description

Input transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_OutCpltCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_CRYPT\_OutCpltCallback (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt)**

#### Function description

Output transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hcryp:** pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_CRYPT\_ErrorCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_CRYPT\_ErrorCallback (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcrypt)**

### Function description

CRYP error callback.

### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

### Return values

- **None**:

**HAL\_CRYPT\_IRQHandler**

### Function name

**void HAL\_CRYPT\_IRQHandler (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp)**

### Function description

This function handles CRYPT interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

### Return values

- **None**:

**HAL\_CRYPT\_GetState**

### Function name

**HAL\_CRYPT\_STATTypeDef HAL\_CRYPT\_GetState (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp)**

### Function description

Returns the CRYPT state.

### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## 14.3 CRYPT Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 14.3.1 CRYPT

CRYPT

**AES Clear Flags**

#### CRYPT\_CLEARFLAG\_CCF

Computation Complete Flag Clear

#### CRYPT\_CLEARFLAG\_RDERR

Read Error Clear

#### CRYPT\_CLEARFLAG\_WRERR

Write Error Clear

**AES Flags**

## CRYP\_FLAG\_CCF

Computation Complete Flag

## CRYP\_FLAG\_RDERR

Read Error Flag

## CRYP\_FLAG\_WRERR

Write Error Flag

### ***AES Interrupts***

## CRYP\_IT\_CC

Computation Complete interrupt

## CRYP\_IT\_ERR

Error interrupt

### ***CRYP Algo Mode Direction***

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_DIRECTION

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_AES\_ECB\_ENCRYPT

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_AES\_ECB\_KEYDERDECRYPT

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_AES\_CBC\_ENCRYPT

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_AES\_CBC\_KEYDERDECRYPT

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_AES\_CTR\_ENCRYPT

## CRYP\_CR\_ALGOMODE\_AES\_CTR\_DECRYPT

### ***CRYP Data Type***

## CRYP\_DATATYPE\_32B

## CRYP\_DATATYPE\_16B

## CRYP\_DATATYPE\_8B

## CRYP\_DATATYPE\_1B

## IS\_CRYP\_DATATYPE

### ***CRYP Exported Macros***

## \_\_HAL\_CRYP\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### **Description:**

- Reset CRYP handle state.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYP handle.

#### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable/Disable the CRYPT peripheral.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_DISABLE

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_SET\_MODE

### Description:

- Set the algorithm mode: AES-ECB, AES-CBC, AES-CTR, DES-ECB, DES-CBC,...

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__MODE__`: The algorithm mode.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified CRYPT flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `CRYPT_FLAG_CCF` : Computation Complete Flag
  - `CRYPT_FLAG_RDERR` : Read Error Flag
  - `CRYPT_FLAG_WRERR` : Write Error Flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the CRYPT pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `CRYPT_CLEARFLAG_CCF` : Computation Complete Clear Flag
  - `CRYPT_CLEARFLAG_RDERR` : Read Error Clear
  - `CRYPT_CLEARFLAG_WRERR` : Write Error Clear

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the CRYPT interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: CRYPT Interrupt.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the CRYPT interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: CRYPT interrupt.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Checks if the specified CRYPT interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: CRYPT interrupt source to check This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `CRYPT_IT_CC` : Computation Complete interrupt
  - `CRYPT_IT_ERR` : Error interrupt (used for RDERR and WRERR)

### Return value:

- State: of interruption (SET or RESET)

## \_\_HAL\_CRYPT\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the CRYPT pending IT.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the CRYPT handle.
- `__IT__`: specifies the IT to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `CRYPT_CLEARFLAG_CCF` : Computation Complete Clear Flag
  - `CRYPT_CLEARFLAG_RDERR` : Read Error Clear
  - `CRYPT_CLEARFLAG_WRERR` : Write Error Clear

### Return value:

- None

## 15 HAL CRYPT Extension Driver

### 15.1 CRYPEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CRYPEX library.

#### 15.1.1 Extended features functions

This section provides callback functions:

- Computation completed.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_CRYPEX\\_ComputationCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)

#### 15.1.2 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_CRYPEX\_ComputationCpltCallback

###### Function name

**void HAL\_CRYPEX\_ComputationCpltCallback (CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef \* hcryp)**

###### Function description

Computation completed callbacks.

###### Parameters

- **hcryp**: pointer to a CRYPT\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for CRYPT module

###### Return values

- **None:**

## 16 HAL DAC Generic Driver

### 16.1 DAC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 16.1.1 `__DAC_HandleTypeDef`

`__DAC_HandleTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_dac.h`

Data Fields

- `DAC_TypeDef * Instance`
- `__IO HAL_DAC_StateTypeDef State`
- `HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef * DMA_Handle1`
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef * DMA_Handle2`
- `__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`
- `void(* ConvCpltCallbackCh1`
- `void(* ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1`
- `void(* ErrorCallbackCh1`
- `void(* DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1`
- `void(* ConvCpltCallbackCh2`
- `void(* ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2`
- `void(* ErrorCallbackCh2`
- `void(* DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2`
- `void(* MspInitCallback`
- `void(* MspDeInitCallback`

Field Documentation

- `DAC_TypeDef* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::Instance`  
Register base address
- `__IO HAL_DAC_StateTypeDef __DAC_HandleTypeDef::State`  
DAC communication state
- `HAL_LockTypeDef __DAC_HandleTypeDef::Lock`  
DAC locking object
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::DMA_Handle1`  
Pointer DMA handler for channel 1
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::DMA_Handle2`  
Pointer DMA handler for channel 2
- `__IO uint32_t __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`  
DAC Error code
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ConvCpltCallbackCh1)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallbackCh1)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ConvCpltCallbackCh2)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallbackCh2)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`
- `void(* __DAC_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __DAC_HandleTypeDef *hdac)`

#### 16.1.2 `DAC_ChannelConfTypeDef`

`DAC_ChannelConfTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_dac.h`

#### Data Fields

- `uint32_t DAC_Trigger`
- `uint32_t DAC_OutputBuffer`

#### Field Documentation

- `uint32_t DAC_ChannelConfTypeDef::DAC_Trigger`  
Specifies the external trigger for the selected DAC channel. This parameter can be a value of [DAC\\_trigger\\_selection](#)
- `uint32_t DAC_ChannelConfTypeDef::DAC_OutputBuffer`  
Specifies whether the DAC channel output buffer is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [DAC\\_output\\_buffer](#)

## 16.2 DAC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the DAC library.

### 16.2.1 DAC Peripheral features

#### DAC Channels

STM32L0 devices integrate one or two 12-bit Digital Analog Converters (i.e. one or 2 channel(s)) 1 channel : STM32L05x STM32L06x devices 2 channels: STM32L07x STM32L08x devices When 2 channels are available, the 2 converters (i.e. channel1 & channel2) can be used independently or simultaneously (dual mode):

1. DAC channel1 with DAC\_OUT1 (PA4) as output
2. DAC channel2 with DAC\_OUT2 (PA5) as output (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)
3. Channel1 & channel2 can be used independently or simultaneously in dual mode (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)

#### DAC Triggers

Digital to Analog conversion can be non-triggered using DAC\_TRIGGER\_NONE and DAC\_OUT1/DAC\_OUT2 is available once writing to DHRx register.

Digital to Analog conversion can be triggered by:

1. External event: EXTI Line 9 (any GPIOx\_PIN\_9) using DAC\_TRIGGER\_EXT\_IT9. The used pin (GPIOx\_PIN\_9) must be configured in input mode.
2. Timers TRGO: STM32L05x/STM32L06x : TIM2, TIM6 and TIM21 STM32L07x/STM32L08x : TIM2, TIM3, TIM6, TIM7 and TIM21 (DAC\_TRIGGER\_T2\_TRGO, DAC\_TRIGGER\_T6\_TRGO...)
3. Software using DAC\_TRIGGER\_SOFTWARE

#### DAC Buffer mode feature

Each DAC channel integrates an output buffer that can be used to reduce the output impedance, and to drive external loads directly without having to add an external operational amplifier. To enable, the output buffer use `sConfig.DAC_OutputBuffer = DAC_OUTPUTBUFFER_ENABLE;`

*Note:* Refer to the device datasheet for more details about output impedance value with and without output buffer.

#### DAC wave generation feature

Both DAC channels can be used to generate

1. Noise wave using `HAL_DACEx_NoiseWaveGenerate()`
2. Triangle wave using `HAL_DACEx_TriangleWaveGenerate()`

#### DAC data format

The DAC data format can be:

1. 8-bit right alignment using `DAC_ALIGN_8B_R`
2. 12-bit left alignment using `DAC_ALIGN_12B_L`
3. 12-bit right alignment using `DAC_ALIGN_12B_R`



### DAC data value to voltage correspondence

The analog output voltage on each DAC channel pin is determined by the following equation:

$$\text{DAC\_OUTx} = \text{VREF+} * \text{DOR} / 4095$$

- with DOR is the Data Output Register

VEF+ is the input voltage reference (refer to the device datasheet)

e.g. To set DAC\_OUT1 to 0.7V, use

- Assuming that VREF+ = 3.3V,  $\text{DAC\_OUT1} = (3.3 * 868) / 4095 = 0.7\text{V}$

### DMA requests

A DMA1 request can be generated when an external trigger (but not a software trigger) occurs if DMA1 requests are enabled using HAL\_DAC\_Start\_DMA(). DMA1 requests are mapped as following:

1. DAC channel1 : mapped on DMA1 Request9 channel2 which must be already configured
2. DAC channel2 : mapped on DMA1 Request15 channel4 which must be already configured (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)

*Note: For Dual mode (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only) and specific signal (Triangle and noise) generation please refer to Extension Features Driver description*

## 16.2.2 How to use this driver

- DAC APB clock must be enabled to get write access to DAC registers using HAL\_DAC\_Init()
- Configure DAC\_OUT1: PA4 in analog mode.
- Configure DAC\_OUT2: PA5 in analog mode (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only).
- Configure the DAC channel using HAL\_DAC\_ConfigChannel() function.
- Enable the DAC channel using HAL\_DAC\_Start() or HAL\_DAC\_Start\_DMA functions

### Polling mode IO operation

- Start the DAC peripheral using HAL\_DAC\_Start()
- To read the DAC last data output value, use the HAL\_DAC\_GetValue() function.
- Stop the DAC peripheral using HAL\_DAC\_Stop()

### DMA mode IO operation

- Start the DAC peripheral using HAL\_DAC\_Start\_DMA(), at this stage the user specify the length of data to be transferred at each end of conversion
- At the middle of data transfer HAL\_DAC\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1() or HAL\_DAC\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_DAC\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1 or HAL\_DAC\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2
- At The end of data transfer HAL\_DAC\_ConvCpltCallbackCh1() or HAL\_DAC\_ConvCpltCallbackCh2() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_DAC\_ConvCpltCallbackCh1 or HAL\_DAC\_ConvCpltCallbackCh2
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_DAC\_ErrorCallbackCh1() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_DAC\_ErrorCallbackCh1
- In case of DMA underrun, DAC interruption triggers and execute internal function HAL\_DAC\_IRQHandler. HAL\_DAC\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1() or HAL\_DAC\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_DAC\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1 or HAL\_DAC\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2 add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_DAC\_ErrorCallbackCh1
- Stop the DAC peripheral using HAL\_DAC\_Stop\_DMA()

### Callback registration

The compilation define USE\_HAL\_DAC\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions HAL\_DAC\_RegisterCallback() to register a user callback, it allows to register following callbacks:

- ConvCpltCallbackCh1 : callback when a half transfer is completed on Ch1.
- ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1 : callback when a transfer is completed on Ch1.
- ErrorCallbackCh1 : callback when an error occurs on Ch1.
- DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1 : callback when an underrun error occurs on Ch1.
- ConvCpltCallbackCh2 : callback when a half transfer is completed on Ch2.
- ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2 : callback when a transfer is completed on Ch2.
- ErrorCallbackCh2 : callback when an error occurs on Ch2.
- DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2 : callback when an underrun error occurs on Ch2.
- MspInitCallback : DAC MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : DAC MspDeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function. Use function HAL\_DAC\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. It allows to reset following callbacks:
- ConvCpltCallbackCh1 : callback when a half transfer is completed on Ch1.
- ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1 : callback when a transfer is completed on Ch1.
- ErrorCallbackCh1 : callback when an error occurs on Ch1.
- DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1 : callback when an underrun error occurs on Ch1.
- ConvCpltCallbackCh2 : callback when a half transfer is completed on Ch2.
- ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2 : callback when a transfer is completed on Ch2.
- ErrorCallbackCh2 : callback when an error occurs on Ch2.
- DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2 : callback when an underrun error occurs on Ch2.
- MspInitCallback : DAC MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : DAC MspDeInit.
- All Callbacks This function) takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle and the Callback ID. By default, after the HAL\_DAC\_Init and if the state is HAL\_DAC\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are reset to the corresponding legacy weak (surcharged) functions. Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit callbacks that are respectively reset to the legacy weak (surcharged) functions in the HAL\_DAC\_Init and HAL\_DAC\_DeInit only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_DAC\_Init and HAL\_DAC\_DeInit keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in READY state only. Exception done for MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks that can be registered/unregistered in READY or RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_DAC\_RegisterCallback before calling HAL\_DAC\_DeInit or HAL\_DAC\_Init function. When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_DAC\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registering feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### DAC HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in DAC HAL driver.

- `__HAL_DAC_ENABLE` : Enable the DAC peripheral
- `__HAL_DAC_DISABLE` : Disable the DAC peripheral
- `__HAL_DAC_CLEAR_FLAG`: Clear the DAC's pending flags
- `__HAL_DAC_GET_FLAG`: Get the selected DAC's flag status

*Note:* You can refer to the DAC HAL driver header file for more useful macros

## 16.2.3 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the DAC.
- De-initialize the DAC.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_DAC\_Init\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DAC\_DeInit\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DAC\_MspInit\(\)`](#)

- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)

#### 16.2.4 IO operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Start conversion.
- Stop conversion.
- Start conversion and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop conversion and disable DMA transfer.
- Get result of conversion.
- Get result of dual mode conversion (STM32L07xx/STM32L08xx only)

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_Start\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_Stop\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_Start\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_Stop\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_GetValue\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_IRQHandler\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_ConvCpltCallbackCh1\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_ErrorCallbackCh1\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_SetValue\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)

#### 16.2.5 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure channels.
- Set the specified data holding register value for DAC channel.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_ConfigChannel\(\)\*](#)

#### 16.2.6 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to

- Check the DAC state.
- Check the DAC Errors.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_GetState\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_GetError\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_DAC\\_SetValue\(\)\*](#)

#### 16.2.7 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_DAC\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_Init (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

##### Function description

Initialize the DAC peripheral according to the specified parameters in the DAC\_InitStruct and initialize the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_DAC\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_DeInit (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

#### Function description

Deinitialize the DAC peripheral registers to their default reset values.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_DAC\_MspInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_MspInit (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

#### Function description

Initialize the DAC MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_DAC\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_MspDeInit (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

#### Function description

Deinitialize the DAC MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_DAC\_Start

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_Start (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Enables DAC and starts conversion of channel.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_DAC\_Stop

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_Stop (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Disables DAC and stop conversion of channel.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_DAC\_Start\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_Start\_DMA (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t \* pData, uint32\_t Length, uint32\_t Alignment)**

## Function description

Enables DAC and starts conversion of channel using DMA.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)
- **pData:** The destination peripheral Buffer address.
- **Length:** The length of data to be transferred from memory to DAC peripheral
- **Alignment:** Specifies the data alignment for DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_8B\_R: 8bit right data alignment selected
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_L: 12bit left data alignment selected
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_R: 12bit right data alignment selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_DAC\_Stop\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_Stop\_DMA (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Disables DAC and stop conversion of channel.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_DAC\_SetValue

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_SetValue (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t Alignment, uint32\_t Data)**

## Function description

Set the specified data holding register value for DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)
- **Alignment:** Specifies the data alignment. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_8B\_R: 8bit right data alignment selected
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_L: 12bit left data alignment selected
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_R: 12bit right data alignment selected
- **Data:** Data to be loaded in the selected data holding register.
- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected
- **Alignment:** Specifies the data alignment. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_8B\_R: 8bit right data alignment selected
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_L: 12bit left data alignment selected
  - DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_R: 12bit right data alignment selected
- **Data:** Data to be loaded in the selected data holding register.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status
- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_DAC\_GetValue

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_DAC\_GetValue (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Returns the last data output value of the selected DAC channel.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)

#### Return values

- **The:** selected DAC channel data output value.

#### HAL\_DAC\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_IRQHandler (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

#### Function description

Handles DAC interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_DAC\_ConvCpltCallbackCh1

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_ConvCpltCallbackCh1 (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

#### Function description

Conversion complete callback in non-blocking mode for Channel1.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_DAC\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh1 (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

### Function description

Conversion half DMA transfer callback in non-blocking mode for Channel1.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DAC\_ErrorCallbackCh1**

### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_ErrorCallbackCh1 (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

### Function description

Error DAC callback for Channel1.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DAC\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1**

### Function name

**void HAL\_DAC\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh1 (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

### Function description

DMA underrun DAC callback for channel1.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DAC\_RegisterCallback**

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_RegisterCallback (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, HAL\_DAC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackId, pDAC\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User DAC Callback To be used instead of the weak (surcharged) predefined callback.



## Parameters

- **hdac:** DAC handle
- **CallbackId:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_DAC\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK DAC Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH1 Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_HALF\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH1 Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_ERROR\_ID DAC CH1 Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_UNDERRUN\_CB\_ID DAC CH1 UnderRun Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH2 Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_HALF\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH2 Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_ERROR\_ID DAC CH2 Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_UNDERRUN\_CB\_ID DAC CH2 UnderRun Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_MSP\_INIT\_CB\_ID DAC MSP Init Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_MSP\_DEINIT\_CB\_ID DAC MSP Delnit Callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **status:**

### HAL\_DAC\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_UnRegisterCallback (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, HAL\_DAC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackId)**

## Function description

Unregister a User DAC Callback DAC Callback is redirected to the weak (surcharged) predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** DAC handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH1 transfer Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_HALF\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH1 Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_ERROR\_ID DAC CH1 Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH1\_UNDERRUN\_CB\_ID DAC CH1 UnderRun Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH2 Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_HALF\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID DAC CH2 Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_ERROR\_ID DAC CH2 Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_CH2\_UNDERRUN\_CB\_ID DAC CH2 UnderRun Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_MSP\_INIT\_CB\_ID DAC MSP Init Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_MSP\_DEINIT\_CB\_ID DAC MSP Delnit Callback ID
  - HAL\_DAC\_ALL\_CB\_ID DAC All callbacks

## Return values

- **status:**

### HAL\_DAC\_ConfigChannel

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_ConfigChannel (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, DAC\_ChannelConfTypeDef \* sConfig, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Configures the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **hdac**: pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **sConfig**: DAC configuration structure.
- **Channel**: The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_DAC\_GetState

## Function name

HAL\_DAC\_StateTypeDef HAL\_DAC\_GetState (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)

## Function description

return the DAC handle state

## Parameters

- **hdac**: pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

## Return values

- **HAL**: state

## HAL\_DAC\_GetError

## Function name

uint32\_t HAL\_DAC\_GetError (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)

## Function description

Return the DAC error code.

## Parameters

- **hdac**: pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

## Return values

- **DAC**: Error Code

## 16.3 DAC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 16.3.1 DAC

DAC

**DAC Channel selection**

DAC\_CHANNEL\_1

DAC\_CHANNEL\_2

IS\_DAC\_CHANNEL

**DAC data**

## IS\_DAC\_DATA

### *DAC data alignment*

DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_R

DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_L

DAC\_ALIGN\_8B\_R

IS\_DAC\_ALIGN

### *DAC Error Code*

HAL\_DAC\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

HAL\_DAC\_ERROR\_DMAUNDERRUNCH1

DAC channel1 DMA underrun error

HAL\_DAC\_ERROR\_DMAUNDERRUNCH2

DAC channel2 DMA underrun error

HAL\_DAC\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA error

HAL\_DAC\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid callback error

### *DAC Exported Macros*

\_\_HAL\_DAC\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### **Description:**

- Reset DAC handle state.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the DAC handle.

#### **Return value:**

- None

\_\_HAL\_DAC\_ENABLE

#### **Description:**

- Enable the DAC channel.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the DAC handle.
- `__DAC_CHANNEL__`: specifies the DAC channel

#### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DAC\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the DAC channel.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the DAC handle
- `__DAC_CHANNEL__`: specifies the DAC channel.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DAC\_ENABLE\_IT

## \_\_HAL\_DAC\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the DAC interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the DAC handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the DAC interrupt.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DAC\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified DAC interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DAC handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: DAC interrupt source to check This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `DAC_IT_DMAUDR1`: DAC channel 1 DMA underrun interrupt
  - `DAC_IT_DMAUDR2`: DAC channel 2 DMA underrun interrupt (STM32L072xx STM32L073xx STM32L082xx STM32L083xx only)

### Return value:

- State: of interruption (SET or RESET)

## \_\_HAL\_DAC\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the selected DAC's flag status.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the DAC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the FLAG.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DAC\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the DAC's flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the DAC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the FLAG.

### Return value:

- None

***DAC flags definition*****DAC\_FLAG\_DMAUDR1****DAC\_FLAG\_DMAUDR2*****DAC IT definition*****DAC\_IT\_DMAUDR1****DAC\_IT\_DMAUDR2*****DAC output buffer*****DAC\_OUTPUTBUFFER\_ENABLE****DAC\_OUTPUTBUFFER\_DISABLE****IS\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_STATE*****DAC trigger selection*****DAC\_TRIGGER\_NONE**

Conversion is automatic once the DAC1\_DHRxxxx register has been loaded, and not by external trigger

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_T6\_TRGO**

TIM6 TRGO selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_T21\_TRGO**

TIM21 TRGO selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_T2\_TRGO**

TIM2 TRGO selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_EXT\_IT9**

EXTI Line9 event selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_SOFTWARE**

Conversion started by software trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_T3\_TRGO**

TIM3 TRGO selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_T3\_CH3**

TIM3 CH3 selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**DAC\_TRIGGER\_T7\_TRGO**

TIM7 TRGO selected as external conversion trigger for DAC channel

**IS\_DAC\_TRIGGER**

## 17 HAL DAC Extension Driver

### 17.1 DACEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the DACEx library.

#### 17.1.1 How to use this driver

- When Dual mode is enabled (i.e DAC Channel1 and Channel2 are used simultaneously) : Use HAL\_DACEx\_DualGetValue() to get digital data to be converted and use HAL\_DACEx\_DualSetValue() to set digital value to converted simultaneously in Channel 1 and Channel 2.
- Use HAL\_DACEx\_TriangleWaveGenerate() to generate Triangle signal.
- Use HAL\_DACEx\_NoiseWaveGenerate() to generate Noise signal.

#### 17.1.2 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_DACEx\_TriangleWaveGenerate

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DACEx\_TriangleWaveGenerate (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t Amplitude)**

###### Function description

Enable or disable the selected DAC channel wave generation.

###### Parameters

- **hdac**: pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel**: The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)
- **Amplitude**: Select max triangle amplitude. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_1: Select max triangle amplitude of 1
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_3: Select max triangle amplitude of 3
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_7: Select max triangle amplitude of 7
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_15: Select max triangle amplitude of 15
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_31: Select max triangle amplitude of 31
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_63: Select max triangle amplitude of 63
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_127: Select max triangle amplitude of 127
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_255: Select max triangle amplitude of 255
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_511: Select max triangle amplitude of 511
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_1023: Select max triangle amplitude of 1023
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_2047: Select max triangle amplitude of 2047
  - DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_4095: Select max triangle amplitude of 4095

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_DACEx\_NoiseWaveGenerate

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DACEx\_NoiseWaveGenerate (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t Amplitude)**

## Function description

Enable or disable the selected DAC channel wave generation.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Channel:** The selected DAC channel. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_1: DAC Channel1 selected
  - DAC\_CHANNEL\_2: DAC Channel2 selected (STM32L07x/STM32L08x only)
- **Amplitude:** Unmask DAC channel LFSR for noise wave generation. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BIT0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit0 for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS1\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[1:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS2\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[2:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS3\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[3:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS4\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[4:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS5\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[5:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS6\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[6:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS7\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[7:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS8\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[8:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS9\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[9:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS10\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[10:0] for noise wave generation
  - DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS11\_0: Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[11:0] for noise wave generation

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_DACEx\_DualGetValue

## Function name

uint32\_t HAL\_DACEx\_DualGetValue (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)

## Function description

Returns the last data output value of the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

## Return values

- **The:** selected DAC channel data output value.

## HAL\_DACEx\_DualSetValue

## Function name

HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DACEx\_DualSetValue (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac, uint32\_t Alignment, uint32\_t Data1, uint32\_t Data2)

## Function description

Set the specified data holding register value for dual DAC channel.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.
- **Alignment:** Specifies the data alignment for dual channel DAC. This parameter can be one of the following values: DAC\_ALIGN\_8B\_R: 8bit right data alignment selected DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_L: 12bit left data alignment selected DAC\_ALIGN\_12B\_R: 12bit right data alignment selected
- **Data1:** Data for DAC Channel1 to be loaded in the selected data holding register.
- **Data2:** Data for DAC Channel2 to be loaded in the selected data holding register.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- In dual mode, a unique register access is required to write in both DAC channels at the same time.

## HAL\_DACEx\_ConvCpltCallbackCh2

### Function name

```
void HAL_DACEx_ConvCpltCallbackCh2 (DAC_HandleTypeDef * hdac)
```

### Function description

Conversion complete callback in non blocking mode for Channel2.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_DACEx\_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2

### Function name

```
void HAL_DACEx_ConvHalfCpltCallbackCh2 (DAC_HandleTypeDef * hdac)
```

### Function description

Conversion half DMA transfer callback in non blocking mode for Channel2.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_DACEx\_ErrorCallbackCh2

### Function name

```
void HAL_DACEx_ErrorCallbackCh2 (DAC_HandleTypeDef * hdac)
```

### Function description

Error DAC callback for Channel2.

### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.



#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_DACEx\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_DACEx\_DMAUnderrunCallbackCh2 (DAC\_HandleTypeDef \* hdac)**

#### Function description

DMA underrun DAC callback for Channel2.

#### Parameters

- **hdac:** pointer to a DAC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DAC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## 17.2 DACEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 17.2.1

#### DACEx

DACEx

***DACEx lfsrunmask triangleamplitude***

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BIT0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit0 for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS1\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[1:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS2\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[2:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS3\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[3:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS4\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[4:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS5\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[5:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS6\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[6:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS7\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[7:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS8\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[8:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS9\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[9:0] for noise wave generation

#### DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS10\_0

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[10:0] for noise wave generation

**DAC\_LFSRUNMASK\_BITS11\_0**

Unmask DAC channel LFSR bit[11:0] for noise wave generation

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_1**

Select max triangle amplitude of 1

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_3**

Select max triangle amplitude of 3

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_7**

Select max triangle amplitude of 7

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_15**

Select max triangle amplitude of 15

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_31**

Select max triangle amplitude of 31

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_63**

Select max triangle amplitude of 63

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_127**

Select max triangle amplitude of 127

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_255**

Select max triangle amplitude of 255

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_511**

Select max triangle amplitude of 511

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_1023**

Select max triangle amplitude of 1023

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_2047**

Select max triangle amplitude of 2047

**DAC\_TRIANGLEAMPLITUDE\_4095**

Select max triangle amplitude of 4095

**IS\_DAC\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE**

## 18 HAL DMA Generic Driver

### 18.1 DMA Firmware driver registers structures

#### 18.1.1 DMA\_InitTypeDef

**DMA\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_dma.h`

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Request**
- **uint32\_t Direction**
- **uint32\_t PeriphInc**
- **uint32\_t MemInc**
- **uint32\_t PeriphDataAlignment**
- **uint32\_t MemDataAlignment**
- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t Priority**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::Request**  
Specifies the request selected for the specified channel. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_request](#)
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::Direction**  
Specifies if the data will be transferred from memory to peripheral, from memory to memory or from peripheral to memory. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_Data\\_transfer\\_direction](#)
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::PeriphInc**  
Specifies whether the Peripheral address register should be incremented or not. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_Peripheral\\_incremented\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::MemInc**  
Specifies whether the memory address register should be incremented or not. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_Memory\\_incremented\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::PeriphDataAlignment**  
Specifies the Peripheral data width. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_Peripheral\\_data\\_size](#)
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::MemDataAlignment**  
Specifies the Memory data width. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_Memory\\_data\\_size](#)
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
Specifies the operation mode of the DMAy Channelx. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_mode](#)

**Note:**

- The circular buffer mode cannot be used if the memory-to-memory data transfer is configured on the selected Channel
- **uint32\_t DMA\_InitTypeDef::Priority**  
Specifies the software priority for the DMAy Channelx. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_Priority\\_level](#)

#### 18.1.2 \_\_DMA\_HandleTypeDef

**\_\_DMA\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_dma.h`

Data Fields

- **DMA\_Channel\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **DMA\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_DMA\_StateTypeDef State**
- **void \* Parent**
- **void(\* XferCpltCallback**
- **void(\* XferHalfCpltCallback**
- **void(\* XferErrorCallback**

- **`void(* XferAbortCallback`**
- **`__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`**
- **`DMA_TypeDef * DmaBaseAddress`**
- **`uint32_t ChannelIndex`**

#### Field Documentation

- **`DMA_Channel_TypeDef* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
Register base address
- **`DMA_InitTypeDef __DMA_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
DMA communication parameters
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef __DMA_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**  
DMA locking object
- **`__IO HAL_DMA_StateTypeDef __DMA_HandleTypeDef::State`**  
DMA transfer state
- **`void* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::Parent`**  
Parent object state
- **`void(* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::XferCpltCallback)(struct __DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdma)`**  
DMA transfer complete callback
- **`void(* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::XferHalfCpltCallback)(struct __DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdma)`**  
DMA Half transfer complete callback
- **`void(* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::XferErrorCallback)(struct __DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdma)`**  
DMA transfer error callback
- **`void(* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::XferAbortCallback)(struct __DMA_HandleTypeDef *hdma)`**  
DMA transfer abort callback
- **`__IO uint32_t __DMA_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`**  
DMA Error code
- **`DMA_TypeDef* __DMA_HandleTypeDef::DmaBaseAddress`**  
DMA Channel Base Address
- **`uint32_t __DMA_HandleTypeDef::ChannelIndex`**  
DMA Channel Index

## 18.2 DMA Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the DMA library.

### 18.2.1 How to use this driver

1. Enable and configure the peripheral to be connected to the DMA Channel (except for internal SRAM / FLASH memories: no initialization is necessary).
2. For a given Channel, program the required configuration through the following parameters: Channel request, Transfer Direction, Source and Destination data formats, Circular or Normal mode, Channel Priority level, Source and Destination Increment mode using `HAL_DMA_Init()` function.
3. Use `HAL_DMA_GetState()` function to return the DMA state and `HAL_DMA_GetError()` in case of error detection.
4. Use `HAL_DMA_Abort()` function to abort the current transfer

**Note:** *In Memory-to-Memory transfer mode, Circular mode is not allowed.*

#### Polling mode IO operation

- Use `HAL_DMA_Start()` to start DMA transfer after the configuration of Source address and destination address and the Length of data to be transferred
- Use `HAL_DMA_PollForTransfer()` to poll for the end of current transfer, in this case a fixed Timeout can be configured by User depending from his application.

#### Interrupt mode IO operation

- Configure the DMA interrupt priority using `HAL_NVIC_SetPriority()`
- Enable the DMA IRQ handler using `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ()`

- Use HAL\_DMA\_Start\_IT() to start DMA transfer after the configuration of Source address and destination address and the Length of data to be transferred. In this case the DMA interrupt is configured
- Use HAL\_DMA\_IRQHandler() called under DMA\_IRQHandler() Interrupt subroutine
- At the end of data transfer HAL\_DMA\_IRQHandler() function is executed and user can add his own function to register callbacks with HAL\_DMA\_RegisterCallback().

#### DMA HAL driver macros list

Below the list of macros in DMA HAL driver.

- `__HAL_DMA_ENABLE`: Enable the specified DMA Channel.
- `__HAL_DMA_DISABLE`: Disable the specified DMA Channel.
- `__HAL_DMA_GET_FLAG`: Get the DMA Channel pending flags.
- `__HAL_DMA_CLEAR_FLAG`: Clear the DMA Channel pending flags.
- `__HAL_DMA_ENABLE_IT`: Enable the specified DMA Channel interrupts.
- `__HAL_DMA_DISABLE_IT`: Disable the specified DMA Channel interrupts.
- `__HAL_DMA_GET_IT_SOURCE`: Check whether the specified DMA Channel interrupt has occurred or not.

*Note:* You can refer to the DMA HAL driver header file for more useful macros

### 18.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to initialize the DMA Channel source and destination addresses, incrementation and data sizes, transfer direction, circular/normal mode selection, memory-to-memory mode selection and Channel priority value.

The HAL\_DMA\_Init() function follows the DMA configuration procedures as described in reference manual.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_DMA\_Init\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_DeInit\(\)`](#)

### 18.2.3 IO operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure the source, destination address and data length and Start DMA transfer
- Configure the source, destination address and data length and Start DMA transfer with interrupt
- Abort DMA transfer
- Poll for transfer complete
- Handle DMA interrupt request

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_DMA\_Start\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_Start\_IT\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_Abort\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_PollForTransfer\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_IRQHandler\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_RegisterCallback\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_DMA\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)`](#)

### 18.2.4 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to

- Check the DMA state
- Get error code

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_DMA\_GetState\(\)`](#)

- [HAL\\_DMA\\_GetError\(\)](#)

## 18.2.5 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_DMA\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DMA\_Init (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

#### Function description

Initialize the DMA according to the specified parameters in the DMA\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **hdma:** Pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_DMA\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DMA\_DeInit (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize the DMA peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **hdma:** pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_DMA\_Start

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_DMA\_Start (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma, uint32\_t SrcAddress, uint32\_t DstAddress, uint32\_t DataLength)**

#### Function description

Start the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **hdma:** pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.
- **SrcAddress:** The source memory Buffer address
- **DstAddress:** The destination memory Buffer address
- **DataLength:** The length of data to be transferred from source to destination

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_DMA\_Start\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_Start_IT (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma, uint32_t SrcAddress, uint32_t DstAddress, uint32_t DataLength)
```

### Function description

Start the DMA Transfer with interrupt enabled.

### Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.
- **SrcAddress**: The source memory Buffer address
- **DstAddress**: The destination memory Buffer address
- **DataLength**: The length of data to be transferred from source to destination

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_DMA\_Abort

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_Abort (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma)
```

### Function description

Abort the DMA Transfer.

### Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_Abort_IT (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma)
```

### Function description

Aborts the DMA Transfer in Interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_DMA\_PollForTransfer

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_PollForTransfer (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma, HAL_DMA_LevelCompleteTypeDef CompleteLevel, uint32_t Timeout)
```

### Function description

Polling for transfer complete.

## Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.
- **CompleteLevel**: Specifies the DMA level complete.
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_DMA\_IRQHandler

## Function name

```
void HAL_DMA_IRQHandler (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma)
```

## Function description

Handle DMA interrupt request.

## Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

## Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_DMA\_RegisterCallback

## Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_RegisterCallback (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma,  
HAL_DMA_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, void(*)(DMA_HandleTypeDef * _hdma) pCallback)
```

## Function description

Register callbacks.

## Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.
- **CallbackID**: User Callback identifier a HAL\_DMA\_CallbackIDTypeDef ENUM as parameter.
- **pCallback**: pointer to private callback function which has pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure as parameter.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_DMA\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_DMA_UnRegisterCallback (DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma,  
HAL_DMA_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)
```

## Function description

UnRegister callbacks.

## Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.
- **CallbackID**: User Callback identifier a HAL\_DMA\_CallbackIDTypeDef ENUM as parameter.



#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_DMA\_GetState**

#### Function name

**HAL\_DMA\_StateTypeDef HAL\_DMA\_GetState (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

#### Function description

Return the DMA handle state.

#### Parameters

- **hdma:** pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** state

**HAL\_DMA\_GetError**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_DMA\_GetError (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

#### Function description

Return the DMA error code.

#### Parameters

- **hdma:** pointer to a DMA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified DMA Channel.

#### Return values

- **DMA:** Error Code

## 18.3 DMA Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 18.3.1 DMA

DMA

***DMA Data transfer direction***

#### DMA\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY

Peripheral to memory direction

#### DMA\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH

Memory to peripheral direction

#### DMA\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY

Memory to memory direction

***DMA Error Code***

#### HAL\_DMA\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_DMA\_ERROR\_TE

Transfer error

## HAL\_DMA\_ERROR\_NO\_XFER

Abort requested with no Xfer ongoing

## HAL\_DMA\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT

Timeout error

## HAL\_DMA\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED

Not supported mode

### DMA Exported Macros

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### Description:

- Reset DMA handle state.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_ENABLE

#### Description:

- Enable the specified DMA Channel.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_DISABLE

#### Description:

- Disable the specified DMA Channel.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_TC\_FLAG\_INDEX

#### Description:

- Return the current DMA Channel transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

#### Return value:

- The: specified transfer complete flag index.

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_HT\_FLAG\_INDEX

#### Description:

- Return the current DMA Channel half transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

#### Return value:

- The: specified half transfer complete flag index.

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_TE\_FLAG\_INDEX

### Description:

- Returns the current DMA Channel transfer error flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

### Return value:

- The: specified transfer error flag index.

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_GI\_FLAG\_INDEX

### Description:

- Returns the current DMA Channel Global interrupt flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

### Return value:

- The: specified transfer error flag index.

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the DMA Channel pending flags.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle
- `__FLAG__`: Get the specified flag. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `DMA_FLAG_TCIFx`: Transfer complete flag
  - `DMA_FLAG_HTIFx`: Half transfer complete flag
  - `DMA_FLAG_TEIFx`: Transfer error flag
  - `DMA_ISR_GIFx`: Global interrupt flag Where x can be 0\_4, 1\_5, 2\_6 or 3\_7 to select the DMA Channel flag.

### Return value:

- The: state of FLAG (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clears the DMA Channel pending flags.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `DMA_FLAG_TCx`: Transfer complete flag
  - `DMA_FLAG-HTx`: Half transfer complete flag
  - `DMA_FLAG_TEx`: Transfer error flag
  - `DMA_FLAG_GLx`: Global interrupt flag Where x can be 0\_4, 1\_5, 2\_6 or 3\_7 to select the DMA Channel flag.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified DMA Channel interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the DMA interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `DMA_IT_TC`: Transfer complete interrupt mask
  - `DMA_IT_HT`: Half transfer complete interrupt mask
  - `DMA_IT_TE`: Transfer error interrupt mask

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified DMA Channel interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the DMA interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `DMA_IT_TC`: Transfer complete interrupt mask
  - `DMA_IT_HT`: Half transfer complete interrupt mask
  - `DMA_IT_TE`: Transfer error interrupt mask

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified DMA Channel interrupt is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the DMA interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `DMA_IT_TC`: Transfer complete interrupt mask
  - `DMA_IT_HT`: Half transfer complete interrupt mask
  - `DMA_IT_TE`: Transfer error interrupt mask

### Return value:

- The: state of `DMA_IT` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_DMA\_GET\_COUNTER

### Description:

- Return the number of remaining data units in the current DMA Channel transfer.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: DMA handle

### Return value:

- The: number of remaining data units in the current DMA Channel transfer.

### DMA flag definitions

## DMA\_FLAG\_GL1

DMA\_FLAG\_TC1

DMA\_FLAG\_HT1

DMA\_FLAG\_TE1

DMA\_FLAG\_GL2

DMA\_FLAG\_TC2

DMA\_FLAG\_HT2

DMA\_FLAG\_TE2

DMA\_FLAG\_GL3

DMA\_FLAG\_TC3

DMA\_FLAG\_HT3

DMA\_FLAG\_TE3

DMA\_FLAG\_GL4

DMA\_FLAG\_TC4

DMA\_FLAG\_HT4

DMA\_FLAG\_TE4

DMA\_FLAG\_GL5

DMA\_FLAG\_TC5

DMA\_FLAG\_HT5

DMA\_FLAG\_TE5

DMA\_FLAG\_GL6

DMA\_FLAG\_TC6

DMA\_FLAG\_HT6

DMA\_FLAG\_TE6

DMA\_FLAG\_GL7

DMA\_FLAG\_TC7

DMA\_FLAG\_HT7

DMA\_FLAG\_TE7

***TIM DMA Handle Index***

## TIM\_DMA\_ID\_UPDATE

Index of the DMA handle used for Update DMA requests

## TIM\_DMA\_ID\_CC1

Index of the DMA handle used for Capture/Compare 1 DMA requests

## TIM\_DMA\_ID\_CC2

Index of the DMA handle used for Capture/Compare 2 DMA requests

## TIM\_DMA\_ID\_CC3

Index of the DMA handle used for Capture/Compare 3 DMA requests

## TIM\_DMA\_ID\_CC4

Index of the DMA handle used for Capture/Compare 4 DMA requests

## TIM\_DMA\_ID\_TRIGGER

Index of the DMA handle used for Trigger DMA requests

### ***DMA interrupt enable definitions***

## DMA\_IT\_TC

## DMA\_IT\_HT

## DMA\_IT\_TE

### ***DMA Memory data size***

## DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_BYTE

Memory data alignment : Byte

## DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD

Memory data alignment : HalfWord

## DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_WORD

Memory data alignment : Word

### ***DMA Memory incremented mode***

## DMA\_MINC\_ENABLE

Memory increment mode Enable

## DMA\_MINC\_DISABLE

Memory increment mode Disable

### ***DMA mode***

## DMA\_NORMAL

Normal mode

## DMA\_CIRCULAR

Circular mode

### ***DMA Peripheral data size***

## DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_BYTE

Peripheral data alignment : Byte

**DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD**

Peripheral data alignment : HalfWord

**DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_WORD**

Peripheral data alignment : Word

***DMA Peripheral incremented mode*****DMA\_PINC\_ENABLE**

Peripheral increment mode Enable

**DMA\_PINC\_DISABLE**

Peripheral increment mode Disable

***DMA Priority level*****DMA\_PRIORITY\_LOW**

Priority level : Low

**DMA\_PRIORITY\_MEDIUM**

Priority level : Medium

**DMA\_PRIORITY\_HIGH**

Priority level : High

**DMA\_PRIORITY\_VERY\_HIGH**

Priority level : Very\_High

***DMA request*****DMA\_REQUEST\_0****DMA\_REQUEST\_1****DMA\_REQUEST\_2****DMA\_REQUEST\_3****DMA\_REQUEST\_4****DMA\_REQUEST\_5****DMA\_REQUEST\_6****DMA\_REQUEST\_7****DMA\_REQUEST\_8****DMA\_REQUEST\_9****DMA\_REQUEST\_10****DMA\_REQUEST\_11****DMA\_REQUEST\_12****DMA\_REQUEST\_13**



DMA\_REQUEST\_14

DMA\_REQUEST\_15

IS\_DMA\_ALL\_REQUEST



## 19 HAL EXTI Generic Driver

### 19.1 EXTI Firmware driver registers structures

#### 19.1.1 EXTI\_HandleTypeDef

**EXTI\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_exti.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Line**
- **void(\* PendingCallback**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t EXTI\_HandleTypeDef::Line**  
Exti line number
- **void(\* EXTI\_HandleTypeDef::PendingCallback)(void)**  
Exti pending callback

#### 19.1.2 EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef

**EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_exti.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Line**
- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t Trigger**
- **uint32\_t GPIOSel**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef::Line**  
The Exti line to be configured. This parameter can be a value of [EXTI\\_Line](#)
- **uint32\_t EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef::Mode**  
The Exit Mode to be configured for a core. This parameter can be a combination of [EXTI\\_Mode](#)
- **uint32\_t EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef::Trigger**  
The Exti Trigger to be configured. This parameter can be a value of [EXTI\\_Trigger](#)
- **uint32\_t EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef::GPIOSel**  
The Exti GPIO multiplexer selection to be configured. This parameter is only possible for line 0 to 15. It can be a value of [EXTI\\_GPIOSel](#)

### 19.2 EXTI Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the EXTI library.

#### 19.2.1 EXTI Peripheral features

- Each Exti line can be configured within this driver.
- Exti line can be configured in 3 different modes
  - Interrupt
  - Event
  - Both of them
- Configurable Exti lines can be configured with 3 different triggers
  - Rising
  - Falling
  - Both of them

- When set in interrupt mode, configurable Exti lines have two different interrupts pending registers which allow to distinguish which transition occurs:
  - Rising edge pending interrupt
  - Falling
- Exti lines 0 to 15 are linked to gpio pin number 0 to 15. Gpio port can be selected through multiplexer.

## 19.2.2 How to use this driver

1. Configure the EXTI line using `HAL_EXTI_SetConfigLine()`.
  - Choose the interrupt line number by setting "Line" member from `EXTI_ConfigTypeDef` structure.
  - Configure the interrupt and/or event mode using "Mode" member from `EXTI_ConfigTypeDef` structure.
  - For configurable lines, configure rising and/or falling trigger "Trigger" member from `EXTI_ConfigTypeDef` structure.
  - For Exti lines linked to gpio, choose gpio port using "GPIOSel" member from `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure.
2. Get current Exti configuration of a dedicated line using `HAL_EXTI_GetConfigLine()`.
  - Provide exiting handle as parameter.
  - Provide pointer on `EXTI_ConfigTypeDef` structure as second parameter.
3. Clear Exti configuration of a dedicated line using `HAL_EXTI_GetConfigLine()`.
  - Provide exiting handle as parameter.
4. Register callback to treat Exti interrupts using `HAL_EXTI_RegisterCallback()`.
  - Provide exiting handle as first parameter.
  - Provide which callback will be registered using one value from `EXTI_CallbackIDTypeDef`.
  - Provide callback function pointer.
5. Get interrupt pending bit using `HAL_EXTI_GetPending()`.
6. Clear interrupt pending bit using `HAL_EXTI_GetPending()`.
7. Generate software interrupt using `HAL_EXTI_GenerateSWI()`.

## 19.2.3 Configuration functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_EXTI\_SetConfigLine\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_EXTI\_GetConfigLine\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_EXTI\_ClearConfigLine\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_EXTI\_RegisterCallback\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_EXTI\_GetHandle\(\)`](#)

## 19.2.4 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_EXTI\_SetConfigLine

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_EXTI\_SetConfigLine (EXTI\_HandleTypeDef \* hexti, EXTI\_ConfigTypeDef \* pExtiConfig)**

#### Function description

Set configuration of a dedicated Exti line.

#### Parameters

- **hexti**: Exti handle.
- **pExtiConfig**: Pointer on EXTI configuration to be set.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: Status.

## HAL\_EXTI\_GetConfigLine

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_EXTI_GetConfigLine (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexiti, EXTI_ConfigTypeDef *
pExtiConfig)
```

### Function description

Get configuration of a dedicated Exti line.

### Parameters

- **hexiti**: Exti handle.
- **pExtiConfig**: Pointer on structure to store Exti configuration.

### Return values

- **HAL**: Status.

## HAL\_EXTI\_ClearConfigLine

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_EXTI_ClearConfigLine (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexiti)
```

### Function description

Clear whole configuration of a dedicated Exti line.

### Parameters

- **hexiti**: Exti handle.

### Return values

- **HAL**: Status.

## HAL\_EXTI\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_EXTI_RegisterCallback (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexiti, EXTI_CallbackIDTypeDef
CallbackID, void(*)(void) pPendingCbf)
```

### Function description

Register callback for a dedicated Exti line.

### Parameters

- **hexiti**: Exti handle.
- **CallbackID**: User callback identifier. This parameter can be one of
  - EXTI\_CallbackIDTypeDef values.
- **pPendingCbf**: function pointer to be stored as callback.

### Return values

- **HAL**: Status.

## HAL\_EXTI\_GetHandle

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_EXTI_GetHandle (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexiti, uint32_t ExtiLine)
```

### Function description

Store line number as handle private field.

#### Parameters

- **hexti:** Exti handle.
- **ExtiLine:** Exti line number. This parameter can be from 0 to EXTI\_LINE\_NB.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** Status.

#### HAL\_EXTI\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_EXTI_IRQHandler (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexti)
```

#### Function description

Handle EXTI interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hexti:** Exti handle.

#### Return values

- **none.:**

#### HAL\_EXTI\_GetPending

#### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_EXTI_GetPending (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexti, uint32_t Edge)
```

#### Function description

Get interrupt pending bit of a dedicated line.

#### Parameters

- **hexti:** Exti handle.
- **Edge:** Specify which pending edge as to be checked. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - EXTI\_TRIGGER\_RISING\_FALLING This parameter is kept for compatibility with other series.

#### Return values

- **1:** if interrupt is pending else 0.

#### HAL\_EXTI\_ClearPending

#### Function name

```
void HAL_EXTI_ClearPending (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexti, uint32_t Edge)
```

#### Function description

Clear interrupt pending bit of a dedicated line.

#### Parameters

- **hexti:** Exti handle.
- **Edge:** Specify which pending edge as to be clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - EXTI\_TRIGGER\_RISING\_FALLING This parameter is kept for compatibility with other series.

#### Return values

- **None.:**

#### HAL\_EXTI\_GenerateSWI

#### Function name

```
void HAL_EXTI_GenerateSWI (EXTI_HandleTypeDef * hexti)
```

## Function description

Generate a software interrupt for a dedicated line.

## Parameters

- **hexti:** Exti handle.

## Return values

- **None.:**

## 19.3 EXTI Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 19.3.1 EXTI

EXTI  
*EXTI GPIOSeI*

EXTI\_GPIOA

EXTI\_GPIOB

EXTI\_GPIOC

EXTI\_GPIOD

EXTI\_GPIOE

EXTI\_GPIOH

### *EXTI Line*

EXTI\_LINE\_0

External interrupt line 0

EXTI\_LINE\_1

External interrupt line 1

EXTI\_LINE\_2

External interrupt line 2

EXTI\_LINE\_3

External interrupt line 3

EXTI\_LINE\_4

External interrupt line 4

EXTI\_LINE\_5

External interrupt line 5

EXTI\_LINE\_6

External interrupt line 6

EXTI\_LINE\_7

External interrupt line 7

EXTI\_LINE\_8

External interrupt line 8

**EXTI\_LINE\_9**

External interrupt line 9

**EXTI\_LINE\_10**

External interrupt line 10

**EXTI\_LINE\_11**

External interrupt line 11

**EXTI\_LINE\_12**

External interrupt line 12

**EXTI\_LINE\_13**

External interrupt line 13

**EXTI\_LINE\_14**

External interrupt line 14

**EXTI\_LINE\_15**

External interrupt line 15

**EXTI\_LINE\_16**

External interrupt line 16 Connected to the PVD Output

**EXTI\_LINE\_17**

External interrupt line 17 Connected to the RTC Alarm event

**EXTI\_LINE\_18**

External interrupt line 18 Connected to the USB Wakeup from suspend event

**EXTI\_LINE\_19**

External interrupt line 19 Connected to the RTC Tamper and Time Stamp events or CSS\_LSE

**EXTI\_LINE\_20**

External interrupt line 20 Connected to the RTC wakeup timer

**EXTI\_LINE\_21**

External interrupt line 21 Connected to the Comparator 1 output

**EXTI\_LINE\_22**

External interrupt line 22 Connected to the Comparator 2 output

**EXTI\_LINE\_23**

External interrupt line 23 Connected to the internal I2C1 wakeup event

**EXTI\_LINE\_24**

External interrupt line 24 Connected to the internal I2C3 wakeup event

**EXTI\_LINE\_25**

External interrupt line 25 Connected to the internal USART1 wakeup event

**EXTI\_LINE\_26**

External interrupt line 26 Connected to the internal USART2 wakeup event

**EXTI\_LINE\_27**

No interrupt supported in this line

**EXTI\_LINE\_28**

External interrupt line 28 Connected to the LPUART1 Wakeup event

**EXTI\_LINE\_29**

External interrupt line 29 Connected to the LPTIM1 Wakeup event

***EXTI Mode*****EXTI\_MODE\_NONE****EXTI\_MODE\_INTERRUPT****EXTI\_MODE\_EVENT*****EXTI Trigger*****EXTI\_TRIGGER\_NONE****EXTI\_TRIGGER\_RISING****EXTI\_TRIGGER\_FALLING****EXTI\_TRIGGER\_RISING\_FALLING**

## 20 HAL FIREWALL Generic Driver

### 20.1 FIREWALL Firmware driver registers structures

#### 20.1.1 FIREWALL\_InitTypeDef

**FIREWALL\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_firewall.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t CodeSegmentStartAddress`**
- **`uint32_t CodeSegmentLength`**
- **`uint32_t NonVDataSegmentStartAddress`**
- **`uint32_t NonVDataSegmentLength`**
- **`uint32_t VDataSegmentStartAddress`**
- **`uint32_t VDataSegmentLength`**
- **`uint32_t VolatileDataExecution`**
- **`uint32_t VolatileDataShared`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::CodeSegmentStartAddress`**  
Protected code segment start address. This value is 24-bit long, the 8 LSB bits are reserved and forced to 0 in order to allow a 256-byte granularity.
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::CodeSegmentLength`**  
Protected code segment length in bytes. This value is 22-bit long, the 8 LSB bits are reserved and forced to 0 for the length to be a multiple of 256 bytes.
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::NonVDataSegmentStartAddress`**  
Protected non-volatile data segment start address. This value is 24-bit long, the 8 LSB bits are reserved and forced to 0 in order to allow a 256-byte granularity.
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::NonVDataSegmentLength`**  
Protected non-volatile data segment length in bytes. This value is 22-bit long, the 8 LSB bits are reserved and forced to 0 for the length to be a multiple of 256 bytes.
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::VDataSegmentStartAddress`**  
Protected volatile data segment start address. This value is 17-bit long, the 6 LSB bits are reserved and forced to 0 in order to allow a 64-byte granularity.
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::VDataSegmentLength`**  
Protected volatile data segment length in bytes. This value is 17-bit long, the 6 LSB bits are reserved and forced to 0 for the length to be a multiple of 64 bytes.
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::VolatileDataExecution`**  
Set VDE bit specifying whether or not the volatile data segment can be executed. When VDS = 1 (set by parameter `VolatileDataShared`), VDE bit has no meaning. This parameter can be a value of [\*\*`FIREWALL\_VolatileData\_Executable`\*\*](#)
- **`uint32_t FIREWALL_InitTypeDef::VolatileDataShared`**  
Set VDS bit in specifying whether or not the volatile data segment can be shared with a non-protected application code. This parameter can be a value of [\*\*`FIREWALL\_VolatileData\_Shared`\*\*](#)

### 20.2 FIREWALL Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the FIREWALL library.

#### 20.2.1 How to use this driver

The FIREWALL HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a `FIREWALL_InitTypeDef` initialization structure.
2. Resort to `HAL_FIREWALL_Config()` API to initialize the Firewall
3. Enable the FIREWALL in calling `HAL_FIREWALL_EnableFirewall()` API



4. To ensure that any code executed outside the protected segment closes the FIREWALL, the user must set the flag `FIREWALL_PRE_ARM_SET` in calling `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_ENABLE()` macro if called within a protected code segment or `HAL_FIREWALL_EnablePreArmFlag()` API if called outside of protected code segment after `HAL_FIREWALL_Config()` call.

### 20.2.2 Initialization and Configuration functions

This subsection provides the functions allowing to initialize the Firewall. Initialization is done by `HAL_FIREWALL_Config()`:

- Enable the Firewall clock thru `__HAL_RCC_FIREWALL_CLK_ENABLE()` macro.
- Set the protected code segment address start and length.
- Set the protected non-volatile and/or volatile data segments address starts and lengths if applicable.
- Set the volatile data segment execution and sharing status.
- Length must be set to 0 for an unprotected segment.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_FIREWALL\_Config\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_FIREWALL\_GetConfig\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_FIREWALL\_EnableFirewall\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_FIREWALL\_EnablePreArmFlag\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_FIREWALL\_DisablePreArmFlag\(\)`](#)

### 20.2.3 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_FIREWALL\_Config

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FIREWALL\_Config (FIREWALL\_InitTypeDef \* fw\_init)**

##### Function description

Initialize the Firewall according to the `FIREWALL_InitTypeDef` structure parameters.

##### Parameters

- **fw\_init:** Firewall initialization structure

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

##### Notes

- The API returns `HAL_ERROR` if the Firewall is already enabled.

#### HAL\_FIREWALL\_GetConfig

##### Function name

**void HAL\_FIREWALL\_GetConfig (FIREWALL\_InitTypeDef \* fw\_config)**

##### Function description

Retrieve the Firewall configuration.

##### Parameters

- **fw\_config:** Firewall configuration, type is same as initialization structure

##### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This API can't be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall when the Firewall is enabled
- If NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, if the non volatile data segment is defined, this API can't be executed when the Firewall is enabled.
- User should resort to `__HAL_FIREWALL_GET_PREARM()` macro to retrieve FPA bit status

### HAL\_FIREWALL\_EnableFirewall

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FIREWALL\_EnableFirewall (void )**

#### Function description

Enable FIREWALL.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Firewall is enabled in clearing FWDIS bit of SYSCFG CFGR1 register. Once enabled, the Firewall cannot be disabled by software. Only a system reset can set again FWDIS bit.

### HAL\_FIREWALL\_EnablePreArmFlag

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FIREWALL\_EnablePreArmFlag (void )**

#### Function description

Enable FIREWALL pre arm.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When FPA bit is set, any code executed outside the protected segment will close the Firewall.
- This API provides the same service as `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_ENABLE()` macro but can't be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall.
- When the Firewall is disabled, user can resort to `HAL_FIREWALL_EnablePreArmFlag()` API any time.
- When the Firewall is enabled and NVDSL register is equal to 0 (that is, when the non volatile data segment is not defined), \*\* this API can be executed when the Firewall is closed \*\* when the Firewall is opened, user should resort to `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_ENABLE()` macro instead
- When the Firewall is enabled and NVDSL register is different from 0 (that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined) \*\* FW\_CR register can be accessed only when the Firewall is opened: user should resort to `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_ENABLE()` macro instead.

### HAL\_FIREWALL\_DisablePreArmFlag

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FIREWALL\_DisablePreArmFlag (void )**

#### Function description

Disable FIREWALL pre arm.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When FPA bit is reset, any code executed outside the protected segment when the Firewall is opened will generate a system reset.
- This API provides the same service as `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_DISABLE()` macro but can't be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall.
- When the Firewall is disabled, user can resort to `HAL_FIREWALL_EnablePreArmFlag()` API any time.
- When the Firewall is enabled and NVDSL register is equal to 0 (that is, when the non volatile data segment is not defined), \*\* this API can be executed when the Firewall is closed \*\* when the Firewall is opened, user should resort to `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_DISABLE()` macro instead
- When the Firewall is enabled and NVDSL register is different from 0 (that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined) \*\* FW\_CR register can be accessed only when the Firewall is opened: user should resort to `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_DISABLE()` macro instead.

## 20.3 FIREWALL Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 20.3.1 FIREWALL

FIREWALL

***FIREWALL Exported Macros***

#### `__HAL_FIREWALL_IS_ENABLED`

**Description:**

- Check whether the FIREWALL is enabled or not.

**Return value:**

- FIREWALL: enabling status (TRUE or FALSE).

#### `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_ENABLE`

**Notes:**

- When FPA bit is set, any code executed outside the protected segment closes the Firewall, otherwise it generates a system reset. This macro provides the same service as `HAL_FIREWALL_EnablePreArmFlag()` API but can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

#### `__HAL_FIREWALL_PREARM_DISABLE`

**Notes:**

- When FPA bit is set, any code executed outside the protected segment closes the Firewall, otherwise, it generates a system reset. This macro provides the same service as `HAL_FIREWALL_DisablePreArmFlag()` API but can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

#### `__HAL_FIREWALL_VOLATILEDATA_SHARED_ENABLE`

**Notes:**

- When VDS bit is set, the volatile data segment is shared with non-protected application code. It can be accessed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed). This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

## \_\_HAL\_FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_SHARED\_DISABLE

### Notes:

- When VDS bit is reset, the volatile data segment is not shared and cannot be hit by a non protected executable code when the Firewall is closed. If it is accessed in such a condition, a system reset is generated by the Firewall. This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

## \_\_HAL\_FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_EXECUTION\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- VDE bit is ignored when VDS is set. IF VDS = 1, the Volatile data segment can be executed whatever the VDE bit value. When VDE bit is set (with VDS = 0), the volatile data segment is executable. When the Firewall call is closed, a "call gate" entry procedure is required to open first the Firewall. This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

## \_\_HAL\_FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_EXECUTION\_DISABLE

### Notes:

- VDE bit is ignored when VDS is set. IF VDS = 1, the Volatile data segment can be executed whatever the VDE bit value. When VDE bit is reset (with VDS = 0), the volatile data segment cannot be executed. This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

## \_\_HAL\_FIREWALL\_GET\_VOLATILEDATA\_SHARED

### Description:

- Check whether or not the volatile data segment is shared.

### Return value:

- VDS: bit setting status (TRUE or FALSE).

### Notes:

- This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

## \_\_HAL\_FIREWALL\_GET\_VOLATILEDATA\_EXECUTION

### Description:

- Check whether or not the volatile data segment is declared executable.

### Return value:

- VDE: bit setting status (TRUE or FALSE).

### Notes:

- This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

## \_\_HAL\_FIREWALL\_GET\_PREARM

### Description:

- Check whether or not the Firewall pre arm bit is set.

### Return value:

- FPA: bit setting status (TRUE or FALSE).

### Notes:

- This macro can be executed inside a code area protected by the Firewall. This macro can be executed whatever the Firewall state (opened or closed) when NVDSL register is equal to 0. Otherwise (when NVDSL register is different from 0, that is, when the non volatile data segment is defined), the macro can be executed only when the Firewall is opened.

### *FIREWALL pre arm status*

## FIREWALL\_PRE\_ARM\_RESET

## FIREWALL\_PRE\_ARM\_SET

### *FIREWALL volatile data segment execution status*

## FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_NOT\_EXECUTABLE

## FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_EXECUTABLE

### *FIREWALL volatile data segment share status*

## FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_NOT\_SHARED

## FIREWALL\_VOLATILEDATA\_SHARED

## 21 HAL FLASH Generic Driver

### 21.1 FLASH Firmware driver registers structures

#### 21.1.1 FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef

**FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_flash.h

Data Fields

- **\_\_IO FLASH\_ProcedureTypeDef ProcedureOnGoing**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t NbPagesToErase**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t Address**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t Page**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode**

Field Documentation

- **\_\_IO FLASH\_ProcedureTypeDef FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef::ProcedureOnGoing**  
Internal variable to indicate which procedure is ongoing or not in IT context
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef::NbPagesToErase**  
Internal variable to save the remaining sectors to erase in IT context
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef::Address**  
Internal variable to save address selected for program or erase
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef::Page**  
Internal variable to define the current page which is erasing
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef::Lock**  
FLASH locking object
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t FLASH\_ProcessTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
FLASH error code This parameter can be a value of [FLASH\\_Error\\_Codes](#)

### 21.2 FLASH Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the FLASH library.

#### 21.2.1 FLASH peripheral features

The Flash memory interface manages CPU AHB I-Code and D-Code accesses to the Flash memory. It implements the erase and program Flash memory operations and the read and write protection mechanisms. The Flash memory interface accelerates code execution with a system of instruction prefetch.

The FLASH main features are:

- Flash memory read operations
- Flash memory program/erase operations
- Read / write protections
- Prefetch on I-Code
- Option Bytes programming

#### 21.2.2 How to use this driver

This driver provides functions and macros to configure and program the FLASH memory of all STM32L0xx devices.

1. FLASH Memory I/O Programming functions: this group includes all needed functions to erase and program the main memory:
  - Lock and Unlock the FLASH interface
  - Erase function: Erase page
  - Program functions: Fast Word and Half Page(should be executed from internal SRAM).

2. DATA EEPROM Programming functions: this group includes all needed functions to erase and program the DATA EEPROM memory:
  - Lock and Unlock the DATA EEPROM interface.
  - Erase function: Erase Byte, erase HalfWord, erase Word, erase Double Word (should be executed from internal SRAM).
  - Program functions: Fast Program Byte, Fast Program Half-Word, FastProgramWord, Program Byte, Program Half-Word, Program Word and Program Double-Word (should be executed from internal SRAM).
3. FLASH Option Bytes Programming functions: this group includes all needed functions to manage the Option Bytes:
  - Lock and Unlock the Option Bytes
  - Set/Reset the write protection
  - Set the Read protection Level
  - Program the user Option Bytes
  - Launch the Option Bytes loader
  - Set/Get the Read protection Level.
  - Set/Get the BOR level.
  - Get the Write protection.
  - Get the user option bytes.
4. Interrupts and flags management functions : this group includes all needed functions to:
  - Handle FLASH interrupts
  - Wait for last FLASH operation according to its status
  - Get error flag status
5. FLASH Interface configuration functions: this group includes the management of following features:
  - Enable/Disable the RUN PowerDown mode.
  - Enable/Disable the SLEEP PowerDown mode.
6. FLASH Peripheral State methods: this group includes the management of following features:
  - Wait for the FLASH operation
  - Get the specific FLASH error flag

In addition to these function, this driver includes a set of macros allowing to handle the following operations:

- Set/Get the latency
- Enable/Disable the prefetch buffer
- Enable/Disable the preread buffer
- Enable/Disable the Flash power-down
- Enable/Disable the FLASH interrupts
- Monitor the FLASH flags status

### 21.2.3 Programming operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the FLASH program operations.

The FLASH Memory Programming functions, includes the following functions:

- HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock(void);
- HAL\_FLASH\_Lock(void);
- HAL\_FLASH\_Program(uint32\_t TypeProgram, uint32\_t Address, uint32\_t Data)
- HAL\_FLASH\_Program\_IT(uint32\_t TypeProgram, uint32\_t Address, uint32\_t Data)

Any operation of erase or program should follow these steps:

1. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function to enable the flash control register and program memory access.
2. Call the desired function to erase page or program data.
3. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash program memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation).

### 21.2.4 Option Bytes Programming functions

The FLASH\_Option Bytes Programming\_functions, includes the following functions:

- HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Unlock(void);
- HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Lock(void);
- HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Launch(void);
- HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBProgram(FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef \*pOBInit);
- HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBGetConfig(FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef \*pOBInit);

Any operation of erase or program should follow these steps:

1. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Unlock() function to enable the Flash option control register access.
2. Call the following functions to program the desired option bytes.
  - HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBProgram(FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef \*pOBInit);
3. Once all needed option bytes to be programmed are correctly written, call the HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Launch(void) function to launch the Option Bytes programming process.
4. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Lock() to disable the Flash option control register access (recommended to protect the option Bytes against possible unwanted operations).

Proprietary code Read Out Protection (PcROP):

1. The PcROP sector is selected by using the same option bytes as the Write protection. As a result, these 2 options are exclusive each other.
2. To activate PCROP mode for Flash sectors(s), you need to follow the sequence below:
  - Use this function HAL\_FLASHEx\_AdvOBProgram with PCROPState = OB\_PCROP\_STATE\_ENABLE.

### 21.2.5 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the FLASH memory operations.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock()**
- **HAL\_FLASH\_Lock()**
- **HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Unlock()**
- **HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Lock()**
- **HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Launch()**

### 21.2.6 Peripheral Errors functions

This subsection permit to get in run-time errors of the FLASH peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_FLASH\_GetError()**

### 21.2.7 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_FLASH\_Program

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_Program (uint32\_t TypeProgram, uint32\_t Address, uint32\_t Data)**

##### Function description

Program word at a specified address.

##### Parameters

- **TypeProgram:** Indicate the way to program at a specified address. This parameter can be a value of FLASH Type Program
- **Address:** Specifie the address to be programmed.
- **Data:** Specifie the data to be programmed

##### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status



## Notes

- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation).

### HAL\_FLASH\_Program\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_Program\_IT (uint32\_t TypeProgram, uint32\_t Address, uint32\_t Data)**

#### Function description

Program word at a specified address with interrupt enabled.

#### Parameters

- TypeProgram:** Indicate the way to program at a specified address. This parameter can be a value of FLASH Type Program
- Address:** Specifie the address to be programmed.
- Data:** Specifie the data to be programmed

#### Return values

- HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

### HAL\_FLASH\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASH\_IRQHandler (void )**

#### Function description

This function handles FLASH interrupt request.

#### Return values

- None:**

### HAL\_FLASH\_EndOfOperationCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASH\_EndOfOperationCallback (uint32\_t ReturnValue)**

#### Function description

FLASH end of operation interrupt callback.

#### Parameters

- ReturnValue:** The value saved in this parameter depends on the ongoing procedure
  - Pages Erase: Address of the page which has been erased (if 0xFFFFFFFF, it means that all the selected pages have been erased)
  - Program: Address which was selected for data program

#### Return values

- none:**

### HAL\_FLASH\_OperationErrorCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASH\_OperationErrorCallback (uint32\_t ReturnValue)**

#### Function description

FLASH operation error interrupt callback.

## Parameters

- **ReturnValue:** The value saved in this parameter depends on the ongoing procedure
  - Pages Erase: Address of the page which returned an error
  - Program: Address which was selected for data program

## Return values

- **none:**

## HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock (void )**

## Function description

Unlock the FLASH control register access.

## Return values

- **HAL:** Status

## HAL\_FLASH\_Lock

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_Lock (void )**

## Function description

Locks the FLASH control register access.

## Return values

- **HAL:** Status

## HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Unlock

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Unlock (void )**

## Function description

Unlock the FLASH Option Control Registers access.

## Return values

- **HAL:** Status

## HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Lock

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Lock (void )**

## Function description

Lock the FLASH Option Control Registers access.

## Return values

- **HAL:** Status

## HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Launch

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Launch (void )**

#### Function description

Launch the option byte loading.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** Status

#### Notes

- This function will reset automatically the MCU.

#### HAL\_FLASH\_GetError

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_FLASH\_GetError (void )**

#### Function description

Get the specific FLASH error flag.

#### Return values

- **FLASH\_ErrorCode:** The returned value can be: FLASH Error Codes

#### FLASH\_WaitForLastOperation

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef FLASH\_WaitForLastOperation (uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Wait for a FLASH operation to complete.

#### Parameters

- **Timeout:** maximum flash operation timeout

#### Return values

- **HAL:** Status

## 21.3 FLASH Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 21.3.1 FLASH

FLASH

**FLASH Error Codes**

#### HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_PGA

Programming alignment error

#### HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_WRP

Write protection error

#### HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_OPTV

Option validity error

#### HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_SIZE

#### HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_RD

Read protected error

## HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_FWWERR

FLASH Write or Erase operation aborted

## HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_NOTZERO

FLASH Write operation is done in a not-erased region

### **FLASH Flags**

## FLASH\_FLAG\_BSY

FLASH Busy flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_EOP

FLASH End of Programming flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_ENDHV

FLASH End of High Voltage flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_READY

FLASH Ready flag after low power mode

## FLASH\_FLAG\_WRPERR

FLASH Write protected error flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_PGAERR

FLASH Programming Alignment error flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_SIZERR

FLASH Size error flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_OPTVERR

FLASH Option Validity error flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_RDERR

FLASH Read protected error flag

## FLASH\_FLAG\_FWWERR

FLASH Write or Errase operation aborted

## FLASH\_FLAG\_NOTZEROERR

FLASH Read protected error flag

### **FLASH Interrupts**

## \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_ENABLE\_IT

### **Description:**

- Enable the specified FLASH interrupt.

### **Parameters:**

- `__INTERRUPT__`: FLASH interrupt This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `FLASH_IT_EOP` End of FLASH Operation Interrupt
  - `FLASH_IT_ERR` Error Interrupt

### **Return value:**

- none

## \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified FLASH interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: FLASH interrupt This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `FLASH_IT_EOP` End of FLASH Operation Interrupt
  - `FLASH_IT_ERR` Error Interrupt

### Return value:

- none

## \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the specified FLASH flag status.

### Parameters:

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the FLASH flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `FLASH_FLAG_BSY` FLASH Busy flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_EOP` FLASH End of Operation flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_ENDHV` FLASH End of High Voltage flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_READY` FLASH Ready flag after low power mode
  - `FLASH_FLAG_PGAERR` FLASH Programming Alignment error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_SIZERR` FLASH Size error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_OPTVERR` FLASH Option validity error flag (not valid with STM32L031xx/STM32L041xx)
  - `FLASH_FLAG_RDERR` FLASH Read protected error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_WRPERR` FLASH Write protected error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_FWWERR` FLASH Fetch While Write Error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_NOTZEROERR` Not Zero area error flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the specified FLASH flag.

### Parameters:

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the FLASH flags to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `FLASH_FLAG_EOP` FLASH End of Operation flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_PGAERR` FLASH Programming Alignment error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_SIZERR` FLASH Size error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_OPTVERR` FLASH Option validity error flag (not valid with STM32L031xx/STM32L041xx)
  - `FLASH_FLAG_RDERR` FLASH Read protected error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_WRPERR` FLASH Write protected error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_FWWERR` FLASH Fetch While Write Error flag
  - `FLASH_FLAG_NOTZEROERR` Not Zero area error flag

### Return value:

- none

## FLASH Interrupts

**FLASH\_IT\_EOP**

End of programming interrupt source

**FLASH\_IT\_ERR**

Error interrupt source

**FLASH Keys****FLASH\_PDKEY1**

Flash power down key1

**FLASH\_PDKEY2**

Flash power down key2: used with FLASH\_PDKEY1 to unlock the RUN\_PD bit in FLASH\_ACR

**FLASH\_PEKEY1**

Flash program erase key1

**FLASH\_PEKEY2**

Flash program erase key: used with FLASH\_PEKEY2 to unlock the write access to the FLASH\_PECR register and data EEPROM

**FLASH\_PRGKEY1**

Flash program memory key1

**FLASH\_PRGKEY2**

Flash program memory key2: used with FLASH\_PRGKEY2 to unlock the program memory

**FLASH\_OPTKEY1**

Flash option key1

**FLASH\_OPTKEY2**

Flash option key2: used with FLASH\_OPTKEY1 to unlock the write access to the option byte block

**FLASH Latency****FLASH\_LATENCY\_0**

FLASH Zero Latency cycle

**FLASH\_LATENCY\_1**

FLASH One Latency cycle

**FLASH size information****FLASH\_SIZE****FLASH\_PAGE\_SIZE**

FLASH Page Size in bytes

**FLASH\_END**

FLASH end address in the alias region

**FLASH\_BANK2\_BASE**

FLASH BANK2 base address in the alias region

**FLASH\_BANK1\_END**

Program end FLASH BANK1 address

**FLASH\_BANK2\_END**

Program end FLASH BANK2 address

***FLASH Type Program*****FLASH\_TYPEPROGRAM\_WORD**

Program a word (32-bit) at a specified address.

## 22 HAL FLASH Extension Driver

### 22.1 FLASHEx Firmware driver registers structures

#### 22.1.1 FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef

**FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_flash\_ex.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t TypeErase**
- **uint32\_t PageAddress**
- **uint32\_t NbPages**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef::TypeErase**  
TypeErase: Page Erase only. This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_Type\\_Erase](#)
- **uint32\_t FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef::PageAddress**  
PageAddress: Initial FLASH address to be erased This parameter must be a value belonging to FLASH Program address (depending on the devices)
- **uint32\_t FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef::NbPages**  
NbPages: Number of pages to be erased. This parameter must be a value between 1 and (max number of pages - value of Initial page)

#### 22.1.2 FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef

**FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_flash\_ex.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t OptionType**
- **uint32\_t WRPState**
- **uint32\_t WRPSector**
- **uint32\_t WRPSector2**
- **uint8\_t RDPLLevel**
- **uint8\_t BORLevel**
- **uint8\_t USERConfig**
- **uint8\_t BOOTBit1Config**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::OptionType**  
OptionType: Option byte to be configured. This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Type](#)
- **uint32\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::WRPState**  
WRPState: Write protection activation or deactivation. This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_WRP\\_State](#)
- **uint32\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::WRPSector**  
WRPSector: This bitfield specifies the sector (s) which are write protected. This parameter can be a combination of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_Write\\_Protection](#)
- **uint32\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::WRPSector2**  
WRPSector2 : This bitfield specifies the sector(s) upper Sector31 which are write protected. This parameter can be a combination of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_Write\\_Protection2](#)
- **uint8\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::RDPLLevel**  
RDPLLevel: Set the read protection level. This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_Read\\_Protection](#)
- **uint8\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::BORLevel**  
BORLevel: Set the BOR Level. This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_BOR\\_Level](#)
- **uint8\_t FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef::USERConfig**  
USERConfig: Program the FLASH User Option Byte: IWDG\_SW / RST\_STOP / RST\_STDBY. This parameter can be a combination of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_IWatchdog](#), [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_nRST\\_STOP](#) and [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_nRST\\_STDBY](#)



- **`uint8_t FLASH_OBProgramInitTypeDef::BOOTBit1Config`**  
BOOT1Config: Together with input pad Boot0, this bit selects the boot source, flash, ram or system memory This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_BOOTBit1](#)

### 22.1.3 FLASH\_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef

**`FLASH_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_flash_ex.h`

Data Fields

- **`uint32_t OptionType`**
- **`uint32_t PCROPState`**
- **`uint32_t PCROPSector`**
- **`uint32_t PCROPSector2`**
- **`uint16_t BootConfig`**

Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t FLASH_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef::OptionType`**  
OptionType: Option byte to be configured for extension . This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_OptionAdv\\_Type](#)
- **`uint32_t FLASH_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef::PCROPState`**  
PCROPState: PCROP activation or deactivation. This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_PCROP\\_State](#)
- **`uint32_t FLASH_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef::PCROPSector`**  
PCROPSector : This bitfield specifies the sector(s) which are read/write protected. This parameter can be a combination of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_PC\\_ReadWrite\\_Protection](#)
- **`uint32_t FLASH_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef::PCROPSector2`**  
PCROPSector : This bitfield specifies the sector(s) upper Sector31 which are read/write protected. This parameter can be a combination of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_PC\\_ReadWrite\\_Protection2](#)
- **`uint16_t FLASH_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef::BootConfig`**  
BootConfig: specifies Option bytes for boot config This parameter can be a value of [FLASHEx\\_Option\\_Bytes\\_BOOT](#)

## 22.2 FLASHEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the FLASHEx library.

### 22.2.1 Flash peripheral Extended features

Comparing to other products, the FLASH interface for STM32L0xx devices contains the following additional features

- Erase functions
- DATA\_EEPROM memory management
- BOOT option bit configuration
- PCROP protection for all sectors

### 22.2.2 How to use this driver

This driver provides functions to configure and program the FLASH memory of all STM32L0xx. It includes:

- Full DATA\_EEPROM erase and program management
- Boot activation
- PCROP protection configuration and control for all pages

### 22.2.3 FLASH Erasing Programming functions

The FLASH Memory Erasing functions, includes the following functions:

- `HAL_FLASHEx_Erase`: return only when erase has been done
- `HAL_FLASHEx_Erase_IT`: end of erase is done when `HAL_FLASH_EndOfOperationCallback` is called with parameter `0xFFFFFFFF`

Any operation of erase should follow these steps:

1. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function to enable the flash control register and program memory access.
2. Call the desired function to erase page.
3. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash program memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_Erase\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_Erase\\_IT\(\)](#)

## 22.2.4 Option Bytes Programming functions

Any operation of erase or program should follow these steps:

1. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Unlock() function to enable the Flash option control register access.
2. Call following function to program the desired option bytes.
  - HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBProgram: - To Enable/Disable the desired sector write protection. - To set the desired read Protection Level. - To configure the user option Bytes: IWDG, STOP and the Standby. - To Set the BOR level.
3. Once all needed option bytes to be programmed are correctly written, call the HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Launch(void) function to launch the Option Bytes programming process.
4. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_OB\_Lock() to disable the Flash option control register access (recommended to protect the option Bytes against possible unwanted operations).

Proprietary code Read Out Protection (PcROP):

1. The PcROP sector is selected by using the same option bytes as the Write protection (nWRPi bits). As a result, these 2 options are exclusive each other.
2. In order to activate the PcROP (change the function of the nWRPi option bits), the WPRMOD option bit must be activated.
3. The active value of nWRPi bits is inverted when PCROP mode is active, this means: if WPRMOD = 1 and nWRPi = 1 (default value), then the user sector "i" is read/write protected.
4. To activate PCROP mode for Flash sector(s), you need to call the following function:
  - HAL\_FLASHEx\_AdvOBProgram in selecting sectors to be read/write protected
  - HAL\_FLASHEx\_OB\_SelectPCROP to enable the read/write protection

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_OBProgram\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_OBGetConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_AdvOBProgram\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_AdvOBGetConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_OB\\_SelectPCROP\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_OB\\_DeSelectPCROP\(\)](#)

## 22.2.5 DATA EEPROM Programming functions

Any operation of erase or program should follow these steps:

1. Call the HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Unlock() function to enable the data EEPROM access and Flash program erase control register access.
2. Call the desired function to erase or program data.
3. Call the HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Lock() to disable the data EEPROM access and Flash program erase control register access(recommended to protect the DATA\_EEPROM against possible unwanted operation).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_DATAEEPROM\\_Unlock\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_DATAEEPROM\\_Lock\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_DATAEEPROM\\_Erase\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_DATAEEPROM\\_Program\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_DATAEEPROM\\_EnableFixedTimeProgram\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_DATAEEPROM\\_DisableFixedTimeProgram\(\)](#)

## 22.2.6 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_Erase

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_Erase (FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef \* pEraseInit, uint32\_t \* PageError)**

#### Function description

Erase the specified FLASH memory Pages.

#### Parameters

- **pEraseInit:** pointer to an FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the erasing.
- **PageError:** pointer to variable that contains the configuration information on faulty page in case of error (0xFFFFFFFF means that all the pages have been correctly erased)

#### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

#### Notes

- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation)

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_Erase\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_Erase\_IT (FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef \* pEraseInit)**

#### Function description

Perform a page erase of the specified FLASH memory pages with interrupt enabled.

#### Parameters

- **pEraseInit:** pointer to an FLASH\_EraseInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the erasing.

#### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

#### Notes

- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation) End of erase is done when HAL\_FLASH\_EndOfOperationCallback is called with parameter 0xFFFFFFFF

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBProgram

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBProgram (FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef \* pOBInit)**

#### Function description

Program option bytes.

#### Parameters

- **pOBInit:** pointer to an FLASH\_OBInitStruct structure that contains the configuration information for the programming.

#### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBGetConfig

### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASHEx\_OBGetConfig (FLASH\_OBProgramInitTypeDef \* pOBInit)**

### Function description

Get the Option byte configuration.

### Parameters

- **pOBInit:** pointer to an FLASH\_OBInitStruct structure that contains the configuration information for the programming.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_AdvOBProgram

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_AdvOBProgram (FLASH\_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef \* pAdvOBInit)**

### Function description

Program option bytes.

### Parameters

- **pAdvOBInit:** pointer to an FLASH\_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the programming.

### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_AdvOBGetConfig

### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASHEx\_AdvOBGetConfig (FLASH\_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef \* pAdvOBInit)**

### Function description

Get the OBEX byte configuration.

### Parameters

- **pAdvOBInit:** pointer to an FLASH\_AdvOBProgramInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the programming.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_OB\_SelectPCROP

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_OB\_SelectPCROP (void )**

### Function description

Select the Protection Mode (WPRMOD).

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Once WPRMOD bit is active, unprotection of a protected sector is not possible
- Read a protected sector will set RDERR Flag and write a protected sector will set WRPERR Flag

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_OB\_DeSelectPCROP

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_OB\_DeSelectPCROP (void )**

#### Function description

Deselect the Protection Mode (WPRMOD).

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Once WPRMOD bit is active, unprotection of a protected sector is not possible
- Read a protected sector will set RDERR Flag and write a protected sector will set WRPERR Flag

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Unlock

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Unlock (void )**

#### Function description

Unlocks the data memory and FLASH\_PECR register access.

#### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Lock

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Lock (void )**

#### Function description

Locks the Data memory and FLASH\_PECR register access.

#### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Erase

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Erase (uint32\_t Address)**

#### Function description

Erase a word in data memory.

#### Parameters

- **Address:** specifies the address to be erased.

#### Return values

- **HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

## Notes

- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Lock() to the data EEPROM access and Flash program erase control register access(recommended to protect the DATA\_EEPROM against possible unwanted operation).

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Program

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Program (uint32\_t TypeProgram, uint32\_t Address, uint32\_t Data)**

#### Function description

Program word at a specified address.

#### Parameters

- TypeProgram:** Indicate the way to program at a specified address. This parameter can be a value of FLASHEx Type Program Data
- Address:** specify the address to be programmed.
- Data:** specify the data to be programmed

#### Return values

- HAL\_StatusTypeDef:** HAL Status

## Notes

- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_Unlock() to the data EEPROM access and Flash program erase control register access(recommended to protect the DATA\_EEPROM against possible unwanted operation).
- The function HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_EnableFixedTimeProgram() can be called before this function to configure the Fixed Time Programming.

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_EnableFixedTimeProgram

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_EnableFixedTimeProgram (void )**

#### Function description

Enable DATA EEPROM fixed Time programming (2\*Tprog).

#### Return values

- None:**

### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_DisableFixedTimeProgram

#### Function name

**void HAL\_FLASHEx\_DATAEEPROM\_DisableFixedTimeProgram (void )**

#### Function description

Disables DATA EEPROM fixed Time programming (2\*Tprog).

#### Return values

- None:**

## 22.3 FLASHEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

## 22.3.1 FLASHEx

FLASHEx

*FLASHEx Address*

IS\_FLASH\_DATA\_ADDRESS

IS\_FLASH\_DATA\_BANK1\_ADDRESS

IS\_FLASH\_DATA\_BANK2\_ADDRESS

IS\_FLASH\_PROGRAM\_ADDRESS

IS\_FLASH\_PROGRAM\_BANK1\_ADDRESS

IS\_FLASH\_PROGRAM\_BANK2\_ADDRESS

IS\_NBPAGES

### *FLASHEx Exported Macros*

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_SET\_LATENCY

**Description:**

- Set the FLASH Latency.

**Parameters:**

- \_\_LATENCY\_\_: FLASH Latency This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - FLASH\_LATENCY\_0 FLASH Zero Latency cycle
  - FLASH\_LATENCY\_1 FLASH One Latency cycle

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_GET\_LATENCY

**Description:**

- Get the FLASH Latency.

**Return value:**

- FLASH: Latency This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - FLASH\_LATENCY\_0 FLASH Zero Latency cycle
  - FLASH\_LATENCY\_1 FLASH One Latency cycle

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_PREFETCH\_BUFFER\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the FLASH prefetch buffer.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_PREFETCH\_BUFFER\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the FLASH prefetch buffer.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_BUFFER\_CACHE\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the FLASH Buffer cache.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_BUFFER\_CACHE\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the FLASH Buffer cache.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_PREREAD\_BUFFER\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the FLASH pre-read buffer.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_PREREAD\_BUFFER\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the FLASH pre-read buffer.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_SLEEP\_POWERDOWN\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the FLASH power down during Sleep mode.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_SLEEP\_POWERDOWN\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the FLASH power down during Sleep mode.

**Return value:**

- none

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_POWER\_DOWN\_ENABLE

**Notes:**

- Writing this bit to 0 this bit, automatically the keys are loss and a new unlock sequence is necessary to re-write it to 1.

#### \_\_HAL\_FLASH\_POWER\_DOWN\_DISABLE

**Notes:**

- Writing this bit to 0 this bit, automatically the keys are loss and a new unlock sequence is necessary to re-write it to 1.

### **FLASHEx Option Advanced Type**

#### OPTIONBYTE\_PCROP

PCROP option byte configuration

#### OPTIONBYTE\_BOOTCONFIG

BOOTConfig option byte configuration



**FLASHEx Option Bytes BOOT****OB\_BOOT\_BANK1**

At startup, if boot pin 0 and BOOT1 bit are set in boot from user Flash position and this parameter is selected the device will boot from Bank 1 (Default)

**OB\_BOOT\_BANK2**

At startup, if boot pin 0 and BOOT1 bit are set in boot from user Flash position and this parameter is selected the device will boot from Bank 2

**FLASH Option Bytes BOOT Bit1 Setup****OB\_BOOT\_BIT1\_RESET**

BOOT Bit 1 Reset

**OB\_BOOT\_BIT1\_SET**

BOOT Bit 1 Set

**FLASHEx Option Bytes BOR Level****OB\_BOR\_OFF**

BOR is disabled at power down, the reset is asserted when the VDD power supply reaches the PDR(Power Down Reset) threshold (1.5V)

**OB\_BOR\_LEVEL1**

BOR Reset threshold levels for 1.7V - 1.8V VDD power supply

**OB\_BOR\_LEVEL2**

BOR Reset threshold levels for 1.9V - 2.0V VDD power supply

**OB\_BOR\_LEVEL3**

BOR Reset threshold levels for 2.3V - 2.4V VDD power supply

**OB\_BOR\_LEVEL4**

BOR Reset threshold levels for 2.55V - 2.65V VDD power supply

**OB\_BOR\_LEVEL5**

BOR Reset threshold levels for 2.8V - 2.9V VDD power supply

**FLASHEx Option Bytes IWatchdog****OB\_IWDG\_SW**

Software WDG selected

**OB\_IWDG\_HW**

Hardware WDG selected

**FLASHEx Option Bytes nRST\_STDBY****OB\_STDBY\_NORST**

No reset generated when entering in STANDBY

**OB\_STDBY\_RST**

Reset generated when entering in STANDBY

**FLASHEx Option Bytes nRST\_STOP**

**OB\_STOP\_NORST**

No reset generated when entering in STOP

**OB\_STOP\_RST**

Reset generated when entering in STOP

***FLASH Option Bytes PC Read/Write Protection*****OB\_PCROP\_Pages0to31****OB\_PCROP\_Pages32to63****OB\_PCROP\_Pages64to95****OB\_PCROP\_Pages96to127****OB\_PCROP\_Pages128to159****OB\_PCROP\_Pages160to191****OB\_PCROP\_Pages192to223****OB\_PCROP\_Pages224to255****OB\_PCROP\_Pages256to287****OB\_PCROP\_Pages288to319****OB\_PCROP\_Pages320to351****OB\_PCROP\_Pages352to383****OB\_PCROP\_Pages384to415****OB\_PCROP\_Pages416to447****OB\_PCROP\_Pages448to479****OB\_PCROP\_Pages480to511****OB\_PCROP\_Pages512to543****OB\_PCROP\_Pages544to575****OB\_PCROP\_Pages576to607****OB\_PCROP\_Pages608to639****OB\_PCROP\_Pages640to671****OB\_PCROP\_Pages672to703****OB\_PCROP\_Pages704to735****OB\_PCROP\_Pages736to767**

OB\_PCROP\_Pages768to799

OB\_PCROP\_Pages800to831

OB\_PCROP\_Pages832to863

OB\_PCROP\_Pages864to895

OB\_PCROP\_Pages896to927

OB\_PCROP\_Pages928to959

OB\_PCROP\_Pages960to991

OB\_PCROP\_Pages992to1023

OB\_PCROP\_AllPages

PC Read/Write protection of all Sectors

***FLASH Option Bytes PC Read/Write Protection (Sector 2)***

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1024to1055

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1056to1087

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1088to1119

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1120to1151

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1152to1183

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1184to1215

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1216to1247

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1248to1279

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1280to1311

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1312to1343

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1344to1375

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1376to1407

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1408to1439

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1440to1471

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1472to1503

OB\_PCROP2\_Pages1504to1535

OB\_PCROP2\_AllPages

PC Read/Write protection of all Sectors PCROP2

***FLASHEx Option Bytes Read Protection***

OB\_RDP\_LEVEL\_0

OB\_RDP\_LEVEL\_1

OB\_RDP\_LEVEL\_2

***FLASH Option Bytes Write Protection***

OB\_WRP\_Pages0to31

OB\_WRP\_Pages32to63

OB\_WRP\_Pages64to95

OB\_WRP\_Pages96to127

OB\_WRP\_Pages128to159

OB\_WRP\_Pages160to191

OB\_WRP\_Pages192to223

OB\_WRP\_Pages224to255

OB\_WRP\_Pages256to287

OB\_WRP\_Pages288to319

OB\_WRP\_Pages320to351

OB\_WRP\_Pages352to383

OB\_WRP\_Pages384to415

OB\_WRP\_Pages416to447

OB\_WRP\_Pages448to479

OB\_WRP\_Pages480to511

OB\_WRP\_Pages512to543

OB\_WRP\_Pages544to575

OB\_WRP\_Pages576to607

OB\_WRP\_Pages608to639

OB\_WRP\_Pages640to671

OB\_WRP\_Pages672to703

OB\_WRP\_Pages704to735

OB\_WRP\_Pages736to767

OB\_WRP\_Pages768to799

OB\_WRP\_Pages800to831

OB\_WRP\_Pages832to863

OB\_WRP\_Pages864to895

OB\_WRP\_Pages896to927

OB\_WRP\_Pages928to959

OB\_WRP\_Pages960to991

OB\_WRP\_Pages992to1023

OB\_WRP\_AllPages

Write protection of all Sectors

***FLASH Option Bytes Write Protection***

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1024to1055

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1056to1087

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1088to1119

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1120to1151

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1152to1183

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1184to1215

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1216to1247

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1248to1279

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1280to1311

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1312to1343

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1344to1375

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1376to1407

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1408to1439

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1440to1471

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1472to1503

OB\_WRP2\_Pages1504to1535

OB\_WRP2\_AllPages

Write protection of all Sectors WRP2

**FLASHEx Option Type****OPTIONBYTE\_WRP**

WRP option byte configuration

**OPTIONBYTE\_RDP**

RDP option byte configuration

**OPTIONBYTE\_USER**

USER option byte configuration

**OPTIONBYTE\_BOR**

BOR option byte configuration

**OPTIONBYTE\_BOOT\_BIT1**

BOOT PIN1 option byte configuration

**FLASHEx PCROP State****OB\_PCROP\_STATE\_DISABLE**

Disable PCROP for selected sectors

**OB\_PCROP\_STATE\_ENABLE**

Enable PCROP for selected sectors

**FLASHEx Selection Protection Mode****OB\_PCROP\_DESELECTED**

Disabled PCROP, nWPRi bits used for Write Protection on sector i

**OB\_PCROP\_SELECTED**

Enable PCROP, nWPRi bits used for PCRoP Protection on sector i

**FLASHEx Type Erase****FLASH\_TYPEERASE\_PAGES**

Page erase only

**FLASHEx Type Program Data****FLASH\_TYPEPROGRAMDATA\_BYTE**

Program byte (8-bit) at a specified address.

**FLASH\_TYPEPROGRAMDATA\_HALFWORD**

Program a half-word (16-bit) at a specified address.

**FLASH\_TYPEPROGRAMDATA\_WORD**

Program a word (32-bit) at a specified address.

**FLASHEx WRP State****OB\_WRPSTATE\_DISABLE**

Disable the write protection of the desired sectors

**OB\_WRPSTATE\_ENABLE**

Enable the write protection of the desired sectors

## 23 HAL FLASH\_\_RAMFUNC Generic Driver

### 23.1 FLASH\_\_RAMFUNC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the FLASH\_\_RAMFUNC library.

#### 23.1.1 Peripheral errors functions

This subsection permit to get in run-time errors of the FLASH peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_FLASHEx\\_GetError\(\)](#)

#### 23.1.2 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_FLASHEx\_EnableRunPowerDown

###### Function name

`__RAM_FUNC HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_FLASHEx_EnableRunPowerDown (void )`

###### Function description

Enable the power down mode during RUN mode.

###### Return values

- **HAL:** status

###### Notes

- This function can be used only when the user code is running from Internal SRAM.

##### HAL\_FLASHEx\_DisableRunPowerDown

###### Function name

`__RAM_FUNC HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_FLASHEx_DisableRunPowerDown (void )`

###### Function description

Disable the power down mode during RUN mode.

###### Return values

- **HAL:** status

###### Notes

- This function can be used only when the user code is running from Internal SRAM.

##### HAL\_FLASHEx\_EraseParallelPage

###### Function name

`__RAM_FUNC HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_FLASHEx_EraseParallelPage (uint32_t Page_Address1, uint32_t Page_Address2)`

###### Function description

Erases a specified 2 pages in program memory in parallel.

###### Parameters

- **Page\_Address1:** The page address in program memory to be erased in the first Bank (BANK1). This parameter should be between FLASH\_BASE and FLASH\_BANK1\_END.
- **Page\_Address2:** The page address in program memory to be erased in the second Bank (BANK2). This parameter should be between FLASH\_BANK2\_BASE and FLASH\_BANK2\_END.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This function can be used only for STM32L07xxx/STM32L08xxx devices. To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation).
- A Page is erased in the Program memory only if the address to load is the start address of a page (multiple of FLASH\_PAGE\_SIZE bytes).

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_ProgramParallelHalfPage

### Function name

```
__RAM_FUNC HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_FLASHEx_ProgramParallelHalfPage (uint32_t Address1,
uint32_t * pBuffer1, uint32_t Address2, uint32_t * pBuffer2)
```

### Function description

Program 2 half pages in program memory in parallel (half page size is 16 Words).

### Parameters

- **Address1:** specifies the first address to be written in the first bank (BANK1). This parameter should be between FLASH\_BASE and (FLASH\_BANK1\_END - FLASH\_PAGE\_SIZE).
- **pBuffer1:** pointer to the buffer containing the data to be written to the first half page in the first bank.
- **Address2:** specifies the second address to be written in the second bank (BANK2). This parameter should be between FLASH\_BANK2\_BASE and (FLASH\_BANK2\_END - FLASH\_PAGE\_SIZE).
- **pBuffer2:** pointer to the buffer containing the data to be written to the second half page in the second bank.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This function can be used only for STM32L07xxx/STM32L08xxx devices.
- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation).
- Half page write is possible only from SRAM.
- A half page is written to the program memory only if the first address to load is the start address of a half page (multiple of 64 bytes) and the 15 remaining words to load are in the same half page.
- During the Program memory half page write all read operations are forbidden (this includes DMA read operations and debugger read operations such as breakpoints, periodic updates, etc.).
- If a PGAERR is set during a Program memory half page write, the complete write operation is aborted. Software should then reset the FPRG and PROG/DATA bits and restart the write operation from the beginning.

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_HalfPageProgram

### Function name

```
__RAM_FUNC HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_FLASHEx_HalfPageProgram (uint32_t Address, uint32_t *
pBuffer)
```

### Function description

Program a half page in program memory.

### Parameters

- **Address:** specifies the address to be written.
- **pBuffer:** pointer to the buffer containing the data to be written to the half page.



## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- To correctly run this function, the HAL\_FLASH\_Unlock() function must be called before. Call the HAL\_FLASH\_Lock() to disable the flash memory access (recommended to protect the FLASH memory against possible unwanted operation)
- Half page write is possible only from SRAM.
- A half page is written to the program memory only if the first address to load is the start address of a half page (multiple of 64 bytes) and the 15 remaining words to load are in the same half page.
- During the Program memory half page write all read operations are forbidden (this includes DMA read operations and debugger read operations such as breakpoints, periodic updates, etc.).
- If a PGAERR is set during a Program memory half page write, the complete write operation is aborted. Software should then reset the FPRG and PROG/DATA bits and restart the write operation from the beginning.

## HAL\_FLASHEx\_GetError

### Function name

```
__RAM_FUNC HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_FLASHEx_GetError (uint32_t * Error)
```

### Function description

Get the specific FLASH errors flag.

### Parameters

- **Error:** pointer is the error value. It can be a mixed of:
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_RD FLASH Read Protection error flag (PCROP)
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_SIZE FLASH Programming Parallelism error flag
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_PGA FLASH Programming Alignment error flag
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_WRP FLASH Write protected error flag
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_OPTV FLASH Option valid error flag
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_FWWERR FLASH Write or Erase operation aborted
  - HAL\_FLASH\_ERROR\_NOTZERO FLASH Write operation is done in a not-erased region

## Return values

- **HAL:** Status

## 24 HAL GPIO Generic Driver

### 24.1 GPIO Firmware driver registers structures

#### 24.1.1 GPIO\_InitTypeDef

**GPIO\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_gpio.h`

**Data Fields**

- `uint32_t Pin`
- `uint32_t Mode`
- `uint32_t Pull`
- `uint32_t Speed`
- `uint32_t Alternate`

**Field Documentation**

- `uint32_t GPIO_InitTypeDef::Pin`  
Specifies the GPIO pins to be configured. This parameter can be a combination of [GPIO\\_pins\\_define](#)
- `uint32_t GPIO_InitTypeDef::Mode`  
Specifies the operating mode for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_mode\\_define](#)
- `uint32_t GPIO_InitTypeDef::Pull`  
Specifies the Pull-up or Pull-Down activation for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_pull\\_define](#)
- `uint32_t GPIO_InitTypeDef::Speed`  
Specifies the speed for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_speed\\_define](#)
- `uint32_t GPIO_InitTypeDef::Alternate`  
Peripheral to be connected to the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIOEx\\_Alternate\\_function\\_selection](#)

### 24.2 GPIO Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the GPIO library.

#### 24.2.1 GPIO Peripheral features

- Each port bit of the general-purpose I/O (GPIO) ports can be individually configured by software in several modes:
  - Input mode
  - Analog mode
  - Output mode
  - Alternate function mode
  - External interrupt/event lines
- During and just after reset, the alternate functions and external interrupt lines are not active and the I/O ports are configured in input floating mode.
- All GPIO pins have weak internal pull-up and pull-down resistors, which can be activated or not.
- In Output or Alternate mode, each IO can be configured on open-drain or push-pull type and the IO speed can be selected depending on the VDD value.
- The microcontroller IO pins are connected to onboard peripherals/modules through a multiplexer that allows only one peripheral alternate function (AF) connected to an IO pin at a time. In this way, there can be no conflict between peripherals sharing the same IO pin.
- All ports have external interrupt/event capability. To use external interrupt lines, the port must be configured in input mode. All available GPIO pins are connected to the 16 external interrupt/event lines from EXTI0 to EXTI15.

- The external interrupt/event controller consists of up to 28 edge detectors (16 lines are connected to GPIO) for generating event/interrupt requests (each input line can be independently configured to select the type (interrupt or event) and the corresponding trigger event (rising or falling or both). Each line can also be masked independently.

### 24.2.2 How to use this driver

1. Enable the GPIO IOPORT clock using the following function: `__HAL_RCC_GPIOx_CLK_ENABLE()`.
2. Configure the GPIO pin(s) using `HAL_GPIO_Init()`.
  - Configure the IO mode using "Mode" member from `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure
  - Activate Pull-up, Pull-down resistor using "Pull" member from `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure.
  - In case of Output or alternate function mode selection: the speed is configured through "Speed" member from `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure.
  - In alternate mode is selection, the alternate function connected to the IO is configured through "Alternate" member from `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure.
  - Analog mode is required when a pin is to be used as ADC channel or DAC output.
  - In case of external interrupt/event selection the "Mode" member from `GPIO_InitTypeDef` structure select the type (interrupt or event) and the corresponding trigger event (rising or falling or both).
3. In case of external interrupt/event mode selection, configure NVIC IRQ priority mapped to the EXTI line using `HAL_NVIC_SetPriority()` and enable it using `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ()`.
4. `HAL_GPIO_DeInit` allows to set register values to their reset value. This function is also to be used when unconfiguring pin which was used as an external interrupt or in event mode. That is the only way to reset the corresponding bit in EXTI & SYSCFG registers.
5. To get the level of a pin configured in input mode use `HAL_GPIO_ReadPin()`.
6. To set/reset the level of a pin configured in output mode use `HAL_GPIO_WritePin()`/  
`HAL_GPIO_TogglePin()`.
7. To lock pin configuration until next reset use `HAL_GPIO_LockPin()`.
8. During and just after reset, the alternate functions are not active and the GPIO pins are configured in input floating mode (except JTAG pins).
9. The LSE oscillator pins OSC32\_IN and OSC32\_OUT can be used as general purpose (PC14 and PC15, respectively) when the LSE oscillator is off. The LSE has priority over the GPIO function.
10. The HSE oscillator pins OSC\_IN/OSC\_OUT can be used as general purpose PH0 and PH1, respectively, when the HSE oscillator is off. The HSE has priority over the GPIO function.

### 24.2.3 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_GPIO\_Init\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_GPIO\_DeInit\(\)`](#)

### 24.2.4 IO operation functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_GPIO\_ReadPin\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_GPIO\_WritePin\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_GPIO\_TogglePin\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_GPIO\_LockPin\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_IRQHandler\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_Callback\(\)`](#)

### 24.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_GPIO\_Init

##### Function name

```
void HAL_GPIO_Init (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, GPIO_InitTypeDef * GPIO_Init)
```

## Function description

Initializes the GPIOx peripheral according to the specified parameters in the GPIO\_Init.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** where x can be (A..E and H) to select the GPIO peripheral for STM32L0XX family devices. Note that GPIOE is not available on all devices.
- **GPIO\_Init:** pointer to a GPIO\_InitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified GPIO peripheral.

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_GPIO\_DeInit

## Function name

```
void HAL_GPIO_DeInit (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t GPIO_Pin)
```

## Function description

De-initializes the GPIOx peripheral registers to their default reset values.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** where x can be (A..E and H) to select the GPIO peripheral for STM32L0XX family devices. Note that GPIOE is not available on all devices.
- **GPIO\_Pin:** specifies the port bit to be written. This parameter can be one of GPIO\_PIN\_x where x can be (0..15). All port bits are not necessarily available on all GPIOs.

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_GPIO\_ReadPin

## Function name

```
GPIO_PinState HAL_GPIO_ReadPin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin)
```

## Function description

Reads the specified input port pin.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** where x can be (A..E and H) to select the GPIO peripheral for STM32L0xx family devices. Note that GPIOE is not available on all devices.
- **GPIO\_Pin:** specifies the port bit to read. This parameter can be GPIO\_PIN\_x where x can be (0..15). All port bits are not necessarily available on all GPIOs.

## Return values

- **The:** input port pin value.

## HAL\_GPIO\_WritePin

## Function name

```
void HAL_GPIO_WritePin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin, GPIO_PinState PinState)
```

## Function description

Sets or clears the selected data port bit.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** where x can be (A..E and H) to select the GPIO peripheral for STM32L0xx family devices. Note that GPIOE is not available on all devices.
- **GPIO\_Pin:** specifies the port bit to be written. This parameter can be one of GPIO\_PIN\_x where x can be (0..15). All port bits are not necessarily available on all GPIOs.
- **PinState:** specifies the value to be written to the selected bit. This parameter can be one of the GPIO\_PinState enum values: GPIO\_PIN\_RESET: to clear the port pin GPIO\_PIN\_SET: to set the port pin

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function uses GPIOx\_BSRR register to allow atomic read/modify accesses. In this way, there is no risk of an IRQ occurring between the read and the modify access.

### HAL\_GPIO\_TogglePin

#### Function name

```
void HAL_GPIO_TogglePin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin)
```

#### Function description

Toggles the specified GPIO pins.

#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** Where x can be (A..E and H) to select the GPIO peripheral for STM32L0xx family devices. Note that GPIOE is not available on all devices. All port bits are not necessarily available on all GPIOs.
- **GPIO\_Pin:** Specifies the pins to be toggled.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_GPIO\_LockPin

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_GPIO_LockPin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint16_t GPIO_Pin)
```

#### Function description

Locks GPIO Pins configuration registers.

#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** where x can be (A..E and H) to select the GPIO peripheral for STM32L0xx family. Note that GPIOE is not available on all devices.
- **GPIO\_Pin:** specifies the port bit to be locked. This parameter can be any combination of GPIO\_Pin\_x where x can be (0..15). All port bits are not necessarily available on all GPIOs.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The locked registers are GPIOx\_MODER, GPIOx\_OTYPER, GPIOx\_OSPEEDR, GPIOx\_PUPDR, GPIOx\_AFR1 and GPIOx\_AFR2.
- The configuration of the locked GPIO pins can no longer be modified until the next reset.

### HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_GPIO_EXTI_IRQHandler (uint16_t GPIO_Pin)
```

### Function description

This function handles EXTI interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **GPIO\_Pin:** Specifies the pins connected to the EXTI line.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_Callback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_Callback (uint16\_t GPIO\_Pin)**

### Function description

EXTI line detection callbacks.

### Parameters

- **GPIO\_Pin:** Specifies the pins connected to the EXTI line.

### Return values

- **None:**

## 24.3 GPIO Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 24.3.1 GPIO

GPIO

**GPIO Exported Constants**

**GPIO\_PIN\_MASK**

**IS\_GPIO\_PIN**

**IS\_GPIO\_MODE**

**IS\_GPIO\_SPEED**

**IS\_GPIO\_PULL**

**GPIO Exported Macros**

**\_\_HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG**

**Description:**

- Checks whether the specified EXTI line flag is set or not.

**Parameters:**

- **\_\_EXTI\_LINE\_\_:** specifies the EXTI line flag to check. This parameter can be GPIO\_PIN\_x where x can be(0..15)

**Return value:**

- The: new state of **\_\_EXTI\_LINE\_\_** (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clears the EXTI's line pending flags.

### Parameters:

- `__EXTI_LINE__`: specifies the EXTI lines flags to clear. This parameter can be any combination of `GPIO_PIN_x` where x can be (0..15)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Checks whether the specified EXTI line is asserted or not.

### Parameters:

- `__EXTI_LINE__`: specifies the EXTI line to check. This parameter can be `GPIO_PIN_x` where x can be (0..15)

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__EXTI_LINE__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clears the EXTI's line pending bits.

### Parameters:

- `__EXTI_LINE__`: specifies the EXTI lines to clear. This parameter can be any combination of `GPIO_PIN_x` where x can be (0..15)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_GPIO\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

### Description:

- Generates a Software interrupt on selected EXTI line.

### Parameters:

- `__EXTI_LINE__`: specifies the EXTI line to check. This parameter can be `GPIO_PIN_x` where x can be (0..15)

### Return value:

- None

## GPIO Exported Types

## IS\_GPIO\_PIN\_ACTION

### Mode definition

## GPIO\_MODE\_INPUT

Input Floating Mode

## GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT\_PP

Output Push Pull Mode

## GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT\_OD

Output Open Drain Mode

## GPIO\_MODE\_AF\_PP

Alternate Function Push Pull Mode

**GPIO\_MODE\_AF\_OD**

Alternate Function Open Drain Mode

**GPIO\_MODE\_ANALOG**

Analog Mode

**GPIO\_MODE\_IT\_RISING**

External Interrupt Mode with Rising edge trigger detection

**GPIO\_MODE\_IT\_FALLING**

External Interrupt Mode with Falling edge trigger detection

**GPIO\_MODE\_IT\_RISING\_FALLING**

External Interrupt Mode with Rising/Falling edge trigger detection

**GPIO\_MODE\_EVT\_RISING**

External Event Mode with Rising edge trigger detection

**GPIO\_MODE\_EVT\_FALLING**

External Event Mode with Falling edge trigger detection

**GPIO\_MODE\_EVT\_RISING\_FALLING**

External Event Mode with Rising/Falling edge trigger detection

***Pin definition*****GPIO\_PIN\_0****GPIO\_PIN\_1****GPIO\_PIN\_2****GPIO\_PIN\_3****GPIO\_PIN\_4****GPIO\_PIN\_5****GPIO\_PIN\_6****GPIO\_PIN\_7****GPIO\_PIN\_8****GPIO\_PIN\_9****GPIO\_PIN\_10****GPIO\_PIN\_11****GPIO\_PIN\_12****GPIO\_PIN\_13****GPIO\_PIN\_14****GPIO\_PIN\_15**



## GPIO\_PIN\_AII

### *Pull definition*

#### GPIO\_NOPULL

No Pull-up or Pull-down activation

#### GPIO\_PULLUP

Pull-up activation

#### GPIO\_PULLDOWN

Pull-down activation

### *Speed definition*

#### GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_LOW

range up to 0.4 MHz, please refer to the product datasheet

#### GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_MEDIUM

range 0.4 MHz to 2 MHz, please refer to the product datasheet

#### GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_HIGH

range 2 MHz to 10 MHz, please refer to the product datasheet

#### GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_VERY\_HIGH

range 10 MHz to 35 MHz, please refer to the product datasheet

## 25 HAL GPIO Extension Driver

### 25.1 GPIOEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

#### 25.1.1 GPIOEx

GPIOEx

*Alternate function selection*

GPIO\_AF0\_EVENTOUT

GPIO\_AF0\_TIM21

GPIO\_AF0\_SPI1

GPIO\_AF0\_MCO

GPIO\_AF0\_SWDIO

GPIO\_AF0\_SWCLK

GPIO\_AF0\_USART1

GPIO\_AF0\_SPI2

GPIO\_AF0\_LPTIM1

GPIO\_AF0\_TIM22

GPIO\_AF0\_LPUART1

GPIO\_AF0\_USART2

GPIO\_AF0\_TIM2

GPIO\_AF0\_USB

GPIO\_AF1\_I2C1

GPIO\_AF1\_SPI2

GPIO\_AF1\_TIM21

GPIO\_AF2\_TIM2

GPIO\_AF2\_TIM3

GPIO\_AF2\_EVENTOUT

GPIO\_AF2\_LPTIM1

GPIO\_AF2\_LPUART1

GPIO\_AF2\_MCO

GPIO\_AF2\_RTC

GPIO\_AF2\_SPI2

GPIO\_AF2\_USART5

GPIO\_AF2\_SPI1

GPIO\_AF2\_USB

GPIO\_AF3\_EVENTOUT

GPIO\_AF3\_I2C1

GPIO\_AF3\_TSC

GPIO\_AF4\_USART2

GPIO\_AF4\_LPUART1

GPIO\_AF4\_USART1

GPIO\_AF4\_EVENTOUT

GPIO\_AF4\_TIM22

GPIO\_AF4\_TIM3

GPIO\_AF4\_I2C1

GPIO\_AF5\_TIM2

GPIO\_AF5\_TIM21

GPIO\_AF5\_TIM22

GPIO\_AF5\_USART1

GPIO\_AF5\_SPI2

GPIO\_AF5\_I2C2

GPIO\_AF6\_USART4

GPIO\_AF6\_LPUART1

GPIO\_AF6\_EVENTOUT

GPIO\_AF6\_I2C1

GPIO\_AF6\_I2C2

GPIO\_AF6\_USART5

GPIO\_AF6\_TIM21

GPIO\_AF7\_COMP1

GPIO\_AF7\_COMP2

GPIO\_AF7\_I2C3

GPIO\_AF7\_LPUART1

***Pin available***

GPIOA\_PIN\_AVAILABLE

GPIOB\_PIN\_AVAILABLE

GPIOC\_PIN\_AVAILABLE

GPIOD\_PIN\_AVAILABLE

GPIOE\_PIN\_AVAILABLE

GPIOH\_PIN\_AVAILABLE

## 26 HAL I2C Generic Driver

### 26.1 I2C Firmware driver registers structures

#### 26.1.1 I2C\_InitTypeDef

*I2C\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_i2c.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t Timing*
- *uint32\_t OwnAddress1*
- *uint32\_t AddressingMode*
- *uint32\_t DualAddressMode*
- *uint32\_t OwnAddress2*
- *uint32\_t OwnAddress2Masks*
- *uint32\_t GeneralCallMode*
- *uint32\_t NoStretchMode*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::Timing*  
Specifies the I2C\_TIMINGR\_register value. This parameter calculated by referring to I2C initialization section in Reference manual
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress1*  
Specifies the first device own address. This parameter can be a 7-bit or 10-bit address.
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::AddressingMode*  
Specifies if 7-bit or 10-bit addressing mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_ADDRESSING\\_MODE](#)
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::DualAddressMode*  
Specifies if dual addressing mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_DUAL\\_ADDRESSING\\_MODE](#)
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress2*  
Specifies the second device own address if dual addressing mode is selected This parameter can be a 7-bit address.
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress2Masks*  
Specifies the acknowledge mask address second device own address if dual addressing mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_OWN\\_ADDRESS2\\_MASKS](#)
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::GeneralCallMode*  
Specifies if general call mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_GENERAL\\_CALL\\_ADDRESSING\\_MODE](#)
- *uint32\_t I2C\_InitTypeDef::NoStretchMode*  
Specifies if nostretch mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_NOSTRETCH\\_MODE](#)

#### 26.1.2 \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef

*\_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_i2c.h

Data Fields

- *I2C\_TypeDef \* Instance*
- *I2C\_InitTypeDef Init*
- *uint8\_t \* pBuffPtr*
- *uint16\_t XferSize*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t XferCount*
- *\_\_IO uint32\_t XferOptions*
- *\_\_IO uint32\_t PreviousState*
- *HAL\_StatusTypeDef(\* XferISR*
- *DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatx*

- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmrx***
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock***
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_I2C\_StateTypeDef State***
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_I2C\_ModeTypeDef Mode***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t AddrEventCount***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t Devaddress***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t Memaddress***
- ***void(\* MasterTxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* MasterRxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* SlaveTxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* SlaveRxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* ListenCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* MemTxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* MemRxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* ErrorCallback***
- ***void(\* AbortCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* AddrCallback***
- ***void(\* MspInitCallback***
- ***void(\* MspDeInitCallback***

#### Field Documentation

- ***I2C\_TypeDef\* \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::Instance***  
I2C registers base address
- ***I2C\_InitTypeDef \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::Init***  
I2C communication parameters
- ***uint8\_t\* \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::pBuffPtr***  
Pointer to I2C transfer buffer
- ***uint16\_t \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::XferSize***  
I2C transfer size
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::XferCount***  
I2C transfer counter
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::XferOptions***  
I2C sequential transfer options, this parameter can be a value of ***I2C\_XFEROPTIONS***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::PreviousState***  
I2C communication Previous state
- ***HAL\_StatusTypeDef(\* \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::XferISR)(struct \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef \*hi2c, uint32\_t ITFlags, uint32\_t ITSources)***  
I2C transfer IRQ handler function pointer
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx***  
I2C Tx DMA handle parameters
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx***  
I2C Rx DMA handle parameters
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::Lock***  
I2C locking object
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_I2C\_StateTypeDef \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::State***  
I2C communication state
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_I2C\_ModeTypeDef \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::Mode***  
I2C communication mode
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode***  
I2C Error code
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_I2C\_HandleTypeDef::AddrEventCount***  
I2C Address Event counter

- **`__IO uint32_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::Devaddress`**  
I2C Target device address
- **`__IO uint32_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::Memaddress`**  
I2C Target memory address
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::MasterTxCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Master Tx Transfer completed callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::MasterRxCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Master Rx Transfer completed callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::SlaveTxCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Slave Tx Transfer completed callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::SlaveRxCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Slave Rx Transfer completed callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::ListenCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Listen Complete callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::MemTxCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Memory Tx Transfer completed callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::MemRxCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Memory Rx Transfer completed callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Error callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::AbortCpltCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Abort callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::AddrCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c, uint8_t TransferDirection, uint16_t AddrMatchCode)`**  
I2C Slave Address Match callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Msp Init callback
- **`void(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c)`**  
I2C Msp DeInit callback

## 26.2 I2C Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the I2C library.

### 26.2.1 How to use this driver

The I2C HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a `I2C_HandleTypeDef` handle structure, for example: `I2C_HandleTypeDef hi2c`;
2. Initialize the I2C low level resources by implementing the `HAL_I2C_MspInit()` API:
  - a. Enable the I2Cx interface clock
  - b. I2C pins configuration
    - Enable the clock for the I2C GPIOs
    - Configure I2C pins as alternate function open-drain
  - c. NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process
    - Configure the I2Cx interrupt priority
    - Enable the NVIC I2C IRQ Channel
  - d. DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process
    - Declare a `DMA_HandleTypeDef` handle structure for the transmit or receive channel
    - Enable the DMAx interface clock using
    - Configure the DMA handle parameters
    - Configure the DMA Tx or Rx channel
    - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the hi2c DMA Tx or Rx handle
    - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx or Rx channel

3. Configure the Communication Clock Timing, Own Address1, Master Addressing mode, Dual Addressing mode, Own Address2, Own Address2 Mask, General call and Nostretch mode in the hi2c Init structure.
4. Initialize the I2C registers by calling the HAL\_I2C\_Init(), configures also the low level Hardware (GPIO, CLOCK, NVIC...etc) by calling the customized HAL\_I2C\_MspInit(&hi2c) API.
5. To check if target device is ready for communication, use the function HAL\_I2C\_IsDeviceReady()
6. For I2C IO and IO MEM operations, three operation modes are available within this driver :

#### Polling mode IO operation

- Transmit in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit()
- Receive in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive()
- Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit()
- Receive in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive()

#### Polling mode IO MEM operation

- Write an amount of data in blocking mode to a specific memory address using HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write()
- Read an amount of data in blocking mode from a specific memory address using HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read()

#### Interrupt mode IO operation

- Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_IT()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_IT()
- At reception end of transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCpltCallback()
- Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL\_I2C\_SlaveTxCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_SlaveTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_IT()
- At reception end of transfer, HAL\_I2C\_SlaveRxCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_SlaveRxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback()
- Abort a master I2C process communication with Interrupt using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Abort\_IT()
- End of abort process, HAL\_I2C\_AbortCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_AbortCpltCallback()
- Discard a slave I2C process communication using \_\_HAL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_NACK() macro. This action will inform Master to generate a Stop condition to discard the communication.

#### Interrupt mode or DMA mode IO sequential operation

**Note:** *These interfaces allow to manage a sequential transfer with a repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer*

- A specific option field manage the different steps of a sequential transfer



- Option field values are defined through I2C\_XFEROPTIONS and are listed below:
  - I2C\_FIRST\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME: No sequential usage, functional is same as associated interfaces in no sequential mode
  - I2C\_FIRST\_FRAME: Sequential usage, this option allow to manage a sequence with start condition, address and data to transfer without a final stop condition
  - I2C\_FIRST\_AND\_NEXT\_FRAME: Sequential usage (Master only), this option allow to manage a sequence with start condition, address and data to transfer without a final stop condition, an then permit a call the same master sequential interface several times (like HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT() then HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT() or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA() then HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA())
  - I2C\_NEXT\_FRAME: Sequential usage, this option allow to manage a sequence with a restart condition, address and with new data to transfer if the direction change or manage only the new data to transfer if no direction change and without a final stop condition in both cases
  - I2C\_LAST\_FRAME: Sequential usage, this option allow to manage a sequence with a restart condition, address and with new data to transfer if the direction change or manage only the new data to transfer if no direction change and with a final stop condition in both cases
  - I2C\_LAST\_FRAME\_NO\_STOP: Sequential usage (Master only), this option allow to manage a restart condition after several call of the same master sequential interface several times (link with option I2C\_FIRST\_AND\_NEXT\_FRAME). Usage can, transfer several bytes one by one using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA with option I2C\_FIRST\_AND\_NEXT\_FRAME then I2C\_NEXT\_FRAME. Then usage of this option I2C\_LAST\_FRAME\_NO\_STOP at the last Transmit or Receive sequence permit to call the opposite interface Receive or Transmit without stopping the communication and so generate a restart condition.
  - I2C\_OTHER\_FRAME: Sequential usage (Master only), this option allow to manage a restart condition after each call of the same master sequential interface. Usage can, transfer several bytes one by one with a restart with slave address between each bytes using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA or HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA with option I2C\_FIRST\_FRAME then I2C\_OTHER\_FRAME. Then usage of this option I2C\_OTHER\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME at the last frame to help automatic generation of STOP condition.

- Different sequential I2C interfaces are listed below:
  - Sequential transmit in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT() or using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA()
    - At transmission end of current frame transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCallback()
  - Sequential receive in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT() or using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA()
    - At reception end of current frame transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCallback()
  - Abort a master IT or DMA I2C process communication with Interrupt using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Abort\_IT()
    - End of abort process, HAL\_I2C\_AbortCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_AbortCallback()
  - Enable/disable the Address listen mode in slave I2C mode using HAL\_I2C\_EnableListen\_IT() HAL\_I2C\_DisableListen\_IT()
    - When address slave I2C match, HAL\_I2C\_AddrCallback() is executed and users can add their own code to check the Address Match Code and the transmission direction request by master (Write/Read).
    - At Listen mode end HAL\_I2C\_ListenCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_ListenCallback()
  - Sequential transmit in slave I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT() or using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA()
    - At transmission end of current frame transfer, HAL\_I2C\_SlaveTxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_SlaveTxCallback()
  - Sequential receive in slave I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_IT() or using HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA()
    - At reception end of current frame transfer, HAL\_I2C\_SlaveRxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_SlaveRxCallback()
  - In case of transfer Error, HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback()
  - Discard a slave I2C process communication using \_\_HAL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_NACK() macro. This action will inform Master to generate a Stop condition to discard the communication.

#### Interrupt mode IO MEM operation

- Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt to a specific memory address using HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_IT()
- At Memory end of write transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MemTxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MemTxCallback()
- Read an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt from a specific memory address using HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_IT()
- At Memory end of read transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MemRxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MemRxCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback()

#### DMA mode IO operation

- Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_DMA()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCallback()

- Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using `HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_DMA()`
- At reception end of transfer, `HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback()`
- Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using `HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_DMA()`
- At transmission end of transfer, `HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback()`
- Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using `HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_DMA()`
- At reception end of transfer, `HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback()`
- In case of transfer Error, `HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()` function is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()`
- Abort a master I2C process communication with Interrupt using `HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT()`
- End of abort process, `HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback()`
- Discard a slave I2C process communication using `__HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK()` macro. This action will inform Master to generate a Stop condition to discard the communication.

#### **DMA mode IO MEM operation**

- Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA to a specific memory address using `HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_DMA()`
- At Memory end of write transfer, `HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback()`
- Read an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA from a specific memory address using `HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_DMA()`
- At Memory end of read transfer, `HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback()`
- In case of transfer Error, `HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()` function is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()`

#### **I2C HAL driver macros list**

Below the list of most used macros in I2C HAL driver.

- `__HAL_I2C_ENABLE`: Enable the I2C peripheral
- `__HAL_I2C_DISABLE`: Disable the I2C peripheral
- `__HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK`: Generate a Non-Acknowledge I2C peripheral in Slave mode
- `__HAL_I2C_GET_FLAG`: Check whether the specified I2C flag is set or not
- `__HAL_I2C_CLEAR_FLAG`: Clear the specified I2C pending flag
- `__HAL_I2C_ENABLE_IT`: Enable the specified I2C interrupt
- `__HAL_I2C_DISABLE_IT`: Disable the specified I2C interrupt

#### **Callback registration**

The compilation flag `USE_HAL_I2C_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions `HAL_I2C_RegisterCallback()` or `HAL_I2C_RegisterAddrCallback()` to register an interrupt callback.

Function `HAL_I2C_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:

- `MasterTxCpltCallback` : callback for Master transmission end of transfer.
- `MasterRxCpltCallback` : callback for Master reception end of transfer.
- `SlaveTxCpltCallback` : callback for Slave transmission end of transfer.
- `SlaveRxCpltCallback` : callback for Slave reception end of transfer.
- `ListenCpltCallback` : callback for end of listen mode.
- `MemTxCpltCallback` : callback for Memory transmission end of transfer.

- MemRxCpltCallback : callback for Memory reception end of transfer.
- ErrorCallback : callback for error detection.
- AbortCpltCallback : callback for abort completion process.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

For specific callback AddrCallback use dedicated register callbacks : HAL\_I2C\_RegisterAddrCallback().

Use function HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterCallback to reset a callback to the default weak function.

HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- MasterTxCpltCallback : callback for Master transmission end of transfer.
- MasterRxCpltCallback : callback for Master reception end of transfer.
- SlaveTxCpltCallback : callback for Slave transmission end of transfer.
- SlaveRxCpltCallback : callback for Slave reception end of transfer.
- ListenCpltCallback : callback for end of listen mode.
- MemTxCpltCallback : callback for Memory transmission end of transfer.
- MemRxCpltCallback : callback for Memory reception end of transfer.
- ErrorCallback : callback for error detection.
- AbortCpltCallback : callback for abort completion process.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit.

For callback AddrCallback use dedicated register callbacks : HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterAddrCallback().

By default, after the HAL\_I2C\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCpltCallback(), HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the HAL\_I2C\_Init()/ HAL\_I2C\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_I2C\_Init()/ HAL\_I2C\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit functions that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. Then, the user first registers the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_I2C\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_I2C\_DeInit() or HAL\_I2C\_Init() function.

When the compilation flag USE\_HAL\_I2C\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

*Note:* You can refer to the I2C HAL driver header file for more useful macros

## 26.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize and deinitialize the I2Cx peripheral:

- User must Implement HAL\_I2C\_MspInit() function in which he configures all related peripherals resources (CLOCK, GPIO, DMA, IT and NVIC ).
- Call the function HAL\_I2C\_Init() to configure the selected device with the selected configuration:
  - Clock Timing
  - Own Address 1
  - Addressing mode (Master, Slave)
  - Dual Addressing mode
  - Own Address 2
  - Own Address 2 Mask
  - General call mode
  - Nostretch mode
- Call the function HAL\_I2C\_DeInit() to restore the default configuration of the selected I2Cx peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_I2C\_Init()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_MspDeInit()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_RegisterCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_RegisterAddrCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterAddrCallback()*

### 26.2.3 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the I2C data transfers.

1. There are two modes of transfer:
  - Blocking mode : The communication is performed in the polling mode. The status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
  - No-Blocking mode : The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA. These functions return the status of the transfer startup. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated I2C IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode.
2. Blocking mode functions are :
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_IsDeviceReady()*
3. No-Blocking mode functions with Interrupt are :
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_EnableListen\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_DisableListen\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Abort\_IT()*
4. No-Blocking mode functions with DMA are :
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA()*
  - *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA()*

5. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in non Blocking mode:

- HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_SlaveTxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_SlaveRxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_MemTxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_MemRxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_AddrCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_ListenCpltCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback()
- HAL\_I2C\_AbortCpltCallback()

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_IsDeviceReady()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_EnableListen\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_DisableListen\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Abort\_IT()*

#### 26.2.4 Peripheral State, Mode and Error functions

This subsection permit to get in run-time the status of the peripheral and the data flow.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_I2C\_GetState()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_GetMode()*
- *HAL\_I2C\_GetError()*

## 26.2.5 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_I2C\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Init (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Initializes the I2C according to the specified parameters in the I2C\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2C\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_DeInit (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize the I2C peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2C\_MspInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_I2C\_MspInit (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Initialize the I2C MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_I2C\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_I2C\_MspDeInit (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize the I2C MSP.



## Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_RegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_RegisterCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, HAL\_I2C\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pI2C\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

## Function description

Register a User I2C Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_I2C\_MASTER\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MASTER\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_SLAVE\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_SLAVE\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_LISTEN\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Listen Complete callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MEM\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Memory Tx Transfer callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MEM\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Memory Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_ABORT\_CB\_ID Abort callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_I2C\_RegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_I2C\_Init() in HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_RESET to register callbacks for HAL\_I2C\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_I2C\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID.

## HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, HAL\_I2C\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

## Function description

Unregister an I2C Callback I2C callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.



## Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_I2C\_MASTER\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MASTER\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_SLAVE\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_SLAVE\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_LISTEN\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Listen Complete callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MEM\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Memory Tx Transfer callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MEM\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Memory Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_ABORT\_CB\_ID Abort callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_I2C\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_I2C\_Init() in HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_RESET to un-register callbacks for HAL\_I2C\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_I2C\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID.

### HAL\_I2C\_RegisterAddrCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_RegisterAddrCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, pl2C\_AddrCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register the Slave Address Match I2C Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_I2C\_AddrCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Address Match Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterAddrCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_UnRegisterAddrCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

UnRegister the Slave Address Match I2C Callback Info Ready I2C Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_I2C\_AddrCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)

#### Function description

Transmits in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)

#### Function description

Receives in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)

#### Function description

Transmits in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Receive in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint16\_t MemAddress, uint16\_t MemAddSize, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Write an amount of data in blocking mode to a specific memory address.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **MemAddress:** Internal memory address
- **MemAddSize:** Size of internal memory address
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint16\_t MemAddress, uint16\_t MemAddSize, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)

### Function description

Read an amount of data in blocking mode from a specific memory address.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **MemAddress**: Internal memory address
- **MemAddSize**: Size of internal memory address
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_I2C\_IsDeviceReady

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_IsDeviceReady** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint32\_t Trials, uint32\_t Timeout)

### Function description

Checks if target device is ready for communication.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **Trials**: Number of trials
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- This function is used with Memory devices

## HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_IT** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)

### Function description

Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress,
uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t
Size)
```

### Function description

Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t
Size)
```

### Function description

Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_IT (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint16\_t MemAddress, uint16\_t MemAddSize, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt to a specific memory address.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **MemAddress:** Internal memory address
- **MemAddSize:** Size of internal memory address
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_IT (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint16\_t MemAddress, uint16\_t MemAddSize, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Read an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt from a specific memory address.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **MemAddress:** Internal memory address
- **MemAddSize:** Size of internal memory address
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)

### Function description

Sequential transmit in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

## HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_IT** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)

### Function description

Sequential receive in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

## HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_IT** (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)

### Function description

Sequential transmit in slave/device I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_IT (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)**

#### Function description

Sequential receive in slave/device I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

### HAL\_I2C\_EnableListen\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_EnableListen\_IT (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Enable the Address listen mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2C\_DisableListen\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_DisableListen\_IT (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Disable the Address listen mode with Interrupt.



#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Abort\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Abort\_IT (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress)**

#### Function description

Abort a master I2C IT or DMA process communication with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Transmit\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

#### Function description

Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Receive\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

#### Function description

Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_DMA

### Function name

HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Transmit\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)

### Function description

Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_DMA

### Function name

HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Receive\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)

### Function description

Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_DMA

### Function name

HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Write\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint16\_t MemAddress, uint16\_t MemAddSize, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)

### Function description

Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA to a specific memory address.

## Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **MemAddress:** Internal memory address
- **MemAddSize:** Size of internal memory address
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Mem\_Read\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint16\_t MemAddress, uint16\_t MemAddSize, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

## Function description

Reads an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA from a specific memory address.

## Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **MemAddress:** Internal memory address
- **MemAddSize:** Size of internal memory address
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be read

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)**

## Function description

Sequential transmit in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

## Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions:** Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

### HAL\_I2C\_Master\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA

## Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Seq_Receive_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t
DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions)
```

## Function description

Sequential receive in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

## Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Transmit\_DMA

## Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Seq_Transmit_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData,
uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions)
```

## Function description

Sequential transmit in slave/device I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

## Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

### HAL\_I2C\_Slave\_Seq\_Receive\_DMA

## Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Seq_Receive_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData,
uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions)
```

## Function description

Sequential receive in slave/device I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions:** Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

### HAL\_I2C\_EV\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_EV_IRQHandler (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

#### Function description

This function handles I2C event interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_I2C\_ER\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_ER_IRQHandler (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

#### Function description

This function handles I2C error interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_I2C\_MasterTxCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

#### Function description

Master Tx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_MasterRxCpltCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

Master Rx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_SlaveTxCpltCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

Slave Tx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_SlaveRxCpltCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

Slave Rx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_AddrCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_AddrCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t TransferDirection, uint16_t AddrMatchCode)
```

### Function description

Slave Address Match callback.

## Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
- **TransferDirection**: Master request Transfer Direction (Write/Read), value of I2C Transfer Direction Master Point of View
- **AddrMatchCode**: Address Match Code

## Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_I2C\_ListenCpltCallback

## Function name

**void HAL\_I2C\_ListenCpltCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

## Function description

Listen Complete callback.

## Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

## Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_I2C\_MemTxCpltCallback

## Function name

**void HAL\_I2C\_MemTxCpltCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

## Function description

Memory Tx Transfer completed callback.

## Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

## Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_I2C\_MemRxCpltCallback

## Function name

**void HAL\_I2C\_MemRxCpltCallback (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

## Function description

Memory Rx Transfer completed callback.

## Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

## Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_I2C\_ErrorCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

I2C error callback.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_AbortCpltCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

I2C abort callback.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2C\_GetState

### Function name

```
HAL_I2C_StateTypeDef HAL_I2C_GetState (const I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

Return the I2C handle state.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

### Return values

- **HAL:** state

## HAL\_I2C\_GetMode

### Function name

```
HAL_I2C_ModeTypeDef HAL_I2C_GetMode (const I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
```

### Function description

Returns the I2C Master, Slave, Memory or no mode.

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2C module



#### Return values

- **HAL:** mode

**HAL\_I2C\_GetError**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_I2C\_GetError (const I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Return the I2C error code.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.

#### Return values

- **I2C:** Error Code

## 26.3 I2C Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 26.3.1

#### I2C

I2C

##### *I2C Addressing Mode*

**I2C\_ADDRESSINGMODE\_7BIT**

**I2C\_ADDRESSINGMODE\_10BIT**

##### *I2C Dual Addressing Mode*

**I2C\_DUALADDRESS\_DISABLE**

**I2C\_DUALADDRESS\_ENABLE**

##### *I2C Error Code definition*

**HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_NONE**

No error

**HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_BERR**

BERR error

**HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_ARLO**

ARLO error

**HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_AF**

ACKF error

**HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_OVR**

OVR error

**HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_DMA**

DMA transfer error

## HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT

Timeout error

## HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_SIZE

Size Management error

## HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_DMA\_PARAM

DMA Parameter Error

## HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

## HAL\_I2C\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

Invalid Parameters error

### I2C Exported Macros

## \_\_HAL\_I2C\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### Description:

- Reset I2C handle state.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2C\_ENABLE\_IT

#### Description:

- Enable the specified I2C interrupt.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - I2C\_IT\_ERRI Errors interrupt enable
  - I2C\_IT\_TCI Transfer complete interrupt enable
  - I2C\_IT\_STOPI STOP detection interrupt enable
  - I2C\_IT\_NACKI NACK received interrupt enable
  - I2C\_IT\_ADDRI Address match interrupt enable
  - I2C\_IT\_RXI RX interrupt enable
  - I2C\_IT\_TXI TX interrupt enable

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2C\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified I2C interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `I2C_IT_ERRI` Errors interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_TCI` Transfer complete interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_STOPI` STOP detection interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_NACKI` NACK received interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_ADDRI` Address match interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_RXI` RX interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_TXI` TX interrupt enable

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2C\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified I2C interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the I2C interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `I2C_IT_ERRI` Errors interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_TCI` Transfer complete interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_STOPI` STOP detection interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_NACKI` NACK received interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_ADDRI` Address match interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_RXI` RX interrupt enable
  - `I2C_IT_TXI` TX interrupt enable

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## I2C\_FLAG\_MASK

### Description:

- Check whether the specified I2C flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `I2C_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty
  - `I2C_FLAG_TXIS` Transmit interrupt status
  - `I2C_FLAG_RXNE` Receive data register not empty
  - `I2C_FLAG_ADDR` Address matched (slave mode)
  - `I2C_FLAG_AF` Acknowledge failure received flag
  - `I2C_FLAG_STOPF` STOP detection flag
  - `I2C_FLAG_TC` Transfer complete (master mode)
  - `I2C_FLAG_TCR` Transfer complete reload
  - `I2C_FLAG_BERR` Bus error
  - `I2C_FLAG_ARLO` Arbitration lost
  - `I2C_FLAG_OVR` Overrun/Underrun
  - `I2C_FLAG_PECERR` PEC error in reception
  - `I2C_FLAG_TIMEOUT` Timeout or Tlow detection flag
  - `I2C_FLAG_ALERT` SMBus alert
  - `I2C_FLAG_BUSY` Bus busy
  - `I2C_FLAG_DIR` Transfer direction (slave mode)

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_I2C\_GET\_FLAG

## \_\_HAL\_I2C\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the I2C pending flags which are cleared by writing 1 in a specific bit.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `I2C_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty
  - `I2C_FLAG_ADDR` Address matched (slave mode)
  - `I2C_FLAG_AF` Acknowledge failure received flag
  - `I2C_FLAG_STOPF` STOP detection flag
  - `I2C_FLAG_BERR` Bus error
  - `I2C_FLAG_ARLO` Arbitration lost
  - `I2C_FLAG_OVR` Overrun/Underrun
  - `I2C_FLAG_PECERR` PEC error in reception
  - `I2C_FLAG_TIMEOUT` Timeout or Tlow detection flag
  - `I2C_FLAG_ALERT` SMBus alert

### Return value:

- None

**\_\_HAL\_I2C\_ENABLE****Description:**

- Enable the specified I2C peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_I2C\_DISABLE****Description:**

- Disable the specified I2C peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_NACK****Description:**

- Generate a Non-Acknowledge I2C peripheral in Slave mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

***I2C Flag definition*****I2C\_FLAG\_TXE****I2C\_FLAG\_TXIS****I2C\_FLAG\_RXNE****I2C\_FLAG\_ADDR****I2C\_FLAG\_AF****I2C\_FLAG\_STOPF****I2C\_FLAG\_TC****I2C\_FLAG\_TCR****I2C\_FLAG\_BERR****I2C\_FLAG\_ARLO****I2C\_FLAG\_OVR****I2C\_FLAG\_PECERR****I2C\_FLAG\_TIMEOUT****I2C\_FLAG\_ALERT**

I2C\_FLAG\_BUSY

I2C\_FLAG\_DIR

*I2C General Call Addressing Mode*

I2C\_GENERALCALL\_DISABLE

I2C\_GENERALCALL\_ENABLE

*I2C Interrupt configuration definition*

I2C\_IT\_ERRI

I2C\_IT\_TCI

I2C\_IT\_STOPI

I2C\_IT\_NACKI

I2C\_IT\_ADDRI

I2C\_IT\_RXI

I2C\_IT\_TXI

*I2C Memory Address Size*

I2C\_MEMADD\_SIZE\_8BIT

I2C\_MEMADD\_SIZE\_16BIT

*I2C No-Stretch Mode*

I2C\_NOSTRETCH\_DISABLE

I2C\_NOSTRETCH\_ENABLE

*I2C Own Address2 Masks*

I2C\_OA2\_NOMASK

I2C\_OA2\_MASK01

I2C\_OA2\_MASK02

I2C\_OA2\_MASK03

I2C\_OA2\_MASK04

I2C\_OA2\_MASK05

I2C\_OA2\_MASK06

I2C\_OA2\_MASK07

***I2C Reload End Mode*****I2C\_RELOAD\_MODE****I2C\_AUTOEND\_MODE****I2C\_SOFTEND\_MODE*****I2C Start or Stop Mode*****I2C\_NO\_STARTSTOP****I2C\_GENERATE\_STOP****I2C\_GENERATE\_START\_READ****I2C\_GENERATE\_START\_WRITE*****I2C Transfer Direction Master Point of View*****I2C\_DIRECTION\_TRANSMIT****I2C\_DIRECTION\_RECEIVE*****I2C Sequential Transfer Options*****I2C\_FIRST\_FRAME****I2C\_FIRST\_AND\_NEXT\_FRAME****I2C\_NEXT\_FRAME****I2C\_FIRST\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME****I2C\_LAST\_FRAME****I2C\_LAST\_FRAME\_NO\_STOP****I2C\_OTHER\_FRAME****I2C\_OTHER\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME**

## 27 HAL I2C Extension Driver

### 27.1 I2CEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the I2CEX library.

#### 27.1.1 I2C peripheral Extended features

Comparing to other previous devices, the I2C interface for STM32L0xx devices contains the following additional features

- Possibility to disable or enable Analog Noise Filter
- Use of a configured Digital Noise Filter
- Disable or enable wakeup from Stop mode(s)
- Disable or enable Fast Mode Plus

#### 27.1.2 How to use this driver

This driver provides functions to configure Noise Filter and Wake Up Feature

1. Configure I2C Analog noise filter using the function `HAL_I2CEX_ConfigAnalogFilter()`
2. Configure I2C Digital noise filter using the function `HAL_I2CEX_ConfigDigitalFilter()`
3. Configure the enable or disable of I2C Wake Up Mode using the functions :
  - `HAL_I2CEX_EnableWakeUp()`
  - `HAL_I2CEX_DisableWakeUp()`
4. Configure the enable or disable of fast mode plus driving capability using the functions :
  - `HAL_I2CEX_EnableFastModePlus()`
  - `HAL_I2CEX_DisableFastModePlus()`

#### 27.1.3 Filter Mode Functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Noise Filters

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_I2CEX_ConfigAnalogFilter()`
- `HAL_I2CEX_ConfigDigitalFilter()`

#### 27.1.4 WakeUp Mode Functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Wake Up Feature

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_I2CEX_EnableWakeUp()`
- `HAL_I2CEX_DisableWakeUp()`

#### 27.1.5 Fast Mode Plus Functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Fast Mode Plus

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_I2CEX_EnableFastModePlus()`
- `HAL_I2CEX_DisableFastModePlus()`



## 27.1.6 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_I2CEx\_ConfigAnalogFilter

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2CEx\_ConfigAnalogFilter (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint32\_t AnalogFilter)**

#### Function description

Configure I2C Analog noise filter.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.
- **AnalogFilter**: New state of the Analog filter.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2CEx\_ConfigDigitalFilter

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2CEx\_ConfigDigitalFilter (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c, uint32\_t DigitalFilter)**

#### Function description

Configure I2C Digital noise filter.

#### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.
- **DigitalFilter**: Coefficient of digital noise filter between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x0F.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2CEx\_EnableWakeUp

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2CEx\_EnableWakeUp (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Enable I2C wakeup from Stop mode(s).

#### Parameters

- **hi2c**: Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2CEx\_DisableWakeUp

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2CEx\_DisableWakeUp (I2C\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2c)**

#### Function description

Disable I2C wakeup from Stop mode(s).

### Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_I2CEx\_EnableFastModePlus

### Function name

**void HAL\_I2CEx\_EnableFastModePlus (uint32\_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

### Function description

Enable the I2C fast mode plus driving capability.

### Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** Selects the pin. This parameter can be one of the I2C Extended Fast Mode Plus values

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- For I2C1, fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled on all selected I2C1 pins using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter or independently on each one of the following pins PB6, PB7, PB8 and PB9.
- For remaining I2C1 pins (PA14, PA15...) fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter.
- For all I2C2 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2 parameter.
- For all I2C3 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3 parameter.

### HAL\_I2CEx\_DisableFastModePlus

### Function name

**void HAL\_I2CEx\_DisableFastModePlus (uint32\_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

### Function description

Disable the I2C fast mode plus driving capability.

### Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** Selects the pin. This parameter can be one of the I2C Extended Fast Mode Plus values

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- For I2C1, fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled on all selected I2C1 pins using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter or independently on each one of the following pins PB6, PB7, PB8 and PB9.
- For remaining I2C1 pins (PA14, PA15...) fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter.
- For all I2C2 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2 parameter.
- For all I2C3 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3 parameter.

## 27.2 I2CEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 27.2.1 I2CEx

I2CEx

*I2C Extended Analog Filter*

**I2C\_ANALOGFILTER\_ENABLE**

**I2C\_ANALOGFILTER\_DISABLE**

*I2C Extended Fast Mode Plus*

**I2C\_FMP\_NOT\_SUPPORTED**

Fast Mode Plus not supported

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB6

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB7

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB8

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB9

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C1 pins

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C2 pins

**I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C3 pins

## 28 HAL I2S Generic Driver

### 28.1 I2S Firmware driver registers structures

#### 28.1.1 I2S\_InitTypeDef

*I2S\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_i2s.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t Mode*
- *uint32\_t Standard*
- *uint32\_t DataFormat*
- *uint32\_t MCLKOutput*
- *uint32\_t AudioFreq*
- *uint32\_t CPOL*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t I2S\_InitTypeDef::Mode*  
Specifies the I2S operating mode. This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_Mode](#)
- *uint32\_t I2S\_InitTypeDef::Standard*  
Specifies the standard used for the I2S communication. This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_Standard](#)
- *uint32\_t I2S\_InitTypeDef::DataFormat*  
Specifies the data format for the I2S communication. This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_Data\\_Format](#)
- *uint32\_t I2S\_InitTypeDef::MCLKOutput*  
Specifies whether the I2S MCLK output is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_MCLK\\_Output](#)
- *uint32\_t I2S\_InitTypeDef::AudioFreq*  
Specifies the frequency selected for the I2S communication. This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_Audio\\_Frequency](#)
- *uint32\_t I2S\_InitTypeDef::CPOL*  
Specifies the idle state of the I2S clock. This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_Clock\\_Polarity](#)

#### 28.1.2 \_\_I2S\_HandleTypeDef

*\_\_I2S\_HandleTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_i2s.h

Data Fields

- *SPI\_TypeDef \* Instance*
- *I2S\_InitTypeDef Init*
- *uint16\_t \* pTxBuffPtr*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t TxXferSize*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t TxXferCount*
- *uint16\_t \* pRxBuffPtr*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t RxXferSize*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t RxXferCount*
- *DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatx*
- *DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmarx*
- *\_\_IO HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock*
- *\_\_IO HAL\_I2S\_StateTypeDef State*
- *\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode*
- *void(\* TxCpltCallback*
- *void(\* RxCpltCallback*
- *void(\* TxHalfCpltCallback*
- *void(\* RxHalfCpltCallback*
- *void(\* ErrorCallback*

- **`void(* MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* MspDeInitCallback`**

#### Field Documentation

- **`SPI_TypeDef __I2S_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
I2S registers base address
- **`I2S_InitTypeDef __I2S_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
I2S communication parameters
- **`uint16_t* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr`**  
Pointer to I2S Tx transfer buffer
- **`__IO uint16_t __I2S_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize`**  
I2S Tx transfer size
- **`__IO uint16_t __I2S_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount`**  
I2S Tx transfer Counter
- **`uint16_t* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr`**  
Pointer to I2S Rx transfer buffer
- **`__IO uint16_t __I2S_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize`**  
I2S Rx transfer size
- **`__IO uint16_t __I2S_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount`**  
I2S Rx transfer counter (This field is initialized at the same value as transfer size at the beginning of the transfer and decremented when a sample is received NbSamplesReceived = RxBufferSize-RxBufferCount)
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef __I2S_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx`**  
I2S Tx DMA handle parameters
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef __I2S_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx`**  
I2S Rx DMA handle parameters
- **`__IO HAL_LockTypeDef __I2S_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**  
I2S locking object
- **`__IO HAL_I2S_StateTypeDef __I2S_HandleTypeDef::State`**  
I2S communication state
- **`__IO uint32_t __I2S_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`**  
I2S Error code This parameter can be a value of [I2S\\_Error](#)
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::TxCpltCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Tx Completed callback
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::RxCpltCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Rx Completed callback
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::TxHalfCpltCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Tx Half Completed callback
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::RxHalfCpltCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Rx Half Completed callback
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Error callback
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Msp Init callback
- **`void(* __I2S_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __I2S_HandleTypeDef *hi2s)`**  
I2S Msp DeInit callback

## 28.2 I2S Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the I2S library.

### 28.2.1 How to use this driver

The I2S HAL driver can be used as follow:

1. Declare a `I2S_HandleTypeDef` handle structure.

2. Initialize the I2S low level resources by implement the HAL\_I2S\_MspInit() API:
  - a. Enable the SPIx interface clock.
  - b. I2S pins configuration:
    - Enable the clock for the I2S GPIOs.
    - Configure these I2S pins as alternate function pull-up.
  - c. NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process (HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_IT() and HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_IT()) APIs.
    - Configure the I2Sx interrupt priority.
    - Enable the NVIC I2S IRQ handle.
  - d. DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process (HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_DMA() and HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_DMA()) APIs:
    - Declare a DMA handle structure for the Tx/Rx Stream/Channel.
    - Enable the DMAx interface clock.
    - Configure the declared DMA handle structure with the required Tx/Rx parameters.
    - Configure the DMA Tx/Rx Stream/Channel.
    - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the I2S DMA Tx/Rx handle.
    - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx/Rx Stream/Channel.
3. Program the Mode, Standard, Data Format, MCLK Output, Audio frequency and Polarity using HAL\_I2S\_Init() function.

**Note:** *The specific I2S interrupts (Transmission complete interrupt, RXNE interrupt and Error Interrupts) will be managed using the macros \_\_HAL\_I2S\_ENABLE\_IT() and \_\_HAL\_I2S\_DISABLE\_IT() inside the transmit and receive process.*

**Note:** *Make sure that either:*

- *External clock source is configured after setting correctly the define constant HSE\_VALUE in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf.h file.*

4. Three mode of operations are available within this driver :

#### Polling mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_I2S\_Transmit()
- Receive an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_I2S\_Receive()

#### Interrupt mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in non blocking mode using HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_IT()
- At transmission end of half transfer HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback
- At transmission end of transfer HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback
- Receive an amount of data in non blocking mode using HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_IT()
- At reception end of half transfer HAL\_I2S\_RxHalfCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_RxHalfCpltCallback
- At reception end of transfer HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback

#### DMA mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in non blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_DMA()
- At transmission end of half transfer HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback
- At transmission end of transfer HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback

- Receive an amount of data in non blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_DMA()
- At reception end of half transfer HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback
- At reception end of transfer HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback
- Pause the DMA Transfer using HAL\_I2S\_DMAPause()
- Resume the DMA Transfer using HAL\_I2S\_DMAResume()
- Stop the DMA Transfer using HAL\_I2S\_DMAStop() In Slave mode, if HAL\_I2S\_DMAStop is used to stop the communication, an error HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_BUSY\_LINE\_RX is raised as the master continue to transmit data. In this case \_\_HAL\_I2S\_FLUSH\_RX\_DR macro must be used to flush the remaining data inside DR register and avoid using Delnit/Init process for the next transfer.

### I2S HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in I2S HAL driver.

- \_\_HAL\_I2S\_ENABLE: Enable the specified SPI peripheral (in I2S mode)
- \_\_HAL\_I2S\_DISABLE: Disable the specified SPI peripheral (in I2S mode)
- \_\_HAL\_I2S\_ENABLE\_IT : Enable the specified I2S interrupts
- \_\_HAL\_I2S\_DISABLE\_IT : Disable the specified I2S interrupts
- \_\_HAL\_I2S\_GET\_FLAG: Check whether the specified I2S flag is set or not
- \_\_HAL\_I2S\_FLUSH\_RX\_DR: Read DR Register to Flush RX Data

*Note:* You can refer to the I2S HAL driver header file for more useful macros

### I2S HAL driver macros list

Callback registration:

1. The compilation flag USE\_HAL\_I2S\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1U allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions HAL\_I2S\_RegisterCallback() to register an interrupt callback. Function HAL\_I2S\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:
  - TxCpltCallback : I2S Tx Completed callback
  - RxCpltCallback : I2S Rx Completed callback
  - TxHalfCpltCallback : I2S Tx Half Completed callback
  - RxHalfCpltCallback : I2S Rx Half Completed callback
  - ErrorCallback : I2S Error callback
  - MspInitCallback : I2S Msp Init callback
  - MspDeInitCallback : I2S Msp DeInit callback This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.
2. Use function HAL\_I2S\_UnRegisterCallback to reset a callback to the default weak function. HAL\_I2S\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:
  - TxCpltCallback : I2S Tx Completed callback
  - RxCpltCallback : I2S Rx Completed callback
  - TxHalfCpltCallback : I2S Tx Half Completed callback
  - RxHalfCpltCallback : I2S Rx Half Completed callback
  - ErrorCallback : I2S Error callback
  - MspInitCallback : I2S Msp Init callback
  - MspDeInitCallback : I2S Msp DeInit callback

By default, after the HAL\_I2S\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_I2S\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_I2S\_MasterTxCpltCallback(), HAL\_I2S\_MasterRxCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the HAL\_I2S\_Init()/ HAL\_I2S\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_I2S\_Init()/ HAL\_I2S\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_I2S\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit functions that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_I2S\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_I2S\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. Then, the user first registers the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_I2S\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_I2S\_DeInit() or HAL\_I2S\_Init() function.

When the compilation define USE\_HAL\_I2S\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registering feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### 28.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize and de-initialize the I2Sx peripheral in simplex mode:

- User must Implement HAL\_I2S\_MspInit() function in which he configures all related peripherals resources (CLOCK, GPIO, DMA, IT and NVIC ).
- Call the function HAL\_I2S\_Init() to configure the selected device with the selected configuration:
  - Mode
  - Standard
  - Data Format
  - MCLK Output
  - Audio frequency
  - Polarity
- Call the function HAL\_I2S\_DeInit() to restore the default configuration of the selected I2Sx peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_I2S\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_I2S\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_I2S\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_I2S\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_I2S\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_I2S\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)

### 28.2.3 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the I2S data transfers.

1. There are two modes of transfer:
  - Blocking mode : The communication is performed in the polling mode. The status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
  - No-Blocking mode : The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA. These functions return the status of the transfer startup. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated I2S IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode.
2. Blocking mode functions are :
  - HAL\_I2S\_Transmit()
  - HAL\_I2S\_Receive()
3. No-Blocking mode functions with Interrupt are :
  - HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_IT()
  - HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_IT()
4. No-Blocking mode functions with DMA are :
  - HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_DMA()
  - HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_DMA()
5. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in non Blocking mode:
  - HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback()

This section contains the following APIs:



- *HAL\_I2S\_Transmit()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_Receive()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_DMAPause()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_DMAResume()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_DMAStop()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_IRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_RxHalfCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback()*

#### 28.2.4 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral and the data flow.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_I2S\_GetState()*
- *HAL\_I2S\_GetError()*

#### 28.2.5 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_I2S\_Init

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_Init (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

###### Function description

Initializes the I2S according to the specified parameters in the I2S\_InitTypeDef and create the associated handle.

###### Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_I2S\_DeInit

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_DeInit (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

###### Function description

Deinitializes the I2S peripheral.

###### Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_I2S\_Mspltinit

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2S_Mspltinit (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s)
```

### Function description

I2S MSP Init.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_MspDeInit

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2S_MspDeInit (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s)
```

### Function description

I2S MSP DeInit.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2S_RegisterCallback (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s, HAL_I2S_CallbackIDTypeDef  
CallbackID, pI2S_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)
```

### Function description

Register a User I2S Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** Pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2S.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_I2S\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2S_UnRegisterCallback (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s,  
HAL_I2S_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)
```

### Function description

Unregister an I2S Callback I2S callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hi2s:** Pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2S.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_I2S\_Transmit

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_Transmit (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s, uint16\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

Transmit an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module
- **pData:** a 16-bit pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** number of data sample to be sent:
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When a 16-bit data frame or a 16-bit data frame extended is selected during the I2S configuration phase, the Size parameter means the number of 16-bit data length in the transaction and when a 24-bit data frame or a 32-bit data frame is selected the Size parameter means the number of 24-bit or 32-bit data length.
- The I2S is kept enabled at the end of transaction to avoid the clock de-synchronization between Master and Slave(example: audio streaming).
- This function can use an Audio Frequency up to 48KHz when I2S Clock Source is 32MHz

## HAL\_I2S\_Receive

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_Receive (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s, uint16\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module
- **pData:** a 16-bit pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** number of data sample to be sent:
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When a 16-bit data frame or a 16-bit data frame extended is selected during the I2S configuration phase, the Size parameter means the number of 16-bit data length in the transaction and when a 24-bit data frame or a 32-bit data frame is selected the Size parameter means the number of 24-bit or 32-bit data length.
- The I2S is kept enabled at the end of transaction to avoid the clock de-synchronization between Master and Slave(example: audio streaming).
- In I2S Master Receiver mode, just after enabling the peripheral the clock will be generate in continuous way and as the I2S is not disabled at the end of the I2S transaction.
- This function can use an Audio Frequency up to 48KHz when I2S Clock Source is 32MHz

## HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_IT (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s, uint16\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Transmit an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module
- **pData**: a 16-bit pointer to data buffer.
- **Size**: number of data sample to be sent:

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When a 16-bit data frame or a 16-bit data frame extended is selected during the I2S configuration phase, the Size parameter means the number of 16-bit data length in the transaction and when a 24-bit data frame or a 32-bit data frame is selected the Size parameter means the number of 24-bit or 32-bit data length.
- The I2S is kept enabled at the end of transaction to avoid the clock de-synchronization between Master and Slave(example: audio streaming).
- This function can use an Audio Frequency up to 48KHz when I2S Clock Source is 32MHz

## HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_IT (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s, uint16\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module
- **pData**: a 16-bit pointer to the Receive data buffer.
- **Size**: number of data sample to be sent:

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When a 16-bit data frame or a 16-bit data frame extended is selected during the I2S configuration phase, the Size parameter means the number of 16-bit data length in the transaction and when a 24-bit data frame or a 32-bit data frame is selected the Size parameter means the number of 24-bit or 32-bit data length.
- The I2S is kept enabled at the end of transaction to avoid the clock de-synchronization between Master and Slave(example: audio streaming).
- It is recommended to use DMA for the I2S receiver to avoid de-synchronization between Master and Slave otherwise the I2S interrupt should be optimized.
- This function can use an Audio Frequency up to 48KHz when I2S Clock Source is 32MHz

### HAL\_I2S\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_I2S_IRQHandler (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s)
```

#### Function description

This function handles I2S interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_I2S\_Transmit\_DMA

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2S_Transmit_DMA (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s, uint16_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
```

#### Function description

Transmit an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

#### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module
- **pData:** a 16-bit pointer to the Transmit data buffer.
- **Size:** number of data sample to be sent:

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When a 16-bit data frame or a 16-bit data frame extended is selected during the I2S configuration phase, the Size parameter means the number of 16-bit data length in the transaction and when a 24-bit data frame or a 32-bit data frame is selected the Size parameter means the number of 24-bit or 32-bit data length.
- The I2S is kept enabled at the end of transaction to avoid the clock de-synchronization between Master and Slave(example: audio streaming).

### HAL\_I2S\_Receive\_DMA

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2S_Receive_DMA (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s, uint16_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
```

#### Function description

Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

## Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module
- **pData**: a 16-bit pointer to the Receive data buffer.
- **Size**: number of data sample to be sent:

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When a 16-bit data frame or a 16-bit data frame extended is selected during the I2S configuration phase, the Size parameter means the number of 16-bit data length in the transaction and when a 24-bit data frame or a 32-bit data frame is selected the Size parameter means the number of 24-bit or 32-bit data length.
- The I2S is kept enabled at the end of transaction to avoid the clock de-synchronization between Master and Slave(example: audio streaming).

### HAL\_I2S\_DMAPause

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_DMAPause (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

## Function description

Pauses the audio DMA Stream/Channel playing from the Media.

## Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2S\_DMAResume

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_DMAResume (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

## Function description

Resumes the audio DMA Stream/Channel playing from the Media.

## Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_I2S\_DMAStop

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_I2S\_DMAStop (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

## Function description

Stops the audio DMA Stream/Channel playing from the Media.

## Parameters

- **hi2s**: pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_I2S\_TxHalfCpltCallback (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

### Function description

Tx Transfer Half completed callbacks.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_I2S\_TxCpltCallback (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

### Function description

Tx Transfer completed callbacks.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_RxHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_I2S\_RxHalfCpltCallback (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

### Function description

Rx Transfer half completed callbacks.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_I2S\_RxCpltCallback (I2S\_HandleTypeDef \* hi2s)**

### Function description

Rx Transfer completed callbacks.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_ErrorCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_I2S_ErrorCallback (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s)
```

### Function description

I2S error callbacks.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_I2S\_GetState

### Function name

```
HAL_I2S_StateTypeDef HAL_I2S_GetState (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s)
```

### Function description

Return the I2S state.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **HAL:** state

## HAL\_I2S\_GetError

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_I2S_GetError (I2S_HandleTypeDef * hi2s)
```

### Function description

Return the I2S error code.

### Parameters

- **hi2s:** pointer to a I2S\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2S module

### Return values

- **I2S:** Error Code

## 28.3 I2S Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 28.3.1

#### I2S

I2S

*I2S Audio Frequency*

**I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_192K**

**I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_96K**

**I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_48K**

**I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_44K**



I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_32K

I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_22K

I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_16K

I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_11K

I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_8K

I2S\_AUDIOFREQ\_DEFAULT

#### *I2S Clock Polarity*

I2S\_CPOL\_LOW

I2S\_CPOL\_HIGH

#### *I2S Data Format*

I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_16B

I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_16B\_EXTENDED

I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_24B

I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_32B

#### *I2S Error*

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT

Timeout error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_OVR

OVR error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_UDR

UDR error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_PRESCALER

Prescaler Calculation error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

HAL\_I2S\_ERROR\_BUSY\_LINE\_RX

Busy Rx Line error

#### *I2S Exported Macros*

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

### Description:

- Reset I2S handle state.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the specified SPI peripheral (in I2S mode).

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the specified SPI peripheral (in I2S mode).

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified I2S interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to enable or disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `I2S_IT_TXE`: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
  - `I2S_IT_RXNE`: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
  - `I2S_IT_ERR`: Error interrupt enable

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified I2S interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to enable or disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `I2S_IT_TXE`: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
  - `I2S_IT_RXNE`: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
  - `I2S_IT_ERR`: Error interrupt enable

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Checks if the specified I2S interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle. This parameter can be I2S where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the I2S peripheral.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the I2S interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - I2S\_IT\_TXE: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
  - I2S\_IT\_RXNE: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
  - I2S\_IT\_ERR: Error interrupt enable

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__IT__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Checks whether the specified I2S flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - I2S\_FLAG\_RXNE: Receive buffer not empty flag
  - I2S\_FLAG\_TXE: Transmit buffer empty flag
  - I2S\_FLAG\_UDR: Underrun flag
  - I2S\_FLAG\_OVR: Overrun flag
  - I2S\_FLAG\_FRE: Frame error flag
  - I2S\_FLAG\_CHSIDE: Channel Side flag
  - I2S\_FLAG\_BSY: Busy flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_CLEAR\_OVRFLAG

### Description:

- Clears the I2S OVR pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_CLEAR\_UDRFLAG

### Description:

- Clears the I2S UDR pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2S Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_I2S\_FLUSH\_RX\_DR

### Description:

- Flush the I2S DR Register.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the I2S Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### *I2S Flags Definition*

I2S\_FLAG\_TXE

I2S\_FLAG\_RXNE

I2S\_FLAG\_UDR

I2S\_FLAG\_OVR

I2S\_FLAG\_FRE

I2S\_FLAG\_CHSIDE

I2S\_FLAG\_BSY

I2S\_FLAG\_MASK

### *I2S Interrupts Definition*

I2S\_IT\_TXE

I2S\_IT\_RXNE

I2S\_IT\_ERR

### *I2S MCLK Output*

I2S\_MCLKOUTPUT\_ENABLE

I2S\_MCLKOUTPUT\_DISABLE

### *I2S Mode*

I2S\_MODE\_SLAVE\_TX

I2S\_MODE\_SLAVE\_RX

I2S\_MODE\_MASTER\_TX

I2S\_MODE\_MASTER\_RX

### *I2S Standard*

I2S\_STANDARD\_PHILIPS

I2S\_STANDARD\_MSB



I2S\_STANDARD\_LSB

I2S\_STANDARD\_PCM\_SHORT

I2S\_STANDARD\_PCM\_LONG

## 29 HAL IRDA Generic Driver

### 29.1 IRDA Firmware driver registers structures

#### 29.1.1 IRDA\_InitTypeDef

*IRDA\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_irda.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t BaudRate*
- *uint32\_t WordLength*
- *uint32\_t Parity*
- *uint32\_t Mode*
- *uint8\_t Prescaler*
- *uint16\_t PowerMode*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t IRDA\_InitTypeDef::BaudRate*  
This member configures the IRDA communication baud rate. The baud rate register is computed using the following formula: Baud Rate Register = ((usart\_ker\_clk) / ((hirda->Init.BaudRate))) where usart\_ker\_clk is the IRDA input clock
- *uint32\_t IRDA\_InitTypeDef::WordLength*  
Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter can be a value of [IRDAEx\\_Word\\_Length](#)
- *uint32\_t IRDA\_InitTypeDef::Parity*  
Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA\\_Parity](#)  
**Note:**
  - When parity is enabled, the computed parity is inserted at the MSB position of the transmitted data (9th bit when the word length is set to 9 data bits; 8th bit when the word length is set to 8 data bits).
- *uint32\_t IRDA\_InitTypeDef::Mode*  
Specifies whether the Receive or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA\\_Transfer\\_Mode](#)
- *uint8\_t IRDA\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler*  
Specifies the Prescaler value for dividing the UART/USART source clock to achieve low-power frequency.  
**Note:**
  - Prescaler value 0 is forbidden
- *uint16\_t IRDA\_InitTypeDef::PowerMode*  
Specifies the IRDA power mode. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA\\_Low\\_Power](#)

#### 29.1.2 \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef

*\_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_irda.h

Data Fields

- *USART\_TypeDef \* Instance*
- *IRDA\_InitTypeDef Init*
- *const uint8\_t \* pTxBuffPtr*
- *uint16\_t TxXferSize*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t TxXferCount*
- *uint8\_t \* pRxBuffPtr*
- *uint16\_t RxXferSize*
- *\_\_IO uint16\_t RxXferCount*
- *uint16\_t Mask*
- *DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatx*
- *DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmarx*
- *HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock*

- **\_\_IO HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef gState**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef RxState**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode**
- **void(\* TxHalfCpltCallback**
- **void(\* TxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* RxHalfCpltCallback**
- **void(\* RxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* ErrorCallback**
- **void(\* AbortCpltCallback**
- **void(\* AbortTransmitCpltCallback**
- **void(\* AbortReceiveCpltCallback**
- **void(\* MspInitCallback**
- **void(\* MspDeInitCallback**

#### Field Documentation

- **USART\_TypeDef\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
USART registers base address
- **IRDA\_InitTypeDef \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
IRDA communication parameters
- **const uint8\_t\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr**  
Pointer to IRDA Tx transfer Buffer
- **uint16\_t \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize**  
IRDA Tx Transfer size
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount**  
IRDA Tx Transfer Counter
- **uint8\_t\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr**  
Pointer to IRDA Rx transfer Buffer
- **uint16\_t \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize**  
IRDA Rx Transfer size
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount**  
IRDA Rx Transfer Counter
- **uint16\_t \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::Mask**  
USART RX RDR register mask
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx**  
IRDA Tx DMA Handle parameters
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx**  
IRDA Rx DMA Handle parameters
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
Locking object
- **\_\_IO HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::gState**  
IRDA state information related to global Handle management and also related to Tx operations. This parameter can be a value of **HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::RxState**  
IRDA state information related to Rx operations. This parameter can be a value of **HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
IRDA Error code
- **void(\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::TxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \*hirda)**  
IRDA Tx Half Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::TxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \*hirda)**  
IRDA Tx Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::RxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \*hirda)**  
IRDA Rx Half Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef::RxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \*hirda)**  
IRDA Rx Complete Callback

- **`void(* __IRDA_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __IRDA_HandleTypeDef *hirda)`**  
IRDA Error Callback
- **`void(* __IRDA_HandleTypeDef::AbortCpltCallback)(struct __IRDA_HandleTypeDef *hirda)`**  
IRDA Abort Complete Callback
- **`void(* __IRDA_HandleTypeDef::AbortTransmitCpltCallback)(struct __IRDA_HandleTypeDef *hirda)`**  
IRDA Abort Transmit Complete Callback
- **`void(* __IRDA_HandleTypeDef::AbortReceiveCpltCallback)(struct __IRDA_HandleTypeDef *hirda)`**  
IRDA Abort Receive Complete Callback
- **`void(* __IRDA_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __IRDA_HandleTypeDef *hirda)`**  
IRDA Msp Init callback
- **`void(* __IRDA_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __IRDA_HandleTypeDef *hirda)`**  
IRDA Msp DeInit callback

## 29.2 IRDA Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the IRDA library.

### 29.2.1 How to use this driver

The IRDA HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a `IRDA_HandleTypeDef` handle structure (eg. `IRDA_HandleTypeDef hirda`).
  2. Initialize the IRDA low level resources by implementing the `HAL_IRDA_MspInit()` API in setting the associated USART or UART in IRDA mode:
    - Enable the USARTx/UARTx interface clock.
    - USARTx/UARTx pins configuration:
      - Enable the clock for the USARTx/UARTx GPIOs.
      - Configure these USARTx/UARTx pins (TX as alternate function pull-up, RX as alternate function Input).
    - NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process (`HAL_IRDA_Transmit_IT()` and `HAL_IRDA_Receive_IT()` APIs):
      - Configure the USARTx/UARTx interrupt priority.
      - Enable the NVIC USARTx/UARTx IRQ handle.
      - The specific IRDA interrupts (Transmission complete interrupt, RXNE interrupt and Error Interrupts) will be managed using the macros `__HAL_IRDA_ENABLE_IT()` and `__HAL_IRDA_DISABLE_IT()` inside the transmit and receive process.
    - DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process (`HAL_IRDA_Transmit_DMA()` and `HAL_IRDA_Receive_DMA()` APIs):
      - Declare a DMA handle structure for the Tx/Rx channel.
      - Enable the DMAx interface clock.
      - Configure the declared DMA handle structure with the required Tx/Rx parameters.
      - Configure the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
      - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the IRDA DMA Tx/Rx handle.
      - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
  3. Program the Baud Rate, Word Length and Parity and Mode(Receiver/Transmitter), the normal or low power mode and the clock prescaler in the `hirda` handle Init structure.
  4. Initialize the IRDA registers by calling the `HAL_IRDA_Init()` API:
    - This API configures also the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized `HAL_IRDA_MspInit()` API.
- Note: The specific IRDA interrupts (Transmission complete interrupt, RXNE interrupt and Error Interrupts) will be managed using the macros `__HAL_IRDA_ENABLE_IT()` and `__HAL_IRDA_DISABLE_IT()` inside the transmit and receive process.*
5. Three operation modes are available within this driver :



### Polling mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit()
- Receive an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_IRDA\_Receive()

### Interrupt mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_IT()
- At transmission end of transfer HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback()
- Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_IT()
- At reception end of transfer HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback()

### DMA mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_DMA()
- At transmission half of transfer HAL\_IRDA\_TxHalfCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_TxHalfCpltCallback()
- At transmission end of transfer HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback()
- Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_DMA()
- At reception half of transfer HAL\_IRDA\_RxHalfCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_RxHalfCpltCallback()
- At reception end of transfer HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback()

### IRDA HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in IRDA HAL driver.

- `__HAL_IRDA_ENABLE`: Enable the IRDA peripheral
- `__HAL_IRDA_DISABLE`: Disable the IRDA peripheral
- `__HAL_IRDA_GET_FLAG`: Check whether the specified IRDA flag is set or not
- `__HAL_IRDA_CLEAR_FLAG`: Clear the specified IRDA pending flag
- `__HAL_IRDA_ENABLE_IT`: Enable the specified IRDA interrupt
- `__HAL_IRDA_DISABLE_IT`: Disable the specified IRDA interrupt
- `__HAL_IRDA_GET_IT_SOURCE`: Check whether or not the specified IRDA interrupt is enabled

*Note:* You can refer to the IRDA HAL driver header file for more useful macros

## 29.2.2

### Callback registration

The compilation define `USE_HAL_IRDA_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function `HAL_IRDA_RegisterCallback()` to register a user callback. Function `HAL_IRDA_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:

- `TxHalfCpltCallback`: Tx Half Complete Callback.
- `TxCpltCallback`: Tx Complete Callback.
- `RxHalfCpltCallback`: Rx Half Complete Callback.
- `RxCpltCallback`: Rx Complete Callback.
- `ErrorCallback`: Error Callback.
- `AbortCpltCallback`: Abort Complete Callback.

- AbortTransmitCpltCallback : Abort Transmit Complete Callback.
- AbortReceiveCpltCallback : Abort Receive Complete Callback.
- MspInitCallback : IRDA MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : IRDA MspDeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_IRDA\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. HAL\_IRDA\_UnRegisterCallback() takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- TxHalfCpltCallback : Tx Half Complete Callback.
- TxCpltCallback : Tx Complete Callback.
- RxHalfCpltCallback : Rx Half Complete Callback.
- RxCpltCallback : Rx Complete Callback.
- ErrorCallback : Error Callback.
- AbortCpltCallback : Abort Complete Callback.
- AbortTransmitCpltCallback : Abort Transmit Complete Callback.
- AbortReceiveCpltCallback : Abort Receive Complete Callback.
- MspInitCallback : IRDA MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : IRDA MspDeInit.

By default, after the HAL\_IRDA\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak (surcharged) functions: examples HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_IRDA\_RxHalfCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are respectively reset to the legacy weak (surcharged) functions in the HAL\_IRDA\_Init() and HAL\_IRDA\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_IRDA\_Init() and HAL\_IRDA\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand).

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_IRDA\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_IRDA\_DeInit() or HAL\_IRDA\_Init() function.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_IRDA\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### 29.2.3 Initialization and Configuration functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize the USARTx in asynchronous IRDA mode.

- For the asynchronous mode only these parameters can be configured:
  - Baud Rate
  - Word Length
  - Parity: If the parity is enabled, then the MSB bit of the data written in the data register is transmitted but is changed by the parity bit.
  - Power mode
  - Prescaler setting
  - Receiver/transmitter modes

The HAL\_IRDA\_Init() API follows the USART asynchronous configuration procedures (details for the procedures are available in reference manual).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*\*HAL\\_IRDA\\_Init\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_IRDA\\_DeInit\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_IRDA\\_MspInit\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_IRDA\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_IRDA\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_IRDA\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*\*](#)

## 29.2.4

### IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the IRDA data transfers.

IrDA is a half duplex communication protocol. If the Transmitter is busy, any data on the IrDA receive line will be ignored by the IrDA decoder and if the Receiver is busy, data on the TX from the USART to IrDA will not be encoded by IrDA. While receiving data, transmission should be avoided as the data to be transmitted could be corrupted.

1. There are two modes of transfer:
  - Blocking mode: the communication is performed in polling mode. The HAL status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
  - Non-Blocking mode: the communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA, these API's return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated IRDA IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode. The HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback() user callbacks will be executed respectively at the end of the Transmit or Receive process. The HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback() user callback will be executed when a communication error is detected.
2. Blocking mode APIs are :
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Receive()
3. Non Blocking mode APIs with Interrupt are :
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_IT()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_IT()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_IRQHandler()
4. Non Blocking mode functions with DMA are :
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_DMA()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_DMA()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_DMAPause()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_DMAResume()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_DMAStop()
5. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in Non Blocking mode:
  - HAL\_IRDA\_TxHalfCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_RxHalfCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback()
6. Non-Blocking mode transfers could be aborted using Abort API's :
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Abort()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmit()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceive()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_Abort\_IT()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmit\_IT()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceive\_IT()
7. For Abort services based on interrupts (HAL\_IRDA\_Abortxxx\_IT), a set of Abort Complete Callbacks are provided:
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback()

8. In Non-Blocking mode transfers, possible errors are split into 2 categories. Errors are handled as follows :
  - Error is considered as Recoverable and non blocking : Transfer could go till end, but error severity is to be evaluated by user : this concerns Frame Error, Parity Error or Noise Error in Interrupt mode reception . Received character is then retrieved and stored in Rx buffer, Error code is set to allow user to identify error type, and HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback() user callback is executed. Transfer is kept ongoing on IRDA side. If user wants to abort it, Abort services should be called by user.
  - Error is considered as Blocking : Transfer could not be completed properly and is aborted. This concerns Overrun Error In Interrupt mode reception and all errors in DMA mode. Error code is set to allow user to identify error type, and HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback() user callback is executed.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Transmit\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Receive\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Transmit\\_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Receive\\_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Transmit\\_DMA\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Receive\\_DMA\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_DMABuffer\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_DMABufferSize\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_DMAStop\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Abort\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortTransmit\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortReceive\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_Abort\\_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortTransmit\\_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortReceive\\_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_IRQHandler\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_TxCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_TxHalfCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_RxCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_RxHalfCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_ErrorCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback\(\)](#)

### 29.2.5 Peripheral State and Error functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to return the State of IrDA communication process and also return Peripheral Errors occurred during communication process

- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_GetState\(\)](#) API can be helpful to check in run-time the state of the IRDA peripheral handle.
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_GetError\(\)](#) checks in run-time errors that could occur during communication.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_GetState\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_IRDA\\_GetError\(\)](#)

### 29.2.6 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_IRDA\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Init (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Initialize the IRDA mode according to the specified parameters in the IRDA\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_IRDA\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_DeInit (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Deinitialize the IRDA peripheral.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_IRDA\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_MspInit (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Initialize the IRDA MSP.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_IRDA\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_MspDeInit (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Deinitialize the IRDA MSP.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_IRDA\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_RegisterCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, HAL\_IRDA\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pIRDA\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User IRDA Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: irda handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_IRDA\_TX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_RX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ABORT\_TRANSMIT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Transmit Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ABORT\_RECEIVE\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Receive Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID
- **pCallback**: pointer to the Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- The HAL\_IRDA\_RegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_IRDA\_Init() in HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_RESET to register callbacks for HAL\_IRDA\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_IRDA\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_IRDA\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_UnRegisterCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, HAL\_IRDA\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister an IRDA callback IRDA callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: irda handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_IRDA\_TX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_RX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ABORT\_TRANSMIT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Transmit Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_ABORT\_RECEIVE\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Receive Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_IRDA\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_IRDA\_UnRegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_IRDA\_Init() in HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_RESET to un-register callbacks for HAL\_IRDA\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_IRDA\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.
- **Timeout:** Specify timeout value.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must reflect the number of u16 available through pData.
- When IRDA parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_IRDA\_Receive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Receive (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.
- **Timeout:** Specify timeout value.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must reflect the number of u16 available through pData.
- When IRDA parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_IT (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must reflect the number of u16 available through pData.
- When IRDA parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_IT (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status



## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must reflect the number of u16 available through pData.
- When IRDA parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Transmit\_DMA (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.
- **pData**: pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must reflect the number of u16 available through pData.
- When IRDA parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Receive\_DMA (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must reflect the number of u16 available through pData.
- When the IRDA parity is enabled (PCE = 1), the received data contains the parity bit (MSB position).
- When IRDA parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

### HAL\_IRDA\_DMAPause

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_DMAPause (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

#### Function description

Pause the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_IRDA\_DMAResume

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_DMAResume (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

#### Function description

Resume the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_IRDA\_DMAStop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_DMAStop (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

#### Function description

Stop the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **hirda**: Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_IRDA\_Abort

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Abort (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (blocking mode).

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable IRDA Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmit (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Transmit transfer (blocking mode).

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Tx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable IRDA Interrupts (Tx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceive (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Receive transfer (blocking mode).

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Rx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable IRDA Interrupts (Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

## HAL\_IRDA\_Abort\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_Abort\_IT (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable IRDA Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmit\_IT (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Transmit transfer (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Tx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable IRDA Interrupts (Tx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceive\_IT (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Receive transfer (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Rx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable IRDA Interrupts (Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

## HAL\_IRDA\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_IRQHandler (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Handle IRDA interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_TxCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Tx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_RxCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Rx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a `IRDA_HandleTypeDef` structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_IRDA\_TxHalfCpltCallback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_TxHalfCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Tx Half Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a `IRDA_HandleTypeDef` structure that contains the configuration information for the specified USART module.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_IRDA\_RxHalfCpltCallback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_RxHalfCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Rx Half Transfer complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a `IRDA_HandleTypeDef` structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_ErrorCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

IRDA error callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a `IRDA_HandleTypeDef` structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_AbortCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

IRDA Abort Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

IRDA Abort Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_IRDA\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback (IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

IRDA Abort Receive Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_IRDA\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_IRDA\_StateTypeDef HAL\_IRDA\_GetState (const IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

### Function description

Return the IRDA handle state.

### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** state

**HAL\_IRDA\_GetError**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_IRDA\_GetError (const IRDA\_HandleTypeDef \* hirda)**

#### Function description

Return the IRDA handle error code.

#### Parameters

- **hirda:** Pointer to a IRDA\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IRDA module.

#### Return values

- **IRDA:** Error Code

## 29.3 IRDA Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 29.3.1 IRDA

IRDA

**IRDA DMA Rx**

#### IRDA\_DMA\_RX\_DISABLE

IRDA DMA RX disabled

#### IRDA\_DMA\_RX\_ENABLE

IRDA DMA RX enabled

**IRDA DMA Tx**

#### IRDA\_DMA\_TX\_DISABLE

IRDA DMA TX disabled

#### IRDA\_DMA\_TX\_ENABLE

IRDA DMA TX enabled

**IRDA Error Code Definition**

#### HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_PE

Parity error

#### HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_NE

Noise error

#### HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_FE

frame error

#### HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_ORE

Overrun error



## HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

## HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_BUSY

Busy Error

## HAL\_IRDA\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

### IRDA Exported Macros

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### Description:

- Reset IRDA handle state.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: IRDA handle.

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_FLUSH\_DRREGISTER

#### Description:

- Flush the IRDA DR register.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_FLAG

#### Description:

- Clear the specified IRDA pending flag.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - IRDA\_CLEAR\_PEF
  - IRDA\_CLEAR\_FEF
  - IRDA\_CLEAR\_NEF
  - IRDA\_CLEAR\_OREF
  - IRDA\_CLEAR\_TCF
  - IRDA\_CLEAR\_IDLEF

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_PEF

#### Description:

- Clear the IRDA PE pending flag.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

#### Return value:

- None

**\_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_FEFLAG****Description:**

- Clear the IRDA FE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_NEFLAG****Description:**

- Clear the IRDA NE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_OREFLAG****Description:**

- Clear the IRDA ORE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_IDLEFLAG****Description:**

- Clear the IRDA IDLE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified IRDA flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_FLAG_REACK` Receive enable acknowledge flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_TEACK` Transmit enable acknowledge flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_BUSY` Busy flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_ABRF` Auto Baud rate detection flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_ABRE` Auto Baud rate detection error flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_TC` Transmission Complete flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_RXNE` Receive data register not empty flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_ORE` OverRun Error flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_NE` Noise Error flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_FE` Framing Error flag
  - `IRDA_FLAG_PE` Parity Error flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified IRDA interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the IRDA interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_ERR` Error interrupt(Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified IRDA interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the IRDA interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_ERR` Error interrupt(Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified IRDA interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the IRDA interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_ORE` OverRun Error interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_NE` Noise Error interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_FE` Framing Error interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__IT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified IRDA interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the IRDA interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_ERR` Framing, overrun or noise error interrupt
  - `IRDA_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__IT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the specified IRDA ISR flag, in setting the proper ICR register flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__IT_CLEAR__`: specifies the interrupt clear register flag that needs to be set to clear the corresponding interrupt. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_CLEAR_PEF` Parity Error Clear Flag
  - `IRDA_CLEAR_FEF` Framing Error Clear Flag
  - `IRDA_CLEAR_NEF` Noise detected Clear Flag
  - `IRDA_CLEAR_OREF` OverRun Error Clear Flag
  - `IRDA_CLEAR_TCF` Transmission Complete Clear Flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_SEND\_REQ

### Description:

- Set a specific IRDA request flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.
- `__REQ__`: specifies the request flag to set. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `IRDA_AUTOBAUD_REQUEST` Auto-Baud Rate Request
  - `IRDA_RXDATA_FLUSH_REQUEST` Receive Data flush Request
  - `IRDA_TXDATA_FLUSH_REQUEST` Transmit data flush Request

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the IRDA one bit sample method.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the IRDA one bit sample method.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable UART/USART associated to IRDA Handle.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the IRDA Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_IRDA\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable UART/USART associated to IRDA Handle.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the IRDA Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## IRDA Flags

### IRDA\_FLAG\_REACK

IRDA receive enable acknowledge flag

### IRDA\_FLAG\_TEACK

IRDA transmit enable acknowledge flag

### IRDA\_FLAG\_BUSY

IRDA busy flag

### IRDA\_FLAG\_ABRF

IRDA auto Baud rate flag

### IRDA\_FLAG\_ABRE

IRDA auto Baud rate error

### IRDA\_FLAG\_TXE

IRDA transmit data register empty

### IRDA\_FLAG\_TC

IRDA transmission complete

### IRDA\_FLAG\_RXNE

IRDA read data register not empty

### IRDA\_FLAG\_ORE

IRDA overrun error

### IRDA\_FLAG\_NE

IRDA noise error

### IRDA\_FLAG\_FE

IRDA frame error

### IRDA\_FLAG\_PE

IRDA parity error

## IRDA interruptions flags mask

### IRDA\_IT\_MASK

IRDA Interruptions flags mask

### IRDA\_CR\_MASK

IRDA control register mask

### IRDA\_CR\_POS

IRDA control register position

**IRDA\_ISR\_MASK**

IRDA ISR register mask

**IRDA\_ISR\_POS**

IRDA ISR register position

***IRDA Interrupts Definition*****IRDA\_IT\_PE**

IRDA Parity error interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_TXE**

IRDA Transmit data register empty interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_TC**

IRDA Transmission complete interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_RXNE**

IRDA Read data register not empty interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_IDLE**

IRDA Idle interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_ERR**

IRDA Error interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_ORE**

IRDA Overrun error interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_NE**

IRDA Noise error interruption

**IRDA\_IT\_FE**

IRDA Frame error interruption

***IRDA Interruption Clear Flags*****IRDA\_CLEAR\_PEF**

Parity Error Clear Flag

**IRDA\_CLEAR\_FEF**

Framing Error Clear Flag

**IRDA\_CLEAR\_NEF**

Noise Error detected Clear Flag

**IRDA\_CLEAR\_OREF**

OverRun Error Clear Flag

**IRDA\_CLEAR\_IDLEF**

IDLE line detected Clear Flag

**IRDA\_CLEAR\_TCF**

Transmission Complete Clear Flag

***IRDA Low Power***

**IRDA\_POWERMODE\_NORMAL**

IRDA normal power mode

**IRDA\_POWERMODE\_LOWPOWER**

IRDA low power mode

***IRDA Mode*****IRDA\_MODE\_DISABLE**

Associated UART disabled in IRDA mode

**IRDA\_MODE\_ENABLE**

Associated UART enabled in IRDA mode

***IRDA One Bit Sampling*****IRDA\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE**

One-bit sampling disabled

**IRDA\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE**

One-bit sampling enabled

***IRDA Parity*****IRDA\_PARITY\_NONE**

No parity

**IRDA\_PARITY\_EVEN**

Even parity

**IRDA\_PARITY\_ODD**

Odd parity

***IRDA Request Parameters*****IRDA\_AUTOBAUD\_REQUEST**

Auto-Baud Rate Request

**IRDA\_RXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Receive Data flush Request

**IRDA\_TXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Transmit data flush Request

***IRDA State*****IRDA\_STATE\_DISABLE**

IRDA disabled

**IRDA\_STATE\_ENABLE**

IRDA enabled

***IRDA State Code Definition*****HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_RESET**

Peripheral is not initialized Value is allowed for gState and RxState



**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_READY**

Peripheral Initialized and ready for use Value is allowed for gState and RxState

**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_BUSY**

An internal process is ongoing Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_BUSY\_TX**

Data Transmission process is ongoing Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_BUSY\_RX**

Data Reception process is ongoing Value is allowed for RxState only

**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_BUSY\_TX\_RX**

Data Transmission and Reception process is ongoing Not to be used for neither gState nor RxState. Value is result of combination (Or) between gState and RxState values

**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_TIMEOUT**

Timeout state Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_IRDA\_STATE\_ERROR**

Error Value is allowed for gState only

***IRDA Transfer Mode*****IRDA\_MODE\_RX**

RX mode

**IRDA\_MODE\_TX**

TX mode

**IRDA\_MODE\_TX\_RX**

RX and TX mode

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## 30 HAL IRDA Extension Driver

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### 30.1 IRDAEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

#### 30.1.1 IRDAEx

IRDAEx

*IRDAEx Word Length*

##### IRDA\_WORDLENGTH\_7B

7-bit long frame

##### IRDA\_WORDLENGTH\_8B

8-bit long frame

##### IRDA\_WORDLENGTH\_9B

9-bit long frame

## 31 HAL IWDG Generic Driver

### 31.1 IWDG Firmware driver registers structures

#### 31.1.1 IWDG\_InitTypeDef

*IWDG\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_iwdg.h

##### Data Fields

- *uint32\_t Prescaler*
- *uint32\_t Reload*
- *uint32\_t Window*

##### Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t IWDG\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler*  
Select the prescaler of the IWDG. This parameter can be a value of *IWDG\_Prescaler*
- *uint32\_t IWDG\_InitTypeDef::Reload*  
Specifies the IWDG down-counter reload value. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF
- *uint32\_t IWDG\_InitTypeDef::Window*  
Specifies the window value to be compared to the down-counter. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

#### 31.1.2 IWDG\_HandleTypeDef

*IWDG\_HandleTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_iwdg.h

##### Data Fields

- *IWDG\_TypeDef \* Instance*
- *IWDG\_InitTypeDef Init*

##### Field Documentation

- *IWDG\_TypeDef\* IWDG\_HandleTypeDef::Instance*  
Register base address
- *IWDG\_InitTypeDef IWDG\_HandleTypeDef::Init*  
IWDG required parameters

### 31.2 IWDG Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the IWDG library.

#### 31.2.1 IWDG Generic features

- The IWDG can be started by either software or hardware (configurable through option byte).
- The IWDG is clocked by the Low-Speed Internal clock (LSI) and thus stays active even if the main clock fails.
- Once the IWDG is started, the LSI is forced ON and both cannot be disabled. The counter starts counting down from the reset value (0xFFFF). When it reaches the end of count value (0x000) a reset signal is generated (IWDG reset).
- Whenever the key value 0x0000 AAAA is written in the IWDG\_KR register, the IWDG\_RLR value is reloaded into the counter and the watchdog reset is prevented.
- The IWDG is implemented in the VDD voltage domain that is still functional in STOP and STANDBY mode (IWDG reset can wake up the CPU from STANDBY). IWDGRST flag in RCC\_CSR register can be used to inform when an IWDG reset occurs.
- Debug mode: When the microcontroller enters debug mode (core halted), the IWDG counter either continues to work normally or stops, depending on DBG\_IWDG\_STOP configuration bit in DBG module, accessible through `__HAL_DBGMCU_FREEZE_IWDG()` and `__HAL_DBGMCU_UNFREEZE_IWDG()` macros.

Min-max timeout value @37KHz (LSI): ~144us / ~37.8s The IWDG timeout may vary due to LSI clock frequency dispersion. STM32L0xx devices provide the capability to measure the LSI clock frequency (LSI clock is internally connected to TIM16 CH1 input capture). The measured value can be used to have an IWDG timeout with an acceptable accuracy.

Default timeout value (necessary for IWDG\_SR status register update): Constant LSI\_VALUE is defined based on the nominal LSI clock frequency. This frequency being subject to variations as mentioned above, the default timeout value (defined through constant HAL\_IWDG\_DEFAULT\_TIMEOUT below) may become too short or too long. In such cases, this default timeout value can be tuned by redefining the constant LSI\_VALUE at user-application level (based, for instance, on the measured LSI clock frequency as explained above).

### 31.2.2 How to use this driver

1. Use IWDG using HAL\_IWDG\_Init() function to :
  - Enable instance by writing Start keyword in IWDG\_KEY register. LSI clock is forced ON and IWDG counter starts counting down.
  - Enable write access to configuration registers: IWDG\_PR, IWDG\_RLR and IWDG\_WINR.
  - Configure the IWDG prescaler and counter reload value. This reload value will be loaded in the IWDG counter each time the watchdog is reloaded, then the IWDG will start counting down from this value.
  - Depending on window parameter:
    - If Window Init parameter is same as Window register value, nothing more is done but reload counter value in order to exit function with exact time base.
    - Else modify Window register. This will automatically reload watchdog counter.
  - Wait for status flags to be reset.
2. Then the application program must refresh the IWDG counter at regular intervals during normal operation to prevent an MCU reset, using HAL\_IWDG\_Refresh() function.

#### IWDG HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in IWDG HAL driver:

- `__HAL_IWDG_START`: Enable the IWDG peripheral
- `__HAL_IWDG_RELOAD_COUNTER`: Reloads IWDG counter with value defined in the reload register

### 31.2.3 Initialization and Start functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize the IWDG according to the specified parameters in the IWDG\_InitTypeDef of associated handle.
- Manage Window option.
- Once initialization is performed in HAL\_IWDG\_Init function, Watchdog is reloaded in order to exit function with correct time base.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_IWDG\\_Init\(\)\*](#)

### 31.2.4 IO operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Refresh the IWDG.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_IWDG\\_Refresh\(\)\*](#)

### 31.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_IWDG\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IWDG\_Init (IWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hiwdg)**

### Function description

Initialize the IWDG according to the specified parameters in the IWDG\_InitTypeDef and start watchdog.

### Parameters

- **hiwdg**: pointer to a IWDG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IWDG module.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_IWDG\_Refresh

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_IWDG\_Refresh (IWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hiwdg)**

### Function description

Refresh the IWDG.

### Parameters

- **hiwdg**: pointer to a IWDG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified IWDG module.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## 31.3 IWDG Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 31.3.1 IWDG

IWDG

#### *IWDG Exported Macros*

#### **\_\_HAL\_IWDG\_START**

##### **Description:**

- Enable the IWDG peripheral.

##### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_**: IWDG handle

##### **Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_IWDG\_RELOAD\_COUNTER**

##### **Description:**

- Reload IWDG counter with value defined in the reload register (write access to IWDG\_PR, IWDG\_RLR and IWDG\_WINR registers disabled).

##### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_**: IWDG handle

##### **Return value:**

- None

#### *IWDG Prescaler*

#### **IWDG\_PRESCALER\_4**

IWDG prescaler set to 4

**IWDG\_PRESCALER\_8**

IWDG prescaler set to 8

**IWDG\_PRESCALER\_16**

IWDG prescaler set to 16

**IWDG\_PRESCALER\_32**

IWDG prescaler set to 32

**IWDG\_PRESCALER\_64**

IWDG prescaler set to 64

**IWDG\_PRESCALER\_128**

IWDG prescaler set to 128

**IWDG\_PRESCALER\_256**

IWDG prescaler set to 256

***IWDG Window option*****IWDG\_WINDOW\_DISABLE**

## 32 HAL LCD Generic Driver

### 32.1 LCD Firmware driver registers structures

#### 32.1.1 LCD\_InitTypeDef

**LCD\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_lcd.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t Divider**
- **uint32\_t Duty**
- **uint32\_t Bias**
- **uint32\_t VoltageSource**
- **uint32\_t Contrast**
- **uint32\_t DeadTime**
- **uint32\_t PulseOnDuration**
- **uint32\_t HighDrive**
- **uint32\_t BlinkMode**
- **uint32\_t BlinkFrequency**
- **uint32\_t MuxSegment**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler**  
Configures the LCD Prescaler. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::Divider**  
Configures the LCD Divider. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_Divider**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::Duty**  
Configures the LCD Duty. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_Duty**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::Bias**  
Configures the LCD Bias. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_Bias**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::VoltageSource**  
Selects the LCD Voltage source. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_Voltage\_Source**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::Contrast**  
Configures the LCD Contrast. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_Contrast**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::DeadTime**  
Configures the LCD Dead Time. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_DeadTime**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::PulseOnDuration**  
Configures the LCD Pulse On Duration. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_PulseOnDuration**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::HighDrive**  
Configures the LCD High Drive. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_HighDrive**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::BlinkMode**  
Configures the LCD Blink Mode. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_BlinkMode**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::BlinkFrequency**  
Configures the LCD Blink frequency. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_BlinkFrequency**
- **uint32\_t LCD\_InitTypeDef::MuxSegment**  
Enable or disable mux segment. This parameter can be one value of **LCD\_MuxSegment**

#### 32.1.2 LCD\_HandleTypeDef

**LCD\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_lcd.h

Data Fields

- **LCD\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **LCD\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**

- `__IO HAL_LCD_StateTypeDef State`
- `__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`

#### Field Documentation

- `LCD_TypeDef* LCD_HandleTypeDef::Instance`
- `LCD_InitTypeDef LCD_HandleTypeDef::Init`
- `HAL_LockTypeDef LCD_HandleTypeDef::Lock`
- `__IO HAL_LCD_StateTypeDef LCD_HandleTypeDef::State`
- `__IO uint32_t LCD_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`

## 32.2 LCD Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the LCD library.

### 32.2.1 How to use this driver

The LCD HAL driver can be used as follow:

1. Declare a `LCD_HandleTypeDef` handle structure.
2. Prepare the initialization of the LCD low level resources by implementing your `HAL_LCD_MspInit()` API:
  - a. Enable the LCDCLK (same as RTCCLK): to configure the RTCCLK/LCDCLK, use the RCC function `HAL_RCCEx_PeriphCLKConfig`, indicating here `RCC_PERIPHCLK_LCD` and the selected clock source (HSE, LSI or LSE)
  - b. The frequency generator allows you to achieve various LCD frame rates starting from an LCD input clock frequency (LCDCLK) which can vary from 32 kHz up to 1 MHz.
  - c. LCD pins configuration: - Enable the clock for the LCD GPIOs - Configure these LCD pins as alternate function no-pull.
  - d. Enable the LCD interface clock.
3. Set the Prescaler, Divider, Blink mode, Blink Frequency Duty, Bias, Voltage Source, Dead Time, Pulse On Duration and Contrast in the `hlcd Init` structure.
4. Initialize the LCD registers by calling the `HAL_LCD_Init()` API.
  - a. The `HAL_LCD_Init()` API configures the low level Hardware (GPIO, CLOCK, ...etc) by calling the user customized `HAL_LCD_MspInit()` API.
5. After calling the `HAL_LCD_Init()` the LCD RAM memory is cleared
6. Optionally you can update the LCD configuration using these macros:
  - a. LCD High Drive using the `__HAL_LCD_HIGHDRIVER_ENABLE()` and `__HAL_LCD_HIGHDRIVER_DISABLE()` macros
  - b. LCD Pulse ON Duration using the `__HAL_LCD_PULSEONDURATION_CONFIG()` macro
  - c. LCD Dead Time using the `__HAL_LCD_DEADTIME_CONFIG()` macro
  - d. The LCD Blink mode and frequency using the `__HAL_LCD_BLINK_CONFIG()` macro
  - e. The LCD Contrast using the `__HAL_LCD_CONTRAST_CONFIG()` macro
7. Write to the LCD RAM memory using the `HAL_LCD_Write()` API, this API can be called several times to update the different LCD RAM registers before calling `HAL_LCD_UpdateDisplayRequest()` API.
8. The `HAL_LCD_Clear()` API can be used to clear the LCD RAM memory.
9. When the LCD RAM memory is updated, enable the update display request calling the `HAL_LCD_UpdateDisplayRequest()` API.

LCD and low power modes: The LCD remain active during STOP mode.

### 32.2.2 Initialization and Configuration functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_LCD_DeInit()`
- `HAL_LCD_Init()`
- `HAL_LCD_MspDeInit()`
- `HAL_LCD_MspInit()`



### 32.2.3 IO operation functions

Using its double buffer memory the LCD controller ensures the coherency of the displayed information without having to use interrupts to control LCD\_RAM modification. The application software can access the first buffer level (LCD\_RAM) through the APB interface. Once it has modified the LCD\_RAM using the HAL\_LCD\_Write() API, it sets the UDR flag in the LCD\_SR register using the HAL\_LCD\_UpdateDisplayRequest() API. This UDR flag (update display request) requests the updated information to be moved into the second buffer level (LCD\_DISPLAY). This operation is done synchronously with the frame (at the beginning of the next frame), until the update is completed, the LCD\_RAM is write protected and the UDR flag stays high. Once the update is completed another flag (UDD - Update Display Done) is set and generates an interrupt if the UDDIE bit in the LCD\_FCR register is set. The time it takes to update LCD\_DISPLAY is, in the worst case, one odd and one even frame. The update will not occur (UDR = 1 and UDD = 0) until the display is enabled (LCDEN = 1).

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_LCD\_Write()**
- **HAL\_LCD\_Clear()**
- **HAL\_LCD\_UpdateDisplayRequest()**

### 32.2.4 Peripheral State functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the LCD:

- HAL\_LCD\_GetState() API can be helpful to check in run-time the state of the LCD peripheral State.
- HAL\_LCD\_GetError() API to return the LCD error code.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_LCD\_GetState()**
- **HAL\_LCD\_GetError()**

### 32.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_LCD\_DeInit

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LCD\_DeInit (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

##### Function description

DeInitializes the LCD peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **hlcd**: LCD handle

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LCD\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LCD\_Init (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

##### Function description

Initializes the LCD peripheral according to the specified parameters in the LCD\_InitStruct.

##### Parameters

- **hlcd**: LCD handle

##### Return values

- **None**:

**Notes**

- This function can be used only when the LCD is disabled. The LCD HighDrive can be enabled/disabled using related macros up to user.

**HAL\_LCD\_MspInit****Function name**

```
void HAL_LCD_MspInit (LCD_HandleTypeDef * hlcd)
```

**Function description**

LCD MSP Init.

**Parameters**

- **hlcd**: LCD handle

**Return values**

- **None**:

**HAL\_LCD\_MspDeInit****Function name**

```
void HAL_LCD_MspDeInit (LCD_HandleTypeDef * hlcd)
```

**Function description**

LCD MSP DeInit.

**Parameters**

- **hlcd**: LCD handle

**Return values**

- **None**:

**HAL\_LCD\_Write****Function name**

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_LCD_Write (LCD_HandleTypeDef * hlcd, uint32_t RAMRegisterIndex, uint32_t RAMRegisterMask, uint32_t Data)
```

**Function description**

Writes a word in the specific LCD RAM.

## Parameters

- **hlcd**: LCD handle
- **RAMRegisterIndex**: specifies the LCD RAM Register. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER0: LCD RAM Register 0
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER1: LCD RAM Register 1
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER2: LCD RAM Register 2
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER3: LCD RAM Register 3
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER4: LCD RAM Register 4
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER5: LCD RAM Register 5
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER6: LCD RAM Register 6
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER7: LCD RAM Register 7
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER8: LCD RAM Register 8
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER9: LCD RAM Register 9
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER10: LCD RAM Register 10
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER11: LCD RAM Register 11
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER12: LCD RAM Register 12
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER13: LCD RAM Register 13
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER14: LCD RAM Register 14
  - LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER15: LCD RAM Register 15
- **RAMRegisterMask**: specifies the LCD RAM Register Data Mask.
- **Data**: specifies LCD Data Value to be written.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- For LCD glass COM\*SEG as 8\*40 for example, the LCD common terminals COM[0,7] are mapped on 32bits LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER[0,14] according to rules: COM(n) spread on LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER(2\*n) and LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER(2\*n+1). The segment terminals SEG[0,39] of COM(n) correspond to LSB bits of related LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER(2\*n)[0,31] and LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER(2\*n+1)[0,7]

### HAL\_LCD\_Clear

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LCD\_Clear (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

#### Function description

Clears the LCD RAM registers.

#### Parameters

- **hlcd**: LCD handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_LCD\_UpdateDisplayRequest

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LCD\_UpdateDisplayRequest (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

#### Function description

Enables the Update Display Request.

#### Parameters

- **hlcd**: LCD handle

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Each time software modifies the LCD\_RAM it must set the UDR bit to transfer the updated data to the second level buffer. The UDR bit stays set until the end of the update and during this time the LCD\_RAM is write protected.
- When the display is disabled, the update is performed for all LCD\_DISPLAY locations. When the display is enabled, the update is performed only for locations for which commons are active (depending on DUTY). For example if DUTY = 1/2, only the LCD\_DISPLAY of COM0 and COM1 will be updated.

## HAL\_LCD\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_LCD\_StateTypeDef HAL\_LCD\_GetState (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

### Function description

Returns the LCD state.

### Parameters

- **hlcd:** LCD handle

## Return values

- **HAL:** state

## HAL\_LCD\_GetError

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_LCD\_GetError (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

### Function description

Return the LCD error code.

### Parameters

- **hlcd:** LCD handle

## Return values

- **LCD:** Error Code

## LCD\_WaitForSynchro

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef LCD\_WaitForSynchro (LCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hlcd)**

### Function description

Waits until the LCD FCR register is synchronized in the LCDCLK domain.

### Parameters

- **hlcd:** LCD handle

## Return values

- **None:**

## 32.3 LCD Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 32.3.1 LCD

LCD

#### **LCD Bias**

LCD\_BIAS\_1\_4

1/4 Bias

LCD\_BIAS\_1\_2

1/2 Bias

LCD\_BIAS\_1\_3

1/3 Bias

IS\_LCD\_BIAS

#### **LCD Blink Frequency**

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV8

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/8$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV16

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/16$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV32

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/32$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV64

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/64$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV128

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/128$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV256

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/256$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV512

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/512$

LCD\_BLINKFREQUENCY\_DIV1024

The Blink frequency =  $f_{LCD}/1024$

IS\_LCD\_BLINK\_FREQUENCY

#### **LCD Blink Mode**

LCD\_BLINKMODE\_OFF

Blink disabled

LCD\_BLINKMODE\_SEG0\_COM0

Blink enabled on SEG[0], COM[0] (1 pixel)

LCD\_BLINKMODE\_SEG0\_ALLCOM

Blink enabled on SEG[0], all COM (up to 8 pixels according to the programmed duty)

LCD\_BLINKMODE\_ALLSEG\_ALLCOM

Blink enabled on all SEG and all COM (all pixels)

IS\_LCD\_BLINK\_MODE

**LCD Voltage output buffer enable****LCD\_VOLTBUFOUT\_DISABLE**

Voltage output buffer disabled

**LCD\_VOLTBUFOUT\_ENABLE**

BUFEN[1] Voltage output buffer enabled

**IS\_LCD\_VOLTBUFOUT****LCD Contrast****LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_0**

Maximum Voltage = 2.60V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_1**

Maximum Voltage = 2.73V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_2**

Maximum Voltage = 2.86V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_3**

Maximum Voltage = 2.99V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_4**

Maximum Voltage = 3.12V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_5**

Maximum Voltage = 3.25V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_6**

Maximum Voltage = 3.38V

**LCD\_CONTRASTLEVEL\_7**

Maximum Voltage = 3.51V

**IS\_LCD\_CONTRAST****LCD Dead Time****LCD\_DEADTIME\_0**

No dead Time

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_1**

One Phase between different couple of Frame

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_2**

Two Phase between different couple of Frame

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_3**

Three Phase between different couple of Frame

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_4**

Four Phase between different couple of Frame

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_5**

Five Phase between different couple of Frame

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_6**

Six Phase between different couple of Frame

**LCD\_DEADTIME\_7**

Seven Phase between different couple of Frame

**IS\_LCD\_DEAD\_TIME*****LCD Divider*****LCD\_DIVIDER\_16**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/16

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_17**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/17

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_18**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/18

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_19**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/19

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_20**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/20

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_21**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/21

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_22**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/22

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_23**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/23

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_24**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/24

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_25**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/25

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_26**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/26

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_27**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/27

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_28**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/28

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_29**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/29

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_30**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/30

**LCD\_DIVIDER\_31**

LCD frequency = CLKPS/31

## IS\_LCD\_DIVIDER

### *LCD Duty*

#### LCD\_DUTY\_STATIC

Static duty

#### LCD\_DUTY\_1\_2

1/2 duty

#### LCD\_DUTY\_1\_3

1/3 duty

#### LCD\_DUTY\_1\_4

1/4 duty

#### LCD\_DUTY\_1\_8

1/8 duty

## IS\_LCD\_DUTY

### *LCD Error Code*

#### HAL\_LCD\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_LCD\_ERROR\_FCRSF

Synchro flag timeout error

#### HAL\_LCD\_ERROR\_UDR

Update display request flag timeout error

#### HAL\_LCD\_ERROR\_UDD

Update display done flag timeout error

#### HAL\_LCD\_ERROR\_ENS

LCD enabled status flag timeout error

#### HAL\_LCD\_ERROR\_RDY

LCD Booster ready timeout error

### *LCD Exported Macros*

#### \_\_HAL\_LCD\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

##### **Description:**

- Reset LCD handle state.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.

##### **Return value:**

- None



## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_ENABLE

### Description:

- macros to enables or disables the LCD

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_DISABLE

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_VOLTOUTBUFFER\_ENABLE

### Description:

- macros to enables or disables the Voltage output buffer

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_VOLTOUTBUFFER\_DISABLE

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_HIGHDRIVER\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Macros to enable or disable the low resistance divider.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- When this mode is enabled, the PulseOn Duration (PON) have to be programmed to  $1/CK\_PS$  (LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_1).

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_HIGHDRIVER\_DISABLE

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the LCD pulses on duration.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__DURATION__`: specifies the LCD pulse on duration in terms of  $CK\_PS$  (prescaled LCD clock period) pulses. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_0`: 0 pulse
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_1`: Pulse ON duration =  $1/CK\_PS$
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_2`: Pulse ON duration =  $2/CK\_PS$
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_3`: Pulse ON duration =  $3/CK\_PS$
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_4`: Pulse ON duration =  $4/CK\_PS$
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_5`: Pulse ON duration =  $5/CK\_PS$
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_6`: Pulse ON duration =  $6/CK\_PS$
  - `LCD_PULSEONDURATION_7`: Pulse ON duration =  $7/CK\_PS$

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_DEADTIME\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the LCD dead time.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__DEADTIME__`: specifies the LCD dead time. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_0`: No dead Time
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_1`: One Phase between different couple of Frame
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_2`: Two Phase between different couple of Frame
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_3`: Three Phase between different couple of Frame
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_4`: Four Phase between different couple of Frame
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_5`: Five Phase between different couple of Frame
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_6`: Six Phase between different couple of Frame
  - `LCD_DEADTIME_7`: Seven Phase between different couple of Frame

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_CONTRAST\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the LCD Contrast.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__CONTRAST__`: specifies the LCD Contrast. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_0`: Maximum Voltage = 2.60V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_1`: Maximum Voltage = 2.73V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_2`: Maximum Voltage = 2.86V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_3`: Maximum Voltage = 2.99V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_4`: Maximum Voltage = 3.12V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_5`: Maximum Voltage = 3.25V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_6`: Maximum Voltage = 3.38V
  - `LCD_CONTRASTLEVEL_7`: Maximum Voltage = 3.51V

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_BLINK\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the LCD Blink mode and Blink frequency.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__BLINKMODE__`: specifies the LCD blink mode. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_BLINKMODE_OFF`: Blink disabled
  - `LCD_BLINKMODE_SEG0_COM0`: Blink enabled on SEG[0], COM[0] (1 pixel)
  - `LCD_BLINKMODE_SEG0_ALLCOM`: Blink enabled on SEG[0], all COM (up to 8 pixels according to the programmed duty)
  - `LCD_BLINKMODE_ALLSEG_ALLCOM`: Blink enabled on all SEG and all COM (all pixels)
- `__BLINKFREQUENCY__`: specifies the LCD blink frequency.
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV8`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/8$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV16`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/16$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV32`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/32$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV64`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/64$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV128`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/128$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV256`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/256$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV512`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/512$
  - `LCD_BLINKFREQUENCY_DIV1024`: The Blink frequency =  $f_{Lcd}/1024$

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enables or disables the specified LCD interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the LCD interrupt source to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_IT_SOF`: Start of Frame Interrupt
  - `LCD_IT_UDD`: Update Display Done Interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_DISABLE\_IT

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Checks whether the specified LCD interrupt is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__IT__`: specifies the LCD interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_IT_SOF`: Start of Frame Interrupt
  - `LCD_IT_UDD`: Update Display Done Interrupt.

### Return value:

- The: state of `__IT__` (TRUE or FALSE).

### Notes:

- If the device is in STOP mode (PCLK not provided) UDD will not generate an interrupt even if `UDDIE = 1`. If the display is not enabled the UDD interrupt will never occur.

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Checks whether the specified LCD flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LCD_FLAG_ENS`: LCD Enabled flag. It indicates the LCD controller status.

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

### Notes:

- The ENS bit is set immediately when the LCDEN bit in the LCD\_CR goes from 0 to 1. On deactivation it reflects the real status of LCD so it becomes 0 at the end of the last displayed frame. `LCD_FLAG_SOF`: Start of Frame flag. This flag is set by hardware at the beginning of a new frame, at the same time as the display data is updated. `LCD_FLAG_UDR`: Update Display Request flag. `LCD_FLAG_UDD`: Update Display Done flag. `LCD_FLAG_RDY`: Step\_up converter Ready flag. It indicates the status of the step-up converter. `LCD_FLAG_FCRSF`: LCD Frame Control Register Synchronization Flag. This flag is set by hardware each time the LCD\_FCR register is updated in the LCDCLK domain.

## \_\_HAL\_LCD\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clears the specified LCD pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the LCD Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `LCD_FLAG_SOF`: Start of Frame Interrupt
  - `LCD_FLAG_UDD`: Update Display Done Interrupt

### Return value:

- None

### LCD Flag

#### LCD\_FLAG\_ENS

#### LCD\_FLAG\_SOF

#### LCD\_FLAG\_UDR

#### LCD\_FLAG\_UDD

#### LCD\_FLAG\_RDY

#### LCD\_FLAG\_FCRSF

### LCD HighDrive

#### LCD\_HIGHDRIVE\_0

Low resistance Drive

#### LCD\_HIGHDRIVE\_1

High resistance Drive

#### IS\_LCD\_HIGHDRIVE

### LCD Interrupts

LCD\_IT\_SOF

LCD\_IT\_UDD

#### ***LCD Mux Segment***

LCD\_MUXSEGMENT\_DISABLE

SEG pin multiplexing disabled

LCD\_MUXSEGMENT\_ENABLE

SEG[31:28] are multiplexed with SEG[43:40]

IS\_LCD\_MUXSEGMENT

#### ***LCD Prescaler***

LCD\_PRESCALER\_1

CLKPS = LCDCLK

LCD\_PRESCALER\_2

CLKPS = LCDCLK/2

LCD\_PRESCALER\_4

CLKPS = LCDCLK/4

LCD\_PRESCALER\_8

CLKPS = LCDCLK/8

LCD\_PRESCALER\_16

CLKPS = LCDCLK/16

LCD\_PRESCALER\_32

CLKPS = LCDCLK/32

LCD\_PRESCALER\_64

CLKPS = LCDCLK/64

LCD\_PRESCALER\_128

CLKPS = LCDCLK/128

LCD\_PRESCALER\_256

CLKPS = LCDCLK/256

LCD\_PRESCALER\_512

CLKPS = LCDCLK/512

LCD\_PRESCALER\_1024

CLKPS = LCDCLK/1024

LCD\_PRESCALER\_2048

CLKPS = LCDCLK/2048

LCD\_PRESCALER\_4096

CLKPS = LCDCLK/4096

LCD\_PRESCALER\_8192

CLKPS = LCDCLK/8192

## LCD\_PRESCALER\_16384

CLKPS = LCDCLK/16384

## LCD\_PRESCALER\_32768

CLKPS = LCDCLK/32768

## IS\_LCD\_PRESCALER

### *LCD Pulse On Duration*

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_0

Pulse ON duration = 0 pulse

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_1

Pulse ON duration = 1/CK\_PS

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_2

Pulse ON duration = 2/CK\_PS

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_3

Pulse ON duration = 3/CK\_PS

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_4

Pulse ON duration = 4/CK\_PS

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_5

Pulse ON duration = 5/CK\_PS

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_6

Pulse ON duration = 6/CK\_PS

## LCD\_PULSEONDURATION\_7

Pulse ON duration = 7/CK\_PS

## IS\_LCD\_PULSE\_ON\_DURATION

### *LCD RAMRegister*

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER0

LCD RAM Register 0

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER1

LCD RAM Register 1

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER2

LCD RAM Register 2

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER3

LCD RAM Register 3

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER4

LCD RAM Register 4

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER5

LCD RAM Register 5

## LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER6

LCD RAM Register 6

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER7**

LCD RAM Register 7

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER8**

LCD RAM Register 8

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER9**

LCD RAM Register 9

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER10**

LCD RAM Register 10

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER11**

LCD RAM Register 11

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER12**

LCD RAM Register 12

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER13**

LCD RAM Register 13

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER14**

LCD RAM Register 14

**LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER15**

LCD RAM Register 15

**IS\_LCD\_RAM\_REGISTER*****LCD Voltage Source*****LCD\_VOLTAGESOURCE\_INTERNAL**

Internal voltage source for the LCD

**LCD\_VOLTAGESOURCE\_EXTERNAL**

External voltage source for the LCD

**IS\_LCD\_VOLTAGE\_SOURCE**

## 33 HAL LPTIM Generic Driver

### 33.1 LPTIM Firmware driver registers structures

#### 33.1.1 LPTIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef

**LPTIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_lptim.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Source**
- **uint32\_t Prescaler**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef::Source**  
Selects the clock source. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_Clock\_Source**
- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef::Prescaler**  
Specifies the counter clock Prescaler. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_Clock\_Prescaler**

#### 33.1.2 LPTIM\_ULPClockConfigTypeDef

**LPTIM\_ULPClockConfigTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_lptim.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Polarity**
- **uint32\_t SampleTime**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_ULPClockConfigTypeDef::Polarity**  
Selects the polarity of the active edge for the counter unit if the ULPTIM input is selected. Note: This parameter is used only when Ultra low power clock source is used. Note: If the polarity is configured on 'both edges', an auxiliary clock (one of the Low power oscillator) must be active. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_Clock\_Polarity**
- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_ULPClockConfigTypeDef::SampleTime**  
Selects the clock sampling time to configure the clock glitch filter. Note: This parameter is used only when Ultra low power clock source is used. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_Clock\_Sample\_Time**

#### 33.1.3 LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef

**LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_lptim.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Source**
- **uint32\_t ActiveEdge**
- **uint32\_t SampleTime**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef::Source**  
Selects the Trigger source. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_Trigger\_Source**
- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef::ActiveEdge**  
Selects the Trigger active edge. Note: This parameter is used only when an external trigger is used. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_External\_Trigger\_Polarity**
- **uint32\_t LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef::SampleTime**  
Selects the trigger sampling time to configure the clock glitch filter. Note: This parameter is used only when an external trigger is used. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_Trigger\_Sample\_Time**

#### 33.1.4 LPTIM\_InitTypeDef

**LPTIM\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_lptim.h

Data Fields

- **LPTIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef Clock**
- **LPTIM\_ULPClockConfigTypeDef UltraLowPowerClock**



- ***LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef*** *Trigger*
- ***uint32\_t*** *OutputPolarity*
- ***uint32\_t*** *UpdateMode*
- ***uint32\_t*** *CounterSource*

#### Field Documentation

- ***LPTIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef*** *LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::Clock*  
Specifies the clock parameters
- ***LPTIM\_ULPClockConfigTypeDef*** *LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::UltraLowPowerClock*  
Specifies the Ultra Low Power clock parameters
- ***LPTIM\_TriggerConfigTypeDef*** *LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::Trigger*  
Specifies the Trigger parameters
- ***uint32\_t*** *LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::OutputPolarity*  
Specifies the Output polarity. This parameter can be a value of [LPTIM\\_Output\\_Polarity](#)
- ***uint32\_t*** *LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::UpdateMode*  
Specifies whether the update of the autoreload and the compare values is done immediately or after the end of current period. This parameter can be a value of [LPTIM\\_Updating\\_Mode](#)
- ***uint32\_t*** *LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::CounterSource*  
Specifies whether the counter is incremented each internal event or each external event. This parameter can be a value of [LPTIM\\_Counter\\_Source](#)

### 33.1.5

#### ***\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef***

***\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef*** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_lptim.h`

#### Data Fields

- ***LPTIM\_TypeDef \**** *Instance*
- ***LPTIM\_InitTypeDef*** *Init*
- ***HAL\_StatusTypeDef*** *Status*
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef*** *Lock*
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_LPTIM\_StateTypeDef*** *State*
- ***void(\**** *MspInitCallback*
- ***void(\**** *MspDeInitCallback*
- ***void(\**** *CompareMatchCallback*
- ***void(\**** *AutoReloadMatchCallback*
- ***void(\**** *TriggerCallback*
- ***void(\**** *CompareWriteCallback*
- ***void(\**** *AutoReloadWriteCallback*
- ***void(\**** *DirectionUpCallback*
- ***void(\**** *DirectionDownCallback*

#### Field Documentation

- ***LPTIM\_TypeDef\**** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::Instance*  
Register base address
- ***LPTIM\_InitTypeDef*** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::Init*  
LPTIM required parameters
- ***HAL\_StatusTypeDef*** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::Status*  
LPTIM peripheral status
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef*** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::Lock*  
LPTIM locking object
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_LPTIM\_StateTypeDef*** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::State*  
LPTIM peripheral state
- ***void(\**** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback*)(*struct \_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \*hlptim*)  
LPTIM Base Msp Init Callback
- ***void(\**** *\_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback*)(*struct \_\_LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \*hlptim*)  
LPTIM Base Msp DeInit Callback

- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::CompareMatchCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
Compare match Callback
- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::AutoReloadMatchCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
Auto-reload match Callback
- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::TriggerCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
External trigger event detection Callback
- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::CompareWriteCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
Compare register write complete Callback
- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::AutoReloadWriteCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
Auto-reload register write complete Callback
- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::DirectionUpCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
Up-counting direction change Callback
- **`void(* __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef::DirectionDownCallback)(struct __LPTIM_HandleTypeDef *hlptim)`**  
Down-counting direction change Callback

## 33.2 LPTIM Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the LPTIM library.

### 33.2.1 How to use this driver

The LPTIM HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Initialize the LPTIM low level resources by implementing the `HAL_LPTIM_MspInit()`:
  - Enable the LPTIM interface clock using `__HAL_RCC_LPTIMx_CLK_ENABLE()`.
  - In case of using interrupts (e.g. `HAL_LPTIM_PWM_Start_IT()`):
    - Configure the LPTIM interrupt priority using `HAL_NVIC_SetPriority()`.
    - Enable the LPTIM IRQ handler using `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ()`.
    - In LPTIM IRQ handler, call `HAL_LPTIM_IRQHandler()`.
2. Initialize the LPTIM HAL using `HAL_LPTIM_Init()`. This function configures mainly:
  - The instance: LPTIM1.
  - Clock: the counter clock.
    - Source : it can be either the ULPTIM input (IN1) or one of the internal clock; (APB, LSE, LSI or MSI).
    - Prescaler: select the clock divider.
  - UltraLowPowerClock : To be used only if the ULPTIM is selected as counter clock source.
    - Polarity: polarity of the active edge for the counter unit if the ULPTIM input is selected.
    - SampleTime: clock sampling time to configure the clock glitch filter.
  - Trigger: How the counter start.
    - Source: trigger can be software or one of the hardware triggers.
    - ActiveEdge : only for hardware trigger.
    - SampleTime : trigger sampling time to configure the trigger glitch filter.
  - OutputPolarity : 2 opposite polarities are possible.
  - UpdateMode: specifies whether the update of the autoreload and the compare values is done immediately or after the end of current period.

3. Six modes are available:
  - PWM Mode: To generate a PWM signal with specified period and pulse, call HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start() or HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT() for interruption mode.
  - One Pulse Mode: To generate pulse with specified width in response to a stimulus, call HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start() or HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT() for interruption mode.
  - Set once Mode: In this mode, the output changes the level (from low level to high level if the output polarity is configured high, else the opposite) when a compare match occurs. To start this mode, call HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start() or HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start\_IT() for interruption mode.
  - Encoder Mode: To use the encoder interface call HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start() or HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT() for interruption mode. Only available for LPTIM1 instance.
  - Time out Mode: an active edge on one selected trigger input rests the counter. The first trigger event will start the timer, any successive trigger event will reset the counter and the timer will restart. To start this mode call HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start\_IT() or HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start\_IT() for interruption mode.
  - Counter Mode: counter can be used to count external events on the LPTIM Input1 or it can be used to count internal clock cycles. To start this mode, call HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start() or HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start\_IT() for interruption mode.
4. User can stop any process by calling the corresponding API: HAL\_LPTIM\_Xxx\_Stop() or HAL\_LPTIM\_Xxx\_Stop\_IT() if the process is already started in interruption mode.
5. De-initialize the LPTIM peripheral using HAL\_LPTIM\_DeInit().

### Callback registration

The compilation define USE\_HAL\_LPTIM\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function HAL\_LPTIM\_RegisterCallback() to register a callback. HAL\_LPTIM\_RegisterCallback() takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_LPTIM\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak function.

HAL\_LPTIM\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID.

These functions allow to register/unregister following callbacks:

- MspInitCallback : LPTIM Base Msp Init Callback.
- MspDeInitCallback : LPTIM Base Msp DeInit Callback.
- CompareMatchCallback : Compare match Callback.
- AutoReloadMatchCallback : Auto-reload match Callback.
- TriggerCallback : External trigger event detection Callback.
- CompareWriteCallback : Compare register write complete Callback.
- AutoReloadWriteCallback : Auto-reload register write complete Callback.
- DirectionUpCallback : Up-counting direction change Callback.
- DirectionDownCallback : Down-counting direction change Callback.

By default, after the Init and when the state is HAL\_LPTIM\_STATE\_RESET all interrupt callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_LPTIM\_TriggerCallback(), HAL\_LPTIM\_CompareMatchCallback().

Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functionalities in the Init/DeInit only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the Init/DeInit keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand)

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_LPTIM\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_LPTIM\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_LPTIM\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_LPTIM\_RegisterCallback() before calling DeInit or Init function.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_LPTIM\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

## 33.2.2

### Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize the LPTIM according to the specified parameters in the LPTIM\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

- DeInitialize the LPTIM peripheral.
- Initialize the LPTIM MSP.
- DeInitialize the LPTIM MSP.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Init()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_MspDeInit()*

### 33.2.3 LPTIM Start Stop operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Start the PWM mode.
- Stop the PWM mode.
- Start the One pulse mode.
- Stop the One pulse mode.
- Start the Set once mode.
- Stop the Set once mode.
- Start the Encoder mode.
- Stop the Encoder mode.
- Start the Timeout mode.
- Stop the Timeout mode.
- Start the Counter mode.
- Stop the Counter mode.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Stop\_IT()*

### 33.2.4 LPTIM Read operation functions

This section provides LPTIM Reading functions.

- Read the counter value.
- Read the period (Auto-reload) value.
- Read the pulse (Compare)value.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_LPTIM\\_ReadCounter\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_LPTIM\\_ReadAutoReload\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_LPTIM\\_ReadCompare\(\)\*](#)

### 33.2.5 Peripheral State functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_LPTIM\\_GetState\(\)\*](#)

### 33.2.6 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Init (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

##### Function description

Initialize the LPTIM according to the specified parameters in the LPTIM\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_DeInit

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_DeInit (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

##### Function description

DeInitialize the LPTIM peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_Msplnit

##### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_Msplnit (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

##### Function description

Initialize the LPTIM MSP.

##### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_LPTIM\_MspDeInit**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_MspDeInit (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize LPTIM MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Pulse)**

#### Function description

Start the LPTIM PWM generation.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle
- **Period:** Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.
- **Pulse:** Specifies the compare value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Stop**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Stop (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Stop the LPTIM PWM generation.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Pulse)**

#### Function description

Start the LPTIM PWM generation in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF
- **Pulse**: Specifies the compare value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Stop\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_PWM\_Stop\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Stop the LPTIM PWM generation in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Pulse)**

#### Function description

Start the LPTIM One pulse generation.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.
- **Pulse**: Specifies the compare value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Stop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Stop (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Stop the LPTIM One pulse generation.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Pulse)**

### Function description

Start the LPTIM One pulse generation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.
- **Pulse**: Specifies the compare value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Stop\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_OnePulse\_Stop\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Stop the LPTIM One pulse generation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Pulse)**

### Function description

Start the LPTIM in Set once mode.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.
- **Pulse**: Specifies the compare value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Stop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Stop (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Stop the LPTIM Set once mode.



#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Start\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Pulse)**

#### Function description

Start the LPTIM Set once mode in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.
- **Pulse**: Specifies the compare value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Stop\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_SetOnce\_Stop\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Stop the LPTIM Set once mode in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period)**

#### Function description

Start the Encoder interface.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Stop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Stop (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Stop the Encoder interface.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT**

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period)**

### Function description

Start the Encoder interface in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_IT**

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Stop the Encoder interface in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start**

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Start the Timeout function.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.
- **Timeout**: Specifies the TimeOut value to reset the counter. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- The first trigger event will start the timer, any successive trigger event will reset the counter and the timer restarts.

### HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Stop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Stop (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hltim)**

#### Function description

Stop the Timeout function.

#### Parameters

- hltim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- HAL**: status

### HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Start\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hltim, uint32\_t Period, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Start the Timeout function in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- hltim**: LPTIM handle
- Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.
- Timeout**: Specifies the TimeOut value to reset the counter. This parameter must be a value between 0x0000 and 0xFFFF.

#### Return values

- HAL**: status

## Notes

- The first trigger event will start the timer, any successive trigger event will reset the counter and the timer restarts.

### HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Stop\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_TimeOut\_Stop\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hltim)**

#### Function description

Stop the Timeout function in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- hltim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- HAL**: status

### HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hltim, uint32\_t Period)**

## Function description

Start the Counter mode.

## Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Stop**

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Stop (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

## Function description

Stop the Counter mode.

## Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start\_IT**

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Start\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, uint32\_t Period)**

## Function description

Start the Counter mode in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **Period**: Specifies the Autoreload value. This parameter must be a value between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Stop\_IT**

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_Counter\_Stop\_IT (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

## Function description

Stop the Counter mode in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

**HAL\_LPTIM\_ReadCounter**

## Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_LPTIM\_ReadCounter (const LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Return the current counter value.

### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **Counter:** value.

### HAL\_LPTIM\_ReadAutoReload

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_LPTIM_ReadAutoReload (const LPTIM_HandleTypeDef * hlptim)
```

### Function description

Return the current Autoreload (Period) value.

### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **Autoreload:** value.

### HAL\_LPTIM\_ReadCompare

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_LPTIM_ReadCompare (const LPTIM_HandleTypeDef * hlptim)
```

### Function description

Return the current Compare (Pulse) value.

### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **Compare:** value.

### HAL\_LPTIM\_IRQHandler

### Function name

```
void HAL_LPTIM_IRQHandler (LPTIM_HandleTypeDef * hlptim)
```

### Function description

Handle LPTIM interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_LPTIM\_CompareMatchCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_LPTIM_CompareMatchCallback (LPTIM_HandleTypeDef * hlptim)
```

### Function description

Compare match callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

**HAL\_LPTIM\_AutoReloadMatchCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_AutoReloadMatchCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Autoreload match callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

**HAL\_LPTIM\_TriggerCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_TriggerCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Trigger detected callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

**HAL\_LPTIM\_CompareWriteCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_CompareWriteCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Compare write callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

**HAL\_LPTIM\_AutoReloadWriteCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_AutoReloadWriteCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Autoreload write callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_LPTIM\_DirectionUpCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_DirectionUpCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Direction counter changed from Down to Up callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_LPTIM\_DirectionDownCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_LPTIM\_DirectionDownCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

#### Function description

Direction counter changed from Up to Down callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_LPTIM\_RegisterCallback**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_RegisterCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, HAL\_LPTIM\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pLPTIM\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register a User LPTIM callback to be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hlptim:** LPTIM handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID LPTIM Base Msp Init Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID LPTIM Base Msp Deinit Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_COMPARE\_MATCH\_CB\_ID Compare match Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_AUTORELOAD\_MATCH\_CB\_ID Auto-reload match Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_TRIGGER\_CB\_ID External trigger event detection Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_COMPARE\_WRITE\_CB\_ID Compare register write complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_AUTORELOAD\_WRITE\_CB\_ID Auto-reload register write complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_DIRECTION\_UP\_CB\_ID Up-counting direction change Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_DIRECTION\_DOWN\_CB\_ID Down-counting direction change Callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the callback function

#### Return values

- **status:**

## HAL\_LPTIM\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_UnRegisterCallback (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim, HAL\_LPTIM\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister a LPTIM callback LLPTIM callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID LPTIM Base Msp Init Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID LPTIM Base Msp Delnit Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_COMPARE\_MATCH\_CB\_ID Compare match Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_AUTORELOAD\_MATCH\_CB\_ID Auto-reload match Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_TRIGGER\_CB\_ID External trigger event detection Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_COMPARE\_WRITE\_CB\_ID Compare register write complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_AUTORELOAD\_WRITE\_CB\_ID Auto-reload register write complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_DIRECTION\_UP\_CB\_ID Up-counting direction change Callback ID
  - HAL\_LPTIM\_DIRECTION\_DOWN\_CB\_ID Down-counting direction change Callback ID

### Return values

- **status**:

## HAL\_LPTIM\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_LPTIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_LPTIM\_GetState (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Return the LPTIM handle state.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: LPTIM handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## LPTIM\_Disable

### Function name

**void LPTIM\_Disable (LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef \* hlptim)**

### Function description

Disable LPTIM HW instance.

### Parameters

- **hlptim**: pointer to a LPTIM\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for LPTIM module.

### Return values

- **None**:



## Notes

- The following sequence is required to solve LPTIM disable HW limitation. Please check Errata Sheet ES0335 for more details under "MCU may remain stuck in LPTIM interrupt when entering Stop mode" section.

## 33.3 LPTIM Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 33.3.1 LPTIM

LPTIM

#### *LPTIM Clock Polarity*

LPTIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_RISING

LPTIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_FALLING

LPTIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING

#### *LPTIM Clock Prescaler*

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV1

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV2

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV4

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV8

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV16

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV32

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV64

LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV128

#### *LPTIM Clock Sample Time*

LPTIM\_CLOCKSAMPLETIME\_DIRECTTRANSITION

LPTIM\_CLOCKSAMPLETIME\_2TRANSITIONS

LPTIM\_CLOCKSAMPLETIME\_4TRANSITIONS

LPTIM\_CLOCKSAMPLETIME\_8TRANSITIONS

#### *LPTIM Clock Source*

LPTIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_APBCLK\_LPOSC

LPTIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ULPTIM

#### *LPTIM Counter Source*

LPTIM\_COUNTERSOURCE\_INTERNAL

## LPTIM\_COUNTERSOURCE\_EXTERNAL

### *LPTIM Exported Macros*

#### \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

**Description:**

- Reset LPTIM handle state.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the LPTIM peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the LPTIM peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle

**Return value:**

- None

**Notes:**

- The following sequence is required to solve LPTIM disable HW limitation. Please check Errata Sheet ES0335 for more details under "MCU may remain stuck in LPTIM interrupt when entering Stop mode" section. Please call `HAL_LPTIM_GetState()` after a call to `__HAL_LPTIM_DISABLE` to check for TIMEOUT.

#### \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_START\_CONTINUOUS

**Description:**

- Start the LPTIM peripheral in Continuous mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_START\_SINGLE

**Description:**

- Start the LPTIM peripheral in single mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_AUTORELOAD\_SET

### Description:

- Write the passed parameter in the Autoreload register.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle
- `__VALUE__`: Autoreload value

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- The ARR register can only be modified when the LPTIM instance is enabled.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_COMPARE\_SET

### Description:

- Write the passed parameter in the Compare register.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle
- `__VALUE__`: Compare value

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- The CMP register can only be modified when the LPTIM instance is enabled.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified LPTIM flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle
- `__FLAG__`: LPTIM flag to check This parameter can be a value of:
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_DOWN`: Counter direction change up Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_UP`: Counter direction change down to up Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_ARROK`: Autoreload register update OK Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_CMPOK`: Compare register update OK Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_EXTTRIG`: External trigger edge event Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_ARRM`: Autoreload match Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_CMPM`: Compare match Flag.

### Return value:

- The: state of the specified flag (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the specified LPTIM flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle.
- `__FLAG__`: LPTIM flag to clear. This parameter can be a value of:
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_DOWN`: Counter direction change up Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_UP`: Counter direction change down to up Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_ARROK`: Autoreload register update OK Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_CMPOK`: Compare register update OK Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_EXTTRIG`: External trigger edge event Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_ARRM`: Autoreload match Flag.
  - `LPTIM_FLAG_CMPM`: Compare match Flag.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified LPTIM interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: LPTIM interrupt to set. This parameter can be a value of:
  - `LPTIM_IT_DOWN`: Counter direction change up Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_UP`: Counter direction change down to up Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_ARROK`: Autoreload register update OK Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_CMPOK`: Compare register update OK Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_EXTTRIG`: External trigger edge event Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_ARRM`: Autoreload match Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_CMPM`: Compare match Interrupt.

### Return value:

- None.

### Notes:

- The LPTIM interrupts can only be enabled when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified LPTIM interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: LPTIM interrupt to set. This parameter can be a value of:
  - `LPTIM_IT_DOWN`: Counter direction change up Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_UP`: Counter direction change down to up Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_ARROK`: Autoreload register update OK Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_CMPOK`: Compare register update OK Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_EXTTRIG`: External trigger edge event Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_ARRM`: Autoreload match Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_CMPM`: Compare match Interrupt.

### Return value:

- None.

### Notes:

- The LPTIM interrupts can only be disabled when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified LPTIM interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: LPTIM handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: LPTIM interrupt to check. This parameter can be a value of:
  - `LPTIM_IT_DOWN`: Counter direction change up Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_UP`: Counter direction change down to up Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_ARROK`: Autoreload register update OK Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_CMPOK`: Compare register update OK Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_EXTTRIG`: External trigger edge event Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_ARRM`: Autoreload match Interrupt.
  - `LPTIM_IT_CMPM`: Compare match Interrupt.

### Return value:

- Interrupt: status.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable interrupt on the LPTIM Wake-up Timer associated Exti line.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable interrupt on the LPTIM Wake-up Timer associated Exti line.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT

### Description:

- Enable event on the LPTIM Wake-up Timer associated Exti line.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_LPTIM\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT

### Description:

- Disable event on the LPTIM Wake-up Timer associated Exti line.

### Return value:

- None.

### *LPTIM Exported Types*

## LPTIM\_EXTI\_LINE\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EVENT

External interrupt line 29 Connected to the LPTIM EXTI Line

### *LPTIM External Trigger Polarity*

## LPTIM\_ACTIVEEDGE\_RISING

## LPTIM\_ACTIVEEDGE\_FALLING

## LPTIM\_ACTIVEEDGE\_RISING\_FALLING

### *LPTIM Flags Definition*

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_DOWN

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_UP

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_ARROK

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_CMPOK

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_EXTTRIG

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_ARRM

## LPTIM\_FLAG\_CMPM

### *LPTIM Interrupts Definition*

## LPTIM\_IT\_DOWN

## LPTIM\_IT\_UP

## LPTIM\_IT\_ARROK

## LPTIM\_IT\_CMPOK

## LPTIM\_IT\_EXTTRIG

## LPTIM\_IT\_ARRM

**LPTIM\_IT\_CMPM*****LPTIM Output Polarity*****LPTIM\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_HIGH****LPTIM\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_LOW*****LPTIM Trigger Sample Time*****LPTIM\_TRIGSAMPLETIME\_DIRECTTRANSITION****LPTIM\_TRIGSAMPLETIME\_2TRANSITIONS****LPTIM\_TRIGSAMPLETIME\_4TRANSITIONS****LPTIM\_TRIGSAMPLETIME\_8TRANSITIONS*****LPTIM Trigger Source*****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_SOFTWARE****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_0****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_1****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_2****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_3****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_4****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_5****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_6****LPTIM\_TRIGSOURCE\_7*****LPTIM Updating Mode*****LPTIM\_UPDATE\_IMMEDIATE****LPTIM\_UPDATE\_ENDOFPERIOD**

## 34 HAL PCD Generic Driver

### 34.1 PCD Firmware driver registers structures

#### 34.1.1 `__PCD_HandleTypeDef`

`__PCD_HandleTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_pcd.h`

Data Fields

- `PCD_TypeDef * Instance`
- `PCD_InitTypeDef Init`
- `__IO uint8_t USB_Address`
- `PCD_EPTTypeDef IN_ep`
- `PCD_EPTTypeDef OUT_ep`
- `HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`
- `__IO PCD_StateTypeDef State`
- `__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`
- `uint32_t Setup`
- `PCD_LPM_StateTypeDef LPM_State`
- `uint32_t BESL`
- `uint32_t lpm_active`
- `uint32_t battery_charging_active`
- `void * pData`
- `void(* SOFCallback`
- `void(* SetupStageCallback`
- `void(* ResetCallback`
- `void(* SuspendCallback`
- `void(* ResumeCallback`
- `void(* ConnectCallback`
- `void(* DisconnectCallback`
- `void(* DataOutStageCallback`
- `void(* DataInStageCallback`
- `void(* ISOOUTIncompleteCallback`
- `void(* ISOINIncompleteCallback`
- `void(* BCDCallback`
- `void(* LPMCallback`
- `void(* MspInitCallback`
- `void(* MspDeInitCallback`

Field Documentation

- `PCD_TypeDef* __PCD_HandleTypeDef::Instance`  
Register base address
- `PCD_InitTypeDef __PCD_HandleTypeDef::Init`  
PCD required parameters
- `__IO uint8_t __PCD_HandleTypeDef::USB_Address`  
USB Address
- `PCD_EPTTypeDef __PCD_HandleTypeDef::IN_ep[8]`  
IN endpoint parameters
- `PCD_EPTTypeDef __PCD_HandleTypeDef::OUT_ep[8]`  
OUT endpoint parameters
- `HAL_LockTypeDef __PCD_HandleTypeDef::Lock`  
PCD peripheral status



- **\_\_IO PCD\_StateTypeDef \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
PCD communication state
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
PCD Error code
- **uint32\_t \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::Setup[12]**  
Setup packet buffer
- **PCD\_LPM\_StateTypeDef \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::LPM\_State**  
LPM State
- **uint32\_t \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::BESL**
- **uint32\_t \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::lpm\_active**  
Enable or disable the Link Power Management . This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE
- **uint32\_t \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::battery\_charging\_active**  
Enable or disable Battery charging. This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE
- **void\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::pData**  
Pointer to upper stack Handler
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::SOFCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD SOF callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::SetupStageCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Setup Stage callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::ResetCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Reset callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::SuspendCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Suspend callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::ResumeCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Resume callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::ConnectCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Connect callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::DisconnectCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Disconnect callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::DataOutStageCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd, uint8\_t epnum)**  
USB OTG PCD Data OUT Stage callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::DataInStageCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd, uint8\_t epnum)**  
USB OTG PCD Data IN Stage callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::ISOOUTIncompleteCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd, uint8\_t epnum)**  
USB OTG PCD ISO OUT Incomplete callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::ISOINIncompleteCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd, uint8\_t epnum)**  
USB OTG PCD ISO IN Incomplete callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::BCDCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd, PCD\_BCD\_MsgTypeDef msg)**  
USB OTG PCD BCD callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::LPMCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd, PCD\_LPM\_MsgTypeDef msg)**  
USB OTG PCD LPM callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::MspiInitCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Msp Init callback
- **void(\* \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef::MspiDelInitCallback)(struct \_\_PCD\_HandleTypeDef \*hpcd)**  
USB OTG PCD Msp DelInit callback

## 34.2 PCD Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the PCD library.

### 34.2.1 How to use this driver

The PCD HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a PCD\_HandleTypeDef handle structure, for example: PCD\_HandleTypeDef hpcd;
2. Fill parameters of Init structure in HCD handle
3. Call HAL\_PCD\_Init() API to initialize the PCD peripheral (Core, Device core, ...)
4. Initialize the PCD low level resources through the HAL\_PCD\_MspInit() API:
  - a. Enable the PCD/USB Low Level interface clock using
    - \_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_CLK\_ENABLE(); For USB Device FS peripheral
  - b. Initialize the related GPIO clocks
  - c. Configure PCD pin-out
  - d. Configure PCD NVIC interrupt
5. Associate the Upper USB device stack to the HAL PCD Driver:
  - a. hpcd.pData = pdev;
6. Enable PCD transmission and reception:
  - a. HAL\_PCD\_Start();

### 34.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_PCD\\_Init\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_DeInit\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_MspInit\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_MspDeInit\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterDataOutStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterDataOutStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterDataInStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterDataInStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterIsoOutInclptCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterIsoOutInclptCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterIsoInInclptCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterIsoInInclptCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterBcdCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterBcdCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_RegisterLpmCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_UnRegisterLpmCallback\(\)](#)

### 34.2.3 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the PCD data transfers.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_PCD\\_Start\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_Stop\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_IRQHandler\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_DataOutStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_DataInStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_SetupStageCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_SOFCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCD\\_ResetCallback\(\)](#)

- *HAL\_PCD\_SuspendCallback()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_ResumeCallback()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_ISOOUTIncompleteCallback()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_ISOINIncompleteCallback()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_ConnectCallback()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_DisconnectCallback()*

#### 34.2.4 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the PCD data transfers.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_PCD\_DevConnect()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_DevDisconnect()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_SetAddress()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Open()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Close()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Receive()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_GetRxCount()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Transmit()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_SetStall()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_ClrStall()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Abort()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Flush()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_ActivateRemoteWakeup()*
- *HAL\_PCD\_DeActivateRemoteWakeup()*

#### 34.2.5 Peripheral State functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral and the data flow.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_PCD\_GetState()*

#### 34.2.6 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_PCD\_Init

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_Init (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

###### Function description

Initializes the PCD according to the specified parameters in the PCD\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

###### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_PCD\_DeInit

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_DeInit (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

DeInitializes the PCD peripheral.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_PCD\_Msplnit

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_Msplnit (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Initializes the PCD MSP.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_PCD\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_MspDeInit (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

DeInitializes PCD MSP.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_PCD\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_RegisterCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd,  
HAL\_PCD\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pPCD\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User USB PCD Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hpcd**: USB PCD handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_PCD\_SOF\_CB\_ID USB PCD SOF callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_SETUPSTAGE\_CB\_ID USB PCD Setup callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_RESET\_CB\_ID USB PCD Reset callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_SUSPEND\_CB\_ID USB PCD Suspend callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_RESUME\_CB\_ID USB PCD Resume callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_CONNECT\_CB\_ID USB PCD Connect callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_DISCONNECT\_CB\_ID USB PCD Disconnect callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback**: pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, HAL\_PCD\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

## Function description

Unregister an USB PCD Callback USB PCD callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hpcd**: USB PCD handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_PCD\_SOF\_CB\_ID USB PCD SOF callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_SETUPSTAGE\_CB\_ID USB PCD Setup callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_RESET\_CB\_ID USB PCD Reset callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_SUSPEND\_CB\_ID USB PCD Suspend callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_RESUME\_CB\_ID USB PCD Resume callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_CONNECT\_CB\_ID USB PCD Connect callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_DISCONNECT\_CB\_ID USB PCD Disconnect callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
  - HAL\_PCD\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_PCD\_RegisterDataOutStageCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_RegisterDataOutStageCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, pPCD\_DataOutStageCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

## Function description

Register USB PCD Data OUT Stage Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_PCD\_DataOutStageCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the USB PCD Data OUT Stage Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterDataOutStageCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterDataOutStageCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Unregister the USB PCD Data OUT Stage Callback USB PCD Data OUT Stage Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_PCD\_DataOutStageCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_RegisterDataInStageCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_RegisterDataInStageCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, pPCD\_DataInStageCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register USB PCD Data IN Stage Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_PCD\_DataInStageCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the USB PCD Data IN Stage Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterDataInStageCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterDataInStageCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Unregister the USB PCD Data IN Stage Callback USB PCD Data OUT Stage Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_PCD\_DataInStageCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_RegisterIsoOutIncpItCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_RegisterIsoOutIncpItCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd,
pPCD_IsoOutIncpItCallbackTypeDef pCallback)
```

### Function description

Register USB PCD Iso OUT incomplete Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_PCD\_ISOOUTIncompleteCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the USB PCD Iso OUT incomplete Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterIsoOutIncpItCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_UnRegisterIsoOutIncpItCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd)
```

### Function description

Unregister the USB PCD Iso OUT incomplete Callback USB PCD Iso OUT incomplete Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_PCD\_ISOOUTIncompleteCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_RegisterIsoInIncpItCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_RegisterIsoInIncpItCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd,
pPCD_IsoInIncpItCallbackTypeDef pCallback)
```

### Function description

Register USB PCD Iso IN incomplete Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_PCD\_ISOINIncompleteCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the USB PCD Iso IN incomplete Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterIsoInIncpItCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_UnRegisterIsoInIncpItCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd)
```

### Function description

Unregister the USB PCD Iso IN incomplete Callback USB PCD Iso IN incomplete Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_PCD\_ISOINIncompleteCallback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_RegisterBcdCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_RegisterBcdCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, pPCD\_BcdCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register USB PCD BCD Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_PCDEx\_BCD\_Callback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the USB PCD BCD Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterBcdCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterBcdCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Unregister the USB PCD BCD Callback USB BCD Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_PCDEx\_BCD\_Callback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_RegisterLpmCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_RegisterLpmCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, pPCD\_LpmCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register USB PCD LPM Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_PCDEx\_LPM\_Callback() predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the USB PCD LPM Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status



## HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterLpmCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_UnRegisterLpmCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Unregister the USB PCD LPM Callback USB LPM Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_PCDEx\_LPM\_Callback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_Start (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Start the USB device.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_Stop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_Stop (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Stop the USB device.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_IRQHandler (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

This function handles PCD interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_SOFCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_SOFCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

USB Start Of Frame callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_SetupStageCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_SetupStageCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Setup stage callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_ResetCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_ResetCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

USB Reset callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_SuspendCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_SuspendCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Suspend event callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_PCD\_ResumeCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_ResumeCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Resume event callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_PCD\_ConnectCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_ConnectCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Connection event callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_PCD\_DisconnectCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_DisconnectCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Disconnection event callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_PCD\_DataOutStageCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PCD\_DataOutStageCallback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t epnum)**

#### Function description

Data OUT stage callback.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **epnum**: endpoint number

#### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_DataInStageCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_PCD_DataInStageCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd, uint8_t epnum)
```

### Function description

Data IN stage callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **epnum**: endpoint number

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_ISOOUTIncompleteCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_PCD_ISOOUTIncompleteCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd, uint8_t epnum)
```

### Function description

Incomplete ISO OUT callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **epnum**: endpoint number

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_ISOINIncompleteCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_PCD_ISOINIncompleteCallback (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd, uint8_t epnum)
```

### Function description

Incomplete ISO IN callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **epnum**: endpoint number

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_PCD\_DevConnect

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_DevConnect (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd)
```

### Function description

Connect the USB device.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_PCD\_DevDisconnect

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_DevDisconnect (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Disconnect the USB device.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_PCD\_SetAddress

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_SetAddress (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t address)**

#### Function description

Set the USB Device address.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle
- **address:** new device address

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Open

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Open (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t ep\_addr, uint16\_t ep\_mps, uint8\_t ep\_type)**

#### Function description

Open and configure an endpoint.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle
- **ep\_addr:** endpoint address
- **ep\_mps:** endpoint max packet size
- **ep\_type:** endpoint type

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Close

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Close (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t ep\_addr)**

#### Function description

Deactivate an endpoint.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Receive

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_EP_Receive (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd, uint8_t ep_addr, uint8_t * pBuf,
uint32_t len)
```

#### Function description

Receive an amount of data.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address
- **pBuf**: pointer to the reception buffer
- **len**: amount of data to be received

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Transmit

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_EP_Transmit (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd, uint8_t ep_addr, uint8_t *
pBuf, uint32_t len)
```

#### Function description

Send an amount of data.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address
- **pBuf**: pointer to the transmission buffer
- **len**: amount of data to be sent

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_PCD\_EP\_SetStall

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_PCD_EP_SetStall (PCD_HandleTypeDef * hpcd, uint8_t ep_addr)
```

#### Function description

Set a STALL condition over an endpoint.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_EP\_ClrStall

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_EP\_ClrStall (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t ep\_addr)**

### Function description

Clear a STALL condition over in an endpoint.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Flush

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Flush (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t ep\_addr)**

### Function description

Flush an endpoint.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Abort

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_EP\_Abort (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t ep\_addr)**

### Function description

Abort an USB EP transaction.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCD\_ActivateRemoteWakeup

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_ActivateRemoteWakeup (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

### Function description

Activate remote wakeup signalling.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_PCD\_DeActivateRemoteWakeup**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_DeActivateRemoteWakeup (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

De-activate remote wakeup signalling.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_PCD\_EP\_GetRxCount**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_PCD\_EP\_GetRxCount (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint8\_t ep\_addr)**

#### Function description

Get Received Data Size.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle
- **ep\_addr:** endpoint address

#### Return values

- **Data:** Size

**HAL\_PCD\_GetState**

#### Function name

**PCD\_StateTypeDef HAL\_PCD\_GetState (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Return the PCD handle state.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** state

## 34.3 PCD Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 34.3.1 PCD

PCD

**PCD\_ENDP**

**PCD\_ENDP0**

**PCD\_ENDP1**



PCD\_ENDP2

PCD\_ENDP3

PCD\_ENDP4

PCD\_ENDP5

PCD\_ENDP6

PCD\_ENDP7

#### ***PCD Endpoint Kind***

PCD\_SNG\_BUF

PCD\_DBL\_BUF

#### ***PCD EP0 MPS***

PCD\_EP0MPS\_64

PCD\_EP0MPS\_32

PCD\_EP0MPS\_16

PCD\_EP0MPS\_08

#### ***PCD Error Code definition***

HAL\_PCD\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

#### ***PCD Exported Macros***

\_\_HAL\_PCD\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_PCD\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_PCD\_GET\_FLAG

\_\_HAL\_PCD\_CLEAR\_FLAG

\_\_HAL\_USB\_WAKEUP\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

\_\_HAL\_USB\_WAKEUP\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

#### ***PCD PHY Module***

PCD\_PHY\_ULPI

PCD\_PHY\_EMBEDDED

PCD\_PHY\_UTMI

#### ***PCD Speed***



PCD\_SPEED\_FULL

## 35 HAL PCD Extension Driver

### 35.1 PCDEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the PCDEx library.

#### 35.1.1 Extended features functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Update FIFO configuration

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_PMAConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_ActivateBCD\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_DeActivateBCD\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_BCD\\_VBUSDetect\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_ActivateLPM\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_DeActivateLPM\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_LPM\\_Callback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PCDEx\\_BCD\\_Callback\(\)](#)

#### 35.1.2 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_PCDEx\_PMAConfig

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCDEx\_PMAConfig (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, uint16\_t ep\_addr, uint16\_t ep\_kind, uint32\_t pmaaddress)**

###### Function description

Configure PMA for EP.

###### Parameters

- **hpcd**: Device instance
- **ep\_addr**: endpoint address
- **ep\_kind**: endpoint Kind USB\_SNG\_BUF: Single Buffer used USB\_DBL\_BUF: Double Buffer used
- **pmaaddress**: EP address in The PMA: In case of single buffer endpoint this parameter is 16-bit value providing the address in PMA allocated to endpoint. In case of double buffer endpoint this parameter is a 32-bit value providing the endpoint buffer 0 address in the LSB part of 32-bit value and endpoint buffer 1 address in the MSB part of 32-bit value.

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_PCDEx\_ActivateLPM

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCDEx\_ActivateLPM (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

###### Function description

Activate LPM feature.

###### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_PCDEx\_DeActivateLPM**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCDEx\_DeActivateLPM (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Deactivate LPM feature.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_PCDEx\_ActivateBCD**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCDEx\_ActivateBCD (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Activate BatteryCharging feature.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_PCDEx\_DeActivateBCD**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_PCDEx\_DeActivateBCD (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Deactivate BatteryCharging feature.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_PCDEx\_BCD\_VBUSDetect**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PCDEx\_BCD\_VBUSDetect (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd)**

#### Function description

Handle BatteryCharging Process.

#### Parameters

- **hpcd:** PCD handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_PCDEx\_LPM\_Callback

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCDEx\_LPM\_Callback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, PCD\_LPM\_MsgTypeDef msg)**

### Function description

Send LPM message to user layer callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **msg**: LPM message

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_PCDEx\_BCD\_Callback

### Function name

**void HAL\_PCDEx\_BCD\_Callback (PCD\_HandleTypeDef \* hpcd, PCD\_BCD\_MsgTypeDef msg)**

### Function description

Send BatteryCharging message to user layer callback.

### Parameters

- **hpcd**: PCD handle
- **msg**: LPM message

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## 36 HAL PWR Generic Driver

### 36.1 PWR Firmware driver registers structures

#### 36.1.1 PWR\_PVDTypeDef

*PWR\_PVDTypeDef* is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_pwr.h`

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t PVDLevel*
- *uint32\_t Mode*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t PWR\_PVDTypeDef::PVDLevel*  
PVDLevel: Specifies the PVD detection level. This parameter can be a value of *PWR\_PVD\_detection\_level*
- *uint32\_t PWR\_PVDTypeDef::Mode*  
Mode: Specifies the operating mode for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of *PWR\_PVD\_Mode*

### 36.2 PWR Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the PWR library.

#### 36.2.1 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_PWR\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_PWR\_EnableBkUpAccess()*
- *HAL\_PWR\_DisableBkUpAccess()*

#### 36.2.2 Peripheral Control functions

##### Backup domain

After reset, the backup domain (RTC registers, RTC backup data registers) is protected against possible unwanted write accesses. To enable access to the RTC Domain and RTC registers, proceed as follows:

- Enable the Power Controller (PWR) APB1 interface clock using the `__HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_ENABLE()` macro.
- Enable access to RTC domain using the `HAL_PWR_EnableBkUpAccess()` function.

##### PVD configuration

- The PVD is used to monitor the VDD power supply by comparing it to a threshold selected by the PVD Level (PLS[2:0] bits in the `PWR_CR`).
- The PVD can use an external input analog voltage (`PVD_IN`) which is compared internally to `VREFINT`. The `PVD_IN` (PB7) has to be configured in Analog mode when `PWR_PVDLevel_7` is selected (PLS[2:0] = 111).
- A `PVDO` flag is available to indicate if `VDD/VDDA` is higher or lower than the PVD threshold. This event is internally connected to the `EXTI` line16 and can generate an interrupt if enabled. This is done through `__HAL_PWR_PVD_EXTI_ENABLE_IT()` macro.
- The PVD is stopped in Standby mode.
- The PVD feature is not supported on L0 Value line.

##### WakeUp pin configuration

- WakeUp pin is used to wake up the system from Standby mode. This pin is forced in input pull-down configuration and is active on rising edges.

- There are two WakeUp pins: WakeUp Pin 1 on PA.00. WakeUp Pin 2 on PC.13. WakeUp Pin 3 on PE.06 .

## Main and Backup Regulators configuration

### Low Power modes configuration

The device features 5 low-power modes:

- Low power run mode: regulator in low power mode, limited clock frequency, limited number of peripherals running.
- Sleep mode: Cortex-M0+ core stopped, peripherals kept running.
- Low power sleep mode: Cortex-M0+ core stopped, limited clock frequency, limited number of peripherals running, regulator in low power mode.
- Stop mode: All clocks are stopped, regulator running, regulator in low power mode.
- Standby mode: VCORE domain powered off

### Low power run mode

To further reduce the consumption when the system is in Run mode, the regulator can be configured in low power mode. In this mode, the system frequency should not exceed MSI frequency range1. In Low power run mode, all I/O pins keep the same state as in Run mode.

- Entry:
  - VCORE in range2
  - Decrease the system frequency not to exceed the frequency of MSI frequency range1.
  - The regulator is forced in low power mode using the `HAL_PWREx_EnableLowPowerRunMode()` function.
- Exit:
  - The regulator is forced in Main regulator mode using the `HAL_PWREx_DisableLowPowerRunMode()` function.
  - Increase the system frequency if needed.

### Sleep mode

- Entry: The Sleep mode is entered by using the `HAL_PWR_EnterSleepMode(PWR_MAINREGULATOR_ON, PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFx)` functions with
  - `PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFI`: enter SLEEP mode with WFI instruction
  - `PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFE`: enter SLEEP mode with WFE instruction
- Exit:
  - Any peripheral interrupt acknowledged by the nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC) can wake up the device from Sleep mode. If the WFE instruction was used to enter sleep mode, the MCU exits Sleep mode as soon as an event occurs.

### Low power sleep mode

- Entry: The Low power sleep mode is entered by using the `HAL_PWR_EnterSleepMode(PWR_LOWPOWERREGULATOR_ON, PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFx)` functions with
  - `PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFI`: enter SLEEP mode with WFI instruction
  - `PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFE`: enter SLEEP mode with WFE instruction
- The Flash memory can be switched off by using the control bits (`SLEEP_PD` in the `FLASH_ACR` register. This reduces power consumption but increases the wake-up time.
- Exit:
  - If the WFI instruction was used to enter Low power sleep mode, any peripheral interrupt acknowledged by the nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC) can wake up the device from Low power sleep mode. If the WFE instruction was used to enter Low power sleep mode, the MCU exits Sleep mode as soon as an event occurs.

## Stop mode

The Stop mode is based on the Cortex-M0+ deepsleep mode combined with peripheral clock gating. The voltage regulator can be configured either in normal or low-power mode. In Stop mode, all clocks in the VCORE domain are stopped, the PLL, the MSI, the HSI and the HSE RC oscillators are disabled. Internal SRAM and register contents are preserved. To get the lowest consumption in Stop mode, the internal Flash memory also enters low power mode. When the Flash memory is in power-down mode, an additional startup delay is incurred when waking up from Stop mode. To minimize the consumption In Stop mode, VREFINT, the BOR, PVD, and temperature sensor can be switched off before entering Stop mode. They can be switched on again by software after exiting Stop mode using the ULP bit in the PWR\_CR register. In Stop mode, all I/O pins keep the same state as in Run mode.

- Entry: The Stop mode is entered using the HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTOPMode function with:
  - Main regulator ON.
  - Low Power regulator ON.
  - PWR\_SLEEPENTRY\_WFI: enter SLEEP mode with WFI instruction
  - PWR\_SLEEPENTRY\_WFE: enter SLEEP mode with WFE instruction
- Exit:
  - By issuing an interrupt or a wakeup event, the MSI or HSI16 RC oscillator is selected as system clock depending the bit STOPWUCK in the RCC\_CFGR register

## Standby mode

The Standby mode allows to achieve the lowest power consumption. It is based on the Cortex-M0+ deepsleep mode, with the voltage regulator disabled. The VCORE domain is consequently powered off. The PLL, the MSI, the HSI oscillator and the HSE oscillator are also switched off. SRAM and register contents are lost except for the RTC registers, RTC backup registers and Standby circuitry. To minimize the consumption In Standby mode, VREFINT, the BOR, PVD, and temperature sensor can be switched off before entering the Standby mode. They can be switched on again by software after exiting the Standby mode. function.

- Entry:
  - The Standby mode is entered using the HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTANDBYMode() function.
- Exit:
  - WKUP pin rising edge, RTC alarm (Alarm A and Alarm B), RTC wakeup, tamper event, time-stamp event, external reset in NRST pin, IWDG reset.

## Auto-wakeup (AWU) from low-power mode

The MCU can be woken up from low-power mode by an RTC Alarm event, an RTC Wakeup event, a tamper event, a time-stamp event, or a comparator event, without depending on an external interrupt (Auto-wakeup mode).



- RTC auto-wakeup (AWU) from the Stop mode
  - To wake up from the Stop mode with an RTC alarm event, it is necessary to:
    - Configure the EXTI Line 17 to be sensitive to rising edges (Interrupt or Event modes) using the EXTI\_Init() function.
    - Enable the RTC Alarm Interrupt using the RTC\_ITConfig() function
    - Configure the RTC to generate the RTC alarm using the RTC\_SetAlarm() and RTC\_AlarmCmd() functions.
  - To wake up from the Stop mode with an RTC Tamper or time stamp event, it is necessary to:
    - Configure the EXTI Line 19 to be sensitive to rising edges (Interrupt or Event modes) using the EXTI\_Init() function.
    - Enable the RTC Tamper or time stamp Interrupt using the RTC\_ITConfig() function.
    - Configure the RTC to detect the tamper or time stamp event using the RTC\_TimeStampConfig(), RTC\_TamperTriggerConfig() and RTC\_TamperCmd() functions.
  - To wake up from the Stop mode with an RTC WakeUp event, it is necessary to:
    - Configure the EXTI Line 20 to be sensitive to rising edges (Interrupt or Event modes) using the EXTI\_Init() function.
    - Enable the RTC WakeUp Interrupt using the RTC\_ITConfig() function.
    - Configure the RTC to generate the RTC WakeUp event using the RTC\_WakeUpClockConfig(), RTC\_SetWakeUpCounter() and RTC\_WakeUpCmd() functions.
- RTC auto-wakeup (AWU) from the Standby mode
  - To wake up from the Standby mode with an RTC alarm event, it is necessary to:
    - Enable the RTC Alarm Interrupt using the RTC\_ITConfig() function.
    - Configure the RTC to generate the RTC alarm using the RTC\_SetAlarm() and RTC\_AlarmCmd() functions.
  - To wake up from the Standby mode with an RTC Tamper or time stamp event, it is necessary to:
    - Enable the RTC Tamper or time stamp Interrupt using the RTC\_ITConfig() function.
    - Configure the RTC to detect the tamper or time stamp event using the RTC\_TimeStampConfig(), RTC\_TamperTriggerConfig() and RTC\_TamperCmd() functions.
  - To wake up from the Standby mode with an RTC WakeUp event, it is necessary to:
    - Enable the RTC WakeUp Interrupt using the RTC\_ITConfig() function
    - Configure the RTC to generate the RTC WakeUp event using the RTC\_WakeUpClockConfig(), RTC\_SetWakeUpCounter() and RTC\_WakeUpCmd() functions.
- Comparator auto-wakeup (AWU) from the Stop mode
  - To wake up from the Stop mode with an comparator 1 or comparator 2 wakeup event, it is necessary to:
    - Configure the EXTI Line 21 for comparator 1 or EXTI Line 22 for comparator 2 to be sensitive to to the selected edges (falling, rising or falling and rising) (Interrupt or Event modes) using the EXTI\_Init() function.
    - Configure the comparator to generate the event.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnableBkUpAccess\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_DisableBkUpAccess\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_ConfigPVD\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnablePVD\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_DisablePVD\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnableWakeUpPin\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_DisableWakeUpPin\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnterSLEEPMode\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnterSTOPMode\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnterSTANDBYMode\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_EnableSleepOnExit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_PWR\\_DisableSleepOnExit\(\)\*](#)

- [HAL\\_PWR\\_EnableSEVOnPend\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PWR\\_DisableSEVOnPend\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PWR\\_PVD\\_IRQHandler\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_PWR\\_PVDCallback\(\)](#)

### 36.2.3 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_PWR\_DeInit

##### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_DeInit (void )**

##### Function description

Deinitializes the HAL PWR peripheral registers to their default reset values.

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_PWR\_EnableBkUpAccess

##### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_EnableBkUpAccess (void )**

##### Function description

Enables access to the backup domain (RTC registers, RTC backup data registers ).

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- If the HSE divided by 2, 4, 8 or 16 is used as the RTC clock, the Backup Domain Access should be kept enabled.

#### HAL\_PWR\_DisableBkUpAccess

##### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_DisableBkUpAccess (void )**

##### Function description

Disables access to the backup domain.

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- Applies to RTC registers, RTC backup data registers.
- If the HSE divided by 2, 4, 8 or 16 is used as the RTC clock, the Backup Domain Access should be kept enabled.

#### HAL\_PWR\_ConfigPVD

##### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_ConfigPVD (PWR\_PVDTypeDef \* sConfigPVD)**

##### Function description

Configures the voltage threshold detected by the Power Voltage Detector(PVD).

## Parameters

- **sConfigPVD:** pointer to an PWR\_PVDTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the PVD.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Refer to the electrical characteristics of your device datasheet for more details about the voltage threshold corresponding to each detection level.

### HAL\_PWR\_EnablePVD

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_EnablePVD (void )**

#### Function description

Enables the Power Voltage Detector(PVD).

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_PWR\_DisablePVD

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_DisablePVD (void )**

#### Function description

Disables the Power Voltage Detector(PVD).

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_IRQHandler (void )**

#### Function description

This function handles the PWR PVD interrupt request.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This API should be called under the PVD\_IRQHandler().

### HAL\_PWR\_PVDCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_PVDCallback (void )**

#### Function description

PWR PVD interrupt callback.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin

### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin (uint32\_t WakeUpPinx)**

### Function description

Enables the WakeUp PINx functionality.

### Parameters

- **WakeUpPinx:** Specifies the Power Wake-Up pin to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1
  - PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2
  - PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3 for stm32l07xxx and stm32l08xxx devices only.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin

### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin (uint32\_t WakeUpPinx)**

### Function description

Disables the WakeUp PINx functionality.

### Parameters

- **WakeUpPinx:** Specifies the Power Wake-Up pin to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1
  - PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2
  - PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3 for stm32l07xxx and stm32l08xxx devices only.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTOPMode

### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTOPMode (uint32\_t Regulator, uint8\_t STOPEntry)**

### Function description

Enters Stop mode.

### Parameters

- **Regulator:** Specifies the regulator state in Stop mode. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - PWR\_MAINREGULATOR\_ON: Stop mode with regulator ON
  - PWR\_LOWPOWERREGULATOR\_ON: Stop mode with low power regulator ON
- **STOPEntry:** Specifies if Stop mode is entered with WFI or WFE instruction. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - PWR\_STOPENTRY\_WFI: Enter Stop mode with WFI instruction
  - PWR\_STOPENTRY\_WFE: Enter Stop mode with WFE instruction

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In Stop mode, all I/O pins keep the same state as in Run mode.
- When exiting Stop mode by issuing an interrupt or a wakeup event, MSI or HSI16 RCoscillator is selected as system clock depending the bit STOPWUCK in the RCC\_CFGR register.
- When the voltage regulator operates in low power mode, an additional startup delay is incurred when waking up from Stop mode. By keeping the internal regulator ON during Stop mode, the consumption is higher although the startup time is reduced.
- Before entering in this function, it is important to ensure that the WUF wakeup flag is cleared. To perform this action, it is possible to call the following macro : `__HAL_PWR_CLEAR_FLAG(PWR_FLAG_WU)`

### HAL\_PWR\_EnterSLEEPMode

#### Function name

```
void HAL_PWR_EnterSLEEPMode (uint32_t Regulator, uint8_t SLEEPEntry)
```

#### Function description

Enters Sleep mode.

#### Parameters

- **Regulator:** Specifies the regulator state in SLEEP mode. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `PWR_MAINREGULATOR_ON`: SLEEP mode with regulator ON
  - `PWR_LOWPOWERREGULATOR_ON`: SLEEP mode with low power regulator ON
- **SLEEPEntry:** Specifies if SLEEP mode is entered with WFI or WFE instruction. When WFI entry is used, tick interrupt have to be disabled if not desired as the interrupt wake up source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFI`: enter SLEEP mode with WFI instruction
  - `PWR_SLEEPENTRY_WFE`: enter SLEEP mode with WFE instruction

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In Sleep mode, all I/O pins keep the same state as in Run mode.

### HAL\_PWR\_EnterSTANDBYMode

#### Function name

```
void HAL_PWR_EnterSTANDBYMode (void )
```

#### Function description

Enters Standby mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In Standby mode, all I/O pins are high impedance except for: Reset pad (still available) RTC\_AF1 pin (PC13) if configured for tamper, time-stamp, RTC Alarm out, or RTC clock calibration out. RTC\_AF2 pin (PC13) if configured for tamper. WKUP pin 1 (PA00) if enabled. WKUP pin 2 (PC13) if enabled. WKUP pin 3 (PE06) if enabled, for stm32l07xxx and stm32l08xxx devices only. WKUP pin 3 (PA02) if enabled, for stm32l031xx devices only.

### HAL\_PWR\_EnableSleepOnExit

#### Function name

```
void HAL_PWR_EnableSleepOnExit (void )
```

### Function description

Indicates Sleep-On-Exit when returning from Handler mode to Thread mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Set SLEEPONEXIT bit of SCR register. When this bit is set, the processor re-enters SLEEP mode when an interruption handling is over. Setting this bit is useful when the processor is expected to run only on interruptions handling.

### HAL\_PWR\_DisableSleepOnExit

### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_DisableSleepOnExit (void )**

### Function description

Disables Sleep-On-Exit feature when returning from Handler mode to Thread mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Clears SLEEPONEXIT bit of SCR register. When this bit is set, the processor re-enters SLEEP mode when an interruption handling is over.

### HAL\_PWR\_EnableSEVOnPend

### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_EnableSEVOnPend (void )**

### Function description

Enables CORTEX M0+ SEVONPEND bit.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Sets SEVONPEND bit of SCR register. When this bit is set, this causes WFE to wake up when an interrupt moves from inactive to pended.

### HAL\_PWR\_DisableSEVOnPend

### Function name

**void HAL\_PWR\_DisableSEVOnPend (void )**

### Function description

Disables CORTEX M0+ SEVONPEND bit.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Clears SEVONPEND bit of SCR register. When this bit is set, this causes WFE to wake up when an interrupt moves from inactive to pended.

## 36.3 PWR Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 36.3.1 PWR

PWR

*PWR Exported Macros*

#### `__HAL_PWR_VOLTAGESCALING_CONFIG`

**Description:**

- macros configure the main internal regulator output voltage.

**Parameters:**

- `__REGULATOR__`: specifies the regulator output voltage to achieve a tradeoff between performance and power consumption when the device does not operate at the maximum frequency (refer to the datasheets for more details). This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE1`: Regulator voltage output Scale 1 mode, System frequency up to 32 MHz.
  - `PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE2`: Regulator voltage output Scale 2 mode, System frequency up to 16 MHz.
  - `PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE3`: Regulator voltage output Scale 3 mode, System frequency up to 4.2 MHz

**Return value:**

- None

#### `__HAL_PWR_GET_FLAG`

**Description:**

- Check PWR flag is set or not.

**Parameters:**

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `PWR_FLAG_WU`: Wake Up flag. This flag indicates that a wakeup event was received from the WKUP pin or from the RTC alarm (Alarm B), RTC Tamper event, RTC TimeStamp event or RTC Wakeup. An additional wakeup event is detected if the WKUP pin is enabled (by setting the EWUP bit) when the WKUP pin level is already high.
  - `PWR_FLAG_SB`: StandBy flag. This flag indicates that the system was resumed from StandBy mode.
  - `PWR_FLAG_PVDO`: PVD Output. This flag is valid only if PVD is enabled by the `HAL_PWR_EnablePVD()` function. The PVD is stopped by Standby mode. For this reason, this bit is equal to 0 after Standby or reset until the PVDE bit is set. Not available on L0 Value line.
  - `PWR_FLAG_VREFINTRDY`: Internal voltage reference (VREFINT) ready flag. This bit indicates the state of the internal voltage reference, VREFINT.
  - `PWR_FLAG_VOS`: Voltage Scaling select flag. A delay is required for the internal regulator to be ready after the voltage range is changed. The VOSF bit indicates that the regulator has reached the voltage level defined with bits VOS of `PWR_CR` register.
  - `PWR_FLAG REGLP`: Regulator LP flag. When the MCU exits from Low power run mode, this bit stays at 1 until the regulator is ready in main mode. A polling on this bit is recommended to wait for the regulator main mode. This bit is reset by hardware when the regulator is ready.

**Return value:**

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the PWR pending flags.

### Parameters:

- \_\_FLAG\_\_: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - PWR\_FLAG\_WU: Wake Up flag
  - PWR\_FLAG\_SB: StandBy flag

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable interrupt on PVD Exti Line 16.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable interrupt on PVD Exti Line 16.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT

### Description:

- Enable event on PVD Exti Line 16.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT

### Description:

- Disable event on PVD Exti Line 16.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

### Description:

- PVD EXTI line configuration: set falling edge trigger.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

### Description:

- Disable the PVD Extended Interrupt Falling Trigger.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

### Description:

- PVD EXTI line configuration: set rising edge trigger.

### Return value:

- None.



#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

##### Description:

- Disable the PVD Extended Interrupt Rising Trigger.

##### Return value:

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

##### Description:

- PVD EXTI line configuration: set rising & falling edge trigger.

##### Return value:

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

##### Description:

- Disable the PVD Extended Interrupt Rising & Falling Trigger.

##### Return value:

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG

##### Description:

- Check whether the specified PVD EXTI interrupt flag is set or not.

##### Return value:

- EXTI: PVD Line Status.

#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

##### Description:

- Clear the PVD EXTI flag.

##### Return value:

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

##### Description:

- Generate a Software interrupt on selected EXTI line.

##### Return value:

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_PWR\_PVD\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

##### Description:

- Generate a Software interrupt on selected EXTI line.

##### Return value:

- None.

#### *PWREx Flag Setting Time Out Value*

#### PWR\_FLAG\_SETTING\_DELAY\_US

#### *PWR Flag*

#### PWR\_FLAG\_WU

#### PWR\_FLAG\_SB

#### PWR\_FLAG\_PVDO

PWR\_FLAG\_VREFINTRDY

PWR\_FLAG\_VOS

PWR\_FLAG\_REGLP

***PVD detection level***

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_0

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_1

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_2

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_3

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_4

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_5

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_6

PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_7

***PWR PVD Mode***

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_NORMAL

basic mode is used

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_IT\_RISING

External Interrupt Mode with Rising edge trigger detection

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_IT\_FALLING

External Interrupt Mode with Falling edge trigger detection

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_IT\_RISING\_FALLING

External Interrupt Mode with Rising/Falling edge trigger detection

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_EVENT\_RISING

Event Mode with Rising edge trigger detection

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_EVENT\_FALLING

Event Mode with Falling edge trigger detection

PWR\_PVD\_MODE\_EVENT\_RISING\_FALLING

Event Mode with Rising/Falling edge trigger detection

***PWR PVD Mode Mask***

PVD\_MODE\_IT

PVD\_MODE\_EVT

PVD\_RISING\_EDGE

PVD\_FALLING\_EDGE

***PWR Register alias address***

PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1

PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2

PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3

***PWR Regulator state in SLEEP/STOP mode***

PWR\_MAINREGULATOR\_ON

PWR\_LOWPOWERREGULATOR\_ON

***PWR Regulator Voltage Scale***

PWR\_REGULATOR\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE1

PWR\_REGULATOR\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE2

PWR\_REGULATOR\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE3

IS\_PWR\_VOLTAGE\_SCALING\_RANGE

***PWR SLEEP mode entry***

PWR\_SLEEPENTRY\_WFI

PWR\_SLEEPENTRY\_WFE

***PWR STOP mode entry***

PWR\_STOPENTRY\_WFI

PWR\_STOPENTRY\_WFE

## 37 HAL PWR Extension Driver

### 37.1 PWREx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

#### 37.1.1 PWREx

PWREx

*PWREx Exported Macros*

##### `__HAL_PWR_FLASHWAKEUP_ENABLE`

**Notes:**

- When entering low power mode (stop or standby only), if DS\_EE\_KOFF and RUN\_PD of FLASH\_ACR register are both set , the Flash memory will not be woken up when exiting from deep-sleep mode.

##### `__HAL_PWR_FLASHWAKEUP_DISABLE`

**Notes:**

- When entering low power mode (stop or standby only), if DS\_EE\_KOFF and RUN\_PD of FLASH\_ACR register are both set , the Flash memory will not be woken up when exiting from deep-sleep mode.

## 38 HAL RCC Generic Driver

### 38.1 RCC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 38.1.1 RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef

**RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rcc.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t PLLState**
- **uint32\_t PLLSource**
- **uint32\_t PLLMUL**
- **uint32\_t PLLDIV**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef::PLLState**  
PLLState: The new state of the PLL. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_PLL\\_Config](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef::PLLSource**  
PLLSource: PLL entry clock source. This parameter must be a value of [RCC\\_PLL\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef::PLLMUL**  
PLLMUL: Multiplication factor for PLL VCO input clock This parameter must be a value of [RCC\\_PLL\\_Multiplication\\_Factor](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef::PLLDIV**  
PLLDIV: Division factor for PLL VCO input clock This parameter must be a value of [RCC\\_PLL\\_Division\\_Factor](#)

#### 38.1.2 RCC\_OscInitTypeDef

**RCC\_OscInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rcc.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t OscillatorType**
- **uint32\_t HSEState**
- **uint32\_t LSEState**
- **uint32\_t HSISState**
- **uint32\_t HSICalibrationValue**
- **uint32\_t LSISState**
- **uint32\_t HSI48State**
- **uint32\_t MSISState**
- **uint32\_t MSICalibrationValue**
- **uint32\_t MSIClockRange**
- **RCC\_PLLInitTypeDef PLL**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t RCC\_OscInitTypeDef::OscillatorType**  
The oscillators to be configured. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_Oscillator\\_Type](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_OscInitTypeDef::HSEState**  
The new state of the HSE. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_HSE\\_Config](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_OscInitTypeDef::LSEState**  
The new state of the LSE. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_LSE\\_Config](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_OscInitTypeDef::HSISState**  
The new state of the HSI. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_HSI\\_Config](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_OscInitTypeDef::HSICalibrationValue**  
The HSI calibration trimming value (default is RCC\_HSICALIBRATION\_DEFAULT). This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0x1F
- **uint32\_t RCC\_OscInitTypeDef::LSISState**  
The new state of the LSI. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_LSI\\_Config](#)

- **`uint32_t RCC_OscInitTypeDef::HSI48State`**  
The new state of the HSI48. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_HSI48\\_Config](#)
- **`uint32_t RCC_OscInitTypeDef::MSIState`**  
The new state of the MSI. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_MSI\\_Config](#)
- **`uint32_t RCC_OscInitTypeDef::MSICalibrationValue`**  
The MSI calibration trimming value. (default is `RCC_MSICALIBRATION_DEFAULT`). This parameter must be a number between `Min_Data = 0x00` and `Max_Data = 0xFF`
- **`uint32_t RCC_OscInitTypeDef::MSIClockRange`**  
The MSI frequency range. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_MSI\\_Clock\\_Range](#)
- **`RCC_PLLInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitTypeDef::PLL`**  
PLL structure parameters

### 38.1.3 RCC\_ClkInitTypeDef

**`RCC_ClkInitTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_rcc.h`

**Data Fields**

- **`uint32_t ClockType`**
- **`uint32_t SYSCLKSource`**
- **`uint32_t AHBCLKDivider`**
- **`uint32_t APB1CLKDivider`**
- **`uint32_t APB2CLKDivider`**

**Field Documentation**

- **`uint32_t RCC_ClkInitTypeDef::ClockType`**  
The clock to be configured. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_System\\_Clock\\_Type](#)
- **`uint32_t RCC_ClkInitTypeDef::SYSCLKSource`**  
The clock source (SYSCLKS) used as system clock. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_System\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **`uint32_t RCC_ClkInitTypeDef::AHBCLKDivider`**  
The AHB clock (HCLK) divider. This clock is derived from the system clock (SYSCLK). This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_AHB\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **`uint32_t RCC_ClkInitTypeDef::APB1CLKDivider`**  
The APB1 clock (PCLK1) divider. This clock is derived from the AHB clock (HCLK). This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_APB1\\_APB2\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **`uint32_t RCC_ClkInitTypeDef::APB2CLKDivider`**  
The APB2 clock (PCLK2) divider. This clock is derived from the AHB clock (HCLK). This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_APB1\\_APB2\\_Clock\\_Source](#)

## 38.2 RCC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RCC library.

### 38.2.1 RCC specific features

After reset the device is running from multispeed internal oscillator clock (MSI 2.097MHz) with Flash 0 wait state and Flash prefetch buffer is disabled, and all peripherals are off except internal SRAM, Flash and JTAG.

- There is no prescaler on High speed (AHB) and Low speed (APB) buses; all peripherals mapped on these buses are running at MSI speed.
- The clock for all peripherals is switched off, except the SRAM and FLASH.
- All GPIOs are in input floating state, except the JTAG pins which are assigned to be used for debug purpose.

Once the device started from reset, the user application has to:

- Configure the clock source to be used to drive the System clock (if the application needs higher frequency/performance)
- Configure the System clock frequency and Flash settings
- Configure the AHB and APB buses prescalers
- Enable the clock for the peripheral(s) to be used

- Configure the clock source(s) for peripherals whose clocks are not derived from the System clock (I2S, RTC, ADC, USB OTG FS/SDIO/RNG) (\*) SDIO only for STM32L0xxxD devices

### 38.2.2 RCC Limitations

A delay between an RCC peripheral clock enable and the effective peripheral enabling should be taken into account in order to manage the peripheral read/write from/to registers.

- This delay depends on the peripheral mapping.
  - AHB & APB peripherals, 1 dummy read is necessary

Workarounds:

1. For AHB & APB peripherals, a dummy read to the peripheral register has been inserted in each `__HAL_RCC_PPP_CLK_ENABLE()` macro.

### 38.2.3 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to configure the internal/external oscillators (MSI, HSE, HSI, LSE, LSI, PLL, CSS and MCO) and the System buses clocks (SYSCLK, AHB, APB1 and APB2).

Internal/external clock and PLL configuration

1. MSI (Multispeed internal), Seven frequency ranges are available: 65.536 kHz, 131.072 kHz, 262.144 kHz, 524.288 kHz, 1.048 MHz, 2.097 MHz (default value) and 4.194 MHz.
2. HSI (high-speed internal), 16 MHz factory-trimmed RC used directly or through the PLL as System clock source.
3. LSI (low-speed internal), ~37 KHz low consumption RC used as IWDG and/or RTC clock source.
4. HSE (high-speed external), 1 to 24 MHz crystal oscillator used directly or through the PLL as System clock source. Can be used also as RTC clock source.
5. LSE (low-speed external), 32 KHz oscillator used as RTC clock source.
6. PLL (clocked by HSI or HSE), featuring different output clocks:
  - The first output is used to generate the high speed system clock (up to 32 MHz)
  - The second output is used to generate the clock for the USB OTG FS (48 MHz)
7. CSS (Clock security system), once enable using the macro `__HAL_RCC_CSS_ENABLE()` and if a HSE clock failure occurs(HSE used directly or through PLL as System clock source), the System clocks automatically switched to MSI and an interrupt is generated if enabled. The interrupt is linked to the Cortex-M0+ NMI (Non-Maskable Interrupt) exception vector.
8. MCO1/MCO2/MCO3 (microcontroller clock output), used to output SYSCLK, HSI, LSI, MSI, LSE, HSE, HSI48 or PLL clock (through a configurable prescaler) on PA8/PA9/PB13 pins.

System, AHB and APB buses clocks configuration

1. Several clock sources can be used to drive the System clock (SYSCLK): MSI, HSI, HSE and PLL. The AHB clock (HCLK) is derived from System clock through configurable prescaler and used to clock the CPU, memory and peripherals mapped on AHB bus (DMA, GPIO...). APB1 (PCLK1) and APB2 (PCLK2) clocks are derived from AHB clock through configurable prescalers and used to clock the peripherals mapped on these buses. You can use "HAL\_RCC\_GetSysClockFreq()" function to retrieve the frequencies of these clocks.

*Note:* All the peripheral clocks are derived from the System clock (SYSCLK) except:

- RTC: RTC clock can be derived either from the LSI, LSE or HSE clock divided by 2 to 16. You have to use `__HAL_RCC_RTC_CONFIG()` and `__HAL_RCC_RTC_ENABLE()` macros to configure this clock.
  - LCD: LCD clock can be derived either from the LSI, LSE or HSE clock divided by 2 to 16. You have to use `__HAL_RCC_LCD_CONFIG()` macros to configure this clock.
  - USB FS and RNG: USB FS require a frequency equal to 48 MHz to work correctly. This clock is derived of the main PLL through PLL Multiplier or HSI48 RC oscillator.
  - IWDG clock which is always the LSI clock.
2. The maximum frequency of the SYSCLK and HCLK is 32 MHz, PCLK2 32 MHz and PCLK1 32 MHz. Depending on the device voltage range, the maximum frequency should be adapted accordingly.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*\*HAL\\_RCC\\_DeInit\(\)\*\*](#)

- [HAL\\_RCC\\_OscConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_ClockConfig\(\)](#)

### 38.2.4 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the RCC Clocks frequencies.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_RCC\\_MCOConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_EnableCSS\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_GetSysClockFreq\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_GetHCLKFreq\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_GetPCLK1Freq\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_GetPCLK2Freq\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_GetOscConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_GetClockConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_NMI\\_IRQHandler\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCC\\_CSSCallback\(\)](#)

### 38.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_RCC\_DeInit

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RCC\_DeInit (void )**

##### Function description

Resets the RCC clock configuration to the default reset state.

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- The default reset state of the clock configuration is given below: MSI ON and used as system clock source, HSI, HSE and PLL OFF, AHB, APB1 and APB2 prescaler set to 1, CSS and MCO1/MCO2/MCO3 OFF, All interrupts disabled
- This function does not modify the configuration of the Peripheral clocks, LSI, LSE and RTC clocks, HSI48 clock

#### HAL\_RCC\_OscConfig

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RCC\_OscConfig (RCC\_OscInitTypeDef \* RCC\_OscInitStruct)**

##### Function description

Initializes the RCC Oscillators according to the specified parameters in the RCC\_OscInitTypeDef.

##### Parameters

- **RCC\_OscInitStruct:** pointer to an RCC\_OscInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the RCC Oscillators.

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status



## Notes

- The PLL is not disabled when used as system clock.
- Transitions LSE Bypass to LSE On and LSE On to LSE Bypass are not supported by this macro. User should request a transition to LSE Off first and then LSE On or LSE Bypass.
- Transition HSE Bypass to HSE On and HSE On to HSE Bypass are not supported by this macro. User should request a transition to HSE Off first and then HSE On or HSE Bypass.

## HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig (RCC\_ClkInitTypeDef \* RCC\_ClkInitStruct, uint32\_t FLatency)**

### Function description

Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB buses clocks according to the specified parameters in the RCC\_ClkInitStruct.

### Parameters

- **RCC\_ClkInitStruct:** pointer to an RCC\_OscInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the RCC peripheral.
- **FLatency:** FLASH Latency The value of this parameter depend on device used within the same series

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The SystemCoreClock CMSIS variable is used to store System Clock Frequency and updated by HAL\_RCC\_GetHCLKFreq() function called within this function
- The MSI is used (enabled by hardware) as system clock source after start-up from Reset, wake-up from STOP and STANDBY mode, or in case of failure of the HSE used directly or indirectly as system clock (if the Clock Security System CSS is enabled).
- A switch from one clock source to another occurs only if the target clock source is ready (clock stable after start-up delay or PLL locked). If a clock source which is not yet ready is selected, the switch will occur when the clock source will be ready. You can use HAL\_RCC\_GetClockConfig() function to know which clock is currently used as system clock source.
- Depending on the device voltage range, the software has to set correctly HPRE[3:0] bits to ensure that HCLK not exceed the maximum allowed frequency (for more details refer to section above "Initialization/de-initialization functions")

## HAL\_RCC\_MCOConfig

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCC\_MCOConfig (uint32\_t RCC\_MCOx, uint32\_t RCC\_MCOSource, uint32\_t RCC\_MCODiv)**

### Function description

Selects the clock source to output on MCO pin.

## Parameters

- **RCC\_MCOx:** specifies the output direction for the clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_MCO1 Clock source to output on MCO1 pin(PA8).
  - RCC\_MCO2 Clock source to output on MCO2 pin(PA9).
  - RCC\_MCO3 Clock source to output on MCO3 pin(PB13)
- **RCC\_MCOSource:** specifies the clock source to output. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_NOCLOCK No clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_SYSCLK System clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSE HSE selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_MSI MSI oscillator clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_PLLCLK PLL clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSI LSI clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSE LSE clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI48 HSI48 clock selected as MCO clock
- **RCC\_MCODiv:** specifies the MCO DIV. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_MCODIV\_1 no division applied to MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCODIV\_2 division by 2 applied to MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCODIV\_4 division by 4 applied to MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCODIV\_8 division by 8 applied to MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCODIV\_16 division by 16 applied to MCO clock

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- MCO pin should be configured in alternate function mode.

## HAL\_RCC\_EnableCSS

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCC\_EnableCSS (void )**

### Function description

Enables the Clock Security System.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If a failure is detected on the HSE oscillator clock, this oscillator is automatically disabled and an interrupt is generated to inform the software about the failure (Clock Security System Interrupt, CSSI), allowing the MCU to perform rescue operations. The CSSI is linked to the Cortex-M0+ NMI (Non-Maskable Interrupt) exception vector.

## HAL\_RCC\_NMI\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCC\_NMI\_IRQHandler (void )**

### Function description

This function handles the RCC CSS interrupt request.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This API should be called under the NMI\_Handler().

#### HAL\_RCC\_CSSCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCC\_CSSCallback (void )**

#### Function description

RCC Clock Security System interrupt callback.

#### Return values

- **none:**

#### HAL\_RCC\_GetSysClockFreq

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RCC\_GetSysClockFreq (void )**

#### Function description

Returns the SYSCLK frequency.

#### Return values

- **SYSCLK:** frequency

#### Notes

- The system frequency computed by this function is not the real frequency in the chip. It is calculated based on the predefined constant and the selected clock source:
- If SYSCLK source is MSI, function returns a value based on MSI Value as defined by the MSI range.
- If SYSCLK source is HSI, function returns values based on HSI\_VALUE(\*)
- If SYSCLK source is HSE, function returns a value based on HSE\_VALUE(\*\*)
- If SYSCLK source is PLL, function returns a value based on HSE\_VALUE(\*\*) or HSI\_VALUE(\*) multiplied/divided by the PLL factors.
- (\*) HSI\_VALUE is a constant defined in stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf.h file (default value 16 MHz) but the real value may vary depending on the variations in voltage and temperature.
- (\*\*) HSE\_VALUE is a constant defined in stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf.h file (default value 8 MHz), user has to ensure that HSE\_VALUE is same as the real frequency of the crystal used. Otherwise, this function may have wrong result.
- The result of this function could be not correct when using fractional value for HSE crystal.
- This function can be used by the user application to compute the baud-rate for the communication peripherals or configure other parameters.
- Each time SYSCLK changes, this function must be called to update the right SYSCLK value. Otherwise, any configuration based on this function will be incorrect.

#### HAL\_RCC\_GetHCLKFreq

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RCC\_GetHCLKFreq (void )**

#### Function description

Returns the HCLK frequency.

#### Return values

- **HCLK:** frequency

## Notes

- Each time HCLK changes, this function must be called to update the right HCLK value. Otherwise, any configuration based on this function will be incorrect.
- The SystemCoreClock CMSIS variable is used to store System Clock Frequency and updated within this function

### HAL\_RCC\_GetPCLK1Freq

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RCC\_GetPCLK1Freq (void )**

#### Function description

Returns the PCLK1 frequency.

#### Return values

- **PCLK1:** frequency

## Notes

- Each time PCLK1 changes, this function must be called to update the right PCLK1 value. Otherwise, any configuration based on this function will be incorrect.

### HAL\_RCC\_GetPCLK2Freq

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RCC\_GetPCLK2Freq (void )**

#### Function description

Returns the PCLK2 frequency.

#### Return values

- **PCLK2:** frequency

## Notes

- Each time PCLK2 changes, this function must be called to update the right PCLK2 value. Otherwise, any configuration based on this function will be incorrect.

### HAL\_RCC\_GetOscConfig

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCC\_GetOscConfig (RCC\_OscInitTypeDef \* RCC\_OscInitStruct)**

#### Function description

Configures the RCC\_OscInitStruct according to the internal RCC configuration registers.

#### Parameters

- **RCC\_OscInitStruct:** pointer to an RCC\_OscInitTypeDef structure that will be configured.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_RCC\_GetClockConfig

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCC\_GetClockConfig (RCC\_ClkInitTypeDef \* RCC\_ClkInitStruct, uint32\_t \* pFLatency)**

#### Function description

Get the RCC\_ClkInitStruct according to the internal RCC configuration registers.

## Parameters

- **RCC\_ClkInitStruct:** pointer to an RCC\_ClkInitTypeDef structure that contains the current clock configuration.
- **pFLatency:** Pointer on the Flash Latency.

## Return values

- **None:**

## 38.3 RCC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 38.3.1 RCC

RCC

*AHB Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable*

`__HAL_RCC_CRC_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_MIF_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_SRAM_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_DMA1_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_CRC_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_MIF_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_SRAM_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_DMA1_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

*AHB Peripheral Clock Sleep Enabled or Disabled Status*

`__HAL_RCC_CRC_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_MIF_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_SRAM_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_DMA1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_CRC_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_MIF_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_SRAM_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_DMA1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

*AHB Clock Source*

`RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1`

SYSCLK not divided

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV2**

SYSCLK divided by 2

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV4**

SYSCLK divided by 4

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV8**

SYSCLK divided by 8

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV16**

SYSCLK divided by 16

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV64**

SYSCLK divided by 64

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV128**

SYSCLK divided by 128

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV256**

SYSCLK divided by 256

**RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV512**

SYSCLK divided by 512

***AHB Peripheral Force Release Reset*****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_AHB\_FORCE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_FORCE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MIF\_FORCE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRC\_FORCE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_AHB\_RELEASE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRC\_RELEASE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_RELEASE\_RESET****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MIF\_RELEASE\_RESET*****AHB Peripheral Clock Enable Disable*****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MIF\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRC\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_CLK\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MIF\_CLK\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRC\_CLK\_DISABLE*****AHB Peripheral Clock Enabled or Disabled Status***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MIF\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRC\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DMA1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MIF\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRC\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

#### ***APB1 APB2 Clock Source***

RCC\_HCLK\_DIV1

HCLK not divided

RCC\_HCLK\_DIV2

HCLK divided by 2

RCC\_HCLK\_DIV4

HCLK divided by 4

RCC\_HCLK\_DIV8

HCLK divided by 8

RCC\_HCLK\_DIV16

HCLK divided by 16

#### ***APB1 Peripheral Clock Enable Disable***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_WWDG\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PWR\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_WWDG\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PWR\_CLK\_DISABLE

#### ***APB1 Peripheral Clock Enabled or Disabled Status***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_WWDG\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PWR\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_WWDG\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PWR\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

#### ***APB1 Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_WWDG\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PWR\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_WWDG\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

`__HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

***APB1 Peripheral Clock Sleep Enabled or Disabled Status***

`__HAL_RCC_WWDG_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_PWR_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_WWDG_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_PWR_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

***APB1 Peripheral Force Release Reset***

`__HAL_RCC_APB1_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_WWDG_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_PWR_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_APB1_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_WWDG_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_PWR_RELEASE_RESET`

***APB2 Peripheral Clock Enable Disable***

`__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_CLK_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_DBGMCU_CLK_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_CLK_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_DBGMCU_CLK_DISABLE`

***APB2 Peripheral Clock Enabled or Disabled Status***

`__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_IS_CLK_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_DBGMCU_IS_CLK_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_IS_CLK_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_DBGMCU_IS_CLK_DISABLED`

***APB2 Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable***

`__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_DBGMCU_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_SYSCFG_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_DBGMCU_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`



### ***APB2 Peripheral Clock Sleep Enabled or Disabled Status***

**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCFG\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DBGMCU\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCFG\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DBGMCU\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED**

### ***APB2 Peripheral Force Release Reset***

**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_APB2\_FORCE\_RESET**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DBGMCU\_FORCE\_RESET**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCFG\_FORCE\_RESET**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_APB2\_RELEASE\_RESET**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DBGMCU\_RELEASE\_RESET**  
**\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCFG\_RELEASE\_RESET**

### ***BitAddress AliasRegion***

**RCC\_OFFSET**  
**RCC\_CR\_OFFSET**  
**RCC\_CFGR\_OFFSET**  
**RCC\_CSR\_OFFSET**  
**RCC\_CR\_BYTE2\_ADDRESS**  
**CIER\_BYTE0\_ADDRESS**

### ***Flags***

**RCC\_FLAG\_HSIRDY**  
 Internal High Speed clock ready flag  
**RCC\_FLAG\_HSIDIV**  
 HSI16 divider flag  
**RCC\_FLAG\_MSIRDY**  
 MSI clock ready flag  
**RCC\_FLAG\_HSERDY**  
 External High Speed clock ready flag  
**RCC\_FLAG\_PLLRDY**  
 PLL clock ready flag  
**RCC\_FLAG\_LSIRDY**  
 Internal Low Speed oscillator Ready

#### RCC\_FLAG\_LSERDY

External Low Speed oscillator Ready

#### RCC\_FLAG\_LSECSS

CSS on LSE failure Detection

#### RCC\_FLAG\_OBLRST

Options bytes loading reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_PINRST

PIN reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_PORRST

POR/PDR reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_SFTRST

Software Reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_IWDGRST

Independent Watchdog reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_WWDGRST

Window watchdog reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_LPWRRST

Low-Power reset flag

#### RCC\_FLAG\_FWRST

RCC flag FW reset

#### RCC\_FLAG\_HSI48RDY

HSI48 clock ready flag

### Flags Interrupts Management

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_ENABLE\_IT

##### Description:

- Enable RCC interrupt.

##### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RCC interrupt sources to be enabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RCC_IT_LSIRDY` LSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSERDY` LSE ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSIRDY` HSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSERDY` HSE ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_PLLRDY` main PLL ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_MSIRDY` MSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSECSS` LSE CSS interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSI48RDY` HSI48 ready interrupt (not available on all devices)

##### Notes:

- The CSS interrupt doesn't have an enable bit; once the CSS is enabled and if the HSE clock fails, the CSS interrupt occurs and an NMI is automatically generated. The NMI will be executed indefinitely, and since NMI has higher priority than any other IRQ (and main program) the application will be stacked in the NMI ISR unless the CSS interrupt pending bit is cleared.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable RCC interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RCC interrupt sources to be disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RCC_IT_LSIRDY` LSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSERDY` LSE ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSIRDY` HSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSERDY` HSE ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_PLLRDY` main PLL ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_MSIRDY` MSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSECSS` LSE CSS interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSI48RDY` HSI48 ready interrupt (not available on all devices)

### Notes:

- The CSS interrupt doesn't have an enable bit; once the CSS is enabled and if the HSE clock fails, the CSS interrupt occurs and an NMI is automatically generated. The NMI will be executed indefinitely, and since NMI has higher priority than any other IRQ (and main program) the application will be stacked in the NMI ISR unless the CSS interrupt pending bit is cleared.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the RCC's interrupt pending bits.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt pending bit to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RCC_IT_LSIRDY` LSI ready interrupt.
  - `RCC_IT_LSERDY` LSE ready interrupt.
  - `RCC_IT_HSIRDY` HSI ready interrupt.
  - `RCC_IT_HSERDY` HSE ready interrupt.
  - `RCC_IT_PLLRDY` Main PLL ready interrupt.
  - `RCC_IT_MSIRDY` MSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSECSS` LSE CSS interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSI48RDY` HSI48 ready interrupt (not available on all devices)
  - `RCC_IT_CSS` Clock Security System interrupt

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check the RCC's interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RCC interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_IT_LSIRDY` LSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSERDY` LSE ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSIRDY` HSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_HSERDY` HSE ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_PLLRDY` PLL ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_MSIRDY` MSI ready interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_LSECSS` LSE CSS interrupt
  - `RCC_IT_CSS` Clock Security System interrupt

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CLEAR\_RESET\_FLAGS

The reset flags are `RCC_FLAG_PINRST`, `RCC_FLAG_PORRST`, `RCC_FLAG_SFTRST`, `RCC_FLAG_OBLRST`, `RCC_FLAG_IWDGRST`, `RCC_FLAG_WWDGRST`, `RCC_FLAG_LPWRST`

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check RCC flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_FLAG_HSIRDY` HSI oscillator clock ready
  - `RCC_FLAG_HSI48RDY` HSI48 oscillator clock ready (not available on all devices)
  - `RCC_FLAG_HSIDIV` HSI16 divider flag
  - `RCC_FLAG_MSIRDY` MSI oscillator clock ready
  - `RCC_FLAG_HSERDY` HSE oscillator clock ready
  - `RCC_FLAG_PLLRDY` PLL clock ready
  - `RCC_FLAG_LSECSS` LSE oscillator clock CSS detected
  - `RCC_FLAG_LSERDY` LSE oscillator clock ready
  - `RCC_FLAG_FWRST` Firewall reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_LSIRDY` LSI oscillator clock ready
  - `RCC_FLAG_OBLRST` Option Byte Loader (OBL) reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_PINRST` Pin reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_PORRST` POR/PDR reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_SFTRST` Software reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_IWDGRST` Independent Watchdog reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_WWDGRST` Window Watchdog reset
  - `RCC_FLAG_LPWRST` Low Power reset

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

### Get Clock source

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the system clock source.

### Parameters:

- \_\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_\_: specifies the system clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_MSI MSI oscillator is used as system clock source.
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI oscillator is used as system clock source.
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_HSE HSE oscillator is used as system clock source.
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_PLLCLK PLL output is used as system clock source.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_SYSCLK\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the clock source used as system clock.

### Return value:

- The: clock source used as system clock. The returned value can be one of the following:
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_MSI MSI used as system clock
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSI HSI used as system clock
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSE HSE used as system clock
  - RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_PLLCLK PLL used as system clock

### *RTC HSE Prescaler*

## RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_2

HSE is divided by 2 for RTC clock

## RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_4

HSE is divided by 4 for RTC clock

## RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_8

HSE is divided by 8 for RTC clock

## RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_16

HSE is divided by 16 for RTC clock

### *HSE Config*

## RCC\_HSE\_OFF

HSE clock deactivation

## RCC\_HSE\_ON

HSE clock activation

## RCC\_HSE\_BYPASS

External clock source for HSE clock

### *HSE Configuration*

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSE\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the External High Speed oscillator (HSE).

### Parameters:

- `__STATE__`: specifies the new state of the HSE. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_HSE_OFF` turn OFF the HSE oscillator, HSERDY flag goes low after 6 HSE oscillator clock cycles.
  - `RCC_HSE_ON` turn ON the HSE oscillator
  - `RCC_HSE_BYPASS` HSE oscillator bypassed with external clock

### Notes:

- Transition HSE Bypass to HSE On and HSE On to HSE Bypass are not supported by this macro. User should request a transition to HSE Off first and then HSE On or HSE Bypass. After enabling the HSE (`RCC_HSE_ON` or `RCC_HSE_Bypass`), the application software should wait on HSERDY flag to be set indicating that HSE clock is stable and can be used to clock the PLL and/or system clock. HSE state can not be changed if it is used directly or through the PLL as system clock. In this case, you have to select another source of the system clock then change the HSE state (ex. disable it). The HSE is stopped by hardware when entering STOP and STANDBY modes. This function reset the CSSON bit, so if the clock security system(CSS) was previously enabled you have to enable it again after calling this function.

### HSI48 Config

#### RCC\_HSI48\_OFF

#### RCC\_HSI48\_ON

### HSI Config

#### RCC\_HSI\_OFF

HSI clock deactivation

#### RCC\_HSI\_ON

HSI clock activation

#### RCC\_HSI\_DIV4

HSI\_DIV4 clock activation

#### RCC\_HSI\_OUTEN

HSI\_OUTEN clock activation

#### RCC\_HSICALIBRATION\_DEFAULT

### HSI Configuration

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to enable or disable the Internal High Speed oscillator (HSI).

### Parameters:

- \_\_STATE\_\_: specifies the new state of the HSI. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_HSI\_OFF turn OFF the HSI oscillator
  - RCC\_HSI\_ON turn ON the HSI oscillator
  - RCC\_HSI\_DIV4 turn ON the HSI oscillator and divide it by 4

### Notes:

- After enabling the HSI, the application software should wait on HSIRDY flag to be set indicating that HSI clock is stable and can be used to clock the PLL and/or system clock. HSI can not be stopped if it is used directly or through the PLL as system clock. In this case, you have to select another source of the system clock then stop the HSI. The HSI is stopped by hardware when entering STOP and STANDBY modes.
- When the HSI is stopped, HSIRDY flag goes low after 6 HSI oscillator clock cycles.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- The HSI is stopped by hardware when entering STOP and STANDBY modes. It is used (enabled by hardware) as system clock source after startup from Reset, wakeup from STOP and STANDBY mode, or in case of failure of the HSE used directly or indirectly as system clock (if the Clock Security System CSS is enabled). HSI can not be stopped if it is used as system clock source. In this case, you have to select another source of the system clock then stop the HSI. After enabling the HSI, the application software should wait on HSIRDY flag to be set indicating that HSI clock is stable and can be used as system clock source. When the HSI is stopped, HSIRDY flag goes low after 6 HSI oscillator clock cycles.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI\_DISABLE

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI\_CALIBRATIONVALUE\_ADJUST

### Description:

- Macro to adjust the Internal High Speed oscillator (HSI) calibration value.

### Parameters:

- \_HSICALIBRATIONVALUE\_: specifies the calibration trimming value. (default is RCC\_HSICALIBRATION\_DEFAULT). This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0x1F.

### Notes:

- The calibration is used to compensate for the variations in voltage and temperature that influence the frequency of the internal HSI RC.

### Interrupts

#### RCC\_IT\_LSIRDY

LSI Ready Interrupt flag

#### RCC\_IT\_LSERDY

LSE Ready Interrupt flag

#### RCC\_IT\_HSIRDY

HSI Ready Interrupt flag

#### RCC\_IT\_HSERDY

HSE Ready Interrupt flag

#### RCC\_IT\_PLLRDY

PLL Ready Interrupt flag

**RCC\_IT\_MSIRDY**

MSI Ready Interrupt flag

**RCC\_IT\_LSECSS**

LSE Clock Security System Interrupt flag

**RCC\_IT\_CSS**

Clock Security System Interrupt flag

**RCC\_IT\_HSI48RDY**

HSI48 Ready Interrupt flag

***IOPORT Peripheral Clock Enable Disable*****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_CLK\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_CLK\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_CLK\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_CLK\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_CLK\_DISABLE*****IOPORT Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable*****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE*****IOPORT Peripheral Clock Sleep Enabled or Disabled Status*****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED****\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED**



\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

***IOPORT Peripheral Force Release Reset***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_IOP\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_IOP\_RELEASE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_RELEASE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_RELEASE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_RELEASE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_RELEASE\_RESET

***IOPORT Peripheral Clock Enabled or Disabled Status***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOA\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOB\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOC\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOH\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

***LSE Config***

RCC\_LSE\_OFF

LSE clock deactivation

RCC\_LSE\_ON

LSE clock activation

## RCC\_LSE\_BYPASS

External clock source for LSE clock

### LSE Configuration

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSE\_CONFIG

#### Description:

- Macro to configure the External Low Speed oscillator (LSE).

#### Parameters:

- `__STATE__`: specifies the new state of the LSE. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_LSE_OFF` turn OFF the LSE oscillator, `LSERDY` flag goes low after 6 LSE oscillator clock cycles.
  - `RCC_LSE_ON` turn ON the LSE oscillator.
  - `RCC_LSE_BYPASS` LSE oscillator bypassed with external clock.

#### Notes:

- Transitions LSE Bypass to LSE On and LSE On to LSE Bypass are not supported by this macro. As the LSE is in the Backup domain and write access is denied to this domain after reset, you have to enable write access using `HAL_PWR_EnableBkUpAccess()` function before to configure the LSE (to be done once after reset). After enabling the LSE (`RCC_LSE_ON` or `RCC_LSE_BYPASS`), the application software should wait on `LSERDY` flag to be set indicating that LSE clock is stable and can be used to clock the RTC.

### LSI Config

## RCC\_LSI\_OFF

LSI clock deactivation

## RCC\_LSI\_ON

LSI clock activation

### LSI Configuration

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSI\_ENABLE

#### Notes:

- After enabling the LSI, the application software should wait on `LSIRDY` flag to be set indicating that LSI clock is stable and can be used to clock the IWDG and/or the RTC.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSI\_DISABLE

#### Notes:

- LSI can not be disabled if the IWDG is running. When the LSI is stopped, `LSIRDY` flag goes low after 6 LSI oscillator clock cycles.

### MCO1 Clock Source

## RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_NOCLOCK

## RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_SYSCLK

## RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_MSI

## RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI

## RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSE

## RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSI

RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSE

RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_PLLCLK

RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI48

***MCO Clock Prescaler***

RCC\_MCODIV\_1

RCC\_MCODIV\_2

RCC\_MCODIV\_4

RCC\_MCODIV\_8

RCC\_MCODIV\_16

***MCO Index***

RCC\_MCO1

RCC\_MCO2

RCC\_MCO3

MCO3\_GPIO\_AF

***MSI Clock Range***

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_0

MSI = 65.536 KHz

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_1

MSI = 131.072 KHz

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_2

MSI = 262.144 KHz

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_3

MSI = 524.288 KHz

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_4

MSI = 1.048 MHz

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_5

MSI = 2.097 MHz

RCC\_MSIRANGE\_6

MSI = 4.194 MHz

***MSI Config***

RCC\_MSI\_OFF

RCC\_MSI\_ON

## RCC\_MSICALIBRATION\_DEFAULT

### MSI Configuration

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_MSI\_ENABLE

##### Notes:

- After enabling the MSI, the application software should wait on MSIRDY flag to be set indicating that MSI clock is stable and can be used as system clock source.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_MSI\_DISABLE

##### Notes:

- The MSI is stopped by hardware when entering STOP and STANDBY modes. It is used (enabled by hardware) as system clock source after startup from Reset, wakeup from STOP and STANDBY mode, or in case of failure of the HSE used directly or indirectly as system clock (if the Clock Security System CSS is enabled). MSI can not be stopped if it is used as system clock source. In this case, you have to select another source of the system clock then stop the MSI. When the MSI is stopped, MSIRDY flag goes low after 6 MSI oscillator clock cycles.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_MSI\_CALIBRATIONVALUE\_ADJUST

##### Description:

- Macro adjusts Internal Multi Speed oscillator (MSI) calibration value.

##### Parameters:

- `__MSICALIBRATIONVALUE_`: specifies the calibration trimming value. (default is `RCC_MSICALIBRATION_DEFAULT`). This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0xFF.

##### Notes:

- The calibration is used to compensate for the variations in voltage and temperature that influence the frequency of the internal MSI RC. Refer to the Application Note AN3300 for more details on how to calibrate the MSI.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_MSI\_RANGE\_CONFIG

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_MSI\_RANGE

##### Description:

- Macro to get the Internal Multi Speed oscillator (MSI) clock range in run mode.

##### Return value:

- MSI: clock range. This parameter must be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_0` MSI clock is around 65.536 KHz
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_1` MSI clock is around 131.072 KHz
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_2` MSI clock is around 262.144 KHz
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_3` MSI clock is around 524.288 KHz
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_4` MSI clock is around 1.048 MHz
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_5` MSI clock is around 2.097 MHz (default after Reset or wake-up from STANDBY)
  - `RCC_MSIRANGE_6` MSI clock is around 4.194 MHz

### Oscillator Type

#### RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_NONE

#### RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_HSE

#### RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_HSI

#### RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_LSE

RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_LSI

RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_MSI

RCC\_OSCILLATORTYPE\_HSI48

**PLL Clock Source**

RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSI

HSI clock selected as PLL entry clock source

RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSE

HSE clock selected as PLL entry clock source

**PLL Config**

RCC\_PLL\_NONE

PLL is not configured

RCC\_PLL\_OFF

PLL deactivation

RCC\_PLL\_ON

PLL activation

**PLL Configuration**

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PLL\_ENABLE

**Notes:**

- After enabling the main PLL, the application software should wait on PLLRDY flag to be set indicating that PLL clock is stable and can be used as system clock source. The main PLL is disabled by hardware when entering STOP and STANDBY modes.

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_PLL\_DISABLE

**Notes:**

- The main PLL can not be disabled if it is used as system clock source

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_PLL\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the main PLL clock source, multiplication and division factors.

### Parameters:

- `__RCC_PLLSOURCE__`: specifies the PLL entry clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSI` HSI oscillator clock selected as PLL clock entry
  - `RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE` HSE oscillator clock selected as PLL clock entry
- `__PLLMUL__`: specifies the multiplication factor for PLL VCO output clock This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL3` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 3
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL4` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 4
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL6` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 6
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL8` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 8
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL12` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 12
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL16` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 16
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL24` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 24
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL32` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 32
  - `RCC_PLL_MUL48` PLLVCO = PLL clock entry x 48
- `__PLLDIV__`: specifies the division factor for PLL VCO input clock This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_PLL_DIV2` PLL clock output = PLLVCO / 2
  - `RCC_PLL_DIV3` PLL clock output = PLLVCO / 3
  - `RCC_PLL_DIV4` PLL clock output = PLLVCO / 4

### Notes:

- This function must be used only when the main PLL is disabled.
- The PLL VCO clock frequency must not exceed 96 MHz when the product is in Range 1, 48 MHz when the product is in Range 2 and 24 MHz when the product is in Range 3.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_PLL\_OSCSOURCE

### Description:

- Get oscillator clock selected as PLL input clock.

### Return value:

- The: clock source used for PLL entry. The returned value can be one of the following:
  - `RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSI` HSI oscillator clock selected as PLL input clock
  - `RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE` HSE oscillator clock selected as PLL input clock

### PLL Division Factor

RCC\_PLL\_DIV2

RCC\_PLL\_DIV3

RCC\_PLL\_DIV4

### PLL Multiplication Factor

RCC\_PLL\_MUL3

RCC\_PLL\_MUL4

RCC\_PLL\_MUL6

RCC\_PLL\_MUL8

RCC\_PLL\_MUL12

RCC\_PLL\_MUL16

RCC\_PLL\_MUL24

RCC\_PLL\_MUL32

RCC\_PLL\_MUL48

### RCC RTC Clock Configuration

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKPRESCALER

##### Description:

- Macro to configure the RTC clock (RTCCLK).

##### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_\_: specifies the RTC clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_NO\_CLK No clock selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_LSI LSI selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV2 HSE divided by 2 selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV4 HSE divided by 4 selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV8 HSE divided by 8 selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV16 HSE divided by 16 selected as RTC clock

##### Notes:

- As the RTC clock configuration bits are in the Backup domain and write access is denied to this domain after reset, you have to enable write access using the Power Backup Access macro before to configure the RTC clock source (to be done once after reset). Once the RTC clock is configured it cannot be changed unless the Backup domain is reset using \_\_HAL\_RCC\_BACKUPRESET\_FORCE() macro, or by a Power On Reset (POR). RTC prescaler cannot be modified if HSE is enabled (HSEON = 1).
- If the LSE or LSI is used as RTC clock source, the RTC continues to work in STOP and STANDBY modes, and can be used as wakeup source. However, when the HSE clock is used as RTC clock source, the RTC cannot be used in STOP and STANDBY modes. The maximum input clock frequency for RTC is 1MHz (when using HSE as RTC clock source).

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_RTC\_CONFIG

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_RTC\_SOURCE

##### Description:

- Macro to get the RTC clock source.

##### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_NO\_CLK No clock selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_LSI LSI selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIVX HSE divided by X selected as RTC clock (X can be retrieved thanks to \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_RTC\_HSE\_PRESCALER())

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_RTC\_HSE\_PRESCALER

### Description:

- Get the RTC and LCD HSE clock divider (RTCCLK / LCDCLK).

### Return value:

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_2 HSE divided by 2 selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_4 HSE divided by 4 selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_8 HSE divided by 8 selected as RTC clock
  - RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_16 HSE divided by 16 selected as RTC clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_RTC\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- These macros must be used only after the RTC clock source was selected.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_RTC\_DISABLE

### Notes:

- These macros must be used only after the RTC clock source was selected.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_BACKUPRESET\_FORCE

### Notes:

- This function resets the RTC peripheral (including the backup registers) and the RTC clock source selection in RCC\_CSR register. The BKPSRAM is not affected by this reset.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_BACKUPRESET\_RELEASE

### RTC LCD Clock Source

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_NO\_CLK

No clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_LSE

LSE oscillator clock used as RTC clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_LSI

LSI oscillator clock used as RTC clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIVX

HSE oscillator clock divided by X used as RTC clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV2

HSE oscillator clock divided by 2 used as RTC clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV4

HSE oscillator clock divided by 4 used as RTC clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV8

HSE oscillator clock divided by 8 used as RTC clock

#### RCC\_RTCCLKSOURCE\_HSE\_DIV16

HSE oscillator clock divided by 16 used as RTC clock

### System Clock Source

#### RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_MSI

MSI selected as system clock



**RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as system clock

**RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_HSE**

HSE selected as system clock

**RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_PLLCLK**

PLL selected as system clock

**System Clock Source Status****RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_MSI**

MSI used as system clock

**RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSI**

HSI used as system clock

**RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSE**

HSE used as system clock

**RCC\_SYSCLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_PLLCLK**

PLL used as system clock

**System Clock Type****RCC\_CLOCKTYPE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK to configure

**RCC\_CLOCKTYPE\_HCLK**

HCLK to configure

**RCC\_CLOCKTYPE\_PCLK1**

PCLK1 to configure

**RCC\_CLOCKTYPE\_PCLK2**

PCLK2 to configure

**RCC Timeout****RCC\_DBP\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****RCC\_LSE\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****CLOCKSWITCH\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****HSE\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****MSI\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****HSI\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****LSI\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****PLL\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE****HSI48\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE**

## 39 HAL RCC Extension Driver

### 39.1 RCCEX Firmware driver registers structures

#### 39.1.1 RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef

**RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rcc\_ex.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t PeriphClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t RTCClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t Usart1ClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t Usart2ClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t Lpuart1ClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t I2c1ClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t I2c3ClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t LptimClockSelection**
- **uint32\_t UsbClockSelection**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::PeriphClockSelection**  
The Extended Clock to be configured. This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_Periph\\_Clock\\_Selection](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::RTCClockSelection**  
specifies the RTC clock source. This parameter can be a value of [RCC\\_RTC\\_LCD\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::Usart1ClockSelection**  
USART1 clock source This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_USART1\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::Usart2ClockSelection**  
USART2 clock source This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_USART2\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::Lpuart1ClockSelection**  
LPUART1 clock source This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_LPUART1\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::I2c1ClockSelection**  
I2C1 clock source This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_I2C1\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::I2c3ClockSelection**  
I2C3 clock source This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_I2C3\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::LptimClockSelection**  
LPTIM1 clock source This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_LPTIM1\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **uint32\_t RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef::UsbClockSelection**  
Specifies USB and RNG Clock Selection This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_USB\\_Clock\\_Source](#)

#### 39.1.2 RCC\_CRISInitTypeDef

**RCC\_CRISInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rcc\_ex.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t Source**
- **uint32\_t Polarity**
- **uint32\_t ReloadValue**
- **uint32\_t ErrorLimitValue**
- **uint32\_t HSI48CalibrationValue**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t RCC\_CRISInitTypeDef::Prescaler**  
Specifies the division factor of the SYNC signal. This parameter can be a value of [RCCEX\\_CRS\\_SynchroDivider](#)

- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroTypeDef::Source`**  
Specifies the SYNC signal source. This parameter can be a value of `RCCEEx_CRS_SynchroSource`
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroTypeDef::Polarity`**  
Specifies the input polarity for the SYNC signal source. This parameter can be a value of `RCCEEx_CRS_SynchroPolarity`
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroTypeDef::ReloadValue`**  
Specifies the value to be loaded in the frequency error counter with each SYNC event. It can be calculated in using macro `__HAL_RCC_CRS_RELOADVALUE_CALCULATE(__FTARGET__, __FSYNC__)` This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0xFFFF or a value of `RCCEEx_CRS_ReloadValueDefault`.
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroTypeDef::ErrorLimitValue`**  
Specifies the value to be used to evaluate the captured frequency error value. This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0xFF or a value of `RCCEEx_CRS_ErrorLimitDefault`
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroTypeDef::HSI48CalibrationValue`**  
Specifies a user-programmable trimming value to the HSI48 oscillator. This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0x3F or a value of `RCCEEx_CRS_HSI48CalibrationDefault`

### 39.1.3

#### RCC\_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef

`RCC_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_rcc_ex.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t ReloadValue`**
- **`uint32_t HSI48CalibrationValue`**
- **`uint32_t FreqErrorCapture`**
- **`uint32_t FreqErrorDirection`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef::ReloadValue`**  
Specifies the value loaded in the Counter reload value. This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0xFFFF
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef::HSI48CalibrationValue`**  
Specifies value loaded in HSI48 oscillator smooth trimming. This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0x3F
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef::FreqErrorCapture`**  
Specifies the value loaded in the .FECAP, the frequency error counter value latched in the time of the last SYNC event. This parameter must be a number between 0 and 0xFFFF
- **`uint32_t RCC_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef::FreqErrorDirection`**  
Specifies the value loaded in the .FEDIR, the counting direction of the frequency error counter latched in the time of the last SYNC event. It shows whether the actual frequency is below or above the target. This parameter must be a value of `RCCEEx_CRS_FreqErrorDirection`

## 39.2

### RCCEEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RCCEEx library.

#### 39.2.1

##### Extended Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the RCC Clocks frequencies.

##### Note:

*Important note: Care must be taken when `HAL_RCCEEx_PeriphCLKConfig()` is used to select the RTC clock source; in this case the Backup domain will be reset in order to modify the RTC Clock source, as consequence RTC registers (including the backup registers) are set to their reset values.*

This section contains the following APIs:

- **`HAL_RCCEEx_PeriphCLKConfig()`**
- **`HAL_RCCEEx_GetPeriphCLKConfig()`**
- **`HAL_RCCEEx_GetPeriphCLKFreq()`**
- **`HAL_RCCEEx_EnableLSECSS()`**
- **`HAL_RCCEEx_DisableLSECSS()`**
- **`HAL_RCCEEx_EnableLSECSS_IT()`**
- **`HAL_RCCEEx_LSECSS_IRQHandler()`**

- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_LSECSS\\_Callback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_EnableHSI48\\_VREFINT\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_DisableHSI48\\_VREFINT\(\)](#)

### 39.2.2 Extended Clock Recovery System Control functions

For devices with Clock Recovery System feature (CRS), RCC Extension HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. In System clock config, HSI48 needs to be enabled
2. Enable CRS clock in IP MSP init which will use CRS functions
3. Call CRS functions as follows:
  - a. Prepare synchronization configuration necessary for HSI48 calibration
    - Default values can be set for frequency Error Measurement (reload and error limit) and also HSI48 oscillator smooth trimming.
    - Macro `__HAL_RCC_CRs_RELOADVALUE_CALCULATE` can be also used to calculate directly reload value with target and synchronization frequencies values
  - b. Call function `HAL_RCCEx_CRsConfig` which
    - Reset CRS registers to their default values.
    - Configure CRS registers with synchronization configuration
    - Enable automatic calibration and frequency error counter feature Note: When using USB LPM (Link Power Management) and the device is in Sleep mode, the periodic USB SOF will not be generated by the host. No SYNC signal will therefore be provided to the CRS to calibrate the HSI48 on the run. To guarantee the required clock precision after waking up from Sleep mode, the LSE or reference clock on the GPIOs should be used as SYNC signal.
  - c. A polling function is provided to wait for complete synchronization
    - Call function `HAL_RCCEx_CRsWaitSynchronization()`
    - According to CRS status, user can decide to adjust again the calibration or continue application if synchronization is OK
4. User can retrieve information related to synchronization in calling function `HAL_RCCEx_CRsGetSynchronizationInfo()`
5. Regarding synchronization status and synchronization information, user can try a new calibration in changing synchronization configuration and call again `HAL_RCCEx_CRsConfig`. Note: When the SYNC event is detected during the downcounting phase (before reaching the zero value), it means that the actual frequency is lower than the target (and so, that the TRIM value should be incremented), while when it is detected during the upcounting phase it means that the actual frequency is higher (and that the TRIM value should be decremented).
6. In interrupt mode, user can resort to the available macros (`__HAL_RCC_CRs_XXX_IT`). Interrupts will go through CRS Handler (`RCC_IRQn/RCC_IRQHandler`)
  - Call function `HAL_RCCEx_CRsConfig()`
  - Enable `RCC_IRQn` (thanks to NVIC functions)
  - Enable CRS interrupt (`__HAL_RCC_CRs_ENABLE_IT`)
  - Implement CRS status management in the following user callbacks called from `HAL_RCCEx_CRs_IRQHandler()`:
    - `HAL_RCCEx_CRs_SyncOkCallback()`
    - `HAL_RCCEx_CRs_SyncWarnCallback()`
    - `HAL_RCCEx_CRs_ExpectedSyncCallback()`
    - `HAL_RCCEx_CRs_ErrorCallback()`
7. To force a SYNC EVENT, user can use the function `HAL_RCCEx_CRsSoftwareSynchronizationGenerate()`. This function can be called before calling `HAL_RCCEx_CRsConfig` (for instance in SysTick handler)

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_CRsConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_CRsSoftwareSynchronizationGenerate\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_CRsGetSynchronizationInfo\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RCCEx\\_CRsWaitSynchronization\(\)](#)

- *HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_IRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_SyncOkCallback()*
- *HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_SyncWarnCallback()*
- *HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_ExpectedSyncCallback()*
- *HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_ErrorCallback()*

### 39.2.3 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_RCCEx\_PeriphCLKConfig

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RCCEx\_PeriphCLKConfig (RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef \* PeriphClkInit)**

##### Function description

Initializes the RCC extended peripherals clocks according to the specified parameters in the RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef.

##### Parameters

- **PeriphClkInit:** pointer to an RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the Extended Peripherals clocks(USART1,USART2, LPUART1, I2C1, I2C3, RTC, USB/RNG and LPTIM1 clocks).

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

##### Notes

- If HAL\_ERROR returned, first switch-OFF HSE clock oscillator with HAL\_RCC\_OscConfig() to possibly update HSE divider.

#### HAL\_RCCEx\_GetPeriphCLKConfig

##### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEx\_GetPeriphCLKConfig (RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef \* PeriphClkInit)**

##### Function description

Get the PeriphClkInit according to the internal RCC configuration registers.

##### Parameters

- **PeriphClkInit:** pointer to an RCC\_PeriphCLKInitTypeDef structure that returns the configuration information for the Extended Peripherals clocks(USART1,USART2, LPUART1, I2C1, I2C3, RTC, USB/RNG and LPTIM1 clocks).

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_RCCEx\_GetPeriphCLKFreq

##### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RCCEx\_GetPeriphCLKFreq (uint32\_t PeriphClk)**

##### Function description

Return the peripheral clock frequency.

## Parameters

- **PeriphClk:** Peripheral clock identifier This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_RTC RTC peripheral clock
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_LCD LCD peripheral clock (\*)
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_USB USB or RNG peripheral clock (\*)
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_USART1 USART1 peripheral clock (\*)
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_USART2 USART2 peripheral clock
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_LPUART1 LPUART1 peripheral clock
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_I2C1 I2C1 peripheral clock
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_I2C2 I2C2 peripheral clock (\*)
  - RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_I2C3 I2C3 peripheral clock (\*)

## Return values

- **Frequency:** in Hz (0: means that no available frequency for the peripheral)

## Notes

- Return 0 if peripheral clock is unknown
- (\*) means that this peripheral is not present on all the devices

### HAL\_RCCEX\_EnableLSECSS

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_EnableLSECSS (void )**

#### Function description

Enables the LSE Clock Security System.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_RCCEX\_DisableLSECSS

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_DisableLSECSS (void )**

#### Function description

Disables the LSE Clock Security System.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Once enabled this bit cannot be disabled, except after an LSE failure detection (LSECSSD=1). In that case the software MUST disable the LSECSSON bit. Reset by power on reset and RTC software reset (RTCRST bit).

### HAL\_RCCEX\_EnableLSECSS\_IT

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_EnableLSECSS\_IT (void )**

#### Function description

Enable the LSE Clock Security System IT & corresponding EXTI line.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- LSE Clock Security System IT is mapped on RTC EXTI line 19

### HAL\_RCCEX\_LSECSS\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_LSECSS\_IRQHandler (void )**

#### Function description

Handle the RCC LSE Clock Security System interrupt request.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_RCCEX\_LSECSS\_Callback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_LSECSS\_Callback (void )**

#### Function description

RCCEX LSE Clock Security System interrupt callback.

#### Return values

- **none:**

### HAL\_RCCEX\_EnableHSI48\_VREFINT

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_EnableHSI48\_VREFINT (void )**

#### Function description

Enables Vrefint for the HSI48.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This is functional only if the LOCK is not set

### HAL\_RCCEX\_DisableHSI48\_VREFINT

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_DisableHSI48\_VREFINT (void )**

#### Function description

Disables the Vrefint for the HSI48.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This is functional only if the LOCK is not set

### HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSCConfig

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSCConfig (RCC\_CRSCInitTypeDef \* plnit)**

## Function description

Start automatic synchronization for polling mode.

## Parameters

- **pInit:** Pointer on RCC\_CRSSyncInitTypeDef structure

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSSoftwareSynchronizationGenerate

## Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSSoftwareSynchronizationGenerate (void )**

## Function description

Generate the software synchronization event.

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSGetSynchronizationInfo

## Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSGetSynchronizationInfo (RCC\_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef \* pSynchroInfo)**

## Function description

Return synchronization info.

## Parameters

- **pSynchroInfo:** Pointer on RCC\_CRSSynchroInfoTypeDef structure

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSPWaitSynchronization

## Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RCCEX\_CRSPWaitSynchronization (uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

Wait for CRS Synchronization status.

## Parameters

- **Timeout:** Duration of the timeout

## Return values

- **Combination:** of Synchronization status This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - RCC\_CRCS\_TIMEOUT
  - RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCOK
  - RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCWARN
  - RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCERR
  - RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCMISS
  - RCC\_CRCS\_TRIMOVF

## Notes

- Timeout is based on the maximum time to receive a SYNC event based on synchronization frequency.
- If Timeout set to HAL\_MAX\_DELAY, HAL\_TIMEOUT will be never returned.



## HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_IRQHandler (void )**

### Function description

Handle the Clock Recovery System interrupt request.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_SyncOkCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_SyncOkCallback (void )**

### Function description

RCCEx Clock Recovery System SYNCOK interrupt callback.

### Return values

- **none:**

## HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_SyncWarnCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_SyncWarnCallback (void )**

### Function description

RCCEx Clock Recovery System SYNCWARN interrupt callback.

### Return values

- **none:**

## HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_ExpectedSyncCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_ExpectedSyncCallback (void )**

### Function description

RCCEx Clock Recovery System Expected SYNC interrupt callback.

### Return values

- **none:**

## HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_ErrorCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_RCCEx\_CRS\_ErrorCallback (uint32\_t Error)**

### Function description

RCCEx Clock Recovery System Error interrupt callback.

### Parameters

- **Error:** Combination of Error status. This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - RCC\_CRS\_SYNCERR
  - RCC\_CRS\_SYNCMISS
  - RCC\_CRS\_TRIMOVF

## Return values

- none:

## 39.3 RCCEEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 39.3.1 RCCEEx

RCCEEx

*AHB Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable*

`__HAL_RCC_TSC_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_RNG_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_TSC_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_RNG_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_TSC_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_RNG_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_TSC_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_RNG_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_AES_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_AES_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_AES_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_AES_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

*AHB Peripheral Force Release Reset*

`__HAL_RCC_AES_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_AES_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_TSC_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_TSC_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_RNG_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_RNG_RELEASE_RESET`

*APB1 Peripheral Clock Enable Disable*

`__HAL_RCC_USB_CLK_ENABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_USB_CLK_DISABLE`

`__HAL_RCC_USB_IS_CLK_ENABLED`

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CR2\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CR2\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CR2\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CR2\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

***APB1 Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

#### ***APB1 Peripheral Force Release Reset***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_FORCE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM2\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM3\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM6\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM7\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C2\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART4\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART5\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI2\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_DAC\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_FORCE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_RELEASE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_FORCE\_RESET  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_RELEASE\_RESET

***APB2 Peripheral Clock Enable Disable***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_CLK\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM22\_CLK\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_ADC1\_CLK\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI1\_CLK\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLK\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM22\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_ADC1\_CLK\_DISABLE



\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI1\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_FIREWALL\_CLK\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_FIREWALL\_CLK\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM22\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_ADC1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM22\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_ADC1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_FIREWALL\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_FIREWALL\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

***APB2 Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM22\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_ADC1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM22\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_ADC1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_SPI1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE  
\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIM21\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED

`__HAL_RCC_TIM22_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_ADC1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_SPI1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_USART1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_ENABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_TIM21_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_TIM22_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_ADC1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_SPI1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

`__HAL_RCC_USART1_IS_CLK_SLEEP_DISABLED`

***APB2 Peripheral Force Release Reset***

`__HAL_RCC_USART1_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_ADC1_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_SPI1_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_TIM21_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_TIM22_FORCE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_USART1_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_ADC1_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_SPI1_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_TIM21_RELEASE_RESET`

`__HAL_RCC_TIM22_RELEASE_RESET`

***RCCEx CRS Default Error Limit Value***

`RCC_CRSErrorLIMIT_DEFAULT`

Default Frequency error limit

***RCCEx CRS Flags***

`RCC_CRSError_FLAG_SYNCOK`

SYNC event OK flag

`RCC_CRSError_FLAG_SYNCWARN`

SYNC warning flag

`RCC_CRSError_FLAG_ERR`

Error flag

## RCC\_CRX\_FLAG\_ESYNC

Expected SYNC flag

## RCC\_CRX\_FLAG\_SYNCERR

SYNC error

## RCC\_CRX\_FLAG\_SYNCMISS

SYNC missed

## RCC\_CRX\_FLAG\_TRIMOVF

Trimming overflow or underflow

### **RCCEX CRS Frequency Error Direction**

## RCC\_CRX\_FREQERRORDIR\_UP

Upcounting direction, the actual frequency is above the target

## RCC\_CRX\_FREQERRORDIR\_DOWN

Downcounting direction, the actual frequency is below the target

### **RCCEX CRS Default HSI48 Calibration value**

## RCC\_CRX\_HSI48CALIBRATION\_DEFAULT

The default value is 32, which corresponds to the middle of the trimming interval. The trimming step is around 67 kHz between two consecutive TRIM steps. A higher TRIM value corresponds to a higher output frequency

### **RCCEX CRS Interrupt Sources**

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_SYNCOK

SYNC event OK

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_SYNCWARN

SYNC warning

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_ERR

Error

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_ESYNC

Expected SYNC

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_SYNCERR

SYNC error

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_SYNCMISS

SYNC missed

## RCC\_CRX\_IT\_TRIMOVF

Trimming overflow or underflow

### **RCCEX CRS Default Reload Value**

## RCC\_CRX\_RELOADVALUE\_DEFAULT

The reset value of the RELOAD field corresponds to a target frequency of 48 MHz and a synchronization signal frequency of 1 kHz (SOF signal from USB).

### **RCCEX CRS Status**

## RCC\_CRX\_NONE

RCC\_CRCS\_TIMEOUT

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCOK

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCWARN

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCERR

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNCMISS

RCC\_CRCS\_TRIMOVF

#### ***RCCEx CRS Synchronization Divider***

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV1

Synchro Signal not divided (default)

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV2

Synchro Signal divided by 2

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV4

Synchro Signal divided by 4

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV8

Synchro Signal divided by 8

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV16

Synchro Signal divided by 16

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV32

Synchro Signal divided by 32

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV64

Synchro Signal divided by 64

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_DIV128

Synchro Signal divided by 128

#### ***RCCEx CRS Synchronization Polarity***

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_RISING

Synchro Active on rising edge (default)

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_FALLING

Synchro Active on falling edge

#### ***RCCEx CRS Synchronization Source***

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_GPIO

Synchro Signal source GPIO

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_LSE

Synchro Signal source LSE

RCC\_CRCS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_USB

Synchro Signal source USB SOF (default)

## RCCEX Exported Macros

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

**Description:**

- Enable interrupt on RCC LSE CSS EXTI Line 19.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

**Description:**

- Disable interrupt on RCC LSE CSS EXTI Line 19.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT

**Description:**

- Enable event on RCC LSE CSS EXTI Line 19.

**Return value:**

- None.

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT

**Description:**

- Disable event on RCC LSE CSS EXTI Line 19.

**Return value:**

- None.

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- RCC LSE CSS EXTI line configuration: set falling edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None.

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable the RCC LSE CSS Extended Interrupt Falling Trigger.

**Return value:**

- None.

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- RCC LSE CSS EXTI line configuration: set rising edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None.

### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable the RCC LSE CSS Extended Interrupt Rising Trigger.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- RCC LSE CSS EXTI line configuration: set rising & falling edge trigger.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable the RCC LSE CSS Extended Interrupt Rising & Falling Trigger.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG

**Description:**

- Check whether the specified RCC LSE CSS EXTI interrupt flag is set or not.

**Return value:**

- EXTI: RCC LSE CSS Line Status.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the RCC LSE CSS EXTI flag.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSECSS\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

**Description:**

- Generate a Software interrupt on selected EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CONFIG

**Description:**

- Macro to configure the I2C1 clock (I2C1CLK).

**Parameters:**

- `__I2C1_CLKSOURCE__`: specifies the I2C1 clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_I2C1CLKSOURCE_PCLK1` PCLK1 selected as I2C1 clock
  - `RCC_I2C1CLKSOURCE_HSI` HSI selected as I2C1 clock
  - `RCC_I2C1CLKSOURCE_SYSCLK` System Clock selected as I2C1 clock

#### \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_I2C1\_SOURCE

**Description:**

- Macro to get the I2C1 clock source.

**Return value:**

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_I2C1CLKSOURCE_PCLK1` PCLK1 selected as I2C1 clock
  - `RCC_I2C1CLKSOURCE_HSI` HSI selected as I2C1 clock
  - `RCC_I2C1CLKSOURCE_SYSCLK` System Clock selected as I2C1 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the I2C3 clock (I2C3CLK).

### Parameters:

- \_\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_\_: specifies the I2C3 clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as I2C3 clock
  - RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as I2C3 clock
  - RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as I2C3 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_I2C3\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the I2C3 clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as I2C3 clock
  - RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as I2C3 clock
  - RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as I2C3 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART1\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the USART1 clock (USART1CLK).

### Parameters:

- \_\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_\_: specifies the USART1 clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK2 PCLK2 selected as USART1 clock
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as USART1 clock
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as USART1 clock
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as USART1 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_USART1\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the USART1 clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK2 PCLK2 selected as USART1 clock
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as USART1 clock
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as USART1 clock
  - RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as USART1 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_USART2\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the USART2 clock (USART2CLK).

### Parameters:

- \_\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_\_: specifies the USART2 clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as USART2 clock
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as USART2 clock
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as USART2 clock
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as USART2 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_USART2\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the USART2 clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as USART2 clock
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as USART2 clock
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as USART2 clock
  - RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as USART2 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the LPUART1 clock (LPUART1CLK).

### Parameters:

- `__LPUART1_CLKSOURCE__`: specifies the LPUART1 clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as LPUART1 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_LPUART1\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the LPUART1 clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_HSI HSI selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as LPUART1 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the LPTIM1 clock (LPTIM1CLK).

### Parameters:

- `__LPTIM1_CLKSOURCE__`: specifies the LPTIM1 clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as LPTIM1 clock
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_LSI HSI selected as LPTIM1 clock
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_HSI LSI selected as LPTIM1 clock
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as LPTIM1 clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_LPTIM1\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the LPTIM1 clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 PCLK1 selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_LSI HSI selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_HSI System Clock selected as LPUART1 clock
  - RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_LSE LSE selected as LPUART1 clock



## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_USB\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the USB clock (USBCLK).

### Parameters:

- `__USB_CLKSOURCE__`: specifies the USB clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_USBCLKSOURCE_HSI48` HSI48 selected as USB clock
  - `RCC_USBCLKSOURCE_PLL` PLL Clock selected as USB clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_USB\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the USB clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_USBCLKSOURCE_HSI48` HSI48 selected as USB clock
  - `RCC_USBCLKSOURCE_PLL` PLL Clock selected as USB clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_RNG\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configure the RNG clock (RNGCLK).

### Parameters:

- `__RNG_CLKSOURCE__`: specifies the USB clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_RNGCLKSOURCE_HSI48` HSI48 selected as RNG clock
  - `RCC_RNGCLKSOURCE_PLLCLK` PLL Clock selected as RNG clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_RNG\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the RNG clock source.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_RNGCLKSOURCE_HSI48` HSI48 selected as RNG clock
  - `RCC_RNGCLKSOURCE_PLLCLK` PLL Clock selected as RNG clock

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI48M\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to select the HSI48M clock source.

### Parameters:

- `__HSI48M_CLKSOURCE__`: specifies the HSI48M clock source dedicated for USB an RNG peripherals. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_HSI48M_PLL` A dedicated 48MHZ PLL output.
  - `RCC_HSI48M_HSI48` 48MHZ issued from internal HSI48 oscillator.

### Notes:

- This macro can be replaced by either `__HAL_RCC_RNG_CONFIG` or `__HAL_RCC_USB_CONFIG` to configure respectively RNG or UBS clock sources.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_HSI48M\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Macro to get the HSI48M clock source.

### Return value:

- The clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_HSI48M\_PLL A dedicated 48MHZ PLL output.
  - RCC\_HSI48M\_HSI48 48MHZ issued from internal HSI48 oscillator.

### Notes:

- This macro can be replaced by either \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_RNG\_SOURCE or \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_USB\_SOURCE to get respectively RNG or UBS clock sources.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSISTOP\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- The Enable of this function has not effect on the HSION bit.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSISTOP\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Macro to disable the force of the Internal High Speed oscillator (HSI) in STOP mode to be quickly available as kernel clock for USART and I2C.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configures the External Low Speed oscillator (LSE) drive capability.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_\_: specifies the new state of the LSE drive capability. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_LOW LSE oscillator low drive capability.
  - RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMLOW LSE oscillator medium low drive capability.
  - RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMHIGH LSE oscillator medium high drive capability.
  - RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_HIGH LSE oscillator high drive capability.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_WAKEUPSTOP\_CLK\_CONFIG

### Description:

- Macro to configures the wake up from stop clock.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RCC\_STOPWUCLK\_\_: specifies the clock source used after wake up from stop This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_MSI MSI selected as system clock source
  - RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_HSI HSI selected as system clock source

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRs\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enables the specified CRS interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the CRS interrupt sources to be enabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCOK`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCWARN`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ESYNC`

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRs\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disables the specified CRS interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the CRS interrupt sources to be disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCOK`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCWARN`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ESYNC`

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRs\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check the CRS interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the CRS interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCOK`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCWARN`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ESYNC`

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRs\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the CRS interrupt pending bits bits to clear the selected interrupt pending bits.

### Parameters:

- `__INTERUPT__`: specifies the interrupt pending bit to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCOK`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCWARN`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_ESYNC`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_TRIMOVF`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_IT_SYNCMISS`

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRs\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Checks whether the specified CRS flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCOK`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCWARN`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_ERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_ESYNC`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_TRIMOVF`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCMISS`

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRs\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clears the CRS specified FLAG.

### Parameters:

- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCOK`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCWARN`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_ERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_ESYNC`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_TRIMOVF`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCERR`
  - `RCC_CRs_FLAG_SYNCMISS`

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_FREQ\_ERROR\_COUNTER\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enables the oscillator clock for frequency error counter.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- when the CEN bit is set the CRS\_CFGR register becomes write-protected.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_FREQ\_ERROR\_COUNTER\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disables the oscillator clock for frequency error counter.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_AUTOMATIC\_CALIB\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enables the automatic hardware adjustment of TRIM bits.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- When the AUTOTRIMEN bit is set the CRS\_CFGR register becomes write-protected.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_AUTOMATIC\_CALIB\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Enables or disables the automatic hardware adjustment of TRIM bits.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_CRS\_RELOADVALUE\_CALCULATE

### Description:

- Macro to calculate reload value to be set in CRS register according to target and sync frequencies.

### Parameters:

- `__FTARGET__`: Target frequency (value in Hz)
- `__FSYNC__`: Synchronization signal frequency (value in Hz)

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- The RELOAD value should be selected according to the ratio between the target frequency and the frequency of the synchronization source after prescaling. It is then decreased by one in order to reach the expected synchronization on the zero value. The formula is the following:  $RELOAD = (f_{TARGET} / f_{SYNC}) - 1$

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI\_OUT\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- After reset, the HSI output is not available

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI\_OUT\_DISABLE

### Notes:

- After reset, the HSI output is not available

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI48\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- After enabling the HSI48, the application software should wait on HSI48RDY flag to be set indicating that HSI48 clock is stable and can be used to clock the USB. The HSI48 is stopped by hardware when entering STOP and STANDBY modes.

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI48\_DISABLE

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GET\_HSI48\_STATE

### Description:

- Macro to get the Internal 48Mhz High Speed oscillator (HSI48) state.

### Return value:

- The: clock source can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_HSI48\_ON HSI48 enabled
  - RCC\_HSI48\_OFF HSI48 disabled

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI48M\_DIV6\_OUT\_ENABLE

### Notes:

- After reset, the HSI48Mhz (divided by 6) output is not available

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_HSI48M\_DIV6\_OUT\_DISABLE

### *RCC LSE CSS external interrupt line*

## RCC\_EXTI\_LINE\_LSECSS

External interrupt line 19 connected to the LSE CSS EXTI Line

### *RCCEX HSI48M Clock Source*

## RCC\_FLAG\_HSI48

## RCC\_HSI48M\_PLL

## RCC\_HSI48M\_HSI48

### *RCCEX I2C1 Clock Source*

## RCC\_I2C1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1

## RCC\_I2C1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK

## RCC\_I2C1CLKSOURCE\_HSI

### *RCCEX I2C3 Clock Source*

## RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1

## RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK

## RCC\_I2C3CLKSOURCE\_HSI

### *IOPORT Peripheral Clock Enable Disable*

## \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

***IOPORT Peripheral Clock Sleep Enable Disable***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_IS\_CLK\_SLEEP\_DISABLED

***IOPORT Peripheral Force Release Reset***

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOE\_RELEASE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_FORCE\_RESET

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOD\_RELEASE\_RESET

***RCCEx LPTIM1 Clock Source***

RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1

RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_LSI

RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_HSI

RCC\_LPTIM1CLKSOURCE\_LSE

***RCCEx LPUART1 Clock Source***

RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1

RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK

RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_HSI

RCC\_LPUART1CLKSOURCE\_LSE

#### RCCEX LSE Drive Configuration

RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_LOW

RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMLOW

RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMHIGH

RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_HIGH

#### RCC Extended MCOx Clock Config

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_MCO1\_CONFIG

##### Description:

- Macro to configure the MCO clock.

##### Parameters:

- \_\_MCOCLKSOURCE\_\_: specifies the MCO clock source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_NOCLOCK No clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_SYSCLK System Clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI HSI oscillator clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_MSI MSI oscillator clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSE HSE oscillator clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_PLLCLK PLL clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSI LSI clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSE LSE clock selected as MCO clock
  - RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI48 HSI48 clock selected as MCO clock
- \_\_MCO DIV\_\_: specifies the MCO clock prescaler. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RCC\_MCO DIV\_1 MCO clock source is divided by 1
  - RCC\_MCO DIV\_2 MCO clock source is divided by 2
  - RCC\_MCO DIV\_4 MCO clock source is divided by 4
  - RCC\_MCO DIV\_8 MCO clock source is divided by 8
  - RCC\_MCO DIV\_16 MCO clock source is divided by 16

#### AHB Peripheral Clock Enable Disable

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_AES\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TSC\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TSC\_CLK\_DISABLE



\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TSC\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_TSC\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLK\_ENABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLK\_DISABLE

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_RNG\_IS\_CLK\_ENABLED

\_\_HAL\_RCC\_RNG\_IS\_CLK\_DISABLED

#### ***RCCEx Periph Clock Selection***

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_USART1

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_USART2

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_LPUART1

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_I2C1

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_I2C2

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_RTC

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_USB

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_LPTIM1

RCC\_PERIPHCLK\_I2C3

#### ***RCCEx RNG Clock Source***

RCC\_RNGCLKSOURCE\_HSI48

RCC\_RNGCLKSOURCE\_PLLCLK

#### ***RCCEx StopWakeUp Clock***

RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_MSI

RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_HSI

#### ***RCCEx TIM Prescaler Selection***

RCC\_TIMPRES\_DESACTIVATED

RCC\_TIMPRES\_ACTIVATED

#### ***RCCEx USART1 Clock Source***

RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_PCLK2

RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK

RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_HSI

RCC\_USART1CLKSOURCE\_LSE

***RCCEx USART2 Clock Source***

RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1

RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK

RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_HSI

RCC\_USART2CLKSOURCE\_LSE

***RCCEx USB Clock Source***

RCC\_USBCLKSOURCE\_HSI48

RCC\_USBCLKSOURCE\_PLL

## 40 HAL RNG Generic Driver

### 40.1 RNG Firmware driver registers structures

#### 40.1.1 `__RNG_HandleTypeDef`

`__RNG_HandleTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_rng.h`

Data Fields

- `RNG_TypeDef * Instance`
- `HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`
- `__IO HAL_RNG_StateTypeDef State`
- `__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`
- `uint32_t RandomNumber`
- `void(* ReadyDataCallback`
- `void(* ErrorCallback`
- `void(* MspInitCallback`
- `void(* MspDeInitCallback`

Field Documentation

- `RNG_TypeDef* __RNG_HandleTypeDef::Instance`  
Register base address
- `HAL_LockTypeDef __RNG_HandleTypeDef::Lock`  
RNG locking object
- `__IO HAL_RNG_StateTypeDef __RNG_HandleTypeDef::State`  
RNG communication state
- `__IO uint32_t __RNG_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`  
RNG Error code
- `uint32_t __RNG_HandleTypeDef::RandomNumber`  
Last Generated RNG Data
- `void(* __RNG_HandleTypeDef::ReadyDataCallback)(struct __RNG_HandleTypeDef *hrng, uint32_t random32bit)`  
RNG Data Ready Callback
- `void(* __RNG_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __RNG_HandleTypeDef *hrng)`  
RNG Error Callback
- `void(* __RNG_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __RNG_HandleTypeDef *hrng)`  
RNG Msp Init callback
- `void(* __RNG_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __RNG_HandleTypeDef *hrng)`  
RNG Msp DeInit callback

### 40.2 RNG Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RNG library.

#### 40.2.1 How to use this driver

The RNG HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Enable the RNG controller clock using `__HAL_RCC_RNG_CLK_ENABLE()` macro in `HAL_RNG_MspInit()`.
2. Activate the RNG peripheral using `HAL_RNG_Init()` function.
3. Wait until the 32 bit Random Number Generator contains a valid random data using (polling/interrupt) mode.
4. Get the 32 bit random number using `HAL_RNG_GenerateRandomNumber()` function.

#### 40.2.2 Callback registration

The compilation define `USE_HAL_RNG_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function `HAL_RNG_RegisterCallback()` to register a user callback. Function `HAL_RNG_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:

- `ErrorCallback` : RNG Error Callback.
- `MspInitCallback` : RNG MspInit.
- `MspDeInitCallback` : RNG MspDeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function `HAL_RNG_UnRegisterCallback()` to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. `HAL_RNG_UnRegisterCallback()` takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- `ErrorCallback` : RNG Error Callback.
- `MspInitCallback` : RNG MspInit.
- `MspDeInitCallback` : RNG MspDeInit.

For specific callback `ReadyDataCallback`, use dedicated register callbacks: respectively `HAL_RNG_RegisterReadyDataCallback()` , `HAL_RNG_UnRegisterReadyDataCallback()`.

By default, after the `HAL_RNG_Init()` and when the state is `HAL_RNG_STATE_RESET` all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak (surcharged) functions: example `HAL_RNG_ErrorCallback()`. Exception done for `MspInit` and `MspDeInit` functions that are respectively reset to the legacy weak (surcharged) functions in the `HAL_RNG_Init()` and `HAL_RNG_DeInit()` only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, `MspInit` or `MspDeInit` are not null, the `HAL_RNG_Init()` and `HAL_RNG_DeInit()` keep and use the user `MspInit/ MspDeInit` callbacks (registered beforehand).

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in `HAL_RNG_STATE_READY` state only. Exception done `MspInit/ MspDeInit` that can be registered/unregistered in `HAL_RNG_STATE_READY` or `HAL_RNG_STATE_RESET` state, thus registered (user) `MspInit/DeInit` callbacks can be used during the `Init/DeInit`. In that case first register the `MspInit/MspDeInit` user callbacks using `HAL_RNG_RegisterCallback()` before calling `HAL_RNG_DeInit()` or `HAL_RNG_Init()` function.

When The compilation define `USE_HAL_RNG_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### 40.2.3 Initialization and configuration functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize the RNG according to the specified parameters in the `RNG_InitTypeDef` and create the associated handle
- DeInitialize the RNG peripheral
- Initialize the RNG MSP
- DeInitialize RNG MSP

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_RNG\_Init\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_DeInit\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_MspInit\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_MspDeInit\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_RegisterCallback\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_RegisterReadyDataCallback\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_RNG\_UnRegisterReadyDataCallback\(\)`](#)

### 40.2.4 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Get the 32 bit Random number
- Get the 32 bit Random number with interrupt enabled
- Handle RNG interrupt request

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber\_IT()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_GetRandomNumber()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_GetRandomNumber\_IT()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_IRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_ReadLastRandomNumber()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_ReadyDataCallback()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_ErrorCallback()*

#### 40.2.5 Peripheral State functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral and the data flow.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RNG\_GetState()*
- *HAL\_RNG\_GetError()*

#### 40.2.6 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_RNG\_Init

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_Init (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

###### Function description

Initializes the RNG peripheral and creates the associated handle.

###### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_RNG\_DeInit

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_DeInit (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

###### Function description

DeInitializes the RNG peripheral.

###### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_RNG\_MspInit

###### Function name

**void HAL\_RNG\_MspInit (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

###### Function description

Initializes the RNG MSP.

###### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_RNG\_MspDeInit**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RNG\_MspDeInit (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

#### Function description

DeInitializes the RNG MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hrng:** pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_RNG\_RegisterCallback**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_RegisterCallback (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng, HAL\_RNG\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pRNG\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register a User RNG Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrng:** RNG handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_RNG\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_RNG\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_RNG\_UnRegisterCallback**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_UnRegisterCallback (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng, HAL\_RNG\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

#### Function description

Unregister an RNG Callback RNG callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrng:** RNG handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_RNG\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_RNG\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_RNG\_RegisterReadyDataCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_RegisterReadyDataCallback (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng, pRNG\_ReadyDataCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register Data Ready RNG Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_RNG\_ReadyDataCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hrng**: RNG handle
- **pCallback**: pointer to the Data Ready Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_RNG\_UnRegisterReadyDataCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_UnRegisterReadyDataCallback (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

### Function description

UnRegister the Data Ready RNG Callback Data Ready RNG Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_RNG\_ReadyDataCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hrng**: RNG handle

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_RNG\_GetRandomNumber

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RNG\_GetRandomNumber (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

### Function description

Returns generated random number in polling mode (Obsolete) Use HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber() API instead.

### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

### Return values

- **Random**: value

## HAL\_RNG\_GetRandomNumber\_IT

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RNG\_GetRandomNumber\_IT (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

### Function description

Returns a 32-bit random number with interrupt enabled (Obsolete), Use HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber\_IT() API instead.

#### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

#### Return values

- **32-bit**: random number

#### HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng, uint32\_t \* random32bit)**

#### Function description

Generates a 32-bit random number.

#### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.
- **random32bit**: pointer to generated random number variable if successful.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### Notes

- Each time the random number data is read the RNG\_FLAG\_DRDY flag is automatically cleared.

#### HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_GenerateRandomNumber\_IT (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

#### Function description

Generates a 32-bit random number in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_RNG\_ReadLastRandomNumber

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RNG\_ReadLastRandomNumber (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

#### Function description

Read latest generated random number.

#### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

#### Return values

- **random**: value

#### HAL\_RNG\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RNG\_IRQHandler (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**



## Function description

Handles RNG interrupt request.

## Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- In the case of a clock error, the RNG is no more able to generate random numbers because the PLL48CLK clock is not correct. User has to check that the clock controller is correctly configured to provide the RNG clock and clear the CEIS bit using `__HAL_RNG_CLEAR_IT()`. The clock error has no impact on the previously generated random numbers, and the RNG\_DR register contents can be used.
- In the case of a seed error, the generation of random numbers is interrupted as long as the SECS bit is '1'. If a number is available in the RNG\_DR register, it must not be used because it may not have enough entropy. In this case, it is recommended to clear the SEIS bit using `__HAL_RNG_CLEAR_IT()`, then disable and enable the RNG peripheral to reinitialize and restart the RNG.
- User-written `HAL_RNG_ErrorCallback()` API is called once whether SEIS or CEIS are set.

### HAL\_RNG\_ErrorCallback

## Function name

**void HAL\_RNG\_ErrorCallback (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

## Function description

RNG error callbacks.

## Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

## Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RNG\_ReadyDataCallback

## Function name

**void HAL\_RNG\_ReadyDataCallback (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng, uint32\_t random32bit)**

## Function description

Data Ready callback in non-blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.
- **random32bit**: generated random number.

## Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RNG\_GetState

## Function name

**HAL\_RNG\_StateTypeDef HAL\_RNG\_GetState (RNG\_HandleTypeDef \* hrng)**

## Function description

Returns the RNG state.

#### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RNG.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: state

#### HAL\_RNG\_GetError

#### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_RNG_GetError (RNG_HandleTypeDef * hrng)
```

#### Function description

Return the RNG handle error code.

#### Parameters

- **hrng**: pointer to a RNG\_HandleTypeDef structure.

#### Return values

- **RNG**: Error Code

## 40.3 RNG Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 40.3.1 RNG

RNG

#### *RNG Error Definition*

#### HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

#### HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_TIMEOUT

Timeout error

#### HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_BUSY

Busy error

#### HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_SEED

Seed error

#### HAL\_RNG\_ERROR\_CLOCK

Clock error

#### *RNG Interrupt definition*

#### RNG\_IT\_DRDY

Data Ready interrupt

#### RNG\_IT\_CEI

Clock error interrupt

#### RNG\_IT\_SEI

Seed error interrupt

#### *RNG Flag definition*

## RNG\_FLAG\_DRDY

Data ready

## RNG\_FLAG\_CECS

Clock error current status

## RNG\_FLAG\_SECS

Seed error current status

### RNG Exported Macros

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### Description:

- Reset RNG handle state.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_ENABLE

#### Description:

- Enables the RNG peripheral.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_DISABLE

#### Description:

- Disables the RNG peripheral.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_GET\_FLAG

#### Description:

- Check the selected RNG flag status.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle
- `__FLAG__`: RNG flag This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RNG\_FLAG\_DRDY: Data ready
  - RNG\_FLAG\_CECS: Clock error current status
  - RNG\_FLAG\_SECS: Seed error current status

#### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clears the selected RNG flag status.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG handle
- `__FLAG__`: RNG flag to clear

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- WARNING: This is a dummy macro for HAL code alignment, flags `RNG_FLAG_DRDY`, `RNG_FLAG_CECS` and `RNG_FLAG_SECS` are read-only.

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enables the RNG interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disables the RNG interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RNG\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Checks whether the specified RNG interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RNG interrupt status flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RNG_IT_DRDY`: Data ready interrupt
  - `RNG_IT_CEI`: Clock error interrupt
  - `RNG_IT_SEI`: Seed error interrupt

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## `__HAL_RNG_CLEAR_IT`

**Description:**

- Clear the RNG interrupt status flags.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: RNG Handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RNG interrupt status flag to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `RNG_IT_CEI`: Clock error interrupt
  - `RNG_IT_SEI`: Seed error interrupt

**Return value:**

- None

**Notes:**

- `RNG_IT_DRDY` flag is read-only, reading `RNG_DR` register automatically clears `RNG_IT_DRDY`.

## 41 HAL RTC Generic Driver

### 41.1 RTC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 41.1.1 RTC\_InitTypeDef

**RTC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rtc.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t HourFormat**
- **uint32\_t AsynchPrediv**
- **uint32\_t SynchPrediv**
- **uint32\_t OutPut**
- **uint32\_t OutPutRemap**
- **uint32\_t OutPutPolarity**
- **uint32\_t OutPutType**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::HourFormat**  
Specifies the RTC Hour Format. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Hour\\_Formats](#)
- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::AsynchPrediv**  
Specifies the RTC Asynchronous Predivider value. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0x7F
- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::SynchPrediv**  
Specifies the RTC Synchronous Predivider value. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0000 and Max\_Data = 0x7FFF
- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::OutPut**  
Specifies which signal will be routed to the RTC output. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Output\\_selection\\_Definitions](#)
- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::OutPutRemap**  
Specifies the remap for RTC output. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Output\\_ALARM\\_OUT\\_Remap](#)
- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::OutPutPolarity**  
Specifies the polarity of the output signal. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Output\\_Polarity\\_Definitions](#)
- **uint32\_t RTC\_InitTypeDef::OutPutType**  
Specifies the RTC Output Pin mode. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Output\\_Type\\_ALARM\\_OUT](#)

#### 41.1.2 RTC\_TimeTypeDef

**RTC\_TimeTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rtc.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint8\_t Hours**
- **uint8\_t Minutes**
- **uint8\_t Seconds**
- **uint8\_t TimeFormat**
- **uint32\_t SubSeconds**
- **uint32\_t SecondFraction**
- **uint32\_t DayLightSaving**
- **uint32\_t StoreOperation**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint8\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::Hours**  
Specifies the RTC Time Hour. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 12 if the RTC\_HourFormat\_12 is selected This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 23 if the RTC\_HourFormat\_24 is selected

- ***uint8\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::Minutes***  
Specifies the RTC Time Minutes. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 59
- ***uint8\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::Seconds***  
Specifies the RTC Time Seconds. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 59
- ***uint8\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::TimeFormat***  
Specifies the RTC AM/PM Time. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_AM\\_PM\\_Definitions](#)
- ***uint32\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::SubSeconds***  
Specifies the RTC\_SSR RTC Sub Second register content. This parameter corresponds to a time unit range between [0-1] Second with [1 Sec / SecondFraction + 1] granularity
- ***uint32\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::SecondFraction***  
Specifies the range or granularity of Sub Second register content corresponding to Synchronous prescaler factor value (PREDIV\_S) This parameter corresponds to a time unit range between [0-1] Second with [1 Sec / SecondFraction + 1] granularity. This field will be used only by HAL\_RTC\_GetTime function
- ***uint32\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::DayLightSaving***  
This interface is deprecated. To manage Daylight Saving Time, please use HAL\_RTC\_DST\_xxx functions
- ***uint32\_t RTC\_TimeTypeDef::StoreOperation***  
This interface is deprecated. To manage Daylight Saving Time, please use HAL\_RTC\_DST\_xxx functions

### 41.1.3

#### RTC\_DateTypeDef

**RTC\_DateTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rtc.h

##### Data Fields

- ***uint8\_t WeekDay***
- ***uint8\_t Month***
- ***uint8\_t Date***
- ***uint8\_t Year***

##### Field Documentation

- ***uint8\_t RTC\_DateTypeDef::WeekDay***  
Specifies the RTC Date WeekDay. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_WeekDay\\_Definitions](#)
- ***uint8\_t RTC\_DateTypeDef::Month***  
Specifies the RTC Date Month (in BCD format). This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Month\\_Date\\_Definitions](#)
- ***uint8\_t RTC\_DateTypeDef::Date***  
Specifies the RTC Date. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 1 and Max\_Data = 31
- ***uint8\_t RTC\_DateTypeDef::Year***  
Specifies the RTC Date Year. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 99

### 41.1.4

#### RTC\_AlarmTypeDef

**RTC\_AlarmTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_rtc.h

##### Data Fields

- ***RTC\_TimeTypeDef AlarmTime***
- ***uint32\_t AlarmMask***
- ***uint32\_t AlarmSubSecondMask***
- ***uint32\_t AlarmDateWeekDaySel***
- ***uint8\_t AlarmDateWeekDay***
- ***uint32\_t Alarm***

##### Field Documentation

- ***RTC\_TimeTypeDef RTC\_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmTime***  
Specifies the RTC Alarm Time members
- ***uint32\_t RTC\_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmMask***  
Specifies the RTC Alarm Masks. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_AlarmMask\\_Definitions](#)

- **`uint32_t RTC_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmSubSecondMask`**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm SubSeconds Masks. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Alarm\\_Sub\\_Seconds\\_Masks\\_Definitions](#)
- **`uint32_t RTC_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmDateWeekDaySel`**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm is on Date or WeekDay. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_AlarmDateWeekDay\\_Definitions](#)
- **`uint8_t RTC_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmDateWeekDay`**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm Date/WeekDay. If the Alarm Date is selected, this parameter must be set to a value in the 1-31 range. If the Alarm WeekDay is selected, this parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_WeekDay\\_Definitions](#)
- **`uint32_t RTC_AlarmTypeDef::Alarm`**  
Specifies the alarm . This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_Alarms\\_Definitions](#)

#### 41.1.5

#### **`__RTC_HandleTypeDef`**

**`__RTC_HandleTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_rtc.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`RTC_TypeDef * Instance`**
- **`RTC_InitTypeDef Init`**
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`**
- **`__IO HAL_RTCStateTypeDef State`**
- **`void(* AlarmAEventCallback`**
- **`void(* AlarmBEventCallback`**
- **`void(* TimeStampEventCallback`**
- **`void(* WakeUpTimerEventCallback`**
- **`void(* Tamper1EventCallback`**
- **`void(* Tamper2EventCallback`**
- **`void(* Tamper3EventCallback`**
- **`void(* MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* MspDeInitCallback`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`RTC_TypeDef* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
Register base address
- **`RTC_InitTypeDef __RTC_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
RTC required parameters
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef __RTC_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**  
RTC locking object
- **`__IO HAL_RTCStateTypeDef __RTC_HandleTypeDef::State`**  
Time communication state
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::AlarmAEventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Alarm A Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::AlarmBEventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Alarm B Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::TimeStampEventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Timestamp Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::WakeUpTimerEventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC WakeUpTimer Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::Tamper1EventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Tamper 1 Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::Tamper2EventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Tamper 2 Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::Tamper3EventCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Tamper 3 Event callback
- **`void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`**  
RTC Msp Init callback



- `void(* __RTC_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __RTC_HandleTypeDef *hrtc)`  
RTC Msp DeInit callback

## 41.2 RTC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RTC library.

### 41.2.1 RTC and Backup Domain Operating Condition

The real-time clock (RTC) and the RTC backup registers can be powered from the VBAT voltage when the main VDD supply is powered off. To retain the content of the RTC backup registers and supply the RTC when VDD is turned off, VBAT pin can be connected to an optional standby voltage supplied by a battery or by another source.

To allow the RTC operating even when the main digital supply (VDD) is turned off, the VBAT pin powers the following blocks:

1. The RTC
2. The LSE oscillator
3. PC13 to PC15 I/Os, plus PA0 and PE6 I/Os (when available)

When the backup domain is supplied by VDD (analog switch connected to VDD), the following pins are available:

1. PC14 and PC15 can be used as either GPIO or LSE pins
2. PC13 can be used as a GPIO or as the RTC\_AF1 pin
3. PA0 can be used as a GPIO or as the RTC\_AF2 pin
4. PE6 can be used as a GPIO or as the RTC\_AF3 pin

When the backup domain is supplied by VBAT (analog switch connected to VBAT because VDD is not present), the following pins are available:

1. PC14 and PC15 can be used as LSE pins only
2. PC13 can be used as the RTC\_AF1 pin
3. PA0 can be used as the RTC\_AF2 pin
4. PE6 can be used as the RTC\_AF3 pin

### 41.2.2 Backup Domain Reset

The backup domain reset sets all RTC registers and the RCC\_BDCR register to their reset values.

A backup domain reset is generated when one of the following events occurs:

1. Software reset, triggered by setting the BDRST bit in the RCC Backup domain control register (RCC\_BDCR).
2. VDD or VBAT power on, if both supplies have previously been powered off.
3. Tamper detection event resets all data backup registers.

### 41.2.3 Backup Domain Access

After reset, the backup domain (RTC registers, RTC backup data registers) is protected against possible unwanted write accesses.

To enable access to the RTC Domain and RTC registers, proceed as follows:

- Enable the Power Controller (PWR) APB1 interface clock using the `__HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_ENABLE()` macro.
- Enable access to RTC domain using the `HAL_PWR_EnableBkUpAccess()` function.
- Select the RTC clock source using the `__HAL_RCC_RTC_CONFIG()` macro.
- Enable RTC Clock using the `__HAL_RCC_RTC_ENABLE()` macro.

=====

### 41.2.4 How to use this driver

- Enable the RTC domain access (see description in the section above).
- Configure the RTC Prescaler (Asynchronous and Synchronous) and RTC hour format using the `HAL_RTC_Init()` function.

### Time and Date configuration

- To configure the RTC Calendar (Time and Date) use the HAL\_RTC\_SetTime() and HAL\_RTC\_SetDate() functions.
- To read the RTC Calendar, use the HAL\_RTC\_GetTime() and HAL\_RTC\_GetDate() functions.
- To manage the RTC summer or winter time change, use the following functions:
  - HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Add1Hour() or HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Sub1Hour to add or subtract 1 hour from the calendar time.
  - HAL\_RTC\_DST\_SetStoreOperation() or HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ClearStoreOperation to memorize whether the time change has been performed or not.

### Alarm configuration

- To configure the RTC Alarm use the HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm() function. You can also configure the RTC Alarm with interrupt mode using the HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm\_IT() function.
- To read the RTC Alarm, use the HAL\_RTC\_GetAlarm() function.

## 41.2.5

### RTC and low power modes

The MCU can be woken up from a low power mode by an RTC alternate function.

The RTC alternate functions are the RTC alarms (Alarm A and Alarm B), RTC wakeup, RTC tamper event detection and RTC timestamp event detection. These RTC alternate functions can wake up the system from the Stop and Standby low power modes.

The system can also wake up from low power modes without depending on an external interrupt (Auto-wakeup mode), by using the RTC alarm or the RTC wakeup events.

The RTC provides a programmable time base for waking up from the Stop or Standby mode at regular intervals. Wakeup from STOP and STANDBY modes is possible only when the RTC clock source is LSE or LSI.

### Callback registration

The compilation define USE\_HAL\_RTC\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Function HAL\_RTC\_RegisterCallback() to register an interrupt callback.

Function HAL\_RTC\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:

- AlarmAEventCallback : RTC Alarm A Event callback.
- AlarmBEventCallback : RTC Alarm B Event callback.
- TimestampEventCallback : RTC Timestamp Event callback.
- WakeUpTimerEventCallback : RTC WakeUpTimer Event callback.
- Tamper1EventCallback : RTC Tamper 1 Event callback.
- Tamper2EventCallback : RTC Tamper 2 Event callback.
- Tamper3EventCallback : RTC Tamper 3 Event callback.
- MspInitCallback : RTC MspInit callback.
- MspDeInitCallback : RTC MspDeInit callback.

This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_RTC\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak function.

HAL\_RTC\_UnRegisterCallback() takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- AlarmAEventCallback : RTC Alarm A Event callback.
- AlarmBEventCallback : RTC Alarm B Event callback.
- TimestampEventCallback : RTC Timestamp Event callback.
- WakeUpTimerEventCallback : RTC WakeUpTimer Event callback.
- Tamper1EventCallback : RTC Tamper 1 Event callback.
- Tamper2EventCallback : RTC Tamper 2 Event callback.
- Tamper3EventCallback : RTC Tamper 3 Event callback.
- MspInitCallback : RTC MspInit callback.

- **MspDeInitCallback** : RTC MspDeInit callback.

By default, after the HAL\_RTC\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_RTC\_STATE\_RESET, all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples AlarmAEventCallback(), WakeUpTimerEventCallback(). Exception done for MspInit() and MspDeInit() callbacks that are reset to the legacy weak function in the HAL\_RTC\_Init()/HAL\_RTC\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit() or MspDeInit() are not null, HAL\_RTC\_Init()/HAL\_RTC\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit()/MspDeInit() callbacks (registered beforehand).

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_RTC\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit()/MspDeInit() that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_RTC\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_RTC\_STATE\_RESET state. Thus registered (user) MspInit()/MspDeInit() callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit()/MspDeInit() user callbacks using HAL\_RTC\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_RTC\_DeInit() or HAL\_RTC\_Init() functions.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_RTC\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

### 41.2.6 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to initialize and configure the RTC Prescaler (Synchronous and Asynchronous), RTC Hour format, disable RTC registers Write protection, enter and exit the RTC initialization mode, RTC registers synchronization check and reference clock detection enable.

1. The RTC Prescaler is programmed to generate the RTC 1Hz time base. It is split into 2 programmable prescalers to minimize power consumption.
  - A 7-bit asynchronous prescaler and a 15-bit synchronous prescaler.
  - When both prescalers are used, it is recommended to configure the asynchronous prescaler to a high value to minimize power consumption.
2. All RTC registers are Write protected. Writing to the RTC registers is enabled by writing a key into the Write Protection register, RTC\_WPR.
3. To configure the RTC Calendar, user application should enter initialization mode. In this mode, the calendar counter is stopped and its value can be updated. When the initialization sequence is complete, the calendar restarts counting after 4 RTCCLK cycles.
4. To read the calendar through the shadow registers after Calendar initialization, calendar update or after wakeup from low power modes the software must first clear the RSF flag. The software must then wait until it is set again before reading the calendar, which means that the calendar registers have been correctly copied into the RTC\_TR and RTC\_DR shadow registers. The HAL\_RTC\_WaitForSynchro() function implements the above software sequence (RSF clear and RSF check).

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_RTC\_Init()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_DeInit()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_RegisterCallback()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_UnRegisterCallback()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_MspInit()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_MspDeInit()**

### 41.2.7 RTC Time and Date functions

This section provides functions allowing to configure Time and Date features

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_RTC\_SetTime()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_GetTime()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_SetDate()**
- **HAL\_RTC\_GetDate()**

### 41.2.8 RTC Alarm functions

This section provides functions allowing to configure Alarm feature

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm()**

- *HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm\_IT()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_DeactivateAlarm()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_GetAlarm()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_AlarmIRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_AlarmAEventCallback()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_PollForAlarmAEvent()*

#### 41.2.9 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to

- Wait for RTC Time and Date Synchronization
- Manage RTC Summer or Winter time change

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RTC\_WaitForSynchro()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Add1Hour()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Sub1Hour()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_DST\_SetStoreOperation()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ClearStoreOperation()*
- *HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ReadStoreOperation()*

#### 41.2.10 Peripheral State functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to

- Get RTC state

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RTC\_GetState()*

#### 41.2.11 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_RTC\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_Init (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

##### Function description

Initializes the RTC peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_RTC\_DeInit

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_DeInit (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

##### Function description

DeInitializes the RTC peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This function does not reset the RTC Backup Data registers.

### HAL\_RTC\_Mspltinit

#### Function name

```
void HAL_RTC_Mspltinit (RTC_HandleTypeDef * hrtc)
```

#### Function description

Initializes the RTC MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RTC\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

```
void HAL_RTC_MspDeInit (RTC_HandleTypeDef * hrtc)
```

#### Function description

DeInitializes the RTC MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RTC\_RegisterCallback

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_RTC_RegisterCallback (RTC_HandleTypeDef * hrtc,  
HAL_RTC_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pRTC_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)
```

#### Function description

Registers a User RTC Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_A\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Alarm A Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_B\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Alarm B Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Timestamp Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Wakeup Timer Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER1\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Tamper 1 Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER2\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Tamper 2 Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER3\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Tamper 3 Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Msp Init callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID Msp DeInit callback ID
- **pCallback**: pointer to the Callback function

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER1\_EVENT\_CB\_ID is not applicable to all devices.
- HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER3\_EVENT\_CB\_ID is not applicable to all devices.

### HAL\_RTC\_UnRegisterCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_UnRegisterCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, HAL\_RTC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

#### Function description

Unregisters an RTC Callback RTC callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_A\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Alarm A Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_B\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Alarm B Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Timestamp Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Wakeup Timer Event Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER1\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Tamper 1 Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER2\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Tamper 2 Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER3\_EVENT\_CB\_ID Tamper 3 Callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Msp Init callback ID
  - HAL\_RTC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID Msp Delnit callback ID

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER1\_EVENT\_CB\_ID is not applicable to all devices.
- HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER3\_EVENT\_CB\_ID is not applicable to all devices.

### HAL\_RTC\_SetTime

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_SetTime (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_TimeTypeDef \* sTime, uint32\_t Format)**

#### Function description

Sets RTC current time.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sTime**: Pointer to Time structure
- **Format**: Specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- DayLightSaving and StoreOperation interfaces are deprecated. To manage Daylight Saving Time, please use HAL\_RTC\_DST\_xxx functions.

### HAL\_RTC\_GetTime

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_GetTime (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_TimeTypeDef \* sTime, uint32\_t Format)**

#### Function description

Gets RTC current time.

#### Parameters

- hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- sTime**: Pointer to Time structure
- Format**: Specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

#### Return values

- HAL**: status

## Notes

- You can use SubSeconds and SecondFraction (sTime structure fields returned) to convert SubSeconds value in second fraction ratio with time unit following generic formula:  $\text{Second fraction ratio} * \text{time\_unit} = [(\text{SecondFraction} - \text{SubSeconds}) / (\text{SecondFraction} + 1)] * \text{time\_unit}$  This conversion can be performed only if no shift operation is pending (ie. SHFP=0) when PREDIV\_S >= SS
- You must call HAL\_RTC\_GetDate() after HAL\_RTC\_GetTime() to unlock the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers to ensure consistency between the time and date values. Reading RTC current time locks the values in calendar shadow registers until current date is read to ensure consistency between the time and date values.

### HAL\_RTC\_SetDate

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_SetDate (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_DateTypeDef \* sDate, uint32\_t Format)**

#### Function description

Sets RTC current date.

#### Parameters

- hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- sDate**: Pointer to date structure
- Format**: specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

#### Return values

- HAL**: status

## HAL\_RTC\_GetDate

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_GetDate (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_DateTypeDef \* sDate, uint32\_t Format)**

### Function description

Gets RTC current date.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sDate**: Pointer to Date structure
- **Format**: Specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- You must call HAL\_RTC\_GetDate() after HAL\_RTC\_GetTime() to unlock the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers to ensure consistency between the time and date values. Reading RTC current time locks the values in calendar shadow registers until current date is read to ensure consistency between the time and date values.

## HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* sAlarm, uint32\_t Format)**

### Function description

Sets the specified RTC Alarm.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sAlarm**: Pointer to Alarm structure
- **Format**: Specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- The Alarm register can only be written when the corresponding Alarm is disabled (Use the HAL\_RTC\_DeactivateAlarm()).
- The HAL\_RTC\_SetTime() must be called before enabling the Alarm feature.

## HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_SetAlarm\_IT (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* sAlarm, uint32\_t Format)**



## Function description

Sets the specified RTC Alarm with Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sAlarm**: Pointer to Alarm structure
- **Format**: Specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- The Alarm register can only be written when the corresponding Alarm is disabled (Use the HAL\_RTC\_DeactivateAlarm()).
- The HAL\_RTC\_SetTime() must be called before enabling the Alarm feature.

### HAL\_RTC\_DeactivateAlarm

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_DeactivateAlarm (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Alarm)**

## Function description

Deactivates the specified RTC Alarm.

## Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Alarm**: Specifies the Alarm. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_ALARM\_A: Alarm A
  - RTC\_ALARM\_B: Alarm B

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_RTC\_GetAlarm

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_GetAlarm (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* sAlarm, uint32\_t Alarm, uint32\_t Format)**

## Function description

Gets the RTC Alarm value and masks.

## Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sAlarm**: Pointer to Date structure
- **Alarm**: Specifies the Alarm. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_ALARM\_A: Alarm A
  - RTC\_ALARM\_B: Alarm B
- **Format**: Specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_RTC\_AlarmIRQHandler**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTC\_AlarmIRQHandler (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Handles Alarm interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_RTC\_PollForAlarmAEvent**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_PollForAlarmAEvent (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Handles Alarm A Polling request.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_RTC\_AlarmAEventCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTC\_AlarmAEventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Alarm A callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_RTC\_WaitForSynchro**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_WaitForSynchro (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Waits until the RTC Time and Date registers (RTC\_TR and RTC\_DR) are synchronized with RTC APB clock.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The RTC Resynchronization mode is write protected, use the `__HAL_RTC_WRITEPROTECTION_DISABLE()` before calling this function.
- To read the calendar through the shadow registers after Calendar initialization, calendar update or after wakeup from low power modes the software must first clear the RSF flag. The software must then wait until it is set again before reading the calendar, which means that the calendar registers have been correctly copied into the RTC\_TR and RTC\_DR shadow registers.

### HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Add1Hour

## Function name

**void HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Add1Hour (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

## Function description

Daylight Saving Time, adds one hour to the calendar in one single operation without going through the initialization procedure.

## Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

## Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Sub1Hour

## Function name

**void HAL\_RTC\_DST\_Sub1Hour (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

## Function description

Daylight Saving Time, subtracts one hour from the calendar in one single operation without going through the initialization procedure.

## Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

## Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_RTC\_DST\_SetStoreOperation

## Function name

**void HAL\_RTC\_DST\_SetStoreOperation (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

## Function description

Daylight Saving Time, sets the store operation bit.

## Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- It can be used by the software in order to memorize the DST status.

## HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ClearStoreOperation

### Function name

**void HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ClearStoreOperation (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Daylight Saving Time, clears the store operation bit.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ReadStoreOperation

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RTC\_DST\_ReadStoreOperation (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Daylight Saving Time, reads the store operation bit.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: RTC handle

### Return values

- **operation**: see RTC\_StoreOperation\_Definitions

## HAL\_RTC\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_RTCStateTypeDef HAL\_RTC\_GetState (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Returns the RTC state.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## RTC\_EnterInitMode

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef RTC\_EnterInitMode (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Enters the RTC Initialization mode.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- The RTC Initialization mode is write protected, use the `__HAL_RTC_WRITEPROTECTION_DISABLE()` before calling this function.

### RTC\_ExitInitMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef RTC\_ExitInitMode (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Exits the RTC Initialization mode.

#### Parameters

- hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- HAL**: status

### RTC\_ByteToBcd2

#### Function name

**uint8\_t RTC\_ByteToBcd2 (uint8\_t number)**

#### Function description

Converts a 2-digit number from decimal to BCD format.

#### Parameters

- number**: decimal-formatted number (from 0 to 99) to be converted

#### Return values

- Converted**: byte

### RTC\_Bcd2ToByte

#### Function name

**uint8\_t RTC\_Bcd2ToByte (uint8\_t number)**

#### Function description

Converts a 2-digit number from BCD to decimal format.

#### Parameters

- number**: BCD-formatted number (from 00 to 99) to be converted

#### Return values

- Converted**: word

## 41.3 RTC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 41.3.1 RTC

RTC

*RTC Alarm Date WeekDay Definitions*

**RTC\_ALARMDATEWEEKDAYSEL\_DATE**

**RTC\_ALARMDATEWEEKDAYSEL\_WEEKDAY**

**RTC Alarm Mask Definitions****RTC\_ALARMMASK\_NONE****RTC\_ALARMMASK\_DATEWEEKDAY****RTC\_ALARMMASK\_HOURS****RTC\_ALARMMASK\_MINUTES****RTC\_ALARMMASK\_SECONDS****RTC\_ALARMMASK\_ALL****RTC Alarms Definitions****RTC\_ALARM\_A****RTC\_ALARM\_B****RTC Alarm Sub Seconds Masks Definitions****RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_ALL**

< All Alarm SS fields are masked. There is no comparison on sub seconds for Alarm SS[14:1] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[0] is compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_1**

SS[14:2] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[1:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_2**

SS[14:3] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[2:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_3**

SS[14:4] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[3:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_4**

SS[14:5] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[4:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_5**

SS[14:6] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[5:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_6**

SS[14:7] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[6:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_7**

SS[14:8] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[7:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_8**

SS[14:9] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[8:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_9**

SS[14:10] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[9:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_10**

SS[14:11] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[10:0] are compared.

**RTC\_ALARMSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_11**

SS[14:12] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[11:0] are compared.

#### RTC\_ALARMSSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_12

SS[14:13] are don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[12:0] are compared.

#### RTC\_ALARMSSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14\_13

SS[14] is don't care in Alarm comparison. Only SS[13:0] are compared.

#### RTC\_ALARMSSUBSECONDMASK\_SS14

SS[14:0] are compared and must match to activate alarm.

#### RTC\_ALARMSSUBSECONDMASK\_NONE

### RTC AM PM Definitions

#### RTC\_HOURFORMAT12\_AM

#### RTC\_HOURFORMAT12\_PM

### RTC DayLight Saving Definitions

#### RTC\_DAYLIGHTSAVING\_SUB1H

#### RTC\_DAYLIGHTSAVING\_ADD1H

#### RTC\_DAYLIGHTSAVING\_NONE

### RTC Exported Macros

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

##### Description:

- Reset RTC handle state.

##### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

##### Return value:

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WRITEPROTECTION\_DISABLE

##### Description:

- Disable the write protection for RTC registers.

##### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

##### Return value:

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WRITEPROTECTION\_ENABLE

##### Description:

- Enable the write protection for RTC registers.

##### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

##### Return value:

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_IS\_CALENDAR\_INITIALIZED**

**Description:**

- Check whether the RTC Calendar is initialized.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARMA\_ENABLE**

**Description:**

- Enable the RTC ALARMA peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARMA\_DISABLE**

**Description:**

- Disable the RTC ALARMA peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARMB\_ENABLE**

**Description:**

- Enable the RTC ALARMB peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARMB\_DISABLE**

**Description:**

- Disable the RTC ALARMB peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None



## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the RTC Alarm interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Alarm interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RTC_IT_ALRA`: Alarm A interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_ALRB`: Alarm B interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Alarm interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Alarm interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RTC_IT_ALRA`: Alarm A interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_ALRB`: Alarm B interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Alarm interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Alarm interrupt to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_ALRA`: Alarm A interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_ALRB`: Alarm B interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the selected RTC Alarm's flag status.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the RTC Alarm Flag to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_FLAG_ALRAF`: Alarm A interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_ALRAWF`: Alarm A 'write allowed' flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_ALRBF`: Alarm B interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_ALRBWF`: Alarm B 'write allowed' flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the RTC Alarm's pending flags.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the RTC Alarm flag to be cleared. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_FLAG_ALRAF`
  - `RTC_FLAG_ALRBF`

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Alarm interrupt has been enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Alarm interrupt sources to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_ALRA`: Alarm A interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_ALRB`: Alarm B interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable interrupt on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable interrupt on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT

### Description:

- Enable event on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT

### Description:

- Disable event on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

### Description:

- Enable falling edge trigger on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

### Return value:

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE**

**Description:**

- Disable falling edge trigger on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE**

**Description:**

- Enable rising edge trigger on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE**

**Description:**

- Disable rising edge trigger on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE**

**Description:**

- Enable rising & falling edge trigger on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE**

**Description:**

- Disable rising & falling edge trigger on the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG**

**Description:**

- Check whether the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line interrupt flag is set or not.

**Return value:**

- Line: Status.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG**

**Description:**

- Clear the RTC Alarm associated EXTI line flag.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_ALARM\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT**

**Description:**

- Generate a Software interrupt on RTC Alarm associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### **RTC Flags Definitions**

#### **RTC\_FLAG\_RECALPF**

Recalibration pending flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_TAMP3F**

Tamper 3 event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_TAMP2F**

Tamper 2 event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_TAMP1F**

Tamper 1 event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_TSOVF**

Timestamp overflow flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_TSF**

Timestamp event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_WUTF**

Wakeup timer event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_ALRBF**

Alarm B event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_ALRAF**

Alarm A event flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_INITF**

RTC in initialization mode flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_RSF**

Register synchronization flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_INITS**

RTC initialization status flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_SHPF**

Shift operation pending flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_WUTWF**

WUTR register write allowance flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_ALRBWF**

ALRMBR register write allowance flag

**RTC\_FLAG\_ALRAWF**

ALRMAR register write allowance flag

***RTC Hour Formats*****RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_24****RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_12*****RTC Input Parameter Format Definitions*****RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN****RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD*****RTC Interrupts Definitions***

**RTC\_IT\_TS**

Enable Timestamp Interrupt

**RTC\_IT\_WUT**

Enable Wakeup timer Interrupt

**RTC\_IT\_ALRB**

Enable Alarm B Interrupt

**RTC\_IT\_ALRA**

Enable Alarm A Interrupt

***RTC Private macros to check input parameters*****IS\_RTC\_HOUR\_FORMAT****IS\_RTC\_OUTPUT****IS\_RTC\_OUTPUT\_REMAP****IS\_RTC\_OUTPUT\_POL****IS\_RTC\_OUTPUT\_TYPE****IS\_RTC\_ASYNCH\_PREDIV****IS\_RTC\_SYNCH\_PREDIV****IS\_RTC\_HOUR12****IS\_RTC\_HOUR24****IS\_RTC\_MINUTES****IS\_RTC\_SECONDS****IS\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT12****IS\_RTC\_DAYLIGHT\_SAVING****IS\_RTC\_STORE\_OPERATION****IS\_RTC\_FORMAT****IS\_RTC\_YEAR****IS\_RTC\_MONTH****IS\_RTC\_DATE****IS\_RTC\_WEEKDAY****IS\_RTC\_ALARM\_DATE\_WEEKDAY\_DATE****IS\_RTC\_ALARM\_DATE\_WEEKDAY\_WEEKDAY**

IS\_RTC\_ALARM\_DATE\_WEEKDAY\_SEL

IS\_RTC\_ALARM\_MASK

IS\_RTC\_ALARM

IS\_RTC\_ALARM\_SUB\_SECOND\_VALUE

IS\_RTC\_ALARM\_SUB\_SECOND\_MASK

***RTC Month Date Definitions (in BCD format)***

RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY

RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY

RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH

RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL

RTC\_MONTH\_MAY

RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE

RTC\_MONTH\_JULY

RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST

RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTEMBER

RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER

RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER

RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER

***RTC Output ALARM OUT Remap***

RTC\_OUTPUT\_REMAP\_NONE

RTC\_OUTPUT\_REMAP\_POS1

***RTC Output Polarity Definitions***

RTC\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_HIGH

RTC\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_LOW

***RTC Output Selection Definitions***

RTC\_OUTPUT\_DISABLE

RTC\_OUTPUT\_ALARMA

RTC\_OUTPUT\_ALARM\_B

## RTC\_OUTPUT\_WAKEUP

### *RTC Output Type ALARM OUT*

RTC\_OUTPUT\_TYPE\_OPENDRAIN

RTC\_OUTPUT\_TYPE\_PUSHPULL

### *RTC Store Operation Definitions*

RTC\_STOREOPERATION\_RESET

RTC\_STOREOPERATION\_SET

### *RTC WeekDay Definitions*

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY

RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## 42 HAL RTC Extension Driver

### 42.1 RTCEX Firmware driver registers structures

#### 42.1.1 RTC\_TamperTypeDef

**RTC\_TamperTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_rtc_ex.h`

Data Fields

- `uint32_t Tamper`
- `uint32_t Interrupt`
- `uint32_t Trigger`
- `uint32_t NoErase`
- `uint32_t MaskFlag`
- `uint32_t Filter`
- `uint32_t SamplingFrequency`
- `uint32_t PrechargeDuration`
- `uint32_t TamperPullUp`
- `uint32_t TimeStampOnTamperDetection`

Field Documentation

- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::Tamper`  
Specifies the Tamper Pin. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Pin\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::Interrupt`  
Specifies the Tamper Interrupt. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Interrupt\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::Trigger`  
Specifies the Tamper Trigger. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Trigger\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::NoErase`  
Specifies the Tamper no erase mode. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_EraseBackUp\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::MaskFlag`  
Specifies the Tamper Flag masking. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_MaskFlag\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::Filter`  
Specifies the RTC Filter Tamper. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Filter\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::SamplingFrequency`  
Specifies the sampling frequency. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Sampling\\_Frequencies\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::PrechargeDuration`  
Specifies the Precharge Duration . This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Pin\\_Precharge\\_Duration\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::TamperPullUp`  
Specifies the Tamper PullUp . This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_Pull\\_Up\\_Definitions](#)
- `uint32_t RTC_TamperTypeDef::TimeStampOnTamperDetection`  
Specifies the TimeStampOnTamperDetection. This parameter can be a value of [RTCEX\\_Tamper\\_TimeStampOnTamperDetection\\_Definitions](#)

### 42.2 RTCEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RTCEX library.

#### 42.2.1 How to use this driver

- Enable the RTC domain access.
- Configure the RTC Prescaler (Asynchronous and Synchronous) and RTC hour format using the `HAL_RTC_Init()` function.



### RTC Wakeup configuration

- To configure the RTC Wakeup Clock source and Counter use the `HAL_RTCEX_SetWakeUpTimer()` function. You can also configure the RTC Wakeup timer in interrupt mode using the `HAL_RTCEX_SetWakeUpTimer_IT()` function.
- To read the RTC Wakeup Counter register, use the `HAL_RTCEX_GetWakeUpTimer()` function.

### Timestamp configuration

- To configure the RTC Timestamp use the `HAL_RTCEX_SetTimeStamp()` function. You can also configure the RTC Timestamp with interrupt mode using the `HAL_RTCEX_SetTimeStamp_IT()` function.
- To read the RTC Timestamp Time and Date register, use the `HAL_RTCEX_GetTimeStamp()` function.
- The Timestamp alternate function is mapped to `RTC_AF1` (PC13).

### Tamper configuration

- To Enable the RTC Tamper and configure the Tamper filter count, trigger Edge or Level according to the Tamper filter value (if equal to 0 Edge else Level), sampling frequency, NoErase, MaskFlag, precharge or discharge and Pull-UP use the `HAL_RTCEX_SetTamper()` function. You can configure RTC Tamper in interrupt mode using `HAL_RTCEX_SetTamper_IT()` function.
- The default configuration of the Tamper erases the backup registers. To avoid this, enable the NoErase field on the `RTC_TAMPCR` register.
- The `TAMPER1` alternate function is mapped to `RTC_AF1` (PC13).
- The `TAMPER2` alternate function is mapped to `RTC_AF2` (PA0).
- The `TAMPER3` alternate function is mapped to `RTC_AF3` (PE6).

### Backup Data Registers configuration

- To write to the RTC Backup Data registers, use the `HAL_RTCEX_BKUPWrite()` function.
- To read the RTC Backup Data registers, use the `HAL_RTCEX_BKUPRead()` function.

### Smooth Digital Calibration configuration

- RTC frequency can be digitally calibrated with a resolution of about 0.954 ppm with a range from -487.1 ppm to +488.5 ppm. The correction of the frequency is performed using a series of small adjustments (adding and/or subtracting individual `RTCCLK` pulses).
- The smooth digital calibration is performed during a cycle of about  $2^{20}$  `RTCCLK` pulses (or 32 seconds) when the input frequency is 32,768 Hz. This cycle is maintained by a 20-bit counter clocked by `RTCCLK`.
- The smooth calibration register (`RTC_CALR`) specifies the number of `RTCCLK` clock cycles to be masked during the 32-second cycle.
- The RTC Smooth Digital Calibration value and the corresponding calibration cycle period (32s, 16s, or 8s) can be calibrated using the `HAL_RTCEX_SetSmoothCalib()` function.

### Outputs configuration

The RTC has 2 different outputs:

- `RTC_ALARM`: this output is used to manage the RTC Alarm A, Alarm B and WaKeUp signals. To output the selected RTC signal, use the `HAL_RTC_Init()` function.
- `RTC_CALIB`: this output is 512Hz signal or 1Hz. To enable the `RTC_CALIB`, use the `HAL_RTCEX_SetCalibrationOutPut()` function.
- Two pins can be used as `RTC_ALARM` or `RTC_CALIB` output, selected through bit `OUT_RMP` of the `RTC_OR` register: - (PC13, PB14) for STM32L05x/6x/7x/8x - (PA2, PB14) for STM32L03x/4x
- When the `RTC_CALIB` or `RTC_ALARM` output is selected, the `RTC_OUT` pin is automatically configured in output alternate function.

## 42.2.2

### RTC Timestamp and Tamper functions

This section provides functions allowing to configure Timestamp feature  
This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetTimeStamp()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetTimeStamp\_IT()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateTimeStamp()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_GetTimeStamp()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetTamper()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetTamper\_IT()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateTamper()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_TamperTimeStampIRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_TimeStampEventCallback()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper1EventCallback()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper2EventCallback()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper3EventCallback()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTimeStampEvent()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper1Event()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper2Event()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper3Event()*

### 42.2.3 RTC Wakeup functions

This section provides functions allowing to configure Wakeup feature

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetWakeUpTimer()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetWakeUpTimer\_IT()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateWakeUpTimer()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_GetWakeUpTimer()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_WakeUpTimerIRQHandler()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_WakeUpTimerEventCallback()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForWakeUpTimerEvent()*

### 42.2.4 Extended Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to

- Write a data in a specified RTC Backup data register
- Read a data in a specified RTC Backup data register
- Set the Smooth calibration parameters.
- Configure the Synchronization Shift Control Settings.
- Configure the Calibration Pinout (RTC\_CALIB) Selection (1Hz or 512Hz).
- Deactivate the Calibration Pinout (RTC\_CALIB) Selection (1Hz or 512Hz).
- Enable the RTC reference clock detection.
- Disable the RTC reference clock detection.
- Enable the Bypass Shadow feature.
- Disable the Bypass Shadow feature.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_RTCEx\_BKUPWrite()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_BKUPRead()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetSmoothCalib()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetSynchroShift()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetCalibrationOutPut()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateCalibrationOutPut()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_SetRefClock()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateRefClock()*
- *HAL\_RTCEx\_EnableBypassShadow()*

- [HAL\\_RTCEx\\_DisableBypassShadow\(\)](#)

## 42.2.5 Extended features functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- RTC Alarm B callback
- RTC Poll for Alarm B request

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_RTCEx\\_AlarmBEventCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_RTCEx\\_PollForAlarmBEvent\(\)](#)

## 42.2.6 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_RTCEx\_SetTimeStamp

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_RTCEx_SetTimeStamp (RTC_HandleTypeDef * hrtc, uint32_t
RTC_TimeStampEdge, uint32_t RTC_TimeStampPin)
```

#### Function description

Sets Timestamp.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **RTC\_TimeStampEdge**: Specifies the pin edge on which the Timestamp is activated. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_TIMESTAMPEdge\_RISING: the Timestamp event occurs on the rising edge of the related pin.
  - RTC\_TIMESTAMPEdge\_FALLING: the Timestamp event occurs on the falling edge of the related pin.
- **RTC\_TimeStampPin**: Specifies the RTC Timestamp Pin. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_TIMESTAMPPIN\_DEFAULT: PC13 is selected as RTC Timestamp Pin.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### Notes

- This API must be called before enabling the Timestamp feature.
- RTC\_TIMESTAMPPIN\_DEFAULT corresponds to pin: PC13 in the case of STM32L05x/6x/7x/8x devices PA2 in the case of STM32L01x/2x/3x/4x devices
- Although unused, parameter RTC\_TimeStampPin has been kept for portability reasons.

### HAL\_RTCEx\_SetTimeStamp\_IT

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_RTCEx_SetTimeStamp_IT (RTC_HandleTypeDef * hrtc, uint32_t
RTC_TimeStampEdge, uint32_t RTC_TimeStampPin)
```

#### Function description

Sets Timestamp with Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **RTC\_TimeStampEdge**: Specifies the pin edge on which the Timestamp is activated. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_TIMESTAMPEdge\_RISING: the Timestamp event occurs on the rising edge of the related pin.
  - RTC\_TIMESTAMPEdge\_FALLING: the Timestamp event occurs on the falling edge of the related pin.
- **RTC\_TimeStampPin**: Specifies the RTC Timestamp Pin. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_TIMESTAMPPIN\_DEFAULT: PC13 is selected as RTC Timestamp Pin.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This API must be called before enabling the Timestamp feature.
- RTC\_TIMESTAMPPIN\_DEFAULT corresponds to pin: PC13 in the case of STM32L05x/6x/7x/8x devices PA2 in the case of STM32L01x/2x/3x/4x devices
- Although unused, parameter RTC\_TimeStampPin has been kept for portability reasons.

## HAL\_RTCEX\_DeactivateTimeStamp

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_DeactivateTimeStamp (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Deactivates Timestamp.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_RTCEX\_GetTimeStamp

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_GetTimeStamp (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_TimeTypeDef \* sTimeStamp, RTC\_DateTypeDef \* sTimeStampDate, uint32\_t Format)**

### Function description

Gets the RTC Timestamp value.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sTimeStamp**: Pointer to Time structure
- **sTimeStampDate**: Pointer to Date structure
- **Format**: specifies the format of the entered parameters. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN: Binary data format
  - RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD: BCD data format

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_RTCEX\_SetTamper

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_SetTamper (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_TamperTypeDef \* sTamper)**

### Function description

Sets Tamper.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sTamper**: Pointer to Tamper Structure.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- By calling this API the tamper global interrupt will be disabled and the selected tamper's interrupt as well.

## HAL\_RTCEX\_SetTamper\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_SetTamper\_IT (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, RTC\_TamperTypeDef \* sTamper)**

### Function description

Sets Tamper with interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **sTamper**: Pointer to RTC Tamper.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- By setting the tamper global interrupt bit, interrupts will be enabled for all tampers.

## HAL\_RTCEX\_DeactivateTamper

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_DeactivateTamper (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Tamper)**

### Function description

Deactivates Tamper.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Tamper**: Selected tamper pin. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - RTC\_TAMPER\_1: Tamper 1
  - RTC\_TAMPER\_2: Tamper 2
  - RTC\_TAMPER\_3: Tamper 3

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- By calling this API the tamper global interrupt will be disabled.
- RTC\_TAMPER\_1 is not applicable to all devices.
- RTC\_TAMPER\_3 is not applicable to all devices.

### HAL\_RTCEx\_TamperTimeStampIRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_TamperTimeStampIRQHandler (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Handles Timestamp and Tamper interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper1EventCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper1EventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Tamper 1 callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper2EventCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper2EventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Tamper 2 callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper3EventCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_Tamper3EventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Tamper 3 callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_RTCEx\_TimeStampEventCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_TimeStampEventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

#### Function description

Timestamp callback.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTimeStampEvent**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTimeStampEvent (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Handles Timestamp polling request.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper1Event**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper1Event (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Handles Tamper 1 Polling.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc:** pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper2Event**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper2Event (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Handles Tamper 2 Polling.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper3Event

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForTamper3Event (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Handles Tamper 3 Polling.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_RTCEx\_SetWakeUpTimer

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_SetWakeUpTimer (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t WakeUpCounter, uint32\_t WakeUpClock)**

#### Function description

Sets wakeup timer.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **WakeUpCounter**: Wakeup counter
- **WakeUpClock**: Wakeup clock

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_RTCEx\_SetWakeUpTimer\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_SetWakeUpTimer\_IT (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t WakeUpCounter, uint32\_t WakeUpClock)**

#### Function description

Sets wakeup timer with interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **WakeUpCounter**: Wakeup counter
- **WakeUpClock**: Wakeup clock

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status



## HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateWakeUpTimer

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateWakeUpTimer (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Deactivates wakeup timer counter.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_RTCEx\_GetWakeUpTimer

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RTCEx\_GetWakeUpTimer (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Gets wakeup timer counter.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **Counter**: value

## HAL\_RTCEx\_WakeUpTimerIRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_WakeUpTimerIRQHandler (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Handles Wakeup Timer interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_RTCEx\_WakeUpTimerEventCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_WakeUpTimerEventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Wakeup Timer callback.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForWakeUpTimerEvent

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForWakeUpTimerEvent (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Handles Wakeup Timer Polling.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_RTCEx\_BKUPWrite

### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_BKUPWrite (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t BackupRegister, uint32\_t Data)**

### Function description

Writes a data in a specified RTC Backup data register.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **BackupRegister**: RTC Backup data Register number. This parameter can be: RTC\_BKP\_DRx (where x can be from 0 to 4) to specify the register.
- **Data**: Data to be written in the specified RTC Backup data register.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_RTCEx\_BKUPRead

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_RTCEx\_BKUPRead (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t BackupRegister)**

### Function description

Reads data from the specified RTC Backup data Register.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **BackupRegister**: RTC Backup data Register number. This parameter can be: RTC\_BKP\_DRx (where x can be from 0 to 4) to specify the register.

### Return values

- **Read**: value

## HAL\_RTCEx\_SetSmoothCalib

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_SetSmoothCalib (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t SmoothCalibPeriod, uint32\_t SmoothCalibPlusPulses, uint32\_t SmoothCalibMinusPulsesValue)**

### Function description

Sets the Smooth calibration parameters.

## Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **SmoothCalibPeriod**: Select the Smooth Calibration Period. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PERIOD\_32SEC: The smooth calibration period is 32s.
  - RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PERIOD\_16SEC: The smooth calibration period is 16s.
  - RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PERIOD\_8SEC: The smooth calibration period is 8s.
- **SmoothCalibPlusPulses**: Select to Set or reset the CALP bit. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PLUSPULSES\_SET: Add one RTCCLK pulse every 2\*11 pulses.
  - RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PLUSPULSES\_RESET: No RTCCLK pulses are added.
- **SmoothCalibMinusPulsesValue**: Select the value of CALM[8:0] bits. This parameter can be any value from 0 to 0x000001FF.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- To deactivate the smooth calibration, the field SmoothCalibPlusPulses must be equal to SMOOTHCALIB\_PLUSPULSES\_RESET and the field SmoothCalibMinusPulsesValue must be equal to 0.

### HAL\_RTCEX\_SetSynchroShift

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_SetSynchroShift (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t ShiftAdd1S, uint32\_t ShiftSubFS)**

## Function description

Configures the Synchronization Shift Control Settings.

## Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **ShiftAdd1S**: Select to add or not 1 second to the time calendar. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_SHIFTADD1S\_SET: Add one second to the clock calendar.
  - RTC\_SHIFTADD1S\_RESET: No effect.
- **ShiftSubFS**: Select the number of Second Fractions to substitute. This parameter can be any value from 0 to 0x7FFF.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When REFCKON is set, firmware must not write to Shift control register.

### HAL\_RTCEX\_SetCalibrationOutPut

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEX\_SetCalibrationOutPut (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t CalibOutput)**

## Function description

Configures the Calibration Pinout (RTC\_CALIB) Selection (1Hz or 512Hz).

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **CalibOutput**: Select the Calibration output Selection. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - RTC\_CALIBOUTPUT\_512HZ: A signal has a regular waveform at 512Hz.
  - RTC\_CALIBOUTPUT\_1HZ: A signal has a regular waveform at 1Hz.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateCalibrationOutPut

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateCalibrationOutPut (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Deactivates the Calibration Pinout (RTC\_CALIB) Selection (1Hz or 512Hz).

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_RTCEx\_SetRefClock

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_SetRefClock (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Enables the RTC reference clock detection.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateRefClock

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_DeactivateRefClock (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Disable the RTC reference clock detection.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_RTCEx\_EnableBypassShadow

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_EnableBypassShadow (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Enables the Bypass Shadow feature.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- When the Bypass Shadow is enabled the calendar value are taken directly from the Calendar counter.

### HAL\_RTCEx\_DisableBypassShadow

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_DisableBypassShadow (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Disables the Bypass Shadow feature.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- When the Bypass Shadow is enabled the calendar value are taken directly from the Calendar counter.

### HAL\_RTCEx\_AlarmBEventCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_RTCEx\_AlarmBEventCallback (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc)**

### Function description

Alarm B callback.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForAlarmBEvent

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RTCEx\_PollForAlarmBEvent (RTC\_HandleTypeDef \* hrtc, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Handles Alarm B Polling request.

### Parameters

- **hrtc**: pointer to a RTC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for RTC.
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## 42.3 RTCEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 42.3.1 RTCEx

RTCEx

*RTCEx Add 1 Second Parameter Definitions*

RTC\_SHIFTADD1S\_RESET

RTC\_SHIFTADD1S\_SET

*RTCEx Backup Registers Definitions*

RTC\_BKP\_DR0

RTC\_BKP\_DR1

RTC\_BKP\_DR2

RTC\_BKP\_DR3

RTC\_BKP\_DR4

*RTCEx Calibration*

\_\_HAL\_RTC\_CALIBRATION\_OUTPUT\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the RTC calibration output.

**Parameters:**

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

\_\_HAL\_RTC\_CALIBRATION\_OUTPUT\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the calibration output.

**Parameters:**

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

\_\_HAL\_RTC\_CLOCKREF\_DETECTION\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the clock reference detection.

**Parameters:**

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_CLOCKREF\_DETECTION\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the clock reference detection.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_SHIFT\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the selected RTC shift operation's flag status.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.
- \_\_FLAG\_\_: specifies the RTC shift operation Flag is pending or not. This parameter can be:
  - RTC\_FLAG\_SHPF: Shift pending flag

### Return value:

- None

### *RTCEX Calib Output Selection Definitions*

RTC\_CALIBOUTPUT\_512HZ

RTC\_CALIBOUTPUT\_1HZ

### *Private macros to check input parameters*

IS\_RTC\_BKP

IS\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_PIN

IS\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_PIN

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_INTERRUPT

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TRIGGER

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ERASE\_MODE

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASKFLAG\_STATE

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_CONFIG\_CORRECT

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLING\_FREQ

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_PRECHARGE\_DURATION

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_PULLUP\_STATE

IS\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMPONTAMPER\_DETECTION

IS\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_CLOCK

IS\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_COUNTER

IS\_RTC\_SMOOTH\_CALIB\_PERIOD

IS\_RTC\_SMOOTH\_CALIB\_PLUS

IS\_RTC\_SMOOTH\_CALIB\_MINUS

IS\_RTC\_SHIFT\_ADD1S

IS\_RTC\_SHIFT\_SUBFS

IS\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT

#### **RTCEX Smooth Calib Period Definitions**

RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PERIOD\_32SEC

If RTCCLK = 32768 Hz, smooth calibration period is 32s, otherwise  $2^{20}$  RTCCLK pulses

RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PERIOD\_16SEC

If RTCCLK = 32768 Hz, smooth calibration period is 16s, otherwise  $2^{19}$  RTCCLK pulses

RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PERIOD\_8SEC

If RTCCLK = 32768 Hz, smooth calibration period is 8s, otherwise  $2^{18}$  RTCCLK pulses

#### **RTCEX Smooth Calib Plus Pulses Definitions**

RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PLUSPULSES\_SET

The number of RTCCLK pulses added during a X -second window =  $Y - CALM[8:0]$  with  $Y = 512, 256, 128$  when  $X = 32, 16, 8$

RTC\_SMOOTHCALIB\_PLUSPULSES\_RESET

The number of RTCCLK pulses subbstituted during a 32-second window =  $CALM[8:0]$

#### **RTCEX Tamper**

\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER1\_ENABLE

##### **Description:**

- Enable the RTC Tamper1 input detection.

##### **Parameters:**

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

##### **Return value:**

- None

\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER1\_DISABLE

##### **Description:**

- Disable the RTC Tamper1 input detection.

##### **Parameters:**

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

##### **Return value:**

- None



## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER2\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the RTC Tamper2 input detection.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER2\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Tamper2 input detection.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER3\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the RTC Tamper3 input detection.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER3\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Tamper3 input detection.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the RTC Tamper interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Tamper interrupt sources to be enabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP`: Tamper global interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP1`: Tamper 1 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP2`: Tamper 2 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP3`: Tamper 3 interrupt

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- `RTC_IT_TAMP1` is not applicable to all devices. `RTC_IT_TAMP3` is not applicable to all devices.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Tamper interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Tamper interrupt sources to be disabled. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP`: Tamper global interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP1`: Tamper 1 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP2`: Tamper 2 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP3`: Tamper 3 interrupt

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- `RTC_IT_TAMP1` is not applicable to all devices. `RTC_IT_TAMP3` is not applicable to all devices.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Tamper interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Tamper interrupt to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP1`: Tamper 1 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP2`: Tamper 2 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP3`: Tamper 3 interrupt

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- `RTC_IT_TAMP1` is not applicable to all devices. `RTC_IT_TAMP3` is not applicable to all devices.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Tamper interrupt has been enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Tamper interrupt source to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP`: Tamper global interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP1`: Tamper 1 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP2`: Tamper 2 interrupt
  - `RTC_IT_TAMP3`: Tamper 3 interrupt

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- `RTC_IT_TAMP1` is not applicable to all devices. `RTC_IT_TAMP3` is not applicable to all devices.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the selected RTC Tamper's flag status.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the RTC Tamper flag to be checked. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_FLAG_TAMP1F`: Tamper 1 interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_TAMP2F`: Tamper 2 interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_TAMP3F`: Tamper 3 interrupt flag

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- `RTC_FLAG_TAMP1F` is not applicable to all devices. `RTC_FLAG_TAMP3F` is not applicable to all devices.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the RTC Tamper's pending flags.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the RTC Tamper Flag to clear. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_FLAG_TAMP1F`: Tamper 1 interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_TAMP2F`: Tamper 2 interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_TAMP3F`: Tamper 3 interrupt flag

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- `RTC_FLAG_TAMP1F` is not applicable to all devices. `RTC_FLAG_TAMP3F` is not applicable to all devices.

## RTCEX Tamper EraseBackUp Definitions

### RTC\_TAMPER\_ERASE\_BACKUP\_ENABLE

### RTC\_TAMPER\_ERASE\_BACKUP\_DISABLE

## RTCEX Tamper Filter Definitions

### RTC\_TAMPERFILTER\_DISABLE

Tamper filter is disabled

### RTC\_TAMPERFILTER\_2SAMPLE

Tamper is activated after 2 consecutive samples at the active level

### RTC\_TAMPERFILTER\_4SAMPLE

Tamper is activated after 4 consecutive samples at the active level

### RTC\_TAMPERFILTER\_8SAMPLE

Tamper is activated after 8 consecutive samples at the active level

### RTC\_TAMPERFILTER\_MASK

Masking all bits except those of field `TAMPFLT`

***RTCEX Tamper Interrupt Definitions*****RTC\_IT\_TAMP**

Enable global Tamper Interrupt

**RTC\_IT\_TAMP1**

Enable Tamper 1 Interrupt

**RTC\_IT\_TAMP2**

Enable Tamper 2 Interrupt

**RTC\_IT\_TAMP3**

Enable Tamper 3 Interrupt

***RTCEX Tamper MaskFlag Definitions*****RTC\_TAMPERMASK\_FLAG\_DISABLE****RTC\_TAMPERMASK\_FLAG\_ENABLE*****RTCEX Tamper Pins Definitions*****RTC\_TAMPER\_1****RTC\_TAMPER\_2****RTC\_TAMPER\_3*****RTCEX Tamper Pin Precharge Duration Definitions*****RTC\_TAMPERPRECHARGEDURATION\_1RTCCLK**

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 1 RTCCLK cycle

**RTC\_TAMPERPRECHARGEDURATION\_2RTCCLK**

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 2 RTCCLK cycles

**RTC\_TAMPERPRECHARGEDURATION\_4RTCCLK**

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 4 RTCCLK cycles

**RTC\_TAMPERPRECHARGEDURATION\_8RTCCLK**

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 8 RTCCLK cycles

**RTC\_TAMPERPRECHARGEDURATION\_MASK**

Masking all bits except those of field TAMPPRCH

***RTC tamper Pins Selection*****RTC\_TAMPERPIN\_DEFAULT*****RTCEX Tamper Pull Up Definitions*****RTC\_TAMPER\_PULLUP\_ENABLE**

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling

**RTC\_TAMPER\_PULLUP\_DISABLE**

Tamper pins are not pre-charged before sampling

## RTC\_TAMPER\_PULLUP\_MASK

Masking all bits except bit TAMPPUDIS

### *RTCEX Tamper Sampling Frequencies Definitions*

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV32768

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 32768$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV16384

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 16384$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV8192

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 8192$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV4096

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 4096$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV2048

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 2048$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV1024

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 1024$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV512

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 512$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_DIV256

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 256$

## RTC\_TAMPERSAMPLINGFREQ\_RTCCLK\_MASK

Masking all bits except those of field TAMPFREQ

### *EXTI RTC Tamper Timestamp EXTI*

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT

#### **Description:**

- Enable interrupt on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

#### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT

#### **Description:**

- Disable interrupt on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

#### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT

#### **Description:**

- Enable event on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

#### **Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT****Description:**

- Disable event on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Enable falling edge trigger on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Disable falling edge trigger on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Enable rising edge trigger on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Disable rising edge trigger on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Enable rising & falling edge trigger on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE****Description:**

- Disable rising & falling edge trigger on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

**\_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG****Description:**

- Check whether the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line interrupt flag is set or not.

**Return value:**

- Line: Status.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line flag.

### Return value:

- None.

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_TIMESTAMP\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

### Description:

- Generate a Software interrupt on the RTC Tamper and Timestamp associated EXTI line.

### Return value:

- None.

## RTCEX Tamper TimeStamp On Tamper Detection Definitions

### RTC\_TIMESTAMPONTAMPERDETECTION\_ENABLE

TimeStamp on Tamper Detection event saved

### RTC\_TIMESTAMPONTAMPERDETECTION\_DISABLE

TimeStamp on Tamper Detection event is not saved

### RTC\_TIMESTAMPONTAMPERDETECTION\_MASK

Masking all bits except bit TAMPTS

## RTCEX Tamper Triggers Definitions

### RTC\_TAMPERTRIGGER\_RISINGEDGE

### RTC\_TAMPERTRIGGER\_FALLINGEDGE

### RTC\_TAMPERTRIGGER\_LOWLEVEL

### RTC\_TAMPERTRIGGER\_HIGHLEVEL

## RTCEX Timestamp

### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_ENABLE

#### Description:

- Enable the RTC Timestamp peripheral.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

#### Return value:

- None

### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_DISABLE

#### Description:

- Disable the RTC Timestamp peripheral.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.

#### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the RTC Timestamp interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Timestamp interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_TS`: TimeStamp interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Timestamp interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Timestamp interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_TS`: TimeStamp interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Timestamp interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Timestamp interrupt to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_TS`: TimeStamp interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Timestamp interrupt has been enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Timestamp interrupt source to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_TS`: TimeStamp interrupt

### Return value:

- None



## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Get the selected RTC Timestamp's flag status.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.
- \_\_FLAG\_\_: specifies the RTC Timestamp flag to check. This parameter can be:
  - RTC\_FLAG\_TSF: Timestamp interrupt flag
  - RTC\_FLAG\_TSOVF: Timestamp overflow flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the RTC Timestamp's pending flags.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.
- \_\_FLAG\_\_: specifies the RTC Timestamp flag to clear. This parameter can be:
  - RTC\_FLAG\_TSF: Timestamp interrupt flag
  - RTC\_FLAG\_TSOVF: Timestamp overflow flag

### Return value:

- None

## RTCEX Timestamp Edges Definitions

### RTC\_TIMESTAMPEDGE\_RISING

### RTC\_TIMESTAMPEDGE\_FALLING

## RTC Timestamp Pin Selection

### RTC\_TIMESTAMPPIN\_DEFAULT

## RTCEX WakeUp Timer

### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the RTC WakeUp Timer peripheral.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Wakeup Timer peripheral.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: specifies the RTC handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the RTC Wakeup Timer interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Wakeup Timer interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_WUT`: Wakeup Timer interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the RTC Wakeup Timer interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Wakeup Timer interrupt sources to be enabled or disabled. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_WUT`: Wakeup Timer interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Wakeup Timer interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Wakeup Timer interrupt to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_WUT`: Wakeup Timer interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified RTC Wakeup timer interrupt has been enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the RTC Wakeup timer interrupt sources to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_IT_WUT`: WakeUpTimer interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_GET\_FLAG**

### **Description:**

- Get the selected RTC Wakeup Timer's flag status.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the RTC Wakeup Timer flag to check. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_FLAG_WUTF`: Wakeup Timer interrupt flag
  - `RTC_FLAG_WUTWF`: Wakeup Timer 'write allowed' flag

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_CLEAR\_FLAG**

### **Description:**

- Clear the RTC Wakeup timer's pending flags.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the RTC handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the RTC Wakeup Timer Flag to clear. This parameter can be:
  - `RTC_FLAG_WUTF`: Wakeup Timer interrupt Flag

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_IT**

### **Description:**

- Enable interrupt on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_IT**

### **Description:**

- Disable interrupt on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_EVENT**

### **Description:**

- Enable event on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

### **Return value:**

- None.

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_EVENT**

### **Description:**

- Disable event on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

### **Return value:**

- None.

## **\_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE**

### **Description:**

- Enable falling edge trigger on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

### **Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable falling edge trigger on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Enable rising edge trigger on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable rising edge trigger on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_ENABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Enable rising & falling edge trigger on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_DISABLE\_RISING\_FALLING\_EDGE

**Description:**

- Disable rising & falling edge trigger on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_GET\_FLAG

**Description:**

- Check whether the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line interrupt flag is set or not.

**Return value:**

- Line: Status.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_CLEAR\_FLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line flag.

**Return value:**

- None.

#### \_\_HAL\_RTC\_WAKEUPTIMER\_EXTI\_GENERATE\_SWIT

**Description:**

- Generate a Software interrupt on the RTC Wakeup Timer associated EXTI line.

**Return value:**

- None.

### RTCEx Wakeup Timer Definitions

#### RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_RTCCLK\_DIV16

RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_RTCCLK\_DIV8

RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_RTCCLK\_DIV4

RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_RTCCLK\_DIV2

RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CK\_SPRE\_16BITS

RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CK\_SPRE\_17BITS

## 43 HAL SMARTCARD Generic Driver

### 43.1 SMARTCARD Firmware driver registers structures

#### 43.1.1 SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef

**SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_smartcard.h`

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t BaudRate**
- **uint32\_t WordLength**
- **uint32\_t StopBits**
- **uint16\_t Parity**
- **uint16\_t Mode**
- **uint16\_t CLKPolarity**
- **uint16\_t CLKPhase**
- **uint16\_t CLKLastBit**
- **uint16\_t OneBitSampling**
- **uint8\_t Prescaler**
- **uint8\_t GuardTime**
- **uint16\_t NACKEnable**
- **uint32\_t TimeOutEnable**
- **uint32\_t TimeOutValue**
- **uint8\_t BlockLength**
- **uint8\_t AutoRetryCount**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::BaudRate**  
Configures the SmartCard communication baud rate. The baud rate register is computed using the following formula:  $\text{Baud Rate Register} = ((\text{usart\_ker\_ckpres}) / ((\text{hsmartcard} \rightarrow \text{Init.BaudRate})))$  where `usart_ker_ckpres` is the USART input clock divided by a prescaler
- **uint32\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::WordLength**  
Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter **SMARTCARD\_Word\_Length** can only be set to 9 (8 data + 1 parity bits).
- **uint32\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::StopBits**  
Specifies the number of stop bits. This parameter can be a value of **SMARTCARD\_Stop\_Bits**.
- **uint16\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::Parity**  
Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of **SMARTCARD\_Parity**  
**Note:**
  - The parity is enabled by default (PCE is forced to 1). Since the WordLength is forced to 8 bits + parity, M is forced to 1 and the parity bit is the 9th bit.
- **uint16\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
Specifies whether the Receive or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of **SMARTCARD\_Mode**
- **uint16\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::CLKPolarity**  
Specifies the steady state of the serial clock. This parameter can be a value of **SMARTCARD\_Clock\_Polarity**
- **uint16\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::CLKPhase**  
Specifies the clock transition on which the bit capture is made. This parameter can be a value of **SMARTCARD\_Clock\_Phase**
- **uint16\_t SMARTCARD\_InitTypeDef::CLKLastBit**  
Specifies whether the clock pulse corresponding to the last transmitted data bit (MSB) has to be output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode. This parameter can be a value of **SMARTCARD\_Last\_Bit**

- **`uint16_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::OneBitSampling`**  
Specifies whether a single sample or three samples' majority vote is selected. Selecting the single sample method increases the receiver tolerance to clock deviations. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_OneBit\\_Sampling](#).
- **`uint8_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::Prescaler`**  
Specifies the SmartCard Prescaler. This parameter can be any value from 0x01 to 0x1F. Prescaler value is multiplied by 2 to give the division factor of the source clock frequency
- **`uint8_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::GuardTime`**  
Specifies the SmartCard Guard Time applied after stop bits.
- **`uint16_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::NACKEnable`**  
Specifies whether the SmartCard NACK transmission is enabled in case of parity error. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_NACK\\_Enable](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::TimeOutEnable`**  
Specifies whether the receiver timeout is enabled. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_Timeout\\_Enable](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::TimeOutValue`**  
Specifies the receiver time out value in number of baud blocks: it is used to implement the Character Wait Time (CWT) and Block Wait Time (BWT). It is coded over 24 bits.
- **`uint8_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::BlockLength`**  
Specifies the SmartCard Block Length in T=1 Reception mode. This parameter can be any value from 0x0 to 0xFF
- **`uint8_t SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef::AutoRetryCount`**  
Specifies the SmartCard auto-retry count (number of retries in receive and transmit mode). When set to 0, retransmission is disabled. Otherwise, its maximum value is 7 (before signalling an error)

### 43.1.2

#### SMARTCARD\_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef

**SMARTCARD\_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_smartcard.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t AdvFeatureInit`**
- **`uint32_t TxPinLevelInvert`**
- **`uint32_t RxPinLevelInvert`**
- **`uint32_t DataInvert`**
- **`uint32_t Swap`**
- **`uint32_t OverrunDisable`**
- **`uint32_t DMADisableonRxError`**
- **`uint32_t MSBFirst`**
- **`uint16_t TxCompletionIndication`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::AdvFeatureInit`**  
Specifies which advanced SMARTCARD features is initialized. Several advanced features may be initialized at the same time. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARDEx\\_Advanced\\_Features\\_Initialization\\_Type](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::TxPinLevelInvert`**  
Specifies whether the TX pin active level is inverted. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_Tx\\_Inv](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::RxPinLevelInvert`**  
Specifies whether the RX pin active level is inverted. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_Rx\\_Inv](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::DataInvert`**  
Specifies whether data are inverted (positive/direct logic vs negative/inverted logic). This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_Data\\_Inv](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::Swap`**  
Specifies whether TX and RX pins are swapped. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_Rx\\_Tx\\_Swap](#)

- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::OverrunDisable`**  
Specifies whether the reception overrun detection is disabled. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_Overrun\\_Disable](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::DMADisableonRxError`**  
Specifies whether the DMA is disabled in case of reception error. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_DMA\\_Disable\\_on\\_Rx\\_Error](#)
- **`uint32_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::MSBFirst`**  
Specifies whether MSB is sent first on UART line. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARD\\_MSB\\_First](#)
- **`uint16_t SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::TxCompletionIndication`**  
Specifies which transmission completion indication is used: before (when relevant flag is available) or once guard time period has elapsed. This parameter can be a value of [SMARTCARDEx\\_Transmission\\_Completion\\_Indication](#).

### 43.1.3

#### **`__SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef`**

**`__SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef`** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_smartcard.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`USART_TypeDef * Instance`**
- **`SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef Init`**
- **`SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef AdvancedInit`**
- **`const uint8_t * pTxBuffPtr`**
- **`uint16_t TxXferSize`**
- **`__IO uint16_t TxXferCount`**
- **`uint8_t * pRxBuffPtr`**
- **`uint16_t RxXferSize`**
- **`__IO uint16_t RxXferCount`**
- **`void(* RxISR`**
- **`void(* TxISR`**
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdmatx`**
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdmarx`**
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`**
- **`__IO HAL_SMARTCARD_StateTypeDef gState`**
- **`__IO HAL_SMARTCARD_StateTypeDef RxState`**
- **`__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`**
- **`void(* TxCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* RxCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* ErrorCallback`**
- **`void(* AbortCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* AbortTransmitCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* AbortReceiveCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* MspDeInitCallback`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`USART_TypeDef* __SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
USART registers base address
- **`SMARTCARD_InitTypeDef __SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
SmartCard communication parameters
- **`SMARTCARD_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef __SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef::AdvancedInit`**  
SmartCard advanced features initialization parameters
- **`const uint8_t* __SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr`**  
Pointer to SmartCard Tx transfer Buffer
- **`uint16_t __SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize`**  
SmartCard Tx Transfer size



- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount**  
SmartCard Tx Transfer Counter
- **uint8\_t\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr**  
Pointer to SmartCard Rx transfer Buffer
- **uint16\_t \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize**  
SmartCard Rx Transfer size
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount**  
SmartCard Rx Transfer Counter
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::RxISR)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)**  
Function pointer on Rx IRQ handler
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::TxISR)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)**  
Function pointer on Tx IRQ handler
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx**  
SmartCard Tx DMA Handle parameters
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx**  
SmartCard Rx DMA Handle parameters
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
Locking object
- **\_\_IO HAL\_SMARTCARD\_StateTypeDef \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::gState**  
SmartCard state information related to global Handle management and also related to Tx operations. This parameter can be a value of **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_StateTypeDef**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_SMARTCARD\_StateTypeDef \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::RxState**  
SmartCard state information related to Rx operations. This parameter can be a value of **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_StateTypeDef**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
SmartCard Error code
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::TxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Tx Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::RxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Rx Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Error Callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::AbortCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Abort Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::AbortTransmitCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Abort Transmit Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::AbortReceiveCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Abort Receive Complete Callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Msp Init callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct \_\_SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmartcard)**  
SMARTCARD Msp DeInit callback

## 43.2 SMARTCARD Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SMARTCARD library.

### 43.2.1 How to use this driver

The SMARTCARD HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef handle structure (eg. SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef hsmartcard).
2. Associate a USART to the SMARTCARD handle hsmartcard.
3. Initialize the SMARTCARD low level resources by implementing the HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MspInit() API:
  - Enable the USARTx interface clock.
  - USART pins configuration:
    - Enable the clock for the USART GPIOs.
    - Configure the USART pins (TX as alternate function pull-up, RX as alternate function Input).
  - NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process (HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_IT() and HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_IT() APIs):
    - Configure the USARTx interrupt priority.
    - Enable the NVIC USART IRQ handle.
  - DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process (HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_DMA() and HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_DMA() APIs):
    - Declare a DMA handle structure for the Tx/Rx channel.
    - Enable the DMAx interface clock.
    - Configure the declared DMA handle structure with the required Tx/Rx parameters.
    - Configure the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
    - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the SMARTCARD DMA Tx/Rx handle.
    - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
4. Program the Baud Rate, Parity, Mode(Receiver/Transmitter), clock enabling/disabling and accordingly, the clock parameters (parity, phase, last bit), prescaler value, guard time and NACK on transmission error enabling or disabling in the hsmartcard handle Init structure.
5. If required, program SMARTCARD advanced features (TX/RX pins swap, TimeOut, auto-retry counter,...) in the hsmartcard handle AdvancedInit structure.
6. Initialize the SMARTCARD registers by calling the HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init() API:
  - This API configures also the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MspInit() API.

**Note:** *The specific SMARTCARD interrupts (Transmission complete interrupt, RXNE interrupt and Error Interrupts) will be managed using the macros \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ENABLE\_IT() and \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_DISABLE\_IT() inside the transmit and receive process.*

Three operation modes are available within this driver :

#### Polling mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit()
- Receive an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive()

#### Interrupt mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_IT()
- At transmission end of transfer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback()
- Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_IT()
- At reception end of transfer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback()

#### DMA mode IO operation

- Send an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_DMA()
- At transmission end of transfer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback()

- Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_DMA()
- At reception end of transfer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback()

#### SMARTCARD HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in SMARTCARD HAL driver.

- `__HAL_SMARTCARD_GET_FLAG` : Check whether or not the specified SMARTCARD flag is set
- `__HAL_SMARTCARD_CLEAR_FLAG` : Clear the specified SMARTCARD pending flag
- `__HAL_SMARTCARD_ENABLE_IT` : Enable the specified SMARTCARD interrupt
- `__HAL_SMARTCARD_DISABLE_IT` : Disable the specified SMARTCARD interrupt
- `__HAL_SMARTCARD_GET_IT_SOURCE` : Check whether or not the specified SMARTCARD interrupt is enabled

*Note:* You can refer to the SMARTCARD HAL driver header file for more useful macros

### 43.2.2 Callback registration

The compilation define `USE_HAL_SMARTCARD_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function `HAL_SMARTCARD_RegisterCallback()` to register a user callback. Function `HAL_SMARTCARD_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:

- `TxCpltCallback` : Tx Complete Callback.
- `RxCpltCallback` : Rx Complete Callback.
- `ErrorCallback` : Error Callback.
- `AbortCpltCallback` : Abort Complete Callback.
- `AbortTransmitCpltCallback` : Abort Transmit Complete Callback.
- `AbortReceiveCpltCallback` : Abort Receive Complete Callback.
- `MspInitCallback` : SMARTCARD MspInit.
- `MspDeInitCallback` : SMARTCARD MspDeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function `HAL_SMARTCARD_UnRegisterCallback()` to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. `HAL_SMARTCARD_UnRegisterCallback()` takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- `TxCpltCallback` : Tx Complete Callback.
- `RxCpltCallback` : Rx Complete Callback.
- `ErrorCallback` : Error Callback.
- `AbortCpltCallback` : Abort Complete Callback.
- `AbortTransmitCpltCallback` : Abort Transmit Complete Callback.
- `AbortReceiveCpltCallback` : Abort Receive Complete Callback.
- `MspInitCallback` : SMARTCARD MspInit.
- `MspDeInitCallback` : SMARTCARD MspDeInit.

By default, after the `HAL_SMARTCARD_Init()` and when the state is `HAL_SMARTCARD_STATE_RESET` all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak (surcharged) functions: examples `HAL_SMARTCARD_TxCpltCallback()`, `HAL_SMARTCARD_RxCpltCallback()`. Exception done for `MspInit` and `MspDeInit` functions that are respectively reset to the legacy weak (surcharged) functions in the `HAL_SMARTCARD_Init()` and `HAL_SMARTCARD_DeInit()` only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, `MspInit` or `MspDeInit` are not null, the `HAL_SMARTCARD_Init()` and `HAL_SMARTCARD_DeInit()` keep and use the user `MspInit`/`MspDeInit` callbacks (registered beforehand).

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_SMARTCARD\_DeInit() or HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init() function.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### 43.2.3 Initialization and Configuration functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize the USARTx associated to the SmartCard.

- These parameters can be configured:
  - Baud Rate
  - Parity: parity should be enabled, frame Length is fixed to 8 bits plus parity
  - Receiver/transmitter modes
  - Synchronous mode (and if enabled, phase, polarity and last bit parameters)
  - Prescaler value
  - Guard bit time
  - NACK enabling or disabling on transmission error
- The following advanced features can be configured as well:
  - TX and/or RX pin level inversion
  - data logical level inversion
  - RX and TX pins swap
  - RX overrun detection disabling
  - DMA disabling on RX error
  - MSB first on communication line
  - Time out enabling (and if activated, timeout value)
  - Block length
  - Auto-retry counter

The HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init() API follows the USART synchronous configuration procedures (details for the procedures are available in reference manual).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*\*HAL\\_SMARTCARD\\_Init\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_SMARTCARD\\_DeInit\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_SMARTCARD\\_MspInit\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_SMARTCARD\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_SMARTCARD\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*\*](#)
- [\*\*HAL\\_SMARTCARD\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*\*](#)

### 43.2.4 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the SMARTCARD data transfers.

Smartcard is a single wire half duplex communication protocol. The Smartcard interface is designed to support asynchronous protocol Smartcards as defined in the ISO 7816-3 standard. The USART should be configured as:

- 8 bits plus parity: where M=1 and PCE=1 in the USART\_CR1 register
- 1.5 stop bits when transmitting and receiving: where STOP=11 in the USART\_CR2 register.

1. There are two modes of transfer:
  - a. Blocking mode: The communication is performed in polling mode. The HAL status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
  - b. Non-Blocking mode: The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA, the relevant API's return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated SMARTCARD IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode.
  - c. The HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback() user callbacks will be executed respectively at the end of the Transmit or Receive process. The HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback() user callback will be executed when a communication error is detected.
2. Blocking mode APIs are :
  - a. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit()
  - b. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive()
3. Non Blocking mode APIs with Interrupt are :
  - a. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_IT()
  - b. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_IT()
  - c. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_IRQHandler()
4. Non Blocking mode functions with DMA are :
  - a. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_DMA()
  - b. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_DMA()
5. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in non Blocking mode:
  - a. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback()
  - b. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback()
  - c. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback()
1. Non-Blocking mode transfers could be aborted using Abort API's :
  - a. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abort()
  - b. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmit()
  - c. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceive()
  - d. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abort\_IT()
  - e. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmit\_IT()
  - f. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceive\_IT()
2. For Abort services based on interrupts (HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abortxxx\_IT), a set of Abort Complete Callbacks are provided:
  - a. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortCpltCallback()
  - b. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback()
  - c. HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback()
3. In Non-Blocking mode transfers, possible errors are split into 2 categories. Errors are handled as follows :
  - a. Error is considered as Recoverable and non blocking : Transfer could go till end, but error severity is to be evaluated by user : this concerns Frame Error, Parity Error or Noise Error in Interrupt mode reception . Received character is then retrieved and stored in Rx buffer, Error code is set to allow user to identify error type, and HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback() user callback is executed. Transfer is kept ongoing on SMARTCARD side. If user wants to abort it, Abort services should be called by user.
  - b. Error is considered as Blocking : Transfer could not be completed properly and is aborted. This concerns Frame Error in Interrupt mode transmission, Overrun Error in Interrupt mode reception and all errors in DMA mode. Error code is set to allow user to identify error type, and HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback() user callback is executed.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit()**
- **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive()**
- **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_IT()**
- **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_IT()**
- **HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_DMA()**

- `HAL_SMARTCARD_Receive_DMA()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_Abort()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortTransmit()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortReceive()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_Abort_IT()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortTransmit_IT()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortReceive_IT()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_IRQHandler()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_TxCpltCallback()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_RxCpltCallback()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_ErrorCallback()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortCpltCallback()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortTransmitCpltCallback()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_AbortReceiveCpltCallback()`

### 43.2.5 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to return the State of SmartCard handle and also return Peripheral Errors occurred during communication process

- `HAL_SMARTCARD_GetState()` API can be helpful to check in run-time the state of the SMARTCARD peripheral.
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_GetError()` checks in run-time errors that could occur during communication.

This section contains the following APIs:

- `HAL_SMARTCARD_GetState()`
- `HAL_SMARTCARD_GetError()`

### 43.2.6 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

##### Function description

Initialize the SMARTCARD mode according to the specified parameters in the SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_DeInit

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_DeInit (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

##### Function description

Deinitialize the SMARTCARD peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Msplnit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Msplnit (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

#### Function description

Initialize the SMARTCARD MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MspDeInit (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize the SMARTCARD MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RegisterCallback

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RegisterCallback (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pSMARTCARD\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

#### Function description

Register a User SMARTCARD Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** smartcard handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ABORT\_TRANSMIT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Transmit Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ABORT\_RECEIVE\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Receive Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Msplnit Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function



## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init() in HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_RESET to register callbacks for HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_UnRegisterCallback (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister an SMARTCARD callback SMARTCARD callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** smartcard handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ABORT\_TRANSMIT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Transmit Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ABORT\_RECEIVE\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Receive Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Mspinit Callback ID
  - HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeinit Callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_SMARTCARD\_UnRegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Init() in HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_RESET to un-register callbacks for HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_SMARTCARD\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status



## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** amount of data to be received.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_IT (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_IT (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** amount of data to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Transmit\_DMA (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Receive\_DMA (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer.
- **Size:** amount of data to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- The SMARTCARD-associated USART parity is enabled (PCE = 1), the received data contain the parity bit (MSB position).

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abort

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abort (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (blocking mode).

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SMARTCARD Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmit (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing Transmit transfer (blocking mode).

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Tx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SMARTCARD Interrupts (Tx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceive

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceive (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing Receive transfer (blocking mode).

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Rx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SMARTCARD Interrupts (Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abort\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_Abort\_IT (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SMARTCARD Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmit\_IT (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Transmit transfer (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Tx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SMARTCARD Interrupts (Tx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceive\_IT (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Receive transfer (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Rx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SMARTCARD Interrupts (Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SMARTCARD_IRQHandler (SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef * hsmartcard)
```

#### Function description

Handle SMARTCARD interrupt requests.

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_TxCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SMARTCARD_TxCpltCallback (SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef * hsmartcard)
```

#### Function description

Tx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RxCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SMARTCARD_RxCpltCallback (SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef * hsmartcard)
```

#### Function description

Rx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ErrorCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SMARTCARD_ErrorCallback (SMARTCARD_HandleTypeDef * hsmartcard)
```

### Function description

SMARTCARD error callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortCpltCallback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortCpltCallback (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

SMARTCARD Abort Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

SMARTCARD Abort Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback**

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARD\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

SMARTCARD Abort Receive Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_StateTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GetState (const SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

Return the SMARTCARD handle state.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **SMARTCARD**: handle state

## HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GetError

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GetError (const SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)**

### Function description

Return the SMARTCARD handle error code.

### Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

### Return values

- **SMARTCARD**: handle Error Code

## 43.3 SMARTCARD Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 43.3.1 SMARTCARD

SMARTCARD

**SMARTCARD Clock Phase**

#### SMARTCARD\_PHASE\_1EDGE

SMARTCARD frame phase on first clock transition

#### SMARTCARD\_PHASE\_2EDGE

SMARTCARD frame phase on second clock transition

**SMARTCARD Clock Polarity**

#### SMARTCARD\_POLARITY\_LOW

SMARTCARD frame low polarity

#### SMARTCARD\_POLARITY\_HIGH

SMARTCARD frame high polarity

**SMARTCARD advanced feature Binary Data inversion**

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_DATAINV\_DISABLE

Binary data inversion disable

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_DATAINV\_ENABLE

Binary data inversion enable

#### **SMARTCARD advanced feature DMA Disable on Rx Error**

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_DMA\_ENABLEONRXERROR

DMA enable on Reception Error

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_DMA\_DISABLEONRXERROR

DMA disable on Reception Error

#### **SMARTCARD Error Code Definition**

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_PE

Parity error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_NE

Noise error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_FE

frame error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_ORE

Overrun error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_RTO

Receiver TimeOut error

#### HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

#### **SMARTCARD Exported Macros**

#### \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

##### **Description:**

- Reset SMARTCARD handle states.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: SMARTCARD handle.

##### **Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_FLUSH\_DRREGISTER

##### **Description:**

- Flush the Smartcard Data registers.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

##### **Return value:**

- None



## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_FLAG**

### **Description:**

- Clear the specified SMARTCARD pending flag.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_PEF Parity error clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_FEF Framing error clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_NEF Noise detected clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_OREF OverRun error clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_IDLEF Idle line detected clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_TCF Transmission complete clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_TCBGTF Transmission complete before guard time clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_RTOF Receiver timeout clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_EOBF End of block clear flag

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_PFLAG**

### **Description:**

- Clear the SMARTCARD PE pending flag.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_FEFLAG**

### **Description:**

- Clear the SMARTCARD FE pending flag.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_NEFLAG**

### **Description:**

- Clear the SMARTCARD NE pending flag.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_OREFLAG**

### **Description:**

- Clear the SMARTCARD ORE pending flag.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_IDLEFLAG

### Description:

- Clear the SMARTCARD IDLE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified Smartcard flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TCBGT Transmission complete before guard time flag (when flag available)
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_REACK Receive enable acknowledge flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TEACK Transmit enable acknowledge flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_BUSY Busy flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_EOBF End of block flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_RTOF Receiver timeout flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TXE Transmit data register empty flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TC Transmission complete flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_RXNE Receive data register not empty flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_IDLE Idle line detection flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_ORE Overrun error flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_NE Noise error flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_FE Framing error flag
  - SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_PE Parity error flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified SmartCard interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the SMARTCARD interrupt to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_EOB End of block interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RTO Receive timeout interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TXE Transmit data register empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TCBGT Transmission complete before guard time interrupt (when interruption available)
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RXNE Receive data register not empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_PE Parity error interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_ERR Error interrupt(frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified SmartCard interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the SMARTCARD interrupt to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_EOB End of block interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RTO Receive timeout interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TXE Transmit data register empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TCBGT Transmission complete before guard time interrupt (when interruption available)
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RXNE Receive data register not empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_PE Parity error interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_ERR Error interrupt(frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified SmartCard interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the SMARTCARD interrupt to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_EOB End of block interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RTO Receive timeout interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TXE Transmit data register empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TCBGT Transmission complete before guard time interrupt (when interruption available)
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RXNE Receive data register not empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_PE Parity error interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_ERR Error interrupt(frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE**

### **Description:**

- Check whether the specified SmartCard interrupt source is enabled or not.

### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_**: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- **\_\_INTERRUPT\_\_**: specifies the SMARTCARD interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_EOB End of block interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RTO Receive timeout interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TXE Transmit data register empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_TCBGT Transmission complete before guard time interrupt (when interruption available)
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_RXNE Receive data register not empty interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_PE Parity error interrupt
  - SMARTCARD\_IT\_ERR Error interrupt(frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### **Return value:**

- The: new state of **\_\_INTERRUPT\_\_** (SET or RESET).

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_IT**

### **Description:**

- Clear the specified SMARTCARD ISR flag, in setting the proper ICR register flag.

### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_**: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- **\_\_IT\_CLEAR\_\_**: specifies the interrupt clear register flag that needs to be set to clear the corresponding interrupt. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_PEF Parity error clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_FEF Framing error clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_NEF Noise detected clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_OREF OverRun error clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_IDLEF Idle line detection clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_TCF Transmission complete clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_TCBGTF Transmission complete before guard time clear flag (when flag available)
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_RTOF Receiver timeout clear flag
  - SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_EOBF End of block clear flag

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_SEND\_REQ**

### **Description:**

- Set a specific SMARTCARD request flag.

### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_**: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.
- **\_\_REQ\_\_**: specifies the request flag to set This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMARTCARD\_RXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST Receive data flush Request
  - SMARTCARD\_TXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST Transmit data flush Request

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE**

### **Description:**

- Enable the SMARTCARD one bit sample method.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE**

### **Description:**

- Disable the SMARTCARD one bit sample method.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_ENABLE**

### **Description:**

- Enable the USART associated to the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_SMARTCARD\_DISABLE**

### **Description:**

- Disable the USART associated to the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMARTCARD Handle.

### **Return value:**

- None

### **SMARTCARD interruptions flags mask**

## **SMARTCARD\_IT\_MASK**

SMARTCARD interruptions flags mask

## **SMARTCARD\_CR\_MASK**

SMARTCARD control register mask

## **SMARTCARD\_CR\_POS**

SMARTCARD control register position

## **SMARTCARD\_ISR\_MASK**

SMARTCARD ISR register mask

## **SMARTCARD\_ISR\_POS**

SMARTCARD ISR register position

### **SMARTCARD Last Bit**

## **SMARTCARD\_LASTBIT\_DISABLE**

SMARTCARD frame last data bit clock pulse not output to SCLK pin

**SMARTCARD\_LASTBIT\_ENABLE**

SMARTCARD frame last data bit clock pulse output to SCLK pin

**SMARTCARD Transfer Mode****SMARTCARD\_MODE\_RX**

SMARTCARD RX mode

**SMARTCARD\_MODE\_TX**

SMARTCARD TX mode

**SMARTCARD\_MODE\_TX\_RX**

SMARTCARD RX and TX mode

**SMARTCARD advanced feature MSB first****SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_MSBFIRST\_DISABLE**

Most significant bit sent/received first disable

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_MSBFIRST\_ENABLE**

Most significant bit sent/received first enable

**SMARTCARD NACK Enable****SMARTCARD\_NACK\_DISABLE**

SMARTCARD NACK transmission disabled

**SMARTCARD\_NACK\_ENABLE**

SMARTCARD NACK transmission enabled

**SMARTCARD One Bit Sampling Method****SMARTCARD\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE**

SMARTCARD frame one-bit sample disabled

**SMARTCARD\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE**

SMARTCARD frame one-bit sample enabled

**SMARTCARD advanced feature Overrun Disable****SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_OVERRUN\_ENABLE**

RX overrun enable

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_OVERRUN\_DISABLE**

RX overrun disable

**SMARTCARD Parity****SMARTCARD\_PARITY\_EVEN**

SMARTCARD frame even parity

**SMARTCARD\_PARITY\_ODD**

SMARTCARD frame odd parity

**SMARTCARD Request Parameters****SMARTCARD\_RXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Receive data flush request

**SMARTCARD\_TXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Transmit data flush request

***SMARTCARD advanced feature RX pin active level inversion*****SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_RXINV\_DISABLE**

RX pin active level inversion disable

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_RXINV\_ENABLE**

RX pin active level inversion enable

***SMARTCARD advanced feature RX TX pins swap*****SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_SWAP\_DISABLE**

TX/RX pins swap disable

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_SWAP\_ENABLE**

TX/RX pins swap enable

***SMARTCARD State Code Definition*****HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_RESET**

Peripheral is not initialized. Value is allowed for gState and RxState

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_READY**

Peripheral Initialized and ready for use. Value is allowed for gState and RxState

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_BUSY**

an internal process is ongoing Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_BUSY\_TX**

Data Transmission process is ongoing Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_BUSY\_RX**

Data Reception process is ongoing Value is allowed for RxState only

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_BUSY\_TX\_RX**

Data Transmission and Reception process is ongoing Not to be used for neither gState nor RxState. Value is result of combination (Or) between gState and RxState values

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_TIMEOUT**

Timeout state Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_SMARTCARD\_STATE\_ERROR**

Error Value is allowed for gState only

***SMARTCARD Number of Stop Bits*****SMARTCARD\_STOPBITS\_0\_5**

SMARTCARD frame with 0.5 stop bit

**SMARTCARD\_STOPBITS\_1\_5**

SMARTCARD frame with 1.5 stop bits

***SMARTCARD Timeout Enable*****SMARTCARD\_TIMEOUT\_DISABLE**

SMARTCARD receiver timeout disabled

**SMARTCARD\_TIMEOUT\_ENABLE**

SMARTCARD receiver timeout enabled

***SMARTCARD advanced feature TX pin active level inversion*****SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_TXINV\_DISABLE**

TX pin active level inversion disable

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_TXINV\_ENABLE**

TX pin active level inversion enable

***SMARTCARD Word Length*****SMARTCARD\_WORDLENGTH\_9B**

SMARTCARD frame length



## 44 HAL SMARTCARD Extension Driver

### 44.1 SMARTCARDEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SMARTCARDEx library.

#### 44.1.1 SMARTCARD peripheral extended features

The Extended SMARTCARD HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. After having configured the SMARTCARD basic features with `HAL_SMARTCARD_Init()`, then program SMARTCARD advanced features if required (TX/RX pins swap, Timeout, auto-retry counter,...) in the `hsmartcard AdvancedInit` structure.

#### 44.1.2 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize the SMARTCARD.

- `HAL_SMARTCARDEx_BlockLength_Config()` API allows to configure the Block Length on the fly
- `HAL_SMARTCARDEx_TimeOut_Config()` API allows to configure the receiver timeout value on the fly
- `HAL_SMARTCARDEx_EnableReceiverTimeout()` API enables the receiver timeout feature
- `HAL_SMARTCARDEx_DisableReceiverTimeout()` API disables the receiver timeout feature

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_BlockLength\_Config\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_TimeOut\_Config\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_EnableReceiverTimeout\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_DisableReceiverTimeout\(\)`](#)

#### 44.1.3 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_BlockLength\_Config

###### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_BlockLength\_Config (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, uint8\_t BlockLength)**

###### Function description

Update on the fly the SMARTCARD block length in RTOR register.

###### Parameters

- **hsmartcard:** Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **BlockLength:** SMARTCARD block length (8-bit long at most)

###### Return values

- **None:**

##### HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_TimeOut\_Config

###### Function name

**void HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_TimeOut\_Config (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard, uint32\_t TimeoutValue)**

###### Function description

Update on the fly the receiver timeout value in RTOR register.

## Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.
- **TimeOutValue**: receiver timeout value in number of baud blocks. The timeout value must be less or equal to 0x0FFFFFFF.

## Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_EnableReceiverTimeOut

## Function name

HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_EnableReceiverTimeOut (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)

## Function description

Enable the SMARTCARD receiver timeout feature.

## Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_DisableReceiverTimeOut

## Function name

HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMARTCARDEx\_DisableReceiverTimeOut (SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmartcard)

## Function description

Disable the SMARTCARD receiver timeout feature.

## Parameters

- **hsmartcard**: Pointer to a SMARTCARD\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMARTCARD module.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## 44.2 SMARTCARDEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 44.2.1 SMARTCARDEx

SMARTCARDEx

**SMARTCARD advanced feature initialization type**

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_NO\_INIT

No advanced feature initialization

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_TXINVERT\_INIT

TX pin active level inversion

#### SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_RXINVERT\_INIT

RX pin active level inversion

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_DATAINVERT\_INIT**

Binary data inversion

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_SWAP\_INIT**

TX/RX pins swap

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_RXOVERRUNDISABLE\_INIT**

RX overrun disable

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_DMADISABLEONERROR\_INIT**

DMA disable on Reception Error

**SMARTCARD\_ADVFEATURE\_MSBFIRST\_INIT**

Most significant bit sent/received first

***SMARTCARD Flags*****SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_REACK**

SMARTCARD receive enable acknowledge flag

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TEACK**

SMARTCARD transmit enable acknowledge flag

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_BUSY**

SMARTCARD busy flag

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_EOBF**

SMARTCARD end of block flag

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_RTOF**

SMARTCARD receiver timeout flag

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TXE**

SMARTCARD transmit data register empty

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_TC**

SMARTCARD transmission complete

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_RXNE**

SMARTCARD read data register not empty

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_IDLE**

SMARTCARD idle line detection

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_ORE**

SMARTCARD overrun error

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_NE**

SMARTCARD noise error

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_FE**

SMARTCARD frame error

**SMARTCARD\_FLAG\_PE**

SMARTCARD parity error

***SMARTCARD Interrupts Definition***

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_PE**

SMARTCARD parity error interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_TXE**

SMARTCARD transmit data register empty interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_TC**

SMARTCARD transmission complete interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_RXNE**

SMARTCARD read data register not empty interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_IDLE**

SMARTCARD idle line detection interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_ERR**

SMARTCARD error interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_ORE**

SMARTCARD overrun error interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_NE**

SMARTCARD noise error interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_FE**

SMARTCARD frame error interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_EOB**

SMARTCARD end of block interruption

**SMARTCARD\_IT\_RTO**

SMARTCARD receiver timeout interruption

***SMARTCARD Interruption Clear Flags*****SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_PEF**

SMARTCARD parity error clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_FEF**

SMARTCARD framing error clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_NEF**

SMARTCARD noise error detected clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_OREF**

SMARTCARD overrun error clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_IDLEF**

SMARTCARD idle line detected clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_TCF**

SMARTCARD transmission complete clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_RTOF**

SMARTCARD receiver time out clear flag

**SMARTCARD\_CLEAR\_EOBF**

SMARTCARD end of block clear flag

***SMARTCARD Transmission Completion Indication*****SMARTCARD\_TC**

SMARTCARD transmission complete (flag raised when guard time has elapsed)

## 45 HAL SMBUS Generic Driver

### 45.1 SMBUS Firmware driver registers structures

#### 45.1.1 SMBUS\_InitTypeDef

**SMBUS\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_smbus.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Timing**
- **uint32\_t AnalogFilter**
- **uint32\_t OwnAddress1**
- **uint32\_t AddressingMode**
- **uint32\_t DualAddressMode**
- **uint32\_t OwnAddress2**
- **uint32\_t OwnAddress2Masks**
- **uint32\_t GeneralCallMode**
- **uint32\_t NoStretchMode**
- **uint32\_t PacketErrorCheckMode**
- **uint32\_t PeripheralMode**
- **uint32\_t SMBusTimeout**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::Timing**  
Specifies the SMBUS\_TIMINGR\_register value. This parameter calculated by referring to SMBUS initialization section in Reference manual
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::AnalogFilter**  
Specifies if Analog Filter is enable or not. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_Analog\\_Filter](#)
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress1**  
Specifies the first device own address. This parameter can be a 7-bit or 10-bit address.
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::AddressingMode**  
Specifies if 7-bit or 10-bit addressing mode for master is selected. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_addressing\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::DualAddressMode**  
Specifies if dual addressing mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_dual\\_addressing\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress2**  
Specifies the second device own address if dual addressing mode is selected This parameter can be a 7-bit address.
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress2Masks**  
Specifies the acknowledge mask address second device own address if dual addressing mode is selected This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_own\\_address2\\_masks](#).
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::GeneralCallMode**  
Specifies if general call mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_general\\_call\\_addressing\\_mode](#).
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::NoStretchMode**  
Specifies if nostretch mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_nostretch\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::PacketErrorCheckMode**  
Specifies if Packet Error Check mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_packet\\_error\\_check\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::PeripheralMode**  
Specifies which mode of Periph is selected. This parameter can be a value of [SMBUS\\_peripheral\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SMBUS\_InitTypeDef::SMBusTimeout**  
Specifies the content of the 32 Bits SMBUS\_TIMEOUT\_register value. (Enable bits and different timeout values) This parameter calculated by referring to SMBUS initialization section in Reference manual

## 45.1.2

### **\_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef**

**\_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_smbus.h

#### Data Fields

- **I2C\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **SMBUS\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **uint8\_t \* pBuffPtr**
- **uint16\_t XferSize**
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t XferCount**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t XferOptions**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t PreviousState**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t State**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode**
- **void(\* MasterTxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* MasterRxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* SlaveTxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* SlaveRxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* ListenCpltCallback**
- **void(\* ErrorCallback**
- **void(\* AddrCallback**
- **void(\* MspInitCallback**
- **void(\* MspDeInitCallback**

#### Field Documentation

- **I2C\_TypeDef\* \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
SMBUS registers base address
- **SMBUS\_InitTypeDef \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
SMBUS communication parameters
- **uint8\_t\* \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::pBuffPtr**  
Pointer to SMBUS transfer buffer
- **uint16\_t \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::XferSize**  
SMBUS transfer size
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::XferCount**  
SMBUS transfer counter
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::XferOptions**  
SMBUS transfer options
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::PreviousState**  
SMBUS communication Previous state
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
SMBUS locking object
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
SMBUS communication state
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
SMBUS Error code
- **void(\* \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::MasterTxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmbus)**  
SMBUS Master Tx Transfer completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::MasterRxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmbus)**  
SMBUS Master Rx Transfer completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::SlaveTxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmbus)**  
SMBUS Slave Tx Transfer completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef::SlaveRxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \*hsmbus)**  
SMBUS Slave Rx Transfer completed callback

- **`void(* __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef::ListenCpltCallback)(struct __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef *hsmbus)`**  
SMBUS Listen Complete callback
- **`void(* __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef *hsmbus)`**  
SMBUS Error callback
- **`void(* __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef::AddrCallback)(struct __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef *hsmbus, uint8_t TransferDirection, uint16_t AddrMatchCode)`**  
SMBUS Slave Address Match callback
- **`void(* __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef *hsmbus)`**  
SMBUS Msp Init callback
- **`void(* __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __SMBUS_HandleTypeDef *hsmbus)`**  
SMBUS Msp DeInit callback

## 45.2 SMBUS Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SMBUS library.

### 45.2.1 How to use this driver

The SMBUS HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a `SMBUS_HandleTypeDef` handle structure, for example: `SMBUS_HandleTypeDef hsmbus;`
2. Initialize the SMBUS low level resources by implementing the `HAL_SMBUS_MspInit()` API:
  - a. Enable the SMBUSx interface clock
  - b. SMBUS pins configuration
    - Enable the clock for the SMBUS GPIOs
    - Configure SMBUS pins as alternate function open-drain
  - c. NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process
    - Configure the SMBUSx interrupt priority
    - Enable the NVIC SMBUS IRQ Channel
3. Configure the Communication Clock Timing, Bus Timeout, Own Address1, Master Addressing mode, Dual Addressing mode, Own Address2, Own Address2 Mask, General call, Nostretch mode, Peripheral mode and Packet Error Check mode in the `hsmbus Init` structure.
4. Initialize the SMBUS registers by calling the `HAL_SMBUS_Init()` API:
  - These API's configures also the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized `HAL_SMBUS_MspInit(&hsmbus)` API.
5. To check if target device is ready for communication, use the function `HAL_SMBUS_IsDeviceReady()`
6. For SMBUS IO operations, only one mode of operations is available within this driver

#### Interrupt mode IO operation

- Transmit in master/host SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using `HAL_SMBUS_Master_Transmit_IT()`
  - At transmission end of transfer `HAL_SMBUS_MasterTxCompleteCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_SMBUS_MasterTxCompleteCallback()`
- Receive in master/host SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using `HAL_SMBUS_Master_Receive_IT()`
  - At reception end of transfer `HAL_SMBUS_MasterRxCompleteCallback()` is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer `HAL_SMBUS_MasterRxCompleteCallback()`
- Abort a master/host SMBUS process communication with Interrupt using `HAL_SMBUS_Master_Abort_IT()`
  - The associated previous transfer callback is called at the end of abort process
  - mean `HAL_SMBUS_MasterTxCompleteCallback()` in case of previous state was master transmit
  - mean `HAL_SMBUS_MasterRxCompleteCallback()` in case of previous state was master receive



- Enable/disable the Address listen mode in slave/device or host/slave SMBUS mode using HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableListen\_IT() HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableListen\_IT()
  - When address slave/device SMBUS match, HAL\_SMBUS\_AddrCallback() is executed and users can add their own code to check the Address Match Code and the transmission direction request by master/host (Write/Read).
  - At Listen mode end HAL\_SMBUS\_ListenCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMBUS\_ListenCpltCallback()
- Transmit in slave/device SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT()
  - At transmission end of transfer HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveTxCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in slave/device SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Receive\_IT()
  - At reception end of transfer HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveRxCpltCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveRxCpltCallback()
- Enable/Disable the SMBUS alert mode using HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableAlert\_IT() or HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableAlert\_IT()
  - When SMBUS Alert is generated HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback() is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback() to check the Alert Error Code using function HAL\_SMBUS\_GetError()
- Get HAL state machine or error values using HAL\_SMBUS\_GetState() or HAL\_SMBUS\_GetError()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback() function is executed and users can add their own code by customization of function pointer HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback() to check the Error Code using function HAL\_SMBUS\_GetError()

#### SMBUS HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in SMBUS HAL driver.

- \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_ENABLE: Enable the SMBUS peripheral
- \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_DISABLE: Disable the SMBUS peripheral
- \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_GET\_FLAG: Check whether the specified SMBUS flag is set or not
- \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_CLEAR\_FLAG: Clear the specified SMBUS pending flag
- \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_ENABLE\_IT: Enable the specified SMBUS interrupt
- \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_DISABLE\_IT: Disable the specified SMBUS interrupt

#### Callback registration

The compilation flag USE\_HAL\_SMBUS\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback() or HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterAddrCallback() to register an interrupt callback.

Function HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:

- MasterTxCpltCallback : callback for Master transmission end of transfer.
- MasterRxCpltCallback : callback for Master reception end of transfer.
- SlaveTxCpltCallback : callback for Slave transmission end of transfer.
- SlaveRxCpltCallback : callback for Slave reception end of transfer.
- ListenCpltCallback : callback for end of listen mode.
- ErrorCallback : callback for error detection.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

For specific callback AddrCallback use dedicated register callbacks : HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterAddrCallback.

Use function HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterCallback to reset a callback to the default weak function.

HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- MasterTxCpltCallback : callback for Master transmission end of transfer.

- MasterRxCpltCallback : callback for Master reception end of transfer.
- SlaveTxCpltCallback : callback for Slave transmission end of transfer.
- SlaveRxCpltCallback : callback for Slave reception end of transfer.
- ListenCpltCallback : callback for end of listen mode.
- ErrorCallback : callback for error detection.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit.

For callback AddrCallback use dedicated register callbacks : HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterAddrCallback.

By default, after the HAL\_SMBUS\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterTxCpltCallback(), HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterRxCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the HAL\_SMBUS\_Init()/ HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_SMBUS\_Init()/ HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit functions that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_I2C\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. Then, the user first registers the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit() or HAL\_SMBUS\_Init() function.

When the compilation flag USE\_HAL\_SMBUS\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

*Note:* You can refer to the SMBUS HAL driver header file for more useful macros

## 45.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize and deinitialize the SMBUSx peripheral:

- User must Implement HAL\_SMBUS\_MspInit() function in which he configures all related peripherals resources (CLOCK, GPIO, IT and NVIC ).
- Call the function HAL\_SMBUS\_Init() to configure the selected device with the selected configuration:
  - Clock Timing
  - Bus Timeout
  - Analog Filer mode
  - Own Address 1
  - Addressing mode (Master, Slave)
  - Dual Addressing mode
  - Own Address 2
  - Own Address 2 Mask
  - General call mode
  - Nostretch mode
  - Packet Error Check mode
  - Peripheral mode
- Call the function HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit() to restore the default configuration of the selected SMBUSx peripheral.
- Enable/Disable Analog/Digital filters with HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigAnalogFilter() and HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigDigitalFilter().

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_SMBUS\_Init()**
- **HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit()**
- **HAL\_SMBUS\_MspInit()**
- **HAL\_SMBUS\_MspDeInit()**
- **HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigAnalogFilter()**
- **HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigDigitalFilter()**
- **HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback()**

- *HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterCallback()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterAddrCallback()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterAddrCallback()*

### 45.2.3 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the SMBUS data transfers.

1. Blocking mode function to check if device is ready for usage is :
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_IsDeviceReady()*
2. There is only one mode of transfer:
  - Non-Blocking mode : The communication is performed using Interrupts. These functions return the status of the transfer startup. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated SMBUS IRQ when using Interrupt mode.
3. Non-Blocking mode functions with Interrupt are :
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Transmit\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Receive\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Receive\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableListen\_IT()* or alias *HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableListen\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableListen\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableAlert\_IT()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableAlert\_IT()*
4. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in non-Blocking mode:
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterTxCpltCallback()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterRxCpltCallback()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveTxCpltCallback()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveRxCpltCallback()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_AddrCallback()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_ListenCpltCallback()*
  - *HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback()*

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Abort\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Receive\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableListen\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableListen\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableAlert\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableAlert\_IT()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_IsDeviceReady()*

### 45.2.4 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection permits to get in run-time the status of the peripheral and the data flow.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_SMBUS\_GetState()*
- *HAL\_SMBUS\_GetError()*

## 45.2.5 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_SMBUS\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_Init (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Initialize the SMBUS according to the specified parameters in the SMBUS\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus**: Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_DeInit (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize the SMBUS peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus**: Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_SMBUS\_MspInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_MspInit (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Initialize the SMBUS MSP.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus**: Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SMBUS\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_MspDeInit (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

DeInitialize the SMBUS MSP.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigAnalogFilter

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigAnalogFilter (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint32\_t AnalogFilter)**

### Function description

Configure Analog noise filter.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **AnalogFilter:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SMBUS\_ANALOGFILTER\_ENABLE
  - SMBUS\_ANALOGFILTER\_DISABLE

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigDigitalFilter

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_ConfigDigitalFilter (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint32\_t DigitalFilter)**

### Function description

Configure Digital noise filter.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **DigitalFilter:** Coefficient of digital noise filter between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x0F.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, HAL\_SMBUS\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pSMBUS\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User SMBUS Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MASTER\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MASTER\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_SLAVE\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_SLAVE\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_LISTEN\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Listen Complete callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_SMBUS\_Init() in HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_RESET to register callbacks for HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID.

## HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, HAL\_SMBUS\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister an SMBUS Callback SMBUS callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MASTER\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MASTER\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Master Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_SLAVE\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Tx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_SLAVE\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Slave Rx Transfer completed callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_LISTEN\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Listen Complete callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_SMBUS\_Init() in HAL\_SMBUS\_STATE\_RESET to un-register callbacks for HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_SMBUS\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterAddrCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_RegisterAddrCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, pSMBUS\_AddrCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register the Slave Address Match SMBUS Callback To be used instead of the weak HAL\_SMBUS\_AddrCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Address Match Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterAddrCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_UnRegisterAddrCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

UnRegister the Slave Address Match SMBUS Callback Info Ready SMBUS Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_SMBUS\_AddrCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMBUS\_IsDeviceReady

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_IsDeviceReady (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint32\_t Trials, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Check if target device is ready for communication.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **DevAddress:** Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **Trials:** Number of trials
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Transmit\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)**

### Function description

Transmit in master/host SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus**: Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of SMBUS XferOptions definition

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Receive\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint16\_t DevAddress, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)**

### Function description

Receive in master/host SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus**: Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface
- **pData**: Pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions**: Options of Transfer, value of SMBUS XferOptions definition

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Abort\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_Master\_Abort\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint16\_t DevAddress)**

### Function description

Abort a master/host SMBUS process communication with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus**: Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **DevAddress**: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shifted to the left before calling the interface



#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- This abort can be called only if state is ready

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Transmit\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)**

#### Function description

Transmit in slave/device SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions:** Options of Transfer, value of SMBUS XferOptions definition

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Receive\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_Slave\_Receive\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t XferOptions)**

#### Function description

Receive in slave/device SMBUS mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** Amount of data to be sent
- **XferOptions:** Options of Transfer, value of SMBUS XferOptions definition

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableAlert\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableAlert\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Enable the SMBUS alert mode with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUSx peripheral.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableAlert\_IT**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableAlert\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Disable the SMBUS alert mode with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUSx peripheral.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableListen\_IT**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_EnableListen\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Enable the Address listen mode with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableListen\_IT**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUS\_DisableListen\_IT (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Disable the Address listen mode with Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_SMBUS\_EV\_IRQHandler**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_EV\_IRQHandler (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Handle SMBUS event interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ER\_IRQHandler**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_ER\_IRQHandler (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Handle SMBUS error interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterTxCpltCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterTxCpltCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Master Tx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterRxCpltCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_MasterRxCpltCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

#### Function description

Master Rx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveTxCpltCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveTxCpltCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

Slave Tx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveRxCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_SlaveRxCpltCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

Slave Rx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMBUS\_AddrCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_AddrCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus, uint8\_t TransferDirection, uint16\_t AddrMatchCode)**

### Function description

Slave Address Match callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.
- **TransferDirection:** Master request Transfer Direction (Write/Read)
- **AddrMatchCode:** Address Match Code

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_SMBUS\_ListenCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_ListenCpltCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

Listen Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUS\_ErrorCallback (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

SMBUS error callback.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_SMBUS\_GetState

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_SMBUS\_GetState (const SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

Return the SMBUS handle state.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **HAL:** state

## HAL\_SMBUS\_GetError

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_SMBUS\_GetError (const SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

### Function description

Return the SMBUS error code.

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUS.

### Return values

- **SMBUS:** Error Code

## 45.3 SMBUS Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 45.3.1

#### SMBUS

SMBUS

**SMBUS addressing mode**

**SMBUS\_ADDRESSINGMODE\_7BIT**

**SMBUS\_ADDRESSINGMODE\_10BIT**

### ***SMBUS Analog Filter***

**SMBUS\_ANALOGFILTER\_ENABLE**

**SMBUS\_ANALOGFILTER\_DISABLE**

### ***SMBUS dual addressing mode***

**SMBUS\_DUALADDRESS\_DISABLE**

**SMBUS\_DUALADDRESS\_ENABLE**

### ***SMBUS Error Code definition***

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_NONE**

No error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_BERR**

BERR error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_ARLO**

ARLO error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_ACKF**

ACKF error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_OVR**

OVR error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_HALTIMEOUT**

Timeout error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_BUSTIMEOUT**

Bus Timeout error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_ALERT**

Alert error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_PECERR**

PEC error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK**

Invalid Callback error

**HAL\_SMBUS\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM**

Invalid Parameters error

### ***SMBUS Exported Macros***

**\_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE**

#### **Description:**

- Reset SMBUS handle state.

#### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_HANDLE\_\_**: specifies the SMBUS Handle.

#### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified SMBUS interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `SMBUS_IT_ERRI` Errors interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_TCI` Transfer complete interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_STOPI` STOP detection interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_NACKI` NACK received interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_ADDRI` Address match interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_RXI` RX interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_TXI` TX interrupt enable

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified SMBUS interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `SMBUS_IT_ERRI` Errors interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_TCI` Transfer complete interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_STOPI` STOP detection interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_NACKI` NACK received interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_ADDRI` Address match interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_RXI` RX interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_TXI` TX interrupt enable

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified SMBUS interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the SMBUS interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `SMBUS_IT_ERRI` Errors interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_TCI` Transfer complete interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_STOPI` STOP detection interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_NACKI` NACK received interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_ADDRI` Address match interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_RXI` RX interrupt enable
  - `SMBUS_IT_TXI` TX interrupt enable

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__IT__` (SET or RESET).

## SMBUS\_FLAG\_MASK

### Description:

- Check whether the specified SMBUS flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TXIS` Transmit interrupt status
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_RXNE` Receive data register not empty
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_ADDR` Address matched (slave mode)
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_AF` NACK received flag
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_STOPF` STOP detection flag
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TC` Transfer complete (master mode)
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TCR` Transfer complete reload
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_BERR` Bus error
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_ARLO` Arbitration lost
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_OVR` Overrun/Underrun
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_PECERR` PEC error in reception
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TIMEOUT` Timeout or Tlow detection flag
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_ALERT` SMBus alert
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_BUSY` Bus busy
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_DIR` Transfer direction (slave mode)

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_GET\_FLAG

## \_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the SMBUS pending flags which are cleared by writing 1 in a specific bit.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_ADDR` Address matched (slave mode)
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_AF` NACK received flag
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_STOPF` STOP detection flag
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_BERR` Bus error
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_ARLO` Arbitration lost
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_OVR` Overrun/Underrun
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_PECERR` PEC error in reception
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_TIMEOUT` Timeout or Tlow detection flag
  - `SMBUS_FLAG_ALERT` SMBus alert

### Return value:

- None



**\_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_ENABLE****Description:**

- Enable the specified SMBUS peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_DISABLE****Description:**

- Disable the specified SMBUS peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

**\_\_HAL\_SMBUS\_GENERATE\_NACK****Description:**

- Generate a Non-Acknowledge SMBUS peripheral in Slave mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SMBUS Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

***SMBUS Flag definition*****SMBUS\_FLAG\_TXE****SMBUS\_FLAG\_TXIS****SMBUS\_FLAG\_RXNE****SMBUS\_FLAG\_ADDR****SMBUS\_FLAG\_AF****SMBUS\_FLAG\_STOPF****SMBUS\_FLAG\_TC****SMBUS\_FLAG\_TCR****SMBUS\_FLAG\_BERR****SMBUS\_FLAG\_ARLO****SMBUS\_FLAG\_OVR****SMBUS\_FLAG\_PECERR****SMBUS\_FLAG\_TIMEOUT****SMBUS\_FLAG\_ALERT**

SMBUS\_FLAG\_BUSY

SMBUS\_FLAG\_DIR

***SMBUS general call addressing mode***

SMBUS\_GENERALCALL\_DISABLE

SMBUS\_GENERALCALL\_ENABLE

***SMBUS Interrupt configuration definition***

SMBUS\_IT\_ERRI

SMBUS\_IT\_TCI

SMBUS\_IT\_STOPI

SMBUS\_IT\_NACKI

SMBUS\_IT\_ADDRI

SMBUS\_IT\_RXI

SMBUS\_IT\_TXI

SMBUS\_IT\_TX

SMBUS\_IT\_RX

SMBUS\_IT\_ALERT

SMBUS\_IT\_ADDR

***SMBUS nostretch mode***

SMBUS\_NOSTRETCH\_DISABLE

SMBUS\_NOSTRETCH\_ENABLE

***SMBUS ownaddress2 masks***

SMBUS\_OA2\_NOMASK

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK01

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK02

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK03

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK04

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK05

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK06

SMBUS\_OA2\_MASK07

***SMBUS packet error check mode***

SMBUS\_PEC\_DISABLE

SMBUS\_PEC\_ENABLE

***SMBUS peripheral mode***

SMBUS\_PERIPHERAL\_MODE\_SMBUS\_HOST

SMBUS\_PERIPHERAL\_MODE\_SMBUS\_SLAVE

SMBUS\_PERIPHERAL\_MODE\_SMBUS\_SLAVE\_ARP

***SMBUS ReloadEndMode definition***

SMBUS\_SOFTEND\_MODE

SMBUS\_RELOAD\_MODE

SMBUS\_AUTOEND\_MODE

SMBUS\_SENDPEC\_MODE

***SMBUS StartStopMode definition***

SMBUS\_NO\_STARTSTOP

SMBUS\_GENERATE\_STOP

SMBUS\_GENERATE\_START\_READ

SMBUS\_GENERATE\_START\_WRITE

***SMBUS XferOptions definition***

SMBUS\_FIRST\_FRAME

SMBUS\_NEXT\_FRAME

SMBUS\_FIRST\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME\_NO\_PEC

SMBUS\_LAST\_FRAME\_NO\_PEC

SMBUS\_FIRST\_FRAME\_WITH\_PEC

SMBUS\_FIRST\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME\_WITH\_PEC

SMBUS\_LAST\_FRAME\_WITH\_PEC

SMBUS\_OTHER\_FRAME\_NO\_PEC

SMBUS\_OTHER\_FRAME\_WITH\_PEC

SMBUS\_OTHER\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME\_NO\_PEC

SMBUS\_OTHER\_AND\_LAST\_FRAME\_WITH\_PEC

## 46 HAL SMBUS Extension Driver

### 46.1 SMBUSEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SMBUSEx library.

#### 46.1.1 SMBUS peripheral Extended features

Comparing to other previous devices, the SMBUS interface for STM32L0xx devices contains the following additional features

- Disable or enable wakeup from Stop mode(s)
- Disable or enable Fast Mode Plus

#### 46.1.2 How to use this driver

#### 46.1.3 WakeUp Mode Functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Wake Up Feature

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_SMBUSEx\\_EnableWakeUp\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_SMBUSEx\\_DisableWakeUp\(\)](#)

#### 46.1.4 Fast Mode Plus Functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Fast Mode Plus

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_SMBUSEx\\_EnableFastModePlus\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_SMBUSEx\\_DisableFastModePlus\(\)](#)

#### 46.1.5 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_SMBUSEx\_EnableWakeUp

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUSEx\_EnableWakeUp (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

##### Function description

Enable SMBUS wakeup from Stop mode(s).

##### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUSx peripheral.

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

##### HAL\_SMBUSEx\_DisableWakeUp

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SMBUSEx\_DisableWakeUp (SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef \* hsmbus)**

##### Function description

Disable SMBUS wakeup from Stop mode(s).

### Parameters

- **hsmbus:** Pointer to a SMBUS\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SMBUSx peripheral.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_SMBUSEx\_EnableFastModePlus

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUSEx\_EnableFastModePlus (uint32\_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

### Function description

Enable the SMBUS fast mode plus driving capability.

### Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** Selects the pin. This parameter can be one of the SMBUS Extended Fast Mode Plus values

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- For I2C1, fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled on all selected I2C1 pins using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter or independently on each one of the following pins PB6, PB7, PB8 and PB9.
- For remaining I2C1 pins (PA14, PA15...) fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter.
- For all I2C2 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2 parameter.
- For all I2C3 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3 parameter.

### HAL\_SMBUSEx\_DisableFastModePlus

### Function name

**void HAL\_SMBUSEx\_DisableFastModePlus (uint32\_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

### Function description

Disable the SMBUS fast mode plus driving capability.

### Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** Selects the pin. This parameter can be one of the SMBUS Extended Fast Mode Plus values

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- For I2C1, fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled on all selected I2C1 pins using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter or independently on each one of the following pins PB6, PB7, PB8 and PB9.
- For remaining I2C1 pins (PA14, PA15...) fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1 parameter.
- For all I2C2 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2 parameter.
- For all I2C3 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3 parameter.

## 46.2 SMBUSEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 46.2.1 SMBUSEx

SMBUSEx

***SMBUS Extended Fast Mode Plus***

#### **SMBUS\_FMP\_NOT\_SUPPORTED**

Fast Mode Plus not supported

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB6

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB7

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB8

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB9

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C1 pins

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C2 pins

#### **SMBUS\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C3 pins

## 47 HAL SPI Generic Driver

### 47.1 SPI Firmware driver registers structures

#### 47.1.1 SPI\_InitTypeDef

**SPI\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_spi.h

**Data Fields**

- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t Direction**
- **uint32\_t DataSize**
- **uint32\_t CLKPolarity**
- **uint32\_t CLKPhase**
- **uint32\_t NSS**
- **uint32\_t BaudRatePrescaler**
- **uint32\_t FirstBit**
- **uint32\_t TIMode**
- **uint32\_t CRCCalculation**
- **uint32\_t CRCPolynomial**

**Field Documentation**

- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
Specifies the SPI operating mode. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_Mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::Direction**  
Specifies the SPI bidirectional mode state. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_Direction](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::DataSize**  
Specifies the SPI data size. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_Data\\_Size](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::CLKPolarity**  
Specifies the serial clock steady state. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_Clock\\_Polarity](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::CLKPhase**  
Specifies the clock active edge for the bit capture. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_Clock\\_Phase](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::NSS**  
Specifies whether the NSS signal is managed by hardware (NSS pin) or by software using the SSI bit. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_Slave\\_Select\\_management](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::BaudRatePrescaler**  
Specifies the Baud Rate prescaler value which will be used to configure the transmit and receive SCK clock. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_BaudRate\\_Prescaler](#)  
**Note:**  
– The communication clock is derived from the master clock. The slave clock does not need to be set.
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::FirstBit**  
Specifies whether data transfers start from MSB or LSB bit. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_MSB\\_LSB\\_transmission](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::TIMode**  
Specifies if the TI mode is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_TI\\_mode](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::CRCCalculation**  
Specifies if the CRC calculation is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_CRC\\_Calculation](#)
- **uint32\_t SPI\_InitTypeDef::CRCPolynomial**  
Specifies the polynomial used for the CRC calculation. This parameter must be an odd number between Min\_Data = 1 and Max\_Data = 65535

#### 47.1.2 \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef

**\_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_spi.h

**Data Fields**



- ***SPI\_TypeDef \* Instance***
- ***SPI\_InitTypeDef Init***
- ***uint8\_t \* pTxBuffPtr***
- ***uint16\_t TxXferSize***
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t TxXferCount***
- ***uint8\_t \* pRxBuffPtr***
- ***uint16\_t RxXferSize***
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t RxXferCount***
- ***void(\* RxISR***
- ***void(\* TxISR***
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatx***
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmrx***
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock***
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_SPI\_StateTypeDef State***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode***
- ***void(\* TxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* RxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* TxRxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* TxHalfCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* RxHalfCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* TxRxHalfCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* ErrorCallback***
- ***void(\* AbortCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* MspInitCallback***
- ***void(\* MspDeInitCallback***

#### Field Documentation

- ***SPI\_TypeDef\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::Instance***  
SPI registers base address
- ***SPI\_InitTypeDef \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::Init***  
SPI communication parameters
- ***uint8\_t\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr***  
Pointer to SPI Tx transfer Buffer
- ***uint16\_t \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize***  
SPI Tx Transfer size
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount***  
SPI Tx Transfer Counter
- ***uint8\_t\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr***  
Pointer to SPI Rx transfer Buffer
- ***uint16\_t \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize***  
SPI Rx Transfer size
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount***  
SPI Rx Transfer Counter
- ***void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::RxISR)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspl)***  
function pointer on Rx ISR
- ***void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxISR)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspl)***  
function pointer on Tx ISR
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx***  
SPI Tx DMA Handle parameters
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::hdmrx***  
SPI Rx DMA Handle parameters
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::Lock***  
Locking object

- **\_\_IO HAL\_SPI\_StateTypeDef \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
SPI communication state
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
SPI Error code
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Tx Completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::RxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Rx Completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxRxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI TxRx Completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Tx Half Completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::RxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Rx Half Completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::TxRxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI TxRx Half Completed callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Error callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::AbortCpltCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Abort callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Msp Init callback
- **void(\* \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct \_\_SPI\_HandleTypeDef \*hspi)**  
SPI Msp DeInit callback

## 47.2 SPI Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SPI library.

### 47.2.1 How to use this driver

The SPI HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a SPI\_HandleTypeDef handle structure, for example: SPI\_HandleTypeDef hspi;
2. Initialize the SPI low level resources by implementing the HAL\_SPI\_MspInit() API:
  - a. Enable the SPIx interface clock
  - b. SPI pins configuration
    - Enable the clock for the SPI GPIOs
    - Configure these SPI pins as alternate function push-pull
  - c. NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process
    - Configure the SPIx interrupt priority
    - Enable the NVIC SPI IRQ handle
  - d. DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process
    - Declare a DMA\_HandleTypeDef handle structure for the transmit or receive Stream/Channel
    - Enable the DMAx clock
    - Configure the DMA handle parameters
    - Configure the DMA Tx or Rx Stream/Channel
    - Associate the initialized hdma\_tx(or\_rx) handle to the hspi DMA Tx or Rx handle
    - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx or Rx Stream/Channel
3. Program the Mode, BidirectionalMode, Data size, Baudrate Prescaler, NSS management, Clock polarity and phase, FirstBit and CRC configuration in the hspi Init structure.
4. Initialize the SPI registers by calling the HAL\_SPI\_Init() API:
  - This API configures also the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized HAL\_SPI\_MspInit() API.

Circular mode restriction:

1. The DMA circular mode cannot be used when the SPI is configured in these modes:
  - a. Master 2Lines RxOnly
  - b. Master 1Line Rx
2. The CRC feature is not managed when the DMA circular mode is enabled
3. When the SPI DMA Pause/Stop features are used, we must use the following APIs the HAL\_SPI\_DMALPause()/ HAL\_SPI\_DMALStop() only under the SPI callbacks

Master Receive mode restriction:

1. In Master unidirectional receive-only mode (MSTR =1, BIDIMODE=0, RXONLY=1) or bidirectional receive mode (MSTR=1, BIDIMODE=1, BIDIOE=0), to ensure that the SPI does not initiate a new transfer the following procedure has to be respected:
  - a. HAL\_SPI\_DeInit()
  - b. HAL\_SPI\_Init()

Data buffer address alignment restriction:

1. There is no support for unaligned accesses on the Cortex-M0 processor. If the user wants to transfer in 16Bit data mode, it shall ensure that 16-bit aligned address is used for:
  - a. pData parameter in HAL\_SPI\_Transmit(), HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_IT(), HAL\_SPI\_Receive() and HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_IT()
  - b. pTxData and pRxData parameters in HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive() and HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_IT()
2. There is no such restriction when going through DMA by using HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_DMA(), HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_DMA() and HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_DMA().

Callback registration:

1. The compilation flag USE\_HAL\_SPI\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1U allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions HAL\_SPI\_RegisterCallback() to register an interrupt callback. Function HAL\_SPI\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:
  - TxCpltCallback : SPI Tx Completed callback
  - RxCpltCallback : SPI Rx Completed callback
  - TxCpltCallback : SPI TxRx Completed callback
  - TxHalfCpltCallback : SPI Tx Half Completed callback
  - RxHalfCpltCallback : SPI Rx Half Completed callback
  - TxRxHalfCpltCallback : SPI TxRx Half Completed callback
  - ErrorCallback : SPI Error callback
  - AbortCpltCallback : SPI Abort callback
  - MspInitCallback : SPI Msp Init callback
  - MspDeInitCallback : SPI Msp DeInit callback This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.
2. Use function HAL\_SPI\_UnRegisterCallback to reset a callback to the default weak function. HAL\_SPI\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:
  - TxCpltCallback : SPI Tx Completed callback
  - RxCpltCallback : SPI Rx Completed callback
  - TxRxCpltCallback : SPI TxRx Completed callback
  - TxHalfCpltCallback : SPI Tx Half Completed callback
  - RxHalfCpltCallback : SPI Rx Half Completed callback
  - TxRxHalfCpltCallback : SPI TxRx Half Completed callback
  - ErrorCallback : SPI Error callback
  - AbortCpltCallback : SPI Abort callback
  - MspInitCallback : SPI Msp Init callback
  - MspDeInitCallback : SPI Msp DeInit callback

By default, after the HAL\_SPI\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_SPI\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_SPI\_MasterTxCpltCallback(), HAL\_SPI\_MasterRxCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the HAL\_SPI\_Init()/ HAL\_SPI\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_SPI\_Init()/ HAL\_SPI\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_SPI\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit functions that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_SPI\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_SPI\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. Then, the user first registers the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_SPI\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_SPI\_DeInit() or HAL\_SPI\_Init() function.

When the compilation define USE\_HAL\_PPP\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registering feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

Using the HAL it is not possible to reach all supported SPI frequency with the different SPI Modes, the following table resume the max SPI frequency reached with data size 8bits/16bits, according to frequency of the APBx Peripheral Clock (fPCLK) used by the SPI instance.

## 47.2.2

### Initialization and de-initialization functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize and de-initialize the SPIx peripheral:

- User must implement HAL\_SPI\_MspInit() function in which he configures all related peripherals resources (CLOCK, GPIO, DMA, IT and NVIC ).
- Call the function HAL\_SPI\_Init() to configure the selected device with the selected configuration:
  - Mode
  - Direction
  - Data Size
  - Clock Polarity and Phase
  - NSS Management
  - BaudRate Prescaler
  - FirstBit
  - TIMode
  - CRC Calculation
  - CRC Polynomial if CRC enabled
- Call the function HAL\_SPI\_DeInit() to restore the default configuration of the selected SPIx peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_SPI\_Init()**
- **HAL\_SPI\_DeInit()**
- **HAL\_SPI\_MspInit()**
- **HAL\_SPI\_MspDeInit()**
- **HAL\_SPI\_RegisterCallback()**
- **HAL\_SPI\_UnRegisterCallback()**

## 47.2.3

### IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the SPI data transfers.

The SPI supports master and slave mode :

1. There are two modes of transfer:
  - Blocking mode: The communication is performed in polling mode. The HAL status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
  - No-Blocking mode: The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA, These APIs return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated SPI IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode. The HAL\_SPI\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_SPI\_RxCpltCallback() and HAL\_SPI\_TxRxCpltCallback() user callbacks will be executed respectively at the end of the transmit or Receive process The HAL\_SPI\_ErrorCallback() user callback will be executed when a communication error is detected

2. APIs provided for these 2 transfer modes (Blocking mode or Non blocking mode using either Interrupt or DMA) exist for 1Line (simplex) and 2Lines (full duplex) modes.

This section contains the following APIs:

- HAL\_SPI\_Transmit()
- HAL\_SPI\_Receive()
- HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive()
- HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_IT()
- HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_IT()
- HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_IT()
- HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_DMA()
- HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_DMA()
- HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_DMA()
- HAL\_SPI\_Abort()
- HAL\_SPI\_Abort\_IT()
- HAL\_SPI\_DMABase()
- HAL\_SPI\_DMAPause()
- HAL\_SPI\_DMAResume()
- HAL\_SPI\_DMAStop()
- HAL\_SPI\_IRQHandler()
- HAL\_SPI\_TxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_RxCpltCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_TxRxTxHalfCpltCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_TxHalfCpltCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_RxHalfCpltCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_TxRxHalfCpltCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_ErrorCallback()
- HAL\_SPI\_AbortCpltCallback()

#### 47.2.4 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the SPI.

- HAL\_SPI\_GetState() API can be helpful to check in run-time the state of the SPI peripheral
- HAL\_SPI\_GetError() check in run-time Errors occurring during communication

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_SPI\_GetState()*
- *HAL\_SPI\_GetError()*

### 47.2.5 Detailed description of functions

## HAL\_SPI\_Init

### Function name

### HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_Init (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)

### Function description

Initialize the SPI according to the specified parameters in the SPI\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

## Parameters

- **hspi:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SPI\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_DeInit (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

### Function description

De-Initialize the SPI peripheral.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SPI\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_SPI\_MspInit (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

### Function description

Initialize the SPI MSP.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_SPI\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_SPI\_MspDeInit (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

### Function description

De-Initialize the SPI MSP.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_SPI\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_RegisterCallback (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi, HAL\_SPI\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pSPI\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User SPI Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: Pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI.
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be registered
- **pCallback**: pointer to the Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_SPI\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_UnRegisterCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi,
HAL_SPI_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)
```

### Function description

Unregister an SPI Callback SPI callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: Pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI.
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be unregistered

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_SPI\_Transmit

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Transmit (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size,
uint32_t Timeout)
```

### Function description

Transmit an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pData**: pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: amount of data to be sent
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_SPI\_Receive

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Receive (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size,
uint32_t Timeout)
```

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pData**: pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: amount of data to be received
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi, uint8\_t \* pTxData, uint8\_t \* pRxData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

Transmit and Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pTxData**: pointer to transmission data buffer
- **pRxData**: pointer to reception data buffer
- **Size**: amount of data to be sent and received
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_IT (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

## Function description

Transmit an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pData**: pointer to data buffer
- **Size**: amount of data to be sent

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_IT (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

## Function description

Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.



### Parameters

- **hspl:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_IT (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspl, uint8_t * pTxData, uint8_t * pRxData, uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Transmit and Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **hspl:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pTxData:** pointer to transmission data buffer
- **pRxData:** pointer to reception data buffer
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent and received

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_SPI\_Transmit\_DMA

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Transmit_DMA (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspl, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Transmit an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hspl:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_SPI\_Receive\_DMA

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Receive_DMA (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspl, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hsapi:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pData:** pointer to data buffer
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- In case of MASTER mode and SPI\_DIRECTION\_2LINES direction, hdmatx shall be defined.
- When the CRC feature is enabled the pData Length must be Size + 1.

## HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_TransmitReceive\_DMA (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hsapi, uint8\_t \* pTxData, uint8\_t \* pRxData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Transmit and Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.

### Parameters

- **hsapi:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
- **pTxData:** pointer to transmission data buffer
- **pRxData:** pointer to reception data buffer
- **Size:** amount of data to be sent

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- When the CRC feature is enabled the pRxData Length must be Size + 1

## HAL\_SPI\_DMAPause

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_DMAPause (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hsapi)**

### Function description

Pause the DMA Transfer.

### Parameters

- **hsapi:** pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_SPI\_DMAResume

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_DMAResume (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hsapi)**

### Function description

Resume the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_SPI\_DMAStop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_DMAStop (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

#### Function description

Stop the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_SPI\_Abort

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_Abort (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing transfer (blocking mode).

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: SPI handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer (Tx and Rx), started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SPI Interrupts (depending of transfer direction)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

#### HAL\_SPI\_Abort\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_SPI\_Abort\_IT (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing transfer (Interrupt mode).

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: SPI handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer (Tx and Rx), started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable SPI Interrupts (depending of transfer direction)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

### HAL\_SPI\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SPI_IRQHandler (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

#### Function description

Handle SPI interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SPI\_TxCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SPI_TxCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

#### Function description

Tx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SPI\_RxCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SPI_RxCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

#### Function description

Rx Transfer completed callback.

#### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

#### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SPI\_TxRxCpltCallback

#### Function name

```
void HAL_SPI_TxRxCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

### Function description

Tx and Rx Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SPI\_TxHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SPI\_TxHalfCpltCallback (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

### Function description

Tx Half Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SPI\_RxHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SPI\_RxHalfCpltCallback (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

### Function description

Rx Half Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_SPI\_TxRxHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_SPI\_TxRxHalfCpltCallback (SPI\_HandleTypeDef \* hspi)**

### Function description

Tx and Rx Half Transfer callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_SPI\_ErrorCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_SPI_ErrorCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

### Function description

SPI error callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_SPI\_AbortCpltCallback

### Function name

```
void HAL_SPI_AbortCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

### Function description

SPI Abort Complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: SPI handle.

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_SPI\_GetState

### Function name

```
HAL_SPI_StateTypeDef HAL_SPI_GetState (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

### Function description

Return the SPI handle state.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

### Return values

- **SPI**: state

## HAL\_SPI\_GetError

### Function name

```
uint32_t HAL_SPI_GetError (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
```

### Function description

Return the SPI error code.

### Parameters

- **hspi**: pointer to a SPI\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

## Return values

- **SPI:** error code in bitmap format

## 47.3 SPI Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 47.3.1 SPI

SPI

#### *SPI BaudRate Prescaler*

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_2

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_4

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_8

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_16

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_32

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_64

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_128

SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_256

#### *SPI Clock Phase*

SPI\_PHASE\_1EDGE

SPI\_PHASE\_2EDGE

#### *SPI Clock Polarity*

SPI\_POLARITY\_LOW

SPI\_POLARITY\_HIGH

#### *SPI CRC Calculation*

SPI\_CRCCALCULATION\_DISABLE

SPI\_CRCCALCULATION\_ENABLE

#### *SPI Data Size*

SPI\_DATASIZE\_8BIT

SPI\_DATASIZE\_16BIT

#### *SPI Direction Mode*

SPI\_DIRECTION\_2LINES

SPI\_DIRECTION\_2LINES\_RXONLY

## SPI\_DIRECTION\_1LINE

### *SPI Error Code*

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_MODF

MODF error

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_CRC

CRC error

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_OVR

OVR error

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_FRE

FRE error

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_FLAG

Error on RXNE/TXE/BSY Flag

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_ABORT

Error during SPI Abort procedure

#### HAL\_SPI\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

### *SPI Exported Macros*

#### \_\_HAL\_SPI\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

##### **Description:**

- Reset SPI handle state.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

##### **Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_SPI\_ENABLE\_IT

##### **Description:**

- Enable the specified SPI interrupts.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SPI\_IT\_TXE: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
  - SPI\_IT\_RXNE: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
  - SPI\_IT\_ERR: Error interrupt enable

##### **Return value:**

- None



## \_\_HAL\_SPI\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified SPI interrupts.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI handle. This parameter can be SPIx where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SPI\_IT\_TXE: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
  - SPI\_IT\_RXNE: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
  - SPI\_IT\_ERR: Error interrupt enable

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SPI\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified SPI interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the SPI interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SPI\_IT\_TXE: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
  - SPI\_IT\_RXNE: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
  - SPI\_IT\_ERR: Error interrupt enable

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__IT__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_SPI\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified SPI flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - SPI\_FLAG\_RXNE: Receive buffer not empty flag
  - SPI\_FLAG\_TXE: Transmit buffer empty flag
  - SPI\_FLAG\_CRCERR: CRC error flag
  - SPI\_FLAG\_MODF: Mode fault flag
  - SPI\_FLAG\_OVR: Overrun flag
  - SPI\_FLAG\_BSY: Busy flag
  - SPI\_FLAG\_FRE: Frame format error flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

#### **\_\_HAL\_SPI\_CLEAR\_CRCERRFLAG**

**Description:**

- Clear the SPI CRCERR pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_SPI\_CLEAR\_MODFFLAG**

**Description:**

- Clear the SPI MODF pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_SPI\_CLEAR\_OVRFLAG**

**Description:**

- Clear the SPI OVR pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_SPI\_CLEAR\_FREFLAG**

**Description:**

- Clear the SPI FRE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

**Return value:**

- None

#### **\_\_HAL\_SPI\_ENABLE**

**Description:**

- Enable the SPI peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_SPI\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the SPI peripheral.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

### Return value:

- None

### *SPI Flags Definition*

SPI\_FLAG\_RXNE

SPI\_FLAG\_TXE

SPI\_FLAG\_BSY

SPI\_FLAG\_CRCERR

SPI\_FLAG\_MODF

SPI\_FLAG\_OVR

SPI\_FLAG\_FRE

SPI\_FLAG\_MASK

### *SPI Interrupt Definition*

SPI\_IT\_TXE

SPI\_IT\_RXNE

SPI\_IT\_ERR

### *SPI Mode*

SPI\_MODE\_SLAVE

SPI\_MODE\_MASTER

### *SPI MSB LSB Transmission*

SPI\_FIRSTBIT\_MSB

SPI\_FIRSTBIT\_LSB

### *SPI Slave Select Management*

SPI\_NSS\_SOFT

SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_INPUT

SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_OUTPUT

***SPI TI Mode***

SPI\_TIMODE\_DISABLE

SPI\_TIMODE\_ENABLE

## 48 HAL TIM Generic Driver

### 48.1 TIM Firmware driver registers structures

#### 48.1.1 TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef

*TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tim.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t Prescaler*
- *uint32\_t CounterMode*
- *uint32\_t Period*
- *uint32\_t ClockDivision*
- *uint32\_t AutoReloadPreload*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler*  
Specifies the prescaler value used to divide the TIM clock. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF
- *uint32\_t TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef::CounterMode*  
Specifies the counter mode. This parameter can be a value of *TIM\_Counter\_Mode*
- *uint32\_t TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef::Period*  
Specifies the period value to be loaded into the active Auto-Reload Register at the next update event. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF.
- *uint32\_t TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef::ClockDivision*  
Specifies the clock division. This parameter can be a value of *TIM\_ClockDivision*
- *uint32\_t TIM\_Base\_InitTypeDef::AutoReloadPreload*  
Specifies the auto-reload preload. This parameter can be a value of *TIM\_AutoReloadPreload*

#### 48.1.2 TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef

*TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tim.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t OCMODE*
- *uint32\_t Pulse*
- *uint32\_t OCPolarity*
- *uint32\_t OCFastMode*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::OCMode*  
Specifies the TIM mode. This parameter can be a value of *TIM\_Output\_Compare\_and\_PWM\_modes*
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::Pulse*  
Specifies the pulse value to be loaded into the Capture Compare Register. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::OCPolarity*  
Specifies the output polarity. This parameter can be a value of *TIM\_Output\_Compare\_Polarity*
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::OCFastMode*  
Specifies the Fast mode state. This parameter can be a value of *TIM\_Output\_Fast\_State*

**Note:**

- This parameter is valid only in PWM1 and PWM2 mode.

#### 48.1.3 TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef

*TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tim.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t OCMODE*
- *uint32\_t Pulse*

- *uint32\_t OCPolarity*
- *uint32\_t ICPolarity*
- *uint32\_t ICSelection*
- *uint32\_t ICFilter*

#### Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef::OCMode*  
Specifies the TIM mode. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Output\\_Compare\\_and\\_PWM\\_modes](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef::Pulse*  
Specifies the pulse value to be loaded into the Capture Compare Register. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef::OCPolarity*  
Specifies the output polarity. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Output\\_Compare\\_Polarity](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef::ICPolarity*  
Specifies the active edge of the input signal. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Polarity](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef::ICSelection*  
Specifies the input. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Selection](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef::ICFilter*  
Specifies the input capture filter. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF

#### 48.1.4

#### TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef

*TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tim.h

#### Data Fields

- *uint32\_t ICPolarity*
- *uint32\_t ICSelection*
- *uint32\_t ICPrescaler*
- *uint32\_t ICFilter*

#### Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICPolarity*  
Specifies the active edge of the input signal. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Polarity](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICSelection*  
Specifies the input. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Selection](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICPrescaler*  
Specifies the Input Capture Prescaler. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Prescaler](#)
- *uint32\_t TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICFilter*  
Specifies the input capture filter. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF

#### 48.1.5

#### TIM\_Encoder\_InitTypeDef

*TIM\_Encoder\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tim.h

#### Data Fields

- *uint32\_t EncoderMode*
- *uint32\_t IC1Polarity*
- *uint32\_t IC1Selection*
- *uint32\_t IC1Prescaler*
- *uint32\_t IC1Filter*
- *uint32\_t IC2Polarity*
- *uint32\_t IC2Selection*
- *uint32\_t IC2Prescaler*
- *uint32\_t IC2Filter*

#### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::EncoderMode`**  
Specifies the active edge of the input signal. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Encoder\\_Mode](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC1Polarity`**  
Specifies the active edge of the input signal. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Encoder\\_Input\\_Polarity](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC1Selection`**  
Specifies the input. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Selection](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC1Prescaler`**  
Specifies the Input Capture Prescaler. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Prescaler](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC1Filter`**  
Specifies the input capture filter. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC2Polarity`**  
Specifies the active edge of the input signal. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Encoder\\_Input\\_Polarity](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC2Selection`**  
Specifies the input. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Selection](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC2Prescaler`**  
Specifies the Input Capture Prescaler. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Input\\_Capture\\_Prescaler](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_Encoder_InitTypeDef::IC2Filter`**  
Specifies the input capture filter. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF

#### 48.1.6

##### TIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef

**TIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_tim.h`

###### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t ClockSource`**
- **`uint32_t ClockPolarity`**
- **`uint32_t ClockPrescaler`**
- **`uint32_t ClockFilter`**

###### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef::ClockSource`**  
TIM clock sources This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Clock\\_Source](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef::ClockPolarity`**  
TIM clock polarity This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Clock\\_Polarity](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef::ClockPrescaler`**  
TIM clock prescaler This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Clock\\_Prescaler](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef::ClockFilter`**  
TIM clock filter This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF

#### 48.1.7

##### TIM\_ClearInputConfigTypeDef

**TIM\_ClearInputConfigTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_tim.h`

###### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t ClearInputState`**
- **`uint32_t ClearInputSource`**
- **`uint32_t ClearInputPolarity`**
- **`uint32_t ClearInputPrescaler`**
- **`uint32_t ClearInputFilter`**

###### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t TIM_ClearInputConfigTypeDef::ClearInputState`**  
TIM clear Input state This parameter can be ENABLE or DISABLE
- **`uint32_t TIM_ClearInputConfigTypeDef::ClearInputSource`**  
TIM clear Input sources This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_ClearInput\\_Source](#)

- **`uint32_t TIM_ClearInputConfigTypeDef::ClearInputPolarity`**  
TIM Clear Input polarity This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_ClearInput\\_Polarity](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_ClearInputConfigTypeDef::ClearInputPrescaler`**  
TIM Clear Input prescaler This parameter must be 0: When OCREf clear feature is used with ETR source, ETR prescaler must be off
- **`uint32_t TIM_ClearInputConfigTypeDef::ClearInputFilter`**  
TIM Clear Input filter This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF

#### 48.1.8

##### **TIM\_MasterConfigTypeDef**

**TIM\_MasterConfigTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_tim.h`

###### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t MasterOutputTrigger`**
- **`uint32_t MasterSlaveMode`**

###### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef::MasterOutputTrigger`**  
Trigger output (TRGO) selection This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Master\\_Mode\\_Selection](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef::MasterSlaveMode`**  
Master/slave mode selection This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Master\\_Slave\\_Mode](#)

###### Note:

- When the Master/slave mode is enabled, the effect of an event on the trigger input (TRGI) is delayed to allow a perfect synchronization between the current timer and its slaves (through TRGO). It is not mandatory in case of timer synchronization mode.

#### 48.1.9

##### **TIM\_SlaveConfigTypeDef**

**TIM\_SlaveConfigTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_tim.h`

###### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t SlaveMode`**
- **`uint32_t InputTrigger`**
- **`uint32_t TriggerPolarity`**
- **`uint32_t TriggerPrescaler`**
- **`uint32_t TriggerFilter`**

###### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t TIM_SlaveConfigTypeDef::SlaveMode`**  
Slave mode selection This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Slave\\_Mode](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_SlaveConfigTypeDef::InputTrigger`**  
Input Trigger source This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Trigger\\_Selection](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_SlaveConfigTypeDef::TriggerPolarity`**  
Input Trigger polarity This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Trigger\\_Polarity](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_SlaveConfigTypeDef::TriggerPrescaler`**  
Input trigger prescaler This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_Trigger\\_Prescaler](#)
- **`uint32_t TIM_SlaveConfigTypeDef::TriggerFilter`**  
Input trigger filter This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data = 0x0 and Max\_Data = 0xF

#### 48.1.10

##### **\_\_TIM\_HandleTypeDef**

**\_\_TIM\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_tim.h`

###### Data Fields

- **`TIM_TypeDef * Instance`**
- **`TIM_Base_InitTypeDef Init`**
- **`HAL_TIM_ActiveChannel Channel`**
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma`**
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`**
- **`__IO HAL_TIM_StateTypeDef State`**
- **`__IO HAL_TIM_ChannelStateTypeDef ChannelState`**



- **`__IO HAL_TIM_DMABurstStateTypeDef DMABurstState`**
- **`void(* Base_MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* Base_MspDeInitCallback`**
- **`void(* IC_MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* IC_MspDeInitCallback`**
- **`void(* OC_MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* OC_MspDeInitCallback`**
- **`void(* PWM_MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* PWM_MspDeInitCallback`**
- **`void(* OnePulse_MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* OnePulse_MspDeInitCallback`**
- **`void(* Encoder_MspInitCallback`**
- **`void(* Encoder_MspDeInitCallback`**
- **`void(* PeriodElapsedCallback`**
- **`void(* PeriodElapsedHalfCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* TriggerCallback`**
- **`void(* TriggerHalfCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* IC_CaptureCallback`**
- **`void(* IC_CaptureHalfCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* OC_DelayElapsedCallback`**
- **`void(* PWM_PulseFinishedCallback`**
- **`void(* PWM_PulseFinishedHalfCpltCallback`**
- **`void(* ErrorCallback`**

#### Field Documentation

- **`TIM_TypeDef* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Instance`**  
Register base address
- **`TIM_Base_InitTypeDef __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Init`**  
TIM Time Base required parameters
- **`HAL_TIM_ActiveChannel __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Channel`**  
Active channel
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::hdma[7]`**  
DMA Handlers array This array is accessed by a [DMA\\_Handle\\_index](#)
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**  
Locking object
- **`__IO HAL_TIM_StateTypeDef __TIM_HandleTypeDef::State`**  
TIM operation state
- **`__IO HAL_TIM_ChannelStateTypeDef __TIM_HandleTypeDef::ChannelState[4]`**  
TIM channel operation state
- **`__IO HAL_TIM_DMABurstStateTypeDef __TIM_HandleTypeDef::DMABurstState`**  
DMA burst operation state
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Base_MspInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Base Msp Init Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Base_MspDeInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Base Msp DeInit Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::IC_MspInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM IC Msp Init Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::IC_MspDeInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM IC Msp DeInit Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::OC_MspInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM OC Msp Init Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::OC_MspDeInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM OC Msp DeInit Callback

- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::PWM_MspInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM PWM Msp Init Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::PWM_MspDeInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM PWM Msp DeInit Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::OnePulse_MspInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM One Pulse Msp Init Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::OnePulse_MspDeInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM One Pulse Msp DeInit Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Encoder_MspInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Encoder Msp Init Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::Encoder_MspDeInitCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Encoder Msp DeInit Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::PeriodElapsedCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Period Elapsed Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::PeriodElapsedHalfCpltCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Period Elapsed half complete Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::TriggerCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Trigger Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::TriggerHalfCpltCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Trigger half complete Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::IC_CaptureCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Input Capture Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::IC_CaptureHalfCpltCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Input Capture half complete Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::OC_DelayElapsedCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Output Compare Delay Elapsed Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::PWM_PulseFinishedCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM PWM Pulse Finished Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::PWM_PulseFinishedHalfCpltCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM PWM Pulse Finished half complete Callback
- **`void(* __TIM_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __TIM_HandleTypeDef *htim)`**  
TIM Error Callback

## 48.2 TIM Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the TIM library.

### 48.2.1 TIMER Generic features

The Timer features include:

1. 16-bit up, down, up/down auto-reload counter.
2. 16-bit programmable prescaler allowing dividing (also on the fly) the counter clock frequency either by any factor between 1 and 65536.
3. Up to 4 independent channels for:
  - Input Capture
  - Output Compare
  - PWM generation (Edge and Center-aligned Mode)
  - One-pulse mode output
4. Synchronization circuit to control the timer with external signals and to interconnect several timers together.
5. Supports incremental encoder for positioning purposes

### 48.2.2 How to use this driver

1. Initialize the TIM low level resources by implementing the following functions depending on the selected feature:
  - Time Base : HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspInit()
  - Input Capture : HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspInit()
  - Output Compare : HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspInit()
  - PWM generation : HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspInit()
  - One-pulse mode output : HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspInit()
  - Encoder mode output : HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspInit()
2. Initialize the TIM low level resources :
  - a. Enable the TIM interface clock using \_\_HAL\_RCC\_TIMx\_CLK\_ENABLE();
  - b. TIM pins configuration
    - Enable the clock for the TIM GPIOs using the following function: \_\_HAL\_RCC\_GPIOx\_CLK\_ENABLE();
    - Configure these TIM pins in Alternate function mode using HAL\_GPIO\_Init();
3. The external Clock can be configured, if needed (the default clock is the internal clock from the APBx), using the following function: HAL\_TIM\_ConfigClockSource, the clock configuration should be done before any start function.
4. Configure the TIM in the desired functioning mode using one of the Initialization function of this driver:
  - HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Init: to use the Timer to generate a simple time base
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Init and HAL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigChannel: to use the Timer to generate an Output Compare signal.
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Init and HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_ConfigChannel: to use the Timer to generate a PWM signal.
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Init and HAL\_TIM\_IC\_ConfigChannel: to use the Timer to measure an external signal.
  - HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Init and HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel: to use the Timer in One Pulse Mode.
  - HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Init: to use the Timer Encoder Interface.
5. Activate the TIM peripheral using one of the start functions depending from the feature used:
  - Time Base : HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start(), HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_DMA(), HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_IT()
  - Input Capture : HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start(), HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_DMA(), HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_IT()
  - Output Compare : HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start(), HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_DMA(), HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_IT()
  - PWM generation : HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start(), HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_DMA(), HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT()
  - One-pulse mode output : HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start(), HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT()
  - Encoder mode output : HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start(), HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_DMA(), HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT()
6. The DMA Burst is managed with the two following functions: HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_WriteStart() HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_ReadStart()

### Callback registration

The compilation define USE\_HAL\_TIM\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function HAL\_TIM\_RegisterCallback() to register a callback. HAL\_TIM\_RegisterCallback() takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_TIM\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak function. HAL\_TIM\_UnRegisterCallback takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID.

These functions allow to register/unregister following callbacks:

- Base\_MspInitCallback : TIM Base Msp Init Callback.
- Base\_MspDeInitCallback : TIM Base Msp DeInit Callback.
- IC\_MspInitCallback : TIM IC Msp Init Callback.
- IC\_MspDeInitCallback : TIM IC Msp DeInit Callback.
- OC\_MspInitCallback : TIM OC Msp Init Callback.

- OC\_MspDeInitCallback : TIM OC Msp DeInit Callback.
- PWM\_MspInitCallback : TIM PWM Msp Init Callback.
- PWM\_MspDeInitCallback : TIM PWM Msp DeInit Callback.
- OnePulse\_MspInitCallback : TIM One Pulse Msp Init Callback.
- OnePulse\_MspDeInitCallback : TIM One Pulse Msp DeInit Callback.
- Encoder\_MspInitCallback : TIM Encoder Msp Init Callback.
- Encoder\_MspDeInitCallback : TIM Encoder Msp DeInit Callback.
- PeriodElapsedCallback : TIM Period Elapsed Callback.
- PeriodElapsedHalfCpltCallback : TIM Period Elapsed half complete Callback.
- TriggerCallback : TIM Trigger Callback.
- TriggerHalfCpltCallback : TIM Trigger half complete Callback.
- IC\_CaptureCallback : TIM Input Capture Callback.
- IC\_CaptureHalfCpltCallback : TIM Input Capture half complete Callback.
- OC\_DelayElapsedCallback : TIM Output Compare Delay Elapsed Callback.
- PWM\_PulseFinishedCallback : TIM PWM Pulse Finished Callback.
- PWM\_PulseFinishedHalfCpltCallback : TIM PWM Pulse Finished half complete Callback.
- ErrorCallback : TIM Error Callback.

By default, after the Init and when the state is HAL\_TIM\_STATE\_RESET all interrupt callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_TIM\_TriggerCallback(), HAL\_TIM\_ErrorCallback().

Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functionalities in the Init / DeInit only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the Init / DeInit keep and use the user MspInit / MspDeInit callbacks(registered beforehand)

Callbacks can be registered / unregistered in HAL\_TIM\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit / MspDeInit that can be registered / unregistered in HAL\_TIM\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_TIM\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered(user) MspInit / DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init / DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_TIM\_RegisterCallback() before calling DeInit or Init function.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_TIM\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

### 48.2.3

#### Time Base functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TIM base.
- De-initialize the TIM base.
- Start the Time Base.
- Stop the Time Base.
- Start the Time Base and enable interrupt.
- Stop the Time Base and disable interrupt.
- Start the Time Base and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop the Time Base and disable DMA transfer.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Init()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_DeInit()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspInit()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspDeInit()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_IT()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop\_IT()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_DMA()**
- **HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop\_DMA()**

#### 48.2.4 TIM Output Compare functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TIM Output Compare.
- De-initialize the TIM Output Compare.
- Start the TIM Output Compare.
- Stop the TIM Output Compare.
- Start the TIM Output Compare and enable interrupt.
- Stop the TIM Output Compare and disable interrupt.
- Start the TIM Output Compare and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop the TIM Output Compare and disable DMA transfer.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Init()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspDeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop\_DMA()*

#### 48.2.5 TIM PWM functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TIM PWM.
- De-initialize the TIM PWM.
- Start the TIM PWM.
- Stop the TIM PWM.
- Start the TIM PWM and enable interrupt.
- Stop the TIM PWM and disable interrupt.
- Start the TIM PWM and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop the TIM PWM and disable DMA transfer.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Init()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspDeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop\_DMA()*

#### 48.2.6 TIM Input Capture functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TIM Input Capture.
- De-initialize the TIM Input Capture.
- Start the TIM Input Capture.

- Stop the TIM Input Capture.
- Start the TIM Input Capture and enable interrupt.
- Stop the TIM Input Capture and disable interrupt.
- Start the TIM Input Capture and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop the TIM Input Capture and disable DMA transfer.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Init()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspDeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop\_DMA()*

#### 48.2.7

#### TIM One Pulse functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TIM One Pulse.
- De-initialize the TIM One Pulse.
- Start the TIM One Pulse.
- Stop the TIM One Pulse.
- Start the TIM One Pulse and enable interrupt.
- Stop the TIM One Pulse and disable interrupt.
- Start the TIM One Pulse and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop the TIM One Pulse and disable DMA transfer.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Init()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspDeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Stop\_IT()*

#### 48.2.8

#### TIM Encoder functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TIM Encoder.
- De-initialize the TIM Encoder.
- Start the TIM Encoder.
- Stop the TIM Encoder.
- Start the TIM Encoder and enable interrupt.
- Stop the TIM Encoder and disable interrupt.
- Start the TIM Encoder and enable DMA transfer.
- Stop the TIM Encoder and disable DMA transfer.

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Init()*

- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_DeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspDeInit()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_IT()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_DMA()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_DMA()*

#### 48.2.9 TIM Callbacks functions

This section provides TIM callback functions:

- TIM Period elapsed callback
- TIM Output Compare callback
- TIM Input capture callback
- TIM Trigger callback
- TIM Error callback

This section contains the following APIs:

- *HAL\_TIM\_PeriodElapsedCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PeriodElapsedHalfCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DelayElapsedCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CaptureCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CaptureHalfCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PulseFinishedCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PulseFinishedHalfCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_TriggerCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_TriggerHalfCpltCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_ErrorCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_RegisterCallback()*
- *HAL\_TIM\_UnRegisterCallback()*

#### 48.2.10 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Init (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

##### Function description

Initializes the TIM Time base Unit according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_HandleTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

##### Notes

- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode. Ex: call HAL\_TIM\_Base\_DeInit() before HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Init()

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_DeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes the TIM Base peripheral.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM Base MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_Base\_MspDeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes TIM Base MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM Base generation.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status



## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Stops the TIM Base generation.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM Base generation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Stops the TIM Base generation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Start\_DMA (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, const uint32\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Length)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM Base generation in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle
- **pData:** The source Buffer address.
- **Length:** The length of data to be transferred from memory to peripheral.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop\_DMA**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_Stop\_DMA (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Stops the TIM Base generation in DMA mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Init**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Init (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Initializes the TIM Output Compare according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_HandleTypeDef and initializes the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode. Ex: call HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DeInit() before HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Init()

**HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DeInit**

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

DeInitializes the TIM peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspInit**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Initializes the TIM Output Compare MSP.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspDeInit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MspDeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

DeInitializes TIM Output Compare MSP.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Starts the TIM Output Compare signal generation.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Stops the TIM Output Compare signal generation.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_IT** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)

#### Function description

Starts the TIM Output Compare signal generation in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop\_IT** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)

#### Function description

Stops the TIM Output Compare signal generation in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Start\_DMA** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel, const uint32\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Length)

#### Function description

Starts the TIM Output Compare signal generation in DMA mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected
- **pData:** The source Buffer address.
- **Length:** The length of data to be transferred from memory to TIM peripheral

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop\_DMA

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_Stop\_DMA (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Stops the TIM Output Compare signal generation in DMA mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Output Compare handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Init

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Init (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

## Function description

Initializes the TIM PWM Time Base according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_HandleTypeDef and initializes the associated handle.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode. Ex: call HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_DeInit() before HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Init()

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_DeInit

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_DeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes the TIM peripheral.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM PWM MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MspDeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes TIM PWM MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Starts the PWM signal generation.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Stops the PWM signal generation.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Starts the PWM signal generation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Stops the PWM signal generation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Start\_DMA** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel, const uint32\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Length)

#### Function description

Starts the TIM PWM signal generation in DMA mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected
- **pData:** The source Buffer address.
- **Length:** The length of data to be transferred from memory to TIM peripheral

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_Stop\_DMA** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)

#### Function description

Stops the TIM PWM signal generation in DMA mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM PWM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Init** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)

#### Function description

Initializes the TIM Input Capture Time base according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_HandleTypeDef and initializes the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle



## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode. Ex: call HAL\_TIM\_IC\_DeInit() before HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Init()

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_DeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes the TIM peripheral.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM Input Capture MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MspDeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes TIM Input Capture MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM Input Capture measurement.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Stops the TIM Input Capture measurement.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Starts the TIM Input Capture measurement in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Stops the TIM Input Capture measurement in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_DMA**

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Start\_DMA (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Length)**

## Function description

Starts the TIM Input Capture measurement in DMA mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected
- **pData:** The destination Buffer address.
- **Length:** The length of data to be transferred from TIM peripheral to memory.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop\_DMA**

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_Stop\_DMA (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Stops the TIM Input Capture measurement in DMA mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Input Capture handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Init

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Init (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t OnePulseMode)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM One Pulse Time Base according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_HandleTypeDef and initializes the associated handle.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle
- **OnePulseMode:** Select the One pulse mode. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_OPMODE\_SINGLE: Only one pulse will be generated.
  - TIM\_OPMODE\_REPETITIVE: Repetitive pulses will be generated.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode. Ex: call HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_DeInit() before HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Init()
- When the timer instance is initialized in One Pulse mode, timer channels 1 and channel 2 are reserved and cannot be used for other purpose.

## HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_DeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Deinitializes the TIM One Pulse.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM One Pulse MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_MspDeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes TIM One Pulse MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle

### Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t OutputChannel)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM One Pulse signal generation.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle
- **OutputChannel:** See note above

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- Though OutputChannel parameter is deprecated and ignored by the function it has been kept to avoid HAL\_TIM API compatibility break.
- The pulse output channel is determined when calling HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel().

### HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Stop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Stop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t OutputChannel)**

### Function description

Stops the TIM One Pulse signal generation.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle
- **OutputChannel:** See note above

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- Though OutputChannel parameter is deprecated and ignored by the function it has been kept to avoid HAL\_TIM API compatibility break.
- The pulse output channel is determined when calling HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel().

### HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Start\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t OutputChannel)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM One Pulse signal generation in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle
- **OutputChannel:** See note above

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Though OutputChannel parameter is deprecated and ignored by the function it has been kept to avoid HAL\_TIM API compatibility break.
- The pulse output channel is determined when calling HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel().

## HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Stop\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_Stop\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t OutputChannel)**

### Function description

Stops the TIM One Pulse signal generation in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM One Pulse handle
- **OutputChannel:** See note above

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Though OutputChannel parameter is deprecated and ignored by the function it has been kept to avoid HAL\_TIM API compatibility break.
- The pulse output channel is determined when calling HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel().

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Init

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Init (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, TIM\_Encoder\_InitTypeDef \* sConfig)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM Encoder Interface and initialize the associated handle.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **sConfig:** TIM Encoder Interface configuration structure

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode. Ex: call HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_DeInit() before HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Init()
- Encoder mode and External clock mode 2 are not compatible and must not be selected together  
Ex: A call for HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Init will erase the settings of HAL\_TIM\_ConfigClockSource using TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ETRMODE2 and vice versa
- When the timer instance is initialized in Encoder mode, timer channels 1 and channel 2 are reserved and cannot be used for other purpose.

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_DeInit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_DeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes the TIM Encoder interface.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM Encoder Interface MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_MspDeInit (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

DeInitializes TIM Encoder Interface MSP.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Starts the TIM Encoder Interface.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - **TIM\_CHANNEL\_1:** TIM Channel 1 selected
  - **TIM\_CHANNEL\_2:** TIM Channel 2 selected
  - **TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL:** TIM Channel 1 and TIM Channel 2 are selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Stops the TIM Encoder Interface.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL: TIM Channel 1 and TIM Channel 2 are selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Starts the TIM Encoder Interface in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL: TIM Channel 1 and TIM Channel 2 are selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Stops the TIM Encoder Interface in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be disabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL: TIM Channel 1 and TIM Channel 2 are selected

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status



## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Start\_DMA** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t \* pData1, uint32\_t \* pData2, uint16\_t Length)

### Function description

Starts the TIM Encoder Interface in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **Channel**: TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL: TIM Channel 1 and TIM Channel 2 are selected
- **pData1**: The destination Buffer address for IC1.
- **pData2**: The destination Buffer address for IC2.
- **Length**: The length of data to be transferred from TIM peripheral to memory.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_Stop\_DMA** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)

### Function description

Stops the TIM Encoder Interface in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM Encoder Interface handle
- **Channel**: TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL: TIM Channel 1 and TIM Channel 2 are selected

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TIM\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_IRQHandler** (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)

### Function description

This function handles TIM interrupts requests.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle

### Return values

- **None**:

## HAL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigChannel

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_TIM_OC_ConfigChannel (TIM_HandleTypeDef * htim, const
TIM_OC_InitTypeDef * sConfig, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Initializes the TIM Output Compare Channels according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM Output Compare handle
- **sConfig**: TIM Output Compare configuration structure
- **Channel**: TIM Channels to configure This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_ConfigChannel

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel (TIM_HandleTypeDef * htim, const
TIM_OC_InitTypeDef * sConfig, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Initializes the TIM PWM channels according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM PWM handle
- **sConfig**: TIM PWM configuration structure
- **Channel**: TIM Channels to be configured This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TIM\_IC\_ConfigChannel

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_TIM_IC_ConfigChannel (TIM_HandleTypeDef * htim, const TIM_IC_InitTypeDef
* sConfig, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Initializes the TIM Input Capture Channels according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM IC handle
- **sConfig**: TIM Input Capture configuration structure
- **Channel**: TIM Channel to configure This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_ConfigChannel (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef \* sConfig, uint32\_t OutputChannel, uint32\_t InputChannel)**

### Function description

Initializes the TIM One Pulse Channels according to the specified parameters in the TIM\_OnePulse\_InitTypeDef.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM One Pulse handle
- **sConfig**: TIM One Pulse configuration structure
- **OutputChannel**: TIM output channel to configure This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
- **InputChannel**: TIM input Channel to configure This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- To output a waveform with a minimum delay user can enable the fast mode by calling the `__HAL_TIM_ENABLE_OCxFAST` macro. Then CCx output is forced in response to the edge detection on Tlx input, without taking in account the comparison.

### HAL\_TIM\_ConfigOCrefClear

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_ConfigOCrefClear (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, const TIM\_ClearInputConfigTypeDef \* sClearInputConfig, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Configures the OCRef clear feature.

## Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle
- **sClearInputConfig**: pointer to a TIM\_ClearInputConfigTypeDef structure that contains the OCREF clear feature and parameters for the TIM peripheral.
- **Channel**: specifies the TIM Channel This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_ConfigClockSource

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_ConfigClockSource (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, const TIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef \* sClockSourceConfig)**

## Function description

Configures the clock source to be used.

## Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle
- **sClockSourceConfig**: pointer to a TIM\_ClockConfigTypeDef structure that contains the clock source information for the TIM peripheral.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_ConfigTI1Input

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_ConfigTI1Input (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t TI1\_Selection)**

## Function description

Selects the signal connected to the TI1 input: direct from CH1\_input or a XOR combination between CH1\_input, CH2\_input & CH3\_input.

## Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle.
- **TI1\_Selection**: Indicate whether or not channel 1 is connected to the output of a XOR gate. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_TI1SELECTION\_CH1: The TIMx\_CH1 pin is connected to TI1 input
  - TIM\_TI1SELECTION\_XORCOMBINATION: The TIMx\_CH1, CH2 and CH3 pins are connected to the TI1 input (XOR combination)

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_SlaveConfigSynchro

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_SlaveConfigSynchro (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, const TIM\_SlaveConfigTypeDef \* sSlaveConfig)**

### Function description

Configures the TIM in Slave mode.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle.
- **sSlaveConfig**: pointer to a TIM\_SlaveConfigTypeDef structure that contains the selected trigger (internal trigger input, filtered timer input or external trigger input) and the Slave mode (Disable, Reset, Gated, Trigger, External clock mode 1).

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_SlaveConfigSynchro\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_SlaveConfigSynchro\_IT (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, const TIM\_SlaveConfigTypeDef \* sSlaveConfig)**

### Function description

Configures the TIM in Slave mode in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle.
- **sSlaveConfig**: pointer to a TIM\_SlaveConfigTypeDef structure that contains the selected trigger (internal trigger input, filtered timer input or external trigger input) and the Slave mode (Disable, Reset, Gated, Trigger, External clock mode 1).

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_WriteStart

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_WriteStart (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t BurstBaseAddress, uint32\_t BurstRequestSrc, const uint32\_t \* BurstBuffer, uint32\_t BurstLength)**

### Function description

Configure the DMA Burst to transfer Data from the memory to the TIM peripheral.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **BurstBaseAddress:** TIM Base address from where the DMA will start the Data write This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SMCR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_DIER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_EGR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CNT
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_PSC
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_ARR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR3
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR4
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_OR
- **BurstRequestSrc:** TIM DMA Request sources This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMA\_UPDATE: TIM update Interrupt source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC1: TIM Capture Compare 1 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC2: TIM Capture Compare 2 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC3: TIM Capture Compare 3 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC4: TIM Capture Compare 4 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_TRIGGER: TIM Trigger DMA source
- **BurstBuffer:** The Buffer address.
- **BurstLength:** DMA Burst length. This parameter can be one value between: TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_1TRANSFER and TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_18TRANSFERS.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This function should be used only when BurstLength is equal to DMA data transfer length.

## HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_MultiWriteStart

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_TIM_DMABurst_MultiWriteStart (TIM_HandleTypeDef * htim, uint32_t
BurstBaseAddress, uint32_t BurstRequestSrc, const uint32_t * BurstBuffer, uint32_t BurstLength,
uint32_t DataLength)
```

### Function description

Configure the DMA Burst to transfer multiple Data from the memory to the TIM peripheral.

## Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle
- **BurstBaseAddress**: TIM Base address from where the DMA will start the Data write This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SMCR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_DIER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_EGR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CNT
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_PSC
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_ARR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR3
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR4
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_OR
- **BurstRequestSrc**: TIM DMA Request sources This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMA\_UPDATE: TIM update Interrupt source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC1: TIM Capture Compare 1 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC2: TIM Capture Compare 2 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC3: TIM Capture Compare 3 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC4: TIM Capture Compare 4 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_TRIGGER: TIM Trigger DMA source
- **BurstBuffer**: The Buffer address.
- **BurstLength**: DMA Burst length. This parameter can be one value between: TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_1TRANSFER and TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_18TRANSFERS.
- **DataLength**: Data length. This parameter can be one value between 1 and 0xFFFF.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_WriteStop

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_WriteStop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t BurstRequestSrc)**

## Function description

Stops the TIM DMA Burst mode.

## Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle
- **BurstRequestSrc**: TIM DMA Request sources to disable

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_ReadStart

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_ReadStart (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t BurstBaseAddress, uint32\_t BurstRequestSrc, uint32\_t \* BurstBuffer, uint32\_t BurstLength)**

### Function description

Configure the DMA Burst to transfer Data from the TIM peripheral to the memory.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **BurstBaseAddress:** TIM Base address from where the DMA will start the Data read This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SMCR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_DIER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_EGR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CNT
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_PSC
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_ARR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR3
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR4
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_OR
- **BurstRequestSrc:** TIM DMA Request sources This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMA\_UPDATE: TIM update Interrupt source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC1: TIM Capture Compare 1 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC2: TIM Capture Compare 2 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC3: TIM Capture Compare 3 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC4: TIM Capture Compare 4 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_TRIGGER: TIM Trigger DMA source
- **BurstBuffer:** The Buffer address.
- **BurstLength:** DMA Burst length. This parameter can be one value between: TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_1TRANSFER and TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_18TRANSFERS.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This function should be used only when BurstLength is equal to DMA data transfer length.

## HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_MultiReadStart

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_MultiReadStart (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t BurstBaseAddress, uint32\_t BurstRequestSrc, uint32\_t \* BurstBuffer, uint32\_t BurstLength, uint32\_t DataLength)**



## Function description

Configure the DMA Burst to transfer Data from the TIM peripheral to the memory.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **BurstBaseAddress:** TIM Base address from where the DMA will start the Data read This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SMCR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_DIER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_SR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_EGR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCER
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CNT
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_PSC
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_ARR
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR1
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR2
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR3
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR4
  - TIM\_DMABASE\_OR
- **BurstRequestSrc:** TIM DMA Request sources This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_DMA\_UPDATE: TIM update Interrupt source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC1: TIM Capture Compare 1 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC2: TIM Capture Compare 2 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC3: TIM Capture Compare 3 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_CC4: TIM Capture Compare 4 DMA source
  - TIM\_DMA\_TRIGGER: TIM Trigger DMA source
- **BurstBuffer:** The Buffer address.
- **BurstLength:** DMA Burst length. This parameter can be one value between: TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_1TRANSFER and TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_18TRANSFERS.
- **DataLength:** Data length. This parameter can be one value between 1 and 0xFFFF.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_ReadStop

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_DMABurst\_ReadStop (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t BurstRequestSrc)**

## Function description

Stop the DMA burst reading.

## Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **BurstRequestSrc:** TIM DMA Request sources to disable.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t EventSource)**

#### Function description

Generate a software event.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **EventSource:** specifies the event source. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_UPDATE: Timer update Event source
  - TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC1: Timer Capture Compare 1 Event source
  - TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC2: Timer Capture Compare 2 Event source
  - TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC3: Timer Capture Compare 3 Event source
  - TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC4: Timer Capture Compare 4 Event source
  - TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_TRIGGER: Timer Trigger Event source

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- Basic timers can only generate an update event.

#### HAL\_TIM\_ReadCapturedValue

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_TIM\_ReadCapturedValue (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Read the captured value from Capture Compare unit.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle.
- **Channel:** TIM Channels to be enabled This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

#### Return values

- **Captured:** value

#### HAL\_TIM\_PeriodElapsedCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_PeriodElapsedCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Period elapsed callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_TIM\_PeriodElapsedHalfCpltCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_PeriodElapsedHalfCpltCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Period elapsed half complete callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DelayElapsedCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DelayElapsedCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Output Compare callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM OC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CaptureCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CaptureCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Input Capture callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM IC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CaptureHalfCpltCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CaptureHalfCpltCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Input Capture half complete callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM IC handle

#### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PulseFinishedCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PulseFinishedCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

PWM Pulse finished callback in non-blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PulseFinishedHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PulseFinishedHalfCpltCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

PWM Pulse finished half complete callback in non-blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_TriggerCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_TriggerCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Hall Trigger detection callback in non-blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_TriggerHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_TriggerHalfCpltCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Hall Trigger detection half complete callback in non-blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_ErrorCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_TIM\_ErrorCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Timer error callback in non-blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TIM\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_RegisterCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, HAL\_TIM\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pTIM\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User TIM callback to be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **htim:** tim handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_TIM\_BASE\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Base MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_BASE\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID Base MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID IC MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID IC MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID OC MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID OC MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID PWM MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID PWM MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ONE\_PULSE\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID One Pulse MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ONE\_PULSE\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID One Pulse MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Encoder MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID Encoder MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PERIOD\_ELAPSED\_CB\_ID Period Elapsed Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PERIOD\_ELAPSED\_HALF\_CB\_ID Period Elapsed half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_TRIGGER\_CB\_ID Trigger Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_TRIGGER\_HALF\_CB\_ID Trigger half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CAPTURE\_CB\_ID Input Capture Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CAPTURE\_HALF\_CB\_ID Input Capture half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DELAY\_ELAPSED\_CB\_ID Output Compare Delay Elapsed Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PULSE\_FINISHED\_CB\_ID PWM Pulse Finished Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PULSE\_FINISHED\_HALF\_CB\_ID PWM Pulse Finished half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the callback function

### Return values

- **status:**

## HAL\_TIM\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_UnRegisterCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim,  
HAL\_TIM\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister a TIM callback TIM callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **htim:** tim handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_TIM\_BASE\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Base MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_BASE\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID Base MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID IC MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID IC MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID OC MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID OC MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID PWM MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID PWM MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ONE\_PULSE\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID One Pulse MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ONE\_PULSE\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID One Pulse MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID Encoder MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID Encoder MspDeInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PERIOD\_ELAPSED\_CB\_ID Period Elapsed Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PERIOD\_ELAPSED\_HALF\_CB\_ID Period Elapsed half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_TRIGGER\_CB\_ID Trigger Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_TRIGGER\_HALF\_CB\_ID Trigger half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CAPTURE\_CB\_ID Input Capture Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_IC\_CAPTURE\_HALF\_CB\_ID Input Capture half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_OC\_DELAY\_ELAPSED\_CB\_ID Output Compare Delay Elapsed Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PULSE\_FINISHED\_CB\_ID PWM Pulse Finished Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_PULSE\_FINISHED\_HALF\_CB\_ID PWM Pulse Finished half complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_TIM\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID

### Return values

- **status:**

## HAL\_TIM\_Base\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_TIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Base\_GetState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Return the TIM Base handle state.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Base handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** state

### HAL\_TIM\_OC\_GetState

#### Function name

**HAL\_TIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OC\_GetState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Return the TIM OC handle state.

#### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM Output Compare handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: state

### HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_GetState

#### Function name

**HAL\_TIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_PWM\_GetState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Return the TIM PWM handle state.

#### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: state

### HAL\_TIM\_IC\_GetState

#### Function name

**HAL\_TIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_IC\_GetState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Return the TIM Input Capture handle state.

#### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM IC handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: state

### HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_GetState

#### Function name

**HAL\_TIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_OnePulse\_GetState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

#### Function description

Return the TIM One Pulse Mode handle state.

#### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM OPM handle

#### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_GetState

### Function name

HAL\_TIM\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_Encoder\_GetState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)

### Function description

Return the TIM Encoder Mode handle state.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM Encoder Interface handle

### Return values

- **HAL:** state

## HAL\_TIM\_GetActiveChannel

### Function name

HAL\_TIM\_ActiveChannel HAL\_TIM\_GetActiveChannel (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)

### Function description

Return the TIM Encoder Mode handle state.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle

### Return values

- **Active:** channel

## HAL\_TIM\_GetChannelState

### Function name

HAL\_TIM\_ChannelStateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_GetChannelState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Channel)

### Function description

Return actual state of the TIM channel.

### Parameters

- **htim:** TIM handle
- **Channel:** TIM Channel This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_5: TIM Channel 5
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_6: TIM Channel 6

### Return values

- **TIM:** Channel state

## HAL\_TIM\_DMABurstState

### Function name

HAL\_TIM\_DMABurstStateTypeDef HAL\_TIM\_DMABurstState (const TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)



### Function description

Return actual state of a DMA burst operation.

### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle

### Return values

- **DMA**: burst state

**TIM\_DMAError**

### Function name

**void TIM\_DMAError (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

### Function description

TIM DMA error callback.

### Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to DMA handle.

### Return values

- **None**:

**TIM\_DMACaptureCplt**

### Function name

**void TIM\_DMACaptureCplt (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

### Function description

TIM DMA Capture complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to DMA handle.

### Return values

- **None**:

**TIM\_DMACaptureHalfCplt**

### Function name

**void TIM\_DMACaptureHalfCplt (DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdma)**

### Function description

TIM DMA Capture half complete callback.

### Parameters

- **hdma**: pointer to DMA handle.

### Return values

- **None**:

**TIM\_ResetCallback**

### Function name

**void TIM\_ResetCallback (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim)**

### Function description

Reset interrupt callbacks to the legacy weak callbacks.

## Parameters

- **htim**: pointer to a TIM\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for TIM module.

## Return values

- **None**:

## 48.3 TIM Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 48.3.1 TIM

TIM

***TIM Auto-Reload Preload***

#### TIM\_AUTORELOAD\_PRELOAD\_DISABLE

TIMx\_ARR register is not buffered

#### TIM\_AUTORELOAD\_PRELOAD\_ENABLE

TIMx\_ARR register is buffered

***CCx DMA request selection***

#### TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_CC

CCx DMA request sent when capture or compare match event occurs

#### TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_UPDATE

CCx DMA requests sent when update event occurs

***TIM Channel***

#### TIM\_CHANNEL\_1

Capture/compare channel 1 identifier

#### TIM\_CHANNEL\_2

Capture/compare channel 2 identifier

#### TIM\_CHANNEL\_3

Capture/compare channel 3 identifier

#### TIM\_CHANNEL\_4

Capture/compare channel 4 identifier

#### TIM\_CHANNEL\_ALL

Global Capture/compare channel identifier

***TIM Clear Input Polarity***

#### TIM\_CLEARINPUTPOLARITY\_INVERTED

Polarity for ETRx pin

#### TIM\_CLEARINPUTPOLARITY\_NONINVERTED

Polarity for ETRx pin

***TIM Clear Input Prescaler***

#### TIM\_CLEARINPUTPRESCALER\_DIV1

No prescaler is used

**TIM\_CLEARINPUTPRESCALER\_DIV2**

Prescaler for External ETR pin: Capture performed once every 2 events.

**TIM\_CLEARINPUTPRESCALER\_DIV4**

Prescaler for External ETR pin: Capture performed once every 4 events.

**TIM\_CLEARINPUTPRESCALER\_DIV8**

Prescaler for External ETR pin: Capture performed once every 8 events.

***TIM Clear Input Source*****TIM\_CLEARINPUTSOURCE\_NONE**

OCREF\_CLR is disabled

**TIM\_CLEARINPUTSOURCE\_ETR**

OCREF\_CLR is connected to ETRF input

***TIM Clock Division*****TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV1**

Clock division:  $tDTS=tCK\_INT$

**TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV2**

Clock division:  $tDTS=2*tCK\_INT$

**TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV4**

Clock division:  $tDTS=4*tCK\_INT$

***TIM Clock Polarity*****TIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_INVERTED**

Polarity for ETRx clock sources

**TIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_NONINVERTED**

Polarity for ETRx clock sources

**TIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_RISING**

Polarity for Tlx clock sources

**TIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_FALLING**

Polarity for Tlx clock sources

**TIM\_CLOCKPOLARITY\_BOTHEDGE**

Polarity for Tlx clock sources

***TIM Clock Prescaler*****TIM\_CLOCKPRESCALER\_DIV1**

No prescaler is used

**TIM\_CLOCKPRESCALER\_DIV2**

Prescaler for External ETR Clock: Capture performed once every 2 events.

**TIM\_CLOCKPRESCALER\_DIV4**

Prescaler for External ETR Clock: Capture performed once every 4 events.

**TIM\_CLOCKPRESCALER\_DIV8**

Prescaler for External ETR Clock: Capture performed once every 8 events.

***TIM Clock Source*****TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_INTERNAL**

Internal clock source

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ETRMODE1**

External clock source mode 1 (ETRF)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ETRMODE2**

External clock source mode 2

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_TI1ED**

External clock source mode 1 (TTI1FP1 + edge detect.)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_TI1**

External clock source mode 1 (TTI1FP1)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_TI2**

External clock source mode 1 (TTI2FP2)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ITR0**

External clock source mode 1 (ITR0)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ITR1**

External clock source mode 1 (ITR1)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ITR2**

External clock source mode 1 (ITR2)

**TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ITR3**

External clock source mode 1 (ITR3)

***TIM Counter Mode*****TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_UP**

Counter used as up-counter

**TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_DOWN**

Counter used as down-counter

**TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTERALIGNED1**

Center-aligned mode 1

**TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTERALIGNED2**

Center-aligned mode 2

**TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTERALIGNED3**

Center-aligned mode 3

***TIM DMA Base Address*****TIM\_DMABASE\_CR1****TIM\_DMABASE\_CR2****TIM\_DMABASE\_SMCR****TIM\_DMABASE\_DIER**

TIM\_DMABASE\_SR

TIM\_DMABASE\_EGR

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR1

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCMR2

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCER

TIM\_DMABASE\_CNT

TIM\_DMABASE\_PSC

TIM\_DMABASE\_ARR

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR1

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR2

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR3

TIM\_DMABASE\_CCR4

TIM\_DMABASE\_DCR

TIM\_DMABASE\_DMAR

TIM\_DMABASE\_OR

#### ***TIM DMA Burst Length***

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_1TRANSFER

The transfer is done to 1 register starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_2TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 2 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_3TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 3 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_4TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 4 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_5TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 5 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_6TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 6 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_7TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 7 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_8TRANSFERS

The transfer is done to 8 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_9TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 9 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_10TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 10 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_11TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 11 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_12TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 12 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_13TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 13 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_14TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 14 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_15TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 15 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_16TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 16 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_17TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 17 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

**TIM\_DMABURSTLENGTH\_18TRANSFERS**

The transfer is done to 18 registers starting from TIMx\_CR1 + TIMx\_DCR.DBA

***TIM DMA Sources*****TIM\_DMA\_UPDATE**

DMA request is triggered by the update event

**TIM\_DMA\_CC1**

DMA request is triggered by the capture/compare match 1 event

**TIM\_DMA\_CC2**

DMA request is triggered by the capture/compare match 2 event event

**TIM\_DMA\_CC3**

DMA request is triggered by the capture/compare match 3 event event

**TIM\_DMA\_CC4**

DMA request is triggered by the capture/compare match 4 event event

**TIM\_DMA\_TRIGGER**

DMA request is triggered by the trigger event

***TIM Encoder Input Polarity*****TIM\_ENCODERINPUTPOLARITY\_RISING**

Encoder input with rising edge polarity

**TIM\_ENCODERINPUTPOLARITY\_FALLING**

Encoder input with falling edge polarity

***TIM Encoder Mode*****TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_TI1**

Quadrature encoder mode 1, x2 mode, counts up/down on TI1FP1 edge depending on TI2FP2 level

**TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_TI2**

Quadrature encoder mode 2, x2 mode, counts up/down on TI2FP2 edge depending on TI1FP1 level.

**TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_TI12**

Quadrature encoder mode 3, x4 mode, counts up/down on both TI1FP1 and TI2FP2 edges depending on the level of the other input.

***TIM ETR Polarity*****TIM\_ETRPOLARITY\_INVERTED**

Polarity for ETR source

**TIM\_ETRPOLARITY\_NONINVERTED**

Polarity for ETR source

***TIM ETR Prescaler*****TIM\_ETRPRESCALER\_DIV1**

No prescaler is used

**TIM\_ETRPRESCALER\_DIV2**

ETR input source is divided by 2

**TIM\_ETRPRESCALER\_DIV4**

ETR input source is divided by 4

**TIM\_ETRPRESCALER\_DIV8**

ETR input source is divided by 8

***TIM Event Source*****TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_UPDATE**

Reinitialize the counter and generates an update of the registers

**TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC1**

A capture/compare event is generated on channel 1

**TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC2**

A capture/compare event is generated on channel 2

**TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC3**

A capture/compare event is generated on channel 3

**TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_CC4**

A capture/compare event is generated on channel 4

**TIM\_EVENTSOURCE\_TRIGGER**

A trigger event is generated

***TIM Exported Macros***

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

### Description:

- Reset TIM handle state.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the TIM peripheral.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the TIM peripheral.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified TIM interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the TIM interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_IT_UPDATE`: Update interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_TRIGGER`: Trigger interrupt

### Return value:

- None



## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified TIM interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the TIM interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_IT_UPDATE`: Update interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_TRIGGER`: Trigger interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_ENABLE\_DMA

### Description:

- Enable the specified DMA request.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__DMA__`: specifies the TIM DMA request to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_DMA_UPDATE`: Update DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_TRIGGER`: Trigger DMA request

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_DISABLE\_DMA

### Description:

- Disable the specified DMA request.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__DMA__`: specifies the TIM DMA request to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_DMA_UPDATE`: Update DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 DMA request
  - `TIM_DMA_TRIGGER`: Trigger DMA request

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified TIM interrupt flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the TIM interrupt flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_FLAG_UPDATE`: Update interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_TRIGGER`: Trigger interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC1OF`: Capture/Compare 1 overcapture flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC2OF`: Capture/Compare 2 overcapture flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC3OF`: Capture/Compare 3 overcapture flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC4OF`: Capture/Compare 4 overcapture flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the specified TIM interrupt flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the TIM interrupt flag to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_FLAG_UPDATE`: Update interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_TRIGGER`: Trigger interrupt flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC1OF`: Capture/Compare 1 overcapture flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC2OF`: Capture/Compare 2 overcapture flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC3OF`: Capture/Compare 3 overcapture flag
  - `TIM_FLAG_CC4OF`: Capture/Compare 4 overcapture flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified TIM interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the TIM interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_IT_UPDATE`: Update interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_TRIGGER`: Trigger interrupt

### Return value:

- The: state of `TIM_IT` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the TIM interrupt pending bits.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt pending bit to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_IT_UPDATE`: Update interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC1`: Capture/Compare 1 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC2`: Capture/Compare 2 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC3`: Capture/Compare 3 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_CC4`: Capture/Compare 4 interrupt
  - `TIM_IT_TRIGGER`: Trigger interrupt

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_IS\_TIM\_COUNTING\_DOWN

### Description:

- Indicates whether or not the TIM Counter is used as downcounter.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

### Return value:

- False: (Counter used as upcounter) or True (Counter used as downcounter)

### Notes:

- This macro is particularly useful to get the counting mode when the timer operates in Center-aligned mode or Encoder mode.

### \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_PRESCALER

**Description:**

- Set the TIM Prescaler on runtime.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__PRESC__`: specifies the Prescaler new value.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_COUNTER

**Description:**

- Set the TIM Counter Register value on runtime.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__COUNTER__`: specifies the Counter register new value.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_COUNTER

**Description:**

- Get the TIM Counter Register value on runtime.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

**Return value:**

- 16-bit: value of the timer counter register (TIMx\_CNT)

### \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_AUTORELOAD

**Description:**

- Set the TIM Autoreload Register value on runtime without calling another time any Init function.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__AUTORELOAD__`: specifies the Counter register new value.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_AUTORELOAD

**Description:**

- Get the TIM Autoreload Register value on runtime.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

**Return value:**

- 16-bit: value of the timer auto-reload register(TIMx\_ARR)

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_CLOCKDIVISION

### Description:

- Set the TIM Clock Division value on runtime without calling another time any Init function.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CKD__`: specifies the clock division value. This parameter can be one of the following value:
  - `TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1`:  $tDTS=tCK\_INT$
  - `TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV2`:  $tDTS=2*tCK\_INT$
  - `TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV4`:  $tDTS=4*tCK\_INT$

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_CLOCKDIVISION

### Description:

- Get the TIM Clock Division value on runtime.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

### Return value:

- The: clock division can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1`:  $tDTS=tCK\_INT$
  - `TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV2`:  $tDTS=2*tCK\_INT$
  - `TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV4`:  $tDTS=4*tCK\_INT$

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_ICPRESCALER

### Description:

- Set the TIM Input Capture prescaler on runtime without calling another time

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CHANNEL__`: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_1`: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_2`: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_3`: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_4`: TIM Channel 4 selected
- `__ICPSC__`: specifies the Input Capture4 prescaler new value. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV1`: no prescaler
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV2`: capture is done once every 2 events
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV4`: capture is done once every 4 events
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV8`: capture is done once every 8 events

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_ICPRESCALER

### Description:

- Get the TIM Input Capture prescaler on runtime.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CHANNEL__`: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_1`: get input capture 1 prescaler value
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_2`: get input capture 2 prescaler value
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_3`: get input capture 3 prescaler value
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_4`: get input capture 4 prescaler value

### Return value:

- The: input capture prescaler can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV1`: no prescaler
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV2`: capture is done once every 2 events
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV4`: capture is done once every 4 events
  - `TIM_ICPSC_DIV8`: capture is done once every 8 events

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_COMPARE

### Description:

- Set the TIM Capture Compare Register value on runtime without calling another time ConfigChannel function.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CHANNEL__`: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_1`: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_2`: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_3`: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_4`: TIM Channel 4 selected
- `__COMPARE__`: specifies the Capture Compare register new value.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_GET\_COMPARE

### Description:

- Get the TIM Capture Compare Register value on runtime.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CHANNEL__`: TIM Channel associated with the capture compare register This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_1`: get capture/compare 1 register value
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_2`: get capture/compare 2 register value
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_3`: get capture/compare 3 register value
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_4`: get capture/compare 4 register value

### Return value:

- 16-bit: value of the capture/compare register (`TIMx_CCRy`)

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_ENABLE\_OCxPRELOAD

### Description:

- Set the TIM Output compare preload.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: TIM handle.
- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_DISABLE\_OCxPRELOAD

### Description:

- Reset the TIM Output compare preload.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: TIM handle.
- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_ENABLE\_OCxFAST

### Description:

- Enable fast mode for a given channel.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: TIM handle.
- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_1: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_2: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_3: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - TIM\_CHANNEL\_4: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- When fast mode is enabled an active edge on the trigger input acts like a compare match on CCx output. Delay to sample the trigger input and to activate CCx output is reduced to 3 clock cycles. Fast mode acts only if the channel is configured in PWM1 or PWM2 mode.

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_DISABLE\_OCxFAST

### Description:

- Disable fast mode for a given channel.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CHANNEL__`: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_1`: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_2`: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_3`: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_4`: TIM Channel 4 selected

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- When fast mode is disabled CCx output behaves normally depending on counter and CCRx values even when the trigger is ON. The minimum delay to activate CCx output when an active edge occurs on the trigger input is 5 clock cycles.

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_URS\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Set the Update Request Source (URS) bit of the TIMx\_CR1 register.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- When the URS bit of the TIMx\_CR1 register is set, only counter overflow/underflow generates an update interrupt or DMA request (if enabled)

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_URS\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Reset the Update Request Source (URS) bit of the TIMx\_CR1 register.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- When the URS bit of the TIMx\_CR1 register is reset, any of the following events generate an update interrupt or DMA request (if enabled): `_Counter overflow underflow` `_Setting the UG bit` `_Update generation through the slave mode controller`



## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SET\_CAPTUREPOLARITY

### Description:

- Set the TIM Capture x input polarity on runtime.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: TIM handle.
- `__CHANNEL__`: TIM Channels to be configured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_1`: TIM Channel 1 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_2`: TIM Channel 2 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_3`: TIM Channel 3 selected
  - `TIM_CHANNEL_4`: TIM Channel 4 selected
- `__POLARITY__`: Polarity for TIx source
  - `TIM_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY_RISING`: Rising Edge
  - `TIM_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY_FALLING`: Falling Edge
  - `TIM_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY_BOTHEDGE`: Rising and Falling Edge

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TIM\_SELECT\_CCDMAREQUEST

### Description:

- Select the Capture/compare DMA request source.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the TIM Handle.
- `__CCDMA__`: specifies Capture/compare DMA request source This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `TIM_CCDMAREQUEST_CC`: CCx DMA request generated on Capture/Compare event
  - `TIM_CCDMAREQUEST_UPDATE`: CCx DMA request generated on Update event

### Return value:

- None

### *TIM Flag Definition*

#### TIM\_FLAG\_UPDATE

Update interrupt flag

#### TIM\_FLAG\_CC1

Capture/Compare 1 interrupt flag

#### TIM\_FLAG\_CC2

Capture/Compare 2 interrupt flag

#### TIM\_FLAG\_CC3

Capture/Compare 3 interrupt flag

#### TIM\_FLAG\_CC4

Capture/Compare 4 interrupt flag

#### TIM\_FLAG\_TRIGGER

Trigger interrupt flag

#### TIM\_FLAG\_CC1OF

Capture 1 overcapture flag

**TIM\_FLAG\_CC2OF**

Capture 2 overcapture flag

**TIM\_FLAG\_CC3OF**

Capture 3 overcapture flag

**TIM\_FLAG\_CC4OF**

Capture 4 overcapture flag

***TIM Input Capture Polarity*****TIM\_ICPOLARITY\_RISING**

Capture triggered by rising edge on timer input

**TIM\_ICPOLARITY\_FALLING**

Capture triggered by falling edge on timer input

**TIM\_ICPOLARITY\_BOTHEDGE**

Capture triggered by both rising and falling edges on timer input

***TIM Input Capture Prescaler*****TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV1**

Capture performed each time an edge is detected on the capture input

**TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV2**

Capture performed once every 2 events

**TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV4**

Capture performed once every 4 events

**TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV8**

Capture performed once every 8 events

***TIM Input Capture Selection*****TIM\_ICSELECTION\_DIRECTTI**

TIM Input 1, 2, 3 or 4 is selected to be connected to IC1, IC2, IC3 or IC4, respectively

**TIM\_ICSELECTION\_INDIRECTTI**

TIM Input 1, 2, 3 or 4 is selected to be connected to IC2, IC1, IC4 or IC3, respectively

**TIM\_ICSELECTION\_TRC**

TIM Input 1, 2, 3 or 4 is selected to be connected to TRC

***TIM Input Channel polarity*****TIM\_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY\_RISING**

Polarity for TIx source

**TIM\_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY\_FALLING**

Polarity for TIx source

**TIM\_INPUTCHANNELPOLARITY\_BOTHEDGE**

Polarity for TIx source

***TIM interrupt Definition***

## TIM\_IT\_UPDATE

Update interrupt

## TIM\_IT\_CC1

Capture/Compare 1 interrupt

## TIM\_IT\_CC2

Capture/Compare 2 interrupt

## TIM\_IT\_CC3

Capture/Compare 3 interrupt

## TIM\_IT\_CC4

Capture/Compare 4 interrupt

## TIM\_IT\_TRIGGER

Trigger interrupt

### ***TIM Master Mode Selection***

## TIM\_TRGO\_RESET

TIMx\_EGR.UG bit is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_ENABLE

TIMx\_CR1.CEN bit is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_UPDATE

Update event is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_OC1

Capture or a compare match 1 is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_OC1REF

OC1REF signal is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_OC2REF

OC2REF signal is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_OC3REF

OC3REF signal is used as trigger output (TRGO)

## TIM\_TRGO\_OC4REF

OC4REF signal is used as trigger output (TRGO)

### ***TIM Master/Slave Mode***

## TIM\_MASTERSLAVEMODE\_ENABLE

No action

## TIM\_MASTERSLAVEMODE\_DISABLE

Master/slave mode is selected

### ***TIM One Pulse Mode***

## TIM\_OPMODE\_SINGLE

Counter stops counting at the next update event

**TIM\_OPMODE\_REPETITIVE**

Counter is not stopped at update event

***TIM Output Compare and PWM Modes*****TIM\_OCMODE\_TIMING**

Frozen

**TIM\_OCMODE\_ACTIVE**

Set channel to active level on match

**TIM\_OCMODE\_INACTIVE**

Set channel to inactive level on match

**TIM\_OCMODE\_TOGGLE**

Toggle

**TIM\_OCMODE\_PWM1**

PWM mode 1

**TIM\_OCMODE\_PWM2**

PWM mode 2

**TIM\_OCMODE\_FORCED\_ACTIVE**

Force active level

**TIM\_OCMODE\_FORCED\_INACTIVE**

Force inactive level

***TIM Complementary Output Compare State*****TIM\_OUTPUTSTATE\_DISABLE**

OCxN is disabled

**TIM\_OUTPUTSTATE\_ENABLE**

OCxN is enabled

***TIM Output Compare Polarity*****TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_HIGH**

Capture/Compare output polarity

**TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_LOW**

Capture/Compare output polarity

***TIM Output Compare State*****TIM\_OUTPUTSTATE\_DISABLE**

Capture/Compare 1 output disabled

**TIM\_OUTPUTSTATE\_ENABLE**

Capture/Compare 1 output enabled

***TIM Output Fast State*****TIM\_OCFAST\_DISABLE**

Output Compare fast disable

**TIM\_OCFAST\_ENABLE**

Output Compare fast enable

***TIM Slave mode*****TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_DISABLE**

Slave mode disabled

**TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_RESET**

Reset Mode

**TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_GATED**

Gated Mode

**TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_TRIGGER**

Trigger Mode

**TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_EXTERNAL1**

External Clock Mode 1

***TIM TI1 Input Selection*****TIM\_TI1SELECTION\_CH1**

The TIMx\_CH1 pin is connected to TI1 input

**TIM\_TI1SELECTION\_XORCOMBINATION**

The TIMx\_CH1, CH2 and CH3 pins are connected to the TI1 input (XOR combination)

***TIM Trigger Polarity*****TIM\_TRIGGERPOLARITY\_INVERTED**

Polarity for ETRx trigger sources

**TIM\_TRIGGERPOLARITY\_NONINVERTED**

Polarity for ETRx trigger sources

**TIM\_TRIGGERPOLARITY\_RISING**

Polarity for TIxFPx or TI1\_ED trigger sources

**TIM\_TRIGGERPOLARITY\_FALLING**

Polarity for TIxFPx or TI1\_ED trigger sources

**TIM\_TRIGGERPOLARITY\_BOTHEDGE**

Polarity for TIxFPx or TI1\_ED trigger sources

***TIM Trigger Prescaler*****TIM\_TRIGGERPRESCALER\_DIV1**

No prescaler is used

**TIM\_TRIGGERPRESCALER\_DIV2**

Prescaler for External ETR Trigger: Capture performed once every 2 events.

**TIM\_TRIGGERPRESCALER\_DIV4**

Prescaler for External ETR Trigger: Capture performed once every 4 events.

**TIM\_TRIGGERPRESCALER\_DIV8**

Prescaler for External ETR Trigger: Capture performed once every 8 events.

***TIM Trigger Selection*****TIM\_TS\_ITR0**

Internal Trigger 0 (ITR0)

**TIM\_TS\_ITR1**

Internal Trigger 1 (ITR1)

**TIM\_TS\_ITR2**

Internal Trigger 2 (ITR2)

**TIM\_TS\_ITR3**

Internal Trigger 3 (ITR3)

**TIM\_TS\_TI1F\_ED**

TI1 Edge Detector (TI1F\_ED)

**TIM\_TS\_TI1FP1**

Filtered Timer Input 1 (TI1FP1)

**TIM\_TS\_TI2FP2**

Filtered Timer Input 2 (TI2FP2)

**TIM\_TS\_ETRF**

Filtered External Trigger input (ETRF)

**TIM\_TS\_NONE**

No trigger selected

## 49 HAL TIM Extension Driver

### 49.1 TIMEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the TIMEx library.

#### 49.1.1 TIMER Extended features

The Timer Extended features include:

1. Synchronization circuit to control the timer with external signals and to interconnect several timers together.

#### 49.1.2 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Master synchronization.
- Configure timer remapping capabilities.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_TIMEx\\_MasterConfigSynchronization\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TIMEx\\_RemapConfig\(\)\*](#)

#### 49.1.3 Detailed description of functions

##### HAL\_TIMEx\_MasterConfigSynchronization

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIMEx\_MasterConfigSynchronization (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, const TIM\_MasterConfigTypeDef \* sMasterConfig)**

###### Function description

Configures the TIM in master mode.

###### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle.
- **sMasterConfig**: pointer to a TIM\_MasterConfigTypeDef structure that contains the selected trigger output (TRGO) and the Master/Slave mode.

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

##### HAL\_TIMEx\_RemapConfig

###### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TIMEx\_RemapConfig (TIM\_HandleTypeDef \* htim, uint32\_t Remap)**

###### Function description

Configures the TIMx Remapping input capabilities.

###### Parameters

- **htim**: TIM handle.
- **Remap**: specifies the TIM remapping source.

###### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## 49.2 TIMEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 49.2.1 TIMEx

TIMEx

***TIM Extended Remapping***

#### TIM2\_ETR\_GPIO

TIM2 ETR input is connected to ORed GPIOs

#### TIM2\_ETR\_HSI48

TIM2 ETR input is connected to HSI48 clock

#### TIM2\_ETR\_HSI16

TIM2 ETR input is connected to HSI16 clock

#### TIM2\_ETR\_LSE

TIM2 ETR input is connected to LSE clock

#### TIM2\_ETR\_COMP2\_OUT

TIM2 ETR input is connected to COMP2\_OUT

#### TIM2\_ETR\_COMP1\_OUT

TIM2 ETR input is connected to COMP1\_OUT

#### TIM2\_TI4\_GPIO

TIM2 TI4 input connected to ORed GPIOs

#### TIM2\_TI4\_COMP2

TIM2 TI4 input connected to COMP2\_OUT

#### TIM2\_TI4\_COMP1

TIM2 TI4 input connected to COMP1\_OUT

#### TIM3\_TI4\_USB\_NOE

USB\_NOE selected selected for PC9 (AF2) remapping

#### TIM3\_TI4\_GPIOC9\_AF2

TIM3\_CH4 selected for PC9 (AF2) remapping

#### TIM3\_TI2\_GPIO\_DEF

TIM3\_CH2 selected for PB5 (AF4) remapping

#### TIM3\_TI2\_GPIOB5\_AF4

TIM22\_CH2 selected for PB5 (AF4) remapping

#### TIM3\_TI1\_USB\_SOF

TIM3 TI1 input connected to USB\_SOF

#### TIM3\_TI1\_GPIO

TIM3 TI1 input connected to ORed GPIOs

#### TIM3\_ETR\_GPIO

TIM3 ETR input connected to ORed GPIOs

#### TIM3\_ETR\_HSI

TIM3\_ETR input is connected to HSI48 clock



**TIM21\_ETR\_GPIO**

TIM21 ETR input connected to ORed GPIOs

**TIM21\_ETR\_COMP2\_OUT**

TIM21 ETR input connected to COMP2\_OUT

**TIM21\_ETR\_COMP1\_OUT**

TIM21 ETR input connected to COMP1\_OUT

**TIM21\_ETR\_LSE**

TIM21 ETR input connected to LSE clock

**TIM21\_TI1\_GPIO**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to ORed GPIOs

**TIM21\_TI1\_MCO**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to MCO clock

**TIM21\_TI1\_RTC\_WKUT\_IT**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to RTC WAKEUP interrupt

**TIM21\_TI1\_HSE\_RTC**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to HSE\_RTC clock

**TIM21\_TI1\_MSI**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to MSI clock

**TIM21\_TI1\_LSE**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to LSE clock

**TIM21\_TI1\_LSI**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to LSI clock

**TIM21\_TI1\_COMP1\_OUT**

TIM21 TI1 input connected to COMP1\_OUT

**TIM21\_TI2\_GPIO**

TIM21 TI2 input connected to ORed GPIOs

**TIM21\_TI2\_COMP2\_OUT**

TIM21 TI2 input connected to COMP2\_OUT

**TIM22\_ETR\_GPIO**

TIM22 ETR input is connected to ORed GPIOs

**TIM22\_ETR\_COMP2\_OUT**

TIM22 ETR input is connected to COMP2\_OUT

**TIM22\_ETR\_COMP1\_OUT**

TIM22 ETR input is connected to COMP1\_OUT

**TIM22\_ETR\_LSE**

TIM22 ETR input is connected to LSE clock

**TIM22\_TI1\_GPIO**

TIM22 TI1 input is connected to ORed GPIOs

**TIM22\_TI1\_COMP2\_OUT**

TIM22 TI1 input is connected to COMP2\_OUT

**TIM22\_TI1\_COMP1\_OUT**

TIM22 TI1 input is connected to COMP1\_OUT

## 50 HAL TSC Generic Driver

### 50.1 TSC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 50.1.1 TSC\_InitTypeDef

**TSC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tsc.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t CTPulseHighLength**
- **uint32\_t CTPulseLowLength**
- **FunctionalState SpreadSpectrum**
- **uint32\_t SpreadSpectrumDeviation**
- **uint32\_t SpreadSpectrumPrescaler**
- **uint32\_t PulseGeneratorPrescaler**
- **uint32\_t MaxCountValue**
- **uint32\_t IODefaultMode**
- **uint32\_t SynchroPinPolarity**
- **uint32\_t AcquisitionMode**
- **FunctionalState MaxCountInterrupt**
- **uint32\_t ChannelIOs**
- **uint32\_t ShieldIOs**
- **uint32\_t SamplingIOs**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::CTPulseHighLength**  
Charge-transfer high pulse length This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_CTPulseHL\\_Config](#)
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::CTPulseLowLength**  
Charge-transfer low pulse length This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_CTPulseLL\\_Config](#)
- **FunctionalState TSC\_InitTypeDef::SpreadSpectrum**  
Spread spectrum activation This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE.
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::SpreadSpectrumDeviation**  
Spread spectrum deviation This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 127
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::SpreadSpectrumPrescaler**  
Spread spectrum prescaler This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_SpreadSpec\\_Prescaler](#)
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::PulseGeneratorPrescaler**  
Pulse generator prescaler This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_PulseGenerator\\_Prescaler](#)
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::MaxCountValue**  
Max count value This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_MaxCount\\_Value](#)
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::IODefaultMode**  
IO default mode This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_IO\\_Default\\_Mode](#)
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::SynchroPinPolarity**  
Synchro pin polarity This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_Synchro\\_Pin\\_Polarity](#)
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::AcquisitionMode**  
Acquisition mode This parameter can be a value of [TSC\\_Acquisition\\_Mode](#)
- **FunctionalState TSC\_InitTypeDef::MaxCountInterrupt**  
Max count interrupt activation This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE.
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::ChannelIOs**  
Channel IOs mask
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::ShieldIOs**  
Shield IOs mask
- **uint32\_t TSC\_InitTypeDef::SamplingIOs**  
Sampling IOs mask

### 50.1.2 TSC\_IOConfigTypeDef

**TSC\_IOConfigTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tsc.h

#### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t ChannelIOs**
- **uint32\_t ShieldIOs**
- **uint32\_t SamplingIOs**

#### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t TSC\_IOConfigTypeDef::ChannelIOs**  
Channel IOs mask
- **uint32\_t TSC\_IOConfigTypeDef::ShieldIOs**  
Shield IOs mask
- **uint32\_t TSC\_IOConfigTypeDef::SamplingIOs**  
Sampling IOs mask

### 50.1.3 \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef

**\_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_tsc.h

#### Data Fields

- **TSC\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **TSC\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_TSC\_StateTypeDef State**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode**
- **void(\* ConvCpltCallback**
- **void(\* ErrorCallback**
- **void(\* MspInitCallback**
- **void(\* MspDeInitCallback**

#### Field Documentation

- **TSC\_TypeDef\* \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
Register base address
- **TSC\_InitTypeDef \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
Initialization parameters
- **\_\_IO HAL\_TSC\_StateTypeDef \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
Peripheral state
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
Lock feature
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode**  
TSC Error code
- **void(\* \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::ConvCpltCallback)(struct \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef \*htsc)**  
TSC Conversion complete callback
- **void(\* \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef \*htsc)**  
TSC Error callback
- **void(\* \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef \*htsc)**  
TSC Msp Init callback
- **void(\* \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct \_\_TSC\_HandleTypeDef \*htsc)**  
TSC Msp DeInit callback

## 50.2 TSC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the TSC library.

### 50.2.1 TSC specific features

1. Proven and robust surface charge transfer acquisition principle
2. Supports up to 3 capacitive sensing channels per group

3. Capacitive sensing channels can be acquired in parallel offering a very good response time
4. Spread spectrum feature to improve system robustness in noisy environments
5. Full hardware management of the charge transfer acquisition sequence
6. Programmable charge transfer frequency
7. Programmable sampling capacitor I/O pin
8. Programmable channel I/O pin
9. Programmable max count value to avoid long acquisition when a channel is faulty
10. Dedicated end of acquisition and max count error flags with interrupt capability
11. One sampling capacitor for up to 3 capacitive sensing channels to reduce the system components
12. Compatible with proximity, touchkey, linear and rotary touch sensor implementation

## 50.2.2

### How to use this driver

1. Enable the TSC interface clock using `__HAL_RCC_TSC_CLK_ENABLE()` macro.
2. GPIO pins configuration
  - Enable the clock for the TSC GPIOs using `__HAL_RCC_GPIOx_CLK_ENABLE()` macro.
  - Configure the TSC pins used as sampling IOs in alternate function output Open-Drain mode, and TSC pins used as channel/shield IOs in alternate function output Push-Pull mode using `HAL_GPIO_Init()` function.
3. Interrupts configuration
  - Configure the NVIC (if the interrupt model is used) using `HAL_NVIC_SetPriority()` and `HAL_NVIC_EnableIRQ()` and function.
4. TSC configuration
  - Configure all TSC parameters and used TSC IOs using `HAL_TSC_Init()` function.

TSC peripheral alternate functions are mapped on AF3.

### Acquisition sequence

- Discharge all IOs using `HAL_TSC_IODischarge()` function.
- Wait a certain time allowing a good discharge of all capacitors. This delay depends of the sampling capacitor and electrodes design.
- Select the channel IOs to be acquired using `HAL_TSC_IOConfig()` function.
- Launch the acquisition using either `HAL_TSC_Start()` or `HAL_TSC_Start_IT()` function. If the synchronized mode is selected, the acquisition will start as soon as the signal is received on the synchro pin.
- Wait the end of acquisition using either `HAL_TSC_PollForAcquisition()` or `HAL_TSC_GetState()` function or using WFI instruction for example.
- Check the group acquisition status using `HAL_TSC_GroupGetStatus()` function.
- Read the acquisition value using `HAL_TSC_GroupGetValue()` function.

### Callback registration

The compilation flag `USE_HAL_TSC_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions `HAL_TSC_RegisterCallback()` to register an interrupt callback.

Function `HAL_TSC_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:

- `ConvCpltCallback` : callback for conversion complete process.
- `ErrorCallback` : callback for error detection.
- `MspInitCallback` : callback for Msp Init.
- `MspDeInitCallback` : callback for Msp DeInit.

This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function `HAL_TSC_UnRegisterCallback` to reset a callback to the default weak function.

`HAL_TSC_UnRegisterCallback` takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID.

This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- `ConvCpltCallback` : callback for conversion complete process.

- ErrorCallback : callback for error detection.
- MspInitCallback : callback for Msp Init.
- MspDeInitCallback : callback for Msp DeInit.

By default, after the HAL\_TSC\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_TSC\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions: examples HAL\_TSC\_ConvCpltCallback(), HAL\_TSC\_ErrorCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are reset to the legacy weak functions in the HAL\_TSC\_Init()/HAL\_TSC\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_TSC\_Init()/HAL\_TSC\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand) whatever the state.

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_TSC\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/MspDeInit functions that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_TSC\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_TSC\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. Then, the user first registers the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_TSC\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_TSC\_DeInit() or HAL\_TSC\_Init() function.

When the compilation flag USE\_HAL\_TSC\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak functions.

### 50.2.3 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and configure the TSC.
- De-initialize the TSC.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)

### 50.2.4 IO Operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Start acquisition in polling mode.
- Start acquisition in interrupt mode.
- Stop conversion in polling mode.
- Stop conversion in interrupt mode.
- Poll for acquisition completed.
- Get group acquisition status.
- Get group acquisition value.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_Start\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_Start\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_Stop\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_Stop\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_PollForAcquisition\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_GroupGetStatus\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_TSC\\_GroupGetValue\(\)\*](#)

### 50.2.5 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure TSC IOs
- Discharge TSC IOs

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_TSC\\_IOConfig\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_TSC\\_IODischarge\(\)](#)

## 50.2.6 State and Errors functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to

- Get TSC state.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_TSC\\_GetState\(\)](#)

## 50.2.7 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_TSC\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_Init (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

#### Function description

Initialize the TSC peripheral according to the specified parameters in the TSC\_InitTypeDef structure and initialize the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** TSC handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_TSC\_DeInit

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_DeInit (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

#### Function description

Deinitialize the TSC peripheral registers to their default reset values.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** TSC handle

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_TSC\_Msplnit

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TSC\_Msplnit (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

#### Function description

Initialize the TSC MSP.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TSC\_MspDeInit

### Function name

**void HAL\_TSC\_MspDeInit (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

### Function description

DeInitialize the TSC MSP.

### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_TSC\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_RegisterCallback (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc, HAL\_TSC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pTSC\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User TSC Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_TSC\_CONV\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Conversion completed callback ID
  - HAL\_TSC\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_TSC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_TSC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_TSC\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_UnRegisterCallback (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc, HAL\_TSC\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister an TSC Callback TSC callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_TSC\_CONV\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Conversion completed callback ID
  - HAL\_TSC\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error callback ID
  - HAL\_TSC\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
  - HAL\_TSC\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit callback ID



**Return values**

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TSC\_Start****Function name**

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_Start (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

**Function description**

Start the acquisition.

**Parameters**

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

**Return values**

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TSC\_Start\_IT****Function name**

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_Start\_IT (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

**Function description**

Start the acquisition in interrupt mode.

**Parameters**

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

**Return values**

- **HAL:** status.

**HAL\_TSC\_Stop****Function name**

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_Stop (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

**Function description**

Stop the acquisition previously launched in polling mode.

**Parameters**

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

**Return values**

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_TSC\_Stop\_IT****Function name**

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_Stop\_IT (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

**Function description**

Stop the acquisition previously launched in interrupt mode.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_TSC\_PollForAcquisition

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_PollForAcquisition (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

#### Function description

Start acquisition and wait until completion.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** state

#### Notes

- There is no need of a timeout parameter as the max count error is already managed by the TSC peripheral.

#### HAL\_TSC\_GroupGetStatus

#### Function name

**TSC\_GroupStatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_GroupGetStatus (const TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc, uint32\_t gx\_index)**

#### Function description

Get the acquisition status for a group.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.
- **gx\_index:** Index of the group

#### Return values

- **Group:** status

#### HAL\_TSC\_GroupGetValue

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_TSC\_GroupGetValue (const TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc, uint32\_t gx\_index)**

#### Function description

Get the acquisition measure for a group.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.
- **gx\_index:** Index of the group

#### Return values

- **Acquisition:** measure

## HAL\_TSC\_IOConfig

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_IOConfig (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc, const TSC\_IOConfigTypeDef \* config)**

### Function description

Configure TSC IOs.

### Parameters

- **htsc**: Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.
- **config**: Pointer to the configuration structure.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TSC\_IODischarge

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_IODischarge (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc, FunctionalState choice)**

### Function description

Discharge TSC IOs.

### Parameters

- **htsc**: Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.
- **choice**: This parameter can be set to ENABLE or DISABLE.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## HAL\_TSC\_GetState

### Function name

**HAL\_TSC\_StateTypeDef HAL\_TSC\_GetState (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

### Function description

Return the TSC handle state.

### Parameters

- **htsc**: Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

### Return values

- **HAL**: state

## HAL\_TSC\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_TSC\_IRQHandler (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

### Function description

Handle TSC interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_TSC\_ConvCpltCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TSC\_ConvCpltCallback (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

#### Function description

Acquisition completed callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_TSC\_ErrorCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_TSC\_ErrorCallback (TSC\_HandleTypeDef \* htsc)**

#### Function description

Error callback in non-blocking mode.

#### Parameters

- **htsc:** Pointer to a TSC\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified TSC.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## 50.3 TSC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 50.3.1 TSC

TSC

#### *Acquisition Mode*

#### TSC\_ACQ\_MODE\_NORMAL

Normal acquisition mode (acquisition starts as soon as START bit is set)

#### TSC\_ACQ\_MODE\_SYNCHRO

Synchronized acquisition mode (acquisition starts if START bit is set and when the selected signal is detected on the SYNC input pin)

#### *CTPulse High Length*

#### TSC\_CTPH\_1CYCLE

Charge transfer pulse high during 1 cycle (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_2CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 2 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_3CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 3 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_4CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 4 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_5CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 5 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_6CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 6 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_7CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 7 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_8CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 8 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_9CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 9 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_10CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 10 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_11CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 11 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_12CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 12 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_13CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 13 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_14CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 14 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_15CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 15 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPH\_16CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse high during 16 cycles (PGCLK)

***CTPulse Low Length*****TSC\_CTPL\_1CYCLE**

Charge transfer pulse low during 1 cycle (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPL\_2CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse low during 2 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPL\_3CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse low during 3 cycles (PGCLK)

**TSC\_CTPL\_4CYCLES**

Charge transfer pulse low during 4 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_5CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 5 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_6CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 6 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_7CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 7 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_8CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 8 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_9CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 9 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_10CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 10 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_11CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 11 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_12CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 12 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_13CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 13 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_14CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 14 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_15CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 15 cycles (PGCLK)

#### TSC\_CTPL\_16CYCLES

Charge transfer pulse low during 16 cycles (PGCLK)

#### **TSC Error Code definition**

#### HAL\_TSC\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_TSC\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

#### **TSC Exported Macros**

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

##### **Description:**

- Reset TSC handle state.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

##### **Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_ENABLE

**Description:**

- Enable the TSC peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_DISABLE

**Description:**

- Disable the TSC peripheral.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_START\_ACQ

**Description:**

- Start acquisition.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_STOP\_ACQ

**Description:**

- Stop acquisition.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_SET\_IODEF\_OUTPLOW

**Description:**

- Set IO default mode to output push-pull low.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_TSC\_SET\_IODEF\_INFLOAT

**Description:**

- Set IO default mode to input floating.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### `__HAL_TSC_SET_SYNC_POL_FALL`

**Description:**

- Set synchronization polarity to falling edge.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### `__HAL_TSC_SET_SYNC_POL_RISE_HIGH`

**Description:**

- Set synchronization polarity to rising edge and high level.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle

**Return value:**

- None

#### `__HAL_TSC_ENABLE_IT`

**Description:**

- Enable TSC interrupt.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: TSC interrupt

**Return value:**

- None

#### `__HAL_TSC_DISABLE_IT`

**Description:**

- Disable TSC interrupt.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: TSC interrupt

**Return value:**

- None

#### `__HAL_TSC_GET_IT_SOURCE`

**Description:**

- Check whether the specified TSC interrupt source is enabled or not.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC Handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: TSC interrupt

**Return value:**

- SET: or RESET



## **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_GET\_FLAG**

**Description:**

- Check whether the specified TSC flag is set or not.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__FLAG__`: TSC flag

**Return value:**

- SET: or RESET

## **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_CLEAR\_FLAG**

**Description:**

- Clear the TSC's pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__FLAG__`: TSC flag

**Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_ENABLE\_HYSTERESIS**

**Description:**

- Enable schmitt trigger hysteresis on a group of IOs.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_DISABLE\_HYSTERESIS**

**Description:**

- Disable schmitt trigger hysteresis on a group of IOs.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

## **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_OPEN\_ANALOG\_SWITCH**

**Description:**

- Open analog switch on a group of IOs.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

### **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_CLOSE\_ANALOG\_SWITCH**

**Description:**

- Close analog switch on a group of IOs.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

### **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_ENABLE\_CHANNEL**

**Description:**

- Enable a group of IOs in channel mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

### **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_DISABLE\_CHANNEL**

**Description:**

- Disable a group of channel IOs.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

### **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_ENABLE\_SAMPLING**

**Description:**

- Enable a group of IOs in sampling mode.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

### **\_\_HAL\_TSC\_DISABLE\_SAMPLING**

**Description:**

- Disable a group of sampling IOs.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: TSC handle
- `__GX_IOY_MASK__`: IOs mask

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TSC\_ENABLE\_GROUP

### Description:

- Enable acquisition groups.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: TSC handle
- \_\_GX\_MASK\_\_: Groups mask

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TSC\_DISABLE\_GROUP

### Description:

- Disable acquisition groups.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: TSC handle
- \_\_GX\_MASK\_\_: Groups mask

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_TSC\_GET\_GROUP\_STATUS

### Description:

- Gets acquisition group status.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: TSC Handle
- \_\_GX\_INDEX\_\_: Group index

### Return value:

- SET: or RESET

### Flags definition

## TSC\_FLAG\_EOA

End of acquisition flag

## TSC\_FLAG\_MCE

Max count error flag

### Group definition

## TSC\_GROUP1

## TSC\_GROUP2

## TSC\_GROUP3

## TSC\_GROUP4

## TSC\_GROUP5

## TSC\_GROUP6

## TSC\_GROUP7

## TSC\_GROUP8

**TSC\_GROUP1\_IO1**

TSC Group1 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP1\_IO2**

TSC Group1 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP1\_IO3**

TSC Group1 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP1\_IO4**

TSC Group1 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP2\_IO1**

TSC Group2 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP2\_IO2**

TSC Group2 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP2\_IO3**

TSC Group2 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP2\_IO4**

TSC Group2 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP3\_IO1**

TSC Group3 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP3\_IO2**

TSC Group3 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP3\_IO3**

TSC Group3 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP3\_IO4**

TSC Group3 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP4\_IO1**

TSC Group4 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP4\_IO2**

TSC Group4 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP4\_IO3**

TSC Group4 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP4\_IO4**

TSC Group4 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP5\_IO1**

TSC Group5 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP5\_IO2**

TSC Group5 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP5\_IO3**

TSC Group5 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP5\_IO4**

TSC Group5 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP6\_IO1**

TSC Group6 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP6\_IO2**

TSC Group6 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP6\_IO3**

TSC Group6 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP6\_IO4**

TSC Group6 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP7\_IO1**

TSC Group7 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP7\_IO2**

TSC Group7 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP7\_IO3**

TSC Group7 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP7\_IO4**

TSC Group7 IO4

**TSC\_GROUP8\_IO1**

TSC Group8 IO1

**TSC\_GROUP8\_IO2**

TSC Group8 IO2

**TSC\_GROUP8\_IO3**

TSC Group8 IO3

**TSC\_GROUP8\_IO4**

TSC Group8 IO4

***Interrupts definition*****TSC\_IT\_EOA**

End of acquisition interrupt enable

**TSC\_IT\_MCE**

Max count error interrupt enable

***IO Default Mode*****TSC\_IODEF\_OUT\_PP\_LOW**

I/Os are forced to output push-pull low

**TSC\_IODEF\_IN\_FLOAT**

I/Os are in input floating

***Max Count Value***

**TSC\_MCV\_255**

255 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

**TSC\_MCV\_511**

511 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

**TSC\_MCV\_1023**

1023 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

**TSC\_MCV\_2047**

2047 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

**TSC\_MCV\_4095**

4095 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

**TSC\_MCV\_8191**

8191 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

**TSC\_MCV\_16383**

16383 maximum number of charge transfer pulses

***Pulse Generator Prescaler*****TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV1**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div1

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV2**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div2

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV4**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div4

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV8**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div8

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV16**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div16

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV32**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div32

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV64**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div64

**TSC\_PG\_PRESC\_DIV128**

Pulse Generator HCLK Div128

***Spread Spectrum Prescaler*****TSC\_SS\_PRESC\_DIV1**

Spread Spectrum Prescaler Div1

**TSC\_SS\_PRESC\_DIV2**

Spread Spectrum Prescaler Div2

***Synchro Pin Polarity***

**TSC\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_FALLING**

Falling edge only

**TSC\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_RISING**

Rising edge and high level

## 51 HAL UART Generic Driver

### 51.1 UART Firmware driver registers structures

#### 51.1.1 UART\_InitTypeDef

**UART\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_uart.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t BaudRate**
- **uint32\_t WordLength**
- **uint32\_t StopBits**
- **uint32\_t Parity**
- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t HwFlowCtl**
- **uint32\_t OverSampling**
- **uint32\_t OneBitSampling**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::BaudRate**  
 This member configures the UART communication baud rate. The baud rate register is computed using the following formula: LPUART: ===== Baud Rate Register = ((256 \* lpuart\_ker\_ck) / ((huart->Init.BaudRate))) where lpuart\_ker\_ck is the UART input clock UART: =====  
 – If oversampling is 16 or in LIN mode, Baud Rate Register = ((uart\_ker\_ck) / ((huart->Init.BaudRate)))  
 – If oversampling is 8, Baud Rate Register[15:4] = ((2 \* uart\_ker\_ck) / ((huart->Init.BaudRate)))[15:4]  
 Baud Rate Register[3] = 0 Baud Rate Register[2:0] = (((2 \* uart\_ker\_ck) / ((huart->Init.BaudRate))) [3:0]) >> 1 where uart\_ker\_ck is the UART input clock
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::WordLength**  
 Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter can be a value of [UARTEx\\_Word\\_Length](#).
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::StopBits**  
 Specifies the number of stop bits transmitted. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Stop\\_Bits](#).
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::Parity**  
 Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Parity](#)  
**Note:**  
 – When parity is enabled, the computed parity is inserted at the MSB position of the transmitted data (9th bit when the word length is set to 9 data bits; 8th bit when the word length is set to 8 data bits).
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
 Specifies whether the Receive or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Mode](#).
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::HwFlowCtl**  
 Specifies whether the hardware flow control mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Hardware\\_Flow\\_Control](#).
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::OverSampling**  
 Specifies whether the Over sampling 8 is enabled or disabled, to achieve higher speed (up to f\_PCLK/8). This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Over\\_Sampling](#).
- **uint32\_t UART\_InitTypeDef::OneBitSampling**  
 Specifies whether a single sample or three samples' majority vote is selected. Selecting the single sample method increases the receiver tolerance to clock deviations. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_OneBit\\_Sampling](#).

#### 51.1.2 UART\_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef

**UART\_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_uart.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t AdvFeatureInit**



- `uint32_t TxPinLevelInvert`
- `uint32_t RxPinLevelInvert`
- `uint32_t DataInvert`
- `uint32_t Swap`
- `uint32_t OverrunDisable`
- `uint32_t DMADisableonRxError`
- `uint32_t AutoBaudRateEnable`
- `uint32_t AutoBaudRateMode`
- `uint32_t MSBFirst`

#### Field Documentation

- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::AdvFeatureInit`  
Specifies which advanced UART features is initialized. Several Advanced Features may be initialized at the same time . This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Advanced\\_Features\\_Initialization\\_Type](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::TxPinLevelInvert`  
Specifies whether the TX pin active level is inverted. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Tx\\_Inv](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::RxPinLevelInvert`  
Specifies whether the RX pin active level is inverted. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Rx\\_Inv](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::DataInvert`  
Specifies whether data are inverted (positive/direct logic vs negative/inverted logic). This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Data\\_Inv](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::Swap`  
Specifies whether TX and RX pins are swapped. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Rx\\_Tx\\_Swap](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::OverrunDisable`  
Specifies whether the reception overrun detection is disabled. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_Overrun\\_Disable](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::DMADisableonRxError`  
Specifies whether the DMA is disabled in case of reception error. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_DMA\\_Disable\\_on\\_Rx\\_Error](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::AutoBaudRateEnable`  
Specifies whether auto Baud rate detection is enabled. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_AutoBaudRate\\_Enable](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::AutoBaudRateMode`  
If auto Baud rate detection is enabled, specifies how the rate detection is carried out. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_AutoBaud\\_Rate\\_Mode](#).
- `uint32_t UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef::MSBFirst`  
Specifies whether MSB is sent first on UART line. This parameter can be a value of [UART\\_MSB\\_First](#).

### 51.1.3 \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef

`__UART_HandleTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_uart.h`

#### Data Fields

- `USART_TypeDef * Instance`
- `UART_InitTypeDef Init`
- `UART_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef AdvancedInit`
- `const uint8_t * pTxBuffPtr`
- `uint16_t TxXferSize`
- `__IO uint16_t TxXferCount`
- `uint8_t * pRxBuffPtr`
- `uint16_t RxXferSize`
- `__IO uint16_t RxXferCount`
- `uint16_t Mask`
- `__IO HAL_UART_RxTypeTypeDef ReceptionType`
- `__IO HAL_UART_RxEventTypeTypeDef RxEventType`
- `void(* RxISR`

- ***void(\* TxISR***
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatrix***
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatrix***
- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock***
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef gState***
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef RxState***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode***
- ***void(\* TxHalfCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* TxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* RxHalfCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* RxCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* ErrorCallback***
- ***void(\* AbortCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* AbortTransmitCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* AbortReceiveCpltCallback***
- ***void(\* WakeupCallback***
- ***void(\* RxEventCallback***
- ***void(\* MspInitCallback***
- ***void(\* MspDeInitCallback***

#### Field Documentation

- ***USART\_TypeDef\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::Instance***  
UART registers base address
- ***UART\_InitTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::Init***  
UART communication parameters
- ***UART\_AdvFeatureInitTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::AdvancedInit***  
UART Advanced Features initialization parameters
- ***const uint8\_t\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr***  
Pointer to UART Tx transfer Buffer
- ***uint16\_t \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize***  
UART Tx Transfer size
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount***  
UART Tx Transfer Counter
- ***uint8\_t\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr***  
Pointer to UART Rx transfer Buffer
- ***uint16\_t \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize***  
UART Rx Transfer size
- ***\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount***  
UART Rx Transfer Counter
- ***uint16\_t \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::Mask***  
UART Rx RDR register mask
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_UART\_RxTypeTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::ReceptionType***  
Type of ongoing reception
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_UART\_RxEventTypeTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxEventType***  
Type of Rx Event
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxISR)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
Function pointer on Rx IRQ handler
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::TxISR)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
Function pointer on Tx IRQ handler
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatrix***  
UART Tx DMA Handle parameters
- ***DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatrix***  
UART Rx DMA Handle parameters

- ***HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::Lock***  
Locking object
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::gState***  
UART state information related to global Handle management and also related to Tx operations. This parameter can be a value of ***HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef***
- ***\_\_IO HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxState***  
UART state information related to Rx operations. This parameter can be a value of ***HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef***
- ***\_\_IO uint32\_t \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode***  
UART Error code
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::TxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Tx Half Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::TxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Tx Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxHalfCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Rx Half Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Rx Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Error Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::AbortCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Abort Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::AbortTransmitCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Abort Transmit Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::AbortReceiveCpltCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Abort Receive Complete Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::WakeupCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Wakeup Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::RxEventCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart, uint16\_t Pos)***  
UART Reception Event Callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Msp Init callback
- ***void(\* \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct \_\_UART\_HandleTypeDef \*huart)***  
UART Msp DeInit callback

## 51.2 UART Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the UART library.

### 51.2.1 How to use this driver

The UART HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a ***UART\_HandleTypeDef*** handle structure (eg. ***UART\_HandleTypeDef huart***).

2. Initialize the UART low level resources by implementing the HAL\_UART\_MspInit() API:
  - Enable the USARTx interface clock.
  - UART pins configuration:
    - Enable the clock for the UART GPIOs.
    - Configure these UART pins as alternate function pull-up.
  - NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process (HAL\_UART\_Transmit\_IT() and HAL\_UART\_Receive\_IT() APIs):
    - Configure the USARTx interrupt priority.
    - Enable the NVIC USART IRQ handle.
  - UART interrupts handling:

**Note:** *The specific UART interrupts (Transmission complete interrupt, RXNE interrupt, RX/TX FIFOs related interrupts and Error Interrupts) are managed using the macros \_\_HAL\_UART\_ENABLE\_IT() and \_\_HAL\_UART\_DISABLE\_IT() inside the transmit and receive processes.*

- DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process (HAL\_UART\_Transmit\_DMA() and HAL\_UART\_Receive\_DMA() APIs):
    - Declare a DMA handle structure for the Tx/Rx channel.
    - Enable the DMAx interface clock.
    - Configure the declared DMA handle structure with the required Tx/Rx parameters.
    - Configure the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
    - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the UART DMA Tx/Rx handle.
    - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
3. Program the Baud Rate, Word Length, Stop Bit, Parity, Hardware flow control and Mode (Receiver/Transmitter) in the huart handle Init structure.
  4. If required, program UART advanced features (TX/RX pins swap, auto Baud rate detection,...) in the huart handle AdvancedInit structure.
  5. For the UART asynchronous mode, initialize the UART registers by calling the HAL\_UART\_Init() API.
  6. For the UART Half duplex mode, initialize the UART registers by calling the HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init() API.
  7. For the UART LIN (Local Interconnection Network) mode, initialize the UART registers by calling the HAL\_LIN\_Init() API.
  8. For the UART Multiprocessor mode, initialize the UART registers by calling the HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init() API.
  9. For the UART RS485 Driver Enabled mode, initialize the UART registers by calling the HAL\_RS485Ex\_Init() API.

**Note:** *These API's (HAL\_UART\_Init(), HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init(), HAL\_LIN\_Init(), HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init(), also configure the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized HAL\_UART\_MspInit() API.*

## 51.2.2 Callback registration

The compilation define USE\_HAL\_UART\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function HAL\_UART\_RegisterCallback() to register a user callback. Function HAL\_UART\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:

- TxHalfCpltCallback : Tx Half Complete Callback.
- TxCpltCallback : Tx Complete Callback.
- RxHalfCpltCallback : Rx Half Complete Callback.
- RxCpltCallback : Rx Complete Callback.
- ErrorCallback : Error Callback.
- AbortCpltCallback : Abort Complete Callback.
- AbortTransmitCpltCallback : Abort Transmit Complete Callback.
- AbortReceiveCpltCallback : Abort Receive Complete Callback.
- WakeupCallback : Wakeup Callback.

- MspInitCallback : UART MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : UART MspDeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterCallback() takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- TxHalfCpltCallback : Tx Half Complete Callback.
- TxCpltCallback : Tx Complete Callback.
- RxHalfCpltCallback : Rx Half Complete Callback.
- RxCpltCallback : Rx Complete Callback.
- ErrorCallback : Error Callback.
- AbortCpltCallback : Abort Complete Callback.
- AbortTransmitCpltCallback : Abort Transmit Complete Callback.
- AbortReceiveCpltCallback : Abort Receive Complete Callback.
- WakeupCallback : Wakeup Callback.
- MspInitCallback : UART MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : UART MspDeInit.

For specific callback RxEventCallback, use dedicated registration/reset functions: respectively HAL\_UART\_RegisterRxEventCallback() , HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterRxEventCallback().

By default, after the HAL\_UART\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_UART\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak (surcharged) functions: examples HAL\_UART\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_UART\_RxHalfCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are respectively reset to the legacy weak (surcharged) functions in the HAL\_UART\_Init() and HAL\_UART\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_UART\_Init() and HAL\_UART\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand).

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_UART\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/ MspDeInit that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_UART\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_UART\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_UART\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_UART\_DeInit() or HAL\_UART\_Init() function.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_UART\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### 51.2.3 Initialization and Configuration functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize the USARTx or the UARTy in asynchronous mode.

- For the asynchronous mode the parameters below can be configured:
  - Baud Rate
  - Word Length
  - Stop Bit
  - Parity: If the parity is enabled, then the MSB bit of the data written in the data register is transmitted but is changed by the parity bit.
  - Hardware flow control
  - Receiver/transmitter modes
  - Over Sampling Method
  - One-Bit Sampling Method
- For the asynchronous mode, the following advanced features can be configured as well:
  - TX and/or RX pin level inversion
  - data logical level inversion
  - RX and TX pins swap
  - RX overrun detection disabling
  - DMA disabling on RX error
  - MSB first on communication line
  - auto Baud rate detection

The HAL\_UART\_Init(), HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init(), HAL\_LIN\_Init() and HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init() API follow respectively the UART asynchronous, UART Half duplex, UART LIN mode and UART multiprocessor mode configuration procedures (details for the procedures are available in reference manual).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_HalfDuplex\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_LIN\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_MultiProcessor\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_RegisterRxEventCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_UnRegisterRxEventCallback\(\)\*](#)

#### 51.2.4 IO operation functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Transmit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Receive\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Transmit\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Receive\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Transmit\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Receive\\_DMA\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_DMABase\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_DMABaseResume\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_DMABaseStop\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Abort\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortTransmit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortReceive\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_Abort\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortTransmit\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortReceive\\_IT\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_IRQHandler\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_TxCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_TxHalfCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_RxCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_RxHalfCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_ErrorCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_UARTEx\\_RxEventCallback\(\)\*](#)

#### 51.2.5 Peripheral Control functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the UART.

- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_ReceiverTimeout\\_Config\(\)\*](#) API allows to configure the receiver timeout value on the fly
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_EnableReceiverTimeout\(\)\*](#) API enables the receiver timeout feature
- [\*HAL\\_UART\\_DisableReceiverTimeout\(\)\*](#) API disables the receiver timeout feature
- [\*HAL\\_MultiProcessor\\_EnableMuteMode\(\)\*](#) API enables mute mode

- HAL\_MultiProcessor\_DisableMuteMode() API disables mute mode
- HAL\_MultiProcessor\_EnterMuteMode() API enters mute mode
- UART\_SetConfig() API configures the UART peripheral
- UART\_AdvFeatureConfig() API optionally configures the UART advanced features
- UART\_CheckIdleState() API ensures that TEACK and/or REACK are set after initialization
- HAL\_HalfDuplex\_EnableTransmitter() API disables receiver and enables transmitter
- HAL\_HalfDuplex\_EnableReceiver() API disables transmitter and enables receiver
- HAL\_LIN\_SendBreak() API transmits the break characters

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_UART\\_ReceiverTimeout\\_Config\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_UART\\_EnableReceiverTimeout\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_UART\\_DisableReceiverTimeout\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_MultiProcessor\\_EnableMuteMode\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_MultiProcessor\\_DisableMuteMode\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_MultiProcessor\\_EnterMuteMode\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_HalfDuplex\\_EnableTransmitter\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_HalfDuplex\\_EnableReceiver\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_LIN\\_SendBreak\(\)](#)

### 51.2.6 Peripheral State and Error functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to :

- Return the UART handle state.
- Return the UART handle error code

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_UART\\_GetState\(\)](#)
- [HAL\\_UART\\_GetError\(\)](#)

### 51.2.7 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_UART\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Init (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

##### Function description

Initialize the UART mode according to the specified parameters in the UART\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

##### Function description

Initialize the half-duplex mode according to the specified parameters in the UART\_InitTypeDef and creates the associated handle.



## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_LIN\_Init

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_LIN\_Init (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint32\_t BreakDetectLength)**

## Function description

Initialize the LIN mode according to the specified parameters in the UART\_InitTypeDef and creates the associated handle.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **BreakDetectLength:** Specifies the LIN break detection length. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - UART\_LINBREAKDETECTLENGTH\_10B 10-bit break detection
  - UART\_LINBREAKDETECTLENGTH\_11B 11-bit break detection

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t Address, uint32\_t WakeUpMethod)**

## Function description

Initialize the multiprocessor mode according to the specified parameters in the UART\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **Address:** UART node address (4-, 6-, 7- or 8-bit long).
- **WakeUpMethod:** Specifies the UART wakeup method. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - UART\_WAKEUPMETHOD\_IDLELINE WakeUp by an idle line detection
  - UART\_WAKEUPMETHOD\_ADDRESSMARK WakeUp by an address mark

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- If the user resorts to idle line detection wake up, the Address parameter is useless and ignored by the initialization function.
- If the user resorts to address mark wake up, the address length detection is configured by default to 4 bits only. For the UART to be able to manage 6-, 7- or 8-bit long addresses detection, the API HAL\_MultiProcessorEx\_AddressLength\_Set() must be called after HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init().

## HAL\_UART\_DeInit

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_DeInit (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**



### Function description

Deinitialize the UART peripheral.

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_UART\_Msplnit

### Function name

```
void HAL_UART_Msplnit (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart)
```

### Function description

Initialize the UART MSP.

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_UART\_MspDeInit

### Function name

```
void HAL_UART_MspDeInit (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart)
```

### Function description

Deinitialize the UART MSP.

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **None**:

### HAL\_UART\_RegisterCallback

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_UART_RegisterCallback (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart,  
HAL_UART_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pUART_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)
```

### Function description

Register a User UART Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **huart:** uart handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_UART\_TX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_RX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ABORT\_TRANSMIT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Transmit Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ABORT\_RECEIVE\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Receive Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_WAKEUP\_CB\_ID Wakeup Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_UART\_RegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_UART\_Init(), HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init(), HAL\_LIN\_Init(), HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init() or HAL\_RS485Ex\_Init() in HAL\_UART\_STATE\_RESET to register callbacks for HAL\_UART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_UART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart,  
HAL\_UART\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

### Function description

Unregister an UART Callback UART callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **huart:** uart handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_UART\_TX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_RX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ABORT\_TRANSMIT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Transmit Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_ABORT\_RECEIVE\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Receive Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_WAKEUP\_CB\_ID Wakeup Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_UART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_UART\_Init(), HAL\_HalfDuplex\_Init(), HAL\_LIN\_Init(), HAL\_MultiProcessor\_Init() or HAL\_RS485Ex\_Init() in HAL\_UART\_STATE\_RESET to unregister callbacks for HAL\_UART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_UART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_UART\_RegisterRxEventCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_RegisterRxEventCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, pUART\_RxEventCallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

### Function description

Register a User UART Rx Event Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

### Parameters

- huart:** Uart handle
- pCallback:** Pointer to the Rx Event Callback function

### Return values

- HAL:** status

## HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterRxEventCallback

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_UnRegisterRxEventCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

UnRegister the UART Rx Event Callback UART Rx Event Callback is redirected to the weak HAL\_UARTEx\_RxEventCallback() predefined callback.

### Parameters

- huart:** Uart handle

### Return values

- HAL:** status

## HAL\_UART\_Transmit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Transmit (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- huart:** UART handle.
- pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.
- Timeout:** Timeout duration.

### Return values

- HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 provided through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_UART\_Receive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Receive (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_UART\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Transmit\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 provided through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_UART\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Receive\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

## HAL\_UART\_Transmit\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Transmit\_DMA (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, const uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 provided through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

### HAL\_UART\_Receive\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Receive\_DMA (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

#### Function description

Receive an amount of data in DMA mode.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When the UART parity is enabled (PCE = 1), the received data contain the parity bit (MSB position).
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

### HAL\_UART\_DMAPause

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_DMAPause (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Pause the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_UART\_DMAResume

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_DMAResume (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Resume the DMA Transfer.

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_UART\_DMASStop

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_DMASStop (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Stop the DMA Transfer.

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### HAL\_UART\_Abort

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Abort (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (blocking mode).

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable UART Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

### HAL\_UART\_AbortTransmit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_AbortTransmit (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing Transmit transfer (blocking mode).

### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Tx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable UART Interrupts (Tx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

### HAL\_UART\_AbortReceive

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_AbortReceive (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing Receive transfer (blocking mode).

#### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Rx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable UART Interrupts (Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

### HAL\_UART\_Abort\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_Abort\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (Interrupt mode).

#### Parameters

- **huart**: UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable UART Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

### HAL\_UART\_AbortTransmit\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_AbortTransmit\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing Transmit transfer (Interrupt mode).



## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Tx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable UART Interrupts (Tx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

### HAL\_UART\_AbortReceive\_IT

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UART\_AbortReceive\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

## Function description

Abort ongoing Receive transfer (Interrupt mode).

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing Rx transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable UART Interrupts (Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

### HAL\_UART\_IRQHandler

## Function name

**void HAL\_UART\_IRQHandler (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

## Function description

Handle UART interrupt request.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **None:**

### HAL\_UART\_TxHalfCpltCallback

## Function name

**void HAL\_UART\_TxHalfCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

## Function description

Tx Half Transfer completed callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_TxCpltCallback****Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_TxCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

Tx Transfer completed callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_RxHalfCpltCallback****Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_RxHalfCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

Rx Half Transfer completed callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_RxCpltCallback****Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_RxCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

Rx Transfer completed callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_ErrorCallback****Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_ErrorCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

UART error callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_AbortCpltCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_AbortCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

UART Abort Complete callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_AbortTransmitCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

UART Abort Complete callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UART\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_UART\_AbortReceiveCpltCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

**Function description**

UART Abort Receive Complete callback.

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**HAL\_UARTEx\_RxEventCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_UARTEx\_RxEventCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint16\_t Size)**

**Function description**

Reception Event Callback (Rx event notification called after use of advanced reception service).

**Parameters**

- **huart:** UART handle
- **Size:** Number of data available in application reception buffer (indicates a position in reception buffer until which, data are available)

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_UART\_ReceiverTimeout\_Config

#### Function name

```
void HAL_UART_ReceiverTimeout_Config (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart, uint32_t TimeoutValue)
```

#### Function description

Update on the fly the receiver timeout value in RTOR register.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** Pointer to a UART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.
- **TimeoutValue:** receiver timeout value in number of baud blocks. The timeout value must be less or equal to 0xFFFFFFFF.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_UART\_EnableReceiverTimeout

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_UART_EnableReceiverTimeout (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart)
```

#### Function description

Enable the UART receiver timeout feature.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** Pointer to a UART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_UART\_DisableReceiverTimeout

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_UART_DisableReceiverTimeout (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart)
```

#### Function description

Disable the UART receiver timeout feature.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** Pointer to a UART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART module.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_LIN\_SendBreak

#### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_LIN_SendBreak (UART_HandleTypeDef * huart)
```

#### Function description

Transmit break characters.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_MultiProcessor\_EnableMuteMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_MultiProcessor\_EnableMuteMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Enable UART in mute mode (does not mean UART enters mute mode; to enter mute mode, HAL\_MultiProcessor\_EnterMuteMode() API must be called).

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_MultiProcessor\_DisableMuteMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_MultiProcessor\_DisableMuteMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Disable UART mute mode (does not mean the UART actually exits mute mode as it may not have been in mute mode at this very moment).

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_MultiProcessor\_EnterMuteMode

#### Function name

**void HAL\_MultiProcessor\_EnterMuteMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Enter UART mute mode (means UART actually enters mute mode).

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- To exit from mute mode, HAL\_MultiProcessor\_DisableMuteMode() API must be called.

#### HAL\_HalfDuplex\_EnableTransmitter

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_HalfDuplex\_EnableTransmitter (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Enable the UART transmitter and disable the UART receiver.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

**HAL\_HalfDuplex\_EnableReceiver**

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_HalfDuplex\_EnableReceiver (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Enable the UART receiver and disable the UART transmitter.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status.

**HAL\_UART\_GetState**

### Function name

**HAL\_UART\_StateTypeDef HAL\_UART\_GetState (const UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Return the UART handle state.

### Parameters

- **huart:** Pointer to a UART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART.

### Return values

- **HAL:** state

**HAL\_UART\_GetError**

### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_UART\_GetError (const UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Return the UART handle error code.

### Parameters

- **huart:** Pointer to a UART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified UART.

### Return values

- **UART:** Error Code

**UART\_InitCallbacksToDefault**

### Function name

**void UART\_InitCallbacksToDefault (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

## Function description

Initialize the callbacks to their default values.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **none:**

## UART\_SetConfig

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef UART\_SetConfig (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

## Function description

Configure the UART peripheral.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## UART\_CheckIdleState

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef UART\_CheckIdleState (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

## Function description

Check the UART Idle State.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## UART\_WaitOnFlagUntilTimeout

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef UART\_WaitOnFlagUntilTimeout (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint32\_t Flag, FlagStatus Status, uint32\_t Tickstart, uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

This function handles UART Communication Timeout.

## Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **Flag:** Specifies the UART flag to check
- **Status:** The actual Flag status (SET or RESET)
- **Tickstart:** Tick start value
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## UART\_AdvFeatureConfig

### Function name

**void UART\_AdvFeatureConfig (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

### Function description

Configure the UART peripheral advanced features.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

### Return values

- **None:**

## UART\_Start\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef UART\_Start\_Receive\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Start Receive operation in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This function could be called by all HAL UART API providing reception in Interrupt mode.
- When calling this function, parameters validity is considered as already checked, i.e. Rx State, buffer address, ... UART Handle is assumed as Locked.

## UART\_Start\_Receive\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef UART\_Start\_Receive\_DMA (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Start Receive operation in DMA mode.

### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status



## Notes

- This function could be called by all HAL UART API providing reception in DMA mode.
- When calling this function, parameters validity is considered as already checked, i.e. Rx State, buffer address, ... UART Handle is assumed as Locked.

## 51.3 UART Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 51.3.1 UART

UART

**UART Advanced Feature Initialization Type**

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_NO\_INIT

No advanced feature initialization

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_TXINVERT\_INIT

TX pin active level inversion

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_RXINVERT\_INIT

RX pin active level inversion

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_DATAINVERT\_INIT

Binary data inversion

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_SWAP\_INIT

TX/RX pins swap

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_RXOVERRUNDISABLE\_INIT

RX overrun disable

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_DMADISABLEONERROR\_INIT

DMA disable on Reception Error

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_INIT

Auto Baud rate detection initialization

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_MSBFIRST\_INIT

Most significant bit sent/received first

**UART Advanced Feature Auto BaudRate Enable**

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DISABLE

RX Auto Baud rate detection enable

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_ENABLE

RX Auto Baud rate detection disable

**UART Advanced Feature AutoBaud Rate Mode**

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_ONSTARTBIT

Auto Baud rate detection on start bit

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_ONFALLINGEDGE

Auto Baud rate detection on falling edge

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_ON0X7FFRAME

Auto Baud rate detection on 0x7F frame detection

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_ON0X55FRAME

Auto Baud rate detection on 0x55 frame detection

#### *UART Driver Enable Assertion Time LSB Position In CR1 Register*

#### UART\_CR1\_DEAT\_ADDRESS\_LSB\_POS

UART Driver Enable assertion time LSB position in CR1 register

#### *UART Driver Enable DeAssertion Time LSB Position In CR1 Register*

#### UART\_CR1\_DEDT\_ADDRESS\_LSB\_POS

UART Driver Enable de-assertion time LSB position in CR1 register

#### *UART Address-matching LSB Position In CR2 Register*

#### UART\_CR2\_ADDRESS\_LSB\_POS

UART address-matching LSB position in CR2 register

#### *UART Advanced Feature Binary Data Inversion*

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_DATAINV\_DISABLE

Binary data inversion disable

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_DATAINV\_ENABLE

Binary data inversion enable

#### *UART Advanced Feature DMA Disable On Rx Error*

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_DMA\_ENABLEONRXERROR

DMA enable on Reception Error

#### UART\_ADVFEATURE\_DMA\_DISABLEONRXERROR

DMA disable on Reception Error

#### *UART DMA Rx*

#### UART\_DMA\_RX\_DISABLE

UART DMA RX disabled

#### UART\_DMA\_RX\_ENABLE

UART DMA RX enabled

#### *UART DMA Tx*

#### UART\_DMA\_TX\_DISABLE

UART DMA TX disabled

#### UART\_DMA\_TX\_ENABLE

UART DMA TX enabled

#### *UART DriverEnable Polarity*

#### UART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH

Driver enable signal is active high

#### UART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW

Driver enable signal is active low

### UART Error Definition

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_PE

Parity error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_NE

Noise error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_FE

Frame error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_ORE

Overrun error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_RTO

Receiver Timeout error

#### HAL\_UART\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

### UART Exported Macros

#### \_\_HAL\_UART\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

##### Description:

- Reset UART handle states.

##### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: UART handle.

##### Return value:

- None

#### \_\_HAL\_UART\_FLUSH\_DRREGISTER

##### Description:

- Flush the UART Data registers.

##### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

##### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the specified UART pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `UART_CLEAR_PEF` Parity Error Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_FEF` Framing Error Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_NEF` Noise detected Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_OREF` Overrun Error Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_IDLEF` IDLE line detected Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_TCF` Transmission Complete Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_RTOF` Receiver Timeout clear flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_LBDF` LIN Break Detection Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_CTSF` CTS Interrupt Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_CMF` Character Match Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_WUF` Wake Up from stop mode Clear Flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_PFLAG

### Description:

- Clear the UART PE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_FFLAG

### Description:

- Clear the UART FE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_NEFLAG

### Description:

- Clear the UART NE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_OREFLAG

### Description:

- Clear the UART ORE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_IDLEFLAG

### Description:

- Clear the UART IDLE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified UART flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_FLAG_REACK` Receive enable acknowledge flag
  - `UART_FLAG_TEACK` Transmit enable acknowledge flag
  - `UART_FLAG_WUF` Wake up from stop mode flag
  - `UART_FLAG_RWU` Receiver wake up flag (if the UART in mute mode)
  - `UART_FLAG_SBKF` Send Break flag
  - `UART_FLAG_CMF` Character match flag
  - `UART_FLAG_BUSY` Busy flag
  - `UART_FLAG_ABRF` Auto Baud rate detection flag
  - `UART_FLAG_ABRE` Auto Baud rate detection error flag
  - `UART_FLAG_CTS` CTS Change flag
  - `UART_FLAG_LBDF` LIN Break detection flag
  - `UART_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty flag
  - `UART_FLAG_TC` Transmission Complete flag
  - `UART_FLAG_RXNE` Receive data register not empty flag
  - `UART_FLAG_RTOF` Receiver Timeout flag
  - `UART_FLAG_IDLE` Idle Line detection flag
  - `UART_FLAG_ORE` Overrun Error flag
  - `UART_FLAG_NE` Noise Error flag
  - `UART_FLAG_FE` Framing Error flag
  - `UART_FLAG_PE` Parity Error flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_ENABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Enable the specified UART interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the UART interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_IT_WUF` Wakeup from stop mode interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CM` Character match interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CTS` CTS change interrupt
  - `UART_IT_LBD` LIN Break detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RTO` Receive Timeout interrupt
  - `UART_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt
  - `UART_IT_ERR` Error interrupt (frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified UART interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the UART interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_IT_WUF` Wakeup from stop mode interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CM` Character match interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CTS` CTS change interrupt
  - `UART_IT_LBD` LIN Break detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RTO` Receive Timeout interrupt
  - `UART_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt
  - `UART_IT_ERR` Error interrupt (Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified UART interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the UART interrupt to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_IT_WUF` Wakeup from stop mode interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CM` Character match interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CTS` CTS change interrupt
  - `UART_IT_LBD` LIN Break detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RTO` Receive Timeout interrupt
  - `UART_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt
  - `UART_IT_ERR` Error interrupt (Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified UART interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the UART interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_IT_WUF` Wakeup from stop mode interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CM` Character match interrupt
  - `UART_IT_CTS` CTS change interrupt
  - `UART_IT_LBD` LIN Break detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TXE` Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_TC` Transmission complete interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RXNE` Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - `UART_IT_RTO` Receive Timeout interrupt
  - `UART_IT_IDLE` Idle line detection interrupt
  - `UART_IT_PE` Parity Error interrupt
  - `UART_IT_ERR` Error interrupt (Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the specified UART ISR flag, in setting the proper ICR register flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__IT_CLEAR__`: specifies the interrupt clear register flag that needs to be set to clear the corresponding interrupt This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_CLEAR_PEF` Parity Error Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_FEF` Framing Error Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_NEF` Noise detected Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_OREF` Overrun Error Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_IDLEF` IDLE line detected Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_RTOF` Receiver timeout clear flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_TCF` Transmission Complete Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_LBDF` LIN Break Detection Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_CTSF` CTS Interrupt Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_CMF` Character Match Clear Flag
  - `UART_CLEAR_WUF` Wake Up from stop mode Clear Flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_SEND\_REQ

### Description:

- Set a specific UART request flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.
- `__REQ__`: specifies the request flag to set This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `UART_AUTOBAUD_REQUEST` Auto-Baud Rate Request
  - `UART_SENDBREAK_REQUEST` Send Break Request
  - `UART_MUTE_MODE_REQUEST` Mute Mode Request
  - `UART_RXDATA_FLUSH_REQUEST` Receive Data flush Request
  - `UART_TXDATA_FLUSH_REQUEST` Transmit data flush Request

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the UART one bit sample method.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the UART one bit sample method.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None



## \_\_HAL\_UART\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable UART.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable UART.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable CTS flow control.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- This macro allows to enable CTS hardware flow control for a given UART instance, without need to call `HAL_UART_Init()` function. As involving direct access to UART registers, usage of this macro should be fully endorsed by user. As macro is expected to be used for modifying CTS Hw flow control feature activation, without need for USART instance Deinit/Init, following conditions for macro call should be fulfilled : UART instance should have already been initialised (through call of `HAL_UART_Init()`) macro could only be called when corresponding UART instance is disabled (i.e. `__HAL_UART_DISABLE(__HANDLE__)`) and should be followed by an Enable macro (i.e. `__HAL_UART_ENABLE(__HANDLE__)`).

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable CTS flow control.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- This macro allows to disable CTS hardware flow control for a given UART instance, without need to call `HAL_UART_Init()` function. As involving direct access to UART registers, usage of this macro should be fully endorsed by user. As macro is expected to be used for modifying CTS Hw flow control feature activation, without need for USART instance Deinit/Init, following conditions for macro call should be fulfilled : UART instance should have already been initialised (through call of `HAL_UART_Init()`) macro could only be called when corresponding UART instance is disabled (i.e. `__HAL_UART_DISABLE(__HANDLE__)`) and should be followed by an Enable macro (i.e. `__HAL_UART_ENABLE(__HANDLE__)`).

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable RTS flow control.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- This macro allows to enable RTS hardware flow control for a given UART instance, without need to call `HAL_UART_Init()` function. As involving direct access to UART registers, usage of this macro should be fully endorsed by user. As macro is expected to be used for modifying RTS Hw flow control feature activation, without need for USART instance Deinit/Init, following conditions for macro call should be fulfilled : UART instance should have already been initialised (through call of `HAL_UART_Init()`) macro could only be called when corresponding UART instance is disabled (i.e. `__HAL_UART_DISABLE(__HANDLE__)`) and should be followed by an Enable macro (i.e. `__HAL_UART_ENABLE(__HANDLE__)`).

## \_\_HAL\_UART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable RTS flow control.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the UART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### Notes:

- This macro allows to disable RTS hardware flow control for a given UART instance, without need to call `HAL_UART_Init()` function. As involving direct access to UART registers, usage of this macro should be fully endorsed by user. As macro is expected to be used for modifying RTS Hw flow control feature activation, without need for USART instance Deinit/Init, following conditions for macro call should be fulfilled : UART instance should have already been initialised (through call of `HAL_UART_Init()`) macro could only be called when corresponding UART instance is disabled (i.e. `__HAL_UART_DISABLE(__HANDLE__)`) and should be followed by an Enable macro (i.e. `__HAL_UART_ENABLE(__HANDLE__)`).

## UART Status Flags

### UART\_FLAG\_REACK

UART receive enable acknowledge flag

### UART\_FLAG\_TEACK

UART transmit enable acknowledge flag

### UART\_FLAG\_WUF

UART wake-up from stop mode flag

### UART\_FLAG\_RWU

UART receiver wake-up from mute mode flag

### UART\_FLAG\_SBKF

UART send break flag

### UART\_FLAG\_CMF

UART character match flag

### UART\_FLAG\_BUSY

UART busy flag

**UART\_FLAG\_ABRF**

UART auto Baud rate flag

**UART\_FLAG\_ABRE**

UART auto Baud rate error

**UART\_FLAG\_RTOF**

UART receiver timeout flag

**UART\_FLAG\_CTS**

UART clear to send flag

**UART\_FLAG\_CTSIF**

UART clear to send interrupt flag

**UART\_FLAG\_LBDF**

UART LIN break detection flag

**UART\_FLAG\_TXE**

UART transmit data register empty

**UART\_FLAG\_TC**

UART transmission complete

**UART\_FLAG\_RXNE**

UART read data register not empty

**UART\_FLAG\_IDLE**

UART idle flag

**UART\_FLAG\_ORE**

UART overrun error

**UART\_FLAG\_NE**

UART noise error

**UART\_FLAG\_FE**

UART frame error

**UART\_FLAG\_PE**

UART parity error

***UART Half Duplex Selection*****UART\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_DISABLE**

UART half-duplex disabled

**UART\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_ENABLE**

UART half-duplex enabled

***UART Hardware Flow Control*****UART\_HWCONTROL\_NONE**

No hardware control

**UART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS**

Request To Send

**UART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS**

Clear To Send

**UART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_CTS**

Request and Clear To Send

***UART Interruptions Flag Mask*****UART\_IT\_MASK**

UART interruptions flags mask

***UART Interrupts Definition*****UART\_IT\_PE**

UART parity error interruption

**UART\_IT\_TXE**

UART transmit data register empty interruption

**UART\_IT\_TC**

UART transmission complete interruption

**UART\_IT\_RXNE**

UART read data register not empty interruption

**UART\_IT\_IDLE**

UART idle interruption

**UART\_IT\_LBD**

UART LIN break detection interruption

**UART\_IT\_CTS**

UART CTS interruption

**UART\_IT\_CM**

UART character match interruption

**UART\_IT\_WUF**

UART wake-up from stop mode interruption

**UART\_IT\_RTO**

UART receiver timeout interruption

**UART\_IT\_ERR**

UART error interruption

**UART\_IT\_ORE**

UART overrun error interruption

**UART\_IT\_NE**

UART noise error interruption

**UART\_IT\_FE**

UART frame error interruption

***UART Interruption Clear Flags***

**UART\_CLEAR\_PEF**

Parity Error Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_FEF**

Framing Error Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_NEF**

Noise Error detected Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_OREF**

Overrun Error Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_IDLEF**

IDLE line detected Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_TCF**

Transmission Complete Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_LBDF**

LIN Break Detection Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_CTSF**

CTS Interrupt Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_CMF**

Character Match Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_WUF**

Wake Up from stop mode Clear Flag

**UART\_CLEAR\_RTOF**

UART receiver timeout clear flag

***UART Local Interconnection Network mode*****UART\_LIN\_DISABLE**

Local Interconnect Network disable

**UART\_LIN\_ENABLE**

Local Interconnect Network enable

***UART LIN Break Detection*****UART\_LINBREAKDETECTLENGTH\_10B**

LIN 10-bit break detection length

**UART\_LINBREAKDETECTLENGTH\_11B**

LIN 11-bit break detection length

***UART Transfer Mode*****UART\_MODE\_RX**

RX mode

**UART\_MODE\_TX**

TX mode

**UART\_MODE\_TX\_RX**

RX and TX mode

***UART Advanced Feature MSB First*****UART\_ADVFEATURE\_MSBFIRST\_DISABLE**

Most significant bit sent/received first disable

**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_MSBFIRST\_ENABLE**

Most significant bit sent/received first enable

***UART Advanced Feature Mute Mode Enable*****UART\_ADVFEATURE\_MUTEMODE\_DISABLE**

UART mute mode disable

**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_MUTEMODE\_ENABLE**

UART mute mode enable

***UART One Bit Sampling Method*****UART\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE**

One-bit sampling disable

**UART\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE**

One-bit sampling enable

***UART Advanced Feature Overrun Disable*****UART\_ADVFEATURE\_OVERRUN\_ENABLE**

RX overrun enable

**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_OVERRUN\_DISABLE**

RX overrun disable

***UART Over Sampling*****UART\_OVERSAMPLING\_16**

Oversampling by 16

**UART\_OVERSAMPLING\_8**

Oversampling by 8

***UART Parity*****UART\_PARITY\_NONE**

No parity

**UART\_PARITY\_EVEN**

Even parity

**UART\_PARITY\_ODD**

Odd parity

***UART Receiver Timeout*****UART\_RECEIVER\_TIMEOUT\_DISABLE**

UART Receiver Timeout disable

**UART\_RECEIVER\_TIMEOUT\_ENABLE**

UART Receiver Timeout enable

***UART Reception type values*****HAL\_UART\_RECEPTION\_STANDARD**

Standard reception

**HAL\_UART\_RECEPTION\_TOIDLE**

Reception till completion or IDLE event

**HAL\_UART\_RECEPTION\_TORTO**

Reception till completion or RTO event

**HAL\_UART\_RECEPTION\_TOCHARMATCH**

Reception till completion or CM event

***UART Request Parameters*****UART\_AUTOBAUD\_REQUEST**

Auto-Baud Rate Request

**UART\_SENDBREAK\_REQUEST**

Send Break Request

**UART\_MUTE\_MODE\_REQUEST**

Mute Mode Request

**UART\_RXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Receive Data flush Request

**UART\_TXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Transmit data flush Request

***UART RxEvent type values*****HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_TC**

RxEvent linked to Transfer Complete event

**HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_HT**

RxEvent linked to Half Transfer event

**HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_IDLE**

RxEvent linked to IDLE event

***UART Advanced Feature RX Pin Active Level Inversion*****UART\_ADVFEATURE\_RXINV\_DISABLE**

RX pin active level inversion disable

**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_RXINV\_ENABLE**

RX pin active level inversion enable

***UART Advanced Feature RX TX Pins Swap*****UART\_ADVFEATURE\_SWAP\_DISABLE**

TX/RX pins swap disable

**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_SWAP\_ENABLE**

TX/RX pins swap enable

**UART State****UART\_STATE\_DISABLE**

UART disabled

**UART\_STATE\_ENABLE**

UART enabled

**UART State Code Definition****HAL\_UART\_STATE\_RESET**

Peripheral is not initialized Value is allowed for gState and RxState

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_READY**

Peripheral Initialized and ready for use Value is allowed for gState and RxState

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_BUSY**

an internal process is ongoing Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_BUSY\_TX**

Data Transmission process is ongoing Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_BUSY\_RX**

Data Reception process is ongoing Value is allowed for RxState only

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_BUSY\_TX\_RX**

Data Transmission and Reception process is ongoing Not to be used for neither gState nor RxState.Value is result of combination (Or) between gState and RxState values

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_TIMEOUT**

Timeout state Value is allowed for gState only

**HAL\_UART\_STATE\_ERROR**

Error Value is allowed for gState only

**UART Number of Stop Bits****UART\_STOPBITS\_0\_5**

UART frame with 0.5 stop bit

**UART\_STOPBITS\_1**

UART frame with 1 stop bit

**UART\_STOPBITS\_1\_5**

UART frame with 1.5 stop bits

**UART\_STOPBITS\_2**

UART frame with 2 stop bits

**UART Advanced Feature Stop Mode Enable****UART\_ADVFEATURE\_STOPMODE\_DISABLE**

UART stop mode disable



**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_STOPMODE\_ENABLE**

UART stop mode enable

*UART polling-based communications time-out value***HAL\_UART\_TIMEOUT\_VALUE**

UART polling-based communications time-out value

*UART Advanced Feature TX Pin Active Level Inversion***UART\_ADVFEATURE\_TXINV\_DISABLE**

TX pin active level inversion disable

**UART\_ADVFEATURE\_TXINV\_ENABLE**

TX pin active level inversion enable

*UART WakeUp From Stop Selection***UART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS**

UART wake-up on address

**UART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT**

UART wake-up on start bit

**UART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_READDATA\_NONEMPTY**

UART wake-up on receive data register not empty or RXFIFO is not empty

*UART WakeUp Methods***UART\_WAKEUPMETHOD\_IDLELINE**

UART wake-up on idle line

**UART\_WAKEUPMETHOD\_ADDRESSMARK**

UART wake-up on address mark

## 52 HAL UART Extension Driver

### 52.1 UARTEEx Firmware driver registers structures

#### 52.1.1 UART\_WakeUpTypeDef

*UART\_WakeUpTypeDef* is defined in the `stm32l0xx_hal_uart_ex.h`

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t WakeUpEvent*
- *uint16\_t AddressLength*
- *uint8\_t Address*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t UART\_WakeUpTypeDef::WakeUpEvent*  
Specifies which event will activate the Wakeup from Stop mode flag (WUF). This parameter can be a value of *UART\_WakeUp\_from\_Stop\_Selection*. If set to `UART_WAKEUP_ON_ADDRESS`, the two other fields below must be filled up.
- *uint16\_t UART\_WakeUpTypeDef::AddressLength*  
Specifies whether the address is 4 or 7-bit long. This parameter can be a value of *UARTEEx\_WakeUp\_Address\_Length*.
- *uint8\_t UART\_WakeUpTypeDef::Address*  
UART/USART node address (7-bit long max).

### 52.2 UARTEEx Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the UARTEEx library.

#### 52.2.1 UART peripheral extended features

#### 52.2.2 Initialization and Configuration functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize the USARTx or the UARTy in asynchronous mode.

- For the asynchronous mode the parameters below can be configured:
  - Baud Rate
  - Word Length
  - Stop Bit
  - Parity: If the parity is enabled, then the MSB bit of the data written in the data register is transmitted but is changed by the parity bit.
  - Hardware flow control
  - Receiver/transmitter modes
  - Over Sampling Method
  - One-Bit Sampling Method
- For the asynchronous mode, the following advanced features can be configured as well:
  - TX and/or RX pin level inversion
  - data logical level inversion
  - RX and TX pins swap
  - RX overrun detection disabling
  - DMA disabling on RX error
  - MSB first on communication line
  - auto Baud rate detection

The `HAL_RS485Ex_Init()` API follows the UART RS485 mode configuration procedures (details for the procedures are available in reference manual).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_RS485Ex\\_Init\(\)](#)

### 52.2.3 IO operation functions

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_WakeupCallback\(\)](#)

### 52.2.4 Peripheral Control functions

This section provides the following functions:

- [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_EnableClockStopMode\(\)](#) API enables the UART clock (HSI or LSE only) during stop mode
- [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_DisableClockStopMode\(\)](#) API disables the above functionality
- [HAL\\_MultiProcessorEx\\_AddressLength\\_Set\(\)](#) API optionally sets the UART node address detection length to more than 4 bits for multiprocessor address mark wake up.
- [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_StopModeWakeUpSourceConfig\(\)](#) API defines the wake-up from stop mode trigger: address match, Start Bit detection or RXNE bit status.
- [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_EnableStopMode\(\)](#) API enables the UART to wake up the MCU from stop mode
- [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_DisableStopMode\(\)](#) API disables the above functionality

This subsection also provides a set of additional functions providing enhanced reception services to user. (For example, these functions allow application to handle use cases where number of data to be received is unknown).

1. Compared to standard reception services which only consider number of received data elements as reception completion criteria, these functions also consider additional events as triggers for updating reception status to caller : (+) Detection of inactivity period (RX line has not been active for a given period).
  - RX inactivity detected by IDLE event, i.e. RX line has been in idle state (normally high state) for 1 frame time, after last received byte.
  - RX inactivity detected by RTO, i.e. line has been in idle state for a programmable time, after last received byte. (+) Detection that a specific character has been received.
2. There are two mode of transfer: (+) Blocking mode: The reception is performed in polling mode, until either expected number of data is received, or till IDLE event occurs. Reception is handled only during function execution. When function exits, no data reception could occur. HAL status and number of actually received data elements, are returned by function after finishing transfer. (+) Non-Blocking mode: The reception is performed using Interrupts or DMA. These API's return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated UART IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode. The [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_RxEventCallback\(\)](#) user callback will be executed during Receive process. The [HAL\\_UART\\_ErrorCallback\(\)](#) user callback will be executed when a reception error is detected.
3. Blocking mode API: (+) [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_ReceiveToldle\(\)](#)
4. Non-Blocking mode API with Interrupt: (+) [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_ReceiveToldle\\_IT\(\)](#)
5. Non-Blocking mode API with DMA: (+) [HAL\\_UARTEEx\\_ReceiveToldle\\_DMA\(\)](#)

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(#) Compared to standard reception services which only consider number of received data elements as reception completion criteria, these functions also consider additional events as triggers for updating reception status to caller :

- Detection of inactivity period (RX line has not been active for a given period).
  - RX inactivity detected by IDLE event, i.e. RX line has been in idle state (normally high state) for 1 frame time, after last received byte.
  - RX inactivity detected by RTO, i.e. line has been in idle state for a programmable time, after last received byte.
- Detection that a specific character has been received. (#) There are two mode of transfer:
- Blocking mode: The reception is performed in polling mode, until either expected number of data is received, or till IDLE event occurs. Reception is handled only during function execution. When function exits, no data reception could occur. HAL status and number of actually received data elements, are returned by function after finishing transfer.

- Non-Blocking mode: The reception is performed using Interrupts or DMA. These API's return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated UART IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode. The HAL\_UARTEEx\_RxEventCallback() user callback will be executed during Receive process The HAL\_UART\_ErrorCallback() user callback will be executed when a reception error is detected. (#) Blocking mode API:
- HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle() (#) Non-Blocking mode API with Interrupt:
- HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_IT() (#) Non-Blocking mode API with DMA:
- HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_DMA()

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_EnableClockStopMode()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_DisableClockStopMode()**
- **HAL\_MultiProcessorEx\_AddressLength\_Set()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_StopModeWakeUpSourceConfig()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_EnableStopMode()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_DisableStopMode()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_IT()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_DMA()**
- **HAL\_UARTEEx\_GetRxEventType()**

## 52.2.5 Detailed description of functions

### HAL\_RS485Ex\_Init

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_RS485Ex\_Init (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint32\_t Polarity, uint32\_t AssertionTime, uint32\_t DeassertionTime)**

#### Function description

Initialize the RS485 Driver enable feature according to the specified parameters in the UART\_InitTypeDef and creates the associated handle.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **Polarity:** Select the driver enable polarity. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - UART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH DE signal is active high
  - UART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW DE signal is active low
- **AssertionTime:** Driver Enable assertion time: 5-bit value defining the time between the activation of the DE (Driver Enable) signal and the beginning of the start bit. It is expressed in sample time units (1/8 or 1/16 bit time, depending on the oversampling rate)
- **DeassertionTime:** Driver Enable deassertion time: 5-bit value defining the time between the end of the last stop bit, in a transmitted message, and the de-activation of the DE (Driver Enable) signal. It is expressed in sample time units (1/8 or 1/16 bit time, depending on the oversampling rate).

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### HAL\_UARTEEx\_WakeupCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_UARTEEx\_WakeupCallback (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

UART wakeup from Stop mode callback.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_UARTEEx\_StopModeWakeUpSourceConfig

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_StopModeWakeUpSourceConfig (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, UART\_WakeUpTypeDef WakeUpSelection)**

#### Function description

Set Wakeup from Stop mode interrupt flag selection.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **WakeUpSelection:** Address match, Start Bit detection or RXNE/RXFNE bit status. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - UART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS
  - UART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - UART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_READDATA\_NONEMPTY

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- It is the application responsibility to enable the interrupt used as usart\_wkup interrupt source before entering low-power mode.

#### HAL\_UARTEEx\_EnableStopMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_EnableStopMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Enable UART Stop Mode.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- The UART is able to wake up the MCU from Stop 1 mode as long as UART clock is HSI or LSE.

#### HAL\_UARTEEx\_DisableStopMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_DisableStopMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Disable UART Stop Mode.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_UARTEEx\_EnableClockStopMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_EnableClockStopMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Keep UART Clock enabled when in Stop Mode.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### Notes

- When the USART clock source is configured to be LSE or HSI, it is possible to keep enabled this clock during STOP mode by setting the UCESM bit in USART\_CR3 control register.
- When LPUART is used to wakeup from stop with LSE is selected as LPUART clock source, and desired baud rate is 9600 baud, the bit UCESM bit in LPUART\_CR3 control register must be set.

#### HAL\_UARTEEx\_DisableClockStopMode

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_DisableClockStopMode (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Disable UART Clock when in Stop Mode.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_MultiProcessorEx\_AddressLength\_Set

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_MultiProcessorEx\_AddressLength\_Set (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint32\_t AddressLength)**

#### Function description

By default in multiprocessor mode, when the wake up method is set to address mark, the UART handles only 4-bit long addresses detection; this API allows to enable longer addresses detection (6-, 7- or 8-bit long).

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **AddressLength:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - UART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B 4-bit long address
  - UART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B 6-, 7- or 8-bit long address

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Addresses detection lengths are: 6-bit address detection in 7-bit data mode, 7-bit address detection in 8-bit data mode, 8-bit address detection in 9-bit data mode.

### HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size, uint16\_t \* RxLen, uint32\_t Timeout)**

#### Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode till either the expected number of data is received or an IDLE event occurs.

#### Parameters

- huart:** UART handle.
- pData:** Pointer to data buffer (uint8\_t or uint16\_t data elements).
- Size:** Amount of data elements (uint8\_t or uint16\_t) to be received.
- RxLen:** Number of data elements finally received (could be lower than Size, in case reception ends on IDLE event)
- Timeout:** Timeout duration expressed in ms (covers the whole reception sequence).

#### Return values

- HAL:** status

## Notes

- HAL\_OK is returned if reception is completed (expected number of data has been received) or if reception is stopped after IDLE event (less than the expected number of data has been received) In this case, RxLen output parameter indicates number of data available in reception buffer.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of uint16\_t. In this case, Size must indicate the number of uint16\_t available through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using uint16\_t pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

### HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_IT

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_IT (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

#### Function description

Receive an amount of data in interrupt mode till either the expected number of data is received or an IDLE event occurs.

#### Parameters

- huart:** UART handle.
- pData:** Pointer to data buffer (uint8\_t or uint16\_t data elements).
- Size:** Amount of data elements (uint8\_t or uint16\_t) to be received.

#### Return values

- HAL:** status

## Notes

- Reception is initiated by this function call. Further progress of reception is achieved thanks to UART interrupts raised by RXNE and IDLE events. Callback is called at end of reception indicating number of received data elements.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of uint16\_t. In this case, Size must indicate the number of uint16\_t available through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using uint16\_t pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

### HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_DMA

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_DMA (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart, uint8\_t \* pData, uint16\_t Size)**

#### Function description

Receive an amount of data in DMA mode till either the expected number of data is received or an IDLE event occurs.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.
- **pData:** Pointer to data buffer (uint8\_t or uint16\_t data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (uint8\_t or uint16\_t) to be received.

#### Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- Reception is initiated by this function call. Further progress of reception is achieved thanks to DMA services, transferring automatically received data elements in user reception buffer and calling registered callbacks at half/end of reception. UART IDLE events are also used to consider reception phase as ended. In all cases, callback execution will indicate number of received data elements.
- When the UART parity is enabled (PCE = 1), the received data contain the parity bit (MSB position).
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of uint16\_t. In this case, Size must indicate the number of uint16\_t available through pData.
- When UART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pData.

### HAL\_UARTEEx\_GetRxEventType

#### Function name

**HAL\_UART\_RxEventTypeTypeDef HAL\_UARTEEx\_GetRxEventType (UART\_HandleTypeDef \* huart)**

#### Function description

Provide Rx Event type that has lead to RxEvent callback execution.

#### Parameters

- **huart:** UART handle.



## Return values

- **Rx:** Event Type (return vale will be a value of UART RxEvent type values)

## Notes

- When HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_IT() or HAL\_UARTEEx\_ReceiveToldle\_DMA() API are called, progress of reception process is provided to application through calls of Rx Event callback (either default one HAL\_UARTEEx\_RxEventCallback() or user registered one). As several types of events could occur (IDLE event, Half Transfer, or Transfer Complete), this function allows to retrieve the Rx Event type that has lead to Rx Event callback execution.
- This function is expected to be called within the user implementation of Rx Event Callback, in order to provide the accurate value : In Interrupt Mode : HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_TC : when Reception has been completed (expected nb of data has been received)HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_IDLE : when Idle event occurred prior reception has been completed (nb of received data is lower than expected one) In DMA Mode :HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_TC : when Reception has been completed (expected nb of data has been received)HAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_HT : when half of expected nb of data has been receivedHAL\_UART\_RXEVENT\_IDLE : when Idle event occurred prior reception has been completed (nb of received data is lower than expected one). In DMA mode, RxEvent callback could be called several times; When DMA is configured in Normal Mode, HT event does not stop Reception process; When DMA is configured in Circular Mode, HT, TC or IDLE events don't stop Reception process;

## 52.3 UARTEEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 52.3.1 UARTEEx

UARTEEx

***UARTEEx WakeUp Address Length***

#### UART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B

4-bit long wake-up address

#### UART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B

7-bit long wake-up address

***UARTEEx Word Length***

#### UART\_WORDLENGTH\_7B

7-bit long UART frame

#### UART\_WORDLENGTH\_8B

8-bit long UART frame

#### UART\_WORDLENGTH\_9B

9-bit long UART frame

## 53 HAL USART Generic Driver

### 53.1 USART Firmware driver registers structures

#### 53.1.1 USART\_InitTypeDef

**USART\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_usart.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t BaudRate**
- **uint32\_t WordLength**
- **uint32\_t StopBits**
- **uint32\_t Parity**
- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t CLKPolarity**
- **uint32\_t CLKPhase**
- **uint32\_t CLKLastBit**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::BaudRate**  
This member configures the Usart communication baud rate. The baud rate is computed using the following formula: Baud Rate Register[15:4] = ((2 \* fclk\_pres) / ((huart->Init.BaudRate))) [15:4] Baud Rate Register[3] = 0 Baud Rate Register[2:0] = (((2 \* fclk\_pres) / ((huart->Init.BaudRate))) [3:0]) >> 1 where fclk\_pres is the USART input clock frequency  
**Note:**
  - Oversampling by 8 is systematically applied to achieve high baud rates.
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::WordLength**  
Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter can be a value of USARTEx\_Word\_Length.
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::StopBits**  
Specifies the number of stop bits transmitted. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_Stop\\_Bits](#).
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::Parity**  
Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_Parity](#)  
**Note:**
  - When parity is enabled, the computed parity is inserted at the MSB position of the transmitted data (9th bit when the word length is set to 9 data bits; 8th bit when the word length is set to 8 data bits).
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
Specifies whether the Receive or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_Mode](#).
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::CLKPolarity**  
Specifies the steady state of the serial clock. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_Clock\\_Polarity](#).
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::CLKPhase**  
Specifies the clock transition on which the bit capture is made. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_Clock\\_Phase](#).
- **uint32\_t USART\_InitTypeDef::CLKLastBit**  
Specifies whether the clock pulse corresponding to the last transmitted data bit (MSB) has to be output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_Last\\_Bit](#).

#### 53.1.2 \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef

**\_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_usart.h

Data Fields

- **USART\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **USART\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **const uint8\_t \* pTxBuffPtr**
- **uint16\_t TxXferSize**

- **\_\_IO uint16\_t TxXferCount**
- **uint8\_t \* pRxBuffPtr**
- **uint16\_t RxXferSize**
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t RxXferCount**
- **uint16\_t Mask**
- **void(\* RxISR**
- **void(\* TxISR**
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmatx**
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef \* hdmarx**
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef Lock**
- **\_\_IO HAL\_USART\_StateTypeDef State**
- **\_\_IO uint32\_t ErrorCode**
- **void(\* TxHalfCpltCallback**
- **void(\* TxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* RxHalfCpltCallback**
- **void(\* RxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* TxRxCpltCallback**
- **void(\* ErrorCallback**
- **void(\* AbortCpltCallback**
- **void(\* MspInitCallback**
- **void(\* MspDeInitCallback**

#### Field Documentation

- **USART\_TypeDef\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
USART registers base address
- **USART\_InitTypeDef \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
USART communication parameters
- **const uint8\_t\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr**  
Pointer to USART Tx transfer Buffer
- **uint16\_t \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize**  
USART Tx Transfer size
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount**  
USART Tx Transfer Counter
- **uint8\_t\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr**  
Pointer to USART Rx transfer Buffer
- **uint16\_t \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize**  
USART Rx Transfer size
- **\_\_IO uint16\_t \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount**  
USART Rx Transfer Counter
- **uint16\_t \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::Mask**  
USART Rx RDR register mask
- **void(\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::RxISR)(struct \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef \*husart)**  
Function pointer on Rx IRQ handler
- **void(\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::TxISR)(struct \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef \*husart)**  
Function pointer on Tx IRQ handler
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx**  
USART Tx DMA Handle parameters
- **DMA\_HandleTypeDef\* \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx**  
USART Rx DMA Handle parameters
- **HAL\_LockTypeDef \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::Lock**  
Locking object
- **\_\_IO HAL\_USART\_StateTypeDef \_\_USART\_HandleTypeDef::State**  
USART communication state

- `__IO uint32_t __USART_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`  
USART Error code
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::TxHalfCpltCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Tx Half Complete Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::TxCpltCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Tx Complete Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::RxHalfCpltCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Rx Half Complete Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::RxCpltCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Rx Complete Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::TxRxCpltCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Tx Rx Complete Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Error Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::AbortCpltCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Abort Complete Callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Msp Init callback
- `void(* __USART_HandleTypeDef::MspDeInitCallback)(struct __USART_HandleTypeDef *husart)`  
USART Msp DeInit callback

## 53.2 USART Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the USART library.

### 53.2.1 How to use this driver

The USART HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a USART\_HandleTypeDef handle structure (eg. USART\_HandleTypeDef husart).
  2. Initialize the USART low level resources by implementing the HAL\_USART\_MspInit() API:
    - Enable the USARTx interface clock.
    - USART pins configuration:
      - Enable the clock for the USART GPIOs.
      - Configure these USART pins as alternate function pull-up.
    - NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process (HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_IT(), HAL\_USART\_Receive\_IT() and HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_IT() APIs):
      - Configure the USARTx interrupt priority.
      - Enable the NVIC USART IRQ handle.
    - USART interrupts handling:
- Note:* The specific USART interrupts (Transmission complete interrupt, RXNE interrupt and Error Interrupts) will be managed using the macros \_\_HAL\_USART\_ENABLE\_IT() and \_\_HAL\_USART\_DISABLE\_IT() inside the transmit and receive process.
- DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process (HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_DMA(), HAL\_USART\_Receive\_DMA() and HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_DMA() APIs):
    - Declare a DMA handle structure for the Tx/Rx channel.
    - Enable the DMAx interface clock.
    - Configure the declared DMA handle structure with the required Tx/Rx parameters.
    - Configure the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
    - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the USART DMA Tx/Rx handle.
    - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx/Rx channel.
  - 3. Program the Baud Rate, Word Length, Stop Bit, Parity, and Mode (Receiver/Transmitter) in the husart handle Init structure.

4. Initialize the USART registers by calling the HAL\_USART\_Init() API:
  - This API configures also the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized HAL\_USART\_MspInit(&husart) API.

**Note:** To configure and enable/disable the USART to wake up the MCU from stop mode, resort to UART API's HAL\_UARTEx\_StopModeWakeUpSourceConfig(), HAL\_UARTEx\_EnableStopMode() and HAL\_UARTEx\_DisableStopMode() in casting the USART handle to UART type UART\_HandleTypeDef.

### 53.2.2 Callback registration

The compilation define USE\_HAL\_USART\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks.

Use Function HAL\_USART\_RegisterCallback() to register a user callback. Function HAL\_USART\_RegisterCallback() allows to register following callbacks:

- TxHalfCpltCallback : Tx Half Complete Callback.
- TxCpltCallback : Tx Complete Callback.
- RxHalfCpltCallback : Rx Half Complete Callback.
- RxCpltCallback : Rx Complete Callback.
- TxDxCpltCallback : Tx Rx Complete Callback.
- ErrorCallback : Error Callback.
- AbortCpltCallback : Abort Complete Callback.
- MspInitCallback : USART MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : USART MspDeInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.

Use function HAL\_USART\_UnRegisterCallback() to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. HAL\_USART\_UnRegisterCallback() takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:

- TxHalfCpltCallback : Tx Half Complete Callback.
- TxCpltCallback : Tx Complete Callback.
- RxHalfCpltCallback : Rx Half Complete Callback.
- RxCpltCallback : Rx Complete Callback.
- TxDxCpltCallback : Tx Rx Complete Callback.
- ErrorCallback : Error Callback.
- AbortCpltCallback : Abort Complete Callback.
- MspInitCallback : USART MspInit.
- MspDeInitCallback : USART MspDeInit.

By default, after the HAL\_USART\_Init() and when the state is HAL\_USART\_STATE\_RESET all callbacks are set to the corresponding weak (surcharged) functions: examples HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_USART\_RxHalfCpltCallback(). Exception done for MspInit and MspDeInit functions that are respectively reset to the legacy weak (surcharged) functions in the HAL\_USART\_Init() and HAL\_USART\_DeInit() only when these callbacks are null (not registered beforehand). If not, MspInit or MspDeInit are not null, the HAL\_USART\_Init() and HAL\_USART\_DeInit() keep and use the user MspInit/MspDeInit callbacks (registered beforehand).

Callbacks can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_USART\_STATE\_READY state only. Exception done MspInit/ MspDeInit that can be registered/unregistered in HAL\_USART\_STATE\_READY or HAL\_USART\_STATE\_RESET state, thus registered (user) MspInit/DeInit callbacks can be used during the Init/DeInit. In that case first register the MspInit/MspDeInit user callbacks using HAL\_USART\_RegisterCallback() before calling HAL\_USART\_DeInit() or HAL\_USART\_Init() function.

When The compilation define USE\_HAL\_USART\_REGISTER\_CALLBACKS is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registration feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### 53.2.3 Initialization and Configuration functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize the USART in asynchronous and in synchronous modes.

- For the asynchronous mode only these parameters can be configured:
  - Baud Rate
  - Word Length
  - Stop Bit
  - Parity: If the parity is enabled, then the MSB bit of the data written in the data register is transmitted but is changed by the parity bit.
  - USART polarity
  - USART phase
  - USART LastBit
  - Receiver/transmitter modes

The HAL\_USART\_Init() function follows the USART synchronous configuration procedure (details for the procedure are available in reference manual).

This section contains the following APIs:

- [\*HAL\\_USART\\_Init\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_USART\\_DeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_USART\\_MspInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_USART\\_MspDeInit\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_USART\\_RegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)
- [\*HAL\\_USART\\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)\*](#)

## 53.2.4 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the USART synchronous data transfers.

The USART supports master mode only: it cannot receive or send data related to an input clock (SCLK is always an output).

1. There are two modes of transfer:
  - Blocking mode: The communication is performed in polling mode. The HAL status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
  - No-Blocking mode: The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA. These APIs return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated USART IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode. The HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback(), HAL\_USART\_RxCpltCallback() and HAL\_USART\_TxRxCpltCallback() user callbacks will be executed respectively at the end of the transmit or Receive process. The HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback() user callback will be executed when a communication error is detected.
2. Blocking mode APIs are :
  - HAL\_USART\_Transmit() in simplex mode
  - HAL\_USART\_Receive() in full duplex receive only
  - HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive() in full duplex mode
3. Non-Blocking mode APIs with Interrupt are :
  - HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_IT() in simplex mode
  - HAL\_USART\_Receive\_IT() in full duplex receive only
  - HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_IT() in full duplex mode
  - HAL\_USART\_IRQHandler()
4. No-Blocking mode APIs with DMA are :
  - HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_DMA() in simplex mode
  - HAL\_USART\_Receive\_DMA() in full duplex receive only
  - HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_DMA() in full duplex mode
  - HAL\_USART\_DMAPause()
  - HAL\_USART\_DMAResume()
  - HAL\_USART\_DMAStop()

5. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in Non\_Blocking mode:
  - HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_USART\_RxCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_USART\_TxHalfCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_USART\_RxHalfCpltCallback()
  - HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback()
  - HAL\_USART\_TxRxCpltCallback()
6. Non-Blocking mode transfers could be aborted using Abort API's :
  - HAL\_USART\_Abort()
  - HAL\_USART\_Abort\_IT()
7. For Abort services based on interrupts (HAL\_USART\_Abort\_IT), a Abort Complete Callbacks is provided:
  - HAL\_USART\_AbortCpltCallback()
8. In Non-Blocking mode transfers, possible errors are split into 2 categories. Errors are handled as follows :
  - Error is considered as Recoverable and non blocking : Transfer could go till end, but error severity is to be evaluated by user : this concerns Frame Error, Parity Error or Noise Error in Interrupt mode reception . Received character is then retrieved and stored in Rx buffer, Error code is set to allow user to identify error type, and HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback() user callback is executed. Transfer is kept ongoing on USART side. If user wants to abort it, Abort services should be called by user.
  - Error is considered as Blocking : Transfer could not be completed properly and is aborted. This concerns Overrun Error In Interrupt mode reception and all errors in DMA mode. Error code is set to allow user to identify error type, and HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback() user callback is executed.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_USART\_Transmit()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Receive()**
- **HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_IT()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Receive\_IT()**
- **HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_IT()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_DMA()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Receive\_DMA()**
- **HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_DMA()**
- **HAL\_USART\_DMABase()**
- **HAL\_USART\_DMAResume()**
- **HAL\_USART\_DMAStop()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Abort()**
- **HAL\_USART\_Abort\_IT()**
- **HAL\_USART\_IRQHandler()**
- **HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback()**
- **HAL\_USART\_TxHalfCpltCallback()**
- **HAL\_USART\_RxCpltCallback()**
- **HAL\_USART\_RxHalfCpltCallback()**
- **HAL\_USART\_TxRxCpltCallback()**
- **HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback()**
- **HAL\_USART\_AbortCpltCallback()**

### 53.2.5 Peripheral State and Error functions

This subsection provides functions allowing to :

- Return the USART handle state
- Return the USART handle error code

This section contains the following APIs:

- **HAL\_USART\_GetState()**



- `HAL_USART_GetError()`

### 53.2.6 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_USART\_Init

##### Function name

`HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_USART_Init (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart)`

##### Function description

Initialize the USART mode according to the specified parameters in the USART\_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

##### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_USART\_DeInit

##### Function name

`HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_USART_DeInit (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart)`

##### Function description

Deinitialize the USART peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

##### Return values

- **HAL:** status

#### HAL\_USART\_MspInit

##### Function name

`void HAL_USART_MspInit (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart)`

##### Function description

Initialize the USART MSP.

##### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### HAL\_USART\_MspDeInit

##### Function name

`void HAL_USART_MspDeInit (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart)`

##### Function description

Deinitialize the USART MSP.

##### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.



## Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_USART\_RegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_RegisterCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, HAL\_USART\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pUSART\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

## Function description

Register a User USART Callback To be used instead of the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **husart:** usart handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_USART\_TX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_RX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_TX\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID
- **pCallback:** pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **HAL:** status +

## Notes

- The HAL\_USART\_RegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_USART\_Init() in HAL\_USART\_STATE\_RESET to register callbacks for HAL\_USART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_USART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_USART\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_UnRegisterCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, HAL\_USART\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

## Function description

Unregister an USART Callback USART callback is redirected to the weak predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **husart:** usart handle
- **CallbackID:** ID of the callback to be unregistered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_USART\_TX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_TX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Tx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_RX\_HALFCOMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Half Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_TX\_RX\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Rx Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_CB\_ID Error Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_ABORT\_COMPLETE\_CB\_ID Abort Complete Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit Callback ID
  - HAL\_USART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID MspDeInit Callback ID

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- The HAL\_USART\_UnRegisterCallback() may be called before HAL\_USART\_Init() in HAL\_USART\_STATE\_RESET to un-register callbacks for HAL\_USART\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID and HAL\_USART\_MSPDEINIT\_CB\_ID

## HAL\_USART\_Transmit

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_Transmit (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, const uint8\_t \* pTxData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Simplex send an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.
- **pTxData:** Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size:** Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.
- **Timeout:** Timeout duration.

## Return values

- **HAL:** status

## Notes

- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 provided through pTxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pTxData.

## HAL\_USART\_Receive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_Receive (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, uint8\_t \* pRxData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pRxData**: Pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: Amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- To receive synchronous data, dummy data are simultaneously transmitted.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pRxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pRxData.

## HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, const uint8\_t \* pTxData, uint8\_t \* pRxData, uint16\_t Size, uint32\_t Timeout)**

### Function description

Full-Duplex Send and Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

## Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pTxData**: pointer to TX data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **pRxData**: pointer to RX data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent (same amount to be received).
- **Timeout**: Timeout duration.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data and the received data are handled as sets of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pTxData and through pRxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffers containing data to be sent/received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent/received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pTxData and pRxData.

## HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_IT (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, const uint8\_t \* pTxData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Send an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pTxData**: pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 provided through pTxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pTxData.

## HAL\_USART\_Receive\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_USART_Receive_IT (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart, uint8_t * pRxData,
uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in interrupt mode.

### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pRxData**: pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- To receive synchronous data, dummy data are simultaneously transmitted.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pRxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pRxData.

## HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_IT

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_USART_TransmitReceive_IT (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart, const uint8_t *
pTxData, uint8_t * pRxData, uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Full-Duplex Send and Receive an amount of data in interrupt mode.

## Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pTxData**: pointer to TX data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **pRxData**: pointer to RX data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent (same amount to be received).

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data and the received data are handled as sets of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pTxData and through pRxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffers containing data to be sent/received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent/received data will be handled using u16 pointer cast). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pTxData and pRxData.

## HAL\_USART\_Transmit\_DMA

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_USART_Transmit_DMA (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart, const uint8_t *
pTxData, uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Send an amount of data in DMA mode.

## Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pTxData**: pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be sent.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 provided through pTxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer containing data to be sent, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pTxData.

## HAL\_USART\_Receive\_DMA

### Function name

```
HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_USART_Receive_DMA (USART_HandleTypeDef * husart, uint8_t * pRxData,
uint16_t Size)
```

### Function description

Receive an amount of data in DMA mode.

## Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pRxData**: pointer to data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received.

## Return values

- **HAL**: status

## Notes

- When the USART parity is enabled (PCE = 1), the received data contain the parity bit (MSB position).
- The USART DMA transmit channel must be configured in order to generate the clock for the slave.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the received data is handled as a set of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pRxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffer for storing data to be received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as received data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pRxData.

## HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_DMA

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_TransmitReceive\_DMA (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart, const uint8\_t \* pTxData, uint8\_t \* pRxData, uint16\_t Size)**

### Function description

Full-Duplex Transmit Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode.

### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.
- **pTxData**: pointer to TX data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **pRxData**: pointer to RX data buffer (u8 or u16 data elements).
- **Size**: amount of data elements (u8 or u16) to be received/sent.

### Return values

- **HAL**: status

### Notes

- When the USART parity is enabled (PCE = 1) the data received contain the parity bit.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), the sent data and the received data are handled as sets of u16. In this case, Size must indicate the number of u16 available through pTxData and through pRxData.
- When USART parity is not enabled (PCE = 0), and Word Length is configured to 9 bits (M1-M0 = 01), address of user data buffers containing data to be sent/received, should be aligned on a half word frontier (16 bits) (as sent/received data will be handled by DMA from halfword frontier). Depending on compilation chain, use of specific alignment compilation directives or pragmas might be required to ensure proper alignment for pTxData and pRxData.

## HAL\_USART\_DMAPause

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_DMAPause (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

### Function description

Pause the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_USART\_DMAResume

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_DMAResume (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

#### Function description

Resume the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_USART\_DMAStop

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_DMAStop (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

#### Function description

Stop the DMA Transfer.

#### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_USART\_Abort

#### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_Abort (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

#### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (blocking mode).

#### Parameters

- **husart**: USART handle.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable USART Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
- This procedure is executed in blocking mode : when exiting function, Abort is considered as completed.

## HAL\_USART\_Abort\_IT

### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_USART\_Abort\_IT (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

### Function description

Abort ongoing transfers (Interrupt mode).

### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

### Return values

- **HAL:** status

### Notes

- This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations : Disable USART Interrupts (Tx and Rx)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL\_DMA\_Abort\_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback
- This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

## HAL\_USART\_IRQHandler

### Function name

**void HAL\_USART\_IRQHandler (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

### Function description

Handle USART interrupt request.

### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_USART\_TxHalfCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_USART\_TxHalfCpltCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

### Function description

Tx Half Transfer completed callback.

### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

### Return values

- **None:**

## HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback

### Function name

**void HAL\_USART\_TxCpltCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

### Function description

Tx Transfer completed callback.



**Parameters**

- **husart**: USART handle.

**Return values**

- **None**:

**HAL\_USART\_RxCpltCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_USART\_RxCpltCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

**Function description**

Rx Transfer completed callback.

**Parameters**

- **husart**: USART handle.

**Return values**

- **None**:

**HAL\_USART\_RxHalfCpltCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_USART\_RxHalfCpltCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

**Function description**

Rx Half Transfer completed callback.

**Parameters**

- **husart**: USART handle.

**Return values**

- **None**:

**HAL\_USART\_TxRxCpltCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_USART\_TxRxCpltCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

**Function description**

Tx/Rx Transfers completed callback for the non-blocking process.

**Parameters**

- **husart**: USART handle.

**Return values**

- **None**:

**HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback**

**Function name**

**void HAL\_USART\_ErrorCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

**Function description**

USART error callback.

**Parameters**

- **husart**: USART handle.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_USART\_AbortCpltCallback**

#### Function name

**void HAL\_USART\_AbortCpltCallback (USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

#### Function description

USART Abort Complete callback.

#### Parameters

- **husart:** USART handle.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**HAL\_USART\_GetState**

#### Function name

**HAL\_USART\_StateTypeDef HAL\_USART\_GetState (const USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

#### Function description

Return the USART handle state.

#### Parameters

- **husart:** pointer to a USART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified USART.

#### Return values

- **USART:** handle state

**HAL\_USART\_GetError**

#### Function name

**uint32\_t HAL\_USART\_GetError (const USART\_HandleTypeDef \* husart)**

#### Function description

Return the USART error code.

#### Parameters

- **husart:** pointer to a USART\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified USART.

#### Return values

- **USART:** handle Error Code

## 53.3 USART Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 53.3.1 USART

USART

*USART Clock*

#### USART\_CLOCK\_DISABLE

USART clock disable

## USART\_CLOCK\_ENABLE

USART clock enable

### *USART Clock Phase*

## USART\_PHASE\_1EDGE

USART frame phase on first clock transition

## USART\_PHASE\_2EDGE

USART frame phase on second clock transition

### *USART Clock Polarity*

## USART\_POLARITY\_LOW

Driver enable signal is active high

## USART\_POLARITY\_HIGH

Driver enable signal is active low

### *USART Error Definition*

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_NONE

No error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_PE

Parity error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_NE

Noise error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_FE

Frame error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_ORE

Overrun error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_DMA

DMA transfer error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_INVALID\_CALLBACK

Invalid Callback error

## HAL\_USART\_ERROR\_RTO

Receiver Timeout error

### *USART Exported Macros*

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_RESET\_HANDLE\_STATE

#### **Description:**

- Reset USART handle state.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: USART handle.

#### **Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_FLUSH\_DRREGISTER

### Description:

- Flush the USART Data registers.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_GET\_FLAG

### Description:

- Check whether the specified USART flag is set or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `USART_FLAG_REACK` Receive enable acknowledge flag
  - `USART_FLAG_TEACK` Transmit enable acknowledge flag
  - `USART_FLAG_BUSY` Busy flag
  - `USART_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty flag
  - `USART_FLAG_TC` Transmission Complete flag
  - `USART_FLAG_RXNE` Receive data register not empty flag
  - `USART_FLAG_RTOF` Receiver Timeout flag
  - `USART_FLAG_IDLE` Idle Line detection flag
  - `USART_FLAG_ORE` OverRun Error flag
  - `USART_FLAG_NE` Noise Error flag
  - `USART_FLAG_FE` Framing Error flag
  - `USART_FLAG_PE` Parity Error flag

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the specified USART pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
  - `USART_CLEAR_PEF` Parity Error Clear Flag
  - `USART_CLEAR_FEF` Framing Error Clear Flag
  - `USART_CLEAR_NEF` Noise detected Clear Flag
  - `USART_CLEAR_OREF` Overrun Error Clear Flag
  - `USART_CLEAR_IDLEF` IDLE line detected Clear Flag
  - `USART_CLEAR_TCF` Transmission Complete Clear Flag
  - `USART_CLEAR_RTOF` Receiver Timeout clear flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_PEF

### Description:

- Clear the USART PE pending flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

### \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_FEFLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the USART FE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_NEFLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the USART NE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_OREFLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the USART ORE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_IDLEFLAG

**Description:**

- Clear the USART IDLE pending flag.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

**Return value:**

- None

### \_\_HAL\_USART\_ENABLE\_IT

**Description:**

- Enable the specified USART interrupt.

**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the USART interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - USART\_IT\_TXE Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_RXNE Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_PE Parity Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_ERR Error interrupt(Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

**Return value:**

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_DISABLE\_IT

### Description:

- Disable the specified USART interrupt.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the USART interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - USART\_IT\_TXE Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_RXNE Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_PE Parity Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_ERR Error interrupt(Frame error, noise error, overrun error)

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_GET\_IT

### Description:

- Check whether the specified USART interrupt has occurred or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the USART interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - USART\_IT\_TXE Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_RXNE Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_ORE OverRun Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_NE Noise Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_FE Framing Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_PE Parity Error interrupt

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified USART interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the USART interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - USART\_IT\_TXE Transmit Data Register empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_TC Transmission complete interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_RXNE Receive Data register not empty interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_IDLE Idle line detection interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_ORE OverRun Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_NE Noise Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_FE Framing Error interrupt
  - USART\_IT\_PE Parity Error interrupt

### Return value:

- The: new state of `__INTERRUPT__` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_CLEAR\_IT

### Description:

- Clear the specified USART ISR flag, in setting the proper ICR register flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__IT_CLEAR__`: specifies the interrupt clear register flag that needs to be set to clear the corresponding interrupt. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - USART\_CLEAR\_PEF Parity Error Clear Flag
  - USART\_CLEAR\_FEF Framing Error Clear Flag
  - USART\_CLEAR\_NEF Noise detected Clear Flag
  - USART\_CLEAR\_OREF Overrun Error Clear Flag
  - USART\_CLEAR\_IDLEF IDLE line detected Clear Flag
  - USART\_CLEAR\_RTOF Receiver timeout clear flag
  - USART\_CLEAR\_TCF Transmission Complete Clear Flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_SEND\_REQ

### Description:

- Set a specific USART request flag.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.
- `__REQ__`: specifies the request flag to set. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - USART\_RXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST Receive Data flush Request
  - USART\_TXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST Transmit data flush Request

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable the USART one bit sample method.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_ONE\_BIT\_SAMPLE\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable the USART one bit sample method.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_ENABLE

### Description:

- Enable USART.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_USART\_DISABLE

### Description:

- Disable USART.

### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the USART Handle.

### Return value:

- None

## USART Flags

### USART\_FLAG\_REACK

USART receive enable acknowledge flag

### USART\_FLAG\_TEACK

USART transmit enable acknowledge flag

### USART\_FLAG\_BUSY

USART busy flag

### USART\_FLAG\_TXE

USART transmit data register empty

### USART\_FLAG\_RTOF

USART receiver timeout flag

### USART\_FLAG\_TC

USART transmission complete



**USART\_FLAG\_RXNE**

USART read data register not empty

**USART\_FLAG\_IDLE**

USART idle flag

**USART\_FLAG\_ORE**

USART overrun error

**USART\_FLAG\_NE**

USART noise error

**USART\_FLAG\_FE**

USART frame error

**USART\_FLAG\_PE**

USART parity error

***USART Interruption Flags Mask*****USART\_IT\_MASK**

USART interruptions flags mask

**USART\_CR\_MASK**

USART control register mask

**USART\_CR\_POS**

USART control register position

**USART\_ISR\_MASK**

USART ISR register mask

**USART\_ISR\_POS**

USART ISR register position

***USART Interrupts Definition*****USART\_IT\_PE**

USART parity error interruption

**USART\_IT\_TXE**

USART transmit data register empty interruption

**USART\_IT\_TC**

USART transmission complete interruption

**USART\_IT\_RXNE**

USART read data register not empty interruption

**USART\_IT\_IDLE**

USART idle interruption

**USART\_IT\_ERR**

USART error interruption

**USART\_IT\_ORE**

USART overrun error interruption

**USART\_IT\_NE**

USART noise error interruption

**USART\_IT\_FE**

USART frame error interruption

***USART Interruption Clear Flags*****USART\_CLEAR\_PEF**

Parity Error Clear Flag

**USART\_CLEAR\_FEF**

Framing Error Clear Flag

**USART\_CLEAR\_NEF**

Noise Error detected Clear Flag

**USART\_CLEAR\_OREF**

OverRun Error Clear Flag

**USART\_CLEAR\_IDLEF**

IDLE line detected Clear Flag

**USART\_CLEAR\_TCF**

Transmission Complete Clear Flag

**USART\_CLEAR\_RTOF**

USART receiver timeout clear flag

***USART Last Bit*****USART\_LASTBIT\_DISABLE**

USART frame last data bit clock pulse not output to SCLK pin

**USART\_LASTBIT\_ENABLE**

USART frame last data bit clock pulse output to SCLK pin

***USART Mode*****USART\_MODE\_RX**

RX mode

**USART\_MODE\_TX**

TX mode

**USART\_MODE\_TX\_RX**

RX and TX mode

***USART Parity*****USART\_PARITY\_NONE**

No parity

**USART\_PARITY\_EVEN**

Even parity

**USART\_PARITY\_ODD**

Odd parity

**USART Request Parameters****USART\_RXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Receive Data flush Request

**USART\_TXDATA\_FLUSH\_REQUEST**

Transmit data flush Request

**USART Number of Stop Bits****USART\_STOPBITS\_0\_5**

USART frame with 0.5 stop bit

**USART\_STOPBITS\_1**

USART frame with 1 stop bit

**USART\_STOPBITS\_1\_5**

USART frame with 1.5 stop bits

**USART\_STOPBITS\_2**

USART frame with 2 stop bits

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## 54 HAL USART Extension Driver

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### 54.1 USARTEEx Firmware driver defines

#### 54.1.1 USARTEEx

##### *USARTEEx Word Length*

**USART\_WORDLENGTH\_7B** 7-bit long USART frame

**USART\_WORDLENGTH\_8B** 8-bit long USART frame

**USART\_WORDLENGTH\_9B** 9-bit long USART frame

## 55 HAL WWDG Generic Driver

### 55.1 WWDG Firmware driver registers structures

#### 55.1.1 WWDG\_InitTypeDef

**WWDG\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_wwdg.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t Window**
- **uint32\_t Counter**
- **uint32\_t EWIMode**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t WWDG\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler**  
Specifies the prescaler value of the WWDG. This parameter can be a value of **WWDG\_Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t WWDG\_InitTypeDef::Window**  
Specifies the WWDG window value to be compared to the downcounter. This parameter must be a number Min\_Data = 0x40 and Max\_Data = 0x7F
- **uint32\_t WWDG\_InitTypeDef::Counter**  
Specifies the WWDG free-running downcounter value. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x40 and Max\_Data = 0x7F
- **uint32\_t WWDG\_InitTypeDef::EWIMode**  
Specifies if WWDG Early Wakeup Interrupt is enable or not. This parameter can be a value of **WWDG\_EWI\_Mode**

#### 55.1.2 \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef

**\_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_hal\_wwdg.h

Data Fields

- **WWDG\_TypeDef \* Instance**
- **WWDG\_InitTypeDef Init**
- **void(\* EwiCallback**
- **void(\* MspInitCallback**

Field Documentation

- **WWDG\_TypeDef\* \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef::Instance**  
Register base address
- **WWDG\_InitTypeDef \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef::Init**  
WWDG required parameters
- **void(\* \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef::EwiCallback)(struct \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \*hwwdg)**  
WWDG Early WakeUp Interrupt callback
- **void(\* \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef::MspInitCallback)(struct \_\_WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \*hwwdg)**  
WWDG Msp Init callback

### 55.2 WWDG Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the WWDG library.

#### 55.2.1 WWDG Specific features

Once enabled the WWDG generates a system reset on expiry of a programmed time period, unless the program refreshes the counter (T[6;0] downcounter) before reaching 0x3F value (i.e. a reset is generated when the counter value rolls down from 0x40 to 0x3F).

- An MCU reset is also generated if the counter value is refreshed before the counter has reached the refresh window value. This implies that the counter must be refreshed in a limited window.

- Once enabled the WWDG cannot be disabled except by a system reset.
- If required by application, an Early Wakeup Interrupt can be triggered in order to be warned before WWDG expiration. The Early Wakeup Interrupt (EWI) can be used if specific safety operations or data logging must be performed before the actual reset is generated. When the downcounter reaches 0x40, interrupt occurs. This mechanism requires WWDG interrupt line to be enabled in NVIC. Once enabled, EWI interrupt cannot be disabled except by a system reset.
- WWDGRST flag in RCC CSR register can be used to inform when a WWDG reset occurs.
- The WWDG counter input clock is derived from the APB clock divided by a programmable prescaler.
- $\text{WWDG clock (Hz)} = \text{PCLK1} / (4096 * \text{Prescaler})$
- $\text{WWDG timeout (mS)} = 1000 * (\text{T}[5:0] + 1) / \text{WWDG clock (Hz)}$  where T[5:0] are the lowest 6 bits of Counter.
- WWDG Counter refresh is allowed between the following limits :
  - $\text{min time (mS)} = 1000 * (\text{Counter} - \text{Window}) / \text{WWDG clock}$
  - $\text{max time (mS)} = 1000 * (\text{Counter} - 0x40) / \text{WWDG clock}$
- Typical values:
  - Counter min (T[5:0] = 0x00) at 32MHz (PCLK1) with zero prescaler: max timeout before reset: approximately 41.79us
  - Counter max (T[5:0] = 0x3F) at 32MHz (PCLK1) with prescaler dividing by 8: max timeout before reset: approximately 342.38ms

## 55.2.2 How to use this driver

### Common driver usage

- Enable WWDG APB1 clock using `__HAL_RCC_WWDG_CLK_ENABLE()`.
- Configure the WWDG prescaler, refresh window value, counter value and early interrupt status using `HAL_WWDG_Init()` function. This will automatically enable WWDG and start its downcounter. Time reference can be taken from function exit. Care must be taken to provide a counter value greater than 0x40 to prevent generation of immediate reset.
- If the Early Wakeup Interrupt (EWI) feature is enabled, an interrupt is generated when the counter reaches 0x40. When `HAL_WWDG_IRQHandler` is triggered by the interrupt service routine, flag will be automatically cleared and `HAL_WWDG_WakeupCallback` user callback will be executed. User can add his own code by customization of callback `HAL_WWDG_WakeupCallback`.
- Then the application program must refresh the WWDG counter at regular intervals during normal operation to prevent an MCU reset, using `HAL_WWDG_Refresh()` function. This operation must occur only when the counter is lower than the refresh window value already programmed.

### Callback registration

The compilation define `USE_HAL_WWDG_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` when set to 1 allows the user to configure dynamically the driver callbacks. Use Functions `HAL_WWDG_RegisterCallback()` to register a user callback.

- Function `HAL_WWDG_RegisterCallback()` allows to register following callbacks:
  - `EwiCallback` : callback for Early WakeUp Interrupt.
  - `MspInitCallback` : WWDG MspInit. This function takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle, the Callback ID and a pointer to the user callback function.
- Use function `HAL_WWDG_UnRegisterCallback()` to reset a callback to the default weak (surcharged) function. `HAL_WWDG_UnRegisterCallback()` takes as parameters the HAL peripheral handle and the Callback ID. This function allows to reset following callbacks:
  - `EwiCallback` : callback for Early WakeUp Interrupt.
  - `MspInitCallback` : WWDG MspInit.

When calling `HAL_WWDG_Init` function, callbacks are reset to the corresponding legacy weak (surcharged) functions: `HAL_WWDG_EarlyWakeupCallback()` and `HAL_WWDG_MspInit()` only if they have not been registered before.

When compilation define `USE_HAL_WWDG_REGISTER_CALLBACKS` is set to 0 or not defined, the callback registering feature is not available and weak (surcharged) callbacks are used.

### WWDG HAL driver macros list

Below the list of available macros in WWDG HAL driver.

- `__HAL_WWDG_ENABLE`: Enable the WWDG peripheral
- `__HAL_WWDG_GET_FLAG`: Get the selected WWDG's flag status
- `__HAL_WWDG_CLEAR_FLAG`: Clear the WWDG's pending flags
- `__HAL_WWDG_ENABLE_IT`: Enable the WWDG early wakeup interrupt

### 55.2.3 Initialization and Configuration functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Initialize and start the WWDG according to the specified parameters in the `WWDG_InitTypeDef` of associated handle.
- Initialize the WWDG MSP.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_WWDG\_Init\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_WWDG\_MspInit\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_WWDG\_RegisterCallback\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_WWDG\_UnRegisterCallback\(\)`](#)

### 55.2.4 IO operation functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Refresh the WWDG.
- Handle WWDG interrupt request and associated function callback.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_WWDG\_Refresh\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_WWDG\_IRQHandler\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_WWDG\_EarlyWakeupCallback\(\)`](#)

### 55.2.5 Detailed description of functions

#### HAL\_WWDG\_Init

##### Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_WWDG\_Init (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg)**

##### Function description

Initialize the WWDG according to the specified.

##### Parameters

- **hwwdg**: pointer to a `WWDG_HandleTypeDef` structure that contains the configuration information for the specified WWDG module.

##### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_WWDG\_MspInit

##### Function name

**void HAL\_WWDG\_MspInit (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg)**

##### Function description

Initialize the WWDG MSP.

## Parameters

- **hwwdg**: pointer to a WWDG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified WWDG module.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- When rewriting this function in user file, mechanism may be added to avoid multiple initialize when HAL\_WWDG\_Init function is called again to change parameters.

### HAL\_WWDG\_RegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_WWDG\_RegisterCallback (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg, HAL\_WWDG\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID, pWWDG\_CallbackTypeDef pCallback)**

## Function description

Register a User WWDG Callback To be used instead of the weak (surcharged) predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hwwdg**: WWDG handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_WWDG\_EWI\_CB\_ID Early WakeUp Interrupt Callback ID
  - HAL\_WWDG\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID
- **pCallback**: pointer to the Callback function

## Return values

- **status**:

### HAL\_WWDG\_UnRegisterCallback

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_WWDG\_UnRegisterCallback (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg, HAL\_WWDG\_CallbackIDTypeDef CallbackID)**

## Function description

Unregister a WWDG Callback WWDG Callback is redirected to the weak (surcharged) predefined callback.

## Parameters

- **hwwdg**: WWDG handle
- **CallbackID**: ID of the callback to be registered This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - HAL\_WWDG\_EWI\_CB\_ID Early WakeUp Interrupt Callback ID
  - HAL\_WWDG\_MSPINIT\_CB\_ID MspInit callback ID

## Return values

- **status**:

### HAL\_WWDG\_Refresh

## Function name

**HAL\_StatusTypeDef HAL\_WWDG\_Refresh (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg)**

## Function description

Refresh the WWDG.



#### Parameters

- **hwwdg**: pointer to a WWDG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified WWDG module.

#### Return values

- **HAL**: status

#### HAL\_WWDG\_IRQHandler

#### Function name

**void HAL\_WWDG\_IRQHandler (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg)**

#### Function description

Handle WWDG interrupt request.

#### Parameters

- **hwwdg**: pointer to a WWDG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified WWDG module.

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- The Early Wakeup Interrupt (EWI) can be used if specific safety operations or data logging must be performed before the actual reset is generated. The EWI interrupt is enabled by calling HAL\_WWDG\_Init function with EWIMode set to WWDG\_EWI\_ENABLE. When the downcounter reaches the value 0x40, and EWI interrupt is generated and the corresponding Interrupt Service Routine (ISR) can be used to trigger specific actions (such as communications or data logging), before resetting the device.

#### HAL\_WWDG\_EarlyWakeupCallback

#### Function name

**void HAL\_WWDG\_EarlyWakeupCallback (WWDG\_HandleTypeDef \* hwwdg)**

#### Function description

WWDG Early Wakeup callback.

#### Parameters

- **hwwdg**: pointer to a WWDG\_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified WWDG module.

#### Return values

- **None**:

## 55.3 WWDG Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 55.3.1 WWDG

WWDG

**WWDG Early Wakeup Interrupt Mode**

#### WWDG\_EWI\_DISABLE

EWI Disable

#### WWDG\_EWI\_ENABLE

EWI Enable

## WWDG Exported Macros

### \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_ENABLE

#### Description:

- Enable the WWDG peripheral.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: WWDG handle

#### Return value:

- None

### \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_ENABLE\_IT

#### Description:

- Enable the WWDG early wakeup interrupt.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: WWDG handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `WWDG_IT_EWI`: Early wakeup interrupt

#### Return value:

- None

#### Notes:

- Once enabled this interrupt cannot be disabled except by a system reset.

### \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_GET\_IT

#### Description:

- Check whether the selected WWDG interrupt has occurred or not.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: WWDG handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the it to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `WWDG_FLAG_EWIF`: Early wakeup interrupt IT

#### Return value:

- The: new state of `WWDG_FLAG` (SET or RESET).

### \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_CLEAR\_IT

#### Description:

- Clear the WWDG interrupt pending bits.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: WWDG handle
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt pending bit to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `WWDG_FLAG_EWIF`: Early wakeup interrupt flag

### \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_GET\_FLAG

#### Description:

- Check whether the specified WWDG flag is set or not.

#### Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: WWDG handle
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `WWDG_FLAG_EWIF`: Early wakeup interrupt flag

#### Return value:

- The: new state of `WWDG_FLAG` (SET or RESET).

## \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_CLEAR\_FLAG

### Description:

- Clear the WWDG's pending flags.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: WWDG handle
- \_\_FLAG\_\_: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - WWDG\_FLAG\_EWIF: Early wakeup interrupt flag

### Return value:

- None

## \_\_HAL\_WWDG\_GET\_IT\_SOURCE

### Description:

- Check whether the specified WWDG interrupt source is enabled or not.

### Parameters:

- \_\_HANDLE\_\_: WWDG Handle.
- \_\_INTERRUPT\_\_: specifies the WWDG interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - WWDG\_IT\_EWI: Early Wakeup Interrupt

### Return value:

- state: of \_\_INTERRUPT\_\_ (TRUE or FALSE).

### WWDG Flag definition

## WWDG\_FLAG\_EWIF

Early wakeup interrupt flag

### WWDG Interrupt definition

## WWDG\_IT\_EWI

Early wakeup interrupt

### WWDG Prescaler

## WWDG\_PRESCALER\_1

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/1

## WWDG\_PRESCALER\_2

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/2

## WWDG\_PRESCALER\_4

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/4

## WWDG\_PRESCALER\_8

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/8

## 56 LL ADC Generic Driver

### 56.1 ADC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 56.1.1 LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef

**LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_adc.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t CommonClock**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef::CommonClock**  
Set parameter common to several ADC: Clock source and prescaler. This parameter can be a value of **ADC\_LL\_EC\_COMMON\_CLOCK\_SOURCE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_ADC\_SetCommonClock()**.

#### 56.1.2 LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_adc.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t Clock**
- **uint32\_t Resolution**
- **uint32\_t DataAlignment**
- **uint32\_t LowPowerMode**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef::Clock**  
Set ADC instance clock source and prescaler. This parameter can be a value of **ADC\_LL\_EC\_CLOCK\_SOURCE**  
**Note:**
  - On this STM32 serie, this parameter has some clock ratio constraints: ADC clock synchronous (from PCLK) with prescaler 1 must be enabled only if PCLK has a 50% duty clock cycle (APB prescaler configured inside the RCC must be bypassed and the system clock must be 50% duty cycle).
 This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_ADC\_SetClock()**. For more details, refer to description of this function.
- **uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef::Resolution**  
Set ADC resolution. This parameter can be a value of **ADC\_LL\_EC\_RESOLUTION**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_ADC\_SetResolution()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef::DataAlignment**  
Set ADC conversion data alignment. This parameter can be a value of **ADC\_LL\_EC\_DATA\_ALIGN**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_ADC\_SetDataAlignment()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef::LowPowerMode**  
Set ADC low power mode. This parameter can be a value of **ADC\_LL\_EC\_LP\_MODE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_ADC\_SetLowPowerMode()**.

#### 56.1.3 LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_adc.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t TriggerSource**
- **uint32\_t SequencerDiscont**
- **uint32\_t ContinuousMode**
- **uint32\_t DMATransfer**
- **uint32\_t Overrun**

Field Documentation

- ***uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef::TriggerSource***  
Set ADC group regular conversion trigger source: internal (SW start) or from external peripheral (timer event, external interrupt line). This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_LL\\_EC\\_REG\\_TRIGGER\\_SOURCE](#)  
**Note:**
  - On this STM32 serie, setting trigger source to external trigger also set trigger polarity to rising edge (default setting for compatibility with some ADC on other STM32 families having this setting set by HW default value). In case of need to modify trigger edge, use function [LL\\_ADC\\_REG\\_SetTriggerEdge\(\)](#).

This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_ADC\\_REG\\_SetTriggerSource\(\)](#).
- ***uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef::SequencerDiscont***  
Set ADC group regular sequencer discontinuous mode: sequence subdivided and scan conversions interrupted every selected number of ranks. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_LL\\_EC\\_REG\\_SEQ\\_DISCONT\\_MODE](#)  
**Note:**
  - This parameter has an effect only if group regular sequencer is enabled (several ADC channels enabled in group regular sequencer).

This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_ADC\\_REG\\_SetSequencerDiscont\(\)](#).
- ***uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef::ContinuousMode***  
Set ADC continuous conversion mode on ADC group regular, whether ADC conversions are performed in single mode (one conversion per trigger) or in continuous mode (after the first trigger, following conversions launched successively automatically). This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_LL\\_EC\\_REG\\_CONTINUOUS\\_MODE](#) **Note:** It is not possible to enable both ADC group regular continuous mode and discontinuous mode. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_ADC\\_REG\\_SetContinuousMode\(\)](#).
- ***uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef::DMATransfer***  
Set ADC group regular conversion data transfer: no transfer or transfer by DMA, and DMA requests mode. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_LL\\_EC\\_REG\\_DMA\\_TRANSFER](#) This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_ADC\\_REG\\_SetDMATransfer\(\)](#).
- ***uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef::Overrun***  
Set ADC group regular behavior in case of overrun: data preserved or overwritten. This parameter can be a value of [ADC\\_LL\\_EC\\_REG\\_OVR\\_DATA\\_BEHAVIOR](#) This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_ADC\\_REG\\_SetOverrun\(\)](#).

## 56.2 ADC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the ADC library.

### 56.2.1 Detailed description of functions

#### LL\_ADC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_DMA_GetRegAddr (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t Register)
```

##### Function description

Function to help to configure DMA transfer from ADC: retrieve the ADC register address from ADC instance and a list of ADC registers intended to be used (most commonly) with DMA transfer.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Register:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_DMA\_REG\_REGULAR\_DATA

##### Return values

- **ADC:** register address

## Notes

- These ADC registers are data registers: when ADC conversion data is available in ADC data registers, ADC generates a DMA transfer request.
- This macro is intended to be used with LL DMA driver, refer to function "LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses()". Example: LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses(DMA1, LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1, LL\_ADC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr(ADC1, LL\_ADC\_DMA\_REG\_REGULAR\_DATA), (uint32\_t)< array or variable >, LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY);
- For devices with several ADC: in multimode, some devices use a different data register outside of ADC instance scope (common data register). This macro manages this register difference, only ADC instance has to be set as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DATA LL\_ADC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

## LL\_ADC\_SetCommonClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetCommonClock (ADC_Common_TypeDef * ADCxy_COMMON, uint32_t CommonClock)
```

### Function description

Set parameter common to several ADC: Clock source and prescaler.

### Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )
- **CommonClock:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV1 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV2 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV4 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV6 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV8 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV10 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV12 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV32 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV64 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV128 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV256 (1)

(1) ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous. (refer to function LL\_ADC\_SetClock() ).

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: All ADC instances of the ADC common group must be disabled. This check can be done with function LL\_ADC\_IsEnabled() for each ADC instance or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_IS_ENABLED_ALL_COMMON_INSTANCE()`.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PRESC LL\_ADC\_SetCommonClock

## LL\_ADC\_GetCommonClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetCommonClock (ADC_Common_TypeDef * ADCxy_COMMON)
```

### Function description

Get parameter common to several ADC: Clock source and prescaler.

### Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:

- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV1` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV2` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV4` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV6` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV8` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV10` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV12` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV16` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV32` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV64` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV128` (1)
- `LL_ADC_CLOCK_ASYNC_DIV256` (1)

(1) ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous. (refer to function `LL_ADC_SetClock()` ).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PRESC `LL_ADC_GetCommonClock`

## LL\_ADC\_SetCommonFrequencyMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetCommonFrequencyMode (ADC_Common_TypeDef *
ADCxy_COMMON, uint32_t CommonFrequencyMode)
```

### Function description

Set parameter common to several ADC: Clock low frequency mode.

### Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )
- **CommonFrequencyMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_CLOCK_FREQ_MODE_HIGH`
  - `LL_ADC_CLOCK_FREQ_MODE_LOW`

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR LFMEN LL\_ADC\_SetCommonFrequencyMode

#### LL\_ADC\_GetCommonFrequencyMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetCommonFrequencyMode (ADC\_Common\_TypeDef \* ADCxy\_COMMON)**

#### Function description

Get parameter common to several ADC: Clock low frequency mode.

#### Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_FREQ\_MODE\_HIGH
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_FREQ\_MODE\_LOW

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR LFMEN LL\_ADC\_GetCommonFrequencyMode

#### LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh (ADC\_Common\_TypeDef \* ADCxy\_COMMON, uint32\_t PathInternal)**

#### Function description

Set parameter common to several ADC: measurement path to internal channels (VrefInt, temperature sensor, ...).

#### Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )
- **PathInternal:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_TEMPSENSOR (2)
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VLCD (1)

(1) value not defined in all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.  
 (2) value not defined in all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx, STM32L04xxx, STM32L03xxx, STM32L02xxx.

#### Return values

- **None:**



## Notes

- One or several values can be selected. Example: (LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VREFINT | LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_TEMPSENSOR)
- Stabilization time of measurement path to internal channel: After enabling internal paths, before starting ADC conversion, a delay is required for internal voltage reference and temperature sensor stabilization time. Refer to device datasheet. Refer to literal LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_VREFINT\_STAB\_US. Refer to literal LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_TEMPSENSOR\_STAB\_US.
- ADC internal channel sampling time constraint: For ADC conversion of internal channels, a sampling time minimum value is required. Refer to device datasheet.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: All ADC instances of the ADC common group must be disabled. This check can be done with function LL\_ADC\_IsEnabled() for each ADC instance or by using helper macro helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_IS\_ENABLED\_ALL\_COMMON\_INSTANCE().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR VREFEN LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh
- CCR TSEN LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh
- CCR VLCDEN LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh

## LL\_ADC\_GetCommonPathInternalCh

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetCommonPathInternalCh (ADC\_Common\_TypeDef \* ADCxy\_COMMON)**

### Function description

Get parameter common to several ADC: measurement path to internal channels (VrefInt, temperature sensor, ...).

### Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_COMMON\_INSTANCE() )

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_TEMPSENSOR (2)
  - LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VLCD (1)

(1) value not defined in all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.  
(2) value not defined in all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx, STM32L04xxx, STM32L03xxx, STM32L02xxx.

## Notes

- One or several values can be selected. Example: (LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VREFINT | LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_TEMPSENSOR)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR VREFEN LL\_ADC\_GetCommonPathInternalCh
- CCR TSEN LL\_ADC\_GetCommonPathInternalCh
- CCR VLCDEN LL\_ADC\_GetCommonPathInternalCh

## LL\_ADC\_SetClock

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_SetClock (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t ClockSource)**

## Function description

Set ADC instance clock source and prescaler.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **ClockSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV4
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV2
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV1 (2)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC (1)

(1) Asynchronous clock prescaler can be configured using function LL\_ADC\_SetCommonClock().

(2) Caution: This parameter has some clock ratio constraints: This configuration must be enabled only if PCLK has a 50% duty clock cycle (APB prescaler configured inside the RCC must be bypassed and the system clock must by 50% duty cycle). Refer to reference manual.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFG2 CKMODE LL\_ADC\_SetClock

### LL\_ADC\_GetClock

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetClock (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

## Function description

Get ADC instance clock source and prescaler.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV4
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV2
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV1 (2)
  - LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC (1)

(1) Asynchronous clock prescaler can be retrieved using function LL\_ADC\_GetCommonClock().

(2) Caution: This parameter has some clock ratio constraints: This configuration must be enabled only if PCLK has a 50% duty clock cycle (APB prescaler configured inside the RCC must be bypassed and the system clock must by 50% duty cycle). Refer to reference manual.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFG2 CKMODE LL\_ADC\_GetClock

### LL\_ADC\_SetCalibrationFactor

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_SetCalibrationFactor (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t CalibrationFactor)**

## Function description

Set ADC calibration factor in the mode single-ended or differential (for devices with differential mode available).

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **CalibrationFactor:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7F

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function is intended to set calibration parameters without having to perform a new calibration using LL\_ADC\_StartCalibration().
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be enabled, without calibration on going, without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALFACT CALFACT LL\_ADC\_SetCalibrationFactor

### LL\_ADC\_GetCalibrationFactor

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetCalibrationFactor (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC calibration factor in the mode single-ended or differential (for devices with differential mode available).

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7F

## Notes

- Calibration factors are set by hardware after performing a calibration run using function LL\_ADC\_StartCalibration().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALFACT CALFACT LL\_ADC\_GetCalibrationFactor

### LL\_ADC\_SetResolution

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetResolution (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t Resolution)
```

## Function description

Set ADC resolution.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Resolution:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 RES LL\_ADC\_SetResolution

## LL\_ADC\_GetResolution

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetResolution (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get ADC resolution.

### Parameters

- ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 RES LL\_ADC\_GetResolution

## LL\_ADC\_SetDataAlignment

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetDataAlignment (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t DataAlignment)
```

### Function description

Set ADC conversion data alignment.

### Parameters

- ADCx:** ADC instance
- DataAlignment:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN\_RIGHT
  - LL\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN\_LEFT

### Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- Refer to reference manual for alignments formats dependencies to ADC resolutions.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 ALIGN LL\_ADC\_SetDataAlignment

## LL\_ADC\_GetDataAlignment

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetDataAlignment (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get ADC conversion data alignment.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN\_RIGHT
  - LL\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN\_LEFT

### Notes

- Refer to reference manual for alignments formats dependencies to ADC resolutions.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 ALIGN LL\_ADC\_GetDataAlignment

## LL\_ADC\_SetLowPowerMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetLowPowerMode (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t LowPowerMode)
```

### Function description

Set ADC low power mode.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **LowPowerMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_MODE\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOWAIT
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOPOWEROFF
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOWAIT\_AUTOPOWEROFF

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Description of ADC low power modes: ADC low power mode "auto wait": Dynamic low power mode, ADC conversions occurrences are limited to the minimum necessary in order to reduce power consumption. New ADC conversion starts only when the previous unitary conversion data (for ADC group regular) has been retrieved by user software. In the meantime, ADC remains idle: does not performs any other conversion. This mode allows to automatically adapt the ADC conversions triggers to the speed of the software that reads the data. Moreover, this avoids risk of overrun for low frequency applications. How to use this low power mode: Do not use with interruption or DMA since these modes have to clear immediately the EOC flag to free the IRQ vector sequencer. Do use with polling: 1. Start conversion, 2. Later on, when conversion data is needed: poll for end of conversion to ensure that conversion is completed and retrieve ADC conversion data. This will trig another ADC conversion start. ADC low power mode "auto power-off" (feature available on this device if parameter LL\_ADC\_LP\_MODE\_AUTOOFF is available): the ADC automatically powers-off after a conversion and automatically wakes up when a new conversion is triggered (with startup time between trigger and start of sampling). This feature can be combined with low power mode "auto wait".
- With ADC low power mode "auto wait", the ADC conversion data read is corresponding to previous ADC conversion start, independently of delay during which ADC was idle. Therefore, the ADC conversion data may be outdated: does not correspond to the current voltage level on the selected ADC channel.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 WAIT LL\_ADC\_SetLowPowerMode
- CFGR1 AUTOFF LL\_ADC\_SetLowPowerMode

## LL\_ADC\_GetLowPowerMode

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetLowPowerMode (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Get ADC low power mode:

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_MODE\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOWAIT
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOPOWEROFF
  - LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOWAIT\_AUTOPOWEROFF

## Notes

- Description of ADC low power modes: ADC low power mode "auto wait": Dynamic low power mode, ADC conversions occurrences are limited to the minimum necessary in order to reduce power consumption. New ADC conversion starts only when the previous unitary conversion data (for ADC group regular) has been retrieved by user software. In the meantime, ADC remains idle: does not performs any other conversion. This mode allows to automatically adapt the ADC conversions triggers to the speed of the software that reads the data. Moreover, this avoids risk of overrun for low frequency applications. How to use this low power mode: Do not use with interruption or DMA since these modes have to clear immediately the EOC flag to free the IRQ vector sequencer. Do use with polling: 1. Start conversion, 2. Later on, when conversion data is needed: poll for end of conversion to ensure that conversion is completed and retrieve ADC conversion data. This will trig another ADC conversion start. ADC low power mode "auto power-off" (feature available on this device if parameter LL\_ADC\_LP\_MODE\_AUTOOFF is available): the ADC automatically powers-off after a conversion and automatically wakes up when a new conversion is triggered (with startup time between trigger and start of sampling). This feature can be combined with low power mode "auto wait".
- With ADC low power mode "auto wait", the ADC conversion data read is corresponding to previous ADC conversion start, independently of delay during which ADC was idle. Therefore, the ADC conversion data may be outdated: does not correspond to the current voltage level on the selected ADC channel.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFG1 WAIT LL\_ADC\_GetLowPowerMode
- CFG1 AUTOFF LL\_ADC\_GetLowPowerMode

## LL\_ADC\_SetSamplingTimeCommonChannels

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_SetSamplingTimeCommonChannels (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t SamplingTime)**

### Function description

Set sampling time common to a group of channels.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **SamplingTime:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_1CYCLE\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_3CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_7CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_12CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_19CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_39CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_79CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_160CYCLES\_5

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Unit: ADC clock cycles.
- On this STM32 serie, sampling time scope is on ADC instance: Sampling time common to all channels. (on some other STM32 families, sampling time is channel wise)
- In case of internal channel (VrefInt, TempSensor, ...) to be converted: sampling time constraints must be respected (sampling time can be adjusted in function of ADC clock frequency and sampling time setting). Refer to device datasheet for timings values (parameters TS\_vrefint, TS\_temp, ...).
- Conversion time is the addition of sampling time and processing time. On this STM32 serie, ADC processing time is: 12.5 ADC clock cycles at ADC resolution 12 bits10.5 ADC clock cycles at ADC resolution 10 bits8.5 ADC clock cycles at ADC resolution 8 bits6.5 ADC clock cycles at ADC resolution 6 bits
- In case of ADC conversion of internal channel (VrefInt, temperature sensor, ...), a sampling time minimum value is required. Refer to device datasheet.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMPR SMP LL\_ADC\_SetSamplingTimeCommonChannels

## LL\_ADC\_GetSamplingTimeCommonChannels

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetSamplingTimeCommonChannels (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Get sampling time common to a group of channels.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_1CYCLE\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_3CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_7CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_12CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_19CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_39CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_79CYCLES\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_160CYCLES\_5

## Notes

- Unit: ADC clock cycles.
- On this STM32 serie, sampling time scope is on ADC instance: Sampling time common to all channels. (on some other STM32 families, sampling time is channel wise)
- Conversion time is the addition of sampling time and processing time. Refer to reference manual for ADC processing time of this STM32 serie.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMPR SMP LL\_ADC\_GetSamplingTimeCommonChannels

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerSource

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerSource (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t TriggerSource)**



## Function description

Set ADC group regular conversion trigger source: internal (SW start) or from external peripheral (timer event, external interrupt line).

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **TriggerSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM6\_TRGO
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_CH2
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_TRGO
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_CH4
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM22\_TRGO
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_CH3 (\*)
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_TRGO
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_EXTI\_LINE11
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting trigger source to external trigger also set trigger polarity to rising edge (default setting for compatibility with some ADC on other STM32 families having this setting set by HW default value). In case of need to modify trigger edge, use function LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerEdge().
- Availability of parameters of trigger sources from timer depends on timers availability on the selected device.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 EXTSEL LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerSource
- CFGR1 EXTEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerSource

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerSource

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerSource (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion trigger source: internal (SW start) or from external peripheral (timer event, external interrupt line).

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM6\_TRGO
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_CH2
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_TRGO
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_CH4
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM22\_TRGO
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_CH3 (\*)
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_TRGO
    - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_EXTI\_LINE11
- (\*) value not defined in all devices

## Notes

- To determine whether group regular trigger source is internal (SW start) or external, without detail of which peripheral is selected as external trigger, (equivalent to "if(LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerSource(ADC1) == LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE)") use function LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsTriggerSourceSWStart.
- Availability of parameters of trigger sources from timer depends on timers availability on the selected device.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 EXTSEL LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerSource
- CFGR1 EXTEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerSource

### LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsTriggerSourceSWStart

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_IsTriggerSourceSWStart (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion trigger source internal (SW start) or external.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Value:** "0" if trigger source external trigger Value "1" if trigger source SW start.

## Notes

- In case of group regular trigger source set to external trigger, to determine which peripheral is selected as external trigger, use function LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerSource().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 EXTEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsTriggerSourceSWStart

### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerEdge

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetTriggerEdge (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t ExternalTriggerEdge)
```

## Function description

Set ADC group regular conversion trigger polarity.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **ExternalTriggerEdge:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_RISING
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_FALLING
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_RISINGFALLING

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Applicable only for trigger source set to external trigger.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 EXTEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetTriggerEdge

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerEdge

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_GetTriggerEdge (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion trigger polarity.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_RISING
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_FALLING
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_RISINGFALLING

## Notes

- Applicable only for trigger source set to external trigger.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 EXTEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetTriggerEdge

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerScanDirection

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerScanDirection (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t ScanDirection)
```

## Function description

Set ADC group regular sequencer scan direction.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **ScanDirection:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_SCAN\_DIR\_FORWARD
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_SCAN\_DIR\_BACKWARD

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- On some other STM32 families, this setting is not available and the default scan direction is forward.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 SCANDIR LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerScanDirection

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerScanDirection

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerScanDirection (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular sequencer scan direction.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_SCAN\_DIR\_FORWARD
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_SCAN\_DIR\_BACKWARD

## Notes

- On some other STM32 families, this setting is not available and the default scan direction is forward.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 SCANDIR LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerScanDirection

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerDiscont

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerDiscont (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t SeqDiscont)
```

## Function description

Set ADC group regular sequencer discontinuous mode: sequence subdivided and scan conversions interrupted every selected number of ranks.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **SeqDiscont:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_DISCONT\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_DISCONT\_1RANK

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- It is not possible to enable both ADC group regular continuous mode and sequencer discontinuous mode.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 DISCEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerDiscont
- 

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerDiscont

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerDiscont (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

#### Function description

Get ADC group regular sequencer discontinuous mode: sequence subdivided and scan conversions interrupted every selected number of ranks.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_DISCONT\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_DISCONT\_1RANK

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 DISCEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerDiscont
- 

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t Channel)**

#### Function description

Set ADC group regular sequence: channel on rank corresponding to channel number.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

(1) On STM32L0, parameter not available on all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function performs: Channels ordering into each rank of scan sequence: rank of each channel is fixed by channel HW number (channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...).Set channels selected by overwriting the current sequencer configuration.
- On this STM32 serie, ADC group regular sequencer is not fully configurable: sequencer length and each rank affectation to a channel are fixed by channel HW number.
- Depending on devices and packages, some channels may not be available. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- On this STM32 serie, to measure internal channels (VrefInt, TempSensor, ...), measurement paths to internal channels must be enabled separately. This can be done using function LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh().
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.
- One or several values can be selected. Example: (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4 | LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12 | ...)

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CHSELR CHSEL0 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL1 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL2 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL3 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL4 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL5 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL6 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL7 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL8 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL9 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL10 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL11 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL12 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL13 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL14 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL15 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL16 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL17 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL18 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd**
**Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t Channel)
```

**Function description**

Add channel to ADC group regular sequence: channel on rank corresponding to channel number.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

(1) On STM32L0, parameter not available on all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function performs: Channels ordering into each rank of scan sequence: rank of each channel is fixed by channel HW number (channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...).Set channels selected by adding them to the current sequencer configuration.
- On this STM32 serie, ADC group regular sequencer is not fully configurable: sequencer length and each rank affectation to a channel are fixed by channel HW number.
- Depending on devices and packages, some channels may not be available. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- On this STM32 serie, to measure internal channels (VrefInt, TempSensor, ...), measurement paths to internal channels must be enabled separately. This can be done using function LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh().
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.
- One or several values can be selected. Example: (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4 | LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12 | ...)



**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CHSELR CHSEL0 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL1 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL2 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL3 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL4 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL5 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL6 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL7 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL8 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL9 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL10 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL11 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL12 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL13 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL14 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL15 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL16 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL17 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd
- CHSELR CHSEL18 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChAdd

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem**
**Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t Channel)
```

**Function description**

Remove channel to ADC group regular sequence: channel on rank corresponding to channel number.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

(1) On STM32L0, parameter not available on all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function performs: Channels ordering into each rank of scan sequence: rank of each channel is fixed by channel HW number (channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...).Set channels selected by removing them to the current sequencer configuration.
- On this STM32 serie, ADC group regular sequencer is not fully configurable: sequencer length and each rank affectation to a channel are fixed by channel HW number.
- Depending on devices and packages, some channels may not be available. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- On this STM32 serie, to measure internal channels (VrefInt, TempSensor, ...), measurement paths to internal channels must be enabled separately. This can be done using function LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh().
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.
- One or several values can be selected. Example: (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4 | LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12 | ...)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CHSELR CHSEL0 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL1 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL2 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL3 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL4 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL5 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL6 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL7 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL8 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL9 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL10 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL11 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL12 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL13 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL14 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL15 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL16 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL17 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem
- CHSELR CHSEL18 LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChRem

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

##### Function description

Get ADC group regular sequence: channel on rank corresponding to channel number.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be a combination of the following values:

- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

(1) On STM32L0, parameter not available on all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.

## Notes

- This function performs: Channels order reading into each rank of scan sequence: rank of each channel is fixed by channel HW number (channel 0 fixed on rank 0, channel 1 fixed on rank1, ...).
- On this STM32 serie, ADC group regular sequencer is not fully configurable: sequencer length and each rank affectation to a channel are fixed by channel HW number.
- Depending on devices and packages, some channels may not be available. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- On this STM32 serie, to measure internal channels (VrefInt, TempSensor, ...), measurement paths to internal channels must be enabled separately. This can be done using function LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh().
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.
- One or several values can be retrieved. Example: (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4 | LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12 | ...)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CHSELR CHSEL0 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL1 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL2 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL3 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL4 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL5 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL6 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL7 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL8 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL9 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL10 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL11 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL12 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL13 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL14 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL15 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL16 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL17 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels
- CHSELR CHSEL18 LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetSequencerChannels

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetContinuousMode

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetContinuousMode (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t Continuous)**

##### Function description

Set ADC continuous conversion mode on ADC group regular.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Continuous:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_CONV\_SINGLE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_CONV\_CONTINUOUS

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- Description of ADC continuous conversion mode: single mode: one conversion per triggercontinuous mode: after the first trigger, following conversions launched successively automatically.
- It is not possible to enable both ADC group regular continuous mode and sequencer discontinuous mode.
- On this STM32 series, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 CONT LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetContinuousMode

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetContinuousMode

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetContinuousMode (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

## Function description

Get ADC continuous conversion mode on ADC group regular.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_CONV\_SINGLE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_CONV\_CONTINUOUS

## Notes

- Description of ADC continuous conversion mode: single mode: one conversion per triggercontinuous mode: after the first trigger, following conversions launched successively automatically.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 CONT LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetContinuousMode

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetDMATransfer

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetDMATransfer (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t DMATransfer)
```

## Function description

Set ADC group regular conversion data transfer: no transfer or transfer by DMA, and DMA requests mode.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **DMATransfer:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_LIMITED
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_UNLIMITED

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If transfer by DMA selected, specifies the DMA requests mode: Limited mode (One shot mode): DMA transfer requests are stopped when number of DMA data transfers (number of ADC conversions) is reached. This ADC mode is intended to be used with DMA mode non-circular.Unlimited mode: DMA transfer requests are unlimited, whatever number of DMA data transfers (number of ADC conversions). This ADC mode is intended to be used with DMA mode circular.
- If ADC DMA requests mode is set to unlimited and DMA is set to mode non-circular: when DMA transfers size will be reached, DMA will stop transfers of ADC conversions data ADC will raise an overrun error (overrun flag and interruption if enabled).
- To configure DMA source address (peripheral address), use function LL\_ADC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr().
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 DMAEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetDMATransfer
- CFGR1 DMACFG LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetDMATransfer

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetDMATransfer

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_GetDMATransfer (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion data transfer: no transfer or transfer by DMA, and DMA requests mode.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_LIMITED
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_UNLIMITED

## Notes

- If transfer by DMA selected, specifies the DMA requests mode: Limited mode (One shot mode): DMA transfer requests are stopped when number of DMA data transfers (number of ADC conversions) is reached. This ADC mode is intended to be used with DMA mode non-circular. Unlimited mode: DMA transfer requests are unlimited, whatever number of DMA data transfers (number of ADC conversions). This ADC mode is intended to be used with DMA mode circular.
- If ADC DMA requests mode is set to unlimited and DMA is set to mode non-circular: when DMA transfers size will be reached, DMA will stop transfers of ADC conversions data ADC will raise an overrun error (overrun flag and interruption if enabled).
- To configure DMA source address (peripheral address), use function LL\_ADC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 DMAEN LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetDMATransfer
- CFGR1 DMACFG LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetDMATransfer

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetOverrun

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_SetOverrun (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t Overrun)
```

## Function description

Set ADC group regular behavior in case of overrun: data preserved or overwritten.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Overrun:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_OVR\_DATA\_PRESERVED
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_OVR\_DATA\_OVERWRITTEN

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Compatibility with devices without feature overrun: other devices without this feature have a behavior equivalent to data overwritten. The default setting of overrun is data preserved. Therefore, for compatibility with all devices, parameter overrun should be set to data overwritten.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 OVRMOD LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetOverrun

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetOverrun

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_GetOverrun (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get ADC group regular behavior in case of overrun: data preserved or overwritten.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_OVR\_DATA\_PRESERVED
  - LL\_ADC\_REG\_OVR\_DATA\_OVERWRITTEN

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 OVRMOD LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetOverrun

## LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t  
AWDChannelGroup)
```

### Function description

Set ADC analog watchdog monitored channels: a single channel or all channels, on ADC group regular.



## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **AWDChannelGroup:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_ALL\_CHANNELS\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_0\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_1\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_2\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_3\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_4\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_5\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_6\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_7\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_8\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_9\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_10\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_11\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_12\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_13\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_14\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_15\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_16\_REG (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_17\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_18\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_VREFINT\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_TEMPSENSOR\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_VLCD\_REG (1)

(1) On STM32L0, parameter not available on all devices: only on STM32L053xx, STM32L063xx, STM32L073xx, STM32L083xx.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Once monitored channels are selected, analog watchdog is enabled.
- In case of need to define a single channel to monitor with analog watchdog from sequencer channel definition, use helper macro `__LL_ADC_ANALOGWD_CHANNEL_GROUP()`.
- On this STM32 serie, there is only 1 kind of analog watchdog instance: AWD standard (instance AWD1): channels monitored: can monitor 1 channel or all channels.groups monitored: ADC group regular.resolution: resolution is not limited (corresponds to ADC resolution configured).
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 AWDCH LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels
- CFGR1 AWDSDL LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels
- CFGR1 AWDEN LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels

## LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)`

## Function description

Get ADC analog watchdog monitored channel.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_ALL\_CHANNELS\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_0\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_1\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_2\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_3\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_4\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_5\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_6\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_7\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_8\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_9\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_10\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_11\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_12\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_13\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_14\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_15\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_16\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_17\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_18\_REG

## Notes

- Usage of the returned channel number: To reinject this channel into another function LL\_ADC\_xxx: the returned channel number is only partly formatted on definition of literals LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_x. Therefore, it has to be compared with parts of literals LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_x or using helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TO\_DECIMAL\_NB(). Then the selected literal LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_x can be used as parameter for another function. To get the channel number in decimal format: process the returned value with the helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TO\_DECIMAL\_NB(). Applicable only when the analog watchdog is set to monitor one channel.
- On this STM32 serie, there is only 1 kind of analog watchdog instance: AWD standard (instance AWD1): channels monitored: can monitor 1 channel or all channels.groups monitored: ADC group regular.resolution: resolution is not limited (corresponds to ADC resolution configured).
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR1 AWDCH LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels
- CFGR1 AWDSGL LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels
- CFGR1 AWDEN LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels

## LL\_ADC\_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t AWDThresholdHighValue, uint32_t AWDThresholdLowValue)
```

## Function description

Set ADC analog watchdog thresholds value of both thresholds high and low.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **AWDThresholdHighValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF
- **AWDThresholdLowValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If value of only one threshold high or low must be set, use function LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDThresholds().
- In case of ADC resolution different of 12 bits, analog watchdog thresholds data require a specific shift. Use helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_SET\_THRESHOLD\_RESOLUTION().
- On this STM32 serie, there is only 1 kind of analog watchdog instance: AWD standard (instance AWD1): channels monitored: can monitor 1 channel or all channels.groups monitored: ADC group regular.resolution: resolution is not limited (corresponds to ADC resolution configured).
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR HT LL\_ADC\_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds
- TR LT LL\_ADC\_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds

## LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDThresholds

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDThresholds (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t AWDThresholdsHighLow, uint32_t AWDThresholdValue)
```

## Function description

Set ADC analog watchdog threshold value of threshold high or low.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **AWDThresholdsHighLow:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_HIGH
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_LOW
- **AWDThresholdValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If values of both thresholds high or low must be set, use function LL\_ADC\_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds().
- In case of ADC resolution different of 12 bits, analog watchdog thresholds data require a specific shift. Use helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_SET\_THRESHOLD\_RESOLUTION().
- On this STM32 serie, there is only 1 kind of analog watchdog instance: AWD standard (instance AWD1): channels monitored: can monitor 1 channel or all channels.groups monitored: ADC group regular.resolution: resolution is not limited (corresponds to ADC resolution configured).
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR HT LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDThresholds
- TR LT LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDThresholds

#### LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDThresholds

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDThresholds (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t AWDThresholdsHighLow)**

##### Function description

Get ADC analog watchdog threshold value of threshold high, threshold low or raw data with ADC thresholds high and low concatenated.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **AWDThresholdsHighLow:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_HIGH
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_LOW
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLDS\_HIGH\_LOW

##### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFF

##### Notes

- If raw data with ADC thresholds high and low is retrieved, the data of each threshold high or low can be isolated using helper macro: `__LL_ADC_ANALOGWD_THRESHOLDS_HIGH_LOW()`.
- In case of ADC resolution different of 12 bits, analog watchdog thresholds data require a specific shift. Use helper macro `__LL_ADC_ANALOGWD_GET_THRESHOLD_RESOLUTION()`.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR HT LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDThresholds
- TR LT LL\_ADC\_GetAnalogWDThresholds

#### LL\_ADC\_SetOverSamplingScope

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_SetOverSamplingScope (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, uint32\_t OvsScope)**

##### Function description

Set ADC oversampling scope.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **OvsScope:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_GRP\_REGULAR\_CONTINUED

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR2 OVSE LL\\_ADC\\_SetOverSamplingScope](#)

#### LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingScope

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetOverSamplingScope (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ADC oversampling scope.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_GRP\_REGULAR\_CONTINUED

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR2 OVSE LL\\_ADC\\_GetOverSamplingScope](#)

#### LL\_ADC\_SetOverSamplingDiscont

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_SetOverSamplingDiscont (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t OverSamplingDiscont)
```

#### Function description

Set ADC oversampling discontinuous mode (triggered mode) on the selected ADC group.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **OverSamplingDiscont:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_REG\_CONT
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_REG\_DISCONT

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Number of oversampled conversions are done either in: continuous mode (all conversions of oversampling ratio are done from 1 trigger) discontinuous mode (each conversion of oversampling ratio needs a trigger)
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR2 TOVS LL\\_ADC\\_SetOverSamplingDiscont](#)

#### LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingDiscont

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_GetOverSamplingDiscont (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ADC oversampling discontinuous mode (triggered mode) on the selected ADC group.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_REG\_CONT
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_REG\_DISCONT

## Notes

- Number of oversampled conversions are done either in: continuous mode (all conversions of oversampling ratio are done from 1 trigger) discontinuous mode (each conversion of oversampling ratio needs a trigger)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR2 TOVS LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingDiscont

## LL\_ADC\_ConfigOverSamplingRatioShift

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ConfigOverSamplingRatioShift (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, uint32_t Ratio, uint32_t Shift)
```

## Function description

Set ADC oversampling.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **Ratio:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_16
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_32
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_64
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_128
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_256
- **Shift:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_8

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function set the 2 items of oversampling configuration: ratioshift
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be disabled or enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR2 OVSS LL\_ADC\_ConfigOverSamplingRatioShift
- CFGR2 OVSRR LL\_ADC\_ConfigOverSamplingRatioShift

#### LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingRatio

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingRatio (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

##### Function description

Get ADC oversampling ratio.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

##### Return values

- **Ratio:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_16
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_32
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_64
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_128
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_256

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR2 OVSRR LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingRatio

#### LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingShift

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingShift (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

##### Function description

Get ADC oversampling shift.

##### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

##### Return values

- **Shift:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_NONE
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_8

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR2 OVSS LL\_ADC\_GetOverSamplingShift

## LL\_ADC\_EnableInternalRegulator

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_EnableInternalRegulator (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Enable ADC instance internal voltage regulator.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, there are three possibilities to enable the voltage regulator: by enabling it manually using function LL\_ADC\_EnableInternalRegulator().by launching a calibration using function LL\_ADC\_StartCalibration().by enabling the ADC using function LL\_ADC\_Enable().
- On this STM32 serie, after ADC internal voltage regulator enable, a delay for ADC internal voltage regulator stabilization is required before performing a ADC calibration or ADC enable. Refer to device datasheet, parameter "tUP\_LDO". Refer to literal LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_INTERNAL\_REGUL\_STAB\_US.
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be ADC disabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADVREGEN LL\_ADC\_EnableInternalRegulator

## LL\_ADC\_DisableInternalRegulator

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_DisableInternalRegulator (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Disable ADC internal voltage regulator.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be ADC disabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADVREGEN LL\_ADC\_DisableInternalRegulator

## LL\_ADC\_IsInternalRegulatorEnabled

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsInternalRegulatorEnabled (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get the selected ADC instance internal voltage regulator state.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance



#### Return values

- **0:** internal regulator is disabled, **1:** internal regulator is enabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADVREGEN LL\_ADC\_IsInternalRegulatorEnabled

#### LL\_ADC\_Enable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_Enable (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Enable the selected ADC instance.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, after ADC enable, a delay for ADC internal analog stabilization is required before performing a ADC conversion start. Refer to device datasheet, parameter tSTAB.
- On this STM32 serie, flag LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_ADRDY is raised when the ADC is enabled and when conversion clock is active. (not only core clock: this ADC has a dual clock domain)
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be ADC disabled and ADC internal voltage regulator enabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADEN LL\_ADC\_Enable

#### LL\_ADC\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_Disable (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable the selected ADC instance.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be not disabled. Must be enabled without conversion on going on group regular.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADDIS LL\_ADC\_Disable

#### LL\_ADC\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsEnabled (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get the selected ADC instance enable state.

## Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- **0**: ADC is disabled, 1: ADC is enabled.

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, flag LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_ADRDY is raised when the ADC is enabled and when conversion clock is active. (not only core clock: this ADC has a dual clock domain)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADEN LL\_ADC\_IsEnabled

## LL\_ADC\_IsDisableOngoing

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_IsDisableOngoing (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

## Function description

Get the selected ADC instance disable state.

## Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- **0**: no ADC disable command on going.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADDIS LL\_ADC\_IsDisableOngoing

## LL\_ADC\_StartCalibration

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_StartCalibration (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

## Function description

Start ADC calibration in the mode single-ended or differential (for devices with differential mode available).

## Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, a minimum number of ADC clock cycles are required between ADC end of calibration and ADC enable. Refer to literal LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_CALIB\_ENABLE\_ADC\_CYCLES.
- In case of usage of ADC with DMA transfer: On this STM32 serie, ADC DMA transfer request should be disabled during calibration: Calibration factor is available in data register and also transferred by DMA. To not insert ADC calibration factor among ADC conversion data in array variable, DMA transfer must be disabled during calibration. (DMA transfer setting backup and disable before calibration, DMA transfer setting restore after calibration. Refer to functions LL\_ADC\_REG\_GetDMATransfer(), LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetDMATransfer() ).
- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be ADC disabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADCAL LL\_ADC\_StartCalibration

#### LL\_ADC\_IsCalibrationOnGoing

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsCalibrationOnGoing (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ADC calibration state.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **0**: calibration complete, **1**: calibration in progress.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADCAL LL\_ADC\_IsCalibrationOnGoing

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_StartConversion

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_StartConversion (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Start ADC group regular conversion.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- On this STM32 series, this function is relevant for both internal trigger (SW start) and external trigger: If ADC trigger has been set to software start, ADC conversion starts immediately. If ADC trigger has been set to external trigger, ADC conversion will start at next trigger event (on the selected trigger edge) following the ADC start conversion command.
- On this STM32 series, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be enabled without conversion on going on group regular, without conversion stop command on going on group regular, without ADC disable command on going.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADSTART LL\_ADC\_REG\_StartConversion

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_StopConversion

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_REG_StopConversion (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Stop ADC group regular conversion.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, setting of this feature is conditioned to ADC state: ADC must be enabled with conversion on going on group regular, without ADC disable command on going.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADSTP LL\_ADC\_REG\_StopConversion

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsConversionOngoing

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_IsConversionOngoing (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion state.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **0:** no conversion is on going on ADC group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADSTART LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsConversionOngoing

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsStopConversionOngoing

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_IsStopConversionOngoing (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular command of conversion stop state.

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **0:** no command of conversion stop is on going on ADC group regular.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADSTP LL\_ADC\_REG\_IsStopConversionOngoing

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData32

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData32 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion data, range fit for all ADC configurations: all ADC resolutions and all oversampling increased data width (for devices with feature oversampling).

## Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00000000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFFFFFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DATA LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData32

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData12

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData12 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion data, range fit for ADC resolution 12 bits.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Notes

- For devices with feature oversampling: Oversampling can increase data width, function for extended range may be needed: LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData32.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DATA LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData12

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData10

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData10 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion data, range fit for ADC resolution 10 bits.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0x3FF

#### Notes

- For devices with feature oversampling: Oversampling can increase data width, function for extended range may be needed: LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData32.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DATA LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData10

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData8 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion data, range fit for ADC resolution 8 bits.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Notes

- For devices with feature oversampling: Oversampling can increase data width, function for extended range may be needed: LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData32.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DATA LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData8

### LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData6

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData6 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get ADC group regular conversion data, range fit for ADC resolution 6 bits.

## Parameters

- ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- Value**: between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x3F

## Notes

- For devices with feature oversampling: Oversampling can increase data width, function for extended range may be needed: LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData32.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DATA LL\_ADC\_REG\_ReadConversionData6

### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_ADRDY

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_ADRDY (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get flag ADC ready.

## Parameters

- ADCx**: ADC instance

## Return values

- State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- On this STM32 serie, flag LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_ADRDY is raised when the ADC is enabled and when conversion clock is active. (not only core clock: this ADC has a dual clock domain)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ADRDY LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_ADRDY

### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOC

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOC (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

## Function description

Get flag ADC group regular end of unitary conversion.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EOC LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOC

#### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOS (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get flag ADC group regular end of sequence conversions.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EOSEQ LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOS

#### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_OVR (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get flag ADC group regular overrun.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR OVR LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

#### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOSMP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOSMP (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get flag ADC group regular end of sampling phase.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EOSMP LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOSMP

#### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_AWD1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_AWD1 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get flag ADC analog watchdog 1 flag.

#### Parameters

- ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR AWD LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_AWD1

#### LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOCAL

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOCAL (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Get flag ADC end of calibration.

#### Parameters

- ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EOCAL LL\_ADC\_IsActiveFlag\_EOCAL

#### LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_ADRDY

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_ADRDY (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Clear flag ADC ready.

#### Parameters

- ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- None**:

#### Notes

- On this STM32 serie, flag LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_ADRDY is raised when the ADC is enabled and when conversion clock is active. (not only core clock: this ADC has a dual clock domain)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ADRDY LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_ADRDY



**LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOC****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOC (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

**Function description**

Clear flag ADC group regular end of unitary conversion.

**Parameters**

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ISR EOC LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOC

**LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOS****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOS (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

**Function description**

Clear flag ADC group regular end of sequence conversions.

**Parameters**

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ISR EOSEQ LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOS

**LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_OVR****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_OVR (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

**Function description**

Clear flag ADC group regular overrun.

**Parameters**

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ISR OVR LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_OVR

**LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOSMP****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOSMP (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Clear flag ADC group regular end of sampling phase.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EOSMP LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOSMP

**LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_AWD1**

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_AWD1 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Clear flag ADC analog watchdog 1.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR AWD LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_AWD1

**LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOCAL**

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOCAL (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Clear flag ADC end of calibration.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EOCAL LL\_ADC\_ClearFlag\_EOCAL

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_ADRDY**

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_EnableIT_ADRDY (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Enable ADC ready.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ADRDYIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_ADRDY

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOC**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOC (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

#### Function description

Enable interruption ADC group regular end of unitary conversion.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOCIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOC

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOS**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOS (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

#### Function description

Enable interruption ADC group regular end of sequence conversions.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOSEQIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOS

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_OVR**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_OVR (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

#### Function description

Enable ADC group regular interruption overrun.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER OVRIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_OVR

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOSMP****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_EnableIT_EOSMP (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

**Function description**

Enable interruption ADC group regular end of sampling.

**Parameters**

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- IER EOSMPIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOSMP

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_AWD1****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_EnableIT_AWD1 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

**Function description**

Enable interruption ADC analog watchdog 1.

**Parameters**

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- IER AWDIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_AWD1

**LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOCAL****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_EnableIT_EOCAL (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

**Function description**

Enable interruption ADC end of calibration.

**Parameters**

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- IER EOCALIE LL\_ADC\_EnableIT\_EOCAL

**LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_ADRDY****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_DisableIT_ADRDY (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Disable interruption ADC ready.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ADRDYIE LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_ADRDY

**LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOC**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOC (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Disable interruption ADC group regular end of unitary conversion.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOCIE LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOC

**LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOS**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOS (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Disable interruption ADC group regular end of sequence conversions.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOSEQIE LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOS

**LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_OVR**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_OVR (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Disable interruption ADC group regular overrun.

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER OVR1E LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_OVR

#### LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOSMP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_DisableIT_EOSMP (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable interruption ADC group regular end of sampling.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOSMP1E LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOSMP

#### LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_AWD1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_DisableIT_AWD1 (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable interruption ADC analog watchdog 1.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER AWD1E LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_AWD1

#### LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOCAL

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_ADC_DisableIT_EOCAL (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable interruption ADC end of calibration.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOCAL1E LL\_ADC\_DisableIT\_EOCAL

## LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_ADRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_ADRDY (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC ready (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ADRDYIE LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_ADRDY

## LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_EOC (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC group regular end of unitary conversion (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOCIE LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOC

## LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_EOS (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC group regular end of sequence conversions (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOSEQIE LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOS

## LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_OVR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_OVR (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx)
```

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC group regular overrun (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER OVR1E LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_OVR

**LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOSMP**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOSMP (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC group regular end of sampling (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOSMP1E LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOSMP

**LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_AWD1**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_AWD1 (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC analog watchdog 1 (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER AWD1E LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_AWD1

**LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOCAL**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOCAL (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)**

### Function description

Get state of interruption ADC end of calibration (0: interrupt disabled, 1: interrupt enabled).

### Parameters

- **ADCx**: ADC instance



## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EOCALIE LL\_ADC\_IsEnabledIT\_EOCAL

## LL\_ADC\_CommonDeInit

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_ADC\_CommonDeInit (ADC\_Common\_TypeDef \* ADCxy\_COMMON)**

## Function description

De-initialize registers of all ADC instances belonging to the same ADC common instance to their default reset values.

## Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ADC common registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## Notes

- This function is performing a hard reset, using high level clock source RCC ADC reset.

## LL\_ADC\_CommonInit

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_ADC\_CommonInit (ADC\_Common\_TypeDef \* ADCxy\_COMMON, LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef \* ADC\_CommonInitStruct)**

## Function description

Initialize some features of ADC common parameters (all ADC instances belonging to the same ADC common instance) and multimode (for devices with several ADC instances available).

## Parameters

- **ADCxy\_COMMON:** ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_ADC_COMMON_INSTANCE()` )
- **ADC\_CommonInitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef structure

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ADC common registers are initialized
  - ERROR: ADC common registers are not initialized

## Notes

- The setting of ADC common parameters is conditioned to ADC instances state: All ADC instances belonging to the same ADC common instance must be disabled.

## LL\_ADC\_CommonStructInit

## Function name

**void LL\_ADC\_CommonStructInit (LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef \* ADC\_CommonInitStruct)**

### Function description

Set each LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **ADC\_CommonInitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_ADC\_CommonInitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

LL\_ADC\_DeInit

### Function name

ErrorStatus LL\_ADC\_DeInit (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx)

### Function description

De-initialize registers of the selected ADC instance to their default reset values.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ADC registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: ADC registers are not de-initialized

### Notes

- To reset all ADC instances quickly (perform a hard reset), use function LL\_ADC\_CommonDeInit().
- If this functions returns error status, it means that ADC instance is in an unknown state. In this case, perform a hard reset using high level clock source RCC ADC reset. Refer to function LL\_ADC\_CommonDeInit().

LL\_ADC\_Init

### Function name

ErrorStatus LL\_ADC\_Init (ADC\_TypeDef \* ADCx, LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef \* ADC\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Initialize some features of ADC instance.

### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **ADC\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef structure

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ADC registers are initialized
  - ERROR: ADC registers are not initialized

## Notes

- These parameters have an impact on ADC scope: ADC instance. Refer to corresponding unitary functions into Configuration of ADC hierarchical scope: ADC instance .
- The setting of these parameters by function LL\_ADC\_Init() is conditioned to ADC state: ADC instance must be disabled. This condition is applied to all ADC features, for efficiency and compatibility over all STM32 families. However, the different features can be set under different ADC state conditions (setting possible with ADC enabled without conversion on going, ADC enabled with conversion on going, ...) Each feature can be updated afterwards with a unitary function and potentially with ADC in a different state than disabled, refer to description of each function for setting conditioned to ADC state.
- After using this function, some other features must be configured using LL unitary functions. The minimum configuration remaining to be done is: Set ADC group regular sequencer: map channel on rank corresponding to channel number. Refer to function LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels();Set ADC channel sampling time Refer to function LL\_ADC\_SetChannelSamplingTime();

### LL\_ADC\_StructInit

#### Function name

```
void LL_ADC_StructInit (LL_ADC_InitTypeDef * ADC_InitStruct)
```

#### Function description

Set each LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

#### Parameters

- **ADC\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_ADC\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

#### Return values

- **None:**

### LL\_ADC\_REG\_Init

#### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_ADC_REG_Init (ADC_TypeDef * ADCx, LL_ADC_REG_InitTypeDef * ADC_REG_InitStruct)
```

#### Function description

Initialize some features of ADC group regular.

#### Parameters

- **ADCx:** ADC instance
- **ADC\_REG\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef structure

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ADC registers are initialized
  - ERROR: ADC registers are not initialized

## Notes

- These parameters have an impact on ADC scope: ADC group regular. Refer to corresponding unitary functions into Configuration of ADC hierarchical scope: group regular (functions with prefix "REG").
- The setting of these parameters by function LL\_ADC\_Init() is conditioned to ADC state: ADC instance must be disabled. This condition is applied to all ADC features, for efficiency and compatibility over all STM32 families. However, the different features can be set under different ADC state conditions (setting possible with ADC enabled without conversion on going, ADC enabled with conversion on going, ...) Each feature can be updated afterwards with a unitary function and potentially with ADC in a different state than disabled, refer to description of each function for setting conditioned to ADC state.
- After using this function, other features must be configured using LL unitary functions. The minimum configuration remaining to be done is: Set ADC group regular sequencer: map channel on rank corresponding to channel number. Refer to function LL\_ADC\_REG\_SetSequencerChannels();Set ADC channel sampling time Refer to function LL\_ADC\_SetChannelSamplingTime();

## LL\_ADC\_REG\_StructInit

### Function name

**void LL\_ADC\_REG\_StructInit (LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef \* ADC\_REG\_InitStruct)**

### Function description

Set each LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **ADC\_REG\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_ADC\_REG\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

## 56.3 ADC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 56.3.1 ADC

ADC

*Analog watchdog - Monitored channels*

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_DISABLE

ADC analog watchdog monitoring disabled

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_ALL\_CHANNELS\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of all channels, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_0\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN0, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_1\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN1, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_2\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN2, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_3\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN3, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_4\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN4, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_5\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN5, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_6\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN6, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_7\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN7, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_8\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN8, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_9\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN9, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_10\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN10, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_11\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN11, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_12\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN12, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_13\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN13, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_14\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN14, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_15\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN15, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_17\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN17, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_18\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN18, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_VREFINT\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC internal channel connected to VrefInt: Internal voltage reference, converted by group regular only

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_TEMPSENSOR\_REG

ADC analog watchdog monitoring of ADC internal channel connected to Temperature sensor, converted by group regular only

### **Analog watchdog - Analog watchdog number**

#### LL\_ADC\_AWD1

ADC analog watchdog number 1

### **Analog watchdog - Thresholds**

**LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_HIGH**

ADC analog watchdog threshold high

**LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_LOW**

ADC analog watchdog threshold low

**LL\_ADC\_AWD\_THRESHOLDS\_HIGH\_LOW**

ADC analog watchdog both thresholds high and low concatenated into the same data

***ADC instance - Channel number*****LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN0

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN1

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN2

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN3

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN4

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN5

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN6

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN7

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN8

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN9

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN10

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN11

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN12

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN13

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN14

**LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15**

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN15

#### LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN17

#### LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18

ADC external channel (channel connected to GPIO pin) ADCx\_IN18

#### LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT

ADC internal channel connected to VrefInt: Internal voltage reference.

#### LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR

ADC internal channel connected to Temperature sensor.

### **Channel - Sampling time**

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_1CYCLE\_5

Sampling time 1.5 ADC clock cycle

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_3CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 3.5 ADC clock cycles

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_7CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 7.5 ADC clock cycles

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_12CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 12.5 ADC clock cycles

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_19CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 19.5 ADC clock cycles

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_39CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 39.5 ADC clock cycles

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_79CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 79.5 ADC clock cycles

#### LL\_ADC\_SAMPLINGTIME\_160CYCLES\_5

Sampling time 160.5 ADC clock cycles

### **ADC instance - Clock source**

#### LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV4

ADC synchronous clock derived from AHB clock divided by 4

#### LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV2

ADC synchronous clock derived from AHB clock divided by 2

#### LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_SYNC\_PCLK\_DIV1

ADC synchronous clock derived from AHB clock not divided

#### LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC

ADC asynchronous clock. Asynchronous clock prescaler can be configured using function

### **ADC common - Clock frequency mode**

#### LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_FREQ\_MODE\_HIGH

ADC clock mode to high frequency. On STM32L0, ADC clock frequency above 2.8MHz.

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_FREQ\_MODE\_LOW**

ADC clock mode to low frequency. On STM32L0, ADC clock frequency below 2.8MHz.

**ADC common - Clock source****LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV1**

ADC asynchronous clock without prescaler

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV2**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 2. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV4**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 4. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV6**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 6. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV8**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 8. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV10**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 10. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV12**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 12. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV16**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 16. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV32**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 32. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV64**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 64. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)

**LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV128**

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 128. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function)



## LL\_ADC\_CLOCK\_ASYNC\_DIV256

ADC asynchronous clock with prescaler division by 256. ADC common clock asynchronous prescaler is applied to each ADC instance if the corresponding ADC instance clock is set to clock source asynchronous (refer to function

### **ADC common - Measurement path to internal channels**

## LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_NONE

ADC measurement pathes all disabled

## LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VREFINT

ADC measurement path to internal channel VrefInt

## LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_TEMPSENSOR

ADC measurement path to internal channel temperature sensor

### **ADC instance - Data alignment**

## LL\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN\_RIGHT

ADC conversion data alignment: right aligned (alignment on data register LSB bit 0)

## LL\_ADC\_DATA\_ALIGN\_LEFT

ADC conversion data alignment: left aligned (alignment on data register MSB bit 15)

### **ADC flags**

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_ADRDY

ADC flag ADC instance ready

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_EOC

ADC flag ADC group regular end of unitary conversion

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_EOS

ADC flag ADC group regular end of sequence conversions

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_OVR

ADC flag ADC group regular overrun

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_EOSMP

ADC flag ADC group regular end of sampling phase

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_AWD1

ADC flag ADC analog watchdog 1

## LL\_ADC\_FLAG\_EOCAL

ADC flag end of calibration

### **ADC instance - Groups**

## LL\_ADC\_GROUP\_REGULAR

ADC group regular (available on all STM32 devices)

### **Definitions of ADC hardware constraints delays**

## LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_INTERNAL\_REGUL\_STAB\_US

Delay for ADC stabilization time (ADC voltage regulator start-up time)

## LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_VREFINT\_STAB\_US

Delay for internal voltage reference stabilization time

## LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_TEMPSENSOR\_STAB\_US

Delay for temperature sensor stabilization time

## LL\_ADC\_DELAY\_CALIB\_ENABLE\_ADC\_CYCLES

Delay required between ADC end of calibration and ADC enable

### **ADC interruptions for configuration (interruption enable or disable)**

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_ADRDY

ADC interruption ADC instance ready

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_EOC

ADC interruption ADC group regular end of unitary conversion

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_EOS

ADC interruption ADC group regular end of sequence conversions

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_OVR

ADC interruption ADC group regular overrun

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_EOSMP

ADC interruption ADC group regular end of sampling phase

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_AWD1

ADC interruption ADC analog watchdog 1

## LL\_ADC\_IT\_EOCAL

ADC interruption ADC end of calibration

### **ADC instance - Low power mode**

## LL\_ADC\_LP\_MODE\_NONE

No ADC low power mode activated

## LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOWAIT

ADC low power mode auto delay: Dynamic low power mode, ADC conversions are performed only when necessary (when previous ADC conversion data is read). See description with function

## LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOPOWEROFF

ADC low power mode auto power-off: the ADC automatically powers-off after a ADC conversion and automatically wakes up when a new ADC conversion is triggered (with startup time between trigger and start of sampling). See description with function

## LL\_ADC\_LP\_AUTOWAIT\_AUTOPOWEROFF

ADC low power modes auto wait and auto power-off combined. See description with function

### **Oversampling - Discontinuous mode**

## LL\_ADC\_OVS\_REG\_CONT

ADC oversampling discontinuous mode: continuous mode (all conversions of oversampling ratio are done from 1 trigger)

## LL\_ADC\_OVS\_REG\_DISCONT

ADC oversampling discontinuous mode: discontinuous mode (each conversion of oversampling ratio needs a trigger)

### ***Oversampling - Ratio***

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_2**

ADC oversampling ratio of 2 (2 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_4**

ADC oversampling ratio of 4 (4 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_8**

ADC oversampling ratio of 8 (8 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_16**

ADC oversampling ratio of 16 (16 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_32**

ADC oversampling ratio of 32 (32 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_64**

ADC oversampling ratio of 64 (64 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_128**

ADC oversampling ratio of 128 (128 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_RATIO\_256**

ADC oversampling ratio of 256 (256 ADC conversions are performed, sum of these conversions data is computed to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data (before potential shift))

### ***Oversampling - Oversampling scope***

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_DISABLE**

ADC oversampling disabled.

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_GRP\_REGULAR\_CONTINUED**

ADC oversampling on conversions of ADC group regular. Literal suffix "continued" is kept for compatibility with other STM32 devices featuring ADC group injected, in this case other oversampling scope parameters are available.

### ***Oversampling - Data shift***

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_NONE**

ADC oversampling no shift (sum of the ADC conversions data is not divided to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_1**

ADC oversampling shift of 1 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 2 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### **LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_2**

ADC oversampling shift of 2 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 4 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_3

ADC oversampling shift of 3 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 8 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_4

ADC oversampling shift of 4 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 16 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_5

ADC oversampling shift of 5 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 32 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_6

ADC oversampling shift of 6 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 64 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_7

ADC oversampling shift of 7 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 128 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### LL\_ADC\_OVS\_SHIFT\_RIGHT\_8

ADC oversampling shift of 8 (sum of the ADC conversions data is divided by 256 to result as the ADC oversampling conversion data)

#### ***ADC registers compliant with specific purpose***

#### LL\_ADC\_DMA\_REG\_REGULAR\_DATA

##### ***ADC group regular - Continuous mode***

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_CONV\_SINGLE

ADC conversions are performed in single mode: one conversion per trigger

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_CONV\_CONTINUOUS

ADC conversions are performed in continuous mode: after the first trigger, following conversions launched successively automatically

##### ***ADC group regular - DMA transfer of ADC conversion data***

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_NONE

ADC conversions are not transferred by DMA

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_LIMITED

ADC conversion data are transferred by DMA, in limited mode (one shot mode): DMA transfer requests are stopped when number of DMA data transfers (number of ADC conversions) is reached. This ADC mode is intended to be used with DMA mode non-circular.

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_DMA\_TRANSFER\_UNLIMITED

ADC conversion data are transferred by DMA, in unlimited mode: DMA transfer requests are unlimited, whatever number of DMA data transferred (number of ADC conversions). This ADC mode is intended to be used with DMA mode circular.

##### ***ADC group regular - Overrun behavior on conversion data***

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_OVR\_DATA\_PRESERVED

ADC group regular behavior in case of overrun: data preserved

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_OVR\_DATA\_OVERRITTEN

ADC group regular behavior in case of overrun: data overwritten

#### **ADC group regular - Sequencer discontinuous mode**

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_DISCONT\_DISABLE

ADC group regular sequencer discontinuous mode disable

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_DISCONT\_1RANK

ADC group regular sequencer discontinuous mode enable with sequence interruption every rank

#### **ADC group regular - Sequencer scan direction**

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_SCAN\_DIR\_FORWARD

ADC group regular sequencer scan direction forward: from lowest channel number to highest channel number (scan of all ranks, ADC conversion of ranks with channels enabled in sequencer). On some other STM32 families, this setting is not available and the default scan direction is forward.

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_SEQ\_SCAN\_DIR\_BACKWARD

ADC group regular sequencer scan direction backward: from highest channel number to lowest channel number (scan of all ranks, ADC conversion of ranks with channels enabled in sequencer)

#### **ADC group regular - Trigger edge**

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_RISING

ADC group regular conversion trigger polarity set to rising edge

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_FALLING

ADC group regular conversion trigger polarity set to falling edge

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_RISINGFALLING

ADC group regular conversion trigger polarity set to both rising and falling edges

#### **ADC group regular - Trigger source**

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE

ADC group regular conversion trigger internal: SW start.

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM6\_TRGO

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM6 TRGO. Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_CH2

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM21 channel 2 event (capture compare: input capture or output capture). Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_TRGO

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM2 TRGO. Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_CH4

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM2 channel 4 event (capture compare: input capture or output capture). Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

#### LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM22\_TRGO

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM22 TRGO. Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_TRGO**

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM3 TRGO. Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_EXTI\_LINE11**

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: external interrupt line 11. Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_CH3**

ADC group regular conversion trigger from external peripheral: TIM2 channel 4 event (capture compare: input capture or output capture). Trigger edge set to rising edge (default setting).

**LL\_ADC\_REG\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_TRGO*****ADC instance - Resolution*****LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B**

ADC resolution 12 bits

**LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B**

ADC resolution 10 bits

**LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B**

ADC resolution 8 bits

**LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B**

ADC resolution 6 bits

***ADC helper macro***

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TO\_DECIMAL\_NB

### Description:

- Helper macro to get ADC channel number in decimal format from literals LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_x.

### Parameters:

- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

### Return value:

- Value: between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=18

### Notes:

- Example: \_\_LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TO\_DECIMAL\_NB(LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4) will return decimal number "4". The input can be a value from functions where a channel number is returned, either defined with number or with bitfield (only one bit must be set).

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_DECIMAL\_NB\_TO\_CHANNEL

### Description:

- Helper macro to get ADC channel in literal format LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_x from number in decimal format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_DECIMAL\_NB\_\_: Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=18

### Return value:

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:

- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT (2)
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR (2)
- LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)(2)

### Notes:

- Example: \_\_LL\_ADC\_DECIMAL\_NB\_TO\_CHANNEL(4) will return a data equivalent to "LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4".



## \_\_LL\_ADC\_IS\_CHANNEL\_INTERNAL

### Description:

- Helper macro to determine whether the selected channel corresponds to literal definitions of driver.

### Parameters:

- `__CHANNEL__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_0`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_1`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_2`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_3`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_4`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_5`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_6`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_7`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_8`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_9`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_10`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_11`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_12`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_13`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_14`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_15`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_16` (1)
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_17`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_18`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_VREFINT`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_TEMPSENSOR`
  - `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_VLCD` (1)

### Return value:

- Value: "0" if the channel corresponds to a parameter definition of a ADC external channel (channel connected to a GPIO pin). Value "1" if the channel corresponds to a parameter definition of a ADC internal channel.

### Notes:

- The different literal definitions of ADC channels are: ADC internal channel: `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_VREFINT`, `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_TEMPSENSOR`, ... ADC external channel (channel connected to a GPIO pin): `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_1`, `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_2`, ... The channel parameter must be a value defined from literal definition of a ADC internal channel (`LL_ADC_CHANNEL_VREFINT`, `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_TEMPSENSOR`, ...), ADC external channel (`LL_ADC_CHANNEL_1`, `LL_ADC_CHANNEL_2`, ...), must not be a value from functions where a channel number is returned from ADC registers, because internal and external channels share the same channel number in ADC registers. The differentiation is made only with parameters definitions of driver.

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_INTERNAL\_TO\_EXTERNAL

### Description:

- Helper macro to convert a channel defined from parameter definition of a ADC internal channel (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT, LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR, ...), to its equivalent parameter definition of a ADC external channel (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1, LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2, ...).

### Parameters:

- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

### Return value:

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18

**Notes:**

- The channel parameter can be, additionally to a value defined from parameter definition of a ADC internal channel (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT, LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR, ...), a value defined from parameter definition of ADC external channel (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1, LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2, ...) or a value from functions where a channel number is returned from ADC registers.

## **\_\_LL\_ADC\_IS\_CHANNEL\_INTERNAL\_AVAILABLE**

**Description:**

- Helper macro to determine whether the internal channel selected is available on the ADC instance selected.

**Parameters:**

- `__ADC_INSTANCE__`: ADC instance
- `__CHANNEL__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)

**Return value:**

- Value: "0" if the internal channel selected is not available on the ADC instance selected. Value "1" if the internal channel selected is available on the ADC instance selected.

**Notes:**

- The channel parameter must be a value defined from parameter definition of a ADC internal channel (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT, LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR, ...), must not be a value defined from parameter definition of ADC external channel (LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1, LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2, ...) or a value from functions where a channel number is returned from ADC registers, because internal and external channels share the same channel number in ADC registers. The differentiation is made only with parameters definitions of driver.

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_CHANNEL\_GROUP

### Description:

- Helper macro to define ADC analog watchdog parameter: define a single channel to monitor with analog watchdog from sequencer channel and groups definition.

### Parameters:

- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_0
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_7
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_8
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_9
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_10
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_11
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_12
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_13
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_14
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_15
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_16 (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_17
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_18
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VREFINT (2)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_TEMPSENSOR (2)
  - LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL\_VLCD (1)(2)
- \_\_GROUP\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_GROUP\_REGULAR

**Return value:**

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_DISABLE
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_ALL\_CHANNELS\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_0\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_1\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_2\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_3\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_4\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_5\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_6\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_7\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_8\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_9\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_10\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_11\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_12\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_13\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_14\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_15\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_16\_REG (1)
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_17\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CHANNEL\_18\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_VREFINT\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_TEMPSENSOR\_REG
  - LL\_ADC\_AWD\_CH\_VLCD\_REG (1)

**Notes:**

- To be used with function LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels().  
Example: LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels( ADC1, LL\_ADC\_AWD1, \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_CHANNEL\_GROUP(LL\_ADC\_CHANNEL4, LL\_ADC\_GROUP\_REGULAR))

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_SET\_THRESHOLD\_RESOLUTION

**Description:**

- Helper macro to set the value of ADC analog watchdog threshold high or low in function of ADC resolution, when ADC resolution is different of 12 bits.

**Parameters:**

- \_\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B
- \_\_AWD\_THRESHOLD\_\_: Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

**Return value:**

- Value: between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

**Notes:**

- To be used with function LL\_ADC\_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds() or LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDThresholds().  
Example, with a ADC resolution of 8 bits, to set the value of analog watchdog threshold high (on 8 bits): LL\_ADC\_SetAnalogWDThresholds (< ADCx param >, \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_SET\_THRESHOLD\_RESOLUTION(LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B, <threshold\_value\_8\_bits>));

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_GET\_THRESHOLD\_RESOLUTION

### Description:

- Helper macro to get the value of ADC analog watchdog threshold high or low in function of ADC resolution, when ADC resolution is different of 12 bits.

### Parameters:

- `__ADC_RESOLUTION__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_12B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_10B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_8B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_6B`
- `__AWD_THRESHOLD_12_BITS__`: Value between `Min_Data=0x000` and `Max_Data=0xFFF`

### Return value:

- Value: between `Min_Data=0x000` and `Max_Data=0xFFF`

### Notes:

- To be used with function `LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDThresholds()`. Example, with a ADC resolution of 8 bits, to get the value of analog watchdog threshold high (on 8 bits): `< threshold_value_6_bits > = __LL_ADC_ANALOGWD_GET_THRESHOLD_RESOLUTION(LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_8B, LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDThresholds(<ADCx param>, LL_ADC_AWD_THRESHOLD_HIGH) );`

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_ANALOGWD\_THRESHOLDS\_HIGH\_LOW

### Description:

- Helper macro to get the ADC analog watchdog threshold high or low from raw value containing both thresholds concatenated.

### Parameters:

- `__AWD_THRESHOLD_TYPE__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_AWD_THRESHOLD_HIGH`
  - `LL_ADC_AWD_THRESHOLD_LOW`
- `__AWD_THRESHOLDS__`: Value between `Min_Data=0x00000000` and `Max_Data=0xFFFFFFFF`

### Return value:

- Value: between `Min_Data=0x000` and `Max_Data=0xFFF`

### Notes:

- To be used with function `LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDThresholds()`. Example, to get analog watchdog threshold high from the register raw value: `__LL_ADC_ANALOGWD_THRESHOLDS_HIGH_LOW(LL_ADC_AWD_THRESHOLD_HIGH, <raw_value_with_both_thresholds>);`

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_COMMON\_INSTANCE

### Description:

- Helper macro to select the ADC common instance to which is belonging the selected ADC instance.

### Parameters:

- `__ADCx__`: ADC instance

### Return value:

- ADC: common register instance

### Notes:

- ADC common register instance can be used for: Set parameters common to several ADC instances `Multimode` (for devices with several ADC instances) Refer to functions having argument "ADCx\_COMMON" as parameter.

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_IS\_ENABLED\_ALL\_COMMON\_INSTANCE

### Description:

- Helper macro to check if all ADC instances sharing the same ADC common instance are disabled.

### Parameters:

- `__ADCXY_COMMON__`: ADC common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro)

### Return value:

- Value: "0" if all ADC instances sharing the same ADC common instance are disabled. Value "1" if at least one ADC instance sharing the same ADC common instance is enabled.

### Notes:

- This check is required by functions with setting conditioned to ADC state: All ADC instances of the ADC common group must be disabled. Refer to functions having argument "ADCxy\_COMMON" as parameter. On devices with only 1 ADC common instance, parameter of this macro is useless and can be ignored (parameter kept for compatibility with devices featuring several ADC common instances).

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_DIGITAL\_SCALE

### Description:

- Helper macro to define the ADC conversion data full-scale digital value corresponding to the selected ADC resolution.

### Parameters:

- `__ADC_RESOLUTION__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_12B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_10B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_8B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_6B`

### Return value:

- ADC: conversion data equivalent voltage value (unit: mVolt)

### Notes:

- ADC conversion data full-scale corresponds to voltage range determined by analog voltage references Vref+ and Vref- (refer to reference manual).

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CONVERT\_DATA\_RESOLUTION

### Description:

- Helper macro to convert the ADC conversion data from a resolution to another resolution.

### Parameters:

- `__DATA__`: ADC conversion data to be converted
- `__ADC_RESOLUTION_CURRENT__`: Resolution of the data to be converted This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_12B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_10B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_8B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_6B`
- `__ADC_RESOLUTION_TARGET__`: Resolution of the data after conversion This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_12B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_10B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_8B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_6B`

### Return value:

- ADC: conversion data to the requested resolution

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_DATA\_TO\_VOLTAGE

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the voltage (unit: mVolt) corresponding to a ADC conversion data (unit: digital value).

### Parameters:

- \_\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE\_\_: Analog reference voltage (unit: mV)
- \_\_ADC\_DATA\_\_: ADC conversion data (resolution 12 bits) (unit: digital value).
- \_\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B

### Return value:

- ADC: conversion data equivalent voltage value (unit: mVolt)

### Notes:

- Analog reference voltage (Vref+) must be either known from user board environment or can be calculated using ADC measurement and ADC helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE().

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate analog reference voltage (Vref+) (unit: mVolt) from ADC conversion data of internal voltage reference VrefInt.

### Parameters:

- \_\_VREFINT\_ADC\_DATA\_\_: ADC conversion data (resolution 12 bits) of internal voltage reference VrefInt (unit: digital value).
- \_\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B

### Return value:

- Analog: reference voltage (unit: mV)

### Notes:

- Computation is using VrefInt calibration value stored in system memory for each device during production. This voltage depends on user board environment: voltage level connected to pin Vref+. On devices with small package, the pin Vref+ is not present and internally bonded to pin Vdda. On this STM32 serie, calibration data of internal voltage reference VrefInt corresponds to a resolution of 12 bits, this is the recommended ADC resolution to convert voltage of internal voltage reference VrefInt. Otherwise, this macro performs the processing to scale ADC conversion data to 12 bits.



## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_TEMPERATURE

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the temperature (unit: degree Celsius) from ADC conversion data of internal temperature sensor.

### Parameters:

- \_\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE\_\_: Analog reference voltage (unit: mV)
- \_\_TEMPSENSOR\_ADC\_DATA\_\_: ADC conversion data of internal temperature sensor (unit: digital value).
- \_\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_\_: ADC resolution at which internal temperature sensor voltage has been measured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_10B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_8B
  - LL\_ADC\_RESOLUTION\_6B

### Return value:

- Temperature: (unit: degree Celsius)

### Notes:

- Computation is using temperature sensor calibration values stored in system memory for each device during production. Calculation formula:  $Temperature = ((TS\_ADC\_DATA - TS\_CAL1) * (TS\_CAL2\_TEMP - TS\_CAL1\_TEMP)) / (TS\_CAL2 - TS\_CAL1) + TS\_CAL1\_TEMP$  with  $TS\_ADC\_DATA$  = temperature sensor raw data measured by ADC  $Avg\_Slope = (TS\_CAL2 - TS\_CAL1) / (TS\_CAL2\_TEMP - TS\_CAL1\_TEMP)$   $TS\_CAL1$  = equivalent  $TS\_ADC\_DATA$  at temperature  $TEMP\_DEGC\_CAL1$  (calibrated in factory)  $TS\_CAL2$  = equivalent  $TS\_ADC\_DATA$  at temperature  $TEMP\_DEGC\_CAL2$  (calibrated in factory) Caution: Calculation relevancy under reserve that calibration parameters are correct (address and data). To calculate temperature using temperature sensor datasheet typical values (generic values less, therefore less accurate than calibrated values), use helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_TEMPERATURE\_TYP\_PARAMS(). As calculation input, the analog reference voltage (Vref+) must be defined as it impacts the ADC LSB equivalent voltage. Analog reference voltage (Vref+) must be either known from user board environment or can be calculated using ADC measurement and ADC helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE(). On this STM32 serie, calibration data of temperature sensor corresponds to a resolution of 12 bits, this is the recommended ADC resolution to convert voltage of temperature sensor. Otherwise, this macro performs the processing to scale ADC conversion data to 12 bits.

## \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_TEMPERATURE\_TYP\_PARAMS

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the temperature (unit: degree Celsius) from ADC conversion data of internal temperature sensor.

### Parameters:

- `__TEMPSENSOR_TYP_AVGSLOPE__`: Device datasheet data: Temperature sensor slope typical value (unit:  $\mu\text{V}/\text{DegCelsius}$ ). On STM32L0, refer to device datasheet parameter "Avg\_Slope".
- `__TEMPSENSOR_TYP_CALX_V__`: Device datasheet data: Temperature sensor voltage typical value (at temperature and  $V_{\text{ref+}}$  defined in parameters below) (unit: mV). On STM32L0, refer to device datasheet parameter "V130" (corresponding to TS\_CAL2).
- `__TEMPSENSOR_CALX_TEMP__`: Device datasheet data: Temperature at which temperature sensor voltage (see parameter above) is corresponding (unit: mV)
- `__VREFANALOG_VOLTAGE__`: Analog voltage reference ( $V_{\text{ref+}}$ ) voltage (unit: mV)
- `__TEMPSENSOR_ADC_DATA__`: ADC conversion data of internal temperature sensor (unit: digital value).
- `__ADC_RESOLUTION__`: ADC resolution at which internal temperature sensor voltage has been measured. This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_12B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_10B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_8B`
  - `LL_ADC_RESOLUTION_6B`

### Return value:

- Temperature: (unit: degree Celsius)

### Notes:

- Computation is using temperature sensor typical values (refer to device datasheet). Calculation formula:  $\text{Temperature} = (\text{TS\_TYP\_CALX\_VOLT}(\mu\text{V}) - \text{TS\_ADC\_DATA} * \text{Conversion\_uV}) / \text{Avg\_Slope} + \text{CALX\_TEMP}$  with  $\text{TS\_ADC\_DATA}$  = temperature sensor raw data measured by ADC (unit: digital value)  $\text{Avg\_Slope}$  = temperature sensor slope (unit:  $\mu\text{V}/\text{Degree Celsius}$ )  $\text{TS\_TYP\_CALX\_VOLT}$  = temperature sensor digital value at temperature  $\text{CALX\_TEMP}$  (unit: mV) Caution: Calculation relevancy under reserve the temperature sensor of the current device has characteristics in line with datasheet typical values. If temperature sensor calibration values are available on on this device (presence of macro `__LL_ADC_CALC_TEMPERATURE()`), temperature calculation will be more accurate using helper macro `__LL_ADC_CALC_TEMPERATURE()`. As calculation input, the analog reference voltage ( $V_{\text{ref+}}$ ) must be defined as it impacts the ADC LSB equivalent voltage. Analog reference voltage ( $V_{\text{ref+}}$ ) must be either known from user board environment or can be calculated using ADC measurement and ADC helper macro `__LL_ADC_CALC_VREFANALOG_VOLTAGE()`. ADC measurement data must correspond to a resolution of 12bits (full scale digital value 4095). If not the case, the data must be preliminarily rescaled to an equivalent resolution of 12 bits.

## Common write and read registers Macros

### LL\_ADC\_WriteReg

#### Description:

- Write a value in ADC register.

#### Parameters:

- `__INSTANCE__`: ADC Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

#### Return value:

- None

## LL\_ADC\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in ADC register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: ADC Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 57 LL BUS Generic Driver

### 57.1 BUS Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the BUS library.

#### 57.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock

###### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock (uint32_t Periphs)`

###### Function description

Enable AHB1 peripherals clock.

###### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_Cryp (\*)
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBENR DMAEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- AHBENR MIFEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- AHBENR CRCEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- AHBENR TSCEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- AHBENR RNGEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- AHBENR CRYPEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock

##### LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

###### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock (uint32_t Periphs)`

###### Function description

Check if AHB1 peripheral clock is enabled or not.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRYP (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **State:** of Periphs (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBENR DMAEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- AHBENR MIFEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- AHBENR CRCEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- AHBENR TSCEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- AHBENR RNGEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- AHBENR CRYPEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

## LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock (uint32\_t Periphs)**

### Function description

Disable AHB1 peripherals clock.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRYP (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBENR DMAEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- AHBENR MIFEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- AHBENR CRCEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- AHBENR TSCEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- AHBENR RNGEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- AHBENR CRYPEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock

## LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Force AHB1 peripherals reset.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_Cryp (\*)
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBSTR DMARST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- AHBSTR MIFRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- AHBSTR CRCRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- AHBSTR TSCRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- AHBSTR RNGRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- AHBSTR CRYPST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset

## LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Release AHB1 peripherals reset.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_Cryp (\*)
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBSTR DMARST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- AHBSTR MIFRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- AHBSTR CRCRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- AHBSTR TSCRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- AHBSTR RNGRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- AHBSTR CRYPRST LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

#### LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep (uint32_t Periphs)
```

##### Function description

Enable AHB1 peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

##### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SRAM
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
    - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_Cryp (\*)
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBSMENR DMASMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR MIFSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR SRAMSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR CRCSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR TSCSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR RNGSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR CRYPSTEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

#### LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep (uint32_t Periphs)
```

##### Function description

Disable AHB1 peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SRAM
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC (\*)
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG (\*)
  - LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_Cryp (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AHBSMENR DMASMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR MIFSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR SRAMSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR CRCSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR TSCSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR RNGSMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- AHBSMENR CRYPSTMEN LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

## LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock (uint32\_t Periphs)**

### Function description

Enable APB1 peripherals clock.



## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CR5 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
  - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1ENR TIM2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR TIM3EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR TIM6EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR TIM7EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR LCDEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR WWDGEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR SPI2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR USART2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR LPUART1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR USART4EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR USART5EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR I2C1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR I2C2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR USBEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR CR5EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR PWREN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR DACEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR I2C3EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB1ENR LPTIM1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClock

## LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Check if APB1 peripheral clock is enabled or not.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRG (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **State:** of Periphs (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1ENR TIM2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR TIM3EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR TIM6EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR TIM7EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR LCDEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR WWDGEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR SPI2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR USART2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR LPUART1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR USART4EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR USART5EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR I2C1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR I2C2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR USBEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR CRSEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR PWREN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR DACEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR I2C3EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB1ENR LPTIM1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

## LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock (uint32_t Periphs)
```

### Function description

Disable APB1 peripherals clock.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRS (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- APB1ENR TIM2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR TIM3EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR TIM6EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR TIM7EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR LCDEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR WWDGEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR SPI2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR USART2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR LPUART1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR USART4EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR USART5EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR I2C1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR I2C2EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR USBEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR CRSEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR PWREN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR DACEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR I2C3EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB1ENR LPTIM1EN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClock

**LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset (uint32\_t Periphs)**

**Function description**

Force APB1 peripherals reset.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CR5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1RSTR TIM2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR TIM3RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR TIM6RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR TIM7RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR LCDRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR WWDGRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR SPI2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR USART2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR LPUART1RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR USART4RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR USART5RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR I2C1RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR I2C2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR USBRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR CR5RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR PWRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR DACRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR I2C3RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB1RSTR LPTIM1RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ForceReset

## LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset (uint32_t Periphs)
```

### Function description

Release APB1 peripherals reset.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:

- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CR5 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
- LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1

(\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1RSTR TIM2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR TIM3RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR TIM6RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR TIM7RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR LCDRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR WWDGRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR SPI2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR USART2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR LPUART1RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR USART4RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR USART5RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR I2C1RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR I2C2RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR USBRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR CRSRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR PWRRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR DACRST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR I2C3RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB1RSTR LPTIM1RST LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

#### LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

##### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep (uint32\_t Periphs)**

##### Function description

Enable APB1 peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

##### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRS (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1SMENR TIM2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR TIM3SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR TIM6SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR TIM7SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR LCDSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR WWDGSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR SPI2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USART2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR LPUART1SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USART4SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USART5SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR I2C1SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR I2C2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USBSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR CRSSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR PWRSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR DACSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR I2C3SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR LPTIM1SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

## LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep (uint32\_t Periphs)**

### Function description

Disable APB1 peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.



## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LCD (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CR5 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3 (\*)
    - LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1SMENR TIM2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR TIM3SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR TIM6SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR TIM7SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR LCDSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR WWDGSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR SPI2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USART2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR LPUART1SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USART4SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USART5SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR I2C1SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR I2C2SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR USBSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR CR5SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR PWRSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR DACSMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR I2C3SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB1SMENR LPTIM1SMEN LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

## LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Enable APB2 peripherals clock.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_FW
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2ENR SYSCFGEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR TIM21EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR TIM22EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR FWEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR ADCEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR SPI1EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR USART1EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- APB2ENR DBGEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClock

## LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock (uint32_t Periphs)`

## Function description

Check if APB2 peripheral clock is enabled or not.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_FW
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **State:** of Periphs (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2ENR SYSCFGEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR TIM21EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR TIM22EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR FWEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR ADCEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR SPI1EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR USART1EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- APB2ENR DBGEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

#### LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock (uint32_t Periphs)
```

##### Function description

Disable APB2 peripherals clock.

##### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_FW
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
    - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2ENR SYSCFGEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR TIM21EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR TIM22EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR FWEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR ADCEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR SPI1EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR USART1EN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- APB2ENR DBGEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClock

#### LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_APB2_GRP1_ForceReset (uint32_t Periphs)
```

##### Function description

Force APB2 peripherals reset.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2RSTR SYSCFGRST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB2RSTR TIM21RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB2RSTR TIM22RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB2RSTR ADCRST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB2RSTR SPI1RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB2RSTR USART1RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- APB2RSTR DBGRST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ForceReset

## LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Release APB2 peripherals reset.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2RSTR SYSCFGRST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB2RSTR TIM21RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB2RSTR TIM22RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB2RSTR ADCRST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB2RSTR SPI1RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB2RSTR USART1RST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- APB2RSTR DBGSRST LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

### LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClockSleep (uint32_t Periphs)
```

#### Function description

Enable APB2 peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

#### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2SMENR SYSCFGSMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR TIM21SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR TIM22SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR ADCSMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR SPI1SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR USART1SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR DBGSMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

### LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClockSleep (uint32_t Periphs)
```

#### Function description

Disable APB2 peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1 (\*)
  - LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2SMENR SYSCFGSMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR TIM21SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR TIM22SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR ADCSMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR SPI1SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR USART1SMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- APB2SMENR DBGSMEN LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

## LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Enable IOP peripherals clock.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPENR GPIOAEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- IOPENR GPIOBEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- IOPENR GPIOCEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- IOPENR GPIODEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- IOPENR GPIOEEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock
- IOPENR GPIOHEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClock

## LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock (uint32_t Periphs)
```

### Function description

Check if IOP peripheral clock is enabled or not.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Return values

- **State:** of Periphs (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPENR GPIOAEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- IOPENR GPIOBEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- IOPENR GPIOCEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- IOPENR GPIODEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- IOPENR GPIOEEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock
- IOPENR GPIOHEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_IsEnabledClock

## LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock (uint32_t Periphs)
```

### Function description

Disable IOP peripherals clock.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPENR GPIOAEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- IOPENR GPIOBEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- IOPENR GPIOCEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- IOPENR GPIODEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- IOPENR GPIOEEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock
- IOPENR GPIOHEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClock

#### LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset (uint32_t Periphs)
```

##### Function description

Disable IOP peripherals clock.

##### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
    - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
- (\*) value not defined in all devices.

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPRSTR GPIOASMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOBSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOCSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- IOPRSTR GPIODSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOESMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOHSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ForceReset

#### LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset (uint32_t Periphs)
```

##### Function description

Release IOP peripherals reset.



## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPRSTR GPIOASMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOBSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOCSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- IOPRSTR GPIODSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOESMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset
- IOPRSTR GPIOHSMEN LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_ReleaseReset

### LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep (uint32\_t Periphs)**

## Function description

Enable IOP peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

## Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPSMENR GPIOARST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOBRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOCRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIODRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOERST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOHRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_EnableClockSleep

## LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep (uint32_t Periphs)`

### Function description

Disable IOP peripherals clock during Low Power (Sleep) mode.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE (\*)
  - LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IOPSMENR GPIOARST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOBRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOCRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIODRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOERST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep
- IOPSMENR GPIOHRST LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_DisableClockSleep

## 57.2 BUS Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 57.2.1 BUS

BUS

**AHB1 GRP1 PERIPH**

**LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL**

**LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DMA1**

DMA1 clock enable

**LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_MIF**

MIF clock enable

**LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SRAM**

Sleep Mode SRAM clock enable

**LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRC**

CRC clock enable

**LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TSC**

TSC clock enable

LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_RNG

RNG clock enable

LL\_AHB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_Cryp

CRYP clock enable

**APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH**

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM2

TIM2 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM3

TIM3 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM6

TIM6 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM7

TIM7 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_WWDG

WWDG clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI2

SPI2 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART2

USART2 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPUART1

LPUART1 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART4

USART4 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART5

USART5 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C1

I2C1 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C2

I2C2 clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USB

USB clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_CRs

CRS clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_PWR

PWR clock enable

LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DAC1

DAC clock enable

**LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_I2C3**

I2C3 clock enable

**LL\_APB1\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_LPTIM1**

LPTIM1 clock enable

***APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH*****LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL****LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SYSCFG**

SYSCFG clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM21**

TIM21 clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_TIM22**

TIM22 clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_FW**

FireWall clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ADC1**

ADC1 clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_SPI1**

SPI1 clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_USART1**

USART1 clock enable

**LL\_APB2\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_DBGMCU**

DBGMCU clock enable

***IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH*****LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_ALL****LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOA**

GPIO port A control

**LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOB**

GPIO port B control

**LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOC**

GPIO port C control

**LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOD**

GPIO port D control

**LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOE**

GPIO port H control

**LL\_IOP\_GRP1\_PERIPH\_GPIOH**

GPIO port H control

## 58 LL COMP Generic Driver

### 58.1 COMP Firmware driver registers structures

#### 58.1.1 LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_comp.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t PowerMode**
- **uint32\_t InputPlus**
- **uint32\_t InputMinus**
- **uint32\_t OutputPolarity**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef::PowerMode**  
Set comparator operating mode to adjust power and speed. This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_LL\_EC\_POWERMODE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_COMP\_SetPowerMode()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef::InputPlus**  
Set comparator input plus (non-inverting input). This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_LL\_EC\_INPUT\_PLUS**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_COMP\_SetInputPlus()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef::InputMinus**  
Set comparator input minus (inverting input). This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_LL\_EC\_INPUT\_MINUS**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_COMP\_SetInputMinus()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef::OutputPolarity**  
Set comparator output polarity. This parameter can be a value of **COMP\_LL\_EC\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_COMP\_SetOutputPolarity()**.

### 58.2 COMP Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the COMP library.

#### 58.2.1 Detailed description of functions

**LL\_COMP\_SetCommonWindowMode**

Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_SetCommonWindowMode (COMP_Common_TypeDef *  
COMPxy_COMMON, uint32_t WindowMode)
```

Function description

Set window mode of a pair of comparators instances (2 consecutive COMP instances odd and even COMP<x> and COMP<x+1>).

Parameters

- **COMPxy\_COMMON:** Comparator common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro **\_\_LL\_COMP\_COMMON\_INSTANCE()** )
- **WindowMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - **LL\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_DISABLE**
  - **LL\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_COMP1\_INPUT\_PLUS\_COMMON**

Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1WM LL\_COMP\_SetCommonWindowMode

#### LL\_COMP\_GetCommonWindowMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_GetCommonWindowMode (COMP_Common_TypeDef *
COMPxy_COMMON)
```

#### Function description

Get window mode of a pair of comparators instances (2 consecutive COMP instances odd and even COMP<x> and COMP<x+1>).

#### Parameters

- COMPxy\_COMMON:** Comparator common instance (can be set directly from CMSIS definition or by using helper macro `__LL_COMP_COMMON_INSTANCE()`)

#### Return values

- Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_DISABLE
  - LL\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_COMP1\_INPUT\_PLUS\_COMMON

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1WM LL\_COMP\_GetCommonWindowMode

#### LL\_COMP\_SetPowerMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_SetPowerMode (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, uint32_t PowerMode)
```

#### Function description

Set comparator instance operating mode to adjust power and speed.

#### Parameters

- COMPx:** Comparator instance
- PowerMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_POWERMODE\_MEDIUMSPEED (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_POWERMODE\_ULTRALOWPOWER (1)
(1) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP2\_CSR COMP2SPEED LL\_COMP\_SetPowerMode

#### LL\_COMP\_GetPowerMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_GetPowerMode (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

#### Function description

Get comparator instance operating mode to adjust power and speed.

#### Parameters

- COMPx:** Comparator instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_POWERMODE\_MEDIUMSPEED (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_POWERMODE\_ULTRALOWPOWER (1)
 (1) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

## Notes

- Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP2\_CSR COMP2SPEED LL\_COMP\_GetPowerMode
- 

## LL\_COMP\_ConfigInputs

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_ConfigInputs (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, uint32_t InputMinus, uint32_t InputPlus)
```

## Function description

Set comparator inputs minus (inverting) and plus (non-inverting).

## Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance
- **InputMinus:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_VREFINT
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO1
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH1
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH2
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_4VREFINT
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_2VREFINT
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_3\_4VREFINT
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO2
- **InputPlus:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO1 (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO2 (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO3 (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO4 (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO5 (1)
  - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO6 (1)(2)
 (1) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2. (2) Available only on devices STM32L0 category 1.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function shall only be used for COMP2. For setting COMP1 input it is recommended to use LL\_COMP\_SetInputMinus() Plus (non-inverting) input is not configurable on COMP1. Using this function for COMP1 will corrupt COMP1WM register
- On this STM32 series, specificity if using COMP instance COMP2 with COMP input based on VrefInt (VrefInt or subdivision of VrefInt): scaler bridge is based on VrefInt and requires to enable path from VrefInt (refer to literal SYSCFG\_CFGR3\_ENBUFLP\_VREFINT\_COMP).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP2\_CSR COMP2INNSEL LL\_COMP\_ConfigInputs
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2INPSEL LL\_COMP\_ConfigInputs

#### LL\_COMP\_SetInputPlus

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_SetInputPlus (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, uint32_t InputPlus)
```

#### Function description

Set comparator input plus (non-inverting).

#### Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance
  - **InputPlus:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO1 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO2 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO3 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO4 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO5 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO6 (1)(2)
- (1) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2. (2) Available only on devices STM32L0 category 1.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Only COMP2 allows to set the input plus (non-inverting). For COMP1 it is always PA1 IO, except when Windows Mode is selected.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP2\_CSR COMP2INPSEL LL\_COMP\_SetInputPlus

#### LL\_COMP\_GetInputPlus

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_GetInputPlus (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

#### Function description

Get comparator input plus (non-inverting).

#### Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO1 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO2 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO3 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO4 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO5 (1)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO6 (1)(2)
- (1) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2. (2) Available only on devices STM32L0 category 1.



## Notes

- Only COMP2 allows to set the input plus (non-inverting). For COMP1 it is always PA1 IO, except when Windows Mode is selected.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP2\_CSR COMP2INPSEL LL\_COMP\_GetInputPlus

## LL\_COMP\_SetInputMinus

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_SetInputMinus (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, uint32_t InputMinus)
```

### Function description

Set comparator input minus (inverting).

### Parameters

- COMPx:** Comparator instance
  - InputMinus:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_VREFINT
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO1
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH1
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH2
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_4VREFINT (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_2VREFINT (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_3\_4VREFINT (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO2 (\*)
- (\*) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

### Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- In case of comparator input selected to be connected to IO: GPIO pins are specific to each comparator instance. Refer to description of parameters or to reference manual.
- On this STM32 series, specificity if using COMP instance COMP2 with COMP input based on VrefInt (VrefInt or subdivision of VrefInt): scaler bridge is based on VrefInt and requires to enable path from VrefInt (refer to literal SYSCFG\_CFGR3\_ENBUFLP\_VREFINT\_COMP).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1INNSEL LL\_COMP\_SetInputMinus
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2INNSEL LL\_COMP\_SetInputMinus

## LL\_COMP\_GetInputMinus

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_GetInputMinus (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

### Function description

Get comparator input minus (inverting).

### Parameters

- COMPx:** Comparator instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_VREFINT
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO1
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH1
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH2
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_4VREFINT (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_2VREFINT (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_3\_4VREFINT (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO2 (\*)
- (\*) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

## Notes

- In case of comparator input selected to be connected to IO: GPIO pins are specific to each comparator instance. Refer to description of parameters or to reference manual.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1INSEL LL\_COMP\_GetInputMinus
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2INSEL LL\_COMP\_GetInputMinus

### LL\_COMP\_SetOutputLPTIM

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_SetOutputLPTIM (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, uint32_t OutputLptim)
```

## Function description

Set comparator output LPTIM.

## Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance
  - **OutputLptim:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN1\_COMP1 (\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN1\_COMP2 (\*\*)
    - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN2\_COMP2 (\*\*)
- (\*) Available only on COMP instance: COMP1.  
 (\*\*) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1LPTIMIN1 LL\_COMP\_SetOutputLPTIM
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2LPTIMIN1 LL\_COMP\_SetOutputLPTIM
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2LPTIMIN2 LL\_COMP\_SetOutputLPTIM

### LL\_COMP\_GetOutputLPTIM

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_GetOutputLPTIM (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Get comparator output LPTIM.

## Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN1\_COMP1 (\*)
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN1\_COMP2 (\*\*)
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN2\_COMP2 (\*\*)
 (\*) Available only on COMP instance: COMP1.  
 (\*\*) Available only on COMP instance: COMP2.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1LPTIMIN1 LL\_COMP\_GetOutputLPTIM
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2LPTIMIN1 LL\_COMP\_GetOutputLPTIM
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2LPTIMIN2 LL\_COMP\_GetOutputLPTIM

## LL\_COMP\_SetOutputPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_SetOutputPolarity (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, uint32_t OutputPolarity)
```

### Function description

Set comparator instance output polarity.

### Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance
- **OutputPolarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_NONINVERTED
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_INVERTED

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP COMP1POLARITY LL\_COMP\_SetOutputPolarity

## LL\_COMP\_GetOutputPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_GetOutputPolarity (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

### Function description

Get comparator instance output polarity.

### Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_NONINVERTED
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_INVERTED

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP COMP1POLARITY LL\_COMP\_GetOutputPolarity

## LL\_COMP\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_Enable (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Enable comparator instance.

## Parameters

- **COMPx**: Comparator instance

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- After enable from off state, comparator requires a delay to reach reach propagation delay specification. Refer to device datasheet, parameter "tSTART".

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1EN LL\_COMP\_Enable
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2EN LL\_COMP\_Enable

### LL\_COMP\_Disable

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_Disable (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Disable comparator instance.

## Parameters

- **COMPx**: Comparator instance

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1EN LL\_COMP\_Disable
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2EN LL\_COMP\_Disable

### LL\_COMP\_IsEnabled

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_IsEnabled (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Get comparator enable state (0: COMP is disabled, 1: COMP is enabled)

## Parameters

- **COMPx**: Comparator instance

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1EN LL\_COMP\_IsEnabled
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2EN LL\_COMP\_IsEnabled

### LL\_COMP\_Lock

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_COMP_Lock (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Lock comparator instance.

## Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Once locked, comparator configuration can be accessed in read-only.
- The only way to unlock the comparator is a device hardware reset.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1LOCK LL\_COMP\_Lock
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2LOCK LL\_COMP\_Lock

### LL\_COMP\_IsLocked

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_IsLocked (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Get comparator lock state (0: COMP is unlocked, 1: COMP is locked).

## Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Once locked, comparator configuration can be accessed in read-only.
- The only way to unlock the comparator is a device hardware reset.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1LOCK LL\_COMP\_IsLocked
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2LOCK LL\_COMP\_IsLocked

### LL\_COMP\_ReadOutputLevel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_COMP_ReadOutputLevel (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)
```

## Function description

Read comparator instance output level.

## Parameters

- **COMPx:** Comparator instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL\_LOW
  - LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL\_HIGH

## Notes

- The comparator output level depends on the selected polarity (Refer to function `LL_COMP_SetOutputPolarity()`). If the comparator polarity is not inverted: Comparator output is low when the input plus is at a lower voltage than the input minus. Comparator output is high when the input plus is at a higher voltage than the input minus. If the comparator polarity is inverted: Comparator output is high when the input plus is at a lower voltage than the input minus. Comparator output is low when the input plus is at a higher voltage than the input minus.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- COMP1\_CSR COMP1VALUE `LL_COMP_ReadOutputLevel`
- COMP2\_CSR COMP2VALUE `LL_COMP_ReadOutputLevel`

### LL\_COMP\_DeInit

## Function name

**ErrorStatus** `LL_COMP_DeInit (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx)`

## Function description

De-initialize registers of the selected COMP instance to their default reset values.

## Parameters

- COMPx:** COMP instance

## Return values

- An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: COMP registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: COMP registers are not de-initialized

## Notes

- If comparator is locked, de-initialization by software is not possible. The only way to unlock the comparator is a device hardware reset.

### LL\_COMP\_Init

## Function name

**ErrorStatus** `LL_COMP_Init (COMP_TypeDef * COMPx, LL_COMP_InitTypeDef * COMP_InitStruct)`

## Function description

Initialize some features of COMP instance.

## Parameters

- COMPx:** COMP instance
- COMP\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a `LL_COMP_InitTypeDef` structure

## Return values

- An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: COMP registers are initialized
  - ERROR: COMP registers are not initialized

## Notes

- This function configures features of the selected COMP instance. Some features are also available at scope COMP common instance (common to several COMP instances). Refer to functions having argument "COMPxy\_COMMON" as parameter.

## LL\_COMP\_StructInit

### Function name

**void LL\_COMP\_StructInit (LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef \* COMP\_InitStruct)**

### Function description

Set each LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **COMP\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_COMP\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

## 58.3 COMP Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 58.3.1 COMP

COMP

**Comparator common modes - Window mode**

#### LL\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_DISABLE

Window mode disable: Comparators 1 and 2 are independent

#### LL\_COMP\_WINDOWMODE\_COMP1\_INPUT\_PLUS\_COMMON

Window mode enable: Comparators instances pair COMP1 and COMP2 have their input plus connected together. The common input is COMP1 input plus (COMP2 input plus is no more accessible).

**Definitions of COMP hardware constraints delays**

#### LL\_COMP\_DELAY\_STARTUP\_US

Delay for COMP startup time

#### LL\_COMP\_DELAY\_VOLTAGE\_SCALER\_STAB\_US

Delay for COMP voltage scaler stabilization time

**Comparator inputs - Input minus (input inverting) selection**

#### LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_4VREFINT

Comparator input minus connected to 1/4 VrefInt (specify of COMP2 related to path to enable via SYSCFG: refer to comment in function)

#### LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_1\_2VREFINT

Comparator input minus connected to 1/2 VrefInt (specify of COMP2 related to path to enable via SYSCFG: refer to comment in function)

#### LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_3\_4VREFINT

Comparator input minus connected to 3/4 VrefInt (specify of COMP2 related to path to enable via SYSCFG: refer to comment in function)

#### LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_VREFINT

Comparator input minus connected to VrefInt (specify of COMP2 related to path to enable via SYSCFG: refer to comment in function)

#### LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH1

Comparator input minus connected to DAC1 channel 1 (DAC\_OUT1)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_DAC1\_CH2

Comparator input minus connected to DAC1 channel 2 (DAC\_OUT2)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO1

Comparator input minus connected to IO1 (pin PA0 for COMP1, pin PA2 for COMP2)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_MINUS\_IO2

Comparator input minus connected to IO2 (pin PB3 for COMP2) (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

### **Comparator inputs - Input plus (input non-inverting) selection**

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO1

Comparator input plus connected to IO1 (pin PA1 for COMP1, pin PA3 for COMP2)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO2

Comparator input plus connected to IO2 (pin PB4 for COMP2) (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO3

Comparator input plus connected to IO3 (pin PA5 for COMP2) (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO4

Comparator input plus connected to IO4 (pin PB6 for COMP2) (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

## LL\_COMP\_INPUT\_PLUS\_IO5

Comparator input plus connected to IO5 (pin PB7 for COMP2) (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

### **Comparator output - Output level**

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL\_LOW

Comparator output level low (if the polarity is not inverted, otherwise to be complemented)

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LEVEL\_HIGH

Comparator output level high (if the polarity is not inverted, otherwise to be complemented)

### **Comparator output - Output polarity**

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_NONINVERTED

COMP output polarity is not inverted: comparator output is high when the plus (non-inverting) input is at a higher voltage than the minus (inverting) input

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUTPOL\_INVERTED

COMP output polarity is inverted: comparator output is low when the plus (non-inverting) input is at a lower voltage than the minus (inverting) input

### **Comparator output - Output selection specific to LPTIM peripheral**

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN1\_COMP1

COMP output connected to TIM2 input capture 4

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN1\_COMP2

COMP output connected to TIM2 input capture 4

## LL\_COMP\_OUTPUT\_LPTIM1\_IN2\_COMP2

COMP output connected to TIM2 input capture 4

### **Comparator modes - Power mode**



## LL\_COMP\_POWERMODE\_ULTRALOWPOWER

COMP power mode to low speed (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

## LL\_COMP\_POWERMODE\_MEDIUMSPEED

COMP power mode to fast speed (specific to COMP instance: COMP2)

### COMP helper macro

## \_\_LL\_COMP\_COMMON\_INSTANCE

#### Description:

- Helper macro to select the COMP common instance to which is belonging the selected COMP instance.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_COMPx\_\_: COMP instance

#### Return value:

- COMP: common instance or value "0" if there is no COMP common instance.

#### Notes:

- COMP common register instance can be used to set parameters common to several COMP instances. Refer to functions having argument "COMPxy\_COMMON" as parameter.

### Common write and read registers macro

## LL\_COMP\_WriteReg

#### Description:

- Write a value in COMP register.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: comparator instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be written
- \_\_VALUE\_\_: Value to be written in the register

#### Return value:

- None

## LL\_COMP\_ReadReg

#### Description:

- Read a value in COMP register.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: comparator instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be read

#### Return value:

- Register: value

## 59 LL CORTEX Generic Driver

### 59.1 CORTEX Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CORTEX library.

#### 59.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_SYSTICK\_IsActiveCounterFlag

###### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SYSTICK_IsActiveCounterFlag (void )`

###### Function description

This function checks if the SysTick counter flag is active or not.

###### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

###### Notes

- It can be used in timeout function on application side.

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- STK\_CTRL COUNTFLAG LL\_SYSTICK\_IsActiveCounterFlag

##### LL\_SYSTICK\_SetClkSource

###### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SYSTICK_SetClkSource (uint32_t Source)`

###### Function description

Configures the SysTick clock source.

###### Parameters

- **Source:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK\_DIV8
  - LL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- STK\_CTRL CLKSOURCE LL\_SYSTICK\_SetClkSource

##### LL\_SYSTICK\_GetClkSource

###### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SYSTICK_GetClkSource (void )`

###### Function description

Get the SysTick clock source.

###### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK\_DIV8
  - LL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- STK\_CTRL CLKSOURCE LL\_SYSTICK\_GetClkSource

#### LL\_SYSTICK\_EnableIT

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSTICK\_EnableIT (void )**

#### Function description

Enable SysTick exception request.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- STK\_CTRL TICKINT LL\_SYSTICK\_EnableIT

#### LL\_SYSTICK\_DisableIT

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSTICK\_DisableIT (void )**

#### Function description

Disable SysTick exception request.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- STK\_CTRL TICKINT LL\_SYSTICK\_DisableIT

#### LL\_SYSTICK\_IsEnabledIT

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SYSTICK\_IsEnabledIT (void )**

#### Function description

Checks if the SYSTICK interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- STK\_CTRL TICKINT LL\_SYSTICK\_IsEnabledIT

#### LL\_LPM\_EnableSleep

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPM\_EnableSleep (void )**

#### Function description

Processor uses sleep as its low power mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_SCR SLEEPDEEP LL\_LPM\_EnableSleep

## LL\_LPM\_EnableDeepSleep

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPM_EnableDeepSleep (void )
```

### Function description

Processor uses deep sleep as its low power mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_SCR SLEEPDEEP LL\_LPM\_EnableDeepSleep

## LL\_LPM\_EnableSleepOnExit

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPM_EnableSleepOnExit (void )
```

### Function description

Configures sleep-on-exit when returning from Handler mode to Thread mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Setting this bit to 1 enables an interrupt-driven application to avoid returning to an empty main application.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_SCR SLEEPONEXIT LL\_LPM\_EnableSleepOnExit

## LL\_LPM\_DisableSleepOnExit

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPM_DisableSleepOnExit (void )
```

### Function description

Do not sleep when returning to Thread mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_SCR SLEEPONEXIT LL\_LPM\_DisableSleepOnExit

## LL\_LPM\_EnableEventOnPend

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPM_EnableEventOnPend (void )
```

### Function description

Enabled events and all interrupts, including disabled interrupts, can wakeup the processor.

### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_SCR SEVEONPEND LL\_LPM\_EnableEventOnPend

#### LL\_LPM\_DisableEventOnPend

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPM\_DisableEventOnPend (void )**

#### Function description

Only enabled interrupts or events can wakeup the processor, disabled interrupts are excluded.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_SCR SEVEONPEND LL\_LPM\_DisableEventOnPend

#### LL\_CPUID\_GetImplementer

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CPUID\_GetImplementer (void )**

#### Function description

Get Implementer code.

#### Return values

- Value:** should be equal to 0x41 for ARM

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_CPUID IMPLEMENTER LL\_CPUID\_GetImplementer

#### LL\_CPUID\_GetVariant

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CPUID\_GetVariant (void )**

#### Function description

Get Variant number (The r value in the mpm product revision identifier)

#### Return values

- Value:** between 0 and 255 (0x0: revision 0)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_CPUID VARIANT LL\_CPUID\_GetVariant

#### LL\_CPUID\_GetArchitecture

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CPUID\_GetArchitecture (void )**

#### Function description

Get Architecture number.

#### Return values

- Value:** should be equal to 0xC for Cortex-M0+ devices

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_CPUID ARCHITECTURE LL\_CPUID\_GetArchitecture

## LL\_CPUID\_GetParNo

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CPUID_GetParNo (void )
```

### Function description

Get Part number.

### Return values

- **Value:** should be equal to 0xC60 for Cortex-M0+

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_CPUID PARTNO LL\_CPUID\_GetParNo

## LL\_CPUID\_GetRevision

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CPUID_GetRevision (void )
```

### Function description

Get Revision number (The p value in the rnpn product revision identifier, indicates patch release)

### Return values

- **Value:** between 0 and 255 (0x1: patch 1)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SCB\_CPUID REVISION LL\_CPUID\_GetRevision

## LL\_MPU\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_MPU_Enable (uint32_t Options)
```

### Function description

Enable MPU with input options.

### Parameters

- **Options:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF\_NONE
  - LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_HARDFAULT\_NMI
  - LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_PRIVILEGED\_DEFAULT
  - LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MPU\_CTRL ENABLE LL\_MPU\_Enable

## LL\_MPU\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_MPU_Disable (void )
```

### Function description

Disable MPU.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MPU\_CTRL ENABLE LL\_MPU\_Disable

#### LL\_MPU\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_MPU_IsEnabled (void )
```

#### Function description

Check if MPU is enabled or not.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MPU\_CTRL ENABLE LL\_MPU\_IsEnabled

#### LL\_MPU\_EnableRegion

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_MPU_EnableRegion (uint32_t Region)
```

#### Function description

Enable a MPU region.

#### Parameters

- **Region:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER0
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER1
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER2
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER3
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER4
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER5
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER6
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER7

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MPU\_RASR ENABLE LL\_MPU\_EnableRegion

#### LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_MPU_ConfigRegion (uint32_t Region, uint32_t SubRegionDisable, uint32_t Address, uint32_t Attributes)
```

#### Function description

Configure and enable a region.

## Parameters

- **Region:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER0
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER1
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER2
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER3
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER4
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER5
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER6
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER7
- **Address:** Value of region base address
- **SubRegionDisable:** Sub-region disable value between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF
- **Attributes:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32B or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64B or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128B or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256B or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512B or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_8KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_16KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512KB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_8MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_16MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512MB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1GB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2GB or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4GB
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NO\_ACCESS or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RW or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RW\_URO or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_FULL\_ACCESS or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RO or LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RO\_URO
  - LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL0 or LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL1 or LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL2 or LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL4
  - LL\_MPU\_INSTRUCTION\_ACCESS\_ENABLE or LL\_MPU\_INSTRUCTION\_ACCESS\_DISABLE
  - LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_SHAREABLE or LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_SHAREABLE
  - LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_CACHEABLE or LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_CACHEABLE
  - LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_BUFFERABLE or LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_BUFFERABLE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MPU\_RNR REGION LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RBAR REGION LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RBAR ADDR LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RASR XN LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RASR AP LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RASR S LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RASR C LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RASR B LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion
- MPU\_RASR SIZE LL\_MPU\_ConfigRegion

## LL\_MPU\_DisableRegion

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_MPU\_DisableRegion (uint32\_t Region)**



## Function description

Disable a region.

## Parameters

- **Region:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER0
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER1
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER2
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER3
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER4
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER5
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER6
  - LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MPU\_RNR REGION LL\_MPU\_DisableRegion
- MPU\_RASR ENABLE LL\_MPU\_DisableRegion

## 59.2 CORTEx Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 59.2.1 CORTEx

CORTEx

**MPU Bufferable Access**

#### LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_BUFFERABLE

Bufferable memory attribute

#### LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_BUFFERABLE

Not Bufferable memory attribute

**MPU Cacheable Access**

#### LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_CACHEABLE

Cacheable memory attribute

#### LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_CACHEABLE

Not Cacheable memory attribute

**SYSTICK Clock Source**

#### LL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK\_DIV8

AHB clock divided by 8 selected as SysTick clock source.

#### LL\_SYSTICK\_CLKSOURCE\_HCLK

AHB clock selected as SysTick clock source.

**MPU Control**

#### LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF\_NONE

Disable NMI and privileged SW access

#### LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_HARDFAULT\_NMI

Enables the operation of MPU during hard fault, NMI, and FAULTMASK handlers

#### LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_PRIVILEGED\_DEFAULT

Enable privileged software access to default memory map

#### LL\_MPU\_CTRL\_HFNMI\_PRIVDEF

Enable NMI and privileged SW access

#### **MPU Instruction Access**

#### LL\_MPU\_INSTRUCTION\_ACCESS\_ENABLE

Instruction fetches enabled

#### LL\_MPU\_INSTRUCTION\_ACCESS\_DISABLE

Instruction fetches disabled

#### **MPU Region Number**

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER0

REGION Number 0

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER1

REGION Number 1

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER2

REGION Number 2

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER3

REGION Number 3

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER4

REGION Number 4

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER5

REGION Number 5

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER6

REGION Number 6

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NUMBER7

REGION Number 7

#### **MPU Region Privileges**

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_NO\_ACCESS

No access

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RW

RW privileged (privileged access only)

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RW\_URO

RW privileged - RO user (Write in a user program generates a fault)

#### LL\_MPU\_REGION\_FULL\_ACCESS

RW privileged & user (Full access)

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RO**

RO privileged (privileged read only)

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_PRIV\_RO\_URO**

RO privileged &amp; user (read only)

***MPU Region Size*****LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32B**

32B Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64B**

64B Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128B**

128B Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256B**

256B Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512B**

512B Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1KB**

1KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2KB**

2KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4KB**

4KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_8KB**

8KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_16KB**

16KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32KB**

32KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64KB**

64KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128KB**

128KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256KB**

256KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512KB**

512KB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1MB**

1MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2MB**

2MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4MB**

4MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_8MB**

8MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_16MB**

16MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_32MB**

32MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_64MB**

64MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_128MB**

128MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_256MB**

256MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_512MB**

512MB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_1GB**

1GB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_2GB**

2GB Size of the MPU protection region

**LL\_MPU\_REGION\_SIZE\_4GB**

4GB Size of the MPU protection region

***MPU Shareable Access*****LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_SHAREABLE**

Shareable memory attribute

**LL\_MPU\_ACCESS\_NOT\_SHAREABLE**

Not Shareable memory attribute

***MPU TEX Level*****LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL0**

b000 for TEX bits

**LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL1**

b001 for TEX bits

**LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL2**

b010 for TEX bits

**LL\_MPU\_TEX\_LEVEL4**

b100 for TEX bits

## 60 LL CRC Generic Driver

### 60.1 CRC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CRC library.

#### 60.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_CRC\_ResetCRCCalculationUnit

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_ResetCRCCalculationUnit (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

###### Function description

Reset the CRC calculation unit.

###### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Notes

- If Programmable Initial CRC value feature is available, also set the Data Register to the value stored in the CRC\_INIT register, otherwise, reset Data Register to its default value.

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR RESET LL\_CRC\_ResetCRCCalculationUnit

##### LL\_CRC\_SetPolynomialSize

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_SetPolynomialSize (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t PolySize)
```

###### Function description

Configure size of the polynomial.

###### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **PolySize:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_32B
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_16B
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_8B
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_7B

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR POLYSIZE LL\_CRC\_SetPolynomialSize

##### LL\_CRC\_GetPolynomialSize

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_GetPolynomialSize (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

## Function description

Return size of the polynomial.

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_32B
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_16B
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_8B
  - LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_7B

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR POLYSIZE LL\_CRC\_GetPolynomialSize

## LL\_CRC\_SetInputDataReverseMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_SetInputDataReverseMode (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t ReverseMode)
```

## Function description

Configure the reversal of the bit order of the input data.

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **ReverseMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_NONE
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_BYTE
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_HALFWORD
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_WORD

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR REV\_IN LL\_CRC\_SetInputDataReverseMode

## LL\_CRC\_GetInputDataReverseMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_GetInputDataReverseMode (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

## Function description

Return type of reversal for input data bit order.

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_NONE
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_BYTE
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_HALFWORD
  - LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_WORD

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR REV\_IN LL\_CRC\_GetInputDataReverseMode

#### LL\_CRC\_SetOutputDataReverseMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_SetOutputDataReverseMode (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t ReverseMode)
```

#### Function description

Configure the reversal of the bit order of the Output data.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **ReverseMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRC\_OUTDATA\_REVERSE\_NONE
  - LL\_CRC\_OUTDATA\_REVERSE\_BIT

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR REV\_OUT LL\_CRC\_SetOutputDataReverseMode

#### LL\_CRC\_GetOutputDataReverseMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_GetOutputDataReverseMode (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

#### Function description

Return type of reversal of the bit order of the Output data.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRC\_OUTDATA\_REVERSE\_NONE
  - LL\_CRC\_OUTDATA\_REVERSE\_BIT

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR REV\_OUT LL\_CRC\_GetOutputDataReverseMode

#### LL\_CRC\_SetInitialData

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_SetInitialData (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t InitCrc)
```

#### Function description

Initialize the Programmable initial CRC value.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **InitCrc:** Value to be programmed in Programmable initial CRC value register

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If the CRC size is less than 32 bits, the least significant bits are used to write the correct value
- LL\_CRC\_DEFAULT\_CRC\_INITVALUE could be used as value for InitCrc parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- INIT INIT LL\_CRC\_SetInitialData

### LL\_CRC\_GetInitialData

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_GetInitialData (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

## Function description

Return current Initial CRC value.

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** programmed in Programmable initial CRC value register

## Notes

- If the CRC size is less than 32 bits, the least significant bits are used to read the correct value

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- INIT INIT LL\_CRC\_GetInitialData

### LL\_CRC\_SetPolynomialCoef

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_SetPolynomialCoef (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t PolynomCoef)
```

## Function description

Initialize the Programmable polynomial value (coefficients of the polynomial to be used for CRC calculation).

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **PolynomCoef:** Value to be programmed in Programmable Polynomial value register

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- LL\_CRC\_DEFAULT\_CRC32\_POLY could be used as value for PolynomCoef parameter.
- Please check Reference Manual and existing Errata Sheets, regarding possible limitations for Polynomial values usage. For example, for a polynomial of degree 7,  $X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^2 + 1$  is written 0x65

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- POL POL LL\_CRC\_SetPolynomialCoef

### LL\_CRC\_GetPolynomialCoef

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_GetPolynomialCoef (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

## Function description

Return current Programmable polynomial value.



## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** programmed in Programmable Polynomial value register

## Notes

- Please check Reference Manual and existing Errata Sheets, regarding possible limitations for Polynomial values usage. For example, for a polynomial of degree 7,  $X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^2 + 1$  is written 0x65

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- POL POL LL\_CRC\_GetPolynomialCoef

## LL\_CRC\_FeedData32

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_FeedData32 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t InData)
```

## Function description

Write given 32-bit data to the CRC calculator.

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **InData:** value to be provided to CRC calculator between between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFFFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_FeedData32

## LL\_CRC\_FeedData16

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_FeedData16 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint16_t InData)
```

## Function description

Write given 16-bit data to the CRC calculator.

## Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance
- **InData:** 16 bit value to be provided to CRC calculator between between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_FeedData16

## LL\_CRC\_FeedData8

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_FeedData8 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint8_t InData)
```

## Function description

Write given 8-bit data to the CRC calculator.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx**: CRC Instance
- **InData**: 8 bit value to be provided to CRC calculator between between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_FeedData8

#### LL\_CRC\_ReadData32

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_ReadData32 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

#### Function description

Return current CRC calculation result.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx**: CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **Current**: CRC calculation result as stored in CRC\_DR register (32 bits).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_ReadData32

#### LL\_CRC\_ReadData16

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_CRC_ReadData16 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

#### Function description

Return current CRC calculation result.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx**: CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **Current**: CRC calculation result as stored in CRC\_DR register (16 bits).

#### Notes

- This function is expected to be used in a 16 bits CRC polynomial size context.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_ReadData16

#### LL\_CRC\_ReadData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_CRC_ReadData8 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

#### Function description

Return current CRC calculation result.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx**: CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **Current:** CRC calculation result as stored in CRC\_DR register (8 bits).

#### Notes

- This function is expected to be used in a 8 bits CRC polynomial size context.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_ReadData8

#### LL\_CRC\_ReadData7

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_CRC_ReadData7 (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

#### Function description

Return current CRC calculation result.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **Current:** CRC calculation result as stored in CRC\_DR register (7 bits).

#### Notes

- This function is expected to be used in a 7 bits CRC polynomial size context.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_CRC\_ReadData7

#### LL\_CRC\_Read\_IDR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRC_Read_IDR (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx)
```

#### Function description

Return data stored in the Independent Data(IDR) register.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx:** CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** stored in CRC\_IDR register (General-purpose 8-bit data register).

#### Notes

- This register can be used as a temporary storage location for one byte.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IDR IDR LL\_CRC\_Read\_IDR

#### LL\_CRC\_Write\_IDR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRC_Write_IDR (CRC_TypeDef * CRCx, uint32_t InData)
```

#### Function description

Store data in the Independent Data(IDR) register.

#### Parameters

- **CRCx**: CRC Instance
- **InData**: value to be stored in CRC\_IDR register (8-bit) between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- This register can be used as a temporary storage location for one byte.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IDR IDR LL\_CRC\_Write\_IDR

#### LL\_CRC\_DeInit

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_CRC\_DeInit (CRC\_TypeDef \* CRCx)**

#### Function description

De-initialize CRC registers (Registers restored to their default values).

#### Parameters

- **CRCx**: CRC Instance

#### Return values

- **An**: ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: CRC registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: CRC registers are not de-initialized

## 60.2 CRC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 60.2.1 CRC

CRC

**Default CRC computation initialization value**

#### LL\_CRC\_DEFAULT\_CRC\_INITVALUE

Default CRC computation initialization value

**Default CRC generating polynomial value**

#### LL\_CRC\_DEFAULT\_CRC32\_POLY

Default CRC generating polynomial value

**Input Data Reverse**

#### LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_NONE

Input Data bit order not affected

#### LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_BYTE

Input Data bit reversal done by byte

#### LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_HALFWORD

Input Data bit reversal done by half-word

## LL\_CRC\_INDATA\_REVERSE\_WORD

Input Data bit reversal done by word

### **Output Data Reverse**

## LL\_CRC\_OUTDATA\_REVERSE\_NONE

Output Data bit order not affected

## LL\_CRC\_OUTDATA\_REVERSE\_BIT

Output Data bit reversal done by bit

### **Polynomial length**

## LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_32B

32 bits Polynomial size

## LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_16B

16 bits Polynomial size

## LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_8B

8 bits Polynomial size

## LL\_CRC\_POLYLENGTH\_7B

7 bits Polynomial size

### **Common Write and read registers Macros**

## LL\_CRC\_WriteReg

#### **Description:**

- Write a value in CRC register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: CRC Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

#### **Return value:**

- None

## LL\_CRC\_ReadReg

#### **Description:**

- Read a value in CRC register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: CRC Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

#### **Return value:**

- Register: value

## 61 LL CRS Generic Driver

### 61.1 CRS Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the CRS library.

#### 61.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_CRS\_EnableFreqErrorCounter

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_EnableFreqErrorCounter (void )
```

###### Function description

Enable Frequency error counter.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Notes

- When this bit is set, the CRS\_CFGR register is write-protected and cannot be modified

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CEN LL\_CRS\_EnableFreqErrorCounter

##### LL\_CRS\_DisableFreqErrorCounter

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_DisableFreqErrorCounter (void )
```

###### Function description

Disable Frequency error counter.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CEN LL\_CRS\_DisableFreqErrorCounter

##### LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledFreqErrorCounter

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsEnabledFreqErrorCounter (void )
```

###### Function description

Check if Frequency error counter is enabled or not.

###### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CEN LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledFreqErrorCounter

## LL\_CRS\_EnableAutoTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_EnableAutoTrimming (void )
```

### Function description

Enable Automatic trimming counter.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR AUTOTRIMEN LL\_CRS\_EnableAutoTrimming

## LL\_CRS\_DisableAutoTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_DisableAutoTrimming (void )
```

### Function description

Disable Automatic trimming counter.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR AUTOTRIMEN LL\_CRS\_DisableAutoTrimming

## LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledAutoTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsEnabledAutoTrimming (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Automatic trimming is enabled or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR AUTOTRIMEN LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledAutoTrimming

## LL\_CRS\_SetHSI48SmoothTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_SetHSI48SmoothTrimming (uint32_t Value)
```

### Function description

Set HSI48 oscillator smooth trimming.

### Parameters

- **Value:** a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 63

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When the AUTOTRIMEN bit is set, this field is controlled by hardware and is read-only
- Default value can be set thanks to LL\_CRS\_HSI48CALIBRATION\_DEFAULT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TRIM LL\_CRS\_SetHSI48SmoothTrimming

### LL\_CRS\_GetHSI48SmoothTrimming

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CRS\_GetHSI48SmoothTrimming (void )**

## Function description

Get HSI48 oscillator smooth trimming.

## Return values

- **a:** number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 63

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TRIM LL\_CRS\_GetHSI48SmoothTrimming

### LL\_CRS\_SetReloadCounter

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_CRS\_SetReloadCounter (uint32\_t Value)**

## Function description

Set counter reload value.

## Parameters

- **Value:** a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Default value can be set thanks to LL\_CRS\_RELOADVALUE\_DEFAULT Otherwise it can be calculated in using macro `__LL_CRS_CALC_CALCULATE_RELOADVALUE (_FTARGET_, _FSYNC_)`

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR RELOAD LL\_CRS\_SetReloadCounter

### LL\_CRS\_GetReloadCounter

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CRS\_GetReloadCounter (void )**

## Function description

Get counter reload value.

## Return values

- **a:** number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR RELOAD LL\_CRS\_GetReloadCounter



## LL\_CRS\_SetFreqErrorLimit

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_SetFreqErrorLimit (uint32_t Value)
```

### Function description

Set frequency error limit.

### Parameters

- **Value:** a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 255

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Default value can be set thanks to LL\_CRS\_ERRORLIMIT\_DEFAULT

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR FELIM LL\_CRS\_SetFreqErrorLimit

## LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorLimit

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_GetFreqErrorLimit (void )
```

### Function description

Get frequency error limit.

### Return values

- **A:** number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 255

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR FELIM LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorLimit

## LL\_CRS\_SetSyncDivider

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_SetSyncDivider (uint32_t Divider)
```

### Function description

Set division factor for SYNC signal.

### Parameters

- **Divider:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_16
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_32
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_64
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_128

### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR SYNCDIV LL\\_CRS\\_SetSyncDivider](#)

#### LL\_CRS\_GetSyncDivider

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CRS\_GetSyncDivider (void )**

#### Function description

Get division factor for SYNC signal.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_16
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_32
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_64
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_128

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR SYNCDIV LL\\_CRS\\_GetSyncDivider](#)

#### LL\_CRS\_SetSyncSignalSource

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_CRS\_SetSyncSignalSource (uint32\_t Source)**

#### Function description

Set SYNC signal source.

#### Parameters

- **Source:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_GPIO
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_LSE
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_USB

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR SYNC SRC LL\\_CRS\\_SetSyncSignalSource](#)

#### LL\_CRS\_GetSyncSignalSource

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CRS\_GetSyncSignalSource (void )**

#### Function description

Get SYNC signal source.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_GPIO
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_LSE
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_USB

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR SYNC\_SRC LL\_CRS\_GetSyncSignalSource

#### LL\_CRS\_SetSyncPolarity

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_CRS\_SetSyncPolarity (uint32\_t Polarity)**

#### Function description

Set input polarity for the SYNC signal source.

#### Parameters

- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_FALLING

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR SYNC\_POL LL\_CRS\_SetSyncPolarity

#### LL\_CRS\_GetSyncPolarity

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CRS\_GetSyncPolarity (void )**

#### Function description

Get input polarity for the SYNC signal source.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_FALLING

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR SYNC\_POL LL\_CRS\_GetSyncPolarity

#### LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization (uint32\_t HSI48CalibrationValue, uint32\_t ErrorLimitValue, uint32\_t ReloadValue, uint32\_t Settings)**

#### Function description

Configure CRS for the synchronization.

## Parameters

- **HSI48CalibrationValue:** a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 63
- **ErrorLimitValue:** a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF
- **ReloadValue:** a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 255
- **Settings:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_1 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_2 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_4 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_8 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_16 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_32 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_64 or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_128
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_GPIO or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_LSE or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_USB
  - LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_RISING or LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_FALLING

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TRIM LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization
- CFGR RELOAD LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization
- CFGR FELIM LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization
- CFGR SYNCDIV LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization
- CFGR SYNCSRC LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization
- CFGR SYNCPOL LL\_CRS\_ConfigSynchronization

## LL\_CRS\_GenerateEvent\_SWSYNC

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_CRS\_GenerateEvent\_SWSYNC (void )**

### Function description

Generate software SYNC event.

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SWSYNC LL\_CRS\_GenerateEvent\_SWSYNC

## LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorDirection

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorDirection (void )**

### Function description

Get the frequency error direction latched in the time of the last SYNC event.

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_CRS\_FREQ\_ERROR\_DIR\_UP
  - LL\_CRS\_FREQ\_ERROR\_DIR\_DOWN

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR FEDIR LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorDirection

## LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorCapture

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_GetFreqErrorCapture (void )
```

### Function description

Get the frequency error counter value latched in the time of the last SYNC event.

### Return values

- **A:** number between Min\_Data = 0x0000 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR FECAP LL\_CRS\_GetFreqErrorCapture

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCOK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCOK (void )
```

### Function description

Check if SYNC event OK signal occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SYNCOKF LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCOK

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCWARN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCWARN (void )
```

### Function description

Check if SYNC warning signal occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SYNCWARNF LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCWARN

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_ERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_ERR (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Synchronization or trimming error signal occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ERRF LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_ERR

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_ESYNC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_ESYNC (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Expected SYNC signal occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ESYNCF LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_ESYNC

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCERR (void )
```

### Function description

Check if SYNC error signal occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SYNCERR LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCERR

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCMISS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCMISS (void )
```

### Function description

Check if SYNC missed error signal occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SYNCMISS LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_SYNCMISS

## LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_TRIMOVF

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_TRIMOVF (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Trimming overflow or underflow occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TRIMOVF LL\_CRS\_IsActiveFlag\_TRIMOVF

## LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_SYNCOK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_ClearFlag_SYNCOK (void )
```

### Function description

Clear the SYNC event OK flag.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR SYNCOKC LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_SYNCOK

## LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_SYNCWARN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_ClearFlag_SYNCWARN (void )
```

### Function description

Clear the SYNC warning flag.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR SYNCWARNC LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_SYNCWARN

## LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_ERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_ClearFlag_ERR (void )
```

### Function description

Clear TRIMOVF, SYNCMISS and SYNCERR bits and consequently also the ERR flag.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ERRC LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_ERR

## LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_ESYNC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_ClearFlag_ESYNC (void )
```

### Function description

Clear Expected SYNC flag.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ESYNCC LL\_CRS\_ClearFlag\_ESYNC

## LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_SYNCOK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_EnableIT_SYNCOK (void )
```

### Function description

Enable SYNC event OK interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SYNCOKIE LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_SYNCOK

## LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_SYNCOK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_DisableIT_SYNCOK (void )
```

### Function description

Disable SYNC event OK interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SYNCOKIE LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_SYNCOK

## LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_SYNCOK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_SYNCOK (void )
```

### Function description

Check if SYNC event OK interrupt is enabled or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SYNCOKIE LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_SYNCOK

## LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_SYNCWARN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_EnableIT_SYNCWARN (void )
```

### Function description

Enable SYNC warning interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SYNCWARNIE LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_SYNCWARN



## LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_SYNCWARN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_DisableIT_SYNCWARN (void )
```

### Function description

Disable SYNC warning interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SYNCWARNIE LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_SYNCWARN

## LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_SYNCWARN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_SYNCWARN (void )
```

### Function description

Check if SYNC warning interrupt is enabled or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SYNCWARNIE LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_SYNCWARN

## LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_ERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_EnableIT_ERR (void )
```

### Function description

Enable Synchronization or trimming error interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ERRIE LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_ERR

## LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_ERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_DisableIT_ERR (void )
```

### Function description

Disable Synchronization or trimming error interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ERRIE LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_ERR

## LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_ERR (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Synchronization or trimming error interrupt is enabled or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_ERRIE LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

## LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_ESYNC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_EnableIT_ESYNC (void )
```

### Function description

Enable Expected SYNC interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_ESYNCIE LL\_CRS\_EnableIT\_ESYNC

## LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_ESYNC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_CRS_DisableIT_ESYNC (void )
```

### Function description

Disable Expected SYNC interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_ESYNCIE LL\_CRS\_DisableIT\_ESYNC

## LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_ESYNC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_ESYNC (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Expected SYNC interrupt is enabled or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_ESYNCIE LL\_CRS\_IsEnabledIT\_ESYNC

## LL\_CRS\_DeInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_CRS\_DeInit (void )

### Function description

De-Initializes CRS peripheral registers to their default reset values.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: CRS registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## 61.2 CRS Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 61.2.1 CRS

CRS

#### Default Values

#### LL\_CRS\_RELOADVALUE\_DEFAULT

##### Notes:

- The reset value of the RELOAD field corresponds to a target frequency of 48 MHz and a synchronization signal frequency of 1 kHz (SOF signal from USB)

#### LL\_CRS\_ERRORLIMIT\_DEFAULT

#### LL\_CRS\_HSI48CALIBRATION\_DEFAULT

##### Notes:

- The default value is 32, which corresponds to the middle of the trimming interval. The trimming step is around 67 kHz between two consecutive TRIM steps. A higher TRIM value corresponds to a higher output frequency

#### Frequency Error Direction

#### LL\_CRS\_FREQ\_ERROR\_DIR\_UP

Upcounting direction, the actual frequency is above the target

#### LL\_CRS\_FREQ\_ERROR\_DIR\_DOWN

Downcounting direction, the actual frequency is below the target

#### Get Flags Defines

#### LL\_CRS\_ISR\_SYNCOKF

#### LL\_CRS\_ISR\_SYNCWARNF

#### LL\_CRS\_ISR\_ERRF

#### LL\_CRS\_ISR\_ESYNCF

#### LL\_CRS\_ISR\_SYNCERR

#### LL\_CRS\_ISR\_SYNCMISS

LL\_CRS\_ISR\_TRIMOVF

**IT Defines**

LL\_CRS\_CR\_SYNCOKIE

LL\_CRS\_CR\_SYNCWARNIE

LL\_CRS\_CR\_ERRIE

LL\_CRS\_CR\_ESYNCIE

**Synchronization Signal Divider**

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_1

Synchro Signal not divided (default)

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_2

Synchro Signal divided by 2

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_4

Synchro Signal divided by 4

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_8

Synchro Signal divided by 8

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_16

Synchro Signal divided by 16

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_32

Synchro Signal divided by 32

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_64

Synchro Signal divided by 64

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_DIV\_128

Synchro Signal divided by 128

**Synchronization Signal Polarity**

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_RISING

Synchro Active on rising edge (default)

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_POLARITY\_FALLING

Synchro Active on falling edge

**Synchronization Signal Source**

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_GPIO

Synchro Signal source GPIO

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_LSE

Synchro Signal source LSE

LL\_CRS\_SYNC\_SOURCE\_USB

Synchro Signal source USB SOF (default)

### Exported\_Macros\_Calculate\_Reload

#### \_\_LL\_CRS\_CALC\_CALCULATE\_RELOADVALUE

##### Description:

- Macro to calculate reload value to be set in CRS register according to target and sync frequencies.

##### Parameters:

- `__FTARGET__`: Target frequency (value in Hz)
- `__FSYNC__`: Synchronization signal frequency (value in Hz)

##### Return value:

- Reload: value (in Hz)

##### Notes:

- The RELOAD value should be selected according to the ratio between the target frequency and the frequency of the synchronization source after prescaling. It is then decreased by one in order to reach the expected synchronization on the zero value. The formula is the following:  $RELOAD = (fTARGET / fSYNC) - 1$

### Common Write and read registers Macros

#### LL\_CRS\_WriteReg

##### Description:

- Write a value in CRS register.

##### Parameters:

- `__INSTANCE__`: CRS Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

##### Return value:

- None

#### LL\_CRS\_ReadReg

##### Description:

- Read a value in CRS register.

##### Parameters:

- `__INSTANCE__`: CRS Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

##### Return value:

- Register: value

## 62 LL DAC Generic Driver

### 62.1 DAC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 62.1.1 LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_dac.h

Data Fields

- **uint32\_t TriggerSource**
- **uint32\_t WaveAutoGeneration**
- **uint32\_t WaveAutoGenerationConfig**
- **uint32\_t OutputBuffer**

Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef::TriggerSource**  
Set the conversion trigger source for the selected DAC channel: internal (SW start) or from external IP (timer event, external interrupt line). This parameter can be a value of **DAC\_LL\_EC\_TRIGGER\_SOURCE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_DAC\_SetTriggerSource()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef::WaveAutoGeneration**  
Set the waveform automatic generation mode for the selected DAC channel. This parameter can be a value of **DAC\_LL\_EC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_MODE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_DAC\_SetWaveAutoGeneration()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef::WaveAutoGenerationConfig**  
Set the waveform automatic generation mode for the selected DAC channel. If waveform automatic generation mode is set to noise, this parameter can be a value of **DAC\_LL\_EC\_WAVE\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS**. If waveform automatic generation mode is set to triangle, this parameter can be a value of **DAC\_LL\_EC\_WAVE\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE**.  
**Note:**
  - If waveform automatic generation mode is disabled, this parameter is discarded.This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_DAC\_SetWaveNoiseLFSR()** or **LL\_DAC\_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude()**, depending on the wave automatic generation selected.
- **uint32\_t LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef::OutputBuffer**  
Set the output buffer for the selected DAC channel. This parameter can be a value of **DAC\_LL\_EC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_DAC\_SetOutputBuffer()**.

### 62.2 DAC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the DAC library.

#### 62.2.1 Detailed description of functions

**LL\_DAC\_SetTriggerSource**

Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_SetTriggerSource (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel, uint32_t TriggerSource)
```

Function description

Set the conversion trigger source for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **TriggerSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_CH3
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM6\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM7\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_EXTI\_LINE9

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- For conversion trigger source to be effective, DAC trigger must be enabled using function LL\_DAC\_EnableTrigger().
- To set conversion trigger source, DAC channel must be disabled. Otherwise, the setting is discarded.
- Availability of parameters of trigger sources from timer depends on timers availability on the selected device.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSEL1 LL\_DAC\_SetTriggerSource
- CR TSEL2 LL\_DAC\_SetTriggerSource

## LL\_DAC\_GetTriggerSource

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DAC\_GetTriggerSource (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx, uint32\_t DAC\_Channel)**

## Function description

Get the conversion trigger source for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_CH3
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM6\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM7\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_TRGO
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_EXTI\_LINE9

## Notes

- For conversion trigger source to be effective, DAC trigger must be enabled using function LL\_DAC\_EnableTrigger().
- Availability of parameters of trigger sources from timer depends on timers availability on the selected device.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSEL1 LL\_DAC\_GetTriggerSource
- CR TSEL2 LL\_DAC\_GetTriggerSource

## LL\_DAC\_SetWaveAutoGeneration

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_SetWaveAutoGeneration (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel, uint32_t WaveAutoGeneration)
```

### Function description

Set the waveform automatic generation mode for the selected DAC channel.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **WaveAutoGeneration:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_NONE
  - LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_NOISE
  - LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_TRIANGLE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WAVE1 LL\_DAC\_SetWaveAutoGeneration
- CR WAVE2 LL\_DAC\_SetWaveAutoGeneration

## LL\_DAC\_GetWaveAutoGeneration

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_GetWaveAutoGeneration (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```



## Function description

Get the waveform automatic generation mode for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_NONE
  - LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_NOISE
  - LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_TRIANGLE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WAVE1 LL\_DAC\_GetWaveAutoGeneration
- CR WAVE2 LL\_DAC\_GetWaveAutoGeneration

## LL\_DAC\_SetWaveNoiseLFSR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_SetWaveNoiseLFSR (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel, uint32_t NoiseLFSRMask)
```

## Function description

Set the noise waveform generation for the selected DAC channel: Noise mode and parameters LFSR (linear feedback shift register).

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **NoiseLFSRMask:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BIT0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS1\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS2\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS3\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS4\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS5\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS6\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS7\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS8\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS9\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS10\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS11\_0

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- For wave generation to be effective, DAC channel wave generation mode must be enabled using function LL\_DAC\_SetWaveAutoGeneration().
- This setting can be set when the selected DAC channel is disabled (otherwise, the setting operation is ignored).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MAMP1 LL\_DAC\_SetWaveNoiseLFSR
- CR MAMP2 LL\_DAC\_SetWaveNoiseLFSR

### LL\_DAC\_GetWaveNoiseLFSR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_GetWaveNoiseLFSR (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Set the noise waveform generation for the selected DAC channel: Noise mode and parameters LFSR (linear feedback shift register).

## Parameters

- DACx:** DAC instance
- DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BIT0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS1\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS2\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS3\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS4\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS5\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS6\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS7\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS8\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS9\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS10\_0
  - LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS11\_0

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MAMP1 LL\_DAC\_GetWaveNoiseLFSR
- CR MAMP2 LL\_DAC\_GetWaveNoiseLFSR

### LL\_DAC\_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel, uint32_t TriangleAmplitude)
```

## Function description

Set the triangle waveform generation for the selected DAC channel: triangle mode and amplitude.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **TriangleAmplitude:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_3
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_7
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_15
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_31
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_63
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_127
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_255
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_511
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_1023
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_2047
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_4095

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- For wave generation to be effective, DAC channel wave generation mode must be enabled using function LL\_DAC\_SetWaveAutoGeneration().
- This setting can be set when the selected DAC channel is disabled (otherwise, the setting operation is ignored).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MAMP1 LL\_DAC\_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude
- CR MAMP2 LL\_DAC\_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude

### LL\_DAC\_GetWaveTriangleAmplitude

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DAC\_GetWaveTriangleAmplitude (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx, uint32\_t DAC\_Channel)**

## Function description

Set the triangle waveform generation for the selected DAC channel: triangle mode and amplitude.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_3
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_7
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_15
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_31
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_63
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_127
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_255
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_511
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_1023
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_2047
  - LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_4095

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MAMP1 LL\_DAC\_GetWaveTriangleAmplitude
- CR MAMP2 LL\_DAC\_GetWaveTriangleAmplitude

### LL\_DAC\_SetOutputBuffer

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_SetOutputBuffer (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel,
uint32_t OutputBuffer)
```

## Function description

Set the output buffer for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **OutputBuffer:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_ENABLE
  - LL\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_DISABLE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BOFF1 LL\_DAC\_SetOutputBuffer
- CR BOFF2 LL\_DAC\_SetOutputBuffer

### LL\_DAC\_GetOutputBuffer

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_GetOutputBuffer (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Get the output buffer state for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_ENABLE
  - LL\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_DISABLE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BOFF1 LL\_DAC\_GetOutputBuffer
- CR BOFF2 LL\_DAC\_GetOutputBuffer

### LL\_DAC\_EnableDMAReq

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_EnableDMAReq (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Enable DAC DMA transfer request of the selected channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- To configure DMA source address (peripheral address), use function LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAEN1 LL\_DAC\_EnableDMAReq
- CR DMAEN2 LL\_DAC\_EnableDMAReq

### LL\_DAC\_DisableDMAReq

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_DisableDMAReq (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Disable DAC DMA transfer request of the selected channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- To configure DMA source address (peripheral address), use function LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAEN1 LL\_DAC\_DisableDMAReq
- CR DMAEN2 LL\_DAC\_DisableDMAReq

### LL\_DAC\_IsDMAReqEnabled

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsDMAReqEnabled (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Get DAC DMA transfer request state of the selected channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAEN1 LL\_DAC\_IsDMAReqEnabled
- CR DMAEN2 LL\_DAC\_IsDMAReqEnabled

### LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel, uint32_t Register)
```

## Function description

Function to help to configure DMA transfer to DAC: retrieve the DAC register address from DAC instance and a list of DAC registers intended to be used (most commonly) with DMA transfer.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **Register:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_12BITS\_RIGHT\_ALIGNED
  - LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_12BITS\_LEFT\_ALIGNED
  - LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_8BITS\_RIGHT\_ALIGNED

## Return values

- **DAC:** register address

## Notes

- These DAC registers are data holding registers: when DAC conversion is requested, DAC generates a DMA transfer request to have data available in DAC data holding registers.
- This macro is intended to be used with LL DMA driver, refer to function "LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses()". Example: LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses(DMA1, LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1, (uint32\_t)< array or variable >, LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr(DAC1, LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1, LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_12BITS\_RIGHT\_ALIGNED), LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH);

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR12R1 DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- DHR12L1 DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- DHR8R1 DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- DHR12R2 DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- DHR12L2 DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- DHR8R2 DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

## LL\_DAC\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_Enable (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

### Function description

Enable DAC selected channel.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- After enable from off state, DAC channel requires a delay for output voltage to reach accuracy +/- 1 LSB. Refer to device datasheet, parameter "tWAKEUP".

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR EN1 LL\_DAC\_Enable
- CR EN2 LL\_DAC\_Enable

#### LL\_DAC\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_Disable (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

#### Function description

Disable DAC selected channel.

#### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR EN1 LL\_DAC\_Disable
- CR EN2 LL\_DAC\_Disable

#### LL\_DAC\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsEnabled (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

#### Function description

Get DAC enable state of the selected channel.

#### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR EN1 LL\_DAC\_IsEnabled
- CR EN2 LL\_DAC\_IsEnabled

#### LL\_DAC\_EnableTrigger

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_EnableTrigger (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```



## Function description

Enable DAC trigger of the selected channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- - If DAC trigger is disabled, DAC conversion is performed automatically once the data holding register is updated, using functions "LL\_DAC\_ConvertData{8; 12}{Right; Left} Aligned()": LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12RightAligned(), ... If DAC trigger is enabled, DAC conversion is performed only when a hardware or software trigger event is occurring. Select trigger source using function LL\_DAC\_SetTriggerSource().

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TEN1 LL\_DAC\_EnableTrigger
- CR TEN2 LL\_DAC\_EnableTrigger

### LL\_DAC\_DisableTrigger

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_DisableTrigger (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Disable DAC trigger of the selected channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TEN1 LL\_DAC\_DisableTrigger
- CR TEN2 LL\_DAC\_DisableTrigger

### LL\_DAC\_IsTriggerEnabled

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsTriggerEnabled (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Get DAC trigger state of the selected channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_TEN1 LL\_DAC\_IsTriggerEnabled
- CR\_TEN2 LL\_DAC\_IsTriggerEnabled

### LL\_DAC\_TrigSWConversion

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_TrigSWConversion (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

## Function description

Trig DAC conversion by software for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Preliminarily, DAC trigger must be set to software trigger using function LL\_DAC\_SetTriggerSource() with parameter "LL\_DAC\_TRIGGER\_SOFTWARE". and DAC trigger must be enabled using function LL\_DAC\_EnableTrigger().
- For devices featuring DAC with 2 channels: this function can perform a SW start of both DAC channels simultaneously. Two channels can be selected as parameter. Example: (LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1 | LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SWTRIGR\_SWTRIG1 LL\_DAC\_TrigSWConversion
- SWTRIGR\_SWTRIG2 LL\_DAC\_TrigSWConversion

### LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12RightAligned

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ConvertData12RightAligned (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel, uint32_t Data)
```

## Function description

Set the data to be loaded in the data holding register in format 12 bits left alignment (LSB aligned on bit 0), for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **Data:** Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR12R1 DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12RightAligned
- DHR12R2 DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12RightAligned

### LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12LeftAligned

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ConvertData12LeftAligned (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t  
DAC_Channel, uint32_t Data)
```

## Function description

Set the data to be loaded in the data holding register in format 12 bits left alignment (MSB aligned on bit 15), for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **Data:** Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR12L1 DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12LeftAligned
- DHR12L2 DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12LeftAligned

### LL\_DAC\_ConvertData8RightAligned

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ConvertData8RightAligned (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t  
DAC_Channel, uint32_t Data)
```

## Function description

Set the data to be loaded in the data holding register in format 8 bits left alignment (LSB aligned on bit 0), for the selected DAC channel.

## Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)
 (1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **Data**: Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR8R1 DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertData8RightAligned
- DHR8R2 DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertData8RightAligned

### LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData12RightAligned

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ConvertDualData12RightAligned (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DataChannel1, uint32_t DataChannel2)
```

## Function description

Set the data to be loaded in the data holding register in format 12 bits left alignment (LSB aligned on bit 0), for both DAC channels.

## Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance
- **DataChannel1**: Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF
- **DataChannel2**: Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR12RD DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData12RightAligned
- DHR12RD DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData12RightAligned

### LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData12LeftAligned

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ConvertDualData12LeftAligned (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DataChannel1, uint32_t DataChannel2)
```

## Function description

Set the data to be loaded in the data holding register in format 12 bits left alignment (MSB aligned on bit 15), for both DAC channels.

## Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance
- **DataChannel1**: Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF
- **DataChannel2**: Value between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR12LD DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData12LeftAligned
- DHR12LD DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData12LeftAligned

#### LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData8RightAligned

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ConvertDualData8RightAligned (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t
DataChannel1, uint32_t DataChannel2)
```

#### Function description

Set the data to be loaded in the data holding register in format 8 bits left alignment (LSB aligned on bit 0), for both DAC channels.

#### Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance
- **DataChannel1**: Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF
- **DataChannel2**: Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DHR8RD DACC1DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData8RightAligned
- DHR8RD DACC2DHR LL\_DAC\_ConvertDualData8RightAligned

#### LL\_DAC\_RetrieveOutputData

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_RetrieveOutputData (DAC_TypeDef * DACx, uint32_t DAC_Channel)
```

#### Function description

Retrieve output data currently generated for the selected DAC channel.

#### Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x000 and Max\_Data=0xFFF

#### Notes

- Whatever alignment and resolution settings (using functions "LL\_DAC\_ConvertData{8; 12}{Right; Left} Aligned()": LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12RightAligned(), ...), output data format is 12 bits right aligned (LSB aligned on bit 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DOR1 DACC1DOR LL\_DAC\_RetrieveOutputData
- DOR2 DACC2DOR LL\_DAC\_RetrieveOutputData

## LL\_DAC\_IsActiveFlag\_DMAUDR1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsActiveFlag_DMAUDR1 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

### Function description

Get DAC underrun flag for DAC channel 1.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR DMAUDR1 LL\_DAC\_IsActiveFlag\_DMAUDR1

## LL\_DAC\_IsActiveFlag\_DMAUDR2

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsActiveFlag_DMAUDR2 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

### Function description

Get DAC underrun flag for DAC channel 2.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR DMAUDR2 LL\_DAC\_IsActiveFlag\_DMAUDR2

## LL\_DAC\_ClearFlag\_DMAUDR1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ClearFlag_DMAUDR1 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

### Function description

Clear DAC underrun flag for DAC channel 1.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR DMAUDR1 LL\_DAC\_ClearFlag\_DMAUDR1

## LL\_DAC\_ClearFlag\_DMAUDR2

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_ClearFlag_DMAUDR2 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

### Function description

Clear DAC underrun flag for DAC channel 2.

### Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR DMAUDR2 LL\_DAC\_ClearFlag\_DMAUDR2

**LL\_DAC\_EnableIT\_DMAUDR1**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DAC\_EnableIT\_DMAUDR1 (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx)**

### Function description

Enable DMA underrun interrupt for DAC channel 1.

### Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAUDRIE1 LL\_DAC\_EnableIT\_DMAUDR1

**LL\_DAC\_EnableIT\_DMAUDR2**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DAC\_EnableIT\_DMAUDR2 (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx)**

### Function description

Enable DMA underrun interrupt for DAC channel 2.

### Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAUDRIE2 LL\_DAC\_EnableIT\_DMAUDR2

**LL\_DAC\_DisableIT\_DMAUDR1**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DAC\_DisableIT\_DMAUDR1 (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx)**

### Function description

Disable DMA underrun interrupt for DAC channel 1.

### Parameters

- **DACx**: DAC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAUDRIE1 LL\_DAC\_DisableIT\_DMAUDR1

#### LL\_DAC\_DisableIT\_DMAUDR2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DAC_DisableIT_DMAUDR2 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

#### Function description

Disable DMA underrun interrupt for DAC channel 2.

#### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAUDRIE2 LL\_DAC\_DisableIT\_DMAUDR2

#### LL\_DAC\_IsEnabledIT\_DMAUDR1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsEnabledIT_DMAUDR1 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

#### Function description

Get DMA underrun interrupt for DAC channel 1.

#### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAUDRIE1 LL\_DAC\_IsEnabledIT\_DMAUDR1

#### LL\_DAC\_IsEnabledIT\_DMAUDR2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DAC_IsEnabledIT_DMAUDR2 (DAC_TypeDef * DACx)
```

#### Function description

Get DMA underrun interrupt for DAC channel 2.

#### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DMAUDRIE2 LL\_DAC\_IsEnabledIT\_DMAUDR2



## LL\_DAC\_DeInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_DAC\_DeInit (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx)

### Function description

De-initialize registers of the selected DAC instance to their default reset values.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: DAC registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## LL\_DAC\_Init

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_DAC\_Init (DAC\_TypeDef \* DACx, uint32\_t DAC\_Channel, LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef \* DAC\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Initialize some features of DAC instance.

### Parameters

- **DACx:** DAC instance
- **DAC\_Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

(1) On this STM32 series, parameter not available on all devices. Refer to device datasheet for channels availability.
- **DAC\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef structure

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: DAC registers are initialized
  - ERROR: DAC registers are not initialized

### Notes

- The setting of these parameters by function LL\_DAC\_Init() is conditioned to DAC state: DAC instance must be disabled.

## LL\_DAC\_StructInit

### Function name

**void** LL\_DAC\_StructInit (LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef \* DAC\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Set each LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **DAC\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_DAC\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

## 62.3 DAC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 62.3.1 DAC

DAC

#### **DAC channels**

#### LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1

DAC channel 1

#### LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2

DAC channel 2

#### **DAC flags**

#### LL\_DAC\_FLAG\_DMAUDR1

DAC channel 1 flag DMA underrun

#### LL\_DAC\_FLAG\_DMAUDR2

DAC channel 2 flag DMA underrun

#### **Definitions of DAC hardware constraints delays**

#### LL\_DAC\_DELAY\_STARTUP\_VOLTAGE\_SETTLING\_US

Delay for DAC channel voltage settling time from DAC channel startup (transition from disable to enable)

#### LL\_DAC\_DELAY\_VOLTAGE\_SETTLING\_US

Delay for DAC channel voltage settling time

#### **DAC interruptions**

#### LL\_DAC\_IT\_DMAUDRIE1

DAC channel 1 interruption DMA underrun

#### LL\_DAC\_IT\_DMAUDRIE2

DAC channel 2 interruption DMA underrun

#### **DAC channel output buffer**

#### LL\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_ENABLE

The selected DAC channel output is buffered: higher drive current capability, but also higher current consumption

#### LL\_DAC\_OUTPUT\_BUFFER\_DISABLE

The selected DAC channel output is not buffered: lower drive current capability, but also lower current consumption

#### **DAC registers compliant with specific purpose**

#### LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_12BITS\_RIGHT\_ALIGNED

DAC channel data holding register 12 bits right aligned

#### LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_12BITS\_LEFT\_ALIGNED

DAC channel data holding register 12 bits left aligned

#### LL\_DAC\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_8BITS\_RIGHT\_ALIGNED

DAC channel data holding register 8 bits right aligned

### ***DAC channel output resolution***

#### **LL\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_12B**

DAC channel resolution 12 bits

#### **LL\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_8B**

DAC channel resolution 8 bits

### ***DAC trigger source***

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_SOFTWARE**

DAC channel conversion trigger internal (SW start)

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM2\_TRGO**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: TIM2 TRGO.

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_TRGO**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: TIM3 TRGO.

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM3\_CH3**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: TIM3 CH3 event.

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM6\_TRGO**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: TIM6 TRGO.

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM7\_TRGO**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: TIM7 TRGO.

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_TIM21\_TRGO**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: TIM21 TRGO.

#### **LL\_DAC\_TRIG\_EXT\_EXTI\_LINE9**

DAC channel conversion trigger from external IP: external interrupt line 9.

### ***DAC waveform automatic generation mode***

#### **LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_NONE**

DAC channel wave auto generation mode disabled.

#### **LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_NOISE**

DAC channel wave auto generation mode enabled, set generated noise waveform.

#### **LL\_DAC\_WAVE\_AUTO\_GENERATION\_TRIANGLE**

DAC channel wave auto generation mode enabled, set generated triangle waveform.

### ***DAC wave generation - Noise LFSR unmask bits***

#### **LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BIT0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bit0, for the selected DAC channel

#### **LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS1\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[1:0], for the selected DAC channel

#### **LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS2\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[2:0], for the selected DAC channel

#### **LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS3\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[3:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS4\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[4:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS5\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[5:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS6\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[6:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS7\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[7:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS8\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[8:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS9\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[9:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS10\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[10:0], for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_NOISE\_LFSR\_UNMASK\_BITS11\_0**

Noise wave generation, unmask LFSR bits[11:0], for the selected DAC channel

***DAC wave generation - Triangle amplitude*****LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_1**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 1 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_3**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 3 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_7**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 7 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_15**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 15 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_31**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 31 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_63**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 63 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_127**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 127 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_255**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 255 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_511**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 512 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_1023**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 1023 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

**LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_2047**

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 2047 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

## LL\_DAC\_TRIANGLE\_AMPLITUDE\_4095

Triangle wave generation, amplitude of 4095 LSB of DAC output range, for the selected DAC channel

### DAC helper macro

## \_\_LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_TO\_DECIMAL\_NB

#### Description:

- Helper macro to get DAC channel number in decimal format from literals LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_x.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

#### Return value:

- 1...2: (value "2" depending on DAC channel 2 availability)

#### Notes:

- The input can be a value from functions where a channel number is returned.

## \_\_LL\_DAC\_DECIMAL\_NB\_TO\_CHANNEL

#### Description:

- Helper macro to get DAC channel in literal format LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_x from number in decimal format.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_DECIMAL\_NB\_\_: 1...2 (value "2" depending on DAC channel 2 availability)

#### Return value:

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DAC\_CHANNEL\_2 (1)

#### Notes:

- If the input parameter does not correspond to a DAC channel, this macro returns value '0'.

## \_\_LL\_DAC\_DIGITAL\_SCALE

#### Description:

- Helper macro to define the DAC conversion data full-scale digital value corresponding to the selected DAC resolution.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_8B

#### Return value:

- ADC: conversion data equivalent voltage value (unit: mV)

#### Notes:

- DAC conversion data full-scale corresponds to voltage range determined by analog voltage references Vref+ and Vref- (refer to reference manual).

## \_\_LL\_DAC\_CALC\_VOLTAGE\_TO\_DATA

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the DAC conversion data (unit: digital value) corresponding to a voltage (unit: mVolt).

### Parameters:

- \_\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE\_\_: Analog reference voltage (unit: mV)
- \_\_DAC\_VOLTAGE\_\_: Voltage to be generated by DAC channel (unit: mVolt).
- \_\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_12B
  - LL\_DAC\_RESOLUTION\_8B

### Return value:

- DAC: conversion data (unit: digital value)

### Notes:

- This helper macro is intended to provide input data in voltage rather than digital value, to be used with LL DAC functions such as LL\_DAC\_ConvertData12RightAligned(). Analog reference voltage (Vref+) must be either known from user board environment or can be calculated using ADC measurement and ADC helper macro \_\_LL\_ADC\_CALC\_VREFANALOG\_VOLTAGE().

## Common write and read registers macros

### LL\_DAC\_WriteReg

#### Description:

- Write a value in DAC register.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: DAC Instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be written
- \_\_VALUE\_\_: Value to be written in the register

#### Return value:

- None

### LL\_DAC\_ReadReg

#### Description:

- Read a value in DAC register.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: DAC Instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be read

#### Return value:

- Register: value

## 63 LL DMA Generic Driver

### 63.1 DMA Firmware driver registers structures

#### 63.1.1 LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_dma.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t PeriphOrM2MSrcAddress**
- **uint32\_t MemoryOrM2MDstAddress**
- **uint32\_t Direction**
- **uint32\_t Mode**
- **uint32\_t PeriphOrM2MSrcIncMode**
- **uint32\_t MemoryOrM2MDstIncMode**
- **uint32\_t PeriphOrM2MSrcDataSize**
- **uint32\_t MemoryOrM2MDstDataSize**
- **uint32\_t NbData**
- **uint32\_t PeriphRequest**
- **uint32\_t Priority**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::PeriphOrM2MSrcAddress**  
Specifies the peripheral base address for DMA transfer or as Source base address in case of memory to memory transfer direction. This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF.
- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::MemoryOrM2MDstAddress**  
Specifies the memory base address for DMA transfer or as Destination base address in case of memory to memory transfer direction. This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF.
- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::Direction**  
Specifies if the data will be transferred from memory to peripheral, from memory to memory or from peripheral to memory. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_LL\\_EC\\_DIRECTION](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_DMA\\_SetDataTransferDirection\(\)](#).
- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::Mode**  
Specifies the normal or circular operation mode. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_LL\\_EC\\_MODE](#)  
**Note:**  
– : The circular buffer mode cannot be used if the memory to memory data transfer direction is configured on the selected Channel  
This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_DMA\\_SetMode\(\)](#).
- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::PeriphOrM2MSrcIncMode**  
Specifies whether the Peripheral address or Source address in case of memory to memory transfer direction is incremented or not. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_LL\\_EC\\_PERIPH](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_DMA\\_SetPeriphIncMode\(\)](#).
- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::MemoryOrM2MDstIncMode**  
Specifies whether the Memory address or Destination address in case of memory to memory transfer direction is incremented or not. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_LL\\_EC\\_MEMORY](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_DMA\\_SetMemoryIncMode\(\)](#).
- **uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef::PeriphOrM2MSrcDataSize**  
Specifies the Peripheral data size alignment or Source data size alignment (byte, half word, word) in case of memory to memory transfer direction. This parameter can be a value of [DMA\\_LL\\_EC\\_PDATAALIGN](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_DMA\\_SetPeriphSize\(\)](#).

- **`uint32_t LL_DMA_InitTypeDef::MemoryOrM2MDstDataSize`**  
Specifies the Memory data size alignment or Destination data size alignment (byte, half word, word) in case of memory to memory transfer direction. This parameter can be a value of `DMA_LL_EC_MDATAALIGN`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_DMA_SetMemorySize()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_DMA_InitTypeDef::NbData`**  
Specifies the number of data to transfer, in data unit. The data unit is equal to the source buffer configuration set in `PeripheralSize` or `MemorySize` parameters depending in the transfer direction. This parameter must be a value between `Min_Data = 0` and `Max_Data = 0x0000FFFF`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_DMA_SetDataLength()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_DMA_InitTypeDef::PeriphRequest`**  
Specifies the peripheral request. This parameter can be a value of `DMA_LL_EC_REQUEST`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_DMA_InitTypeDef::Priority`**  
Specifies the channel priority level. This parameter can be a value of `DMA_LL_EC_PRIORITY`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_DMA_SetChannelPriorityLevel()`.

## 63.2 DMA Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the DMA library.

### 63.2.1 Detailed description of functions

#### LL\_DMA\_EnableChannel

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_EnableChannel (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

##### Function description

Enable DMA channel.

##### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_1`
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_2`
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_3`
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_4`
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_5`
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_6`
  - `LL_DMA_CHANNEL_7`

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR EN `LL_DMA_EnableChannel`

#### LL\_DMA\_DisableChannel

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_DisableChannel (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

##### Function description

Disable DMA channel.



## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR EN LL\_DMA\_DisableChannel

### LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledChannel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsEnabledChannel (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Check if DMA channel is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR EN LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledChannel

### LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Configuration)
```

## Function description

Configure all parameters link to DMA transfer.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **Configuration:** This parameter must be a combination of all the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY or LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH or LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY
  - LL\_DMA\_MODE\_NORMAL or LL\_DMA\_MODE\_CIRCULAR
  - LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_INCREMENT or LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_NOINCREMENT
  - LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_INCREMENT or LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_NOINCREMENT
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_BYTE or LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD or LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_WORD
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_BYTE or LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD or LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_WORD
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_LOW or LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_MEDIUM or LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_HIGH or LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_VERYHIGH

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR DIR LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR MEM2MEM LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR CIRC LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR PINC LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR MINC LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR PSIZE LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR MSIZE LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer
- CCR PL LL\_DMA\_ConfigTransfer

## LL\_DMA\_SetDataTransferDirection

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetDataTransferDirection (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel,
uint32_t Direction)
```

### Function description

Set Data transfer direction (read from peripheral or from memory).

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **Direction:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR DIR LL\_DMA\_SetDataTransferDirection
- CCR MEM2MEM LL\_DMA\_SetDataTransferDirection

## LL\_DMA\_GetDataTransferDirection

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_GetDataTransferDirection (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Get Data transfer direction (read from peripheral or from memory).

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR DIR LL\_DMA\_GetDataTransferDirection
- CCR MEM2MEM LL\_DMA\_GetDataTransferDirection

## LL\_DMA\_SetMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetMode (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Mode)
```

### Function description

Set DMA mode circular or normal.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **Mode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_MODE\_NORMAL
  - LL\_DMA\_MODE\_CIRCULAR

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The circular buffer mode cannot be used if the memory-to-memory data transfer is configured on the selected Channel.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR CIRC LL\_DMA\_SetMode

## LL\_DMA\_GetMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetMode (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get DMA mode circular or normal.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_MODE\_NORMAL
  - LL\_DMA\_MODE\_CIRCULAR

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR CIRC LL\_DMA\_GetMode

### LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphIncMode

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphIncMode (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel, uint32\_t PeriphOrM2MSrcIncMode)**

### Function description

Set Peripheral increment mode.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **PeriphOrM2MSrcIncMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_INCREMENT
  - LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_NOINCREMENT

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PINC LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphIncMode

### LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphIncMode

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphIncMode (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Get Peripheral increment mode.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_INCREMENT
  - LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_NOINCREMENT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PINC LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphIncMode

### LL\_DMA\_SetMemoryIncMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetMemoryIncMode (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t MemoryOrM2MDstIncMode)
```

## Function description

Set Memory increment mode.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **MemoryOrM2MDstIncMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_INCREMENT
  - LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_NOINCREMENT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR MINC LL\_DMA\_SetMemoryIncMode

### LL\_DMA\_GetMemoryIncMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetMemoryIncMode (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Get Memory increment mode.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_INCREMENT
  - LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_NOINCREMENT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR MINC LL\_DMA\_GetMemoryIncMode

## LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphSize

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetPeriphSize (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t PeriphOrM2MSrcDataSize)
```

## Function description

Set Peripheral size.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **PeriphOrM2MSrcDataSize:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_BYTE
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_WORD

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PSIZE LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphSize

## LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphSize

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetPeriphSize (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get Peripheral size.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_BYTE
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD
  - LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_WORD

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PSIZE LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphSize

## LL\_DMA\_SetMemorySize

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetMemorySize (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t MemoryOrM2MDstDataSize)
```

### Function description

Set Memory size.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **MemoryOrM2MDstDataSize:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_BYTE
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_WORD



#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR MSIZE LL\_DMA\_SetMemorySize

#### LL\_DMA\_GetMemorySize

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetMemorySize (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

#### Function description

Get Memory size.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_BYTE
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD
  - LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_WORD

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR MSIZE LL\_DMA\_GetMemorySize

#### LL\_DMA\_SetChannelPriorityLevel

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetChannelPriorityLevel (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Priority)
```

#### Function description

Set Channel priority level.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **Priority:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_LOW
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_MEDIUM
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_VERYHIGH

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PL LL\_DMA\_SetChannelPriorityLevel

## LL\_DMA\_GetChannelPriorityLevel

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetChannelPriorityLevel (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)`

## Function description

Get Channel priority level.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_LOW
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_MEDIUM
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_VERYHIGH

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR PL LL\_DMA\_GetChannelPriorityLevel

## LL\_DMA\_SetDataLength

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetDataLength (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t NbData)
```

### Function description

Set Number of data to transfer.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **NbData:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0x0000FFFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This action has no effect if channel is enabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CNDTR NDT LL\_DMA\_SetDataLength

## LL\_DMA\_GetDataLength

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetDataLength (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get Number of data to transfer.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

### Notes

- Once the channel is enabled, the return value indicate the remaining bytes to be transmitted.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CNDTR NDT LL\_DMA\_GetDataLength

#### LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ConfigAddresses (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t SrcAddress, uint32_t DstAddress, uint32_t Direction)
```

#### Function description

Configure the Source and Destination addresses.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **SrcAddress:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF
- **DstAddress:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF
- **Direction:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH
  - LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This API must not be called when the DMA channel is enabled.
- Each IP using DMA provides an API to get directly the register address (LL\_PPP\_DMA\_GetRegAddr).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CPAR PA LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses
- CMAR MA LL\_DMA\_ConfigAddresses

#### LL\_DMA\_SetMemoryAddress

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetMemoryAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t MemoryAddress)
```

#### Function description

Set the Memory address.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **MemoryAddress:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY or LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH only.
- This API must not be called when the DMA channel is enabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CMAR MA LL\_DMA\_SetMemoryAddress

## LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphAddress

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetPeriphAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t PeriphAddress)
```

## Function description

Set the Peripheral address.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **PeriphAddress:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY or LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH only.
- This API must not be called when the DMA channel is enabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CPAR PA LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphAddress

## LL\_DMA\_GetMemoryAddress

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetMemoryAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get Memory address.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

### Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY or LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH only.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CMAR MA LL\_DMA\_GetMemoryAddress

## LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphAddress

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetPeriphAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get Peripheral address.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

### Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY or LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH only.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CPAR PA LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphAddress

#### LL\_DMA\_SetM2MSrcAddress

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetM2MSrcAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t MemoryAddress)
```

#### Function description

Set the Memory to Memory Source address.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **MemoryAddress:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY only.
- This API must not be called when the DMA channel is enabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CPAR PA LL\_DMA\_SetM2MDstAddress

#### LL\_DMA\_SetM2MDstAddress

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetM2MDstAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t MemoryAddress)
```

#### Function description

Set the Memory to Memory Destination address.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **MemoryAddress:** Between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY only.
- This API must not be called when the DMA channel is enabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CMAR MA LL\_DMA\_SetM2MDstAddress

## LL\_DMA\_GetM2MSrcAddress

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetM2MSrcAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Get the Memory to Memory Source address.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

## Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY only.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CPAR PA LL\_DMA\_GetM2MSrcAddress

## LL\_DMA\_GetM2MDstAddress

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetM2MDstAddress (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Get the Memory to Memory Destination address.



## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFFFFFF

## Notes

- Interface used for direction LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY only.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CMAR MA LL\_DMA\_GetM2MDstAddress

## LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Request)
```

### Function description

Set DMA request for DMA instance on Channel x.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7
- **Request:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_0
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_7
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_8
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_9
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_10
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_11
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_12
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_13
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_14
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_15

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Please refer to Reference Manual to get the available mapping of Request value link to Channel Selection.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSELR C1S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C2S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C3S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C4S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C5S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C6S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C7S LL\_DMA\_SetPeriphRequest

## LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get DMA request for DMA instance on Channel x.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_0
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_7
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_8
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_9
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_10
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_11
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_12
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_13
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_14
  - LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_15

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSELR C1S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C2S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C3S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C4S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C5S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C6S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest
- CSELR C7S LL\_DMA\_GetPeriphRequest

### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI1

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI1 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)`

## Function description

Get Channel 1 global interrupt flag.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- [ISR GIF1 LL\\_DMA\\_IsActiveFlag\\_GI1](#)

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI2****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI2 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

**Function description**

Get Channel 2 global interrupt flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- [ISR GIF2 LL\\_DMA\\_IsActiveFlag\\_GI2](#)

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI3****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI3 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

**Function description**

Get Channel 3 global interrupt flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- [ISR GIF3 LL\\_DMA\\_IsActiveFlag\\_GI3](#)

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI4****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI4 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

**Function description**

Get Channel 4 global interrupt flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- [ISR GIF4 LL\\_DMA\\_IsActiveFlag\\_GI4](#)

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI5****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI5 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 5 global interrupt flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR GIF5 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI5

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI6**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI6 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 6 global interrupt flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR GIF6 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI6

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI7**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI7 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 7 global interrupt flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR GIF7 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_GI7

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC1**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC1 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 1 transfer complete flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF1 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC1

#### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC2

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC2 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

#### Function description

Get Channel 2 transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF2 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC2

#### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC3

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC3 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

#### Function description

Get Channel 3 transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF3 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC3

#### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC4

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC4 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

#### Function description

Get Channel 4 transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF4 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC4

## LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC5

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC5 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Get Channel 5 transfer complete flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF5 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC5

## LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC6

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC6 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Get Channel 6 transfer complete flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF6 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC6

## LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC7

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC7 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Get Channel 7 transfer complete flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCIF7 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TC7

## LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT1 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Get Channel 1 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF1 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT1

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT2**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT2 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 2 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF2 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT2

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT3**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT3 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 3 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF3 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT3

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT4**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT4 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 4 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF4 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT4

#### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT5

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT5 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Get Channel 5 half transfer flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF5 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT5

#### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT6

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT6 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Get Channel 6 half transfer flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF6 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT6

#### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT7

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT7 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Get Channel 7 half transfer flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR HTIF7 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_HT7

### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE1 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Get Channel 1 transfer error flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF1 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE1

### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE2 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Get Channel 2 transfer error flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF2 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE2

### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE3 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Get Channel 3 transfer error flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF3 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE3

### LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE4

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE4 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Get Channel 4 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF4 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE4

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE5**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE5 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 5 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF5 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE5

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE6**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE6 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 6 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF6 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE6

**LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE7**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE7 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Get Channel 7 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEIF7 LL\_DMA\_IsActiveFlag\_TE7

#### LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI1 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Channel 1 global interrupt flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CGIF1 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI1

#### LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI2 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Channel 2 global interrupt flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CGIF2 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI2

#### LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI3 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Channel 3 global interrupt flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CGIF3 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI3

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI4 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 4 global interrupt flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CGIF4 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI4

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI5

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI5 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 5 global interrupt flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CGIF5 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI5

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI6

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI6 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 6 global interrupt flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CGIF6 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI6

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI7

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI7 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

**Function description**

Clear Channel 7 global interrupt flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- IFCR CGIF7 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_GI7

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC1**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC1 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

**Function description**

Clear Channel 1 transfer complete flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- IFCR CTCIF1 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC1

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC2**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC2 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

**Function description**

Clear Channel 2 transfer complete flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- IFCR CTCIF2 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC2

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC3**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC3 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

**Function description**

Clear Channel 3 transfer complete flag.

**Parameters**

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTCIF3 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC3

#### LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC4

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC4 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

#### Function description

Clear Channel 4 transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTCIF4 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC4

#### LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC5

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC5 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

#### Function description

Clear Channel 5 transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTCIF5 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC5

#### LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC6

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC6 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

#### Function description

Clear Channel 6 transfer complete flag.

#### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTCIF6 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC6

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC7

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC7 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 7 transfer complete flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTCIF7 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TC7

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT1 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 1 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF1 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT1

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT2

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT2 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 2 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF2 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT2

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT3 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```



### Function description

Clear Channel 3 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF3 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT3

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT4**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT4 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Clear Channel 4 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF4 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT4

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT5**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT5 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Clear Channel 5 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF5 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT5

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT6**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT6 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Clear Channel 6 half transfer flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF6 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT6

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT7**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT7 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

## Function description

Clear Channel 7 half transfer flag.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CHTIF7 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_HT7

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE1**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE1 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

## Function description

Clear Channel 1 transfer error flag.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF1 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE1

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE2**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE2 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

## Function description

Clear Channel 2 transfer error flag.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF2 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE2

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE3 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 3 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF3 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE3

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE4 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 4 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF4 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE4

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE5

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE5 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 5 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx**: DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF5 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE5

## LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE6

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE6 (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx)
```

### Function description

Clear Channel 6 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF6 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE6

**LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE7**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE7 (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx)**

### Function description

Clear Channel 7 transfer error flag.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IFCR CTEIF7 LL\_DMA\_ClearFlag\_TE7

**LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_TC**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_TC (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel)**

### Function description

Enable Transfer complete interrupt.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR TCIE LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_TC

## LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_HT

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_EnableIT_HT (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Enable Half transfer interrupt.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR HTIE LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_HT

## LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_TE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_EnableIT_TE (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Enable Transfer error interrupt.

### Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR TEIE LL\_DMA\_EnableIT\_TE

## LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_TC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DMA_DisableIT_TC (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Disable Transfer complete interrupt.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR TCIE LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_TC

**LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_HT**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_HT (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Disable Half transfer interrupt.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR HTIE LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_HT

**LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_TE**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_TE (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Disable Transfer error interrupt.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR TEIE LL\_DMA\_DisableIT\_TE

## LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsEnabledIT_TC (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)`

## Function description

Check if Transfer complete Interrupt is enabled.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR TCIE LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

## LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledIT\_HT

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsEnabledIT_HT (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)`

## Function description

Check if Half transfer Interrupt is enabled.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR HTIE LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledIT\_HT

## LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledIT\_TE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DMA_IsEnabledIT_TE (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Check if Transfer error Interrupt is enabled.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR TEIE LL\_DMA\_IsEnabledIT\_TE

## LL\_DMA\_Init

## Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_DMA_Init (DMA_TypeDef * DMAx, uint32_t Channel, LL_DMA_InitTypeDef * DMA_InitStruct)
```

## Function description

Initialize the DMA registers according to the specified parameters in DMA\_InitStruct.



## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6 (\*)
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7 (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices
- **DMA\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef structure.

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: DMA registers are initialized
  - ERROR: Not applicable

## Notes

- To convert DMAx\_Channely Instance to DMAx Instance and Channely, use helper macros :  
\_\_LL\_DMA\_GET\_INSTANCE \_\_LL\_DMA\_GET\_CHANNEL

### LL\_DMA\_DeInit

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_DMA\_DeInit (DMA\_TypeDef \* DMAx, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

De-initialize the DMA registers to their default reset values.

## Parameters

- **DMAx:** DMAx Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6 (\*)
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7 (\*)
  - LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_ALL
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: DMA registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: DMA registers are not de-initialized

### LL\_DMA\_StructInit

## Function name

**void LL\_DMA\_StructInit (LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef \* DMA\_InitStruct)**

## Function description

Set each LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

## Parameters

- **DMA\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_DMA\_InitTypeDef structure.

## Return values

- **None:**

## 63.3 DMA Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 63.3.1 DMA

DMA

**CHANNEL**

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_1

DMA Channel 1

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_2

DMA Channel 2

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_3

DMA Channel 3

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_4

DMA Channel 4

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_5

DMA Channel 5

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_6

DMA Channel 6

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_7

DMA Channel 7

#### LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_ALL

DMA Channel all (used only for function

### **Clear Flags Defines**

#### LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF1

Channel 1 global flag

#### LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF1

Channel 1 transfer complete flag

#### LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF1

Channel 1 half transfer flag

#### LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF1

Channel 1 transfer error flag

#### LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF2

Channel 2 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF2**

Channel 2 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF2**

Channel 2 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF2**

Channel 2 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF3**

Channel 3 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF3**

Channel 3 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF3**

Channel 3 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF3**

Channel 3 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF4**

Channel 4 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF4**

Channel 4 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF4**

Channel 4 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF4**

Channel 4 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF5**

Channel 5 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF5**

Channel 5 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF5**

Channel 5 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF5**

Channel 5 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF6**

Channel 6 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF6**

Channel 6 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF6**

Channel 6 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF6**

Channel 6 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CGIF7**

Channel 7 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTCIF7**

Channel 7 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CHTIF7**

Channel 7 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_IFCR\_CTEIF7**

Channel 7 transfer error flag

***Transfer Direction*****LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_PERIPH\_TO\_MEMORY**

Peripheral to memory direction

**LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_PERIPH**

Memory to peripheral direction

**LL\_DMA\_DIRECTION\_MEMORY\_TO\_MEMORY**

Memory to memory direction

***Get Flags Defines*****LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF1**

Channel 1 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF1**

Channel 1 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF1**

Channel 1 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF1**

Channel 1 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF2**

Channel 2 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF2**

Channel 2 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF2**

Channel 2 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF2**

Channel 2 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF3**

Channel 3 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF3**

Channel 3 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF3**

Channel 3 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF3**

Channel 3 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF4**

Channel 4 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF4**

Channel 4 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF4**

Channel 4 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF4**

Channel 4 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF5**

Channel 5 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF5**

Channel 5 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF5**

Channel 5 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF5**

Channel 5 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF6**

Channel 6 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF6**

Channel 6 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF6**

Channel 6 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF6**

Channel 6 transfer error flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_GIF7**

Channel 7 global flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TCIF7**

Channel 7 transfer complete flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_HTIF7**

Channel 7 half transfer flag

**LL\_DMA\_ISR\_TEIF7**

Channel 7 transfer error flag

***IT Defines*****LL\_DMA\_CCR\_TCIE**

Transfer complete interrupt

**LL\_DMA\_CCR\_HTIE**

Half Transfer interrupt

**LL\_DMA\_CCR\_TEIE**

Transfer error interrupt

***Memory data alignment*****LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_BYTE**

Memory data alignment : Byte

**LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD**

Memory data alignment : HalfWord

**LL\_DMA\_MDATAALIGN\_WORD**

Memory data alignment : Word

***Memory increment mode*****LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_INCREMENT**

Memory increment mode Enable

**LL\_DMA\_MEMORY\_NOINCREMENT**

Memory increment mode Disable

***Transfer mode*****LL\_DMA\_MODE\_NORMAL**

Normal Mode

**LL\_DMA\_MODE\_CIRCULAR**

Circular Mode

***Peripheral data alignment*****LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_BYTE**

Peripheral data alignment : Byte

**LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_HALFWORD**

Peripheral data alignment : HalfWord

**LL\_DMA\_PDATAALIGN\_WORD**

Peripheral data alignment : Word

***Peripheral increment mode*****LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_INCREMENT**

Peripheral increment mode Enable

**LL\_DMA\_PERIPH\_NOINCREMENT**

Peripheral increment mode Disable

***Transfer Priority level*****LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_LOW**

Priority level : Low

**LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_MEDIUM**

Priority level : Medium

**LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_HIGH**

Priority level : High

**LL\_DMA\_PRIORITY\_VERYHIGH**

Priority level : Very\_High

***Transfer peripheral request*****LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_0**

DMA peripheral request 0

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_1**

DMA peripheral request 1

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_2**

DMA peripheral request 2

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_3**

DMA peripheral request 3

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_4**

DMA peripheral request 4

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_5**

DMA peripheral request 5

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_6**

DMA peripheral request 6

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_7**

DMA peripheral request 7

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_8**

DMA peripheral request 8

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_9**

DMA peripheral request 9

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_10**

DMA peripheral request 10

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_11**

DMA peripheral request 11

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_12**

DMA peripheral request 12

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_13**

DMA peripheral request 13

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_14**

DMA peripheral request 14

**LL\_DMA\_REQUEST\_15**

DMA peripheral request 15

***Convert DMAxChannely***

## \_\_LL\_DMA\_GET\_INSTANCE

### Description:

- Convert DMAx\_Channely into DMAx.

### Parameters:

- \_\_CHANNEL\_INSTANCE\_\_: DMAx\_Channely

### Return value:

- DMAx

## \_\_LL\_DMA\_GET\_CHANNEL

### Description:

- Convert DMAx\_Channely into LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_y.

### Parameters:

- \_\_CHANNEL\_INSTANCE\_\_: DMAx\_Channely

### Return value:

- LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_y

## \_\_LL\_DMA\_GET\_CHANNEL\_INSTANCE

### Description:

- Convert DMA Instance DMAx and LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_y into DMAx\_Channely.

### Parameters:

- \_\_DMA\_INSTANCE\_\_: DMAx
- \_\_CHANNEL\_\_: LL\_DMA\_CHANNEL\_y

### Return value:

- DMAx\_Channely

## Common Write and read registers macros

### LL\_DMA\_WriteReg

#### Description:

- Write a value in DMA register.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: DMA Instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be written
- \_\_VALUE\_\_: Value to be written in the register

#### Return value:

- None

### LL\_DMA\_ReadReg

#### Description:

- Read a value in DMA register.

#### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: DMA Instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be read

#### Return value:

- Register: value



## 64 LL EXTI Generic Driver

### 64.1 EXTI Firmware driver registers structures

#### 64.1.1 LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef

*LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_exti.h`

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t Line\_0\_31*
- *FunctionalState LineCommand*
- *uint8\_t Mode*
- *uint8\_t Trigger*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef::Line\_0\_31*  
Specifies the EXTI lines to be enabled or disabled for Lines in range 0 to 31 This parameter can be any combination of *EXTI\_LL\_EC\_LINE*
- *FunctionalState LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef::LineCommand*  
Specifies the new state of the selected EXTI lines. This parameter can be set either to ENABLE or DISABLE
- *uint8\_t LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef::Mode*  
Specifies the mode for the EXTI lines. This parameter can be a value of *EXTI\_LL\_EC\_MODE*.
- *uint8\_t LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef::Trigger*  
Specifies the trigger signal active edge for the EXTI lines. This parameter can be a value of *EXTI\_LL\_EC\_TRIGGER*.

### 64.2 EXTI Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the EXTI library.

#### 64.2.1 Detailed description of functions

*LL\_EXTI\_EnableIT\_0\_31*

Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_EXTI_EnableIT_0_31 (uint32_t ExtiLine)`

Function description

Enable ExtiLine Interrupt request for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_27
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The reset value for the direct or internal lines (see RM) is set to 1 in order to enable the interrupt by default. Bits are set automatically at Power on.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IMR IMx LL\_EXTI\_EnableIT\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_DisableIT\_0\_31

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_EXTI_DisableIT_0_31 (uint32_t ExtiLine)
```

## Function description

Disable ExtiLine Interrupt request for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_27
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The reset value for the direct or internal lines (see RM) is set to 1 in order to enable the interrupt by default. Bits are set automatically at Power on.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IMR IMx LL\_EXTI\_DisableIT\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledIT\_0\_31

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_EXTI_IsEnabledIT_0_31 (uint32_t ExtiLine)
```

### Function description

Indicate if ExtiLine Interrupt request is enabled for Lines in range 0 to 31.

### Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be one of the following values:

- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_27
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31
- LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- The reset value for the direct or internal lines (see RM) is set to 1 in order to enable the interrupt by default. Bits are set automatically at Power on.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IMR IMx LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledIT\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_EnableEvent\_0\_31

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_EXTI\_EnableEvent\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

### Function description

Enable ExtiLine Event request for Lines in range 0 to 31.

### Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_27
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- EMR EMx LL\_EXTI\_EnableEvent\_0\_31

#### LL\_EXTI\_DisableEvent\_0\_31

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_EXTI\_DisableEvent\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

#### Function description

Disable ExtiLine Event request for Lines in range 0 to 31.

#### Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_27
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- EMR EMx LL\_EXTI\_DisableEvent\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledEvent\_0\_31

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledEvent\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

### Function description

Indicate if ExtiLine Event request is enabled for Lines in range 0 to 31.

### Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_27
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- EMR EMx LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledEvent\_0\_31

#### LL\_EXTI\_EnableRisingTrig\_0\_31

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_EXTI\_EnableRisingTrig\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

#### Function description

Enable ExtiLine Rising Edge Trigger for Lines in range 0 to 31.

#### Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- The configurable wakeup lines are edge-triggered. No glitch must be generated on these lines. If a rising edge on a configurable interrupt line occurs during a write operation in the EXTI\_RTISR register, the pending bit is not set. Rising and falling edge triggers can be set for the same interrupt line. In this case, both generate a trigger condition.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTSR RTx LL\_EXTI\_EnableRisingTrig\_0\_31



## LL\_EXTI\_DisableRisingTrig\_0\_31

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_EXTI_DisableRisingTrig_0_31 (uint32_t ExtiLine)
```

### Function description

Disable ExtiLine Rising Edge Trigger for Lines in range 0 to 31.

### Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The configurable wakeup lines are edge-triggered. No glitch must be generated on these lines. If a rising edge on a configurable interrupt line occurs during a write operation in the EXTI\_RTISR register, the pending bit is not set. Rising and falling edge triggers can be set for the same interrupt line. In this case, both generate a trigger condition.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTSR RTx LL\_EXTI\_DisableRisingTrig\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledRisingTrig\_0\_31

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_EXTI_IsEnabledRisingTrig_0_31 (uint32_t ExtiLine)
```

## Function description

Check if rising edge trigger is enabled for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTSR RTx LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledRisingTrig\_0\_31

**LL\_EXTI\_EnableFallingTrig\_0\_31**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_EXTI\_EnableFallingTrig\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

## Function description

Enable ExtiLine Falling Edge Trigger for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The configurable wakeup lines are edge-triggered. No glitch must be generated on these lines. If a falling edge on a configurable interrupt line occurs during a write operation in the EXTI\_FTSR register, the pending bit is not set. Rising and falling edge triggers can be set for the same interrupt line. In this case, both generate a trigger condition.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FTSR FTx LL\_EXTI\_EnableFallingTrig\_0\_31

### LL\_EXTI\_DisableFallingTrig\_0\_31

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_EXTI\_DisableFallingTrig\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

## Function description

Disable ExtiLine Falling Edge Trigger for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The configurable wakeup lines are edge-triggered. No glitch must be generated on these lines. If a Falling edge on a configurable interrupt line occurs during a write operation in the EXTI\_FTSR register, the pending bit is not set. Rising and falling edge triggers can be set for the same interrupt line. In this case, both generate a trigger condition.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FTSR FTx LL\_EXTI\_DisableFallingTrig\_0\_31

### LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledFallingTrig\_0\_31

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledFallingTrig\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

## Function description

Check if falling edge trigger is enabled for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FTSR FTx LL\_EXTI\_IsEnabledFallingTrig\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_GenerateSWI\_0\_31

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_EXTI_GenerateSWI_0_31 (uint32_t ExtiLine)
```

## Function description

Generate a software Interrupt Event for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If the interrupt is enabled on this line in the EXTI\_IMR, writing a 1 to this bit when it is at '0' sets the corresponding pending bit in EXTI\_PR resulting in an interrupt request generation. This bit is cleared by clearing the corresponding bit in the EXTI\_PR register (by writing a 1 into the bit)
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SWIER SWIx LL\_EXTI\_GenerateSWI\_0\_31

### LL\_EXTI\_IsActiveFlag\_0\_31

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_IsActiveFlag\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

## Function description

Check if the ExtLine Flag is set or not for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- This bit is set when the selected edge event arrives on the interrupt line. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to the bit.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PR PIFx LL\_EXTI\_IsActiveFlag\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_ReadFlag\_0\_31

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_ReadFlag\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

## Function description

Read ExtLine Combination Flag for Lines in range 0 to 31.

## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **@note:** This bit is set when the selected edge event arrives on the interrupt

## Notes

- This bit is set when the selected edge event arrives on the interrupt line. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to the bit.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PR PIFx LL\_EXTI\_ReadFlag\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_ClearFlag\_0\_31

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_EXTI\_ClearFlag\_0\_31 (uint32\_t ExtiLine)**

## Function description

Clear ExtLine Flags for Lines in range 0 to 31.



## Parameters

- **ExtiLine:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_30
  - LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit is set when the selected edge event arrives on the interrupt line. This bit is cleared by writing a 1 to the bit.
- Please check each device line mapping for EXTI Line availability

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PR PIFx LL\_EXTI\_ClearFlag\_0\_31

## LL\_EXTI\_Init

### Function name

uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_Init (LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef \* EXTI\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Initialize the EXTI registers according to the specified parameters in EXTI\_InitStruct.

### Parameters

- **EXTI\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef structure.

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: EXTI registers are initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

#### LL\_EXTI\_DeInit

#### Function name

**uint32\_t LL\_EXTI\_DeInit (void )**

#### Function description

De-initialize the EXTI registers to their default reset values.

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: EXTI registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

#### LL\_EXTI\_StructInit

#### Function name

**void LL\_EXTI\_StructInit (LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef \* EXTI\_InitStruct)**

#### Function description

Set each LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

#### Parameters

- **EXTI\_InitStruct:** Pointer to a LL\_EXTI\_InitTypeDef structure.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## 64.3 EXTI Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 64.3.1 EXTI

EXTI

**LINE**

#### LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_0

Extended line 0

#### LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_1

Extended line 1

#### LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_2

Extended line 2

#### LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_3

Extended line 3

#### LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_4

Extended line 4

#### LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_5

Extended line 5

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_6**

Extended line 6

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_7**

Extended line 7

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_8**

Extended line 8

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_9**

Extended line 9

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_10**

Extended line 10

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_11**

Extended line 11

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_12**

Extended line 12

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_13**

Extended line 13

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_14**

Extended line 14

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_15**

Extended line 15

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_16**

Extended line 16

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_17**

Extended line 17

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_18**

Extended line 18

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_19**

Extended line 19

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_20**

Extended line 20

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_21**

Extended line 21

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_22**

Extended line 22

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_23**

Extended line 23

**LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_24**

Extended line 24

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_25

Extended line 25

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_26

Extended line 26

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_28

Extended line 28

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_29

Extended line 29

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL\_0\_31

All Extended line not reserved

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_ALL

All Extended line

## LL\_EXTI\_LINE\_NONE

None Extended line

### **Mode**

## LL\_EXTI\_MODE\_IT

Interrupt Mode

## LL\_EXTI\_MODE\_EVENT

Event Mode

## LL\_EXTI\_MODE\_IT\_EVENT

Interrupt & Event Mode

### **Edge Trigger**

## LL\_EXTI\_TRIGGER\_NONE

No Trigger Mode

## LL\_EXTI\_TRIGGER\_RISING

Trigger Rising Mode

## LL\_EXTI\_TRIGGER\_FALLING

Trigger Falling Mode

## LL\_EXTI\_TRIGGER\_RISING\_FALLING

Trigger Rising & Falling Mode

### **Common Write and read registers Macros**

## LL\_EXTI\_WriteReg

#### **Description:**

- Write a value in EXTI register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

#### **Return value:**

- None

## LL\_EXTI\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in EXTI register.

**Parameters:**

- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 65 LL GPIO Generic Driver

### 65.1 GPIO Firmware driver registers structures

#### 65.1.1 LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef

*LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_gpio.h`

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t* Pin
- *uint32\_t* Mode
- *uint32\_t* Speed
- *uint32\_t* OutputType
- *uint32\_t* Pull
- *uint32\_t* Alternate

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t* *LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef::Pin*  
Specifies the GPIO pins to be configured. This parameter can be any value of [GPIO\\_LL\\_EC\\_PIN](#)
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef::Mode*  
Specifies the operating mode for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_LL\\_EC\\_MODE](#).GPIO HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_GPIO_SetPinMode()`.
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef::Speed*  
Specifies the speed for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_LL\\_EC\\_SPEED](#).GPIO HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_GPIO_SetPinSpeed()`.
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef::OutputType*  
Specifies the operating output type for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_LL\\_EC\\_OUTPUT](#).GPIO HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_GPIO_SetPinOutputType()`.
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef::Pull*  
Specifies the operating Pull-up/Pull down for the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_LL\\_EC\\_PULL](#).GPIO HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_GPIO_SetPinPull()`.
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef::Alternate*  
Specifies the Peripheral to be connected to the selected pins. This parameter can be a value of [GPIO\\_LL\\_EC\\_AF](#).GPIO HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_GPIO_SetAFPin_0_7()` and `LL_GPIO_SetAFPin_8_15()`.

### 65.2 GPIO Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the GPIO library.

#### 65.2.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_GPIO\_SetPinMode

Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_SetPinMode (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t Pin, uint32_t Mode)
```

Function description

Configure gpio mode for a dedicated pin on dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
- **Mode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_INPUT
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_ALTERNATE
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_ANALOG

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- I/O mode can be Input mode, General purpose output, Alternate function mode or Analog.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MODER MODEy LL\_GPIO\_SetPinMode

## LL\_GPIO\_GetPinMode

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_GPIO\_GetPinMode (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin)**

## Function description

Return gpio mode for a dedicated pin on dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_INPUT
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_ALTERNATE
  - LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_ANALOG

## Notes

- I/O mode can be Input mode, General purpose output, Alternate function mode or Analog.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- MODER MODEy LL\_GPIO\_GetPinMode

### LL\_GPIO\_SetPinOutputType

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_SetPinOutputType (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask, uint32_t OutputType)
```

## Function description

Configure gpio output type for several pins on dedicated port.



## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL
- **OutputType:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_PUSH\_PULL
  - LL\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_OPENDRAIN

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Output type as to be set when gpio pin is in output or alternate modes. Possible type are Push-pull or Open-drain.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OTYPER OTy LL\_GPIO\_SetPinOutputType

## LL\_GPIO\_GetPinOutputType

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_GPIO\_GetPinOutputType (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin)**

## Function description

Return gpio output type for several pins on dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_PUSHPULL
  - LL\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_OPENDRAIN

## Notes

- Output type as to be set when gpio pin is in output or alternate modes. Possible type are Push-pull or Open-drain.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OTYPER OTy LL\_GPIO\_GetPinOutputType

### LL\_GPIO\_SetPinSpeed

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_GPIO\_SetPinSpeed (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin, uint32\_t Speed)**

## Function description

Configure gpio speed for a dedicated pin on dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
- **Speed:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_LOW
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_MEDIUM
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_HIGH
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_VERY\_HIGH

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- I/O speed can be Low, Medium, Fast or High speed.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.
- Refer to datasheet for frequency specifications and the power supply and load conditions for each speed.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OSPEEDR OSPEEDy LL\_GPIO\_SetPinSpeed

## LL\_GPIO\_GetPinSpeed

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_GetPinSpeed(GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t Pin)
```

## Function description

Return gpio speed for a dedicated pin on dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_LOW
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_MEDIUM
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_HIGH
  - LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_VERY\_HIGH

## Notes

- I/O speed can be Low, Medium, Fast or High speed.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.
- Refer to datasheet for frequency specifications and the power supply and load conditions for each speed.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OSPEEDR OSPEEDy LL\_GPIO\_GetPinSpeed

## LL\_GPIO\_SetPinPull

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_GPIO\_SetPinPull (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin, uint32\_t Pull)**

### Function description

Configure gpio pull-up or pull-down for a dedicated pin on a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
- **Pull:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_NO
  - LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_UP
  - LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_DOWN

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PUPDR PUPDy LL\_GPIO\_SetPinPull

## LL\_GPIO\_GetPinPull

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_GPIO\_GetPinPull (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin)**

## Function description

Return gpio pull-up or pull-down for a dedicated pin on a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_NO
  - LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_UP
  - LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_DOWN

## Notes

- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PUPDR PUPDy LL\_GPIO\_GetPinPull

### LL\_GPIO\_SetAFPin\_0\_7

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_GPIO\_SetAFPin\_0\_7 (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin, uint32\_t Alternate)**

## Function description

Configure gpio alternate function of a dedicated pin from 0 to 7 for a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
- **Alternate:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Possible values are from AF0 to AF7 depending on target.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AFRL AFSELY LL\_GPIO\_SetAFPin\_0\_7

## LL\_GPIO\_GetAFPin\_0\_7

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_GPIO\_GetAFPin\_0\_7 (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t Pin)**

## Function description

Return gpio alternate function of a dedicated pin from 0 to 7 for a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_7

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AFRL AFSELY LL\_GPIO\_GetAFPin\_0\_7

## LL\_GPIO\_SetAFPin\_8\_15

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_SetAFPin_8_15 (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t Pin, uint32_t Alternate)
```

## Function description

Configure gpio alternate function of a dedicated pin from 8 to 15 for a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
- **Alternate:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Possible values are from AF0 to AF7 depending on target.
- Warning: only one pin can be passed as parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AFRH AFSELY LL\_GPIO\_SetAFPin\_8\_15



## LL\_GPIO\_GetAFPin\_8\_15

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_GetAFPin_8_15 (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t Pin)
```

### Function description

Return gpio alternate function of a dedicated pin from 8 to 15 for a dedicated port.

### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **Pin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_AF\_7

### Notes

- Possible values are from AF0 to AF7 depending on target.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- AFRH AFSELY LL\_GPIO\_GetAFPin\_8\_15

## LL\_GPIO\_LockPin

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_LockPin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask)
```

### Function description

Lock configuration of several pins for a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When the lock sequence has been applied on a port bit, the value of this port bit can no longer be modified until the next reset.
- Each lock bit freezes a specific configuration register (control and alternate function registers).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- LCKR LCKK LL\_GPIO\_LockPin

## LL\_GPIO\_IsPinLocked

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_GPIO\_IsPinLocked (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, uint32\_t PinMask)**

## Function description

Return 1 if all pins passed as parameter, of a dedicated port, are locked.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- LCKR LCKy LL\_GPIO\_IsPinLocked

### LL\_GPIO\_IsAnyPinLocked

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_IsAnyPinLocked (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx)
```

## Function description

Return 1 if one of the pin of a dedicated port is locked.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- LCKR LCKK LL\_GPIO\_IsAnyPinLocked

### LL\_GPIO\_ReadInputPort

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_ReadInputPort (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx)
```

## Function description

Return full input data register value for a dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port

#### Return values

- **Input:** data register value of port

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IDR IDy LL\_GPIO\_ReadInputPort

#### LL\_GPIO\_IsInputPinSet

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_IsInputPinSet (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask)
```

#### Function description

Return if input data level for several pins of dedicated port is high or low.

#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IDR IDy LL\_GPIO\_IsInputPinSet

#### LL\_GPIO\_WriteOutputPort

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_WriteOutputPort (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PortValue)
```

#### Function description

Write output data register for the port.

#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PortValue:** Level value for each pin of the port

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ODR ODy LL\_GPIO\_WriteOutputPort

#### LL\_GPIO\_ReadOutputPort

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_ReadOutputPort (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx)
```

#### Function description

Return full output data register value for a dedicated port.

#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port

#### Return values

- **Output:** data register value of port

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ODR ODy LL\_GPIO\_ReadOutputPort

#### LL\_GPIO\_IsOutputPinSet

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GPIO_IsOutputPinSet (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask)
```

#### Function description

Return if input data level for several pins of dedicated port is high or low.

#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ODR ODy LL\_GPIO\_IsOutputPinSet

## LL\_GPIO\_SetOutputPin

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_SetOutputPin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask)
```

### Function description

Set several pins to high level on dedicated gpio port.

### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BSRR BSy LL\_GPIO\_SetOutputPin

## LL\_GPIO\_ResetOutputPin

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_ResetOutputPin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask)
```

### Function description

Set several pins to low level on dedicated gpio port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BRR BRy LL\_GPIO\_ResetOutputPin

## LL\_GPIO\_TogglePin

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_GPIO_TogglePin (GPIO_TypeDef * GPIOx, uint32_t PinMask)
```

## Function description

Toggle data value for several pin of dedicated port.

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **PinMask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15
  - LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ODR ODy LL\_GPIO\_TogglePin

## LL\_GPIO\_DeInit

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_GPIO\_DeInit (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx)**

## Function description

De-initialize GPIO registers (Registers restored to their default values).

## Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: GPIO registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: Wrong GPIO Port

## LL\_GPIO\_Init

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_GPIO\_Init (GPIO\_TypeDef \* GPIOx, LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef \* GPIO\_InitStruct)**

## Function description

Initialize GPIO registers according to the specified parameters in GPIO\_InitStruct.



#### Parameters

- **GPIOx:** GPIO Port
- **GPIO\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified GPIO peripheral.

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: GPIO registers are initialized according to GPIO\_InitStruct content
  - ERROR: Not applicable

#### LL\_GPIO\_StructInit

#### Function name

```
void LL_GPIO_StructInit (LL_GPIO_InitTypeDef * GPIO_InitStruct)
```

#### Function description

Set each LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

#### Parameters

- **GPIO\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_GPIO\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

#### Return values

- **None:**

## 65.3 GPIO Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 65.3.1 GPIO

GPIO

#### *Alternate Function*

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_0

Select alternate function 0

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_1

Select alternate function 1

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_2

Select alternate function 2

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_3

Select alternate function 3

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_4

Select alternate function 4

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_5

Select alternate function 5

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_6

Select alternate function 6

#### LL\_GPIO\_AF\_7

Select alternate function 7

#### *Mode*

**LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_INPUT**

Select input mode

**LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_OUTPUT**

Select output mode

**LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_ALTERNATE**

Select alternate function mode

**LL\_GPIO\_MODE\_ANALOG**

Select analog mode

***Output Type*****LL\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_PUSHPULL**

Select push-pull as output type

**LL\_GPIO\_OUTPUT\_OPENDRAIN**

Select open-drain as output type

***PIN*****LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_0**

Select pin 0

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_1**

Select pin 1

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_2**

Select pin 2

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_3**

Select pin 3

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_4**

Select pin 4

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_5**

Select pin 5

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_6**

Select pin 6

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_7**

Select pin 7

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_8**

Select pin 8

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_9**

Select pin 9

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_10**

Select pin 10

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_11**

Select pin 11

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_12**

Select pin 12

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_13**

Select pin 13

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_14**

Select pin 14

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_15**

Select pin 15

**LL\_GPIO\_PIN\_ALL**

Select all pins

***Pull Up Pull Down*****LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_NO**

Select I/O no pull

**LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_UP**

Select I/O pull up

**LL\_GPIO\_PULL\_DOWN**

Select I/O pull down

***Output Speed*****LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_LOW**

Select I/O low output speed

**LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_MEDIUM**

Select I/O medium output speed

**LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_HIGH**

Select I/O fast output speed

**LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FREQ\_VERY\_HIGH**

Select I/O high output speed

***Common Write and read registers Macros*****LL\_GPIO\_WriteReg****Description:**

- Write a value in GPIO register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: GPIO Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

**Return value:**

- None

## LL\_GPIO\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in GPIO register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: GPIO Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

***GPIO Exported Constants***

LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_LOW

LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_MEDIUM

LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_FAST

LL\_GPIO\_SPEED\_HIGH

## 66 LL I2C Generic Driver

### 66.1 I2C Firmware driver registers structures

#### 66.1.1 LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef

*LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_i2c.h`

##### Data Fields

- *uint32\_t PeripheralMode*
- *uint32\_t Timing*
- *uint32\_t AnalogFilter*
- *uint32\_t DigitalFilter*
- *uint32\_t OwnAddress1*
- *uint32\_t TypeAcknowledge*
- *uint32\_t OwnAddrSize*

##### Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::PeripheralMode*  
Specifies the peripheral mode. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_LL\\_EC\\_PERIPHERAL\\_MODE](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2C_SetMode()`.
- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::Timing*  
Specifies the SDA setup, hold time and the SCL high, low period values. This parameter must be set by referring to the STM32CubeMX Tool and the helper macro `__LL_I2C_CONVERT_TIMINGS()`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2C_SetTiming()`.
- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::AnalogFilter*  
Enables or disables analog noise filter. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_LL\\_EC\\_ANALOGFILTER\\_SELECTION](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_I2C_EnableAnalogFilter()` or `LL_I2C_DisableAnalogFilter()`.
- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::DigitalFilter*  
Configures the digital noise filter. This parameter can be a number between `Min_Data = 0x00` and `Max_Data = 0x0F`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2C_SetDigitalFilter()`.
- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress1*  
Specifies the device own address 1. This parameter must be a value between `Min_Data = 0x00` and `Max_Data = 0x3FF`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress1()`.
- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::TypeAcknowledge*  
Specifies the ACKnowledge or Non ACKnowledge condition after the address receive match code or next received byte. This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_LL\\_EC\\_I2C\\_ACKNOWLEDGE](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2C_AcknowledgeNextData()`.
- *uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef::OwnAddrSize*  
Specifies the device own address 1 size (7-bit or 10-bit). This parameter can be a value of [I2C\\_LL\\_EC\\_OWNADDRESS1](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress1()`.

### 66.2 I2C Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the I2C library.

#### 66.2.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_I2C\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_Enable (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Enable I2C peripheral (PE = 1).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PE LL\_I2C\_Enable

### LL\_I2C\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_Disable (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Disable I2C peripheral (PE = 0).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When PE = 0, the I2C SCL and SDA lines are released. Internal state machines and status bits are put back to their reset value. When cleared, PE must be kept low for at least 3 APB clock cycles.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PE LL\_I2C\_Disable

### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabled

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabled (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Check if the I2C peripheral is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabled

### LL\_I2C\_ConfigFilters

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ConfigFilters (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t AnalogFilter, uint32_t DigitalFilter)
```

### Function description

Configure Noise Filters (Analog and Digital).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **AnalogFilter:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_ANALOGFILTER\_ENABLE
  - LL\_I2C\_ANALOGFILTER\_DISABLE
- **DigitalFilter:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0x00 (Digital filter disabled) and Max\_Data=0x0F (Digital filter enabled and filtering capability up to 15\*ti2cclk). This parameter is used to configure the digital noise filter on SDA and SCL input. The digital filter will filter spikes with a length of up to DNF[3:0]\*ti2cclk.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If the analog filter is also enabled, the digital filter is added to analog filter. The filters can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ANFOFF LL\_I2C\_ConfigFilters
- CR1 DNF LL\_I2C\_ConfigFilters

### LL\_I2C\_SetDigitalFilter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetDigitalFilter (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t DigitalFilter)
```

## Function description

Configure Digital Noise Filter.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **DigitalFilter:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0x00 (Digital filter disabled) and Max\_Data=0x0F (Digital filter enabled and filtering capability up to 15\*ti2cclk). This parameter is used to configure the digital noise filter on SDA and SCL input. The digital filter will filter spikes with a length of up to DNF[3:0]\*ti2cclk.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- If the analog filter is also enabled, the digital filter is added to analog filter. This filter can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DNF LL\_I2C\_SetDigitalFilter

### LL\_I2C\_GetDigitalFilter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetDigitalFilter (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Get the current Digital Noise Filter configuration.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x0 and Max\_Data=0xF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DNF LL\_I2C\_GetDigitalFilter

#### LL\_I2C\_EnableAnalogFilter

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableAnalogFilter (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Analog Noise Filter.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This filter can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ANFOFF LL\_I2C\_EnableAnalogFilter

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableAnalogFilter

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableAnalogFilter (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Analog Noise Filter.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This filter can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ANFOFF LL\_I2C\_DisableAnalogFilter

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledAnalogFilter

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledAnalogFilter (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Analog Noise Filter is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ANFOFF LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledAnalogFilter

#### LL\_I2C\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableDMAReq_TX (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Enable DMA transmission requests.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXDMAEN LL\_I2C\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableDMAReq_TX (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable DMA transmission requests.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXDMAEN LL\_I2C\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledDMAReq_TX (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if DMA transmission requests are enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXDMAEN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

## LL\_I2C\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableDMAReq_RX (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Enable DMA reception requests.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXDMAEN LL\_I2C\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

## LL\_I2C\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableDMAReq_RX (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Disable DMA reception requests.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXDMAEN LL\_I2C\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Check if DMA reception requests are enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXDMAEN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

## LL\_I2C\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_DMA_GetRegAddr (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t Direction)
```

## Function description

Get the data register address used for DMA transfer.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance
- **Direction:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_TRANSMIT
  - LL\_I2C\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_RECEIVE

## Return values

- **Address:** of data register

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TXDR TXDATA LL\_I2C\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- RXDR RXDATA LL\_I2C\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

## LL\_I2C\_EnableClockStretching

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableClockStretching (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable Clock stretching.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 NOSTRETCH LL\_I2C\_EnableClockStretching

## LL\_I2C\_DisableClockStretching

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableClockStretching (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Disable Clock stretching.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 NOSTRETCH LL\_I2C\_DisableClockStretching

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledClockStretching

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledClockStretching (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Check if Clock stretching is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 NOSTRETCH LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledClockStretching

## LL\_I2C\_EnableSlaveByteControl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableSlaveByteControl (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Enable hardware byte control in slave mode.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SBC LL\_I2C\_EnableSlaveByteControl

## LL\_I2C\_DisableSlaveByteControl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableSlaveByteControl (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Disable hardware byte control in slave mode.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SBC LL\_I2C\_DisableSlaveByteControl

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSlaveByteControl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledSlaveByteControl (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Check if hardware byte control in slave mode is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SBC LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSlaveByteControl

## LL\_I2C\_EnableWakeUpFromStop

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableWakeUpFromStop (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable Wakeup from STOP.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro IS\_I2C\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not WakeUpFromStop feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- This bit can only be programmed when Digital Filter is disabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WUPEN LL\_I2C\_EnableWakeUpFromStop

## LL\_I2C\_DisableWakeUpFromStop

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableWakeUpFromStop (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Disable Wakeup from STOP.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro IS\_I2C\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not WakeUpFromStop feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WUPEN LL\_I2C\_DisableWakeUpFromStop

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledWakeUpFromStop

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledWakeUpFromStop (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Check if Wakeup from STOP is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- The macro `IS_I2C_WAKEUP_FROMSTOP_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not WakeUpFromStop feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WUPEN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledWakeUpFromStop

## LL\_I2C\_EnableGeneralCall

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableGeneralCall (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Enable General Call.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None**:

### Notes

- When enabled the Address 0x00 is ACKed.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 GCEN LL\_I2C\_EnableGeneralCall

## LL\_I2C\_DisableGeneralCall

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableGeneralCall (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Disable General Call.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None**:

### Notes

- When disabled the Address 0x00 is NACKed.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 GCEN LL\_I2C\_DisableGeneralCall

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledGeneralCall

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledGeneralCall (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if General Call is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 GCEN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledGeneralCall

#### LL\_I2C\_SetMasterAddressingMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetMasterAddressingMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t AddressingMode)
```

#### Function description

Configure the Master to operate in 7-bit or 10-bit addressing mode.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **AddressingMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_ADDRESSING\_MODE\_7BIT
  - LL\_I2C\_ADDRESSING\_MODE\_10BIT

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Changing this bit is not allowed, when the START bit is set.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADD10 LL\_I2C\_SetMasterAddressingMode

#### LL\_I2C\_GetMasterAddressingMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetMasterAddressingMode (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Get the Master addressing mode.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_ADDRESSING\_MODE\_7BIT
  - LL\_I2C\_ADDRESSING\_MODE\_10BIT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADD10 LL\_I2C\_GetMasterAddressingMode

## LL\_I2C\_SetOwnAddress1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress1 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t OwnAddress1, uint32_t OwnAddrSize)
```

## Function description

Set the Own Address1.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **OwnAddress1:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0x3FF.
- **OwnAddrSize:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS1\_7BIT
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS1\_10BIT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR1 OA1 LL\_I2C\_SetOwnAddress1
- OAR1 OA1MODE LL\_I2C\_SetOwnAddress1

## LL\_I2C\_EnableOwnAddress1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableOwnAddress1 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable acknowledge on Own Address1 match address.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR1 OA1EN LL\_I2C\_EnableOwnAddress1

## LL\_I2C\_DisableOwnAddress1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableOwnAddress1 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Disable acknowledge on Own Address1 match address.



#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR1 OA1EN LL\_I2C\_DisableOwnAddress1

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledOwnAddress1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledOwnAddress1 (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Own Address1 acknowledge is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR1 OA1EN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledOwnAddress1

#### LL\_I2C\_SetOwnAddress2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress2 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t OwnAddress2, uint32_t OwnAddrMask)
```

#### Function description

Set the 7bits Own Address2.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **OwnAddress2:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0x7F.
- **OwnAddrMask:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_NOMASK
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK01
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK02
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK03
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK04
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK05
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK06
  - LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK07

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This action has no effect if own address2 is enabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR2 OA2 LL\_I2C\_SetOwnAddress2
- OAR2 OA2MSK LL\_I2C\_SetOwnAddress2

#### LL\_I2C\_EnableOwnAddress2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableOwnAddress2 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Enable acknowledge on Own Address2 match address.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR2 OA2EN LL\_I2C\_EnableOwnAddress2

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableOwnAddress2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableOwnAddress2 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable acknowledge on Own Address2 match address.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR2 OA2EN LL\_I2C\_DisableOwnAddress2

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledOwnAddress2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledOwnAddress2 (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Own Address1 acknowledge is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OAR2 OA2EN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledOwnAddress2

## LL\_I2C\_SetTiming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetTiming (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t Timing)
```

### Function description

Configure the SDA setup, hold time and the SCL high, low period.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **Timing:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFFFFFF.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This bit can only be programmed when the I2C is disabled (PE = 0).
- This parameter is computed with the STM32CubeMX Tool.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMINGR TIMINGR LL\_I2C\_SetTiming

## LL\_I2C\_GetTimingPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetTimingPrescaler (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Get the Timing Prescaler setting.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x0 and Max\_Data=0xF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMINGR PRESC LL\_I2C\_GetTimingPrescaler

## LL\_I2C\_GetClockLowPeriod

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetClockLowPeriod (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Get the SCL low period setting.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMINGR SCLL LL\_I2C\_GetClockLowPeriod

### LL\_I2C\_GetClockHighPeriod

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetClockHighPeriod (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Get the SCL high period setting.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMINGR SCLH LL\_I2C\_GetClockHighPeriod

### LL\_I2C\_GetDataHoldTime

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetDataHoldTime (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Get the SDA hold time.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x0 and Max\_Data=0xF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMINGR SDADEL LL\_I2C\_GetDataHoldTime

### LL\_I2C\_GetDataSetupTime

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetDataSetupTime (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Get the SDA setup time.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x0 and Max\_Data=0xF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMINGR SCLDEL LL\_I2C\_GetDataSetupTime

### LL\_I2C\_SetMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t PeripheralMode)
```

## Function description

Configure peripheral mode.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **PeripheralMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_I2C
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_HOST
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_DEVICE
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_DEVICE\_ARP

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SMBHEN LL\_I2C\_SetMode
- CR1 SMBDEN LL\_I2C\_SetMode

### LL\_I2C\_GetMode

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_GetMode (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

## Function description

Get peripheral mode.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_I2C
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_HOST
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_DEVICE
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_DEVICE\_ARP

## Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SMBHEN LL\_I2C\_GetMode
- CR1 SMBDEN LL\_I2C\_GetMode

### LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusAlert

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusAlert (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

## Function description

Enable SMBus alert (Host or Device mode)

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- SMBus Device mode: SMBus Alert pin is driven low and Alert Response Address Header acknowledge is enabled. SMBus Host mode: SMBus Alert pin management is supported.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ALERTEN LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusAlert

### LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusAlert

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableSMBusAlert (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Disable SMBus alert (Host or Device mode)

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- SMBus Device mode: SMBus Alert pin is not driven (can be used as a standard GPIO) and Alert Response Address Header acknowledge is disabled. SMBus Host mode: SMBus Alert pin management is not supported.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ALERTEN LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusAlert

### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusAlert

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusAlert (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Check if SMBus alert (Host or Device mode) is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 ALERTEN LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusAlert

**LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusPEC****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusPEC (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

**Function description**

Enable SMBus Packet Error Calculation (PEC).

**Parameters**

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Notes**

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 PECEN LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusPEC

**LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusPEC****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusPEC (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

**Function description**

Disable SMBus Packet Error Calculation (PEC).

**Parameters**

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Notes**

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 PECEN LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusPEC

**LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusPEC****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusPEC (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

**Function description**

Check if SMBus Packet Error Calculation (PEC) is enabled or disabled.

**Parameters**

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PECEN `LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusPEC`

## LL\_I2C\_ConfigSMBusTimeout

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TimeoutA, uint32_t TimeoutAMode, uint32_t TimeoutB)
```

### Function description

Configure the SMBus Clock Timeout.

### Parameters

- I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- TimeoutA:** This parameter must be a value between `Min_Data=0` and `Max_Data=0xFFFF`.
- TimeoutAMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_TIMEOUTA_MODE_SCL_LOW`
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_TIMEOUTA_MODE_SDA_SCL_HIGH`
- TimeoutB:**

### Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- This configuration can only be programmed when associated Timeout is disabled (TimeoutA and/or TimeoutB).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `TIMEOUTR_TIMEOUTA` `LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout`
- `TIMEOUTR_TIDLE` `LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout`
- `TIMEOUTR_TIMEOUTB` `LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout`

## LL\_I2C\_SetSMBusTimeoutA

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutA (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TimeoutA)
```

### Function description

Configure the SMBus Clock TimeoutA (SCL low timeout or SCL and SDA high timeout depends on TimeoutA mode).

### Parameters

- I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- TimeoutA:** This parameter must be a value between `Min_Data=0` and `Max_Data=0xFFFF`.

### Return values

- None:**



## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- These bits can only be programmed when TimeoutA is disabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `TIMEOUTR_TIMEOUTA_LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutA`

## LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusTimeoutA

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutA (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Get the SMBus Clock TimeoutA setting.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `TIMEOUTR_TIMEOUTA_LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutA`

## LL\_I2C\_SetSMBusTimeoutAMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutAMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TimeoutAMode)
```

### Function description

Set the SMBus Clock TimeoutA mode.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **TimeoutAMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_TIMEOUTA_MODE_SCL_LOW`
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_TIMEOUTA_MODE_SDA_SCL_HIGH`

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- This bit can only be programmed when TimeoutA is disabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `TIMEOUTR_TIDLE_LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutAMode`

## LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusTimeoutAMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutAMode (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Get the SMBus Clock TimeoutA mode.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA\_MODE\_SCL\_LOW
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA\_MODE\_SDA\_SCL\_HIGH

### Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMEOUTR TIDLE LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusTimeoutAMode

## LL\_I2C\_SetSMBusTimeoutB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutB (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TimeoutB)
```

### Function description

Configure the SMBus Extended Cumulative Clock TimeoutB (Master or Slave mode).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **TimeoutB:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- These bits can only be programmed when TimeoutB is disabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMEOUTR TIMEOUTB LL\_I2C\_SetSMBusTimeoutB

## LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusTimeoutB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutB (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Get the SMBus Extended Cumulative Clock TimeoutB setting.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFF

## Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMOUTR TIMEOUTB LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusTimeoutB

## LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusTimeout

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableSMBusTimeout (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t ClockTimeout)
```

## Function description

Enable the SMBus Clock Timeout.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **ClockTimeout:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTB
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_ALL\_TIMEOUT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIMOUTR TIMOUTEN LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusTimeout
- TIMOUTR TEXTEN LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusTimeout

## LL\_I2C\_DisableSMBusTimeout

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableSMBusTimeout (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t ClockTimeout)
```

## Function description

Disable the SMBus Clock Timeout.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **ClockTimeout:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTB
  - LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_ALL\_TIMEOUT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `TIMEOUTR TIMOUTEN LL_I2C_DisableSMBusTimeout`
- `TIMEOUTR TEXTEN LL_I2C_DisableSMBusTimeout`

### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusTimeout

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusTimeout (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t ClockTimeout)
```

## Function description

Check if the SMBus Clock Timeout is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- ClockTimeout:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_TIMEOUTA`
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_TIMEOUTB`
  - `LL_I2C_SMBUS_ALL_TIMEOUT`

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `TIMEOUTR TIMOUTEN LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusTimeout`
- `TIMEOUTR TEXTEN LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusTimeout`

### LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_TX

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableIT_TX (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable TXIS interrupt.

## Parameters

- I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- `CR1 TXIE LL_I2C_EnableIT_TX`

### LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_TX

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableIT_TX (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Disable TXIS interrupt.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_TX

LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_TX

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_TX (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

### Function description

Check if the TXIS Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_TX

LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_RX

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_RX (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

### Function description

Enable RXNE interrupt.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXIE LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_RX

LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_RX

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_RX (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

### Function description

Disable RXNE interrupt.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_RX

**LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_RX**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_RX (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

#### Function description

Check if the RXNE Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_RX

**LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_ADDR**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_ADDR (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

#### Function description

Enable Address match interrupt (slave mode only).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ADDRIE LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_ADDR

**LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_ADDR**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_ADDR (I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

#### Function description

Disable Address match interrupt (slave mode only).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ADDRIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_ADDR

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_ADDR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_ADDR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Check if Address match interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ADDRIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_ADDR

## LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_NACK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableIT_NACK (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Enable Not acknowledge received interrupt.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 NACKIE LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_NACK

## LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_NACK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableIT_NACK (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Disable Not acknowledge received interrupt.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 NACKIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_NACK

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_NACK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_NACK (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Check if Not acknowledge received interrupt is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 NACKIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_NACK

## LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_STOP

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableIT_STOP (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable STOP detection interrupt.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 STOPIE LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_STOP

## LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_STOP

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableIT_STOP (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Disable STOP detection interrupt.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 STOPIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_STOP

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_STOP

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_STOP (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Check if STOP detection interrupt is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 STOPIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_STOP

#### LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_TC

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableIT_TC (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Transfer Complete interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Any of these events will generate interrupt : Transfer Complete (TC) Transfer Complete Reload (TCR)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_TC

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_TC

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableIT_TC (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Transfer Complete interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Any of these events will generate interrupt : Transfer Complete (TC) Transfer Complete Reload (TCR)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_TC

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_TC (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Transfer Complete interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

#### LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_ERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableIT_ERR (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Error interrupts.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- Any of these errors will generate interrupt : Arbitration Loss (ARLO) Bus Error detection (BERR) Overrun/ Underrun (OVR) SMBus Timeout detection (TIMEOUT) SMBus PEC error detection (PECERR) SMBus Alert pin event detection (ALERT)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ERRIE LL\_I2C\_EnableIT\_ERR

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_ERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableIT_ERR (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Error interrupts.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- Any of these errors will generate interrupt : Arbitration Loss (ARLO) Bus Error detection (BERR) Overrun/ Underrun (OVR) SMBus Timeout detection (TIMEOUT) SMBus PEC error detection (PECERR) SMBus Alert pin event detection (ALERT)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ERRIE LL\_I2C\_DisableIT\_ERR

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_ERR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Check if Error interrupts are enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ERRIE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

**LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

## Function description

Indicate the status of Transmit data register empty flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: When next data is written in Transmit data register. SET: When Transmit data register is empty.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TXE LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

**LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TXIS**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TXIS (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

## Function description

Indicate the status of Transmit interrupt flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: When next data is written in Transmit data register. SET: When Transmit data register is empty.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TXIS LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TXIS

**LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)**

## Function description

Indicate the status of Receive data register not empty flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: When Receive data register is read. SET: When the received data is copied in Receive data register.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RXNE LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

## LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_ADDR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_ADDR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Indicate the status of Address matched flag (slave mode).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When the received slave address matched with one of the enabled slave address.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ADDR LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_ADDR

## LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_NACK

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_NACK (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Indicate the status of Not Acknowledge received flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When a NACK is received after a byte transmission.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR NACKF LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_NACK

## LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_STOP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_STOP (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Indicate the status of Stop detection flag.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When a Stop condition is detected.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR STOPF LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_STOP

## LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_TC (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Indicate the status of Transfer complete flag (master mode).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When RELOAD=0, AUTOEND=0 and NBYTES data have been transferred.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TC LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TC

## LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TCR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_TCR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Indicate the status of Transfer complete flag (master mode).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When RELOAD=1 and NBYTES data have been transferred.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TCR LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_TCR

#### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_BERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_BERR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate the status of Bus error flag.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When a misplaced Start or Stop condition is detected.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR BERR LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_BERR

#### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_ARLO

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_ARLO (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate the status of Arbitration lost flag.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When arbitration lost.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ARLO LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_ARLO

#### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_OVR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate the status of Overrun/Underrun flag (slave mode).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When an overrun/underrun error occurs (Clock Stretching Disabled).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR OVR LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveSMBusFlag\_PECERR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_PECERR (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Indicate the status of SMBus PEC error flag in reception.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When the received PEC does not match with the PEC register content.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR PECERR LL\_I2C\_IsActiveSMBusFlag\_PECERR

### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveSMBusFlag\_TIMEOUT

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_TIMEOUT (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Indicate the status of SMBus Timeout detection flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro IS\_SMBUS\_INSTANCE(I2Cx) can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When a timeout or extended clock timeout occurs.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TIMEOUT LL\_I2C\_IsActiveSMBusFlag\_TIMEOUT

### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveSMBusFlag\_ALERT

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_ALERT (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Indicate the status of SMBus alert flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When SMBus host configuration, SMBus alert enabled and a falling edge event occurs on SMBA pin.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALERT `LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_ALERT`

### LL\_I2C\_IsActiveFlag\_BUSY

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_BUSY (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Indicate the status of Bus Busy flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- RESET: Clear default value. SET: When a Start condition is detected.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR BUSY `LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_BUSY`

### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_ADDR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_ADDR (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Clear Address Matched flag.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ADDR CF `LL_I2C_ClearFlag_ADDR`

### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_NACK

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_NACK (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```



### Function description

Clear Not Acknowledge flag.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR NACKCF LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_NACK

### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_STOP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_STOP (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Clear Stop detection flag.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR STOPCF LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_STOP

### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_TXE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_TXE (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Clear Transmit data register empty flag (TXE).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This bit can be clear by software in order to flush the transmit data register (TXDR).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TXE LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_TXE

### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_BERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_BERR (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Clear Bus error flag.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR BERRCF LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_BERR

#### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_ARLO

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_ARLO (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Arbitration lost flag.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ARLOCF LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_ARLO

#### LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_OVR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearFlag_OVR (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Overrun/Underrun flag.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR OVRDCF LL\_I2C\_ClearFlag\_OVR

#### LL\_I2C\_ClearSMBusFlag\_PECERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearSMBusFlag_PECERR (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Clear SMBus PEC error flag.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR PECCF LL\_I2C\_ClearSMBusFlag\_PECERR

### LL\_I2C\_ClearSMBusFlag\_TIMEOUT

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearSMBusFlag_TIMEOUT (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Clear SMBus Timeout detection flag.

## Parameters

- I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR TIMOUTCF LL\_I2C\_ClearSMBusFlag\_TIMEOUT

### LL\_I2C\_ClearSMBusFlag\_ALERT

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_ClearSMBusFlag_ALERT (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Clear SMBus Alert flag.

## Parameters

- I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ALERTCF LL\_I2C\_ClearSMBusFlag\_ALERT

### LL\_I2C\_EnableAutoEndMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableAutoEndMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable automatic STOP condition generation (master mode).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- Automatic end mode : a STOP condition is automatically sent when NBYTES data are transferred. This bit has no effect in slave mode or when RELOAD bit is set.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 AUTOEND LL\_I2C\_EnableAutoEndMode

### LL\_I2C\_DisableAutoEndMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableAutoEndMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Disable automatic STOP condition generation (master mode).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- Software end mode : TC flag is set when NBYTES data are transferre, stretching SCL low.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 AUTOEND LL\_I2C\_DisableAutoEndMode

### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledAutoEndMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledAutoEndMode (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Check if automatic STOP condition is enabled or disabled.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 AUTOEND LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledAutoEndMode

### LL\_I2C\_EnableReloadMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableReloadMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable reload mode (master mode).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- The transfer is not completed after the NBYTES data transfer, NBYTES will be reloaded when TCR flag is set.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RELOAD LL\_I2C\_EnableReloadMode

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableReloadMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableReloadMode (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable reload mode (master mode).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- The transfer is completed after the NBYTES data transfer(STOP or RESTART will follow).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RELOAD LL\_I2C\_DisableReloadMode

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledReloadMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledReloadMode (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if reload mode is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RELOAD LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledReloadMode

#### LL\_I2C\_SetTransferSize

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetTransferSize (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TransferSize)
```

#### Function description

Configure the number of bytes for transfer.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **TransferSize:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Changing these bits when START bit is set is not allowed.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 NBYTES LL\_I2C\_SetTransferSize

### LL\_I2C\_GetTransferSize

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetTransferSize (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Get the number of bytes configured for transfer.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x0 and Max\_Data=0xFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 NBYTES LL\_I2C\_GetTransferSize

### LL\_I2C\_AcknowledgeNextData

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_AcknowledgeNextData (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TypeAcknowledge)
```

### Function description

Prepare the generation of a ACKnowledge or Non ACKnowledge condition after the address receive match code or next received byte.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **TypeAcknowledge:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_ACK
  - LL\_I2C\_NACK

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Usage in Slave mode only.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 NACK LL\_I2C\_AcknowledgeNextData

## LL\_I2C\_GenerateStartCondition

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_GenerateStartCondition (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Generate a START or RESTART condition.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The START bit can be set even if bus is BUSY or I2C is in slave mode. This action has no effect when RELOAD is set.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 START LL\_I2C\_GenerateStartCondition

## LL\_I2C\_GenerateStopCondition

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_GenerateStopCondition (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Generate a STOP condition after the current byte transfer (master mode).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 STOP LL\_I2C\_GenerateStopCondition

## LL\_I2C\_EnableAuto10BitRead

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableAuto10BitRead (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

### Function description

Enable automatic RESTART Read request condition for 10bit address header (master mode).

### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The master sends the complete 10bit slave address read sequence : Start + 2 bytes 10bit address in Write direction + Restart + first 7 bits of 10bit address in Read direction.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 HEAD10R LL\_I2C\_EnableAuto10BitRead

#### LL\_I2C\_DisableAuto10BitRead

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_DisableAuto10BitRead (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Disable automatic RESTART Read request condition for 10bit address header (master mode).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- The master only sends the first 7 bits of 10bit address in Read direction.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 HEAD10R LL\_I2C\_DisableAuto10BitRead

#### LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledAuto10BitRead

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledAuto10BitRead (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Check if automatic RESTART Read request condition for 10bit address header is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 HEAD10R LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledAuto10BitRead

#### LL\_I2C\_SetTransferRequest

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetTransferRequest (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t TransferRequest)
```

#### Function description

Configure the transfer direction (master mode).

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **TransferRequest:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_REQUEST\_WRITE
  - LL\_I2C\_REQUEST\_READ

#### Return values

- **None:**



## Notes

- Changing these bits when START bit is set is not allowed.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RD\_WRN LL\_I2C\_SetTransferRequest

### LL\_I2C\_GetTransferRequest

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetTransferRequest (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Get the transfer direction requested (master mode).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_REQUEST\_WRITE
  - LL\_I2C\_REQUEST\_READ

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RD\_WRN LL\_I2C\_GetTransferRequest

### LL\_I2C\_SetSlaveAddr

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_SetSlaveAddr (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t SlaveAddr)
```

## Function description

Configure the slave address for transfer (master mode).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **SlaveAddr:** This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x3F.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Changing these bits when START bit is set is not allowed.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SADD LL\_I2C\_SetSlaveAddr

### LL\_I2C\_GetSlaveAddr

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetSlaveAddr (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Get the slave address programmed for transfer.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x0 and Max\_Data=0x3F

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SADD LL\_I2C\_GetSlaveAddr

## LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_HandleTransfer (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint32_t SlaveAddr, uint32_t SlaveAddrSize, uint32_t TransferSize, uint32_t EndMode, uint32_t Request)
```

## Function description

Handles I2Cx communication when starting transfer or during transfer (TC or TCR flag are set).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **SlaveAddr:** Specifies the slave address to be programmed.
- **SlaveAddrSize:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_ADDRSLAVE\_7BIT
  - LL\_I2C\_ADDRSLAVE\_10BIT
- **TransferSize:** Specifies the number of bytes to be programmed. This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=255.
- **EndMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_RELOAD
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_AUTOEND
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SOFTEND
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_RELOAD
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_AUTOEND\_NO\_PEC
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_SOFTEND\_NO\_PEC
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_AUTOEND\_WITH\_PEC
  - LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_SOFTEND\_WITH\_PEC
- **Request:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_NOSTARTSTOP
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_STOP
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_START\_READ
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_START\_WRITE
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_7BIT\_READ
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_7BIT\_WRITE
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_10BIT\_READ
  - LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_10BIT\_WRITE

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SADD LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 ADD10 LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 RD\_WRN LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 START LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 STOP LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 RELOAD LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 NBYTES LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 AUTOEND LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer
- CR2 HEAD10R LL\_I2C\_HandleTransfer

#### LL\_I2C\_GetTransferDirection

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetTransferDirection (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

##### Function description

Indicate the value of transfer direction (slave mode).

##### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

##### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2C\_DIRECTION\_WRITE
  - LL\_I2C\_DIRECTION\_READ

##### Notes

- RESET: Write transfer, Slave enters in receiver mode. SET: Read transfer, Slave enters in transmitter mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR DIR LL\_I2C\_GetTransferDirection

#### LL\_I2C\_GetAddressMatchCode

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetAddressMatchCode (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

##### Function description

Return the slave matched address.

##### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

##### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x3F

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ADDCODE LL\_I2C\_GetAddressMatchCode

#### LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusPECCCompare

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_EnableSMBusPECCCompare (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

## Function description

Enable internal comparison of the SMBus Packet Error byte (transmission or reception mode).

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.
- This feature is cleared by hardware when the PEC byte is transferred, or when a STOP condition or an Address Matched is received. This bit has no effect when RELOAD bit is set. This bit has no effect in device mode when SBC bit is not set.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 PECBYTE LL\_I2C\_EnableSMBusPECCompare

## LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusPECCompare

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusPECCompare (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)`

## Function description

Check if the SMBus Packet Error byte internal comparison is requested or not.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 PECBYTE LL\_I2C\_IsEnabledSMBusPECCompare

## LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusPEC

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2C_GetSMBusPEC (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)`

## Function description

Get the SMBus Packet Error byte calculated.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Notes

- The macro `IS_SMBUS_INSTANCE(I2Cx)` can be used to check whether or not SMBus feature is supported by the I2Cx Instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PECCR PEC LL\_I2C\_GetSMBusPEC

#### LL\_I2C\_ReceiveData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_I2C_ReceiveData8 (const I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx)
```

#### Function description

Read Receive Data register.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RXDR RXDATA LL\_I2C\_ReceiveData8

#### LL\_I2C\_TransmitData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2C_TransmitData8 (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, uint8_t Data)
```

#### Function description

Write in Transmit Data Register .

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **Data:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TXDR TXDATA LL\_I2C\_TransmitData8

#### LL\_I2C\_Init

#### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_I2C_Init (I2C_TypeDef * I2Cx, const LL_I2C_InitTypeDef * I2C_InitStruct)
```

#### Function description

Initialize the I2C registers according to the specified parameters in I2C\_InitStruct.

#### Parameters

- **I2Cx:** I2C Instance.
- **I2C\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef structure.

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: I2C registers are initialized
  - ERROR: Not applicable

## LL\_I2C\_DeInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_I2C\_DeInit (const I2C\_TypeDef \* I2Cx)

### Function description

De-initialize the I2C registers to their default reset values.

### Parameters

- **I2Cx**: I2C Instance.

### Return values

- **An**: ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: I2C registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: I2C registers are not de-initialized

## LL\_I2C\_StructInit

### Function name

**void** LL\_I2C\_StructInit (LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef \* I2C\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Set each LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **I2C\_InitStruct**: Pointer to a LL\_I2C\_InitTypeDef structure.

### Return values

- **None**:

## 66.3 I2C Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 66.3.1 I2C

I2C

#### *Master Addressing Mode*

#### LL\_I2C\_ADDRESSING\_MODE\_7BIT

Master operates in 7-bit addressing mode.

#### LL\_I2C\_ADDRESSING\_MODE\_10BIT

Master operates in 10-bit addressing mode.

#### *Slave Address Length*

#### LL\_I2C\_ADDRSLAVE\_7BIT

Slave Address in 7-bit.

#### LL\_I2C\_ADDRSLAVE\_10BIT

Slave Address in 10-bit.

#### *Analog Filter Selection*

#### LL\_I2C\_ANALOGFILTER\_ENABLE

Analog filter is enabled.

**LL\_I2C\_ANALOGFILTER\_DISABLE**

Analog filter is disabled.

***Clear Flags Defines*****LL\_I2C\_ICR\_ADDRCF**

Address Matched flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_NACKCF**

Not Acknowledge flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_STOPCF**

Stop detection flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_BERRCF**

Bus error flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_ARLOCF**

Arbitration Lost flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_OVRCF**

Overrun/Underrun flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_PECCF**

PEC error flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_TIMEOUTCF**

Timeout detection flag

**LL\_I2C\_ICR\_ALERTCF**

Alert flag

***Read Write Direction*****LL\_I2C\_DIRECTION\_WRITE**

Write transfer request by master, slave enters receiver mode.

**LL\_I2C\_DIRECTION\_READ**

Read transfer request by master, slave enters transmitter mode.

***DMA Register Data*****LL\_I2C\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_TRANSMIT**

Get address of data register used for transmission

**LL\_I2C\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_RECEIVE**

Get address of data register used for reception

***Start And Stop Generation*****LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_NOSTARTSTOP**

Don't Generate Stop and Start condition.

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_STOP**

Generate Stop condition (Size should be set to 0).

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_START\_READ**

Generate Start for read request.

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_START\_WRITE**

Generate Start for write request.

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_7BIT\_READ**

Generate Restart for read request, slave 7Bit address.

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_7BIT\_WRITE**

Generate Restart for write request, slave 7Bit address.

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_10BIT\_READ**

Generate Restart for read request, slave 10Bit address.

**LL\_I2C\_GENERATE\_RESTART\_10BIT\_WRITE**

Generate Restart for write request, slave 10Bit address.

***Get Flags Defines*****LL\_I2C\_ISR\_TXE**

Transmit data register empty

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_TXIS**

Transmit interrupt status

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_RXNE**

Receive data register not empty

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_ADDR**

Address matched (slave mode)

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_NACKF**

Not Acknowledge received flag

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_STOPF**

Stop detection flag

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_TC**

Transfer Complete (master mode)

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_TCR**

Transfer Complete Reload

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_BERR**

Bus error

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_ARLO**

Arbitration lost

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_OVR**

Overrun/Underrun (slave mode)

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_PECERR**

PEC Error in reception (SMBus mode)

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_TIMEOUT**

Timeout detection flag (SMBus mode)

**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_ALERT**

SMBus alert (SMBus mode)



**LL\_I2C\_ISR\_BUSY**

Bus busy

**Acknowledge Generation****LL\_I2C\_ACK**

ACK is sent after current received byte.

**LL\_I2C\_NACK**

NACK is sent after current received byte.

**IT Defines****LL\_I2C\_CR1\_TXIE**

TX Interrupt enable

**LL\_I2C\_CR1\_RXIE**

RX Interrupt enable

**LL\_I2C\_CR1\_ADDRIE**

Address match Interrupt enable (slave only)

**LL\_I2C\_CR1\_NACKIE**

Not acknowledge received Interrupt enable

**LL\_I2C\_CR1\_STOPIE**

STOP detection Interrupt enable

**LL\_I2C\_CR1\_TCIE**

Transfer Complete interrupt enable

**LL\_I2C\_CR1\_ERRIE**

Error interrupts enable

**Transfer End Mode****LL\_I2C\_MODE\_RELOAD**

Enable I2C Reload mode.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_AUTOEND**

Enable I2C Automatic end mode with no HW PEC comparison.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SOFTEND**

Enable I2C Software end mode with no HW PEC comparison.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_RELOAD**

Enable SMBUS Automatic end mode with HW PEC comparison.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_AUTOEND\_NO\_PEC**

Enable SMBUS Automatic end mode with HW PEC comparison.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_SOFTEND\_NO\_PEC**

Enable SMBUS Software end mode with HW PEC comparison.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_AUTOEND\_WITH\_PEC**

Enable SMBUS Automatic end mode with HW PEC comparison.

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_SOFTEND\_WITH\_PEC**

Enable SMBUS Software end mode with HW PEC comparison.

***Own Address 1 Length*****LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS1\_7BIT**

Own address 1 is a 7-bit address.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS1\_10BIT**

Own address 1 is a 10-bit address.

***Own Address 2 Masks*****LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_NOMASK**

Own Address2 No mask.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK01**

Only Address2 bits[7:2] are compared.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK02**

Only Address2 bits[7:3] are compared.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK03**

Only Address2 bits[7:4] are compared.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK04**

Only Address2 bits[7:5] are compared.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK05**

Only Address2 bits[7:6] are compared.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK06**

Only Address2 bits[7] are compared.

**LL\_I2C\_OWNADDRESS2\_MASK07**

No comparison is done. All Address2 are acknowledged.

***Peripheral Mode*****LL\_I2C\_MODE\_I2C**

I2C Master or Slave mode

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_HOST**

SMBus Host address acknowledge

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_DEVICE**

SMBus Device default mode (Default address not acknowledge)

**LL\_I2C\_MODE\_SMBUS\_DEVICE\_ARP**

SMBus Device Default address acknowledge

***Transfer Request Direction*****LL\_I2C\_REQUEST\_WRITE**

Master request a write transfer.

**LL\_I2C\_REQUEST\_READ**

Master request a read transfer.

### **SMBus TimeoutA Mode SCL SDA Timeout**

#### **LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA\_MODE\_SCL\_LOW**

TimeoutA is used to detect SCL low level timeout.

#### **LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA\_MODE\_SDA\_SCL\_HIGH**

TimeoutA is used to detect both SCL and SDA high level timeout.

### **SMBus Timeout Selection**

#### **LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTA**

TimeoutA enable bit

#### **LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_TIMEOUTB**

TimeoutB (extended clock) enable bit

#### **LL\_I2C\_SMBUS\_ALL\_TIMEOUT**

TimeoutA and TimeoutB (extended clock) enable bits

### **Convert SDA SCL timings**

#### **\_\_LL\_I2C\_CONVERT\_TIMINGS**

##### **Description:**

- Configure the SDA setup, hold time and the SCL high, low period.

##### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_PRESCALER\_\_**: This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xF.
- **\_\_SETUP\_TIME\_\_**: This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xF. (tscldel = (SCLDEL+1)xtpresc)
- **\_\_HOLD\_TIME\_\_**: This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xF. (tsdadel = SDADELxtpresc)
- **\_\_SCLH\_PERIOD\_\_**: This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFF. (tsclh = (SCLH+1)xtpresc)
- **\_\_SCLL\_PERIOD\_\_**: This parameter must be a value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFF. (tscll = (SCLL+1)xtpresc)

##### **Return value:**

- Value: between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFFFFFF

### **Common Write and read registers Macros**

#### **LL\_I2C\_WriteReg**

##### **Description:**

- Write a value in I2C register.

##### **Parameters:**

- **\_\_INSTANCE\_\_**: I2C Instance
- **\_\_REG\_\_**: Register to be written
- **\_\_VALUE\_\_**: Value to be written in the register

##### **Return value:**

- None

## LL\_I2C\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in I2C register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: I2C Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 67 LL IWDG Generic Driver

### 67.1 IWDG Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the IWDG library.

#### 67.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_IWDG\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_Enable (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

##### Function description

Start the Independent Watchdog.

##### Parameters

- **IWDGx**: IWDG Instance

##### Return values

- **None**:

##### Notes

- Except if the hardware watchdog option is selected

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- KR KEY LL\_IWDG\_Enable

##### LL\_IWDG\_ReloadCounter

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_ReloadCounter (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

##### Function description

Reloads IWDG counter with value defined in the reload register.

##### Parameters

- **IWDGx**: IWDG Instance

##### Return values

- **None**:

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- KR KEY LL\_IWDG\_ReloadCounter

##### LL\_IWDG\_EnableWriteAccess

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_EnableWriteAccess (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

##### Function description

Enable write access to IWDG\_PR, IWDG\_RLR and IWDG\_WINR registers.

##### Parameters

- **IWDGx**: IWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- KR KEY LL\_IWDG\_EnableWriteAccess

#### LL\_IWDG\_DisableWriteAccess

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_DisableWriteAccess (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Disable write access to IWDG\_PR, IWDG\_RLR and IWDG\_WINR registers.

#### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- KR KEY LL\_IWDG\_DisableWriteAccess

#### LL\_IWDG\_SetPrescaler

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_SetPrescaler (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx, uint32_t Prescaler)
```

#### Function description

Select the prescaler of the IWDG.

#### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance
- **Prescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_4
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_8
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_16
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_32
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_64
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_128
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_256

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PR PR LL\_IWDG\_SetPrescaler

#### LL\_IWDG\_GetPrescaler

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_IWDG_GetPrescaler (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Get the selected prescaler of the IWDG.

## Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_4
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_8
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_16
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_32
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_64
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_128
  - LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_256

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PR PR LL\_IWDG\_GetPrescaler

## LL\_IWDG\_SetReloadCounter

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_SetReloadCounter (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx, uint32_t Counter)
```

### Function description

Specify the IWDG down-counter reload value.

### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance
- **Counter:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RLR RL LL\_IWDG\_SetReloadCounter

## LL\_IWDG\_GetReloadCounter

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_IWDG_GetReloadCounter (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

### Function description

Get the specified IWDG down-counter reload value.

### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RLR RL LL\_IWDG\_GetReloadCounter

## LL\_IWDG\_SetWindow

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_IWDG_SetWindow (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx, uint32_t Window)
```

### Function description

Specify high limit of the window value to be compared to the down-counter.

### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance
- **Window:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0x0FFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- WINR WIN LL\_IWDG\_SetWindow

### LL\_IWDG\_GetWindow

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_IWDG_GetWindow (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

### Function description

Get the high limit of the window value specified.

### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0x0FFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- WINR WIN LL\_IWDG\_GetWindow

### LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_PVU

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_IWDG_IsActiveFlag_PVU (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

### Function description

Check if flag Prescaler Value Update is set or not.

### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR PVU LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_PVU

### LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_RVU

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_IWDG_IsActiveFlag_RVU (IWDG_TypeDef * IWDGx)
```

### Function description

Check if flag Reload Value Update is set or not.

### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR RVU LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_RVU

**LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_WVU**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_WVU (IWDG\_TypeDef \* IWDGx)**

#### Function description

Check if flag Window Value Update is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR WVU LL\_IWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_WVU

**LL\_IWDG\_IsReady**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_IWDG\_IsReady (IWDG\_TypeDef \* IWDGx)**

#### Function description

Check if all flags Prescaler, Reload & Window Value Update are reset or not.

#### Parameters

- **IWDGx:** IWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bits (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR PVU LL\_IWDG\_IsReady
- SR RVU LL\_IWDG\_IsReady
- SR WVU LL\_IWDG\_IsReady

## 67.2 IWDG Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 67.2.1 IWDG

IWDG

**Get Flags Defines**

#### LL\_IWDG\_SR\_PVU

Watchdog prescaler value update

#### LL\_IWDG\_SR\_RVU

Watchdog counter reload value update

## LL\_IWDG\_SR\_WVU

Watchdog counter window value update

### *Prescaler Divider*

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_4

Divider by 4

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_8

Divider by 8

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_16

Divider by 16

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_32

Divider by 32

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_64

Divider by 64

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_128

Divider by 128

## LL\_IWDG\_PRESCALER\_256

Divider by 256

### *Common Write and read registers Macros*

## LL\_IWDG\_WriteReg

#### **Description:**

- Write a value in IWDG register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: IWDG Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

#### **Return value:**

- None

## LL\_IWDG\_ReadReg

#### **Description:**

- Read a value in IWDG register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: IWDG Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

#### **Return value:**

- Register: value

## 68 LL LPTIM Generic Driver

### 68.1 LPTIM Firmware driver registers structures

#### 68.1.1 LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_lptim.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t* **ClockSource**
- *uint32\_t* **Prescaler**
- *uint32\_t* **Waveform**
- *uint32\_t* **Polarity**

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::ClockSource**  
Specifies the source of the clock used by the LPTIM instance. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_LL\_EC\_CLK\_SOURCE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_LPTIM\_SetClockSource()**.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler**  
Specifies the prescaler division ratio. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_LL\_EC\_PRESCALER**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_LPTIM\_SetPrescaler()**.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::Waveform**  
Specifies the waveform shape. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_LL\_EC\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigOutput()**.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef::Polarity**  
Specifies waveform polarity. This parameter can be a value of **LPTIM\_LL\_EC\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigOutput()**.

### 68.2 LPTIM Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the LPTIM library.

#### 68.2.1 Detailed description of functions

**LL\_LPTIM\_DeInit**

Function name

**ErrorStatus** **LL\_LPTIM\_DeInit** (**LPTIM\_TypeDef** \* **LPTIMx**)

Function description

Set LPTIMx registers to their reset values.

Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: LP Timer instance

Return values

- **An**: ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: LPTIMx registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: invalid LPTIMx instance

**LL\_LPTIM\_StructInit**

Function name

**void** **LL\_LPTIM\_StructInit** (**LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef** \* **LPTIM\_InitStruct**)

## Function description

Set each fields of the LPTIM\_InitStruct structure to its default value.

## Parameters

- **LPTIM\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef structure

## Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_LPTIM\_Init**

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_LPTIM\_Init (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx, const LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef \* LPTIM\_InitStruct)**

## Function description

Configure the LPTIMx peripheral according to the specified parameters.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** LP Timer Instance
- **LPTIM\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_LPTIM\_InitTypeDef structure

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: LPTIMx instance has been initialized
  - ERROR: LPTIMx instance hasn't been initialized

## Notes

- LL\_LPTIM\_Init can only be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- LPTIMx can be disabled using unitary function LL\_LPTIM\_Disable().

**LL\_LPTIM\_Disable**

## Function name

**void LL\_LPTIM\_Disable (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

## Function description

Disable the LPTIM instance.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The following sequence is required to solve LPTIM disable HW limitation. Please check Errata Sheet ES0335 for more details under "MCU may remain stuck in LPTIM interrupt when entering Stop mode" section.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ENABLE LL\_LPTIM\_Disable

**LL\_LPTIM\_Enable**

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPTIM\_Enable (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

## Function description

Enable the LPTIM instance.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- After setting the ENABLE bit, a delay of two counter clock is needed before the LPTIM instance is actually enabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ENABLE LL\_LPTIM\_Enable

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabled

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabled (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Indicates whether the LPTIM instance is enabled.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ENABLE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabled

## LL\_LPTIM\_StartCounter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_StartCounter (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t OperatingMode)
```

## Function description

Starts the LPTIM counter in the desired mode.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **OperatingMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OPERATING\_MODE\_CONTINUOUS
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OPERATING\_MODE\_ONESHOT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- LPTIM instance must be enabled before starting the counter.
- It is possible to change on the fly from One Shot mode to Continuous mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CNTSTRT LL\_LPTIM\_StartCounter
- CR SNGSTRT LL\_LPTIM\_StartCounter

## LL\_LPTIM\_SetUpdateMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetUpdateMode (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t UpdateMode)
```

### Function description

Set the LPTIM registers update mode (enable/disable register preload)

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **UpdateMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_UPDATE\_MODE\_IMMEDIATE
  - LL\_LPTIM\_UPDATE\_MODE\_ENDOFPERIOD

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PRELOAD LL\_LPTIM\_SetUpdateMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_GetUpdateMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetUpdateMode (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Get the LPTIM registers update mode.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_UPDATE\_MODE\_IMMEDIATE
  - LL\_LPTIM\_UPDATE\_MODE\_ENDOFPERIOD

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PRELOAD LL\_LPTIM\_GetUpdateMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_SetAutoReload

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetAutoReload (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t AutoReload)
```

### Function description

Set the auto reload value.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **AutoReload:** Value between Min\_Data=0x0001 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- The LPTIMx\_ARR register content must only be modified when the LPTIM is enabled
- After a write to the LPTIMx\_ARR register a new write operation to the same register can only be performed when the previous write operation is completed. Any successive write before the ARROK flag is set, will lead to unpredictable results.
- autoreload value be strictly greater than the compare value.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ARR ARR LL\_LPTIM\_SetAutoReload

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetAutoReload

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetAutoReload (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual auto reload value.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **AutoReload:** Value between Min\_Data=0x0001 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ARR ARR LL\_LPTIM\_GetAutoReload

### LL\_LPTIM\_SetCompare

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetCompare (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t CompareValue)
```

## Function description

Set the compare value.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **CompareValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- After a write to the LPTIMx\_CMP register a new write operation to the same register can only be performed when the previous write operation is completed. Any successive write before the CMPOK flag is set, will lead to unpredictable results.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CMP CMP LL\_LPTIM\_SetCompare

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetCompare

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetCompare (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual compare value.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **CompareValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CMP CMP LL\_LPTIM\_GetCompare

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetCounter

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetCounter (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Get actual counter value.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **Counter:** value

### Notes

- When the LPTIM instance is running with an asynchronous clock, reading the LPTIMx\_CNT register may return unreliable values. So in this case it is necessary to perform two consecutive read accesses and verify that the two returned values are identical.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CNT CNT LL\_LPTIM\_GetCounter

### LL\_LPTIM\_SetCounterMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetCounterMode (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t CounterMode)
```

### Function description

Set the counter mode (selection of the LPTIM counter clock source).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **CounterMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_INTERNAL
  - LL\_LPTIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_EXTERNAL

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The counter mode can be set only when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR COUNTMODE LL\_LPTIM\_SetCounterMode



## LL\_LPTIM\_GetCounterMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetCounterMode (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Get the counter mode.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_INTERNAL
  - LL\_LPTIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_EXTERNAL

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR COUNTMODE LL\_LPTIM\_GetCounterMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigOutput

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ConfigOutput (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t Waveform, uint32_t Polarity)
```

### Function description

Configure the LPTIM instance output (LPTIMx\_OUT)

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **Waveform:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_PWM
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_SETONCE
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_REGULAR
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_INVERSE

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- Regarding the LPTIM output polarity the change takes effect immediately, so the output default value will change immediately after the polarity is re-configured, even before the timer is enabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR WAVE LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigOutput
- CFGR WAVPOL LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigOutput

## LL\_LPTIM\_SetWaveform

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetWaveform (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t Waveform)
```

### Function description

Set waveform shape.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **Waveform:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_PWM
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_SETONCE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR WAVE LL\_LPTIM\_SetWaveform

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetWaveform

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetWaveform (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual waveform shape.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_PWM
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_SETONCE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR WAVE LL\_LPTIM\_GetWaveform

### LL\_LPTIM\_SetPolarity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetPolarity (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t Polarity)
```

## Function description

Set output polarity.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_REGULAR
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_INVERSE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR WAVPOL LL\_LPTIM\_SetPolarity

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetPolarity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetPolarity (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual output polarity.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_REGULAR
  - LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_INVERSE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR WAVPOL LL\_LPTIM\_GetPolarity

## LL\_LPTIM\_SetPrescaler

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetPrescaler (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t Prescaler)
```

## Function description

Set actual prescaler division ratio.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **Prescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV1
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV4
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV8
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV16
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV32
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV64
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV128

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- When the LPTIM is configured to be clocked by an internal clock source and the LPTIM counter is configured to be updated by active edges detected on the LPTIM external Input1, the internal clock provided to the LPTIM must be not be prescaled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PRESC LL\_LPTIM\_SetPrescaler

## LL\_LPTIM\_GetPrescaler

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetPrescaler (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual prescaler division ratio.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV1
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV4
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV8
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV16
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV32
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV64
  - LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV128

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PRESC LL\_LPTIM\_GetPrescaler

## LL\_LPTIM\_EnableTimeout

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableTimeout (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable the timeout function.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- The first trigger event will start the timer, any successive trigger event will reset the counter and the timer will restart.
- The timeout value corresponds to the compare value; if no trigger occurs within the expected time frame, the MCU is waked-up by the compare match event.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TIMOUT LL\_LPTIM\_EnableTimeout

## LL\_LPTIM\_DisableTimeout

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableTimeout (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable the timeout function.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- A trigger event arriving when the timer is already started will be ignored.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TIMOUT LL\_LPTIM\_DisableTimeout

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledTimeout

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledTimeout (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate whether the timeout function is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TIMOUT LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledTimeout

#### LL\_LPTIM\_TrigSw

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_TrigSw (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Start the LPTIM counter.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TRIGEN LL\_LPTIM\_TrigSw

#### LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigTrigger

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ConfigTrigger (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t Source, uint32_t Filter, uint32_t Polarity)
```

#### Function description

Configure the external trigger used as a trigger event for the LPTIM.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **Source:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_GPIO
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCALARMA
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCALARMB
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP1 (\*)
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP3 (\*)
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_COMP1
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_COMP2
 (\*) Value not defined in all devices.
- 
- **Filter:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_NONE
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_4
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_8
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_FALLING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- An internal clock source must be present when a digital filter is required for the trigger.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TRIGSEL LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigTrigger
- CFGR TRGFLT LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigTrigger
- CFGR TRIGEN LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigTrigger

## LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetTriggerSource (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Get actual external trigger source.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_GPIO
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCALARMA
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCALARMB
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP1 (\*)
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP3 (\*)
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_COMP1
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_COMP2
- (\*) Value not defined in all devices.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TRIGSEL LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerSource

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerFilter

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerFilter (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

## Function description

Get actual external trigger filter.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_NONE
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_4
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_8

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR TRGFLT LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerFilter

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerPolarity

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_GetTriggerPolarity (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

## Function description

Get actual external trigger polarity.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_FALLING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR TRIGEN LL\\_LPTIM\\_GetTriggerPolarity](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_SetClockSource

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetClockSource (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t ClockSource)
```

##### Function description

Set the source of the clock used by the LPTIM instance.

##### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **ClockSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_SOURCE\_INTERNAL
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_SOURCE\_EXTERNAL

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR CKSEL LL\\_LPTIM\\_SetClockSource](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_GetClockSource

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetClockSource (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

##### Function description

Get actual LPTIM instance clock source.

##### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

##### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_SOURCE\_INTERNAL
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_SOURCE\_EXTERNAL

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR CKSEL LL\\_LPTIM\\_GetClockSource](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigClock

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ConfigClock (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t ClockFilter, uint32_t ClockPolarity)
```

##### Function description

Configure the active edge or edges used by the counter when the LPTIM is clocked by an external clock source.



## Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance
- **ClockFilter**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_NONE
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_4
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_8
- **ClockPolarity**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_FALLING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- When both external clock signal edges are considered active ones, the LPTIM must also be clocked by an internal clock source with a frequency equal to at least four times the external clock frequency.
- An internal clock source must be present when a digital filter is required for external clock.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR CKFLT LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigClock
- CFGR CKPOL LL\_LPTIM\_ConfigClock

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetClockPolarity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetClockPolarity (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual clock polarity.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned**: value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_FALLING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR CKPOL LL\_LPTIM\_GetClockPolarity

### LL\_LPTIM\_GetClockFilter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetClockFilter (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual clock digital filter.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_NONE
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_2
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_4
  - LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_8

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR CKFLT LL\_LPTIM\_GetClockFilter

## LL\_LPTIM\_SetEncoderMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_SetEncoderMode (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx, uint32_t EncoderMode)
```

## Function description

Configure the encoder mode.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance
- **EncoderMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_RISING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_FALLING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_RISING\_FALLING

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR CKPOL LL\_LPTIM\_SetEncoderMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_GetEncoderMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_GetEncoderMode (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual encoder mode.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_RISING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_FALLING
  - LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_RISING\_FALLING

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR CKPOL LL\_LPTIM\_GetEncoderMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_EnableEncoderMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableEncoderMode (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable the encoder mode.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.
- In this mode the LPTIM instance must be clocked by an internal clock source. Also, the prescaler division ratio must be equal to 1.
- LPTIM instance must be configured in continuous mode prior enabling the encoder mode.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR ENC LL\_LPTIM\_EnableEncoderMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_DisableEncoderMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableEncoderMode (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable the encoder mode.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This function must be called when the LPTIM instance is disabled.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR ENC LL\_LPTIM\_DisableEncoderMode

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledEncoderMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledEncoderMode (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates whether the LPTIM operates in encoder mode.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR ENC LL\\_LPTIM\\_IsEnabledEncoderMode](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_CMPM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_CMPM (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Clear the compare match flag (CMPMCF)

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [ICR CMPMCF LL\\_LPTIM\\_ClearFlag\\_CMPM](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CMPM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_CMPM (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Inform application whether a compare match interrupt has occurred.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [ISR CMPM LL\\_LPTIM\\_IsActiveFlag\\_CMPM](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_ARRM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_ARRM (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Clear the autoreload match flag (ARRMCF)

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [ICR ARRMCF LL\\_LPTIM\\_ClearFlag\\_ARRM](#)

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_ARRM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_ARRM (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Inform application whether a autoreload match interrupt has occurred.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ARRM LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_ARRM

## LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_EXTTRIG

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_EXTTRIG (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Clear the external trigger valid edge flag(EXTTRIGCF).

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR EXTTRIGCF LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_EXTTRIG

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_EXTTRIG

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_EXTTRIG (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Inform application whether a valid edge on the selected external trigger input has occurred.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR EXTTRIG LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_EXTTRIG

## LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_CMPOK

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_CMPOK (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

## Function description

Clear the compare register update interrupt flag (CMPOKCF).

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR CMPOKCF LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_CMPOK

**LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CMPOK**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CMPOK (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

#### Function description

Inform application whether the APB bus write operation to the LPTIMx\_CMP register has been successfully completed.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CMPOK LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CMPOK

**LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_ARROK**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_ARROK (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

#### Function description

Clear the autoreload register update interrupt flag (ARROKCF).

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ARROKCF LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_ARROK

**LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_ARROK**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_ARROK (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

#### Function description

Inform application whether the APB bus write operation to the LPTIMx\_ARR register has been successfully completed.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ARROK LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_ARROK

## LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_UP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_UP (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Clear the counter direction change to up interrupt flag (UPCF).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR UPCF LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_UP

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_UP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_UP (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Inform the application whether the counter direction has changed from down to up (when the LPTIM instance operates in encoder mode).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR UP LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_UP

## LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_DOWN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_DOWN (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Clear the counter direction change to down interrupt flag (DOWNCF).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR DOWNCF LL\_LPTIM\_ClearFlag\_DOWN

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_DOWN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_DOWN (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Informes the application whether the counter direction has changed from up to down (when the LPTIM instance operates in encoder mode).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR DOWN LL\_LPTIM\_IsActiveFlag\_DOWN

### LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_CMPM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_CMPM (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable compare match interrupt (CMPMIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER CMPMIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_CMPM

### LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_CMPM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_CMPM (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable compare match interrupt (CMPMIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER CMPMIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_CMPM

### LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CMPM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_CMPM (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates whether the compare match interrupt (CMPMIE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER CMPMIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CMPM

#### LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_ARRM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_ARRM (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Enable autoreload match interrupt (ARRMIE).

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ARRMIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_ARRM

#### LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_ARRM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_ARRM (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Disable autoreload match interrupt (ARRMIE).

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ARRMIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_ARRM

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_ARRM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_ARRM (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicates whether the autoreload match interrupt (ARRMIE) is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ARRMIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_ARRM

## LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_EXTTRIG

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_EXTTRIG (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable external trigger valid edge interrupt (EXTTRIGIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EXTTRIGIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_EXTTRIG

## LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_EXTTRIG

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_EXTTRIG (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable external trigger valid edge interrupt (EXTTRIGIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EXTTRIGIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_EXTTRIG

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_EXTTRIG

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_EXTTRIG (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates external trigger valid edge interrupt (EXTTRIGIE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER EXTTRIGIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_EXTTRIG

## LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_CMPOK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_CMPOK (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable compare register write completed interrupt (CMPOKIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER CMPOKIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_CMPOK

LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_CMPOK

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_CMPOK (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

### Function description

Disable compare register write completed interrupt (CMPOKIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER CMPOKIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_CMPOK

LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CMPOK

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CMPOK (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

### Function description

Indicates whether the compare register write completed interrupt (CMPOKIE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER CMPOKIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CMPOK

LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_ARROK

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_ARROK (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

### Function description

Enable autoreload register write completed interrupt (ARROKIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ARROKIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_ARROK

LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_ARROK

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_ARROK (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

#### Function description

Disable autoreload register write completed interrupt (ARROKIE).

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ARROKIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_ARROK

LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_ARROK

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_ARROK (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

#### Function description

Indicates whether the autoreload register write completed interrupt (ARROKIE) is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit(1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER ARROKIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_ARROK

LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_UP

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_UP (LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

#### Function description

Enable direction change to up interrupt (UPIE).

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER UPIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_UP

## LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_UP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_UP (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable direction change to up interrupt (UPIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER UPIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_UP

## LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_UP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_UP (const LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates whether the direction change to up interrupt (UPIE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit(1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER UPIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_UP

## LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_DOWN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_DOWN (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable direction change to down interrupt (DOWNIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER DOWNIE LL\_LPTIM\_EnableIT\_DOWN

## LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_DOWN

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_DOWN (LPTIM_TypeDef * LPTIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable direction change to down interrupt (DOWNIE).

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER DOWNIE LL\_LPTIM\_DisableIT\_DOWN

**LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_DOWN**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_DOWN (const LPTIM\_TypeDef \* LPTIMx)**

### Function description

Indicates whether the direction change to down interrupt (DOWNIE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **LPTIMx**: Low-Power Timer instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit(1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- IER DOWNIE LL\_LPTIM\_IsEnabledIT\_DOWN

## 68.3 LPTIM Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 68.3.1 LPTIM

LPTIM

**Clock Filter**

#### LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_NONE

Any external clock signal level change is considered as a valid transition

#### LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_2

External clock signal level change must be stable for at least 2 clock periods before it is considered as valid transition

#### LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_4

External clock signal level change must be stable for at least 4 clock periods before it is considered as valid transition

#### LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_FILTER\_8

External clock signal level change must be stable for at least 8 clock periods before it is considered as valid transition

**Clock Polarity**

#### LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_RISING

The rising edge is the active edge used for counting

**LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_FALLING**

The falling edge is the active edge used for counting

**LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_POLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING**

Both edges are active edges

***Clock Source*****LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_SOURCE\_INTERNAL**

LPTIM is clocked by internal clock source (APB clock or any of the embedded oscillators)

**LL\_LPTIM\_CLK\_SOURCE\_EXTERNAL**

LPTIM is clocked by an external clock source through the LPTIM external Input1

***Counter Mode*****LL\_LPTIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_INTERNAL**

The counter is incremented following each internal clock pulse

**LL\_LPTIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_EXTERNAL**

The counter is incremented following each valid clock pulse on the LPTIM external Input1

***Encoder Mode*****LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_RISING**

The rising edge is the active edge used for counting

**LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_FALLING**

The falling edge is the active edge used for counting

**LL\_LPTIM\_ENCODER\_MODE\_RISING\_FALLING**

Both edges are active edges

***Get Flags Defines*****LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_CMPM**

Compare match

**LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_CMPOK**

Compare register update OK

**LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_ARRM**

Autoreload match

**LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_EXTTRIG**

External trigger edge event

**LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_ARROK**

Autoreload register update OK

**LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_UP**

Counter direction change down to up

**LL\_LPTIM\_ISR\_DOWN**

Counter direction change up to down

***IT Defines***

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_CMPMIE

Compare match

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_CMPOKIE

Compare register update OK

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_ARRMIE

Autoreload match

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_EXTTRIGIE

External trigger edge event

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_ARROKIE

Autoreload register update OK

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_UPIE

Counter direction change down to up

#### LL\_LPTIM\_IER\_DOWNIE

Counter direction change up to down

### **Operating Mode**

#### LL\_LPTIM\_OPERATING\_MODE\_CONTINUOUS

LP Timer starts in continuous mode

#### LL\_LPTIM\_OPERATING\_MODE\_ONESHOT

LP Tilmer starts in single mode

### **Output Polarity**

#### LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_REGULAR

The LPTIM output reflects the compare results between LPTIMx\_ARR and LPTIMx\_CMP registers

#### LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_POLARITY\_INVERSE

The LPTIM output reflects the inverse of the compare results between LPTIMx\_ARR and LPTIMx\_CMP registers

### **Output Waveform Type**

#### LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_PWM

LPTIM generates either a PWM waveform or a One pulse waveform depending on chosen operating mode  
CONTINUOUS or SINGLE

#### LL\_LPTIM\_OUTPUT\_WAVEFORM\_SETONCE

LPTIM generates a Set Once waveform

### **Prescaler Value**

#### LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV1

Prescaler division factor is set to 1

#### LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV2

Prescaler division factor is set to 2

#### LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV4

Prescaler division factor is set to 4



**LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV8**

Prescaler division factor is set to 8

**LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV16**

Prescaler division factor is set to 16

**LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV32**

Prescaler division factor is set to 32

**LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV64**

Prescaler division factor is set to 64

**LL\_LPTIM\_PRESCALER\_DIV128**

Prescaler division factor is set to 128

**Trigger Filter****LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_NONE**

Any trigger active level change is considered as a valid trigger

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_2**

Trigger active level change must be stable for at least 2 clock periods before it is considered as valid trigger

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_4**

Trigger active level change must be stable for at least 4 clock periods before it is considered as valid trigger

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_FILTER\_8**

Trigger active level change must be stable for at least 8 clock periods before it is considered as valid trigger

**Trigger Polarity****LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_RISING**

LPTIM counter starts when a rising edge is detected

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_FALLING**

LPTIM counter starts when a falling edge is detected

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_POLARITY\_RISING\_FALLING**

LPTIM counter starts when a rising or a falling edge is detected

**Trigger Source****LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_GPIO**

External input trigger is connected to TIMx\_ETR input

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCALARMA**

External input trigger is connected to RTC Alarm A

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCALARMB**

External input trigger is connected to RTC Alarm B

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP1**

External input trigger is connected to RTC Tamper 1

**LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP2**

External input trigger is connected to RTC Tamper 2

#### LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_RTCTAMP3

External input trigger is connected to RTC Tamper 3

#### LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_COMP1

External input trigger is connected to COMP1 output

#### LL\_LPTIM\_TRIG\_SOURCE\_COMP2

External input trigger is connected to COMP2 output

#### *Update Mode*

#### LL\_LPTIM\_UPDATE\_MODE\_IMMEDIATE

Preload is disabled: registers are updated after each APB bus write access

#### LL\_LPTIM\_UPDATE\_MODE\_ENDOFPERIOD

preload is enabled: registers are updated at the end of the current LPTIM period

#### *Common Write and read registers Macros*

#### LL\_LPTIM\_WriteReg

##### **Description:**

- Write a value in LPTIM register.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: LPTIM Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

##### **Return value:**

- None

#### LL\_LPTIM\_ReadReg

##### **Description:**

- Read a value in LPTIM register.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: LPTIM Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

##### **Return value:**

- Register: value

## 69 LL LPUART Generic Driver

### 69.1 LPUART Firmware driver registers structures

#### 69.1.1 LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef

*LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef* is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_lpuart.h`

##### Data Fields

- *uint32\_t* **BaudRate**
- *uint32\_t* **DataWidth**
- *uint32\_t* **StopBits**
- *uint32\_t* **Parity**
- *uint32\_t* **TransferDirection**
- *uint32\_t* **HardwareFlowControl**

##### Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef::BaudRate**  
This field defines expected LPUART communication baud rate. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_LPUART_SetBaudRate()`.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef::DataWidth**  
Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter can be a value of `LPUART_LL_EC_DATAWIDTH`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_LPUART_SetDataWidth()`.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef::StopBits**  
Specifies the number of stop bits transmitted. This parameter can be a value of `LPUART_LL_EC_STOPBITS`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_LPUART_SetStopBitsLength()`.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef::Parity**  
Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of `LPUART_LL_EC_PARITY`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_LPUART_SetParity()`.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef::TransferDirection**  
Specifies whether the Receive and/or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of `LPUART_LL_EC_DIRECTION`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_LPUART_SetTransferDirection()`.
- *uint32\_t* **LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef::HardwareFlowControl**  
Specifies whether the hardware flow control mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of `LPUART_LL_EC_HWCONTROL`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_LPUART_SetHWFlowCtrl()`.

### 69.2 LPUART Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the LPUART library.

#### 69.2.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_LPUART\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_Enable (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

##### Function description

LPUART Enable.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UE LL\_LPUART\_Enable

#### LL\_LPUART\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_Disable (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

LPUART Disable.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- When LPUART is disabled, LPUART prescalers and outputs are stopped immediately, and current operations are discarded. The configuration of the LPUART is kept, but all the status flags, in the LPUARTx\_ISR are set to their default values.
- In order to go into low-power mode without generating errors on the line, the TE bit must be reset before and the software must wait for the TC bit in the LPUART\_ISR to be set before resetting the UE bit. The DMA requests are also reset when UE = 0 so the DMA channel must be disabled before resetting the UE bit.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UE LL\_LPUART\_Disable

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabled (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if LPUART is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabled

#### LL\_LPUART\_EnableInStopMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

LPUART enabled in STOP Mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When this function is enabled, LPUART is able to wake up the MCU from Stop mode, provided that LPUART clock selection is HSI or LSE in RCC.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UESM LL\_LPUART\_EnableInStopMode

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

LPUART disabled in STOP Mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When this function is disabled, LPUART is not able to wake up the MCU from Stop mode

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UESM LL\_LPUART\_DisableInStopMode

## LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledInStopMode (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if LPUART is enabled in STOP Mode (able to wake up MCU from Stop mode or not)

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UESM LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledInStopMode

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableClockInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableClockInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

LPUART Clock enabled in STOP Mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When this function is called, LPUART Clock is enabled while in STOP mode

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 UCESM LL\_LPUART\_EnableClockInStopMode

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableClockInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableClockInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

LPUART clock disabled in STOP Mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When this function is called, LPUART Clock is disabled while in STOP mode

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 UCESM LL\_LPUART\_DisableClockInStopMode

## LL\_LPUART\_IsClockEnabledInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsClockEnabledInStopMode (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if LPUART clock is enabled in STOP Mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 UCESM LL\_LPUART\_IsClockEnabledInStopMode

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableDirectionRx

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableDirectionRx (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Receiver Enable (Receiver is enabled and begins searching for a start bit)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_LPUART\_EnableDirectionRx

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableDirectionRx

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableDirectionRx (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Receiver Disable.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_LPUART\_DisableDirectionRx

#### LL\_LPUART\_EnableDirectionTx

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableDirectionTx (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Transmitter Enable.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TE LL\_LPUART\_EnableDirectionTx

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableDirectionTx

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableDirectionTx (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Transmitter Disable.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TE LL\_LPUART\_DisableDirectionTx

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetTransferDirection

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetTransferDirection (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t TransferDirection)
```

##### Function description

Configure simultaneously enabled/disabled states of Transmitter and Receiver.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **TransferDirection:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_RX
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_TX
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_TX\_RX

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_LPUART\_SetTransferDirection
- CR1 TE LL\_LPUART\_SetTransferDirection

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetTransferDirection

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetTransferDirection (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

##### Function description

Return enabled/disabled states of Transmitter and Receiver.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

##### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_RX
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_TX
  - LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_TX\_RX

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_LPUART\_GetTransferDirection
- CR1 TE LL\_LPUART\_GetTransferDirection

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetParity

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetParity (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t Parity)
```

##### Function description

Configure Parity (enabled/disabled and parity mode if enabled)



## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Parity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_ODD

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function selects if hardware parity control (generation and detection) is enabled or disabled. When the parity control is enabled (Odd or Even), computed parity bit is inserted at the MSB position (depending on data width) and parity is checked on the received data.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PS LL\_LPUART\_SetParity
- CR1 PCE LL\_LPUART\_SetParity

### LL\_LPUART\_GetParity

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_GetParity (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

## Function description

Return Parity configuration (enabled/disabled and parity mode if enabled)

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_ODD

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PS LL\_LPUART\_GetParity
- CR1 PCE LL\_LPUART\_GetParity

### LL\_LPUART\_SetWakeUpMethod

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_SetWakeUpMethod (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx, uint32\_t Method)**

## Function description

Set Receiver Wake Up method from Mute mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Method:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_IDLELINE
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ADDRESSMARK

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WAKE LL\_LPUART\_SetWakeUpMethod

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetWakeUpMethod

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetWakeUpMethod (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Return Receiver Wake Up method from Mute mode.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_IDLELINE
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ADDRESSMARK

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WAKE LL\_LPUART\_GetWakeUpMethod

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetDataWidth

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetDataWidth (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t DataWidth)
```

#### Function description

Set Word length (nb of data bits, excluding start and stop bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **DataWidth:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 M LL\_LPUART\_SetDataWidth

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetDataWidth

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetDataWidth (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Return Word length (i.e.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 M LL\_LPUART\_GetDataWidth

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableMuteMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableMuteMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Allow switch between Mute Mode and Active mode.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 MME LL\_LPUART\_EnableMuteMode

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableMuteMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableMuteMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Prevent Mute Mode use.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 MME LL\_LPUART\_DisableMuteMode

## LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledMuteMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledMuteMode (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if switch between Mute Mode and Active mode is allowed.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 MME LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledMuteMode

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetStopBitsLength

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetStopBitsLength (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t StopBits)
```

##### Function description

Set the length of the stop bits.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **StopBits:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_1
  - LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_2

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 STOP LL\_LPUART\_SetStopBitsLength

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetStopBitsLength

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetStopBitsLength (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

##### Function description

Retrieve the length of the stop bits.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

##### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_1
  - LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_2

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 STOP LL\_LPUART\_GetStopBitsLength

#### LL\_LPUART\_ConfigCharacter

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ConfigCharacter (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t DataWidth, uint32_t Parity, uint32_t StopBits)
```

##### Function description

Configure Character frame format (Datawidth, Parity control, Stop Bits)

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **DataWidth:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B
  - LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B
- **Parity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_ODD
- **StopBits:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_1
  - LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_2

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Data Width configuration using LL\_LPUART\_SetDataWidth() function Parity Control and mode configuration using LL\_LPUART\_SetParity() function Stop bits configuration using LL\_LPUART\_SetStopBitsLength() function

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PS LL\_LPUART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR1 PCE LL\_LPUART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR1 M LL\_LPUART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR2 STOP LL\_LPUART\_ConfigCharacter

### LL\_LPUART\_SetTXRXSwap

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_SetTXRXSwap (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx, uint32\_t SwapConfig)**

## Function description

Configure TX/RX pins swapping setting.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **SwapConfig:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXRX\_STANDARD
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXRX\_SWAPPED

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SWAP LL\_LPUART\_SetTXRXSwap

### LL\_LPUART\_GetTXRXSwap

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_GetTXRXSwap (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

## Function description

Retrieve TX/RX pins swapping configuration.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXRX\_STANDARD
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXRX\_SWAPPED

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SWAP LL\_LPUART\_GetTXRXSwap

## LL\_LPUART\_SetRXPinLevel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetRXPinLevel (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t PinInvMethod)
```

## Function description

Configure RX pin active level logic.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **PinInvMethod:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_LPUART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXINV LL\_LPUART\_SetRXPinLevel

## LL\_LPUART\_GetRXPinLevel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetRXPinLevel (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Retrieve RX pin active level logic configuration.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_LPUART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXINV LL\_LPUART\_GetRXPinLevel

## LL\_LPUART\_SetTXPinLevel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetTXPinLevel (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t PinInvMethod)
```

## Function description

Configure TX pin active level logic.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **PinInvMethod:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXINV LL\_LPUART\_SetTXPinLevel

## LL\_LPUART\_GetTXPinLevel

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_GetTXPinLevel (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

## Function description

Retrieve TX pin active level logic configuration.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_LPUART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXINV LL\_LPUART\_GetTXPinLevel

## LL\_LPUART\_SetBinaryDataLogic

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_SetBinaryDataLogic (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx, uint32\_t DataLogic)**

## Function description

Configure Binary data logic.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **DataLogic:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_POSITIVE
  - LL\_LPUART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_NEGATIVE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Allow to define how Logical data from the data register are send/received : either in positive/direct logic (1=H, 0=L) or in negative/inverse logic (1=L, 0=H)

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 DATAINV LL\_LPUART\_SetBinaryDataLogic

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetBinaryDataLogic

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetBinaryDataLogic (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Retrieve Binary data configuration.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_POSITIVE
  - LL\_LPUART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_NEGATIVE

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 DATAINV LL\_LPUART\_GetBinaryDataLogic

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetTransferBitOrder

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetTransferBitOrder (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t BitOrder)
```

#### Function description

Configure transfer bit order (either Less or Most Significant Bit First)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **BitOrder:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_BITORDER\_LSBFIRST
  - LL\_LPUART\_BITORDER\_MSBFIRST

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- MSB First means data is transmitted/received with the MSB first, following the start bit. LSB First means data is transmitted/received with data bit 0 first, following the start bit.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 MSBFIRST LL\_LPUART\_SetTransferBitOrder

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetTransferBitOrder

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetTransferBitOrder (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Return transfer bit order (either Less or Most Significant Bit First)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance



## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_BITORDER\_LSBFIRST
  - LL\_LPUART\_BITORDER\_MSBFIRST

## Notes

- MSB First means data is transmitted/received with the MSB first, following the start bit. LSB First means data is transmitted/received with data bit 0 first, following the start bit.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 MSBFIRST LL\_LPUART\_GetTransferBitOrder

## LL\_LPUART\_ConfigNodeAddress

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ConfigNodeAddress (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t AddressLen, uint32_t NodeAddress)
```

### Function description

Set Address of the LPUART node.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **AddressLen:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B
  - LL\_LPUART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B
- **NodeAddress:** 4 or 7 bit Address of the LPUART node.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This is used in multiprocessor communication during Mute mode or Stop mode, for wake up with address mark detection.
- 4bits address node is used when 4-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7. (b7-b4 should be set to 0) 8bits address node is used when 7-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7. (This is used in multiprocessor communication during Mute mode or Stop mode, for wake up with 7-bit address mark detection. The MSB of the character sent by the transmitter should be equal to 1. It may also be used for character detection during normal reception, Mute mode inactive (for example, end of block detection in ModBus protocol). In this case, the whole received character (8-bit) is compared to the ADD[7:0] value and CMF flag is set on match)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADD LL\_LPUART\_ConfigNodeAddress
- CR2 ADDM7 LL\_LPUART\_ConfigNodeAddress

## LL\_LPUART\_GetNodeAddress

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetNodeAddress (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Return 8 bit Address of the LPUART node as set in ADD field of CR2.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Address:** of the LPUART node (Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=255)

## Notes

- If 4-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7, only 4bits (b3-b0) of returned value are relevant (b31-b4 are not relevant) If 7-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7, only 8bits (b7-b0) of returned value are relevant (b31-b8 are not relevant)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADD LL\_LPUART\_GetNodeAddress

### LL\_LPUART\_GetNodeAddressLen

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetNodeAddressLen (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Return Length of Node Address used in Address Detection mode (7-bit or 4-bit)

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B
  - LL\_LPUART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADDM7 LL\_LPUART\_GetNodeAddressLen

### LL\_LPUART\_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable RTS HW Flow Control.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE LL\_LPUART\_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl

### LL\_LPUART\_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable RTS HW Flow Control.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE LL\_LPUART\_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl

#### LL\_LPUART\_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable CTS HW Flow Control.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSE LL\_LPUART\_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable CTS HW Flow Control.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSE LL\_LPUART\_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetHWFlowCtrl

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t  
HardwareFlowControl)
```

#### Function description

Configure HW Flow Control mode (both CTS and RTS)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **HardwareFlowControl:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_CTS

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE LL\_LPUART\_SetHWFlowCtrl
- CR3 CTSE LL\_LPUART\_SetHWFlowCtrl

## LL\_LPUART\_GetHWFlowCtrl

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetHWFlowCtrl (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Return HW Flow Control configuration (both CTS and RTS)

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_NONE
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS
  - LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_CTS

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE LL\_LPUART\_GetHWFlowCtrl
- CR3 CTSE LL\_LPUART\_GetHWFlowCtrl

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableOverrunDetect

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableOverrunDetect (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable Overrun detection.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 OVRDIS LL\_LPUART\_EnableOverrunDetect

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableOverrunDetect

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableOverrunDetect (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable Overrun detection.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 OVRDIS LL\_LPUART\_DisableOverrunDetect

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledOverrunDetect

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledOverrunDetect (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if Overrun detection is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 OVRDIS LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledOverrunDetect

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetWKUPType

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetWKUPType (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t Type)
```

#### Function description

Select event type for Wake UP Interrupt Flag (WUS[1:0] bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Type:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_RXNE

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUS LL\_LPUART\_SetWKUPType

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetWKUPType

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetWKUPType (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Return event type for Wake UP Interrupt Flag (WUS[1:0] bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_RXNE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUS LL\_LPUART\_GetWKUPTYPE

## LL\_LPUART\_SetBaudRate

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetBaudRate (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t PeriphClk,
uint32_t BaudRate)
```

## Function description

Configure LPUART BRR register for achieving expected Baud Rate value.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **PeriphClk:** Peripheral Clock
- **BaudRate:** Baud Rate

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Compute and set LPUARTDIV value in BRR Register (full BRR content) according to used Peripheral Clock and expected Baud Rate values
- Peripheral clock and Baud Rate values provided as function parameters should be valid (Baud rate value != 0).
- Provided that LPUARTx\_BRR must be >= 0x300 and LPUART\_BRR is 20-bit, a care should be taken when generating high baud rates using high PeriphClk values. PeriphClk must be in the range [3 x BaudRate, 4096 x BaudRate].

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BRR BRR LL\_LPUART\_SetBaudRate

## LL\_LPUART\_GetBaudRate

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetBaudRate (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t
PeriphClk)
```

## Function description

Return current Baud Rate value, according to LPUARTDIV present in BRR register (full BRR content), and to used Peripheral Clock values.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **PeriphClk:** Peripheral Clock

## Return values

- **Baud:** Rate

## Notes

- In case of non-initialized or invalid value stored in BRR register, value 0 will be returned.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BRR BRR LL\_LPUART\_GetBaudRate

#### LL\_LPUART\_EnableHalfDuplex

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableHalfDuplex (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Single Wire Half-Duplex mode.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 HDSEL LL\_LPUART\_EnableHalfDuplex

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableHalfDuplex

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableHalfDuplex (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Single Wire Half-Duplex mode.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 HDSEL LL\_LPUART\_DisableHalfDuplex

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledHalfDuplex

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledHalfDuplex (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if Single Wire Half-Duplex mode is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 HDSEL LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledHalfDuplex

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetDEDeassertionTime

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetDEDeassertionTime (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t Time)
```

## Function description

Set DEDT (Driver Enable De-Assertion Time), Time value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits).

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Time:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEDT LL\_LPUART\_SetDEDeassertionTime

## LL\_LPUART\_GetDEDeassertionTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetDEDeassertionTime (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Return DEDT (Driver Enable De-Assertion Time)

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

## Return values

- **Time:** value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits) : c

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEDT LL\_LPUART\_GetDEDeassertionTime

## LL\_LPUART\_SetDEAssertionTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetDEAssertionTime (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t Time)
```

## Function description

Set DEAT (Driver Enable Assertion Time), Time value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits).

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Time:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEAT LL\_LPUART\_SetDEAssertionTime

## LL\_LPUART\_GetDEAssertionTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetDEAssertionTime (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

## Function description

Return DEAT (Driver Enable Assertion Time)



#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **Time:** value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits) : Time Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEAT LL\_LPUART\_GetDEAssertionTime

#### LL\_LPUART\_EnableDEMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableDEMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Driver Enable (DE) Mode.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEM LL\_LPUART\_EnableDEMode

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableDEMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableDEMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Driver Enable (DE) Mode.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEM LL\_LPUART\_DisableDEMode

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDEMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDEMode (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if Driver Enable (DE) Mode is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEM LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDEMode

#### LL\_LPUART\_SetDESignalPolarity

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_SetDESignalPolarity (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t Polarity)
```

#### Function description

Select Driver Enable Polarity.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_LPUART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEP LL\_LPUART\_SetDESignalPolarity

#### LL\_LPUART\_GetDESignalPolarity

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_GetDESignalPolarity (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Return Driver Enable Polarity.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_LPUART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEP LL\_LPUART\_GetDESignalPolarity

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_PE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_PE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART Parity Error Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR PE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_PE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_FE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_FE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART Framing Error Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR FE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_FE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_NE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_NE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART Noise error detected Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR NE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_NE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_ORE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_ORE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART OverRun Error Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ORE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_ORE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_IDLE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_IDLE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the LPUART IDLE line detected Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR IDLE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_IDLE

**LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Read Data Register Not Empty Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RXNE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

**LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TC**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TC (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Transmission Complete Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TC LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TC

**LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Transmit Data Register Empty Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TXE LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_nCTS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_nCTS (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART CTS interrupt Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CTSIF LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_nCTS

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_CTS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_CTS (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART CTS Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CTS LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_CTS

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_BUSY

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_BUSY (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART Busy Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR BUSY LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_BUSY

## LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_CM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_CM (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Character Match Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CMF LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_CM

## LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_SBK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_SBK (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Send Break Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SBKF LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_SBK

## LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_RWU

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_RWU (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Receive Wake Up from mute mode Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RWU LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_RWU

## LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_WKUP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_WKUP (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Wake Up from stop mode Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR WUF LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_WKUP

**LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TEACK**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TEACK (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Transmit Enable Acknowledge Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEACK LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_TEACK

**LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_REACK**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_REACK (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Receive Enable Acknowledge Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR REACK LL\_LPUART\_IsActiveFlag\_REACK

**LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_PE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_PE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Clear Parity Error Flag.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ICR PECF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_PE

**LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_FE****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_FE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

**Function description**

Clear Framing Error Flag.

**Parameters**

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ICR FECF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_FE

**LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_NE****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_NE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

**Function description**

Clear Noise detected Flag.

**Parameters**

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ICR NCF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_NE

**LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_ORE****Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_ORE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

**Function description**

Clear OverRun Error Flag.

**Parameters**

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- ICR ORECF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_ORE



## LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_IDLE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_IDLE (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear IDLE line detected Flag.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR IDLECF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_IDLE

## LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_TC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_TC (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear Transmission Complete Flag.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR TCCF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_TC

## LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_nCTS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_nCTS (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear CTS Interrupt Flag.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR CTSCF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_nCTS

## LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_CM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_CM (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear Character Match Flag.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR CMCf LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_CM

### LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_WKUP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_WKUP (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear Wake Up from stop mode Flag.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR WUCF LL\_LPUART\_ClearFlag\_WKUP

### LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_IDLE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableIT_IDLE (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable IDLE Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 IDLEIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_IDLE

### LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_RXNE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableIT_RXNE (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable RX Not Empty Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXNEIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_RXNE

**LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_TC**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_TC (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

#### Function description

Enable Transmission Complete Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_TC

**LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_TXE**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_TXE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

#### Function description

Enable TX Empty Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXEIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_TXE

**LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_PE**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_PE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

#### Function description

Enable Parity Error Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PEIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_PE

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_CM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableIT_CM (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Character Match Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CMIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_CM

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_ERROR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableIT_ERROR (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Error Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When set, Error Interrupt Enable Bit is enabling interrupt generation in case of a framing error, overrun error or noise flag (FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the LPUARTx\_ISR register). 0: Interrupt is inhibited1: An interrupt is generated when FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the LPUARTx\_ISR register.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 EIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_ERROR

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_CTS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableIT_CTS (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable CTS Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_CTS

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_WKUP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableIT_WKUP (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Wake Up from Stop Mode Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUFIE LL\_LPUART\_EnableIT\_WKUP

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_IDLE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableIT_IDLE (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable IDLE Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 IDLEIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_IDLE

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_RXNE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableIT_RXNE (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable RX Not Empty Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXNEIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_RXNE

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_TC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableIT_TC (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable Transmission Complete Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_TC

**LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_TXE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_TXE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Disable TX Empty Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXEIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_TXE

**LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_PE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_PE (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Disable Parity Error Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PEIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_PE

**LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_CM**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_CM (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Disable Character Match Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CMIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_CM

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_ERROR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableIT_ERROR (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Error Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- When set, Error Interrupt Enable Bit is enabling interrupt generation in case of a framing error, overrun error or noise flag (FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the LPUARTx\_ISR register). 0: Interrupt is inhibited1: An interrupt is generated when FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the LPUARTx\_ISR register.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 EIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_ERROR

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_CTS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableIT_CTS (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable CTS Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_CTS

#### LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_WKUP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableIT_WKUP (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Wake Up from Stop Mode Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUFIE LL\_LPUART\_DisableIT\_WKUP

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_IDLE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_IDLE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART IDLE Interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 IDLEIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_IDLE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_RXNE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART RX Not Empty Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXNEIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_TC (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART Transmission Complete Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_TXE (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```



### Function description

Check if the LPUART TX Empty Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXEIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

**LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_PE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_PE (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Parity Error Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PEIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_PE

**LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_CM**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_CM (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Character Match Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CMIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_CM

**LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_ERROR**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_ERROR (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the LPUART Error Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 EIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_ERROR

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_CTS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_CTS (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART CTS Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_CTS

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_WKUP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_WKUP (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the LPUART Wake Up from Stop Mode Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUFIE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledIT\_WKUP

#### LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableDMAReq_RX (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable DMA Mode for reception.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAR LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableDMAReq_RX (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable DMA Mode for reception.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAR LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

## LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if DMA Mode is enabled for reception.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAR LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

## LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_EnableDMAReq_TX (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable DMA Mode for transmission.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAT LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

## LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_DisableDMAReq_TX (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable DMA Mode for transmission.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAT LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Check if DMA Mode is enabled for transmission.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAT LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Enable DMA Disabling on Reception Error.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DDRE LL\_LPUART\_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr

**LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)**

### Function description

Disable DMA Disabling on Reception Error.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DDRE LL\_LPUART\_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr

#### LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if DMA Disabling on Reception Error is disabled.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DDRE LL\_LPUART\_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr

#### LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_LPUART_DMA_GetRegAddr (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint32_t Direction)
```

#### Function description

Get the LPUART data register address used for DMA transfer.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Direction:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_TRANSMIT
  - LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_RECEIVE

#### Return values

- **Address:** of data register

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RDR RDR LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- 
- TDR TDR LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

#### LL\_LPUART\_ReceiveData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_LPUART_ReceiveData8 (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Read Receiver Data register (Receive Data value, 8 bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **Time:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RDR RDR LL\_LPUART\_ReceiveData8

#### LL\_LPUART\_ReceiveData9

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_LPUART_ReceiveData9 (const USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

#### Function description

Read Receiver Data register (Receive Data value, 9 bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

#### Return values

- **Time:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x1FF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RDR RDR LL\_LPUART\_ReceiveData9

#### LL\_LPUART\_TransmitData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_TransmitData8 (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint8_t Value)
```

#### Function description

Write in Transmitter Data Register (Transmit Data value, 8 bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TDR TDR LL\_LPUART\_TransmitData8

#### LL\_LPUART\_TransmitData9

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_TransmitData9 (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx, uint16_t Value)
```

#### Function description

Write in Transmitter Data Register (Transmit Data value, 9 bits)

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x1FF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TDR TDR LL\_LPUART\_TransmitData9

#### LL\_LPUART\_RequestBreakSending

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_RequestBreakSending (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

##### Function description

Request Break sending.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR SBKRQ LL\_LPUART\_RequestBreakSending

#### LL\_LPUART\_RequestEnterMuteMode

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_RequestEnterMuteMode (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

##### Function description

Put LPUART in mute mode and set the RWU flag.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR MMRQ LL\_LPUART\_RequestEnterMuteMode

#### LL\_LPUART\_RequestRxDataFlush

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_LPUART_RequestRxDataFlush (USART_TypeDef * LPUARTx)
```

##### Function description

Request a Receive Data flush.

##### Parameters

- **LPUARTx**: LPUART Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- Allows to discard the received data without reading them, and avoid an overrun condition.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR RXFRQ LL\_LPUART\_RequestRxDataFlush

## LL\_LPUART\_DeInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_LPUART\_DeInit (const USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx)

### Function description

De-initialize LPUART registers (Registers restored to their default values).

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: LPUART registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## LL\_LPUART\_Init

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_LPUART\_Init (USART\_TypeDef \* LPUARTx, const LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef \* LPUART\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Initialize LPUART registers according to the specified parameters in LPUART\_InitStruct.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** LPUART Instance
- **LPUART\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified LPUART peripheral.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: LPUART registers are initialized according to LPUART\_InitStruct content
  - ERROR: Problem occurred during LPUART Registers initialization

### Notes

- As some bits in LPUART configuration registers can only be written when the LPUART is disabled (USART\_CR1\_UE bit =0), LPUART Peripheral should be in disabled state prior calling this function. Otherwise, ERROR result will be returned.
- Baud rate value stored in LPUART\_InitStruct BaudRate field, should be valid (different from 0).

## LL\_LPUART\_StructInit

### Function name

**void** LL\_LPUART\_StructInit (LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef \* LPUART\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Set each LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **LPUART\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_LPUART\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**



## 69.3 LPUART Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 69.3.1 LPUART

LPUART

#### ***Address Length Detection***

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B**

4-bit address detection method selected

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B**

7-bit address detection (in 8-bit data mode) method selected

#### ***Binary Data Inversion***

##### **LL\_LPUART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_POSITIVE**

Logical data from the data register are send/received in positive/direct logic. (1=H, 0=L)

##### **LL\_LPUART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_NEGATIVE**

Logical data from the data register are send/received in negative/inverse logic. (1=L, 0=H). The parity bit is also inverted.

#### ***Bit Order***

##### **LL\_LPUART\_BITORDER\_LSBFIRST**

data is transmitted/received with data bit 0 first, following the start bit

##### **LL\_LPUART\_BITORDER\_MSBFIRST**

data is transmitted/received with the MSB first, following the start bit

#### ***Clear Flags Defines***

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_PECF**

Parity error clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_FECF**

Framing error clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_NCF**

Noise error detected clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_ORECF**

Overrun error clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_IDLECF**

Idle line detected clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_TCCF**

Transmission complete clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_CTSCF**

CTS clear flag

##### **LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_CMCF**

Character match clear flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ICR\_WUCF**

Wakeup from Stop mode clear flag

**Datawidth****LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B**

7 bits word length : Start bit, 7 data bits, n stop bits

**LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B**

8 bits word length : Start bit, 8 data bits, n stop bits

**LL\_LPUART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B**

9 bits word length : Start bit, 9 data bits, n stop bits

**Driver Enable Polarity****LL\_LPUART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH**

DE signal is active high

**LL\_LPUART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW**

DE signal is active low

**Direction****LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_NONE**

Transmitter and Receiver are disabled

**LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_RX**

Transmitter is disabled and Receiver is enabled

**LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_TX**

Transmitter is enabled and Receiver is disabled

**LL\_LPUART\_DIRECTION\_TX\_RX**

Transmitter and Receiver are enabled

**DMA Register Data****LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_TRANSMIT**

Get address of data register used for transmission

**LL\_LPUART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_RECEIVE**

Get address of data register used for reception

**Get Flags Defines****LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_PE**

Parity error flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_FE**

Framing error flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_NE**

Noise detected flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_ORE**

Overrun error flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_IDLE**

Idle line detected flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_RXNE**

Read data register not empty flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_TC**

Transmission complete flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_TXE**

Transmit data register empty flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_CTSIF**

CTS interrupt flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_CTS**

CTS flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_BUSY**

Busy flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_CMF**

Character match flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_SBKF**

Send break flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_RWU**

Receiver wakeup from Mute mode flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_WUF**

Wakeup from Stop mode flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_TEACK**

Transmit enable acknowledge flag

**LL\_LPUART\_ISR\_REACK**

Receive enable acknowledge flag

***Hardware Control*****LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_NONE**

CTS and RTS hardware flow control disabled

**LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS**

RTS output enabled, data is only requested when there is space in the receive buffer

**LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS**

CTS mode enabled, data is only transmitted when the nCTS input is asserted (tied to 0)

**LL\_LPUART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_CTS**

CTS and RTS hardware flow control enabled

***IT Defines*****LL\_LPUART\_CR1\_IDLEIE**

IDLE interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR1\_RXNEIE**

Read data register not empty interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR1\_TCIE**

Transmission complete interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR1\_TXEIE**

Transmit data register empty interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR1\_PEIE**

Parity error

**LL\_LPUART\_CR1\_CMIE**

Character match interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR3\_EIE**

Error interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR3\_CTSIE**

CTS interrupt enable

**LL\_LPUART\_CR3\_WUFIE**

Wakeup from Stop mode interrupt enable

***Parity Control*****LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_NONE**

Parity control disabled

**LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_EVEN**

Parity control enabled and Even Parity is selected

**LL\_LPUART\_PARITY\_ODD**

Parity control enabled and Odd Parity is selected

***RX Pin Active Level Inversion*****LL\_LPUART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD**

RX pin signal works using the standard logic levels

**LL\_LPUART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED**

RX pin signal values are inverted.

***Stop Bits*****LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_1**

1 stop bit

**LL\_LPUART\_STOPBITS\_2**

2 stop bits

***TX Pin Active Level Inversion*****LL\_LPUART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD**

TX pin signal works using the standard logic levels

**LL\_LPUART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED**

TX pin signal values are inverted.

### **TX RX Pins Swap**

#### **LL\_LPUART\_TXRX\_STANDARD**

TX/RX pins are used as defined in standard pinout

#### **LL\_LPUART\_TXRX\_SWAPPED**

TX and RX pins functions are swapped.

### **Wakeup**

#### **LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_IDLELINE**

LPUART wake up from Mute mode on Idle Line

#### **LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ADDRESSMARK**

LPUART wake up from Mute mode on Address Mark

### **Wakeup Activation**

#### **LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS**

Wake up active on address match

#### **LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT**

Wake up active on Start bit detection

#### **LL\_LPUART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_RXNE**

Wake up active on RXNE

### **Helper Macros**

#### **\_\_LL\_LPUART\_DIV**

##### **Description:**

- Compute LPUARTDIV value according to Peripheral Clock and expected Baud Rate (20-bit value of LPUARTDIV is returned)

##### **Parameters:**

- `__PERIPHCLK__`: Peripheral Clock frequency used for LPUART Instance
- `__BAUDRATE__`: Baud Rate value to achieve

##### **Return value:**

- LPUARTDIV: value to be used for BRR register filling

### **Common Write and read registers Macros**

#### **LL\_LPUART\_WriteReg**

##### **Description:**

- Write a value in LPUART register.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: LPUART Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

##### **Return value:**

- None

## LL\_LPUART\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in LPUART register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: LPUART Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 70 LL PWR Generic Driver

### 70.1 PWR Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the PWR library.

#### 70.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_PWR\_EnableLowPowerRunMode

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_EnableLowPowerRunMode (void )
```

###### Function description

Switch the regulator from main mode to low-power mode.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Notes

- Remind to set the regulator to low power before enabling LowPower run mode (bit LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_LOW\_POWER).

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPRUN LL\_PWR\_EnableLowPowerRunMode

##### LL\_PWR\_DisableLowPowerRunMode

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_DisableLowPowerRunMode (void )
```

###### Function description

Switch the regulator from low-power mode to main mode.

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPRUN LL\_PWR\_DisableLowPowerRunMode

##### LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledLowPowerRunMode

###### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsEnabledLowPowerRunMode (void )
```

###### Function description

Check if the regulator is in low-power mode.

###### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPRUN LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledLowPowerRunMode

## LL\_PWR\_EnterLowPowerRunMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_EnterLowPowerRunMode (void )
```

### Function description

Set voltage regulator to low-power and switch from run main mode to run low-power mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This "high level" function is introduced to provide functional compatibility with other families. Notice that the two registers have to be written sequentially, so this function is not atomic. To assure atomicity you can call separately the following functions:  
LL\_PWR\_SetRegulModeLP(LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_LOW\_POWER);LL\_PWR\_EnableLowPowerRunMode();

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPSDSR LL\_PWR\_EnterLowPowerRunMode
- CR LPRUN LL\_PWR\_EnterLowPowerRunMode

## LL\_PWR\_ExitLowPowerRunMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_ExitLowPowerRunMode (void )
```

### Function description

Set voltage regulator to main and switch from run main mode to low-power mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This "high level" function is introduced to provide functional compatibility with other families. Notice that the two registers have to be written sequentially, so this function is not atomic. To assure atomicity you can call separately the following functions:  
LL\_PWR\_DisableLowPowerRunMode();LL\_PWR\_SetRegulModeLP(LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_MAIN);

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPSDSR LL\_PWR\_ExitLowPowerRunMode
- CR LPRUN LL\_PWR\_ExitLowPowerRunMode

## LL\_PWR\_SetRegulVoltageScaling

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_SetRegulVoltageScaling (uint32_t VoltageScaling)
```

### Function description

Set the main internal regulator output voltage.

### Parameters

- **VoltageScaling:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE1
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE2
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE3



#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR VOS LL\_PWR\_SetRegulVoltageScaling

#### LL\_PWR\_GetRegulVoltageScaling

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_GetRegulVoltageScaling (void )
```

#### Function description

Get the main internal regulator output voltage.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE1
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE2
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE3

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR VOS LL\_PWR\_GetRegulVoltageScaling

#### LL\_PWR\_EnableBkUpAccess

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_EnableBkUpAccess (void )
```

#### Function description

Enable access to the backup domain.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DBP LL\_PWR\_EnableBkUpAccess

#### LL\_PWR\_DisableBkUpAccess

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_DisableBkUpAccess (void )
```

#### Function description

Disable access to the backup domain.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DBP LL\_PWR\_DisableBkUpAccess

#### LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledBkUpAccess

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsEnabledBkUpAccess (void )
```

### Function description

Check if the backup domain is enabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DBP LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledBkUpAccess

### LL\_PWR\_SetRegulModeLP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_SetRegulModeLP (uint32_t RegulMode)
```

### Function description

Set voltage regulator mode during low power modes.

### Parameters

- **RegulMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_MAIN
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_LOW\_POWER

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPSDSR LL\_PWR\_SetRegulModeLP

### LL\_PWR\_GetRegulModeLP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_GetRegulModeLP (void )
```

### Function description

Get voltage regulator mode during low power modes.

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_MAIN
  - LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_LOW\_POWER

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR LPSDSR LL\_PWR\_GetRegulModeLP

### LL\_PWR\_SetPowerMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_SetPowerMode (uint32_t PDMode)
```

### Function description

Set power down mode when CPU enters deepsleep.

### Parameters

- **PDMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_MODE\_STOP
  - LL\_PWR\_MODE\_STANDBY

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Set the regulator to low power (bit LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_LOW\_POWER) before setting MODE\_STOP. If the regulator remains in "main mode", it consumes more power without providing any additional feature. In MODE\_STANDBY the regulator is automatically off.
- It is forbidden to configure both EN\_VREFINT=1 and ULP=1 if the device is in Stop mode or in Sleep/ Low-power sleep mode. If the device is not in low-power mode, VREFINT is always enabled whatever the state of EN\_VREFINT and ULP

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PDDS LL\_PWR\_SetPowerMode

### LL\_PWR\_GetPowerMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_GetPowerMode (void )
```

## Function description

Get power down mode when CPU enters deepsleep.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_MODE\_STOP
  - LL\_PWR\_MODE\_STANDBY

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PDDS LL\_PWR\_GetPowerMode

### LL\_PWR\_SetPVDLevel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_SetPVDLevel (uint32_t PVDLevel)
```

## Function description

Configure the voltage threshold detected by the Power Voltage Detector.

## Parameters

- **PVDLevel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_0
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_1
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_2
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_3
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_4
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_5
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_6
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_7

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PLS LL\_PWR\_SetPVDLevel

## LL\_PWR\_GetPVDLevel

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_GetPVDLevel (void )
```

### Function description

Get the voltage threshold detection.

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_0
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_1
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_2
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_3
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_4
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_5
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_6
  - LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_7

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PLS LL\_PWR\_GetPVDLevel

## LL\_PWR\_EnablePVD

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_EnablePVD (void )
```

### Function description

Enable Power Voltage Detector.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PVDE LL\_PWR\_EnablePVD

## LL\_PWR\_DisablePVD

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_DisablePVD (void )
```

### Function description

Disable Power Voltage Detector.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PVDE LL\_PWR\_DisablePVD

## LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledPVD

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsEnabledPVD (void )
```

## Function description

Check if Power Voltage Detector is enabled.

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PVDE LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledPVD

## LL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_EnableWakeUpPin (uint32_t WakeUpPin)
```

## Function description

Enable the WakeUp PINx functionality.

## Parameters

- **WakeUpPin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3 (\*)
 (\*) not available on all devices

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR EWUP1 LL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin
- CSR EWUP2 LL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin
- CSR EWUP3 LL\_PWR\_EnableWakeUpPin

## LL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_DisableWakeUpPin (uint32_t WakeUpPin)
```

## Function description

Disable the WakeUp PINx functionality.

## Parameters

- **WakeUpPin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3 (\*)
 (\*) not available on all devices

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR EWUP1 LL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin
- 
- CSR EWUP2 LL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin
- 
- CSR EWUP3 LL\_PWR\_DisableWakeUpPin

#### LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledWakeUpPin

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledWakeUpPin (uint32\_t WakeUpPin)**

#### Function description

Check if the WakeUp PINx functionality is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **WakeUpPin:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2
  - LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3 (\*)
 (\*) not available on all devices

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR EWUP1 LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledWakeUpPin
- 
- CSR EWUP2 LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledWakeUpPin
- 
- CSR EWUP3 LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledWakeUpPin

#### LL\_PWR\_EnableUltraLowPower

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_PWR\_EnableUltraLowPower (void )**

#### Function description

Enable ultra low-power mode by enabling VREFINT switch off in low-power modes.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ULP LL\_PWR\_EnableUltraLowPower

#### LL\_PWR\_DisableUltraLowPower

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_PWR\_DisableUltraLowPower (void )**

#### Function description

Disable ultra low-power mode by disabling VREFINT switch off in low-power modes.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ULP LL\_PWR\_DisableUltraLowPower

#### LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledUltraLowPower

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledUltraLowPower (void )**

#### Function description

Check if ultra low-power mode is enabled by checking if VREFINT switch off in low-power modes is enabled.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ULP LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledUltraLowPower

#### LL\_PWR\_EnableFastWakeUp

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_PWR\_EnableFastWakeUp (void )**

#### Function description

Enable fast wakeup by ignoring VREFINT startup time when exiting from low-power mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Works in conjunction with ultra low power mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR FWU LL\_PWR\_EnableFastWakeUp

#### LL\_PWR\_DisableFastWakeUp

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_PWR\_DisableFastWakeUp (void )**

#### Function description

Disable fast wakeup by waiting VREFINT startup time when exiting from low-power mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Works in conjunction with ultra low power mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR FWU LL\_PWR\_DisableFastWakeUp

#### LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledFastWakeUp

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledFastWakeUp (void )**

### Function description

Check if fast wakeup is enabled by checking if VREFINT startup time when exiting from low-power mode is ignored.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR FWU LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledFastWakeUp

### LL\_PWR\_EnableNVMKeptOff

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_EnableNVMKeptOff (void )
```

### Function description

Enable non-volatile memory (Flash and EEPROM) keeping off feature when exiting from low-power mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When enabled, after entering low-power mode (Stop or Standby only), if RUN\_PD of FLASH\_ACR register is also set, the Flash memory will not be woken up when exiting from deepsleep mode. When enabled, the EEPROM will not be woken up when exiting from low-power mode (if the bit RUN\_PD is set)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DS\_EE\_KOFF LL\_PWR\_EnableNVMKeptOff

### LL\_PWR\_DisableNVMKeptOff

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_DisableNVMKeptOff (void )
```

### Function description

Disable non-volatile memory (Flash and EEPROM) keeping off feature when exiting from low-power mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When disabled, Flash memory is woken up when exiting from deepsleep mode even if the bit RUN\_PD is set

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DS\_EE\_KOFF LL\_PWR\_DisableNVMKeptOff

### LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledNVMKeptOff

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsEnabledNVMKeptOff (void )
```

### Function description

Check if non-volatile memory (Flash and EEPROM) keeping off feature when exiting from low-power mode is enabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR DS\_EE\_KOFF LL\_PWR\_IsEnabledNVMKeptOff

#### LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_WU

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_WU (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Wake-up Flag.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR WUF LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_WU

#### LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_SB

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_SB (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Standby Flag.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR SBF LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_SB

#### LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_PVDO

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_PVDO (void )
```

#### Function description

Indicate whether VDD voltage is below the selected PVD threshold.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR PVDO LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_PVDO

#### LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_VREFINTRDY

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_VREFINTRDY (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Internal Reference VrefInt Flag.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR VREFINTRDYF LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_VREFINTRDY

## LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_VOS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_VOS (void )
```

### Function description

Indicate whether the regulator is ready in the selected voltage range or if its output voltage is still changing to the required voltage level.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR VOSF LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_VOS

## LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_REGLPF

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_REGLPF (void )
```

### Function description

Indicate whether the regulator is ready in main mode or is in low-power mode.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- Take care, return value "0" means the regulator is ready. Return value "1" means the output voltage range is still changing.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR REGLPF LL\_PWR\_IsActiveFlag\_REGLPF

## LL\_PWR\_ClearFlag\_SB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_ClearFlag_SB (void )
```

### Function description

Clear Standby Flag.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CSBF LL\_PWR\_ClearFlag\_SB

## LL\_PWR\_ClearFlag\_WU

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_PWR_ClearFlag_WU (void )
```

### Function description

Clear Wake-up Flags.

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CWUF LL\_PWR\_ClearFlag\_WU

## LL\_PWR\_DeInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_PWR\_DeInit (void )**

### Function description

De-initialize the PWR registers to their default reset values.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: PWR registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## 70.2 PWR Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 70.2.1 PWR

PWR

#### **Clear Flags Defines**

#### LL\_PWR\_CR\_CSBF

Clear standby flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CR\_CWUF

Clear wakeup flag

#### **Get Flags Defines**

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_WUF

Wakeup flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_SBF

Standby flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_PVDO

Power voltage detector output flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_VREFINTRDYF

VREFINT ready flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_VOS

Voltage scaling select flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR REGLPF

Regulator low power flag

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_EWUP1

Enable WKUP pin 1

#### LL\_PWR\_CSR\_EWUP2

Enable WKUP pin 2

**LL\_PWR\_CSR\_EWUP3**

Enable WKUP pin 3

**Mode Power****LL\_PWR\_MODE\_STOP**

Enter Stop mode when the CPU enters deepsleep

**LL\_PWR\_MODE\_STANDBY**

Enter Standby mode when the CPU enters deepsleep

**Power Voltage Detector Level****LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_0**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 1.9 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_1**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 2.1 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_2**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 2.3 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_3**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 2.5 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_4**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 2.7 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_5**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 2.9 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_6**

Voltage threshold detected by PVD 3.1 V

**LL\_PWR\_PVDLEVEL\_7**

External input analog voltage (Compare internally to VREFINT)

**Regulator Mode In Low Power Modes****LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_MAIN**

Voltage regulator in main mode during deepsleep/sleep/low-power run mode

**LL\_PWR\_REGU\_LPMODES\_LOW\_POWER**

Voltage regulator in low-power mode during deepsleep/sleep/low-power run mode

**Regulator Voltage****LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE1**

1.8V (range 1)

**LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE2**

1.5V (range 2)

**LL\_PWR\_REGU\_VOLTAGE\_SCALE3**

1.2V (range 3)

**Wakeup Pins**

**LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN1**

WKUP pin 1 : PA0

**LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN2**

WKUP pin 2 : PC13

**LL\_PWR\_WAKEUP\_PIN3**

WKUP pin 3 : PE6 or PA2 according to device

***Common write and read registers Macros*****LL\_PWR\_WriteReg****Description:**

- Write a value in PWR register.

**Parameters:**

- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

**Return value:**

- None

**LL\_PWR\_ReadReg****Description:**

- Read a value in PWR register.

**Parameters:**

- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 71 LL RCC Generic Driver

### 71.1 RCC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 71.1.1 LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef

*LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef* is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_rcc.h

Data Fields

- *uint32\_t* *SYSCLK\_Frequency*
- *uint32\_t* *HCLK\_Frequency*
- *uint32\_t* *PCLK1\_Frequency*
- *uint32\_t* *PCLK2\_Frequency*

Field Documentation

- *uint32\_t* *LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef::SYSCLK\_Frequency*  
SYSCLK clock frequency
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef::HCLK\_Frequency*  
HCLK clock frequency
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef::PCLK1\_Frequency*  
PCLK1 clock frequency
- *uint32\_t* *LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef::PCLK2\_Frequency*  
PCLK2 clock frequency

### 71.2 RCC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RCC library.

#### 71.2.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_RCC\_HSE\_EnableCSS

Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSE_EnableCSS (void )`

Function description

Enable the Clock Security System.

Return values

- **None:**

Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR CSSHSEON LL\_RCC\_HSE\_EnableCSS

##### LL\_RCC\_HSE\_EnableBypass

Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSE_EnableBypass (void )`

Function description

Enable HSE external oscillator (HSE Bypass)

Return values

- **None:**

Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSEBYP LL\_RCC\_HSE\_EnableBypass

## LL\_RCC\_HSE\_DisableBypass

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSE_DisableBypass (void )
```

### Function description

Disable HSE external oscillator (HSE Bypass)

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSEBYP LL\_RCC\_HSE\_DisableBypass

## LL\_RCC\_HSE\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSE_Enable (void )
```

### Function description

Enable HSE crystal oscillator (HSE ON)

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSEON LL\_RCC\_HSE\_Enable

## LL\_RCC\_HSE\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSE_Disable (void )
```

### Function description

Disable HSE crystal oscillator (HSE ON)

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSEON LL\_RCC\_HSE\_Disable

## LL\_RCC\_HSE\_IsReady

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_HSE_IsReady (void )
```

### Function description

Check if HSE oscillator Ready.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSERDY LL\_RCC\_HSE\_IsReady

## LL\_RCC\_SetRTC\_HSEPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetRTC_HSEPrescaler (uint32_t Div)
```

### Function description

Configure the RTC prescaler (divider)

### Parameters

- **Div:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_16

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR RTCPRE LL\_RCC\_SetRTC\_HSEPrescaler

## LL\_RCC\_GetRTC\_HSEPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetRTC_HSEPrescaler (void )
```

### Function description

Get the RTC divider (prescaler)

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_16

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR RTCPRE LL\_RCC\_GetRTC\_HSEPrescaler

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSI_Enable (void )
```

### Function description

Enable HSI oscillator.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSION LL\_RCC\_HSI\_Enable



## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSI_Disable(void)
```

### Function description

Disable HSI oscillator.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSION LL\_RCC\_HSI\_Disable

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_IsReady

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_HSI_IsReady(void)
```

### Function description

Check if HSI clock is ready.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSIRDY LL\_RCC\_HSI\_IsReady

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableInStopMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSI_EnableInStopMode(void)
```

### Function description

Enable HSI even in stop mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- HSI oscillator is forced ON even in Stop mode

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR HSIKERON LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableInStopMode

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableInStopMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSI_DisableInStopMode(void)
```

### Function description

Disable HSI in stop mode.

### Return values

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR HSIKERON LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableInStopMode

**LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableDivider****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableDivider (void )****Function description**

Enable HSI Divider (it divides by 4)

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR HSIDIVEN LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableDivider

**LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableDivider****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableDivider (void )****Function description**

Disable HSI Divider (it divides by 4)

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR HSIDIVEN LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableDivider

**LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableOutput****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableOutput (void )****Function description**

Enable HSI Output.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR HSIOUTEN LL\_RCC\_HSI\_EnableOutput

**LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableOutput****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableOutput (void )****Function description**

Disable HSI Output.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR HSIOUTEN LL\_RCC\_HSI\_DisableOutput

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_GetCalibration

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_HSI_GetCalibration (void )
```

### Function description

Get HSI Calibration value.

### Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF

### Notes

- When HSITRIM is written, HSICAL is updated with the sum of HSITRIM and the factory trim value

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR HSICAL LL\_RCC\_HSI\_GetCalibration

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_SetCalibTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSI_SetCalibTrimming (uint32_t Value)
```

### Function description

Set HSI Calibration trimming.

### Parameters

- **Value:** between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0x1F

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- user-programmable trimming value that is added to the HSICAL
- Default value is 16, which, when added to the HSICAL value, should trim the HSI to 16 MHz +/- 1 %

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR HSITRIM LL\_RCC\_HSI\_SetCalibTrimming

## LL\_RCC\_HSI\_GetCalibTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_HSI_GetCalibTrimming (void )
```

### Function description

Get HSI Calibration trimming.

### Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0x1F

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR HSITRIM LL\_RCC\_HSI\_GetCalibTrimming

## LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_HSI48_Enable (void )
```

**Function description**

Enable HSI48.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CRRCCR HSI48ON LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_Enable

**LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_Disable**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_Disable (void )**

**Function description**

Disable HSI48.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CRRCCR HSI48ON LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_Disable

**LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_IsReady**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_IsReady (void )**

**Function description**

Check if HSI48 oscillator Ready.

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CRRCCR HSI48RDY LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_IsReady

**LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_GetCalibration**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_GetCalibration (void )**

**Function description**

Get HSI48 Calibration value.

**Return values**

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CRRCCR HSI48CAL LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_GetCalibration

**LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_EnableDivider**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_EnableDivider (void )**

**Function description**

Enable HSI48 Divider (it divides by 6)

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CRRCCR HSI48DIV6OUTEN LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_EnableDivider

**LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_DisableDivider**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_DisableDivider (void )**

#### Function description

Disable HSI48 Divider (it divides by 6)

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CRRCCR HSI48DIV6OUTEN LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_DisableDivider

**LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_IsDivided**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_IsDivided (void )**

#### Function description

Check if HSI48 Divider is enabled (it divides by 6)

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CRRCCR HSI48DIV6OUTEN LL\_RCC\_HSI48\_IsDivided

**LL\_RCC\_LSE\_Enable**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSE\_Enable (void )**

#### Function description

Enable Low Speed External (LSE) crystal.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSEON LL\_RCC\_LSE\_Enable

**LL\_RCC\_LSE\_Disable**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSE\_Disable (void )**

#### Function description

Disable Low Speed External (LSE) crystal.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSEON LL\_RCC\_LSE\_Disable

#### LL\_RCC\_LSE\_EnableBypass

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSE\_EnableBypass (void )**

#### Function description

Enable external clock source (LSE bypass).

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSEBYP LL\_RCC\_LSE\_EnableBypass

#### LL\_RCC\_LSE\_DisableBypass

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSE\_DisableBypass (void )**

#### Function description

Disable external clock source (LSE bypass).

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSEBYP LL\_RCC\_LSE\_DisableBypass

#### LL\_RCC\_LSE\_SetDriveCapability

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSE\_SetDriveCapability (uint32\_t LSEDrive)**

#### Function description

Set LSE oscillator drive capability.

#### Parameters

- **LSEDrive:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_LOW
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMLOW
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMHIGH
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_HIGH

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- The oscillator is in Xtal mode when it is not in bypass mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSEDRV LL\_RCC\_LSE\_SetDriveCapability

## LL\_RCC\_LSE\_GetDriveCapability

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_LSE_GetDriveCapability (void )
```

### Function description

Get LSE oscillator drive capability.

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_LOW
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMLOW
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMHIGH
  - LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_HIGH

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSEDRV LL\_RCC\_LSE\_GetDriveCapability

## LL\_RCC\_LSE\_EnableCSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_LSE_EnableCSS (void )
```

### Function description

Enable Clock security system on LSE.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSECSSON LL\_RCC\_LSE\_EnableCSS

## LL\_RCC\_LSE\_DisableCSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_LSE_DisableCSS (void )
```

### Function description

Disable Clock security system on LSE.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Clock security system can be disabled only after a LSE failure detection. In that case it MUST be disabled by software.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSECSSON LL\_RCC\_LSE\_DisableCSS

## LL\_RCC\_LSE\_IsReady

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_LSE_IsReady (void )
```

### Function description

Check if LSE oscillator Ready.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSE RDY LL\_RCC\_LSE\_IsReady

**LL\_RCC\_LSE\_IsCSSDetected**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_LSE\_IsCSSDetected (void )**

#### Function description

Check if CSS on LSE failure Detection.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSECSSD LL\_RCC\_LSE\_IsCSSDetected

**LL\_RCC\_LSI\_Enable**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSI\_Enable (void )**

#### Function description

Enable LSI Oscillator.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSION LL\_RCC\_LSI\_Enable

**LL\_RCC\_LSI\_Disable**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_LSI\_Disable (void )**

#### Function description

Disable LSI Oscillator.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSION LL\_RCC\_LSI\_Disable

**LL\_RCC\_LSI\_IsReady**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_LSI\_IsReady (void )**

#### Function description

Check if LSI is Ready.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LSIRDY LL\_RCC\_LSI\_IsReady

#### LL\_RCC\_MSI\_Enable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_MSI_Enable (void )
```

#### Function description

Enable MSI oscillator.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MSION LL\_RCC\_MSI\_Enable

#### LL\_RCC\_MSI\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_MSI_Disable (void )
```

#### Function description

Disable MSI oscillator.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MSION LL\_RCC\_MSI\_Disable

#### LL\_RCC\_MSI\_IsReady

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_MSI_IsReady (void )
```

#### Function description

Check if MSI oscillator Ready.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR MSIRDY LL\_RCC\_MSI\_IsReady

#### LL\_RCC\_MSI\_SetRange

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_MSI_SetRange (uint32_t Range)
```

#### Function description

Configure the Internal Multi Speed oscillator (MSI) clock range in run mode.

## Parameters

- **Range:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_0
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_3
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_5
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_6

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR MSIRANGE LL\_RCC\_MSI\_SetRange

## LL\_RCC\_MSI\_GetRange

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_MSI_GetRange (void )
```

## Function description

Get the Internal Multi Speed oscillator (MSI) clock range in run mode.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_0
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_3
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_5
  - LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_6

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR MSIRANGE LL\_RCC\_MSI\_GetRange

## LL\_RCC\_MSI\_GetCalibration

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_MSI_GetCalibration (void )
```

## Function description

Get MSI Calibration value.

## Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF

## Notes

- When MSITRIM is written, MSICAL is updated with the sum of MSITRIM and the factory trim value

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR MSICAL LL\_RCC\_MSI\_GetCalibration

## LL\_RCC\_MSI\_SetCalibTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_MSI_SetCalibTrimming (uint32_t Value)
```

### Function description

Set MSI Calibration trimming.

### Parameters

- **Value:** between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- user-programmable trimming value that is added to the MSICAL

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR MSITRIM LL\_RCC\_MSI\_SetCalibTrimming

## LL\_RCC\_MSI\_GetCalibTrimming

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_MSI_GetCalibTrimming (void )
```

### Function description

Get MSI Calibration trimming.

### Return values

- **Between:** Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICSCR MSITRIM LL\_RCC\_MSI\_GetCalibTrimming

## LL\_RCC\_SetSysClkSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetSysClkSource (uint32_t Source)
```

### Function description

Configure the system clock source.

### Parameters

- **Source:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_MSI
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_HSE
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR SW LL\_RCC\_SetSysClkSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetSysClkSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetSysClkSource (void )
```

### Function description

Get the system clock source.

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_MSI
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSE
  - LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_PLL

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR SWS LL\_RCC\_GetSysClkSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetAHBPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetAHBPrescaler (uint32_t Prescaler)
```

### Function description

Set AHB prescaler.

### Parameters

- **Prescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_16
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_64
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_128
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_256
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_512

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR HPRE LL\_RCC\_SetAHBPrescaler

## LL\_RCC\_SetAPB1Prescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetAPB1Prescaler (uint32_t Prescaler)
```

### Function description

Set APB1 prescaler.

## Parameters

- **Prescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_16

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PPRE1 LL\_RCC\_SetAPB1Prescaler

## LL\_RCC\_SetAPB2Prescaler

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetAPB2Prescaler (uint32_t Prescaler)
```

## Function description

Set APB2 prescaler.

## Parameters

- **Prescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_16

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PPRE2 LL\_RCC\_SetAPB2Prescaler

## LL\_RCC\_GetAHBPrescaler

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetAHBPrescaler (void )
```

## Function description

Get AHB prescaler.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_16
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_64
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_128
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_256
  - LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_512

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR HPRE LL\\_RCC\\_GetAHBPrescaler](#)

#### LL\_RCC\_GetAPB1Prescaler

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetAPB1Prescaler (void )**

#### Function description

Get APB1 prescaler.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_16

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR PPRE1 LL\\_RCC\\_GetAPB1Prescaler](#)

#### LL\_RCC\_GetAPB2Prescaler

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetAPB2Prescaler (void )**

#### Function description

Get APB2 prescaler.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_16

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [CFGR PPRE2 LL\\_RCC\\_GetAPB2Prescaler](#)

#### LL\_RCC\_SetClkAfterWakeFromStop

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_SetClkAfterWakeFromStop (uint32\_t Clock)**

#### Function description

Set Clock After Wake-Up From Stop mode.

#### Parameters

- **Clock:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_MSI
  - LL\_RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_HSI

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR STOPWUCK LL\_RCC\_SetClkAfterWakeFromStop

#### LL\_RCC\_GetClkAfterWakeFromStop

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetClkAfterWakeFromStop (void )**

#### Function description

Get Clock After Wake-Up From Stop mode.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_MSI
  - LL\_RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_HSI

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR STOPWUCK LL\_RCC\_GetClkAfterWakeFromStop

#### LL\_RCC\_ConfigMCO

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ConfigMCO (uint32\_t MCOxSource, uint32\_t MCOxPrescaler)**

#### Function description

Configure MCOx.

#### Parameters

- **MCOxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_NOCLOCK
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_MSI
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSE
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_PLLCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSI
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSE
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI48 (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.
- **MCOxPrescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_16

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR MCOSEL LL\_RCC\_ConfigMCO
- CFGR MCOPRE LL\_RCC\_ConfigMCO

## LL\_RCC\_SetUSARTClockSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetUSARTClockSource (uint32_t USARTxSource)
```

### Function description

Configure USARTx clock source.

### Parameters

- **USARTxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK2 (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR USARTxSEL LL\_RCC\_SetUSARTClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetLPUARTClockSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetLPUARTClockSource (uint32_t LPUARTxSource)
```

### Function description

Configure LPUART1x clock source.

### Parameters

- **LPUARTxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR LPUART1SEL LL\_RCC\_SetLPUARTClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetI2CClockSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetI2CClockSource (uint32_t I2CxSource)
```

### Function description

Configure I2Cx clock source.



## Parameters

- **I2CxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR I2CxSEL LL\_RCC\_SetI2CClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetLPTIMClockSource

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetLPTIMClockSource (uint32_t LPTIMxSource)
```

## Function description

Configure LPTIMx clock source.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSI
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR LPTIMxSEL LL\_RCC\_SetLPTIMClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetRNGClockSource

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetRNGClockSource (uint32_t RNGxSource)
```

## Function description

Configure RNG clock source.

## Parameters

- **RNGxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI48

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR HSI48SEL LL\_RCC\_SetRNGClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetUSBClockSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetUSBClockSource (uint32_t USBxSource)
```

### Function description

Configure USB clock source.

### Parameters

- **USBxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI48

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR HSI48SEL LL\_RCC\_SetUSBClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetUSARTClockSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetUSARTClockSource (uint32_t USARTx)
```

### Function description

Get USARTx clock source.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK2 (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR USARTxSEL LL\_RCC\_GetUSARTClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetLPUARTClockSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetLPUARTClockSource (uint32_t LPUARTx)
```

### Function description

Get LPUARTx clock source.

## Parameters

- **LPUARTx:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR LPUART1SEL LL\_RCC\_GetLPUARTClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetI2CClockSource

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetI2CClockSource (uint32\_t I2Cx)**

## Function description

Get I2Cx clock source.

## Parameters

- **I2Cx:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1 (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK (\*)
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR I2CxSEL LL\_RCC\_GetI2CClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetLPTIMClockSource

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetLPTIMClockSource (uint32\_t LPTIMx)**

## Function description

Get LPTIMx clock source.

## Parameters

- **LPTIMx:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSI
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR LPTIMxSEL LL\_RCC\_GetLPTIMClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetRNGClockSource

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetRNGClockSource (uint32_t RNGx)
```

## Function description

Get RNGx clock source.

## Parameters

- **RNGx:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL
  - LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI48

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR CLK48SEL LL\_RCC\_GetRNGClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetUSBClockSource

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_GetUSBClockSource (uint32_t USBx)
```

## Function description

Get USBx clock source.

## Parameters

- **USBx:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL
  - LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI48

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCIPR CLK48SEL LL\_RCC\_GetUSBClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_SetRTCClockSource

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_SetRTCClockSource (uint32_t Source)
```

## Function description

Set RTC Clock Source.

## Parameters

- **Source:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_NONE
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_LSI
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_HSE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Once the RTC clock source has been selected, it cannot be changed any more unless the Backup domain is reset, or unless a failure is detected on LSE (LSECSSD is set). The RTCRST bit can be used to reset them.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR RTCSEL LL\_RCC\_SetRTCClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_GetRTCClockSource

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetRTCClockSource (void )**

## Function description

Get RTC Clock Source.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_NONE
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_LSI
  - LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_HSE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR RTCSEL LL\_RCC\_GetRTCClockSource

## LL\_RCC\_EnableRTC

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_EnableRTC (void )**

## Function description

Enable RTC.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR RTCEN LL\_RCC\_EnableRTC

**LL\_RCC\_DisableRTC****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableRTC (void )
```

**Function description**

Disable RTC.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CSR RTCEN LL\_RCC\_DisableRTC

**LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledRTC****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledRTC (void )
```

**Function description**

Check if RTC has been enabled or not.

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CSR RTCEN LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledRTC

**LL\_RCC\_ForceBackupDomainReset****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_ForceBackupDomainReset (void )
```

**Function description**

Force the Backup domain reset.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CSR RTCRST LL\_RCC\_ForceBackupDomainReset

**LL\_RCC\_ReleaseBackupDomainReset****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_ReleaseBackupDomainReset (void )
```

**Function description**

Release the Backup domain reset.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CSR RTCRST LL\_RCC\_ReleaseBackupDomainReset

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_PLL_Enable (void )
```

### Function description

Enable PLL.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PLLON LL\_RCC\_PLL\_Enable

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_PLL_Disable (void )
```

### Function description

Disable PLL.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Cannot be disabled if the PLL clock is used as the system clock

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PLLON LL\_RCC\_PLL\_Disable

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_IsReady

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_PLL_IsReady (void )
```

### Function description

Check if PLL Ready.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR PLLRDY LL\_RCC\_PLL\_IsReady

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_ConfigDomain\_SYS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_PLL_ConfigDomain_SYS (uint32_t Source, uint32_t PLLMul, uint32_t PLLDiv)
```

### Function description

Configure PLL used for SYSCLK Domain.

## Parameters

- **Source:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSE
- **PLLMul:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_3
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_6
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_12
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_16
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_24
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_32
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_48
- **PLLDiv:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_3
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PLLSRC LL\_RCC\_PLL\_ConfigDomain\_SYS
- CFGR PLLMUL LL\_RCC\_PLL\_ConfigDomain\_SYS
- CFGR PLLDIV LL\_RCC\_PLL\_ConfigDomain\_SYS

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_SetMainSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_PLL_SetMainSource (uint32_t PLLSource)
```

### Function description

Configure PLL clock source.

## Parameters

- **PLLSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PLLSRC LL\_RCC\_PLL\_SetMainSource

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetMainSource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_PLL_GetMainSource (void )
```

### Function description

Get the oscillator used as PLL clock source.



## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSI
  - LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PLLSRC LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetMainSource

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetMultiplier

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetMultiplier (void )**

## Function description

Get PLL multiplication Factor.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_3
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_6
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_12
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_16
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_24
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_32
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_48

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PLLMUL LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetMultiplier

## LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetDivider

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetDivider (void )**

## Function description

Get Division factor for the main PLL and other PLL.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_3
  - LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_4

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFGR PLLDIV LL\_RCC\_PLL\_GetDivider

## LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSIRDY

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSIRDY (void )**

## Function description

Clear LSI ready interrupt flag.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CICR LSIRDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSIRDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSERDY**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSERDY (void )**

#### Function description

Clear LSE ready interrupt flag.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CICR LSERDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSERDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_MSIRDY**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_MSIRDY (void )**

#### Function description

Clear MSI ready interrupt flag.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CICR MSIRDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_MSIRDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSIRDY**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSIRDY (void )**

#### Function description

Clear HSI ready interrupt flag.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CICR HSIRDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSIRDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSERDY**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSERDY (void )**

#### Function description

Clear HSE ready interrupt flag.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CIRC\_HSERDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSERDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_PLLRDY****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_PLLRDY (void )****Function description**

Clear PLL ready interrupt flag.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CIRC\_PLLRDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_PLLRDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSI48RDY****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSI48RDY (void )****Function description**

Clear HSI48 ready interrupt flag.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CIRC\_HSI48RDYC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSI48RDY

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSECSS****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSECSS (void )****Function description**

Clear Clock security system interrupt flag.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CIRC\_CSSC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_HSECSS

**LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSECSS****Function name****\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSECSS (void )****Function description**

Clear LSE Clock security system interrupt flag.

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CIRC\_LSECSSC LL\_RCC\_ClearFlag\_LSECSS

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if LSI ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR LSIRDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if LSE ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR LSERDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_MSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_MSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if MSI ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR MSIRDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_MSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if HSI ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR HSIRDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if HSE ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR HSERDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_PLLRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_PLLRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if PLL ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR PLLRDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_PLLRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSI48RDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSI48RDY (void )
```

### Function description

Check if HSI48 ready interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR HSI48RDYF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSI48RDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSECSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSECSS (void )
```

### Function description

Check if Clock security system interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIFR CSSF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSECSS

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LSECSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSECSS (void )
```

### Function description

Check if LSE Clock security system interrupt occurred or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- C1FR LSECSSF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LSECSS

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSIDIV

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSIDIV (void )
```

### Function description

Check if HSI Divider is enabled (it divides by 4)

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_HSIDIVF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_HSIDIV

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_FWRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_FWRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag FW reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR\_FWRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_FWRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_IWDGRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_IWDGRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag Independent Watchdog reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR\_IWDGRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_IWDGRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LPWRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LPWRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag Low Power reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR LPWRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_LPWRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_OBLRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_OBLRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR OBLRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_OBLRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_PINRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_PINRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag Pin reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR PINRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_PINRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_PORRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_PORRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag POR/PDR reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR PORRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_PORRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_SFTRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_SFTRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag Software reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR SFTRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_SFTRST

## LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_WWDGRST

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_WWDGRST (void )
```

### Function description

Check if RCC flag Window Watchdog reset is set or not.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR WWDGRSTF LL\_RCC\_IsActiveFlag\_WWDGRST

## LL\_RCC\_ClearResetFlags

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_ClearResetFlags (void )
```

### Function description

Set RMVF bit to clear the reset flags.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CSR RMVF LL\_RCC\_ClearResetFlags

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_LSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_LSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable LSI ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_LSIRDY



## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_LSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_LSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable LSE ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSERDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_LSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_MSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_MSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable MSI ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER MSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_MSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_HSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_HSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable HSI ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_HSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_HSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_HSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable HSE ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSERDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_HSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_PLLRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_PLLRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable PLL ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER PLLRDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_PLLRDY

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_HSI48RDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_HSI48RDY (void )
```

### Function description

Enable HSI48 ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSI48RDYIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_HSI48RDY

## LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_LSECSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_EnableIT_LSECSS (void )
```

### Function description

Enable LSE clock security system interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSECSSIE LL\_RCC\_EnableIT\_LSECSS

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_LSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_LSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable LSI ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_LSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_LSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_LSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable LSE ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSERDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_LSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_MSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_MSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable MSI ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER MSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_MSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_HSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_HSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable HSI ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_HSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_HSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_HSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable HSE ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSERDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_HSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_PLLRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_PLLRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable PLL ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER PLLRDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_PLLRDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_HSI48RDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_HSI48RDY (void )
```

### Function description

Disable HSI48 ready interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSI48RDYIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_HSI48RDY

## LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_LSECSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RCC_DisableIT_LSECSS (void )
```

### Function description

Disable LSE clock security system interrupt.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSECSSIE LL\_RCC\_DisableIT\_LSECSS

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_LSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_LSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if LSI ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_LSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_LSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_LSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if LSE ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSERDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_LSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_MSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_MSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if MSI ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER MSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_MSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_HSIRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_HSIRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if HSI ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSIRDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_HSIRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_HSERDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_HSERDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if HSE ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSERDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_HSERDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_PLLRDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_PLLRDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if PLL ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER PLLRDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_PLLRDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_HSI48RDY

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_HSI48RDY (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if HSI48 ready interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER HSI48RDYIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_HSI48RDY

## LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_LSECSS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_LSECSS (void )
```

### Function description

Checks if LSECSS interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CIER LSECSSIE LL\_RCC\_IsEnabledIT\_LSECSS

## LL\_RCC\_DeInit

### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_RCC_DeInit (void )
```

### Function description

Reset the RCC clock configuration to the default reset state.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RCC registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## Notes

- The default reset state of the clock configuration is given below: MSI ON and used as system clock source HSE, HSI and PLL OFF AHB, APB1 and APB2 prescaler set to 1. CSS, MCO OFF All interrupts disabled
- This function doesn't modify the configuration of the Peripheral clocks LSI, LSE and RTC clocks

### LL\_RCC\_GetSystemClocksFreq

#### Function name

```
void LL_RCC_GetSystemClocksFreq (LL_RCC_ClocksTypeDef * RCC_Clocks)
```

#### Function description

Return the frequencies of different on chip clocks; System, AHB, APB1 and APB2 buses clocks.

#### Parameters

- **RCC\_Clocks:** pointer to a LL\_RCC\_ClocksTypeDef structure which will hold the clocks frequencies

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Each time SYSCLK, HCLK, PCLK1 and/or PCLK2 clock changes, this function must be called to update structure fields. Otherwise, any configuration based on this function will be incorrect.

### LL\_RCC\_GetUSARTClockFreq

#### Function name

```
uint32_t LL_RCC_GetUSARTClockFreq (uint32_t USARTxSource)
```

#### Function description

Return USARTx clock frequency.

#### Parameters

- **USARTxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE
  - LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices.

#### Return values

- **USART:** clock frequency (in Hz)
  - LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NO indicates that oscillator (HSI or LSE) is not ready

### LL\_RCC\_GetI2CClockFreq

#### Function name

```
uint32_t LL_RCC_GetI2CClockFreq (uint32_t I2CxSource)
```

#### Function description

Return I2Cx clock frequency.

#### Parameters

- **I2CxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE
  - LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

#### Return values

- **I2C:** clock frequency (in Hz)
  - LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NO indicates that HSI oscillator is not ready

#### LL\_RCC\_GetLPUARTClockFreq

#### Function name

uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetLPUARTClockFreq (uint32\_t LPUARTxSource)

#### Function description

Return LPUARTx clock frequency.

#### Parameters

- **LPUARTxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE

#### Return values

- **LPUART:** clock frequency (in Hz)
  - LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NO indicates that oscillator (HSI or LSE) is not ready

#### LL\_RCC\_GetLPTIMClockFreq

#### Function name

uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetLPTIMClockFreq (uint32\_t LPTIMxSource)

#### Function description

Return LPTIMx clock frequency.

#### Parameters

- **LPTIMxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE

#### Return values

- **LPTIM:** clock frequency (in Hz)
  - LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NO indicates that oscillator (HSI or LSE) is not ready

#### LL\_RCC\_GetUSBClockFreq

#### Function name

uint32\_t LL\_RCC\_GetUSBClockFreq (uint32\_t USBxSource)

#### Function description

Return USBx clock frequency.

#### Parameters

- **USBxSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE

#### Return values

- **USB:** clock frequency (in Hz)
  - LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NO indicates that oscillator (HSI48) or PLL is not ready
  - LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NA indicates that no clock source selected

## 71.3 RCC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.



### 71.3.1 RCC

RCC

#### ***APB low-speed prescaler (APB1)***

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_1**

HCLK not divided

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_2**

HCLK divided by 2

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_4**

HCLK divided by 4

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_8**

HCLK divided by 8

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_16**

HCLK divided by 16

#### ***APB high-speed prescaler (APB2)***

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_1**

HCLK not divided

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_2**

HCLK divided by 2

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_4**

HCLK divided by 4

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_8**

HCLK divided by 8

##### **LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_16**

HCLK divided by 16

#### ***Clear Flags Defines***

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_LSIRDYC**

LSI Ready Interrupt Clear

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_LSERDYC**

LSE Ready Interrupt Clear

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_HSIRDYC**

HSI Ready Interrupt Clear

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_HSERDYC**

HSE Ready Interrupt Clear

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_PLLRDYC**

PLL Ready Interrupt Clear

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_MSIRDYC**

MSI Ready Interrupt Clear

##### **LL\_RCC\_CICR\_HSI48RDYC**

HSI48 Ready Interrupt Clear

**LL\_RCC\_CICR\_LSECSSC**

LSE Clock Security System Interrupt Clear

**LL\_RCC\_CICR\_CSSC**

Clock Security System Interrupt Clear

**Get Flags Defines****LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_LSIRDYF**

LSI Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_LSERDYF**

LSE Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_HSIRDYF**

HSI Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_HSERDYF**

HSE Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_PLLRDYF**

PLL Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_MSIRDYF**

MSI Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_HSI48RDYF**

HSI48 Ready Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_LSECSSF**

LSE Clock Security System Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CIFR\_CSSF**

Clock Security System Interrupt flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_FWRSTF**

Firewall reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_OBLRSTF**

OBL reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_PINRSTF**

PIN reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_PORRSTF**

POR/PDR reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_SFTRSTF**

Software Reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_IWDGRSTF**

Independent Watchdog reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_WWDGRSTF**

Window watchdog reset flag

**LL\_RCC\_CSR\_LPWRSTF**

Low-Power reset flag

**Peripheral I2C get clock source****LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE**

I2C1 clock source selection bits

**LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE**

I2C3 clock source selection bits

**Peripheral I2C clock source selection****LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1**

PCLK1 selected as I2C1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK selected as I2C1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_I2C1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as I2C1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1**

PCLK1 selected as I2C3 clock

**LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK selected as I2C3 clock

**LL\_RCC\_I2C3\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as I2C3 clock

**IT Defines****LL\_RCC\_CIER\_LSIRDYIE**

LSI Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_LSERDYIE**

LSE Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_HSIRDYIE**

HSI Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_HSERDYIE**

HSE Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_PLLRDYIE**

PLL Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_MSIRDYIE**

MSI Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_HSI48RDYIE**

HSI48 Ready Interrupt Enable

**LL\_RCC\_CIER\_LSECSSIE**

LSE CSS Interrupt Enable

**Peripheral LPTIM get clock source****LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE**

LPTIM1 clock source selection bits

***Peripheral LPTIM clock source selection*****LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1**

PCLK1 selected as LPTIM1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSI**

LSI selected as LPTIM1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as LPTIM1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_LPTIM1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE**

LSE selected as LPTIM1 clock

***Peripheral LPUART get clock source*****LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE**

LPUART1 clock source selection bits

***Peripheral LPUART clock source selection*****LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1**

PCLK1 selected as LPUART1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK selected as LPUART1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as LPUART1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_LPUART1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE**

LSE selected as LPUART1 clock

***LSE oscillator drive capability*****LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_LOW**

Xtal mode lower driving capability

**LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMLOW**

Xtal mode medium low driving capability

**LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_MEDIUMHIGH**

Xtal mode medium high driving capability

**LL\_RCC\_LSEDRIVE\_HIGH**

Xtal mode higher driving capability

***MCO1 SOURCE selection*****LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_NOCLOCK**

MCO output disabled, no clock on MCO

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_MSI**

MSI selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSE**

HSE selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSI**

LSI selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_LSE**

LSE selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_HSI48**

HSI48 selection as MCO source

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1SOURCE\_PLLCLK**

PLLCLK selection as MCO source

***MCO1 prescaler*****LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_1**

MCO Clock divided by 1

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_2**

MCO Clock divided by 2

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_4**

MCO Clock divided by 4

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_8**

MCO Clock divided by 8

**LL\_RCC\_MCO1\_DIV\_16**

MCO Clock divided by 16

***MSI clock ranges*****LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_0**

MSI = 65.536 KHz

**LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_1**

MSI = 131.072 KHz

**LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_2**

MSI = 262.144 KHz

**LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_3**

MSI = 524.288 KHz

**LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_4**

MSI = 1.048 MHz

**LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_5**

MSI = 2.097 MHz

**LL\_RCC\_MSIRANGE\_6**

MSI = 4.194 MHz

**Peripheral clock frequency****LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NO**

No clock enabled for the peripheral

**LL\_RCC\_PERIPH\_FREQUENCY\_NA**

Frequency cannot be provided as external clock

**PLL SOURCE****LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI clock selected as PLL entry clock source

**LL\_RCC\_PLLSOURCE\_HSE**

HSE clock selected as PLL entry clock source

**PLL division factor****LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_2**

PLL clock output = PLLVCO / 2

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_3**

PLL clock output = PLLVCO / 3

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_DIV\_4**

PLL clock output = PLLVCO / 4

**PLL Multiplier factor****LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_3**

PLL input clock \* 3

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_4**

PLL input clock \* 4

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_6**

PLL input clock \* 6

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_8**

PLL input clock \* 8

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_12**

PLL input clock \* 12

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_16**

PLL input clock \* 16

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_24**

PLL input clock \* 24

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_32**

PLL input clock \* 32

**LL\_RCC\_PLL\_MUL\_48**

PLL input clock \* 48

**Peripheral RNG get clock source**

**LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE**

HSI48 RC clock source selection bit for RNG

***Peripheral RNG clock source selection*****LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL**

PLL selected as RNG clock

**LL\_RCC\_RNG\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI48**

HSI48 selected as RNG clock

***RTC clock source selection*****LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_NONE**

No clock used as RTC clock

**LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE**

LSE oscillator clock used as RTC clock

**LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_LSI**

LSI oscillator clock used as RTC clock

**LL\_RCC\_RTC\_CLKSOURCE\_HSE**

HSE oscillator clock divided by a programmable prescaler (selection through

***RTC HSE Prescaler*****LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_2**

HSE is divided by 2 for RTC clock

**LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_4**

HSE is divided by 4 for RTC clock

**LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_8**

HSE is divided by 8 for RTC clock

**LL\_RCC\_RTC\_HSE\_DIV\_16**

HSE is divided by 16 for RTC clock

***Wakeup from Stop and CSS backup clock selection*****LL\_RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_MSI**

MSI selection after wake-up from STOP

**LL\_RCC\_STOP\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_HSI**

HSI selection after wake-up from STOP

***AHB prescaler*****LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_1**

SYSCLK not divided

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_2**

SYSCLK divided by 2

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_4**

SYSCLK divided by 4

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_8**

SYSCLK divided by 8

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_16**

SYSCLK divided by 16

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_64**

SYSCLK divided by 64

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_128**

SYSCLK divided by 128

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_256**

SYSCLK divided by 256

**LL\_RCC\_SYSCLK\_DIV\_512**

SYSCLK divided by 512

**System clock switch****LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_MSI**

MSI selection as system clock

**LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selection as system clock

**LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_HSE**

HSE selection as system clock

**LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL**

PLL selection as system clock

**System clock switch status****LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_MSI**

MSI used as system clock

**LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSI**

HSI used as system clock

**LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_HSE**

HSE used as system clock

**LL\_RCC\_SYS\_CLKSOURCE\_STATUS\_PLL**

PLL used as system clock

**Peripheral USART get clock source****LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE**

USART1 clock source selection bits

**LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE**

USART2 clock source selection bits

**Peripheral USART clock source selection****LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK2**

PCLK2 selected as USART1 clock



**LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK selected as USART1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as USART1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_USART1\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE**

LSE selected as USART1 clock

**LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_PCLK1**

PCLK1 selected as USART2 clock

**LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_SYSCLK**

SYSCLK selected as USART2 clock

**LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI**

HSI selected as USART2 clock

**LL\_RCC\_USART2\_CLKSOURCE\_LSE**

LSE selected as USART2 clock

***Peripheral USB get clock source*****LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE**

HSI48 RC clock source selection bit for USB

***Peripheral USB clock source selection*****LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE\_PLL**

PLL selected as USB clock

**LL\_RCC\_USB\_CLKSOURCE\_HSI48**

HSI48 selected as USB clock

***Calculate frequencies***

## \_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_PLLCLK\_FREQ

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the PLLCLK frequency.

### Parameters:

- `__INPUTFREQ__`: PLL Input frequency (based on MSI/HSE/HSI)
- `__PLLMUL__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_3`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_4`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_6`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_8`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_12`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_16`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_24`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_32`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_MUL_48`
- `__PLLDIV__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_DIV_2`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_DIV_3`
  - `LL_RCC_PLL_DIV_4`

### Return value:

- PLL: clock frequency (in Hz)

### Notes:

- ex: `__LL_RCC_CALC_PLLCLK_FREQ (HSE_VALUE, LL_RCC_PLL_GetMultiplier (), LL_RCC_PLL_GetDivider ());`

## \_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_HCLK\_FREQ

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the HCLK frequency.

### Parameters:

- `__SYSCLKFREQ__`: SYSCLK frequency (based on MSI/HSE/HSI/PLLCLK)
- `__AHBPRESCALER__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_1`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_2`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_4`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_8`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_16`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_64`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_128`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_256`
  - `LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_512`

### Return value:

- HCLK: clock frequency (in Hz)

### Notes:

- `__AHBPRESCALER__` be retrieved by `LL_RCC_GetAHBPrescaler` ex: `__LL_RCC_CALC_HCLK_FREQ(LL_RCC_GetAHBPrescaler())`

## \_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_PCLK1\_FREQ

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the PCLK1 frequency (ABP1)

### Parameters:

- \_\_HCLKFREQ\_\_: HCLK frequency
- \_\_APB1PRESCALER\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_APB1\_DIV\_16

### Return value:

- PCLK1: clock frequency (in Hz)

### Notes:

- : \_\_APB1PRESCALER\_\_ be retrieved by LL\_RCC\_GetAPB1Prescaler ex:  
\_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_PCLK1\_FREQ(LL\_RCC\_GetAPB1Prescaler())

## \_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_PCLK2\_FREQ

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the PCLK2 frequency (ABP2)

### Parameters:

- \_\_HCLKFREQ\_\_: HCLK frequency
- \_\_APB2PRESCALER\_\_: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_1
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RCC\_APB2\_DIV\_16

### Return value:

- PCLK2: clock frequency (in Hz)

### Notes:

- : \_\_APB2PRESCALER\_\_ be retrieved by LL\_RCC\_GetAPB2Prescaler ex:  
\_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_PCLK2\_FREQ(LL\_RCC\_GetAPB2Prescaler())

## \_\_LL\_RCC\_CALC\_MSI\_FREQ

### Description:

- Helper macro to calculate the MSI frequency (in Hz)

### Parameters:

- `__MSIRANGE__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_0`
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_1`
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_2`
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_3`
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_4`
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_5`
  - `LL_RCC_MSIRANGE_6`

### Return value:

- MSI: clock frequency (in Hz)

### Notes:

- `__MSIRANGE__` can be retrieved by `LL_RCC_MSI_GetRange` ex:  
`__LL_RCC_CALC_MSI_FREQ(LL_RCC_MSI_GetRange())`

## Common Write and read registers Macros

### LL\_RCC\_WriteReg

#### Description:

- Write a value in RCC register.

#### Parameters:

- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

#### Return value:

- None

### LL\_RCC\_ReadReg

#### Description:

- Read a value in RCC register.

#### Parameters:

- `__REG__`: Register to be read

#### Return value:

- Register: value

## 72 LL RNG Generic Driver

### 72.1 RNG Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RNG library.

#### 72.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_RNG\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RNG_Enable (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

##### Function description

Enable Random Number Generation.

##### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR RNGEN LL\_RNG\_Enable

##### LL\_RNG\_Disable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RNG_Disable (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

##### Function description

Disable Random Number Generation.

##### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR RNGEN LL\_RNG\_Disable

##### LL\_RNG\_IsEnabled

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_IsEnabled (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

##### Function description

Check if Random Number Generator is enabled.

##### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

##### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR RNGEN LL\_RNG\_IsEnabled

#### LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_DRDY

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_DRDY (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if the RNG Data ready Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **RNGx**: RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR DRDY LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_DRDY

#### LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_CECS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_CECS (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if the Clock Error Current Status Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **RNGx**: RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CECS LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_CECS

#### LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_SECS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_SECS (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if the Seed Error Current Status Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **RNGx**: RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR SECS LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_SECS

#### LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_CEIS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_CEIS (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

### Function description

Indicate if the Clock Error Interrupt Status Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CEIS LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_CEIS

**LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_SEIS**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_SEIS (RNG\_TypeDef \* RNGx)**

### Function description

Indicate if the Seed Error Interrupt Status Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR SEIS LL\_RNG\_IsActiveFlag\_SEIS

**LL\_RNG\_ClearFlag\_CEIS**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RNG\_ClearFlag\_CEIS (RNG\_TypeDef \* RNGx)**

### Function description

Clear Clock Error interrupt Status (CEIS) Flag.

### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CEIS LL\_RNG\_ClearFlag\_CEIS

**LL\_RNG\_ClearFlag\_SEIS**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RNG\_ClearFlag\_SEIS (RNG\_TypeDef \* RNGx)**

### Function description

Clear Seed Error interrupt Status (SEIS) Flag.

### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR SEIS LL\_RNG\_ClearFlag\_SEIS

#### LL\_RNG\_EnableIT

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RNG_EnableIT (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Random Number Generator Interrupt (applies for either Seed error, Clock Error or Data ready interrupts)

#### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR IE LL\_RNG\_EnableIT

#### LL\_RNG\_DisableIT

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RNG_DisableIT (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Random Number Generator Interrupt (applies for either Seed error, Clock Error or Data ready interrupts)

#### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR IE LL\_RNG\_DisableIT

#### LL\_RNG\_IsEnabledIT

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_IsEnabledIT (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Random Number Generator Interrupt is enabled (applies for either Seed error, Clock Error or Data ready interrupts)

#### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR IE LL\_RNG\_IsEnabledIT



## LL\_RNG\_ReadRandData32

### Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RNG_ReadRandData32 (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)`

### Function description

Return 32-bit Random Number value.

### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

### Return values

- **Generated:** 32-bit random value

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR RNDATA LL\_RNG\_ReadRandData32

## LL\_RNG\_DeInit

### Function name

`ErrorStatus LL_RNG_DeInit (RNG_TypeDef * RNGx)`

### Function description

De-initialize RNG registers (Registers restored to their default values).

### Parameters

- **RNGx:** RNG Instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RNG registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## 72.2 RNG Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 72.2.1 RNG

RNG

#### *Get Flags Defines*

#### LL\_RNG\_SR\_DRDY

Register contains valid random data

#### LL\_RNG\_SR\_CECS

Clock error current status

#### LL\_RNG\_SR\_SECS

Seed error current status

#### LL\_RNG\_SR\_CEIS

Clock error interrupt status

#### LL\_RNG\_SR\_SEIS

Seed error interrupt status

#### *IT Defines*

## LL\_RNG\_CR\_IE

RNG Interrupt enable

### *Common Write and read registers Macros*

## LL\_RNG\_WriteReg

#### **Description:**

- Write a value in RNG register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: RNG Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

#### **Return value:**

- None

## LL\_RNG\_ReadReg

#### **Description:**

- Read a value in RNG register.

#### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: RNG Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

#### **Return value:**

- Register: value

## 73 LL RTC Generic Driver

### 73.1 RTC Firmware driver registers structures

#### 73.1.1 LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_rtc.h

**Data Fields**

- **uint32\_t HourFormat**
- **uint32\_t AsynchPrescaler**
- **uint32\_t SynchPrescaler**

**Field Documentation**

- **uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef::HourFormat**  
Specifies the RTC Hours Format. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_HOURFORMAT](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_SetHourFormat()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef::AsynchPrescaler**  
Specifies the RTC Asynchronous Predivider value. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0x7F. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_SetAsynchPrescaler()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef::SynchPrescaler**  
Specifies the RTC Synchronous Predivider value. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0x7FFF. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_SetSynchPrescaler()**.

#### 73.1.2 LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef

**LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_rtc.h

**Data Fields**

- **uint32\_t TimeFormat**
- **uint8\_t Hours**
- **uint8\_t Minutes**
- **uint8\_t Seconds**

**Field Documentation**

- **uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef::TimeFormat**  
Specifies the RTC AM/PM Time. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_TIME\\_FORMAT](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetFormat()**.
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef::Hours**  
Specifies the RTC Time Hours. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 12 if the **LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM** is selected. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 23 if the **LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM\_OR\_24** is selected. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetHour()**.
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef::Minutes**  
Specifies the RTC Time Minutes. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 59. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetMinute()**.
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef::Seconds**  
Specifies the RTC Time Seconds. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 59. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetSecond()**.

#### 73.1.3 LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef

**LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_rtc.h

**Data Fields**

- **uint8\_t WeekDay**
- **uint8\_t Month**
- **uint8\_t Day**

- **uint8\_t Year**

#### Field Documentation

- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef::WeekDay**  
Specifies the RTC Date WeekDay. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_WEEKDAY](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_DATE\\_SetWeekDay\(\)](#).
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef::Month**  
Specifies the RTC Date Month. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_MONTH](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_DATE\\_SetMonth\(\)](#).
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef::Day**  
Specifies the RTC Date Day. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 1 and Max\_Data = 31. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_DATE\\_SetDay\(\)](#).
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef::Year**  
Specifies the RTC Date Year. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 99. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_DATE\\_SetYear\(\)](#).

### 73.1.4 LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef

**LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_rtc.h`

#### Data Fields

- **LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef AlarmTime**
- **uint32\_t AlarmMask**
- **uint32\_t AlarmDateWeekDaySel**
- **uint8\_t AlarmDateWeekDay**

#### Field Documentation

- **LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmTime**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm Time members.
- **uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmMask**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm Masks. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_ALMA\\_MASK](#) for ALARM A or [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_ALMB\\_MASK](#) for ALARM B. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMA\\_SetMask\(\)](#) for ALARM A or [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMB\\_SetMask\(\)](#) for ALARM B.
- **uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmDateWeekDaySel**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm is on day or WeekDay. This parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_ALMA\\_WEEKDAY\\_SELECTION](#) for ALARM A or [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_ALMB\\_WEEKDAY\\_SELECTION](#) for ALARM B. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMA\\_EnableWeekday\(\)](#) or [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMA\\_DisableWeekday\(\)](#) for ALARM A or [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMB\\_EnableWeekday\(\)](#) or [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMB\\_DisableWeekday\(\)](#) for ALARM B.
- **uint8\_t LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef::AlarmDateWeekDay**  
Specifies the RTC Alarm Day/WeekDay. If `AlarmDateWeekDaySel` set to day, this parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 1 and Max\_Data = 31. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMA\\_SetDay\(\)](#) for ALARM A or [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMB\\_SetDay\(\)](#) for ALARM B. If `AlarmDateWeekDaySel` set to Weekday, this parameter can be a value of [RTC\\_LL\\_EC\\_WEEKDAY](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMA\\_SetWeekDay\(\)](#) for ALARM A or [LL\\_RTC\\_ALMB\\_SetWeekDay\(\)](#) for ALARM B.

## 73.2 RTC Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the RTC library.

### 73.2.1 Detailed description of functions

#### LL\_RTC\_SetHourFormat

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_SetHourFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t HourFormat)
```

##### Function description

Set Hours format (24 hour/day or AM/PM hour format)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **HourFormat:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_24HOUR
  - LL\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_AMPM

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR FMT LL\_RTC\_SetHourFormat

### LL\_RTC\_GetHourFormat

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_GetHourFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Hours format (24 hour/day or AM/PM hour format)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_24HOUR
  - LL\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_AMPM

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR FMT LL\_RTC\_GetHourFormat

### LL\_RTC\_SetAlarmOutEvent

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_SetAlarmOutEvent (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t AlarmOutput)
```

## Function description

Select the flag to be routed to RTC\_ALARM output.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **AlarmOutput:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_DISABLE
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_ALMA
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_ALMB
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_WAKEUP

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR OSEL LL\_RTC\_SetAlarmOutEvent

#### LL\_RTC\_GetAlarmOutEvent

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_GetAlarmOutEvent (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get the flag to be routed to RTC\_ALARM output.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_DISABLE
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_ALMA
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_ALMB
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_WAKEUP

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR OSEL LL\_RTC\_GetAlarmOutEvent

#### LL\_RTC\_SetAlarmOutputType

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_SetAlarmOutputType (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Output)
```

#### Function description

Set RTC\_ALARM output type (ALARM in push-pull or open-drain output)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Output:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARM\_OUTPUTTYPE\_OPENDRAIN
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARM\_OUTPUTTYPE\_PUSHPULL

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Used only when RTC\_ALARM is mapped on PC13

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OR ALARMOUTTYPE LL\_RTC\_SetAlarmOutputType

#### LL\_RTC\_GetAlarmOutputType

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_GetAlarmOutputType (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get RTC\_ALARM output type (ALARM in push-pull or open-drain output)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARM\_OUTPUTTYPE\_OPENDRAIN
  - LL\_RTC\_ALARM\_OUTPUTTYPE\_PUSHPULL

## Notes

- used only when RTC\_ALARM is mapped on PC13

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OR ALARMOUTTYPE LL\_RTC\_GetAlarmOutputType

### LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableInitMode (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Enable initialization mode.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Initialization mode is used to program time and date register (RTC\_TR and RTC\_DR) and prescaler register (RTC\_PRER). Counters are stopped and start counting from the new value when INIT is reset.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR INIT LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode

### LL\_RTC\_DisableInitMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableInitMode (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Disable initialization mode (Free running mode)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR INIT LL\_RTC\_DisableInitMode

### LL\_RTC\_SetOutputPolarity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_SetOutputPolarity (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Polarity)
```

## Function description

Set Output polarity (pin is low when ALRAF/ALRBF/WUTF is asserted)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_PIN\_HIGH
  - LL\_RTC\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_PIN\_LOW

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR POL LL\_RTC\_SetOutputPolarity

### LL\_RTC\_GetOutputPolarity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_GetOutputPolarity (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Output polarity.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_PIN\_HIGH
  - LL\_RTC\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_PIN\_LOW

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR POL LL\_RTC\_GetOutputPolarity

### LL\_RTC\_EnableShadowRegBypass

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableShadowRegBypass (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Enable Bypass the shadow registers.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BYPSHAD LL\_RTC\_EnableShadowRegBypass



## LL\_RTC\_DisableShadowRegBypass

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableShadowRegBypass (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable Bypass the shadow registers.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BYPSHAD LL\_RTC\_DisableShadowRegBypass

## LL\_RTC\_IsShadowRegBypassEnabled

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsShadowRegBypassEnabled (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Check if Shadow registers bypass is enabled or not.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BYPSHAD LL\_RTC\_IsShadowRegBypassEnabled

## LL\_RTC\_EnableRefClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableRefClock (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable RTC\_REFIN reference clock detection (50 or 60 Hz)

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR REFCKON LL\_RTC\_EnableRefClock

## LL\_RTC\_DisableRefClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableRefClock (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable RTC\_REFIN reference clock detection (50 or 60 Hz)

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR REFCKON LL\_RTC\_DisableRefClock

## LL\_RTC\_SetAsynchPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_SetAsynchPrescaler (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t AsynchPrescaler)
```

### Function description

Set Asynchronous prescaler factor.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **AsynchPrescaler:** Value between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0x7F

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PRER PREDIV\_A LL\_RTC\_SetAsynchPrescaler

## LL\_RTC\_SetSynchPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_SetSynchPrescaler (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t SynchPrescaler)
```

### Function description

Set Synchronous prescaler factor.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **SynchPrescaler:** Value between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0x7FFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PRER PREDIV\_S LL\_RTC\_SetSynchPrescaler

## LL\_RTC\_GetAsynchPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_GetAsynchPrescaler (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Asynchronous prescaler factor.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0x7F

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PRER PREDIV\_A LL\_RTC\_GetAsynchPrescaler

## LL\_RTC\_GetSynchPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_GetSynchPrescaler (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Synchronous prescaler factor.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data = 0 and Max\_Data = 0x7FFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PRER PREDIV\_S LL\_RTC\_GetSynchPrescaler

## LL\_RTC\_EnableWriteProtection

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableWriteProtection (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable the write protection for RTC registers.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- WPR KEY LL\_RTC\_EnableWriteProtection

## LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableWriteProtection (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable the write protection for RTC registers.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- WPR KEY LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection

### LL\_RTC\_EnableOutRemap

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableOutRemap (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable RTC\_OUT remap.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OR OUT\_RMP LL\_RTC\_EnableOutRemap

### LL\_RTC\_DisableOutRemap

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableOutRemap (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable RTC\_OUT remap.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- OR OUT\_RMP LL\_RTC\_DisableOutRemap

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetFormat

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_SetFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t TimeFormat)
```

### Function description

Set time format (AM/24-hour or PM notation)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **TimeFormat:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM\_OR\_24
  - LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR PM LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetFormat

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetFormat

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_GetFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get time format (AM or PM notation)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM\_OR\_24
  - LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- Read either RTC\_SSR or RTC\_TR locks the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers until RTC\_DR is read (LL\_RTC\_ReadReg(RTC, DR)).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR PM LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetFormat

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetHour

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_SetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Hours)
```

## Function description

Set Hours in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Hours:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BIN2BCD is available to convert hour from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR HT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetHour
- TR HU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetHour

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetHour

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_GetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Hours in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- Read either RTC\_SSR or RTC\_TR locks the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers until RTC\_DR is read (LL\_RTC\_ReadReg(RTC, DR)).
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BCD2BIN is available to convert hour from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR HT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetHour
- TR HU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetHour

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetMinute

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_SetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Minutes)
```

## Function description

Set Minutes in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Minutes:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BIN2BCD is available to convert Minutes from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR MNT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetMinute
- TR MNU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetMinute

## LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetMinute

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_GetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Minutes in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

### Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- Read either RTC\_SSR or RTC\_TR locks the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers until RTC\_DR is read (LL\_RTC\_ReadReg(RTC, DR)).
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BCD2BIN is available to convert minute from BCD to Binary format

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR MNT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetMinute
- TR MNU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetMinute

## LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetSecond

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_SetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Seconds)
```

### Function description

Set Seconds in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Seconds:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BIN2BCD is available to convert Seconds from binary to BCD format

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR ST LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetSecond
- TR SU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_SetSecond

## LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetSecond

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_GetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Seconds in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- Read either RTC\_SSR or RTC\_TR locks the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers until RTC\_DR is read (LL\_RTC\_ReadReg(RTC, DR)).
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BCD2BIN is available to convert Seconds from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR ST LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetSecond
- TR SU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetSecond

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t Format12\_24, uint32\_t Hours, uint32\_t Minutes, uint32\_t Seconds)**

## Function description

Set time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Format12\_24:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM\_OR\_24
  - LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM
- **Hours:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23
- **Minutes:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59
- **Seconds:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- It can be written in initialization mode only (LL\_RTC\_EnableInitMode function)
- TimeFormat and Hours should follow the same format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR PM LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config
- TR HT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config
- TR HU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config
- TR MNT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config
- TR MNU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config
- TR ST LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config
- TR SU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Config



## LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_Get (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Combination:** of hours, minutes and seconds (Format: 0x00HHMMSS).

### Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- Read either RTC\_SSR or RTC\_TR locks the values in the higher-order calendar shadow registers until RTC\_DR is read (LL\_RTC\_ReadReg(RTC, DR)).
- helper macros \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_HOUR, \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_MINUTE and \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_SECOND are available to get independently each parameter.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TR HT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get
- TR HU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get
- TR MNT LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get
- TR MNU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get
- TR ST LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get
- TR SU LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Get

## LL\_RTC\_TIME\_EnableDayLightStore

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_EnableDayLightStore (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Memorize whether the daylight saving time change has been performed.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BKP LL\_RTC\_TIME\_EnableDayLightStore

## LL\_RTC\_TIME\_DisableDayLightStore

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_DisableDayLightStore (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable memorization whether the daylight saving time change has been performed.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BKP LL\_RTC\_TIME\_DisableDayLightStore

#### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_IsDayLightStoreEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_IsDayLightStoreEnabled (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Check if RTC Day Light Saving stored operation has been enabled or not.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR BKP LL\_RTC\_TIME\_IsDayLightStoreEnabled

#### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_DecHour

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_DecHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Subtract 1 hour (winter time change)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR SUB1H LL\_RTC\_TIME\_DecHour

#### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_IncHour

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_IncHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Add 1 hour (summer time change)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ADD1H LL\_RTC\_TIME\_IncHour

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetSubSecond

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TIME_GetSubSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get subseconds value in the synchronous prescaler counter.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Subseconds:** value (number between 0 and 65535)

## Notes

- You can use both SubSeconds value and SecondFraction (PREDIV\_S through LL\_RTC\_GetSynchPrescaler function) terms returned to convert Calendar SubSeconds value in second fraction ratio with time unit following generic formula:  $==> \text{Seconds fraction ratio} * \text{time\_unit} = [(\text{SecondFraction} - \text{SubSeconds}) / (\text{SecondFraction} + 1)] * \text{time\_unit}$  This conversion can be performed only if no shift operation is pending (ie. SHFP=0) when PREDIV\_S  $\geq$  SS.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SSR SS LL\_RTC\_TIME\_GetSubSecond

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Synchronize

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TIME_Synchronize (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t ShiftSecond, uint32_t Fraction)
```

## Function description

Synchronize to a remote clock with a high degree of precision.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **ShiftSecond:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_SHIFT\_SECOND\_DELAY
  - LL\_RTC\_SHIFT\_SECOND\_ADVANCE
- **Fraction:** Number of Seconds Fractions (any value from 0 to 0x7FFF)

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This operation effectively subtracts from (delays) or advance the clock of a fraction of a second.
- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- When REFCKON is set, firmware must not write to Shift control register.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SHIFTR ADD1S LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Synchronize
- SHIFTR SUBFS LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Synchronize

### LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetYear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DATE_SetYear (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Year)
```

## Function description

Set Year in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Year:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x99

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BIN2BCD is available to convert Year from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR YT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetYear
- DR YU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetYear

### LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetYear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_DATE_GetYear (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Year in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x99

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BCD2BIN is available to convert Year from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR YT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetYear
- DR YU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetYear

### LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetWeekDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DATE_SetWeekDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t WeekDay)
```

## Function description

Set Week day.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **WeekDay:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR WDU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetWeekDay

## LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetWeekDay

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetWeekDay (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

## Function description

Get Week day.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYP SHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR WDU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetWeekDay

## LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetMonth

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetMonth (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t Month)**

## Function description

Set Month in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Month:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MAY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JULY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Month from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR MT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetMonth
- DR MU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetMonth

## LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetMonth

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_DATE_GetMonth (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)`

## Function description

Get Month in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MAY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JULY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Month from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR MT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetMonth
- DR MU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetMonth

### LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DATE_SetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Day)
```

## Function description

Set Day in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Day:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Day from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetDay
- DR DU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_SetDay

### LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_DATE_GetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Day in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Day from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetDay
- DR DU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_GetDay

### LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DATE_Config (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t WeekDay, uint32_t Day, uint32_t Month, uint32_t Year)
```

## Function description

Set date (WeekDay, Day, Month and Year) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **WeekDay:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY
- **Day:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31
- **Month:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MAY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JULY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER
- **Year:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x99

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR WDU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config
- DR MT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config
- DR MU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config
- DR DT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config
- DR DU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config
- DR YT LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config
- DR YU LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Config

## LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Get

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Get (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

## Function description

Get date (WeekDay, Day, Month and Year) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance



## Return values

- **Combination:** of WeekDay, Day, Month and Year (Format: 0xWWDDMMYY).

## Notes

- if shadow mode is disabled (BYPHAD=0), need to check if RSF flag is set before reading this bit
- helper macros `__LL_RTC_GET_WEEKDAY`, `__LL_RTC_GET_YEAR`, `__LL_RTC_GET_MONTH`, and `__LL_RTC_GET_DAY` are available to get independently each parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR WDU `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`
- DR MT `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`
- DR MU `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`
- DR DT `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`
- DR DU `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`
- DR YT `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`
- DR YU `LL_RTC_DATE_Get`

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_Enable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable Alarm A.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. `LL_RTC_DisableWriteProtection` function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRAE `LL_RTC_ALMA_Enable`

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_Disable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable Alarm A.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. `LL_RTC_DisableWriteProtection` function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRAE `LL_RTC_ALMA_Disable`

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMask

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Mask)
```

### Function description

Specify the Alarm A masks.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Mask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_DATEWEEKDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_HOURS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_MINUTES
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_SECONDS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_ALL

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR MSK4 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMask
- ALRMAR MSK3 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMask
- ALRMAR MSK2 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMask
- ALRMAR MSK1 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMask

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMask

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get the Alarm A masks.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_DATEWEEKDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_HOURS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_MINUTES
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_SECONDS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_ALL

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR MSK4 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMask
- ALRMAR MSK3 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMask
- ALRMAR MSK2 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMask
- ALRMAR MSK1 LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMask

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_EnableWeekday

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_EnableWeekday (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable AlarmA Week day selection (DU[3:0] represents the week day.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR WDSSEL LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_EnableWeekday

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_DisableWeekday

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_DisableWeekday (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable AlarmA Week day selection (DU[3:0] represents the date )

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR WDSSEL LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_DisableWeekday

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetDay

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Day)
```

### Function description

Set ALARM A Day in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Day:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Day from binary to BCD format

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR DT LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetDay
- ALRMAR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetDay

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetDay

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get ALARM A Day in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

### Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Day from BCD to Binary format

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR DT LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetDay
- ALRMAR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetDay

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetWeekDay

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetWeekDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t WeekDay)
```

### Function description

Set ALARM A Weekday.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance
- **WeekDay**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetWeekDay

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetWeekDay

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetWeekDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get ALARM A Weekday.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetWeekDay

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetTimeFormat

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetTimeFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t TimeFormat)
```

### Function description

Set Alarm A time format (AM/24-hour or PM notation)

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **TimeFormat:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR PM LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetTimeFormat

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetTimeFormat

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTimeFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Alarm A time format (AM or PM notation)

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR PM LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetTimeFormat

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetHour

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Hours)
```

## Function description

Set ALARM A Hours in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Hours:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Hours from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR HT `LL_RTC_ALMA_SetHour`
- ALRMAR HU `LL_RTC_ALMA_SetHour`

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetHour

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get ALARM A Hours in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Hours from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR HT `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetHour`
- ALRMAR HU `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetHour`

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMinute

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Minutes)
```

## Function description

Set ALARM A Minutes in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Minutes:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Minutes from binary to BCD format

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMinute
- ALRMAR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetMinute

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMinute

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ALARM A Minutes in BCD format.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

#### Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Minutes from BCD to Binary format

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMinute
- ALRMAR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetMinute

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetSecond

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Seconds)
```

#### Function description

Set ALARM A Seconds in BCD format.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Seconds:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Seconds from binary to BCD format

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetSecond
- ALRMAR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetSecond

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetSecond

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get ALARM A Seconds in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Seconds from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetSecond
- ALRMAR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetSecond

### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Format12_24,
uint32_t Hours, uint32_t Minutes, uint32_t Seconds)
```

## Function description

Set Alarm A Time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Format12\_24:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM
- **Hours:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23
- **Minutes:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59
- **Seconds:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR PM LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime
- ALRMAR HT LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime
- ALRMAR HU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime
- ALRMAR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime
- ALRMAR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime
- ALRMAR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime
- ALRMAR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_ConfigTime

### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Alarm B Time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance



## Return values

- **Combination:** of hours, minutes and seconds.

## Notes

- helper macros `__LL_RTC_GET_HOUR`, `__LL_RTC_GET_MINUTE` and `__LL_RTC_GET_SECOND` are available to get independently each parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMAR HT `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime`
- ALRMAR HU `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime`
- ALRMAR MNT `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime`
- ALRMAR MNU `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime`
- ALRMAR ST `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime`
- ALRMAR SU `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime`

### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetSubSecondMask

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSubSecondMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Mask)
```

## Function description

Mask the most-significant bits of the subseconds field starting from the bit specified in parameter Mask.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Mask:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This register can be written only when ALRAE is reset in RTC\_CR register, or in initialization mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMASR MASKSS `LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSubSecondMask`

### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetSubSecondMask

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSubSecondMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Alarm A subseconds mask.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMASR MASKSS `LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSubSecondMask`

### LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetSubSecond

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSubSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Subsecond)
```

## Function description

Set Alarm A subseconds value.

## Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance
- **Subsecond**: Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7FFF

## Return values

- **None**:

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMSSR SS LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_SetSubSecond

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetSubSecond

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSubSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Alarm A subseconds value.

## Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7FFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMSSR SS LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_GetSubSecond

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Enable

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_Enable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Enable Alarm B.

## Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None**:

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR\_ALRBE LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Enable

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Disable

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_Disable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Disable Alarm B.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRBE LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Disable

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMask

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Mask)
```

### Function description

Specify the Alarm B masks.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Mask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_DATEWEEKDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_HOURS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_MINUTES
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_SECONDS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_ALL

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR MSK4 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMask
- ALRMBR MSK3 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMask
- ALRMBR MSK2 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMask
- ALRMBR MSK1 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMask

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMask

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get the Alarm B masks.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_DATEWEEKDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_HOURS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_MINUTES
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_SECONDS
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_ALL

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR MSK4 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMask
- ALRMBR MSK3 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMask
- ALRMBR MSK2 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMask
- ALRMBR MSK1 LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMask

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_EnableWeekday

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_EnableWeekday (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Enable AlarmB Week day selection (DU[3:0] represents the week day.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR WSEL LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_EnableWeekday

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_DisableWeekday

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_DisableWeekday (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Disable AlarmB Week day selection (DU[3:0] represents the date )

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR WSEL LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_DisableWeekday

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Day)
```

## Function description

Set ALARM B Day in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Day:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Day from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR DT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetDay
- ALRMBR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetDay

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get ALARM B Day in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Day from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR DT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetDay
- ALRMBR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetDay

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetWeekDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetWeekDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t WeekDay)
```

## Function description

Set ALARM B Weekday.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **WeekDay:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetWeekDay

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetWeekDay

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetWeekDay (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

#### Function description

Get ALARM B Weekday.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR DU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetWeekDay

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetTimeFormat

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetTimeFormat (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t TimeFormat)**

#### Function description

Set ALARM B time format (AM/24-hour or PM notation)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **TimeFormat:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR PM LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetTimeFormat

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTimeFormat

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTimeFormat (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

#### Function description

Get ALARM B time format (AM or PM notation)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR PM LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTimeFormat

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetHour

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Hours)
```

### Function description

Set ALARM B Hours in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Hours:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BIN2BCD is available to convert Hours from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR HT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetHour
- ALRMBR HU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetHour

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetHour

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get ALARM B Hours in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Notes

- helper macro \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BCD2BIN is available to convert Hours from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR HT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetHour
- ALRMBR HU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetHour

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMinute

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Minutes)
```

### Function description

Set ALARM B Minutes in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Minutes:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Minutes from binary to BCD format

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMinute
- ALRMBR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetMinute

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMinute

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get ALARM B Minutes in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

### Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Minutes from BCD to Binary format

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMinute
- ALRMBR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetMinute

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSecond

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Seconds)
```

### Function description

Set ALARM B Seconds in BCD format.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Seconds:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

### Return values

- **None:**



## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BIN2BCD` is available to convert Seconds from binary to BCD format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSecond
- ALRMBR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSecond

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSecond

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get ALARM B Seconds in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Seconds from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSecond
- ALRMBR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSecond

### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Format12_24,
uint32_t Hours, uint32_t Minutes, uint32_t Seconds)
```

## Function description

Set Alarm B Time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Format12\_24:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM
- **Hours:** Value between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23
- **Minutes:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59
- **Seconds:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR PM LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime
- ALRMBR HT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime
- ALRMBR HU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime
- ALRMBR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime
- ALRMBR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime
- ALRMBR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime
- ALRMBR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_ConfigTime

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

##### Function description

Get Alarm B Time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

##### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

##### Return values

- **Combination:** of hours, minutes and seconds.

##### Notes

- helper macros `__LL_RTC_GET_HOUR`, `__LL_RTC_GET_MINUTE` and `__LL_RTC_GET_SECOND` are available to get independently each parameter.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBR HT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime
- ALRMBR HU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime
- ALRMBR MNT LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime
- ALRMBR MNU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime
- ALRMBR ST LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime
- ALRMBR SU LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetTime

#### LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSubSecondMask

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSubSecondMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Mask)
```

##### Function description

Mask the most-significant bits of the subseconds field starting from the bit specified in parameter Mask.

##### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Mask:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xF

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Notes

- This register can be written only when ALRBE is reset in RTC\_CR register, or in initialization mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBSSR MASKSS LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSubSecondMask

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSubSecondMask

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSubSecondMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Alarm B subseconds mask.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBSSR MASKSS LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSubSecondMask

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSubSecond

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSubSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Subsecond)
```

### Function description

Set Alarm B subseconds value.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Subsecond:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7FFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBSSR SS LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_SetSubSecond

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSubSecond

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSubSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Alarm B subseconds value.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7FFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ALRMBSSR SS LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_GetSubSecond

## LL\_RTC\_TS\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TS_Enable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Enable Timestamp.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSE LL\_RTC\_TS\_Enable

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_Disable

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TS_Disable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Disable Timestamp.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSE LL\_RTC\_TS\_Disable

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_SetActiveEdge

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TS_SetActiveEdge (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Edge)
```

## Function description

Set Time-stamp event active edge.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Edge:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE\_RISING
  - LL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE\_FALLING

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- TSE must be reset when TSEDGE is changed to avoid unwanted TSF setting

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSEDGE LL\_RTC\_TS\_SetActiveEdge

#### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetActiveEdge

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetActiveEdge (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get Time-stamp event active edge.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE\_RISING
  - LL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE\_FALLING

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSEDGE LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetActiveEdge

#### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTimeFormat

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetTimeFormat (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get Timestamp AM/PM notation (AM or 24-hour format)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TS\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM
  - LL\_RTC\_TS\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSTR PM LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTimeFormat

#### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetHour

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetHour (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get Timestamp Hours in BCD format.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Hours from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSTR HT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetHour
- TSTR HU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetHour

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetMinute

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetMinute (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Timestamp Minutes in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Minutes from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSTR MNT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetMinute
- TSTR MNU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetMinute

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetSecond

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Timestamp Seconds in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x59

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Seconds from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSTR ST LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetSecond
- TSTR SU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetSecond

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetTime (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Timestamp time (hour, minute and second) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Combination:** of hours, minutes and seconds.

## Notes

- helper macros `__LL_RTC_GET_HOUR`, `__LL_RTC_GET_MINUTE` and `__LL_RTC_GET_SECOND` are available to get independently each parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSTR HT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime
- TSTR HU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime
- TSTR MNT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime
- TSTR MNU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime
- TSTR ST LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime
- TSTR SU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetTime

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetWeekDay

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetWeekDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Timestamp Week day.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSDR WDU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetWeekDay

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetMonth

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetMonth (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Timestamp Month in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MAY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JULY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Month from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSDR MT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetMonth
- TSDR MU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetMonth

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDay

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetDay (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)`

## Function description

Get Timestamp Day in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x01 and Max\_Data=0x31

## Notes

- helper macro `__LL_RTC_CONVERT_BCD2BIN` is available to convert Day from BCD to Binary format

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSDR DT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDay
- TSDR DU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDay

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDate

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetDate (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)`

## Function description

Get Timestamp date (WeekDay, Day and Month) in BCD format.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance



## Return values

- **Combination:** of Weekday, Day and Month

## Notes

- helper macros `__LL_RTC_GET_WEEKDAY`, `__LL_RTC_GET_MONTH`, and `__LL_RTC_GET_DAY` are available to get independently each parameter.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSDR WDU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDate
- TSDR MT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDate
- TSDR MU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDate
- TSDR DT LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDate
- TSDR DU LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetDate

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetSubSecond

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TS_GetSubSecond (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get time-stamp subseconds value.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TSSSR SS LL\_RTC\_TS\_GetSubSecond

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_EnableOnTamper

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TS_EnableOnTamper (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Activate timestamp on tamper detection event.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPTS LL\_RTC\_TS\_EnableOnTamper

### LL\_RTC\_TS\_DisableOnTamper

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TS_DisableOnTamper (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Disable timestamp on tamper detection event.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPTS LL\_RTC\_TS\_DisableOnTamper

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Enable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_Enable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Tamper)
```

#### Function description

Enable RTC\_TAMPx input detection.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Tamper:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1E LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Enable
- TAMPCR TAMP2E LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Enable
- TAMPCR TAMP3E LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Enable

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_Disable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Tamper)
```

#### Function description

Clear RTC\_TAMPx input detection.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Tamper:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1E LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Disable
- TAMPCR TAMP2E LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Disable
- TAMPCR TAMP3E LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_Disable

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableMask

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Mask)
```

#### Function description

Enable Tamper mask flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Mask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Associated Tamper IT must not enabled when tamper mask is set.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1MF LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableMask
- TAMPCR TAMP2MF LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableMask
- TAMPCR TAMP3MF LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableMask

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableMask

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableMask (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Mask)
```

#### Function description

Disable Tamper mask flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Mask:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1MF LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableMask
- TAMPCR TAMP2MF LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableMask
- TAMPCR TAMP3MF LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableMask

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableEraseBKP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableEraseBKP (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Tamper)
```

### Function description

Enable backup register erase after Tamper event detection.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Tamper:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1NOERASE LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableEraseBKP
- TAMPCR TAMP2NOERASE LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableEraseBKP
- TAMPCR TAMP3NOERASE LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableEraseBKP

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableEraseBKP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableEraseBKP (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Tamper)
```

### Function description

Disable backup register erase after Tamper event detection.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Tamper:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1NOERASE LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableEraseBKP
- TAMPCR TAMP2NOERASE LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableEraseBKP
- TAMPCR TAMP3NOERASE LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableEraseBKP

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisablePullUp

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisablePullUp (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable RTC\_TAMPx pull-up disable (Disable precharge of RTC\_TAMPx pins)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPPUDIS LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisablePullUp

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnablePullUp

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnablePullUp (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Enable RTC\_TAMPx pull-up disable ( Precharge RTC\_TAMPx pins before sampling)

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPPUDIS LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnablePullUp

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SetPrecharge

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_SetPrecharge (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Duration)
```

#### Function description

Set RTC\_TAMPx precharge duration.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Duration:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_1RTCCLK
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_2RTCCLK
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_4RTCCLK
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_8RTCCLK

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPPRCH LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SetPrecharge

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GetPrecharge

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TAMPER_GetPrecharge (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get RTC\_TAMPx precharge duration.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_1RTCCLK
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_2RTCCLK
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_4RTCCLK
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_8RTCCLK

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPPRCH LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GetPrecharge

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SetFilterCount

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_SetFilterCount (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t FilterCount)
```

## Function description

Set RTC\_TAMPx filter count.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **FilterCount:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_DISABLE
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_2SAMPLE
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_4SAMPLE
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_8SAMPLE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPFLT LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SetFilterCount

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GetFilterCount

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TAMPER_GetFilterCount (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get RTC\_TAMPx filter count.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_DISABLE
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_2SAMPLE
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_4SAMPLE
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_8SAMPLE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPFLT LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GetFilterCount

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SetSamplingFreq

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_SetSamplingFreq (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t SamplingFreq)
```

### Function description

Set Tamper sampling frequency.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **SamplingFreq:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_32768
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_16384
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_8192
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_4096
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_2048
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_1024
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_512
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_256

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPFREQ LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SetSamplingFreq

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GetSamplingFreq

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_TAMPER_GetSamplingFreq (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Tamper sampling frequency.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_32768
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_16384
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_8192
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_4096
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_2048
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_1024
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_512
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_256

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPFREQ LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_GetSamplingFreq

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableActiveLevel

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableActiveLevel (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Tamper)
```

### Function description

Enable Active level for Tamper input.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Tamper:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1TRG LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableActiveLevel
- TAMPCR TAMP2TRG LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableActiveLevel
- TAMPCR TAMP3TRG LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_EnableActiveLevel

## LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableActiveLevel

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableActiveLevel (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Tamper)
```

### Function description

Disable Active level for Tamper input.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Tamper:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP1 (\*)
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP2
  - LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP3 (\*)
 (\*) value not applicable to all devices.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1TRG LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableActiveLevel
- TAMPCR TAMP2TRG LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableActiveLevel
- TAMPCR TAMP3TRG LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DisableActiveLevel

## LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_WAKEUP_Enable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable Wakeup timer.



#### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUTE LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_Enable

#### LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_WAKEUP_Disable (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Wakeup timer.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None**:

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUTE LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_Disable

#### LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_WAKEUP_IsEnabled (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Wakeup timer is enabled or not.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUTE LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_IsEnabled

#### LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_SetClock

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_WAKEUP_SetClock (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t WakeupClock)
```

#### Function description

Select Wakeup clock.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **WakeUpClock:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_16
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CKSPRE
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CKSPRE\_WUT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- Bit can be written only when RTC\_CR WUTE bit = 0 and RTC\_ISR WUTWF bit = 1

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUCKSEL LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_SetClock

### LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_GetClock

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_WAKEUP_GetClock (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Wakeup clock.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_16
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_8
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_4
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_2
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CKSPRE
  - LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CKSPRE\_WUT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUCKSEL LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_GetClock

### LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_SetAutoReload

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_WAKEUP_SetAutoReload (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Value)
```

## Function description

Set Wakeup auto-reload value.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Value:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit can be written only when WUTWF is set to 1 in RTC\_ISR

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- WUTR WUT LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_SetAutoReload

## LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_GetAutoReload

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_WAKEUP_GetAutoReload (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Wakeup auto-reload value.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- WUTR WUT LL\_RTC\_WAKEUP\_GetAutoReload

## LL\_RTC\_BAK\_SetRegister

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_BAK_SetRegister (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t BackupRegister,
uint32_t Data)
```

## Function description

Writes a data in a specified RTC Backup data register.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **BackupRegister:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR0
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR1
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR2
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR3
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR4
- **Data:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFFFFFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BKPxR BKP LL\_RTC\_BAK\_SetRegister

## LL\_RTC\_BAK\_GetRegister

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_BAK_GetRegister (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t BackupRegister)
```

## Function description

Reads data from the specified RTC Backup data Register.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **BackupRegister:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR0
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR1
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR2
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR3
  - LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR4

## Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFFFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BKPxR BKP LL\_RTC\_BAK\_GetRegister

## LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetOutputFreq

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetOutputFreq (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t Frequency)**

## Function description

Set Calibration output frequency (1 Hz or 512 Hz)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Frequency:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_1HZ
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_512HZ

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bits are write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR COE LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetOutputFreq
- CR COSEL LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetOutputFreq

## LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetOutputFreq

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetOutputFreq (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

## Function description

Get Calibration output frequency (1 Hz or 512 Hz)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_1HZ
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_512HZ

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR COE LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetOutputFreq
- CR COSEL LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetOutputFreq

## LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetPulse

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_CAL_SetPulse (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Pulse)
```

## Function description

Insert or not One RTCCLK pulse every 2exp11 pulses (frequency increased by 488.5 ppm)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Pulse:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_INSERTPULSE\_NONE
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_INSERTPULSE\_SET

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- Bit can be written only when RECALPF is set to 0 in RTC\_ISR

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALR CALP LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetPulse

## LL\_RTC\_CAL\_IsPulseInserted

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_CAL_IsPulseInserted (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Check if one RTCCLK has been inserted or not every 2exp11 pulses (frequency increased by 488.5 ppm)

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALR CALP LL\_RTC\_CAL\_IsPulseInserted

## LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetPeriod

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_CAL_SetPeriod (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t Period)
```

## Function description

Set smooth calibration cycle period.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **Period:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_32SEC
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_16SEC
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_8SEC

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- Bit can be written only when RECALPF is set to 0 in RTC\_ISR

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALR CALW8 LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetPeriod
- CALR CALW16 LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetPeriod

### LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetPeriod

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_CAL_GetPeriod (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get smooth calibration cycle period.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_32SEC
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_16SEC
  - LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_8SEC

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALR CALW8 LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetPeriod
- CALR CALW16 LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetPeriod

### LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetMinus

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_CAL_SetMinus (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t CalibMinus)
```

## Function description

Set smooth Calibration minus.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **CalibMinus:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x1FF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.
- Bit can be written only when RECALPF is set to 0 in RTC\_ISR

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALR CALM LL\_RTC\_CAL\_SetMinus

### LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetMinus

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_CAL_GetMinus (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get smooth Calibration minus.

## Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

## Return values

- **Value**: between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data= 0x1FF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CALR CALM LL\_RTC\_CAL\_GetMinus

### LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_RECALP

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_RECALP (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get Recalibration pending Flag.

## Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RECALPF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_RECALP

### LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TAMP3

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TAMP3 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

## Function description

Get RTC\_TAMP3 detection flag.

## Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

## Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TAMP3F LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TAMP3

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TAMP2

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TAMP2 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get RTC\_TAMP2 detection flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TAMP2F LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TAMP2

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TAMP1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TAMP1 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get RTC\_TAMP1 detection flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TAMP1F LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TAMP1

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TSOV

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TSOV (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Time-stamp overflow flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TSOVF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TSOV

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```



### Function description

Get Time-stamp flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TSF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_TS

**LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_WUT**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_WUT (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Get Wakeup timer flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR WUTF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_WUT

**LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRB**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRB (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Get Alarm B flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALRBF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRB

**LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRA**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRA (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Get Alarm A flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALRAF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRA

#### LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TAMP3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TAMP3 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Clear RTC\_TAMP3 detection flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TAMP3F LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TAMP3

#### LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TAMP2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TAMP2 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Clear RTC\_TAMP2 detection flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TAMP2F LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TAMP2

#### LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TAMP1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TAMP1 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Clear RTC\_TAMP1 detection flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TAMP1F LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TAMP1

## LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TSOV

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TSOV (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Clear Time-stamp overflow flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TSOVF LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TSOV

## LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Clear Time-stamp flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TSF LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_TS

## LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_WUT

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_WUT (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Clear Wakeup timer flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR WUTF LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_WUT

## LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_ALRB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_ALRB (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Clear Alarm B flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALRBF LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_ALRB

**LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_ALRA**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_ALRA (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Clear Alarm A flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None**:

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALRAF LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_ALRA

**LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_INIT**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_INIT (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Get Initialization flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR INITF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_INIT

**LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_RS**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_RS (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Get Registers synchronization flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RSF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_RS

#### LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_RS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_ClearFlag_RS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Registers synchronization flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RSF LL\_RTC\_ClearFlag\_RS

#### LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_INITS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_INITS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get Initialization status flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR INITS LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_INITS

#### LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_SHP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_SHP (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Get Shift operation pending flag.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SHPF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_SHP

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_WUTW

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_WUTW (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Wakeup timer write flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR WUTWF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_WUTW

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRBW

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_ALRBW (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Alarm B write flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALRBWF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRBW

## LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRAW

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_ALRAW (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Get Alarm A write flag.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ALRAWF LL\_RTC\_IsActiveFlag\_ALRAW

## LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TS

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_TS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Enable Time-stamp interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **None**:

**Notes**

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR TSIE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TS

**LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TS****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableIT_TS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Disable Time-stamp interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **None**:

**Notes**

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR TSIE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TS

**LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_WUT****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_WUT (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Enable Wakeup timer interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **None**:

**Notes**

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR WUTIE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_WUT

## LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_WUT

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableIT_WUT (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable Wakeup timer interrupt.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUTIE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_WUT

## LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_ALRB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_ALRB (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Enable Alarm B interrupt.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRBIE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_ALRB

## LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_ALRB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableIT_ALRB (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Disable Alarm B interrupt.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRBIE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_ALRB

#### LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_ALRA

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_ALRA (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Alarm A interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRAIE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_ALRA

#### LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_ALRA

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableIT_ALRA (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Alarm A interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Bit is write-protected. LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection function should be called before.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRAIE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_ALRA

#### LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP3 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Tamper 3 interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP3IE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP3

#### LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableIT_TAMP3 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Tamper 3 interrupt.

#### Parameters

- RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP3IE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP3

#### LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP2 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Tamper 2 interrupt.

#### Parameters

- RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP2IE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP2

#### LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_DisableIT_TAMP2 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Tamper 2 interrupt.

#### Parameters

- RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP2IE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP2

#### LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP1 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Enable Tamper 1 interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **None**:

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- TAMPCR TAMP1IE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP1

**LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP1**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP1 (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

**Function description**

Disable Tamper 1 interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **None**:

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- TAMPCR TAMP1IE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP1

**LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

**Function description**

Enable all Tamper Interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **None**:

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- TAMPCR TAMPIE LL\_RTC\_EnableIT\_TAMP

**LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP**

**Function name**

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

**Function description**

Disable all Tamper Interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPIE LL\_RTC\_DisableIT\_TAMP

#### LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TS (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Time-stamp interrupt is enabled or not.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR TSIE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TS

#### LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_WUT

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_WUT (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Wakeup timer interrupt is enabled or not.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WUTIE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_WUT

#### LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_ALRB

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_ALRB (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Alarm B interrupt is enabled or not.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR ALRBIE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_ALRB

**LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_ALRA****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_ALRA (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Check if Alarm A interrupt is enabled or not.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR ALRAIE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_ALRA

**LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP3****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP3 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Check if Tamper 3 interrupt is enabled or not.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- TAMPCR TAMP3IE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP3

**LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP2****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP2 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

**Function description**

Check if Tamper 2 interrupt is enabled or not.

**Parameters**

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

**Return values**

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- TAMPCR TAMP2IE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP2

**LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP1****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP1 (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx)
```

### Function description

Check if Tamper 1 interrupt is enabled or not.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMP1IE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP1

**LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

Check if all the TAMPER interrupts are enabled or not.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TAMPCR TAMPIE LL\_RTC\_IsEnabledIT\_TAMP

**LL\_RTC\_DeInit**

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_DeInit (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

### Function description

De-Initializes the RTC registers to their default reset values.

### Parameters

- **RTCx**: RTC Instance

### Return values

- **An**: ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: RTC registers are not de-initialized

### Notes

- This function does not reset the RTC Clock source and RTC Backup Data registers.

**LL\_RTC\_Init**

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_Init (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef \* RTC\_InitStruct)**

### Function description

Initializes the RTC registers according to the specified parameters in RTC\_InitStruct.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **RTC\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the RTC peripheral.

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC registers are initialized
  - ERROR: RTC registers are not initialized

## Notes

- The RTC Prescaler register is write protected and can be written in initialization mode only.

### LL\_RTC\_StructInit

## Function name

```
void LL_RTC_StructInit (LL_RTC_InitTypeDef * RTC_InitStruct)
```

## Function description

Set each LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

## Parameters

- **RTC\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_InitTypeDef structure which will be initialized.

## Return values

- **None:**

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_Init

## Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_RTC_TIME_Init (RTC_TypeDef * RTCx, uint32_t RTC_Format, LL_RTC_TimeTypeDef * RTC_TimeStruct)
```

## Function description

Set the RTC current time.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **RTC\_Format:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD
- **RTC\_TimeStruct:** pointer to a RTC\_TimeTypeDef structure that contains the time configuration information for the RTC.

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC Time register is configured
  - ERROR: RTC Time register is not configured

### LL\_RTC\_TIME\_StructInit

## Function name

```
void LL_RTC_TIME_StructInit (LL_RTC_TimeTypeDef * RTC_TimeStruct)
```

## Function description

Set each LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef field to default value (Time = 00h:00min:00sec).

#### Parameters

- **RTC\_TimeStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_TimeTypeDef structure which will be initialized.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Init**

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_DATE\_Init (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t RTC\_Format, LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef \* RTC\_DateStruct)**

#### Function description

Set the RTC current date.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **RTC\_Format:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD
- **RTC\_DateStruct:** pointer to a RTC\_DateTypeDef structure that contains the date configuration information for the RTC.

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC Day register is configured
  - ERROR: RTC Day register is not configured

**LL\_RTC\_DATE\_StructInit**

#### Function name

**void LL\_RTC\_DATE\_StructInit (LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef \* RTC\_DateStruct)**

#### Function description

Set each LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef field to default value (date = Monday, January 01 xx00)

#### Parameters

- **RTC\_DateStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_DateTypeDef structure which will be initialized.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_Init**

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_Init (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t RTC\_Format, LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* RTC\_AlarmStruct)**

#### Function description

Set the RTC Alarm A.



### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **RTC\_Format:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD
- **RTC\_AlarmStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef structure that contains the alarm configuration parameters.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ALARMA registers are configured
  - ERROR: ALARMA registers are not configured

### Notes

- The Alarm register can only be written when the corresponding Alarm is disabled (Use LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_Disable function).

## LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Init

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Init (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx, uint32\_t RTC\_Format, LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* RTC\_AlarmStruct)**

### Function description

Set the RTC Alarm B.

### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance
- **RTC\_Format:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN
  - LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD
- **RTC\_AlarmStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef structure that contains the alarm configuration parameters.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: ALARMB registers are configured
  - ERROR: ALARMB registers are not configured

### Notes

- The Alarm register can only be written when the corresponding Alarm is disabled (LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_Disable function).

## LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_StructInit

### Function name

**void LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_StructInit (LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* RTC\_AlarmStruct)**

### Function description

Set each LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef of ALARMA field to default value (Time = 00h:00mn:00sec / Day = 1st day of the month/Mask = all fields are masked).

### Parameters

- **RTC\_AlarmStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef structure which will be initialized.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_StructInit**

#### Function name

**void LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_StructInit (LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef \* RTC\_AlarmStruct)**

#### Function description

Set each LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef of ALARMA field to default value (Time = 00h:00mn:00sec / Day = 1st day of the month/Mask = all fields are masked).

#### Parameters

- **RTC\_AlarmStruct:** pointer to a LL\_RTC\_AlarmTypeDef structure which will be initialized.

#### Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_RTC\_EnterInitMode**

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_EnterInitMode (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

#### Function description

Enters the RTC Initialization mode.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC is in Init mode
  - ERROR: RTC is not in Init mode

#### Notes

- The RTC Initialization mode is write protected, use the LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection before calling this function.

**LL\_RTC\_ExitInitMode**

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_ExitInitMode (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

#### Function description

Exit the RTC Initialization mode.

#### Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC exited from in Init mode
  - ERROR: Not applicable

## Notes

- When the initialization sequence is complete, the calendar restarts counting after 4 RTCCLK cycles.
- The RTC Initialization mode is write protected, use the LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection before calling this function.

### LL\_RTC\_WaitForSynchro

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_RTC\_WaitForSynchro (RTC\_TypeDef \* RTCx)**

## Function description

Waits until the RTC Time and Day registers (RTC\_TR and RTC\_DR) are synchronized with RTC APB clock.

## Parameters

- **RTCx:** RTC Instance

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: RTC registers are synchronised
  - ERROR: RTC registers are not synchronised

## Notes

- The RTC Resynchronization mode is write protected, use the LL\_RTC\_DisableWriteProtection before calling this function.
- To read the calendar through the shadow registers after calendar initialization, calendar update or after wakeup from low power modes the software must first clear the RSF flag. The software must then wait until it is set again before reading the calendar, which means that the calendar registers have been correctly copied into the RTC\_TR and RTC\_DR shadow registers.

## 73.3 RTC Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 73.3.1 RTC

RTC

#### **ALARM OUTPUT**

#### LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_DISABLE

Output disabled

#### LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_ALMA

Alarm A output enabled

#### LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_ALMB

Alarm B output enabled

#### LL\_RTC\_ALARMOUT\_WAKEUP

Wakeup output enabled

#### **ALARM OUTPUT TYPE**

#### LL\_RTC\_ALARM\_OUTPUTTYPE\_OPENDRAIN

RTC\_ALARM, when mapped on PC13, is open-drain output

#### LL\_RTC\_ALARM\_OUTPUTTYPE\_PUSH\_PULL

RTC\_ALARM, when mapped on PC13, is push-pull output

**ALARMA MASK****LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_NONE**

No masks applied on Alarm A

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_DATEWEEKDAY**

Date/day do not care in Alarm A comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_HOURS**

Hours do not care in Alarm A comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_MINUTES**

Minutes do not care in Alarm A comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_SECONDS**

Seconds do not care in Alarm A comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_MASK\_ALL**

Masks all

**ALARMA TIME FORMAT****LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM**

AM or 24-hour format

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM**

PM

**RTC Alarm A Date WeekDay****LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_DATEWEEKDAYSEL\_DATE**

Alarm A Date is selected

**LL\_RTC\_ALMA\_DATEWEEKDAYSEL\_WEEKDAY**

Alarm A WeekDay is selected

**ALARMB MASK****LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_NONE**

No masks applied on Alarm B

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_DATEWEEKDAY**

Date/day do not care in Alarm B comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_HOURS**

Hours do not care in Alarm B comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_MINUTES**

Minutes do not care in Alarm B comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_SECONDS**

Seconds do not care in Alarm B comparison

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_MASK\_ALL**

Masks all

**ALARMB TIME FORMAT**

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM**

AM or 24-hour format

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM**

PM

***RTC Alarm B Date WeekDay*****LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_DATEWEEKDAYSEL\_DATE**

Alarm B Date is selected

**LL\_RTC\_ALMB\_DATEWEEKDAYSEL\_WEEKDAY**

Alarm B WeekDay is selected

***BACKUP*****LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR0****LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR1****LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR2****LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR3****LL\_RTC\_BKP\_DR4*****Calibration pulse insertion*****LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_INSERTPULSE\_NONE**

No RTCCLK pulses are added

**LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_INSERTPULSE\_SET**

One RTCCLK pulse is effectively inserted every 2exp11 pulses (frequency increased by 488.5 ppm)

***Calibration output*****LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_NONE**

Calibration output disabled

**LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_1HZ**

Calibration output is 1 Hz

**LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_OUTPUT\_512HZ**

Calibration output is 512 Hz

***Calibration period*****LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_32SEC**

Use a 32-second calibration cycle period

**LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_16SEC**

Use a 16-second calibration cycle period

**LL\_RTC\_CALIB\_PERIOD\_8SEC**

Use a 8-second calibration cycle period

***FORMAT***

**LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BIN**

Binary data format

**LL\_RTC\_FORMAT\_BCD**

BCD data format

***Get Flags Defines*****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_RECALPF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_TAMP3F****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_TAMP2F****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_TAMP1F****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_TSOVF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_TSF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_WUTF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_ALRBF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_ALRAF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_INITF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_RSF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_INITS****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_SHPF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_WUTWF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_ALRBWF****LL\_RTC\_ISR\_ALRAWF*****HOUR FORMAT*****LL\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_24HOUR**

24 hour/day format

**LL\_RTC\_HOURFORMAT\_AMPM**

AM/PM hour format

***IT Defines*****LL\_RTC\_CR\_TSIE****LL\_RTC\_CR\_WUTIE****LL\_RTC\_CR\_ALRBIE****LL\_RTC\_CR\_ALRAIE**

LL\_RTC\_TAMPCR\_TAMP3IE

LL\_RTC\_TAMPCR\_TAMP2IE

LL\_RTC\_TAMPCR\_TAMP1IE

LL\_RTC\_TAMPCR\_TAMPIE

#### **MONTH**

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY

January

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY

February

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH

March

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL

April

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MAY

May

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE

June

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JULY

July

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST

August

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTEMBER

September

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER

October

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER

November

LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER

December

#### **OUTPUT POLARITY PIN**

LL\_RTC\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_PIN\_HIGH

Pin is high when ALRAF/ALRBF/WUTF is asserted (depending on OSEL)

LL\_RTC\_OUTPUTPOLARITY\_PIN\_LOW

Pin is low when ALRAF/ALRBF/WUTF is asserted (depending on OSEL)

#### **SHIFT SECOND**

LL\_RTC\_SHIFT\_SECOND\_DELAY

## LL\_RTC\_SHIFT\_SECOND\_ADVANCE

### **TAMPER**

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_1

RTC\_TAMP1 input detection

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_2

RTC\_TAMP2 input detection

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_3

RTC\_TAMP3 input detection

### **TAMPER ACTIVE LEVEL**

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP1

RTC\_TAMP1 input falling edge (if TAMPFLT = 00) or staying high (if TAMPFLT != 00) triggers a tamper detection event

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP2

RTC\_TAMP2 input falling edge (if TAMPFLT = 00) or staying high (if TAMPFLT != 00) triggers a tamper detection event

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_ACTIVELEVEL\_TAMP3

RTC\_TAMP3 input falling edge (if TAMPFLT = 00) or staying high (if TAMPFLT != 00) triggers a tamper detection event

### **TAMPER DURATION**

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_1RTCCLK

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 1 RTCCLK cycle

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_2RTCCLK

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 2 RTCCLK cycles

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_4RTCCLK

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 4 RTCCLK cycles

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_DURATION\_8RTCCLK

Tamper pins are pre-charged before sampling during 8 RTCCLK cycles

### **TAMPER FILTER**

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_DISABLE

Tamper filter is disabled

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_2SAMPLE

Tamper is activated after 2 consecutive samples at the active level

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_4SAMPLE

Tamper is activated after 4 consecutive samples at the active level

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_FILTER\_8SAMPLE

Tamper is activated after 8 consecutive samples at the active level.

### **TAMPER MASK**



#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER1

Tamper 1 event generates a trigger event. TAMP1F is masked and internally cleared by hardware. The backup registers are not erased

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER2

Tamper 2 event generates a trigger event. TAMP2F is masked and internally cleared by hardware. The backup registers are not erased.

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_MASK\_TAMPER3

Tamper 3 event generates a trigger event. TAMP3F is masked and internally cleared by hardware. The backup registers are not erased

#### **TAMPER NO ERASE**

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER1

Tamper 1 event does not erase the backup registers.

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER2

Tamper 2 event does not erase the backup registers.

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_NOERASE\_TAMPER3

Tamper 3 event does not erase the backup registers.

#### **TAMPER SAMPLING FREQUENCY DIVIDER**

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_32768

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 32768$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_16384

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 16384$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_8192

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 8192$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_4096

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 4096$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_2048

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 2048$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_1024

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 1024$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_512

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 512$

#### LL\_RTC\_TAMPER\_SAMPLFREQDIV\_256

Each of the tamper inputs are sampled with a frequency =  $RTCCLK / 256$

#### **TIMESTAMP EDGE**

#### LL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE\_RISING

RTC\_TS input rising edge generates a time-stamp event

#### LL\_RTC\_TIMESTAMP\_EDGE\_FALLING

RTC\_TS input falling edge generates a time-stamp even

#### **TIME FORMAT**

**LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM\_OR\_24**

AM or 24-hour format

**LL\_RTC\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM**

PM

***TIMESTAMP TIME FORMAT*****LL\_RTC\_TS\_TIME\_FORMAT\_AM**

AM or 24-hour format

**LL\_RTC\_TS\_TIME\_FORMAT\_PM**

PM

***WAKEUP CLOCK DIV*****LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_16**

RTC/16 clock is selected

**LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_8**

RTC/8 clock is selected

**LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_4**

RTC/4 clock is selected

**LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_DIV\_2**

RTC/2 clock is selected

**LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CKSPRE**

ck\_spre (usually 1 Hz) clock is selected

**LL\_RTC\_WAKEUPCLOCK\_CKSPRE\_WUT**

ck\_spre (usually 1 Hz) clock is selected and 2exp16 is added to the WUT counter value

***WEEK DAY*****LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY**

Monday

**LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY**

Tuesday

**LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY**

Wednesday

**LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY**

Thrusday

**LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY**

Friday

**LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY**

Saturday

**LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY**

Sunday

***Convert helper Macros***

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BIN2BCD

### Description:

- Helper macro to convert a value from 2 digit decimal format to BCD format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_VALUE\_\_: Byte to be converted

### Return value:

- Converted: byte

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_CONVERT\_BCD2BIN

### Description:

- Helper macro to convert a value from BCD format to 2 digit decimal format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_VALUE\_\_: BCD value to be converted

### Return value:

- Converted: byte

### *Date helper Macros*

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_WEEKDAY

### Description:

- Helper macro to retrieve weekday.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_DATE\_\_: Date returned by

### Return value:

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_MONDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_TUESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_WEDNESDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_THURSDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_FRIDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SATURDAY
  - LL\_RTC\_WEEKDAY\_SUNDAY

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_YEAR

### Description:

- Helper macro to retrieve Year in BCD format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_DATE\_\_: Value returned by

### Return value:

- Year: in BCD format (0x00 . . . 0x99)

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_MONTH

### Description:

- Helper macro to retrieve Month in BCD format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_DATE\_\_: Value returned by

### Return value:

- Returned: value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JANUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_FEBRUARY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MARCH
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_APRIL
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_MAY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JUNE
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_JULY
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_AUGUST
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_SEPTMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_OCTOBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_NOVEMBER
  - LL\_RTC\_MONTH\_DECEMBER

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_DAY

### Description:

- Helper macro to retrieve Day in BCD format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_DATE\_\_: Value returned by

### Return value:

- Day: in BCD format (0x01 . . . 0x31)

### *Time helper Macros*

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_HOUR

### Description:

- Helper macro to retrieve hour in BCD format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_TIME\_\_: RTC time returned by

### Return value:

- Hours: in BCD format (0x01. . .0x12 or between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x23)

## \_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_MINUTE

### Description:

- Helper macro to retrieve minute in BCD format.

### Parameters:

- \_\_RTC\_TIME\_\_: RTC time returned by

### Return value:

- Minutes: in BCD format (0x00. . .0x59)

## **\_\_LL\_RTC\_GET\_SECOND**

**Description:**

- Helper macro to retrieve second in BCD format.

**Parameters:**

- `__RTC_TIME__`: RTC time returned by

**Return value:**

- Seconds: in format (0x00. . .0x59)

### ***Common Write and read registers Macros***

#### **LL\_RTC\_WriteReg**

**Description:**

- Write a value in RTC register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: RTC Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

**Return value:**

- None

#### **LL\_RTC\_ReadReg**

**Description:**

- Read a value in RTC register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: RTC Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 74 LL SPI Generic Driver

### 74.1 SPI Firmware driver registers structures

#### 74.1.1 LL\_SPI\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_SPI\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_spi.h`

##### Data Fields

- `uint32_t TransferDirection`
- `uint32_t Mode`
- `uint32_t DataWidth`
- `uint32_t ClockPolarity`
- `uint32_t ClockPhase`
- `uint32_t NSS`
- `uint32_t BaudRate`
- `uint32_t BitOrder`
- `uint32_t CRCCalculation`
- `uint32_t CRCPoly`

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::TransferDirection`**  
Specifies the SPI unidirectional or bidirectional data mode. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_TRANSFER\\_MODE](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetTransferDirection()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::Mode`**  
Specifies the SPI mode (Master/Slave). This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_MODE](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetMode()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::DataWidth`**  
Specifies the SPI data width. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_DATAWIDTH](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetDataWidth()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::ClockPolarity`**  
Specifies the serial clock steady state. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_POLARITY](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetClockPolarity()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::ClockPhase`**  
Specifies the clock active edge for the bit capture. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_PHASE](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetClockPhase()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::NSS`**  
Specifies whether the NSS signal is managed by hardware (NSS pin) or by software using the SSI bit. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_NSS\\_MODE](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetNSSMode()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::BaudRate`**  
Specifies the BaudRate prescaler value which will be used to configure the transmit and receive SCK clock. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER](#).  
**Note:**
  - The communication clock is derived from the master clock. The slave clock does not need to be set. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetBaudRatePrescaler()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::BitOrder`**  
Specifies whether data transfers start from MSB or LSB bit. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_BIT\\_ORDER](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetTransferBitOrder()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::CRCCalculation`**  
Specifies if the CRC calculation is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of [SPI\\_LL\\_EC\\_CRC\\_CALCULATION](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_SPI_EnableCRC()` and `LL_SPI_DisableCRC()`.

- **`uint32_t LL_SPI_InitTypeDef::CRCPoly`**  
Specifies the polynomial used for the CRC calculation. This parameter must be a number between `Min_Data = 0x00` and `Max_Data = 0xFFFF`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_SPI_SetCRCPolynomial()`.

### 74.1.2

#### LL\_I2S\_InitTypeDef

`LL_I2S_InitTypeDef` is defined in the `stm32l0xx_ll_spi.h`

##### Data Fields

- **`uint32_t Mode`**
- **`uint32_t Standard`**
- **`uint32_t DataFormat`**
- **`uint32_t MCLKOutput`**
- **`uint32_t AudioFreq`**
- **`uint32_t ClockPolarity`**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t LL_I2S_InitTypeDef::Mode`**  
Specifies the I2S operating mode. This parameter can be a value of `I2S_LL_EC_MODE`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2S_SetTransferMode()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_I2S_InitTypeDef::Standard`**  
Specifies the standard used for the I2S communication. This parameter can be a value of `I2S_LL_EC_STANDARD`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2S_SetStandard()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_I2S_InitTypeDef::DataFormat`**  
Specifies the data format for the I2S communication. This parameter can be a value of `I2S_LL_EC_DATA_FORMAT`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2S_SetDataFormat()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_I2S_InitTypeDef::MCLKOutput`**  
Specifies whether the I2S MCLK output is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of `I2S_LL_EC_MCLK_OUTPUT`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_I2S_EnableMasterClock()` or `LL_I2S_DisableMasterClock()`.
- **`uint32_t LL_I2S_InitTypeDef::AudioFreq`**  
Specifies the frequency selected for the I2S communication. This parameter can be a value of `I2S_LL_EC_AUDIO_FREQ`. Audio Frequency can be modified afterwards using Reference manual formulas to calculate Prescaler Linear, Parity and unitary functions `LL_I2S_SetPrescalerLinear()` and `LL_I2S_SetPrescalerParity()` to set it.
- **`uint32_t LL_I2S_InitTypeDef::ClockPolarity`**  
Specifies the idle state of the I2S clock. This parameter can be a value of `I2S_LL_EC_POLARITY`. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function `LL_I2S_SetClockPolarity()`.

## 74.2

### SPI Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SPI library.

### 74.2.1

#### Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_SPI\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_Enable (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

##### Function description

Enable SPI peripheral.

##### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SPE LL\_SPI\_Enable

#### LL\_SPI\_Disable

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_Disable (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Disable SPI peripheral.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- When disabling the SPI, follow the procedure described in the Reference Manual.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SPE LL\_SPI\_Disable

#### LL\_SPI\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsEnabled (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if SPI peripheral is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SPE LL\_SPI\_IsEnabled

#### LL\_SPI\_SetMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetMode (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t Mode)
```

#### Function description

Set SPI operation mode to Master or Slave.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **Mode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_MODE\_MASTER
  - LL\_SPI\_MODE\_SLAVE



## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit should not be changed when communication is ongoing.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 MSTR LL\_SPI\_SetMode
- CR1 SSI LL\_SPI\_SetMode

## LL\_SPI\_GetMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetMode (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get SPI operation mode (Master or Slave)

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_MODE\_MASTER
  - LL\_SPI\_MODE\_SLAVE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 MSTR LL\_SPI\_GetMode
- CR1 SSI LL\_SPI\_GetMode

## LL\_SPI\_SetStandard

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetStandard (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t Standard)
```

## Function description

Set serial protocol used.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **Standard:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_PROTOCOL\_MOTOROLA
  - LL\_SPI\_PROTOCOL\_TI

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit should be written only when SPI is disabled (SPE = 0) for correct operation.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 FRF LL\_SPI\_SetStandard

## LL\_SPI\_GetStandard

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetStandard (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get serial protocol used.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_PROTOCOL\_MOTOROLA
  - LL\_SPI\_PROTOCOL\_TI

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 FRF LL\_SPI\_GetStandard

## LL\_SPI\_SetClockPhase

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetClockPhase (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t ClockPhase)
```

## Function description

Set clock phase.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **ClockPhase:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_PHASE\_1EDGE
  - LL\_SPI\_PHASE\_2EDGE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit should not be changed when communication is ongoing. This bit is not used in SPI TI mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CPHA LL\_SPI\_SetClockPhase

## LL\_SPI\_GetClockPhase

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetClockPhase (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get clock phase.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_PHASE\_1EDGE
  - LL\_SPI\_PHASE\_2EDGE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CPHA LL\_SPI\_GetClockPhase

## LL\_SPI\_SetClockPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetClockPolarity (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t ClockPolarity)
```

### Function description

Set clock polarity.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **ClockPolarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_SPI\_POLARITY\_HIGH

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This bit should not be changed when communication is ongoing. This bit is not used in SPI TI mode.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CPOL LL\_SPI\_SetClockPolarity

## LL\_SPI\_GetClockPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetClockPolarity (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Get clock polarity.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_SPI\_POLARITY\_HIGH

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CPOL LL\_SPI\_GetClockPolarity

## LL\_SPI\_SetBaudRatePrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetBaudRatePrescaler (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t BaudRate)
```

### Function description

Set baud rate prescaler.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **BaudRate:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV2
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV4
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV8
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV16
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV32
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV64
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV128
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV256

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- These bits should not be changed when communication is ongoing. SPI BaudRate = fPCLK/Prescaler.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 BR LL\_SPI\_SetBaudRatePrescaler

### LL\_SPI\_GetBaudRatePrescaler

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SPI\_GetBaudRatePrescaler (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

## Function description

Get baud rate prescaler.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV2
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV4
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV8
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV16
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV32
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV64
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV128
  - LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV256

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 BR LL\_SPI\_GetBaudRatePrescaler

### LL\_SPI\_SetTransferBitOrder

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SPI\_SetTransferBitOrder (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx, uint32\_t BitOrder)**

## Function description

Set transfer bit order.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **BitOrder:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_LSB\_FIRST
  - LL\_SPI\_MSB\_FIRST

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit should not be changed when communication is ongoing. This bit is not used in SPI TI mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 LSBFIRST LL\_SPI\_SetTransferBitOrder

### LL\_SPI\_GetTransferBitOrder

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SPI\_GetTransferBitOrder (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

## Function description

Get transfer bit order.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_LSB\_FIRST
  - LL\_SPI\_MSB\_FIRST

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 LSBFIRST LL\_SPI\_GetTransferBitOrder

### LL\_SPI\_SetTransferDirection

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SPI\_SetTransferDirection (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx, uint32\_t TransferDirection)**

## Function description

Set transfer direction mode.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **TransferDirection:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_FULL\_DUPLEX
  - LL\_SPI\_SIMPLEX\_RX
  - LL\_SPI\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_RX
  - LL\_SPI\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_TX

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- For Half-Duplex mode, Rx Direction is set by default. In master mode, the MOSI pin is used and in slave mode, the MISO pin is used for Half-Duplex.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXONLY LL\_SPI\_SetTransferDirection
- CR1 BIDIMODE LL\_SPI\_SetTransferDirection
- CR1 BIDIOE LL\_SPI\_SetTransferDirection

#### LL\_SPI\_GetTransferDirection

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetTransferDirection (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

##### Function description

Get transfer direction mode.

##### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

##### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_FULL\_DUPLEX
  - LL\_SPI\_SIMPLEX\_RX
  - LL\_SPI\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_RX
  - LL\_SPI\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_TX

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXONLY LL\_SPI\_GetTransferDirection
- CR1 BIDIMODE LL\_SPI\_GetTransferDirection
- CR1 BIDIOE LL\_SPI\_GetTransferDirection

#### LL\_SPI\_SetDataWidth

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetDataWidth (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t DataWidth)
```

##### Function description

Set frame data width.

##### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **DataWidth:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_DATAWIDTH\_8BIT
  - LL\_SPI\_DATAWIDTH\_16BIT

##### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DFF LL\_SPI\_SetDataWidth

#### LL\_SPI\_GetDataWidth

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetDataWidth (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

##### Function description

Get frame data width.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_DATAWIDTH\_8BIT
  - LL\_SPI\_DATAWIDTH\_16BIT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DFF LL\_SPI\_GetDataWidth

## LL\_SPI\_EnableCRC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_EnableCRC (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Enable CRC.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit should be written only when SPI is disabled (SPE = 0) for correct operation.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CRCEN LL\_SPI\_EnableCRC

## LL\_SPI\_DisableCRC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_DisableCRC (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Disable CRC.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit should be written only when SPI is disabled (SPE = 0) for correct operation.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CRCEN LL\_SPI\_DisableCRC

## LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledCRC

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsEnabledCRC (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Check if CRC is enabled.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- This bit should be written only when SPI is disabled (SPE = 0) for correct operation.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CRCEN LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledCRC

### LL\_SPI\_SetCRCNext

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetCRCNext (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Set CRCNext to transfer CRC on the line.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This bit has to be written as soon as the last data is written in the SPIx\_DR register.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CRCNEXT LL\_SPI\_SetCRCNext

### LL\_SPI\_SetCRCPolynomial

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetCRCPolynomial (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t CRCPoly)
```

### Function description

Set polynomial for CRC calculation.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **CRCPoly:** This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CRCPOLY LL\_SPI\_SetCRCPolynomial

### LL\_SPI\_GetCRCPolynomial

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetCRCPolynomial (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```



## Function description

Get polynomial for CRC calculation.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value is a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CRCPR CRCPOLY LL\_SPI\_GetCRCPolynomial

## LL\_SPI\_GetRxCRC

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetRxCRC (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get Rx CRC.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value is a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RXCR CR RXCRC LL\_SPI\_GetRxCRC

## LL\_SPI\_GetTxCRC

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetTxCRC (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get Tx CRC.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value is a number between Min\_Data = 0x00 and Max\_Data = 0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TXCR CR TXCRC LL\_SPI\_GetTxCRC

## LL\_SPI\_SetNSSMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_SetNSSMode (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t NSS)
```

## Function description

Set NSS mode.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **NSS:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_NSS\_SOFT
  - LL\_SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_INPUT
  - LL\_SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_OUTPUT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- LL\_SPI\_NSS\_SOFT Mode is not used in SPI TI mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SSM LL\_SPI\_SetNSSMode
- 
- CR2 SSOE LL\_SPI\_SetNSSMode

### LL\_SPI\_GetNSSMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_GetNSSMode (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get NSS mode.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SPI\_NSS\_SOFT
  - LL\_SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_INPUT
  - LL\_SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_OUTPUT

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 SSM LL\_SPI\_GetNSSMode
- 
- CR2 SSOE LL\_SPI\_GetNSSMode

### LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_RXNE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Check if Rx buffer is not empty.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR RXNE LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

## LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_TXE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Check if Tx buffer is empty.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR TXE LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

## LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_CRCERR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_CRCERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Get CRC error flag.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CRCERR LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_CRCERR

## LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_MODF

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_MODF (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Get mode fault error flag.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR MODF LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_MODF

## LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_OVR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get overrun error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR OVR LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

**LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_BSY**

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_BSY (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get busy flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- The BSY flag is cleared under any one of the following conditions: -When the SPI is correctly disabled -When a fault is detected in Master mode (MODF bit set to 1) -In Master mode, when it finishes a data transmission and no new data is ready to be sent -In Slave mode, when the BSY flag is set to '0' for at least one SPI clock cycle between each data transfer.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR BSY LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_BSY

**LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_FRE**

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_FRE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get frame format error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR FRE LL\_SPI\_IsActiveFlag\_FRE

**LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_CRCERR**

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_ClearFlag_CRCERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Clear CRC error flag.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CRCERR LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_CRCERR

**LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_MODF**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_MODF (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Clear mode fault error flag.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Clearing this flag is done by a read access to the SPIx\_SR register followed by a write access to the SPIx\_CR1 register

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR MODF LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_MODF

**LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_OVR**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_OVR (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Clear overrun error flag.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Clearing this flag is done by a read access to the SPIx\_DR register followed by a read access to the SPIx\_SR register

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR OVR LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_OVR

**LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_FRE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_FRE (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

## Function description

Clear frame format error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Clearing this flag is done by reading SPIx\_SR register

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR FRE LL\_SPI\_ClearFlag\_FRE

### LL\_SPI\_EnableIT\_ERR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_EnableIT_ERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Enable error interrupt.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit controls the generation of an interrupt when an error condition occurs (CRCERR, OVR, MODF in SPI mode, FRE at TI mode).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2\_ERRIE LL\_SPI\_EnableIT\_ERR

### LL\_SPI\_EnableIT\_RXNE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_EnableIT_RXNE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Enable Rx buffer not empty interrupt.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2\_RXNEIE LL\_SPI\_EnableIT\_RXNE

### LL\_SPI\_EnableIT\_TXE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_EnableIT_TXE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Enable Tx buffer empty interrupt.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXEIE LL\_SPI\_EnableIT\_TXE

## LL\_SPI\_DisableIT\_ERR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_DisableIT_ERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Disable error interrupt.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit controls the generation of an interrupt when an error condition occurs (CRCERR, OVR, MODF in SPI mode, FRE at TI mode).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ERRIE LL\_SPI\_DisableIT\_ERR

## LL\_SPI\_DisableIT\_RXNE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_DisableIT_RXNE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Disable Rx buffer not empty interrupt.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXNEIE LL\_SPI\_DisableIT\_RXNE

## LL\_SPI\_DisableIT\_TXE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_DisableIT_TXE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Disable Tx buffer empty interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXEIE LL\_SPI\_DisableIT\_TXE

#### LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsEnabledIT_ERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if error interrupt is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ERRIE LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

#### LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsEnabledIT_RXNE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Rx buffer not empty interrupt is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXNEIE LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

#### LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsEnabledIT_TXE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if Tx buffer empty interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXEIE LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

#### LL\_SPI\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_EnableDMAReq_RX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Enable DMA Rx.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXDMAEN LL\_SPI\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

#### LL\_SPI\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_DisableDMAReq_RX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Disable DMA Rx.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXDMAEN LL\_SPI\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

#### LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SPI_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if DMA Rx is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXDMAEN LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

#### LL\_SPI\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_EnableDMAReq_TX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Enable DMA Tx.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXDMAEN LL\_SPI\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_SPI\_DisableDMAReq\_TX**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SPI\_DisableDMAReq\_TX (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Disable DMA Tx.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXDMAEN LL\_SPI\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Check if DMA Tx is enabled.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXDMAEN LL\_SPI\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_SPI\_DMA\_GetRegAddr**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SPI\_DMA\_GetRegAddr (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Get the data register address used for DMA transfer.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Address:** of data register

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_SPI\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

## LL\_SPI\_ReceiveData8

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_SPI_ReceiveData8 (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Read 8-Bits in the data register.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **RxDData:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_SPI\_ReceiveData8

## LL\_SPI\_ReceiveData16

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_SPI_ReceiveData16 (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Read 16-Bits in the data register.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **RxDData:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_SPI\_ReceiveData16

## LL\_SPI\_TransmitData8

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_TransmitData8 (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint8_t TxData)
```

## Function description

Write 8-Bits in the data register.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **TxDData:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_SPI\_TransmitData8

## LL\_SPI\_TransmitData16

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SPI_TransmitData16 (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint16_t TxData)
```

### Function description

Write 16-Bits in the data register.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **TxDat**a: Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_SPI\_TransmitData16

## LL\_SPI\_DeInit

### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_SPI_DeInit (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

De-initialize the SPI registers to their default reset values.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: SPI registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: SPI registers are not de-initialized

## LL\_SPI\_Init

### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_SPI_Init (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, LL_SPI_InitTypeDef * SPI_InitStruct)
```

### Function description

Initialize the SPI registers according to the specified parameters in SPI\_InitStruct.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **SPI\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_SPI\_InitTypeDef structure

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value. (Return always SUCCESS)

### Notes

- As some bits in SPI configuration registers can only be written when the SPI is disabled (SPI\_CR1\_SPE bit =0), SPI peripheral should be in disabled state prior calling this function. Otherwise, ERROR result will be returned.

## LL\_SPI\_StructInit

### Function name

```
void LL_SPI_StructInit (LL_SPI_InitTypeDef * SPI_InitStruct)
```

### Function description

Set each LL\_SPI\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **SPI\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_SPI\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

## LL\_I2S\_Enable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_Enable (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Select I2S mode and Enable I2S peripheral.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SMOD LL\_I2S\_Enable
- I2SCFGR I2SE LL\_I2S\_Enable

## LL\_I2S\_Disable

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_Disable (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Disable I2S peripheral.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SE LL\_I2S\_Disable

## LL\_I2S\_IsEnabled

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsEnabled (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Check if I2S peripheral is enabled.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SE LL\_I2S\_IsEnabled

### LL\_I2S\_SetDataFormat

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_SetDataFormat (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t DataFormat)
```

### Function description

Set I2S data frame length.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **DataFormat:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_16B
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_16B\_EXTENDED
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_24B
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_32B

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR DATLEN LL\_I2S\_SetDataFormat
- I2SCFGR CHLEN LL\_I2S\_SetDataFormat

### LL\_I2S\_GetDataFormat

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_GetDataFormat (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Get I2S data frame length.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_16B
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_16B\_EXTENDED
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_24B
  - LL\_I2S\_DATAFORMAT\_32B

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR DATLEN LL\_I2S\_GetDataFormat
- I2SCFGR CHLEN LL\_I2S\_GetDataFormat

## LL\_I2S\_SetClockPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_SetClockPolarity (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t ClockPolarity)
```

### Function description

Set I2S clock polarity.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **ClockPolarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_I2S\_POLARITY\_HIGH

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR CKPOL LL\_I2S\_SetClockPolarity

## LL\_I2S\_GetClockPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_GetClockPolarity (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Get I2S clock polarity.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_I2S\_POLARITY\_HIGH

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR CKPOL LL\_I2S\_GetClockPolarity

## LL\_I2S\_SetStandard

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_SetStandard (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t Standard)
```

### Function description

Set I2S standard protocol.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **Standard:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_PHILIPS
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_MSB
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_LSB
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_PCM\_SHORT
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_PCM\_LONG

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SSTD LL\_I2S\_SetStandard
- I2SCFGR PCMSYNC LL\_I2S\_SetStandard

## LL\_I2S\_GetStandard

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_GetStandard (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get I2S standard protocol.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_PHILIPS
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_MSB
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_LSB
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_PCM\_SHORT
  - LL\_I2S\_STANDARD\_PCM\_LONG

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SSTD LL\_I2S\_GetStandard
- I2SCFGR PCMSYNC LL\_I2S\_GetStandard

## LL\_I2S\_SetTransferMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_SetTransferMode (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t Mode)
```

## Function description

Set I2S transfer mode.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **Mode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_SLAVE\_TX
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_SLAVE\_RX
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_MASTER\_TX
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_MASTER\_RX

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SCFG LL\_I2S\_SetTransferMode

## LL\_I2S\_GetTransferMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_GetTransferMode (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```



## Function description

Get I2S transfer mode.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_SLAVE\_TX
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_SLAVE\_RX
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_MASTER\_TX
  - LL\_I2S\_MODE\_MASTER\_RX

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR I2SCFG LL\_I2S\_GetTransferMode

## LL\_I2S\_SetPrescalerLinear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_SetPrescalerLinear (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint8_t PrescalerLinear)
```

## Function description

Set I2S linear prescaler.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **PrescalerLinear:** Value between Min\_Data=0x02 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR I2SDIV LL\_I2S\_SetPrescalerLinear

## LL\_I2S\_GetPrescalerLinear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_GetPrescalerLinear (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get I2S linear prescaler.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **PrescalerLinear:** Value between Min\_Data=0x02 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR I2SDIV LL\_I2S\_GetPrescalerLinear

## LL\_I2S\_SetPrescalerParity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_SetPrescalerParity (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint32_t PrescalerParity)
```

## Function description

Set I2S parity prescaler.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **PrescalerParity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_PRESCALER\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_I2S\_PRESCALER\_PARITY\_ODD

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR ODD LL\_I2S\_SetPrescalerParity

## LL\_I2S\_GetPrescalerParity

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2S\_GetPrescalerParity (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

## Function description

Get I2S parity prescaler.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_PRESCALER\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_I2S\_PRESCALER\_PARITY\_ODD

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR ODD LL\_I2S\_GetPrescalerParity

## LL\_I2S\_EnableMasterClock

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_EnableMasterClock (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

## Function description

Enable the master clock output (Pin MCK)

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR MCKOE LL\_I2S\_EnableMasterClock

## LL\_I2S\_DisableMasterClock

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_DisableMasterClock (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Disable the master clock output (Pin MCK)

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR MCKOE LL\_I2S\_DisableMasterClock

**LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledMasterClock**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledMasterClock (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Check if the master clock output (Pin MCK) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SPR MCKOE LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledMasterClock

**LL\_I2S\_EnableAsyncStart**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_EnableAsyncStart (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Enable asynchronous start.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR ASTRTEN LL\_I2S\_EnableAsyncStart

**LL\_I2S\_DisableAsyncStart**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_DisableAsyncStart (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

### Function description

Disable asynchronous start.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR ASTRTEN LL\_I2S\_DisableAsyncStart

#### LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledAsyncStart

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledAsyncStart (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Check if asynchronous start is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- I2SCFGR ASTRTEN LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledAsyncStart

#### LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Check if Rx buffer is not empty.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR RXNE LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

#### LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Check if Tx buffer is empty.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR TXE LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

**LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_BSY****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_BSY (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

**Function description**

Get busy flag.

**Parameters**

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- SR BSY LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_BSY

**LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_OVR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

**Function description**

Get overrun error flag.

**Parameters**

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- SR OVR LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_OVR

**LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_UDR****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_UDR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

**Function description**

Get underrun error flag.

**Parameters**

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- SR UDR LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_UDR

**LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_FRE****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_FRE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get frame format error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR FRE LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_FRE

**LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_CHSIDE**

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_CHSIDE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Get channel side flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- 0: Channel Left has to be transmitted or has been received 1: Channel Right has to be transmitted or has been received It has no significance in PCM mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CHSIDE LL\_I2S\_IsActiveFlag\_CHSIDE

**LL\_I2S\_ClearFlag\_OVR**

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_ClearFlag_OVR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Clear overrun error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR OVR LL\_I2S\_ClearFlag\_OVR

**LL\_I2S\_ClearFlag\_UDR**

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_ClearFlag_UDR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Clear underrun error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR UDR LL\_I2S\_ClearFlag\_UDR

## LL\_I2S\_ClearFlag\_FRE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_ClearFlag_FRE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Clear frame format error flag.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR FRE LL\_I2S\_ClearFlag\_FRE

## LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_ERR

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_EnableIT_ERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Enable error IT.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This bit controls the generation of an interrupt when an error condition occurs (OVR, UDR and FRE in I2S mode).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ERRIE LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_ERR

## LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_RXNE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_EnableIT_RXNE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

## Function description

Enable Rx buffer not empty IT.

## Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXNEIE LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_RXNE

**LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_TXE**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_TXE (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Enable Tx buffer empty IT.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXEIE LL\_I2S\_EnableIT\_TXE

**LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_ERR**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_ERR (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Disable error IT.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- This bit controls the generation of an interrupt when an error condition occurs (OVR, UDR and FRE in I2S mode).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ERRIE LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_ERR

**LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_RXNE**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_RXNE (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Disable Rx buffer not empty IT.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXNEIE LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_RXNE

#### LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_TXE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_DisableIT_TXE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Tx buffer empty IT.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXEIE LL\_I2S\_DisableIT\_TXE

#### LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsEnabledIT_ERR (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if ERR IT is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ERRIE LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledIT\_ERR

#### LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsEnabledIT_RXNE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

#### Function description

Check if RXNE IT is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXNEIE LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

#### LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsEnabledIT_TXE (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Check if TXE IT is enabled.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXEIE LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

### LL\_I2S\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_EnableDMAReq_RX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Enable DMA Rx.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXDMAEN LL\_I2S\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

### LL\_I2S\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_DisableDMAReq_RX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Disable DMA Rx.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXDMAEN LL\_I2S\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

### LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_I2S_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Check if DMA Rx is enabled.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXDMAEN LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

LL\_I2S\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_EnableDMAReq\_TX (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Enable DMA Tx.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXDMAEN LL\_I2S\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

LL\_I2S\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_I2S\_DisableDMAReq\_TX (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Disable DMA Tx.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXDMAEN LL\_I2S\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx)**

#### Function description

Check if DMA Tx is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXDMAEN LL\_I2S\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

## LL\_I2S\_ReceiveData16

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_I2S_ReceiveData16 (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

Read 16-Bits in data register.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **RxDData:** Value between Min\_Data=0x0000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_I2S\_ReceiveData16

## LL\_I2S\_TransmitData16

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_I2S_TransmitData16 (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, uint16_t TxData)
```

### Function description

Write 16-Bits in data register.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **TxDData:** Value between Min\_Data=0x0000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DR DR LL\_I2S\_TransmitData16

## LL\_I2S\_DeInit

### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_I2S_DeInit (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx)
```

### Function description

De-initialize the SPI/I2S registers to their default reset values.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: SPI registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: SPI registers are not de-initialized

## LL\_I2S\_Init

### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_I2S_Init (SPI_TypeDef * SPIx, LL_I2S_InitTypeDef * I2S_InitStruct)
```

### Function description

Initializes the SPI/I2S registers according to the specified parameters in I2S\_InitStruct.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **I2S\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_I2S\_InitTypeDef structure

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: SPI registers are Initialized
  - ERROR: SPI registers are not Initialized

### Notes

- As some bits in SPI configuration registers can only be written when the SPI is disabled (SPI\_CR1\_SPE bit =0), SPI peripheral should be in disabled state prior calling this function. Otherwise, ERROR result will be returned.

### LL\_I2S\_StructInit

### Function name

**void LL\_I2S\_StructInit (LL\_I2S\_InitTypeDef \* I2S\_InitStruct)**

### Function description

Set each LL\_I2S\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **I2S\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_I2S\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

### LL\_I2S\_ConfigPrescaler

### Function name

**void LL\_I2S\_ConfigPrescaler (SPI\_TypeDef \* SPIx, uint32\_t PrescalerLinear, uint32\_t PrescalerParity)**

### Function description

Set linear and parity prescaler.

### Parameters

- **SPIx:** SPI Instance
- **PrescalerLinear:** value Min\_Data=0x02 and Max\_Data=0xFF.
- **PrescalerParity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_I2S\_PRESCALER\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_I2S\_PRESCALER\_PARITY\_ODD

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- To calculate value of PrescalerLinear(I2SDIV[7:0] bits) and PrescalerParity(ODD bit) Check Audio frequency table and formulas inside Reference Manual (SPI/I2S).

## 74.3 SPI Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 74.3.1

#### SPI

##### SPI

##### **Baud Rate Prescaler**

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV2

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/2

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV4

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/4

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV8

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/8

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV16

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/16

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV32

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/32

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV64

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/64

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV128

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/128

#### LL\_SPI\_BAUDRATEPRESCALER\_DIV256

BaudRate control equal to fPCLK/256

##### **Transmission Bit Order**

#### LL\_SPI\_LSB\_FIRST

Data is transmitted/received with the LSB first

#### LL\_SPI\_MSB\_FIRST

Data is transmitted/received with the MSB first

##### **CRC Calculation**

#### LL\_SPI\_CRCCALCULATION\_DISABLE

CRC calculation disabled

#### LL\_SPI\_CRCCALCULATION\_ENABLE

CRC calculation enabled

##### **Datawidth**

#### LL\_SPI\_DATAWIDTH\_8BIT

Data length for SPI transfer: 8 bits

#### LL\_SPI\_DATAWIDTH\_16BIT

Data length for SPI transfer: 16 bits

##### **Get Flags Defines**

#### LL\_SPI\_SR\_RXNE

Rx buffer not empty flag

**LL\_SPI\_SR\_TXE**

Tx buffer empty flag

**LL\_SPI\_SR\_BSY**

Busy flag

**LL\_SPI\_SR\_CRCERR**

CRC error flag

**LL\_SPI\_SR\_MODF**

Mode fault flag

**LL\_SPI\_SR\_OVR**

Overrun flag

**LL\_SPI\_SR\_FRE**

TI mode frame format error flag

***IT Defines*****LL\_SPI\_CR2\_RXNEIE**

Rx buffer not empty interrupt enable

**LL\_SPI\_CR2\_TXEIE**

Tx buffer empty interrupt enable

**LL\_SPI\_CR2\_ERRIE**

Error interrupt enable

**LL\_I2S\_CR2\_RXNEIE**

Rx buffer not empty interrupt enable

**LL\_I2S\_CR2\_TXEIE**

Tx buffer empty interrupt enable

**LL\_I2S\_CR2\_ERRIE**

Error interrupt enable

***Operation Mode*****LL\_SPI\_MODE\_MASTER**

Master configuration

**LL\_SPI\_MODE\_SLAVE**

Slave configuration

***Slave Select Pin Mode*****LL\_SPI\_NSS\_SOFT**

NSS managed internally. NSS pin not used and free

**LL\_SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_INPUT**

NSS pin used in Input. Only used in Master mode

**LL\_SPI\_NSS\_HARD\_OUTPUT**

NSS pin used in Output. Only used in Slave mode as chip select

***Clock Phase***

#### LL\_SPI\_PHASE\_1EDGE

First clock transition is the first data capture edge

#### LL\_SPI\_PHASE\_2EDGE

Second clock transition is the first data capture edge

#### **Clock Polarity**

#### LL\_SPI\_POLARITY\_LOW

Clock to 0 when idle

#### LL\_SPI\_POLARITY\_HIGH

Clock to 1 when idle

#### **Serial Protocol**

#### LL\_SPI\_PROTOCOL\_MOTOROLA

Motorola mode. Used as default value

#### LL\_SPI\_PROTOCOL\_TI

TI mode

#### **Transfer Mode**

#### LL\_SPI\_FULL\_DUPLEX

Full-Duplex mode. Rx and Tx transfer on 2 lines

#### LL\_SPI\_SIMPLEX\_RX

Simplex Rx mode. Rx transfer only on 1 line

#### LL\_SPI\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_RX

Half-Duplex Rx mode. Rx transfer on 1 line

#### LL\_SPI\_HALF\_DUPLEX\_TX

Half-Duplex Tx mode. Tx transfer on 1 line

#### **Common Write and read registers Macros**

#### LL\_SPI\_WriteReg

##### **Description:**

- Write a value in SPI register.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: SPI Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

##### **Return value:**

- None



## LL\_SPI\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in SPI register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: SPI Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 75 LL SYSTEM Generic Driver

### 75.1 SYSTEM Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the SYSTEM library.

#### 75.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_SYSCFG\_SetRemapMemory

###### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_SetRemapMemory (uint32\_t Memory)**

###### Function description

Set memory mapping at address 0x00000000.

###### Parameters

- **Memory:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_FLASH
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_SYSTEMFLASH
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_SRAM

###### Return values

- **None:**

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR1 MEM\_MODE LL\_SYSCFG\_SetRemapMemory

##### LL\_SYSCFG\_GetRemapMemory

###### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SYSCFG\_GetRemapMemory (void )**

###### Function description

Get memory mapping at address 0x00000000.

###### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_FLASH
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_SYSTEMFLASH
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_SRAM

###### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR1 MEM\_MODE LL\_SYSCFG\_GetRemapMemory

##### LL\_SYSCFG\_SetFlashBankMode

###### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_SetFlashBankMode (uint32\_t Bank)**

###### Function description

Select Flash bank mode (Bank flashed at 0x08000000)

## Parameters

- **Bank:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BANKMODE\_BANK1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BANKMODE\_BANK2

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR1 UFB LL\_SYSCFG\_SetFlashBankMode

## LL\_SYSCFG\_GetFlashBankMode

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SYSCFG\_GetFlashBankMode (void )**

## Function description

Get Flash bank mode (Bank flashed at 0x08000000)

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BANKMODE\_BANK1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BANKMODE\_BANK2

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR1 UFB LL\_SYSCFG\_GetFlashBankMode

## LL\_SYSCFG\_GetBootMode

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SYSCFG\_GetBootMode (void )**

## Function description

Get Boot mode selected by the boot pins status bits.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BOOTMODE\_FLASH
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BOOTMODE\_SYSTEMFLASH
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_BOOTMODE\_SRAM

## Notes

- It indicates the boot mode selected by the boot pins. Bit 9 corresponds to the complement of nBOOT1 bit in the FLASH\_OPTR register. Its value is defined in the option bytes. Bit 8 corresponds to the value sampled on the BOOT0 pin.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR1 BOOT\_MODE LL\_SYSCFG\_GetBootMode

## LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFirewall

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFirewall (void )**

## Function description

Firewall protection enabled.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR2 FWDIS LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFirewall

**LL\_SYSCFG\_IsEnabledFirewall**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SYSCFG\_IsEnabledFirewall (void )**

#### Function description

Check if Firewall protection is enabled or not.

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR2 FWDIS LL\_SYSCFG\_IsEnabledFirewall

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFastModePlus**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFastModePlus (uint32\_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

#### Function description

Enable the I2C fast mode plus driving capability.

#### Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2 (\*)
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3 (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR2 I2C\_PBx\_FMP LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFastModePlus
- SYSCFG\_CFGR2 I2Cx\_FMP LL\_SYSCFG\_EnableFastModePlus

**LL\_SYSCFG\_DisableFastModePlus**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_DisableFastModePlus (uint32\_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

#### Function description

Disable the I2C fast mode plus driving capability.

## Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2 (\*)
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3 (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR2 I2C\_PbX\_FMP LL\_SYSCFG\_DisableFastModePlus
- SYSCFG\_CFGR2 I2Cx\_FMP LL\_SYSCFG\_DisableFastModePlus

### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_SetConnection

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_SetConnection (uint32_t IoPinConnect)
```

## Function description

Select which pad is connected to VREFINT\_ADC.

## Parameters

- **IoPinConnect:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_NONE
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO2
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO1\_IO2

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 SEL\_VREF\_OUT LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_SetConnection

### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_GetConnection

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_GetConnection (void )
```

## Function description

Get pad connection to VREFINT\_ADC.

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_NONE
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO2
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO1\_IO2

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 SEL\_VREF\_OUT LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_GetConnection

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableADC

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableADC (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate VREFINT reference for ADC enable.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Notes

- The Vrefint buffer to ADC through internal path is also enabled using function LL\_ADC\_SetCommonPathInternalCh() with parameter LL\_ADC\_PATH\_INTERNAL\_VREFINT

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENBUF\_VREFINT\_ADC LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableADC

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableADC

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableADC (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate VREFINT reference for ADC disable.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENBUF\_VREFINT\_ADC LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableADC

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_TEMPSENSOR\_Enable

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_TEMPSENSOR\_Enable (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate temperature sensor reference for ADC enable.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENBUF\_SENSOR\_ADC LL\_SYSCFG\_TEMPSENSOR\_Enable

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_TEMPSENSOR\_Disable

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_TEMPSENSOR\_Disable (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate temperature sensor reference for ADC disable.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENBUF\_SENSOR\_ADC LL\_SYSCFG\_TEMPSENSOR\_Disable

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableCOMP**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableCOMP (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate VREFINT reference for comparator enable.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENBUF\_VREFINT\_COMP LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableCOMP

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableCOMP**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableCOMP (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate VREFINT reference for comparator disable.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENBUF\_VREFINT\_COMP LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableCOMP

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableHSI48**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableHSI48 (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate VREFINT reference for HSI48 oscillator enable.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENREF\_HSI48 LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_EnableHSI48

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableHSI48**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableHSI48 (void )**

#### Function description

Buffer used to generate VREFINT reference for HSI48 oscillator disable.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 ENREF\_HSI48 LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_DisableHSI48

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_IsReady

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_IsReady (void )
```

#### Function description

Check if VREFINT is ready or not.

#### Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- When set, it indicates that VREFINT is available for BOR, PVD and LCD

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 VREFINT\_RDYF LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_IsReady

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_Lock

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_Lock (void )
```

#### Function description

Lock the whole content of SYSCFG\_CFGR3 register.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Notes

- After SYSCFG\_CFGR3 register lock, only read access available. Only system hardware reset unlocks SYSCFG\_CFGR3 register.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 REF\_LOCK LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_Lock

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_IsLocked

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_IsLocked (void )
```

#### Function description

Check if SYSCFG\_CFGR3 register is locked (only read access) or not.

#### Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- When set, it indicates that SYSCFG\_CFGR3 register is locked, only read access available

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_CFGR3 REF\_LOCK LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_IsLocked



## LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource (uint32_t Port, uint32_t Line)
```

### Function description

Configure source input for the EXTI external interrupt.

### Parameters

- **Port:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTA
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTB
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTC
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTD (\*)
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTE (\*)
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTH (\*)
 (\*) value not defined in all devices
- **Line:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE0
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE2
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE3
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE4
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE5
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE6
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE7
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE8
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE9
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE10
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE11
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE12
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE13
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE14
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE15

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI0 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI1 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI2 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI3 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI4 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI5 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI6 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI7 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI8 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI9 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI10 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI11 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI12 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI13 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI14 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI15 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource

## LL\_SYSCFG\_GetEXTISource

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_SYSCFG\_GetEXTISource (uint32\_t Line)**

### Function description

Get the configured defined for specific EXTI Line.

### Parameters

- **Line:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE0
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE1
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE2
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE3
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE4
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE5
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE6
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE7
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE8
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE9
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE10
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE11
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE12
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE13
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE14
  - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE15

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
    - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTA
    - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTB
    - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTC
    - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTD (\*)
    - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTE (\*)
    - LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTH (\*)
- (\*) value not defined in all devices

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI0 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI1 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI2 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR1 EXTI3 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI4 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI5 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI6 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR2 EXTI7 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI8 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI9 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI10 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR3 EXTI11 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI12 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI13 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI14 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource
- SYSCFG\_EXTICR4 EXTI15 LL\_SYSCFG\_SetEXTISource

## LL\_DBGMCU\_GetDeviceID

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DBGMCU_GetDeviceID (void )
```

### Function description

Return the device identifier.

### Return values

- **Values:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x7FF (ex: L053 -> 0x417, L073 -> 0x447)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_IDCODE DEV\_ID LL\_DBGMCU\_GetDeviceID

## LL\_DBGMCU\_GetRevisionID

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_DBGMCU_GetRevisionID (void )
```

### Function description

Return the device revision identifier.

### Return values

- **Values:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF

## Notes

- This field indicates the revision of the device.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_IDCODE REV\_ID LL\_DBGMCU\_GetRevisionID

### LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGSleepMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DBGMCU_EnableDBGSleepMode (void )
```

## Function description

Enable the Debug Module during SLEEP mode.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_CR DBG\_SLEEP LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGSleepMode

### LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGSleepMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DBGMCU_DisableDBGSleepMode (void )
```

## Function description

Disable the Debug Module during SLEEP mode.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_CR DBG\_SLEEP LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGSleepMode

### LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DBGMCU_EnableDBGStopMode (void )
```

## Function description

Enable the Debug Module during STOP mode.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_CR DBG\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStopMode

### LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DBGMCU_DisableDBGStopMode (void )
```

## Function description

Disable the Debug Module during STOP mode.

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_CR DBG\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStopMode

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStandbyMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStandbyMode (void )**

#### Function description

Enable the Debug Module during STANDBY mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_CR DBG\_STANDBY LL\_DBGMCU\_EnableDBGStandbyMode

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStandbyMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStandbyMode (void )**

#### Function description

Disable the Debug Module during STANDBY mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DBGMCU\_CR DBG\_STANDBY LL\_DBGMCU\_DisableDBGStandbyMode

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph (uint32\_t Periphs)**

#### Function description

Freeze APB1 peripherals (group1 peripherals)

#### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM2\_STOP
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM3\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM6\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM7\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_RTC\_STOP
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_WWDG\_STOP
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_IWDG\_STOP
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C1\_STOP
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C2\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C3\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_LPTIM1\_STOP
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM2\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM3\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM6\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM7\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_RTC\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_WWDG\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_IWDG\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_I2C1\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_I2C2\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_I2C3\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_LPTIMER\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph (uint32\_t Periphs)**

#### Function description

Unfreeze APB1 peripherals (group1 peripherals)

#### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM2\_STOP
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM3\_STOP (\*)
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM6\_STOP (\*)
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM7\_STOP (\*)
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_RTC\_STOP
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_WWDG\_STOP
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_IWDG\_STOP
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C1\_STOP
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C2\_STOP (\*)
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C3\_STOP (\*)
    - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_LPTIM1\_STOP
- (\*) value not defined in all devices

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM2\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM3\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM6\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_TIM7\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_RTC\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_WWDG\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_IWDG\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_I2C1\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_I2C2\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_I2C3\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB1FZ DBG\_LPTIMER\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph

## LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DBGMCU_APB2_GRP1_FreezePeriph (uint32_t Periphs)
```

### Function description

Freeze APB2 peripherals.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_TIM22\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_TIM21\_STOP
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2FZ DBG\_TIM22\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph
- APB2FZ DBG\_TIM21\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_FreezePeriph

## LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_DBGMCU_APB2_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph (uint32_t Periphs)
```

### Function description

Unfreeze APB2 peripherals.

### Parameters

- **Periphs:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_TIM22\_STOP (\*)
  - LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_TIM21\_STOP
 (\*) value not defined in all devices

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- APB2FZ DBG\_TIM22\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph
- APB2FZ DBG\_TIM21\_STOP LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_UnFreezePeriph

## LL\_FLASH\_SetLatency

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_FLASH_SetLatency (uint32_t Latency)
```

### Function description

Set FLASH Latency.

### Parameters

- **Latency:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_FLASH\_LATENCY\_0
  - LL\_FLASH\_LATENCY\_1

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR LATENCY LL\_FLASH\_SetLatency

#### LL\_FLASH\_GetLatency

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_FLASH_GetLatency (void )
```

#### Function description

Get FLASH Latency.

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_FLASH\_LATENCY\_0
  - LL\_FLASH\_LATENCY\_1

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR LATENCY LL\_FLASH\_GetLatency

#### LL\_FLASH\_EnablePrefetch

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_FLASH_EnablePrefetch (void )
```

#### Function description

Enable Prefetch.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR PRFTEN LL\_FLASH\_EnablePrefetch

#### LL\_FLASH\_DisablePrefetch

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_FLASH_DisablePrefetch (void )
```

#### Function description

Disable Prefetch.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR PRFTEN LL\_FLASH\_DisablePrefetch

#### LL\_FLASH\_IsPrefetchEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_FLASH_IsPrefetchEnabled (void )
```

#### Function description

Check if Prefetch buffer is enabled.



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR PRFTEN LL\_FLASH\_IsPrefetchEnabled

#### LL\_FLASH\_EnableRunPowerDown

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_EnableRunPowerDown (void )**

#### Function description

Enable Flash Power-down mode during run mode or Low-power run mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Flash memory can be put in power-down mode only when the code is executed from RAM
- Flash must not be accessed when power down is enabled
- Flash must not be put in power-down while a program or an erase operation is on-going

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR RUN\_PD LL\_FLASH\_EnableRunPowerDown
- FLASH\_PDKEYR PDKEY1 LL\_FLASH\_EnableRunPowerDown
- FLASH\_PDKEYR PDKEY2 LL\_FLASH\_EnableRunPowerDown

#### LL\_FLASH\_DisableRunPowerDown

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_DisableRunPowerDown (void )**

#### Function description

Disable Flash Power-down mode during run mode or Low-power run mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR RUN\_PD LL\_FLASH\_DisableRunPowerDown
- FLASH\_PDKEYR PDKEY1 LL\_FLASH\_DisableRunPowerDown
- FLASH\_PDKEYR PDKEY2 LL\_FLASH\_DisableRunPowerDown

#### LL\_FLASH\_EnableSleepPowerDown

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_EnableSleepPowerDown (void )**

#### Function description

Enable Flash Power-down mode during Sleep or Low-power sleep mode.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Flash must not be put in power-down while a program or an erase operation is on-going

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR SLEEP\_PD LL\_FLASH\_EnableSleepPowerDown

#### LL\_FLASH\_DisableSleepPowerDown

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_DisableSleepPowerDown (void )**

#### Function description

Disable Flash Power-down mode during Sleep or Low-power sleep mode.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR SLEEP\_PD LL\_FLASH\_DisableSleepPowerDown

#### LL\_FLASH\_EnableBuffers

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_EnableBuffers (void )**

#### Function description

Enable buffers used as a cache during read access.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR DISAB\_BUF LL\_FLASH\_EnableBuffers

#### LL\_FLASH\_DisableBuffers

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_DisableBuffers (void )**

#### Function description

Disable buffers used as a cache during read access.

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Notes

- When disabled, every read will access the NVM even for an address already read (for example, the previous address).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR DISAB\_BUF LL\_FLASH\_DisableBuffers

#### LL\_FLASH\_EnablePreRead

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_EnablePreRead (void )**

#### Function description

Enable pre-read.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- When enabled, the memory interface stores the last address read as data and tries to read the next one when no other read or write or prefetch operation is ongoing. It is automatically disabled every time the buffers are disabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR PRE\_READ LL\_FLASH\_EnablePreRead

#### **LL\_FLASH\_DisablePreRead**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_FLASH\_DisablePreRead (void )**

#### Function description

Disable pre-read.

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- FLASH\_ACR PRE\_READ LL\_FLASH\_DisablePreRead

## 75.2 SYSTEM Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 75.2.1 SYSTEM

SYSTEM

***DBGMCU APB1 GRP1 STOP IP***

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM2\_STOP**

TIM2 counter stopped when core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM3\_STOP**

TIM3 counter stopped when core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM6\_STOP**

TIM6 counter stopped when core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_TIM7\_STOP**

TIM7 counter stopped when core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_RTC\_STOP**

RTC Calendar frozen when core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_WWDG\_STOP**

Debug Window Watchdog stopped when Core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_IWDG\_STOP**

Debug Independent Watchdog stopped when Core is halted

#### **LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C1\_STOP**

I2C1 SMBUS timeout mode stopped when Core is halted

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C2\_STOP

I2C2 SMBUS timeout mode stopped when Core is halted

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_I2C3\_STOP

I2C3 SMBUS timeout mode stopped when Core is halted

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB1\_GRP1\_LPTIM1\_STOP

LPTIM1 counter stopped when core is halted

#### **DBGMCU APB2 GRP1 STOP IP**

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_TIM22\_STOP

TIM22 counter stopped when core is halted

#### LL\_DBGMCU\_APB2\_GRP1\_TIM21\_STOP

TIM21 counter stopped when core is halted

#### **SYSCFG Bank Mode**

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_BANKMODE\_BANK1

Flash Bank1 mapped at 0x08000000 (and aliased at 0x00000000), Flash Bank2 mapped at 0x08018000 (and aliased at 0x00018000), Data EEPROM Bank1 mapped at 0x08080000 (and aliased at 0x00080000), Data EEPROM Bank2 mapped at 0x08080C00 (and aliased at 0x00080C00)

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_BANKMODE\_BANK2

Flash Bank2 mapped at 0x08000000 (and aliased at 0x00000000), Flash Bank1 mapped at 0x08018000 (and aliased at 0x00018000), Data EEPROM Bank2 mapped at 0x08080000 (and aliased at 0x00080000), Data EEPROM Bank1 mapped at 0x08080C00 (and aliased at 0x00080C00)

#### **SYSCFG Boot Mode**

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_BOOTMODE\_FLASH

Main Flash memory boot mode

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_BOOTMODE\_SYSTEMFLASH

System Flash memory boot mode

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_BOOTMODE\_SRAM

SRAM boot mode

#### **SYSCFG EXTI Line**

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE0

EXTI\_POSITION\_0 | EXTICR[0]

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE1

EXTI\_POSITION\_4 | EXTICR[0]

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE2

EXTI\_POSITION\_8 | EXTICR[0]

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE3

EXTI\_POSITION\_12 | EXTICR[0]

#### LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE4

EXTI\_POSITION\_0 | EXTICR[1]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE5**

EXTI\_POSITION\_4 | EXTICR[1]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE6**

EXTI\_POSITION\_8 | EXTICR[1]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE7**

EXTI\_POSITION\_12 | EXTICR[1]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE8**

EXTI\_POSITION\_0 | EXTICR[2]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE9**

EXTI\_POSITION\_4 | EXTICR[2]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE10**

EXTI\_POSITION\_8 | EXTICR[2]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE11**

EXTI\_POSITION\_12 | EXTICR[2]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE12**

EXTI\_POSITION\_0 | EXTICR[3]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE13**

EXTI\_POSITION\_4 | EXTICR[3]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE14**

EXTI\_POSITION\_8 | EXTICR[3]

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_LINE15**

EXTI\_POSITION\_12 | EXTICR[3]

***SYSCFG EXTI Port*****LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTA**

EXTI PORT A

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTB**

EXTI PORT B

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTC**

EXTI PORT C

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTD**

EXTI PORT D

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTE**

EXTI PORT E

**LL\_SYSCFG\_EXTI\_PORTH**

EXTI PORT H

***SYSCFG I2C FASTMODEPLUS*****LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB6**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB6

**LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB7**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB7

**LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB8**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB8

**LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_PB9**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB9

**LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C1**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C1 pins

**LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C2**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C2 pins

**LL\_SYSCFG\_I2C\_FASTMODEPLUS\_I2C3**

Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C3 pins

***FLASH LATENCY*****LL\_FLASH\_LATENCY\_0**

FLASH Zero Latency cycle

**LL\_FLASH\_LATENCY\_1**

FLASH One Latency cycle

***SYSCFG Memory Remap*****LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_FLASH**

Main Flash memory mapped at 0x00000000

**LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_SYSTEMFLASH**

System Flash memory mapped at 0x00000000

**LL\_SYSCFG\_REMAP\_SRAM**

SRAM mapped at 0x00000000

***SYSCFG VREFINT Control*****LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_NONE**

No pad connected to VREFINT\_ADC

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO1**

PB0 connected to VREFINT\_ADC

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO2**

PB1 connected to VREFINT\_ADC

**LL\_SYSCFG\_VREFINT\_CONNECT\_IO1\_IO2**

PB0 and PB1 connected to VREFINT\_ADC

## 76 LL TIM Generic Driver

### 76.1 TIM Firmware driver registers structures

#### 76.1.1 LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_tim.h

**Data Fields**

- *uint16\_t Prescaler*
- *uint32\_t CounterMode*
- *uint32\_t Autoreload*
- *uint32\_t ClockDivision*

**Field Documentation**

- **uint16\_t LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef::Prescaler**  
Specifies the prescaler value used to divide the TIM clock. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data=0x0000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_SetPrescaler()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef::CounterMode**  
Specifies the counter mode. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_COUNTERMODE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_SetCounterMode()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef::Autoreload**  
Specifies the auto reload value to be loaded into the active Auto-Reload Register at the next update event. This parameter must be a number between Min\_Data=0x0000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF. Some timer instances may support 32 bits counters. In that case this parameter must be a number between 0x0000 and 0xFFFFFFFF. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_SetAutoReload()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef::ClockDivision**  
Specifies the clock division. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_CLOCKDIVISION**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_SetClockDivision()**.

#### 76.1.2 LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_tim.h

**Data Fields**

- *uint32\_t OCMODE*
- *uint32\_t OCState*
- *uint32\_t CompareValue*
- *uint32\_t OCPolarity*

**Field Documentation**

- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::OCMode**  
Specifies the output mode. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_OCMode**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetMode()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::OCState**  
Specifies the TIM Output Compare state. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_OCSTATE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary functions **LL\_TIM\_CC\_EnableChannel()** or **LL\_TIM\_CC\_DisableChannel()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::CompareValue**  
Specifies the Compare value to be loaded into the Capture Compare Register. This parameter can be a number between Min\_Data=0x0000 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCHx (x=1..6)**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef::OCPolarity**  
Specifies the output polarity. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_OCPOLARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetPolarity()**.

### 76.1.3

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_tim.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t ICPolarity**
- **uint32\_t ICActiveInput**
- **uint32\_t ICPrescaler**
- **uint32\_t ICFilter**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICPolarity**  
Specifies the active edge of the input signal. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_IC\_POLARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICActiveInput**  
Specifies the input. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_ACTIVEINPUT**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICPrescaler**  
Specifies the Input Capture Prescaler. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_ICPSC**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef::ICFilter**  
Specifies the input capture filter. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_IC\_FILTER**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter()**.

### 76.1.4

#### LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_tim.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t EncoderMode**
- **uint32\_t IC1Polarity**
- **uint32\_t IC1ActiveInput**
- **uint32\_t IC1Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t IC1Filter**
- **uint32\_t IC2Polarity**
- **uint32\_t IC2ActiveInput**
- **uint32\_t IC2Prescaler**
- **uint32\_t IC2Filter**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::EncoderMode**  
Specifies the encoder resolution (x2 or x4). This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_ENCODERMODE**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_SetEncoderMode()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC1Polarity**  
Specifies the active edge of TI1 input. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_IC\_POLARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC1ActiveInput**  
Specifies the TI1 input source. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_ACTIVEINPUT**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC1Prescaler**  
Specifies the TI1 input prescaler value. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_ICPSC**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC1Filter**  
Specifies the TI1 input filter. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_IC\_FILTER**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC2Polarity**  
Specifies the active edge of TI2 input. This parameter can be a value of **TIM\_LL\_EC\_IC\_POLARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity()**.



- ***uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC2ActiveInput***  
Specifies the TI2 input source. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_LL\\_EC\\_ACTIVEINPUT](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_TIM\\_IC\\_SetActiveInput\(\)](#).
- ***uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC2Prescaler***  
Specifies the TI2 input prescaler value. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_LL\\_EC\\_ICPSC](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_TIM\\_IC\\_SetPrescaler\(\)](#).
- ***uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef::IC2Filter***  
Specifies the TI2 input filter. This parameter can be a value of [TIM\\_LL\\_EC\\_IC\\_FILTER](#). This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function [LL\\_TIM\\_IC\\_SetFilter\(\)](#).

## 76.2 TIM Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the TIM library.

### 76.2.1 Detailed description of functions

#### LL\_TIM\_EnableCounter

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableCounter (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

##### Function description

Enable timer counter.

##### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CEN [LL\\_TIM\\_EnableCounter](#)

#### LL\_TIM\_DisableCounter

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableCounter (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

##### Function description

Disable timer counter.

##### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CEN [LL\\_TIM\\_DisableCounter](#)

#### LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledCounter

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledCounter (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

##### Function description

Indicates whether the timer counter is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CEN LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledCounter

#### LL\_TIM\_EnableUpdateEvent

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableUpdateEvent (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Enable update event generation.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UDIS LL\_TIM\_EnableUpdateEvent

#### LL\_TIM\_DisableUpdateEvent

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableUpdateEvent (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Disable update event generation.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UDIS LL\_TIM\_DisableUpdateEvent

#### LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledUpdateEvent

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledUpdateEvent (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicates whether update event generation is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **Inverted:** state of bit (0 or 1).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UDIS LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledUpdateEvent

#### LL\_TIM\_SetUpdateSource

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetUpdateSource (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t UpdateSource)
```

#### Function description

Set update event source.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **UpdateSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_REGULAR
  - LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_COUNTER

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Update event source set to LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_REGULAR: any of the following events generate an update interrupt or DMA request if enabled: Counter overflow/underflowSetting the UG bitUpdate generation through the slave mode controller
- Update event source set to LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_COUNTER: only counter overflow/underflow generates an update interrupt or DMA request if enabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 URS LL\_TIM\_SetUpdateSource

#### LL\_TIM\_GetUpdateSource

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetUpdateSource (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Get actual event update source.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_REGULAR
  - LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_COUNTER

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 URS LL\_TIM\_GetUpdateSource

#### LL\_TIM\_SetOnePulseMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetOnePulseMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t OnePulseMode)
```

#### Function description

Set one pulse mode (one shot v.s.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **OnePulseMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ONEPULSEMODE\_SINGLE
  - LL\_TIM\_ONEPULSEMODE\_REPETITIVE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 OPM LL\_TIM\_SetOnePulseMode

### LL\_TIM\_GetOnePulseMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetOnePulseMode (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Get actual one pulse mode.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ONEPULSEMODE\_SINGLE
  - LL\_TIM\_ONEPULSEMODE\_REPETITIVE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 OPM LL\_TIM\_GetOnePulseMode

### LL\_TIM\_SetCounterMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetCounterMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t CounterMode)
```

## Function description

Set the timer counter counting mode.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **CounterMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_UP
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_DOWN
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_UP
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_DOWN
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_UP\_DOWN

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_SELECT\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not the counter mode selection feature is supported by a timer instance.
- Switching from Center Aligned counter mode to Edge counter mode (or reverse) requires a timer reset to avoid unexpected direction due to DIR bit readonly in center aligned mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DIR LL\_TIM\_SetCounterMode
- CR1 CMS LL\_TIM\_SetCounterMode

#### LL\_TIM\_GetCounterMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetCounterMode (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Get actual counter mode.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_UP
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_DOWN
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_UP
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_DOWN
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_UP\_DOWN

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_COUNTER\_MODE\_SELECT\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not the counter mode selection feature is supported by a timer instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DIR LL\_TIM\_GetCounterMode
- CR1 CMS LL\_TIM\_GetCounterMode

#### LL\_TIM\_EnableARRPreload

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableARRPreload (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Enable auto-reload (ARR) preload.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ARPE LL\_TIM\_EnableARRPreload

#### LL\_TIM\_DisableARRPreload

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableARRPreload (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Disable auto-reload (ARR) preload.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ARPE LL\_TIM\_DisableARRPreload

#### LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledARRPreload

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledARRPreload (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicates whether auto-reload (ARR) preload is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 ARPE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledARRPreload

#### LL\_TIM\_SetClockDivision

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetClockDivision (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t ClockDivision)
```

#### Function description

Set the division ratio between the timer clock and the sampling clock used by the dead-time generators (when supported) and the digital filters.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **ClockDivision:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV1
  - LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV2
  - LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV4

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CLOCK\_DIVISION\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not the clock division feature is supported by the timer instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CKD LL\_TIM\_SetClockDivision

#### LL\_TIM\_GetClockDivision

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetClockDivision (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Get the actual division ratio between the timer clock and the sampling clock used by the dead-time generators (when supported) and the digital filters.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV1
  - LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV2
  - LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV4

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CLOCK\_DIVISION\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not the clock division feature is supported by the timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CKD LL\_TIM\_GetClockDivision

## LL\_TIM\_SetCounter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetCounter(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Counter)
```

## Function description

Set the counter value.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Counter:** Counter value (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF)

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CNT CNT LL\_TIM\_SetCounter

## LL\_TIM\_GetCounter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetCounter(const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Get the counter value.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **Counter:** value (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=0xFFFF)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CNT CNT LL\_TIM\_GetCounter

## LL\_TIM\_GetDirection

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetDirection (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Get the current direction of the counter.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERDIRECTION\_UP
  - LL\_TIM\_COUNTERDIRECTION\_DOWN

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DIR LL\_TIM\_GetDirection

## LL\_TIM\_SetPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetPrescaler (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Prescaler)
```

### Function description

Set the prescaler value.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Prescaler:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- The counter clock frequency CK\_CNT is equal to fCK\_PSC / (PSC[15:0] + 1).
- The prescaler can be changed on the fly as this control register is buffered. The new prescaler ratio is taken into account at the next update event.
- Helper macro \_\_LL\_TIM\_CALC\_PSC can be used to calculate the Prescaler parameter

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PSC PSC LL\_TIM\_SetPrescaler

## LL\_TIM\_GetPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetPrescaler (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Get the prescaler value.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **Prescaler:** value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- PSC PSC LL\_TIM\_GetPrescaler

#### LL\_TIM\_SetAutoReload

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetAutoReload (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t AutoReload)
```

#### Function description

Set the auto-reload value.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **AutoReload:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- The counter is blocked while the auto-reload value is null.
- Helper macro `__LL_TIM_CALC_ARR` can be used to calculate the AutoReload parameter

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ARR ARR LL\_TIM\_SetAutoReload

#### LL\_TIM\_GetAutoReload

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_GetAutoReload (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Get the auto-reload value.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **Auto-reload:** value

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ARR ARR LL\_TIM\_GetAutoReload

#### LL\_TIM\_CC\_SetDMAReqTrigger

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_CC_SetDMAReqTrigger (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t DMAReqTrigger)
```

#### Function description

Set the trigger of the capture/compare DMA request.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **DMAReqTrigger:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_CC
  - LL\_TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_UPDATE

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CCDS LL\_TIM\_CC\_SetDMAReqTrigger

#### LL\_TIM\_CC\_GetDMAReqTrigger

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_CC_GetDMAReqTrigger (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Get actual trigger of the capture/compare DMA request.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_CC
  - LL\_TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_UPDATE

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CCDS LL\_TIM\_CC\_GetDMAReqTrigger

#### LL\_TIM\_CC\_EnableChannel

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_CC_EnableChannel (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channels)
```

#### Function description

Enable capture/compare channels.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channels:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1E LL\_TIM\_CC\_EnableChannel
- CCER CC2E LL\_TIM\_CC\_EnableChannel
- CCER CC3E LL\_TIM\_CC\_EnableChannel
- CCER CC4E LL\_TIM\_CC\_EnableChannel

#### LL\_TIM\_CC\_DisableChannel

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_CC_DisableChannel (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channels)
```

## Function description

Disable capture/compare channels.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channels:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1E LL\_TIM\_CC\_DisableChannel
- CCER CC2E LL\_TIM\_CC\_DisableChannel
- CCER CC3E LL\_TIM\_CC\_DisableChannel
- CCER CC4E LL\_TIM\_CC\_DisableChannel

## LL\_TIM\_CC\_IsEnabledChannel

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_CC_IsEnabledChannel(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channels)
```

## Function description

Indicate whether channel(s) is(are) enabled.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channels:** This parameter can be a combination of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1E LL\_TIM\_CC\_IsEnabledChannel
- CCER CC2E LL\_TIM\_CC\_IsEnabledChannel
- CCER CC3E LL\_TIM\_CC\_IsEnabledChannel
- CCER CC4E LL\_TIM\_CC\_IsEnabledChannel

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Configuration)
```

## Function description

Configure an output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **Configuration:** This parameter must be a combination of all the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_HIGH or LL\_TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_LOW

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 CC1S LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCMR1 CC2S LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCMR2 CC3S LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCMR2 CC4S LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCER CC1P LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCER CC2P LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCER CC3P LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- CCER CC4P LL\_TIM\_OC\_ConfigOutput
- 

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_SetMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Mode)
```

### Function description

Define the behavior of the output reference signal OCxREF from which OCx and OCxN (when relevant) are derived.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **Mode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_FROZEN
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_ACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_INACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_TOGGLE
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_FORCED\_INACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_FORCED\_ACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_PWM1
  - LL\_TIM\_OCMODE\_PWM2

## Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1M LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetMode
- CCMR1 OC2M LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetMode
- CCMR2 OC3M LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetMode
- CCMR2 OC4M LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetMode

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_GetMode (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

#### Function description

Get the output compare mode of an output channel.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_FROZEN
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_ACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_INACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_TOGGLE
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_FORCED\_INACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_FORCED\_ACTIVE
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_PWM1
  - LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_PWM2

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1M LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetMode
- CCMR1 OC2M LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetMode
- CCMR2 OC3M LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetMode
- CCMR2 OC4M LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetMode

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetPolarity

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_SetPolarity (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Polarity)
```

#### Function description

Set the polarity of an output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_LOW

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1P LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC2P LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC3P LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC4P LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetPolarity

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetPolarity

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetPolarity (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Get the polarity of an output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_TIM\_OCPOLARITY\_LOW

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1P LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC2P LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC3P LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC4P LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetPolarity

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableFast

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableFast (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx, uint32\_t Channel)**

## Function description

Enable fast mode for the output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Acts only if the channel is configured in PWM1 or PWM2 mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableFast
- CCMR1 OC2FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableFast
- CCMR2 OC3FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableFast
- CCMR2 OC4FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableFast

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableFast

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_DisableFast (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Disable fast mode for the output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableFast
- CCMR1 OC2FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableFast
- CCMR2 OC3FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableFast
- CCMR2 OC4FE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableFast

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledFast

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledFast (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Indicates whether fast mode is enabled for the output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1\_OC1FE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledFast
- CCMR1\_OC2FE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledFast
- CCMR2\_OC3FE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledFast
- CCMR2\_OC4FE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledFast
- 

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnablePreload

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_EnablePreload (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Enable compare register (TIMx\_CCRx) preload for the output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1\_OC1PE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnablePreload
- CCMR1\_OC2PE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnablePreload
- CCMR2\_OC3PE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnablePreload
- CCMR2\_OC4PE\_LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnablePreload

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisablePreload

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_DisablePreload (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Disable compare register (TIMx\_CCRx) preload for the output channel.



## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisablePreload
- CCMR1 OC2PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisablePreload
- CCMR2 OC3PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisablePreload
- CCMR2 OC4PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisablePreload

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledPreload

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledPreload (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Indicates whether compare register (TIMx\_CCRx) preload is enabled for the output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledPreload
- CCMR1 OC2PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledPreload
- CCMR2 OC3PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledPreload
- CCMR2 OC4PE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledPreload
- 

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableClear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_EnableClear (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Enable clearing the output channel on an external event.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function can only be used in Output compare and PWM modes. It does not work in Forced mode.
- Macro IS\_TIM\_OCXREF\_CLEAR\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can clear the OCxREF signal on an external event.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableClear
- CCMR1 OC2CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableClear
- CCMR2 OC3CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableClear
- CCMR2 OC4CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_EnableClear

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableClear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_DisableClear (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Disable clearing the output channel on an external event.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_OCXREF\_CLEAR\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can clear the OCxREF signal on an external event.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableClear
- CCMR1 OC2CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableClear
- CCMR2 OC3CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableClear
- CCMR2 OC4CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_DisableClear

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledClear

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledClear (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Indicates clearing the output channel on an external event is enabled for the output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- This function enables clearing the output channel on an external event.
- This function can only be used in Output compare and PWM modes. It does not work in Forced mode.
- Macro IS\_TIM\_OCXREF\_CLEAR\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can clear the OCxREF signal on an external event.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 OC1CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledClear
- CCMR1 OC2CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledClear
- CCMR2 OC3CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledClear
- CCMR2 OC4CE LL\_TIM\_OC\_IsEnabledClear
- 

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH1 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t CompareValue)
```

## Function description

Set compare value for output channel 1 (TIMx\_CCR1).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **CompareValue:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC1\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not output channel 1 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR1 CCR1 LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH1

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH2

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH2 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t CompareValue)
```

## Function description

Set compare value for output channel 2 (TIMx\_CCR2).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **CompareValue:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC2\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not output channel 2 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR2 CCR2 LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH2

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH3

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH3(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t CompareValue)
```

## Function description

Set compare value for output channel 3 (TIMx\_CCR3).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **CompareValue:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC3\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not output channel is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR3 CCR3 LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH3

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH4

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH4(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t CompareValue)
```

## Function description

Set compare value for output channel 4 (TIMx\_CCR4).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **CompareValue:** between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC4\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not output channel 4 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR4 CCR4 LL\_TIM\_OC\_SetCompareCH4

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH1 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Get compare value (TIMx\_CCR1) set for output channel 1.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **CompareValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC1\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not output channel 1 is supported by a timer instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR1 CCR1 LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH1

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH2

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH2 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Get compare value (TIMx\_CCR2) set for output channel 2.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **CompareValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC2\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not output channel 2 is supported by a timer instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR2 CCR2 LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH2

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH3 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Get compare value (TIMx\_CCR3) set for output channel 3.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **CompareValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

## Notes

- Macro `IS_TIM_CC3_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not output channel 3 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR3 CCR3 LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH3

### LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH4

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH4 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Get compare value (TIMx\_CCR4) set for output channel 4.

## Parameters

- TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- CompareValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

## Notes

- Macro `IS_TIM_CC4_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not output channel 4 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR4 CCR4 LL\_TIM\_OC\_GetCompareCH4

### LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_Config (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t Configuration)
```

## Function description

Configure input channel.

## Parameters

- TIMx:** Timer instance
- Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- Configuration:** This parameter must be a combination of all the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_DIRECTTI or LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_INDIRECTTI or LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_TRC
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV1 or ... or LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1 or ... or LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_RISING or LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_FALLING or LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_BOTHEDGE

## Return values

- None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 CC1S LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR1 IC1PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR1 IC1F LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR1 CC2S LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR1 IC2PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR1 IC2F LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR2 CC3S LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR2 IC3PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR2 IC3F LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR2 CC4S LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR2 IC4PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCMR2 IC4F LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC1P LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC1NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC2P LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC2NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC3P LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC3NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC4P LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config
- CCER CC4NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_Config

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_SetActiveInput (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t ICActiveInput)
```

##### Function description

Set the active input.

##### Parameters

- **TIMx**: Timer instance
- **Channel**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **ICActiveInput**: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_DIRECTTI
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_INDIRECTTI
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_TRC

##### Return values

- **None**:

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 CC1S LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput
- CCMR1 CC2S LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput
- CCMR2 CC3S LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput
- CCMR2 CC4S LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetActiveInput

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetActiveInput

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_GetActiveInput (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

### Function description

Get the current active input.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_DIRECTTI
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_INDIRECTTI
  - LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_TRC

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 CC1S LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetActiveInput
- CCMR1 CC2S LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetActiveInput
- CCMR2 CC3S LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetActiveInput
- CCMR2 CC4S LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetActiveInput

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_SetPrescaler (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t ICPrescaler)
```

### Function description

Set the prescaler of input channel.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **ICPrescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV1
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV2
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV4
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV8

### Return values

- **None:**



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 IC1PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler
- CCMR1 IC2PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler
- CCMR2 IC3PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler
- CCMR2 IC4PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPrescaler

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPrescaler

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_GetPrescaler (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

#### Function description

Get the current prescaler value acting on an input channel.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV1
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV2
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV4
  - LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV8

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 IC1PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPrescaler
- CCMR1 IC2PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPrescaler
- CCMR2 IC3PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPrescaler
- CCMR2 IC4PSC LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPrescaler

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_SetFilter (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t ICFILTER)
```

#### Function description

Set the input filter duration.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **ICFilter:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N2
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N4
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N5
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N5
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N8

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 IC1F LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter
- CCMR1 IC2F LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter
- CCMR2 IC3F LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter
- CCMR2 IC4F LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetFilter

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetFilter

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_GetFilter (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

## Function description

Get the input filter duration.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N2
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N4
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N5
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N8
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N5
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N6
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N8

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCMR1 IC1F LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetFilter
- CCMR1 IC2F LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetFilter
- CCMR2 IC3F LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetFilter
- CCMR2 IC4F LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetFilter

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity(TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel, uint32_t ICPolarity)
```

### Function description

Set the input channel polarity.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **ICPolarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_FALLING
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_BOTHEDGE

### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1P LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC1NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC2P LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC2NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC3P LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC3NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC4P LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity
- CCER CC4NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_SetPolarity

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Channel)
```

##### Function description

Get the current input channel polarity.

##### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

##### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_RISING
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_FALLING
  - LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_BOTHEDGE

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCER CC1P LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC1NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC2P LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC2NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC3P LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC3NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC4P LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity
- CCER CC4NP LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetPolarity

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_EnableXORCombination

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_EnableXORCombination (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

##### Function description

Connect the TIMx\_CH1, CH2 and CH3 pins to the TI1 input (XOR combination).

##### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_XOR\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance provides an XOR input.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TI1S LL\_TIM\_IC\_EnableXORCombination

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_DisableXORCombination

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_IC_DisableXORCombination (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Disconnect the TIMx\_CH1, CH2 and CH3 pins from the TI1 input.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_XOR\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance provides an XOR input.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TI1S LL\_TIM\_IC\_DisableXORCombination

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_IsEnabledXORCombination

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_IsEnabledXORCombination (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Indicates whether the TIMx\_CH1, CH2 and CH3 pins are connected to the TI1 input.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_XOR\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance provides an XOR input.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TI1S LL\_TIM\_IC\_IsEnabledXORCombination

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_GetCaptureCH1 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Get captured value for input channel 1.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **CapturedValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC1\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not input channel 1 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR1 CCR1 LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH1

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH2

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH2 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

## Function description

Get captured value for input channel 2.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **CapturedValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC2\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not input channel 2 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR2 CCR2 LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH2

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH3

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH3 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

## Function description

Get captured value for input channel 3.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **CapturedValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC3\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not input channel 3 is supported by a timer instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR3 CCR3 LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH3

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IC_GetCaptureCH4 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Get captured value for input channel 4.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **CapturedValue:** (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_CC4\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not input channel 4 is supported by a timer instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CCR4 CCR4 LL\_TIM\_IC\_GetCaptureCH4

## LL\_TIM\_EnableExternalClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableExternalClock (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable external clock mode 2.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When external clock mode 2 is enabled the counter is clocked by any active edge on the ETRF signal.
- Macro IS\_TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_ETRMODE2\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports external clock mode2.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR ECE LL\_TIM\_EnableExternalClock

## LL\_TIM\_DisableExternalClock

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableExternalClock (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable external clock mode 2.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_ETRMODE2_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports external clock mode2.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR ECE `LL_TIM_DisableExternalClock`

### LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledExternalClock

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledExternalClock (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Indicate whether external clock mode 2 is enabled.

## Parameters

- TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_ETRMODE2_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports external clock mode2.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR ECE `LL_TIM_IsEnabledExternalClock`

### LL\_TIM\_SetClockSource

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetClockSource (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t ClockSource)
```

## Function description

Set the clock source of the counter clock.

## Parameters

- TIMx:** Timer instance
- ClockSource:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_INTERNAL`
  - `LL_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_EXT_MODE1`
  - `LL_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_EXT_MODE2`

## Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- when selected clock source is external clock mode 1, the timer input the external clock is applied is selected by calling the `LL_TIM_SetTriggerInput()` function. This timer input must be configured by calling the `LL_TIM_IC_Config()` function.
- Macro `IS_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_ETRMODE1_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports external clock mode1.
- Macro `IS_TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_ETRMODE2_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports external clock mode2.



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR SMS LL\_TIM\_SetClockSource
- SMCR ECE LL\_TIM\_SetClockSource

#### LL\_TIM\_SetEncoderMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetEncoderMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t EncoderMode)
```

#### Function description

Set the encoder interface mode.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **EncoderMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_X2\_TI1
  - LL\_TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_X2\_TI2
  - LL\_TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_X4\_TI12

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_ENCODER\_INTERFACE\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports the encoder mode.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR SMS LL\_TIM\_SetEncoderMode

#### LL\_TIM\_SetTriggerOutput

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetTriggerOutput (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t TimerSynchronization)
```

#### Function description

Set the trigger output (TRGO) used for timer synchronization .

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **TimerSynchronization:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_RESET
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_ENABLE
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_UPDATE
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_CC1IF
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC1REF
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC2REF
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC3REF
  - LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC4REF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_MASTER\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can operate as a master timer.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 MMS LL\_TIM\_SetTriggerOutput

#### LL\_TIM\_SetSlaveMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetSlaveMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t SlaveMode)
```

#### Function description

Set the synchronization mode of a slave timer.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **SlaveMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_DISABLED
  - LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_RESET
  - LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_GATED
  - LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_TRIGGER

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_SLAVE\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can operate as a slave timer.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR SMS LL\_TIM\_SetSlaveMode

#### LL\_TIM\_SetTriggerInput

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetTriggerInput (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t TriggerInput)
```

#### Function description

Set the selects the trigger input to be used to synchronize the counter.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **TriggerInput:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR0
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR1
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR2
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR3
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_TI1F\_ED
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_TI1FP1
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_TI2FP2
  - LL\_TIM\_TS\_ETRF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_SLAVE\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can operate as a slave timer.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR TS LL\_TIM\_SetTriggerInput

#### LL\_TIM\_EnableMasterSlaveMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableMasterSlaveMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Enable the Master/Slave mode.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_SLAVE\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can operate as a slave timer.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR MSM LL\_TIM\_EnableMasterSlaveMode

#### LL\_TIM\_DisableMasterSlaveMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableMasterSlaveMode (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Disable the Master/Slave mode.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_SLAVE\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can operate as a slave timer.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR MSM LL\_TIM\_DisableMasterSlaveMode

#### LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledMasterSlaveMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledMasterSlaveMode (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicates whether the Master/Slave mode is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_TIM_SLAVE_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not a timer instance can operate as a slave timer.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SMCR MSM `LL_TIM_IsEnabledMasterSlaveMode`

## LL\_TIM\_ConfigETR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ConfigETR (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t ETRPolarity, uint32_t ETRPrescaler, uint32_t ETRFilter)
```

### Function description

Configure the external trigger (ETR) input.

### Parameters

- TIMx:** Timer instance
- ETRPolarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_POLARITY_NONINVERTED`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_POLARITY_INVERTED`
- ETRPrescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_PRESCALER_DIV1`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_PRESCALER_DIV2`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_PRESCALER_DIV4`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_PRESCALER_DIV8`
- ETRFilter:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV1`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV1_N2`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV1_N4`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV1_N8`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV2_N6`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV2_N8`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV4_N6`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV4_N8`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV8_N6`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV8_N8`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV16_N5`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV16_N6`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV16_N8`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV32_N5`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV32_N6`
  - `LL_TIM_ETR_FILTER_FDIV32_N8`

### Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_TIM_ETR_INSTANCE(TIMx)` can be used to check whether or not a timer instance provides an external trigger input.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- SMCR ETP LL\_TIM\_ConfigETR
- SMCR ETPS LL\_TIM\_ConfigETR
- SMCR ETF LL\_TIM\_ConfigETR

**LL\_TIM\_ConfigDMABurst****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ConfigDMABurst (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t DMABurstBaseAddress,  
uint32_t DMABurstLength)
```

**Function description**

Configures the timer DMA burst feature.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **DMABurstBaseAddress:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CR1
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CR2
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_SMCR
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_DIER
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_SR
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_EGR
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCMR1
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCMR2
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCER
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CNT
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_PSC
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_ARR
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR1
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR2
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR3
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR4
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_OR
- **DMABurstLength:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_1TRANSFER
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_2TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_3TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_4TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_5TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_6TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_7TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_8TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_9TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_10TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_11TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_12TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_13TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_14TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_15TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_16TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_17TRANSFERS
  - LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_18TRANSFERS

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_DMABURST\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a timer instance supports the DMA burst mode.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DCR DBL LL\_TIM\_ConfigDMABurst
- DCR DBA LL\_TIM\_ConfigDMABurst

## LL\_TIM\_SetRemap

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_SetRemap (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx, uint32_t Remap)
```

### Function description

Remap TIM inputs (input channel, internal/external triggers).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance
- **Remap:** Remap params depends on the TIMx. Description available only in CHM version of the User Manual (not in .pdf). Otherwise see Reference Manual description of OR registers.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_TIM\_REMAP\_INSTANCE(TIMx) can be used to check whether or not a some timer inputs can be remapped.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TIM2\_OR\_ETR\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM2\_OR\_TI4\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM21\_OR\_ETR\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM21\_OR\_TI1\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM21\_OR\_TI2\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM22\_OR\_ETR\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM22\_OR\_TI1\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM3\_OR\_ETR\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM3\_OR\_TI1\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM3\_OR\_TI2\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap
- TIM3\_OR\_TI4\_RMP LL\_TIM\_SetRemap

## LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_UPDATE (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Clear the update interrupt flag (UIF).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR UIF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_UPDATE

## LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_UPDATE (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Indicate whether update interrupt flag (UIF) is set (update interrupt is pending).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR UIF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_UPDATE

## LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC1 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 1 interrupt flag (CC1F).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC1IF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC1

## LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC1

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC1 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 1 interrupt flag (CC1F) is set (Capture/Compare 1 interrupt is pending).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC1IF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC1

## LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC2

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC2 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

## Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 2 interrupt flag (CC2F).

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance



#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC2IF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC2

#### LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC2 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 2 interrupt flag (CC2F) is set (Capture/Compare 2 interrupt is pending).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC2IF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC2

#### LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC3 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 3 interrupt flag (CC3F).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC3IF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC3

#### LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC3

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC3 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 3 interrupt flag (CC3F) is set (Capture/Compare 3 interrupt is pending).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC3IF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC3

## LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC4 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 4 interrupt flag (CC4F).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC4IF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC4

## LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC4 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 4 interrupt flag (CC4F) is set (Capture/Compare 4 interrupt is pending).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC4IF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC4

## LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_TRIG

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_TRIG (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Clear the trigger interrupt flag (TIF).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR TIF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_TRIG

## LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_TRIG

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_TRIG (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicate whether trigger interrupt flag (TIF) is set (trigger interrupt is pending).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR TIF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_TRIG

**LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC1OVR**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC1OVR (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 1 over-capture interrupt flag (CC1OF).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC1OF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC1OVR

**LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC1OVR**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC1OVR (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 1 over-capture interrupt flag (CC1OF) is set (Capture/Compare 1 interrupt is pending).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC1OF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC1OVR

**LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC2OVR**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC2OVR (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 2 over-capture interrupt flag (CC2OF).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC2OF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC2OVR

#### LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC2OVR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC2OVR (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 2 over-capture interrupt flag (CC2OF) is set (Capture/Compare 2 over-capture interrupt is pending).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC2OF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC2OVR

#### LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC3OVR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC3OVR (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 3 over-capture interrupt flag (CC3OF).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC3OF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC3OVR

#### LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC3OVR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC3OVR (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 3 over-capture interrupt flag (CC3OF) is set (Capture/Compare 3 over-capture interrupt is pending).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC3OF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC3OVR

## LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC4OVR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC4OVR (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Clear the Capture/Compare 4 over-capture interrupt flag (CC4OF).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC4OF LL\_TIM\_ClearFlag\_CC4OVR

## LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC4OVR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC4OVR (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicate whether Capture/Compare 4 over-capture interrupt flag (CC4OF) is set (Capture/Compare 4 over-capture interrupt is pending).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR CC4OF LL\_TIM\_IsActiveFlag\_CC4OVR

## LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableIT_UPDATE (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable update interrupt (UIE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER UIE LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_UPDATE

## LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableIT_UPDATE (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable update interrupt (UIE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER UIE LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_UPDATE

LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_UPDATE

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_UPDATE (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Indicates whether the update interrupt (UIE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER UIE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_UPDATE

LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC1

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC1 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Enable capture/compare 1 interrupt (CC1IE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC1IE LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC1

LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC1

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC1 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Disable capture/compare 1 interrupt (CC1IE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC1IE LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC1

**LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC1**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC1 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 1 interrupt (CC1IE) is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC1IE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC1

**LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC2**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC2 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Enable capture/compare 2 interrupt (CC2IE).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC2IE LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC2

**LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC2**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC2 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Disable capture/compare 2 interrupt (CC2IE).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC2IE LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC2

## LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC2

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_CC2 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 2 interrupt (CC2IE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC2IE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC2

## LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableIT_CC3 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable capture/compare 3 interrupt (CC3IE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC3IE LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC3

## LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableIT_CC3 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable capture/compare 3 interrupt (CC3IE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC3IE LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC3

## LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_CC3 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```



### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 3 interrupt (CC3IE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC3IE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC3

**LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC4**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC4 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Enable capture/compare 4 interrupt (CC4IE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC4IE LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_CC4

**LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC4**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC4 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Disable capture/compare 4 interrupt (CC4IE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC4IE LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_CC4

**LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC4**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC4 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 4 interrupt (CC4IE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC4IE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_CC4

#### LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_TRIG

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableIT_TRIG (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Enable trigger interrupt (TIE).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER TIE LL\_TIM\_EnableIT\_TRIG

#### LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_TRIG

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableIT_TRIG (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Disable trigger interrupt (TIE).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER TIE LL\_TIM\_DisableIT\_TRIG

#### LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_TRIG

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_TRIG (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

#### Function description

Indicates whether the trigger interrupt (TIE) is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER TIE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledIT\_TRIG

## LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_UPDATE (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable update DMA request (UDE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER UDE LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_UPDATE

## LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_UPDATE (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable update DMA request (UDE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER UDE LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_UPDATE

## LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_UPDATE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_UPDATE (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates whether the update DMA request (UDE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER UDE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_UPDATE

## LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC1

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_CC1 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable capture/compare 1 DMA request (CC1DE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC1DE LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC1

**LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC1**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC1 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Disable capture/compare 1 DMA request (CC1DE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC1DE LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC1

**LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC1**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC1 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 1 DMA request (CC1DE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC1DE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC1

**LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC2**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC2 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Enable capture/compare 2 DMA request (CC2DE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC2DE LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC2

**LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC2**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC2 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Disable capture/compare 2 DMA request (CC2DE).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC2DE LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC2

**LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC2**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC2 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 2 DMA request (CC2DE) is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC2DE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC2

**LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC3**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC3 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Enable capture/compare 3 DMA request (CC3DE).

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC3DE LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC3

## LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_CC3 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable capture/compare 3 DMA request (CC3DE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC3DE LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC3

## LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC3

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_CC3 (const TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 3 DMA request (CC3DE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC3DE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC3

## LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_CC4 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Enable capture/compare 4 DMA request (CC4DE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC4DE LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_CC4

## LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC4

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_CC4 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Disable capture/compare 4 DMA request (CC4DE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC4DE LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_CC4

**LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC4**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC4 (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Indicates whether the capture/compare 4 DMA request (CC4DE) is enabled.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER CC4DE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_CC4

**LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_TRIG**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_TRIG (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Enable trigger interrupt (TDE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER TDE LL\_TIM\_EnableDMAReq\_TRIG

**LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_TRIG**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_TRIG (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Disable trigger interrupt (TDE).

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER TDE LL\_TIM\_DisableDMAReq\_TRIG

**LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TRIG**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TRIG (const TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Indicates whether the trigger interrupt (TDE) is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- DIER TDE LL\_TIM\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TRIG

**LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_UPDATE**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_UPDATE (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Generate an update event.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- EGR UG LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_UPDATE

**LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC1**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC1 (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

#### Function description

Generate Capture/Compare 1 event.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- EGR CC1G LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC1



**LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC2****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC2 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

**Function description**

Generate Capture/Compare 2 event.

**Parameters**

- **TIMx**: Timer instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- EGR CC2G LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC2

**LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC3****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC3 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

**Function description**

Generate Capture/Compare 3 event.

**Parameters**

- **TIMx**: Timer instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- EGR CC3G LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC3

**LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC4****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC4 (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

**Function description**

Generate Capture/Compare 4 event.

**Parameters**

- **TIMx**: Timer instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- EGR CC4G LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_CC4

**LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_TRIG****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_TRIG (TIM_TypeDef * TIMx)
```

### Function description

Generate trigger event.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- EGR TG LL\_TIM\_GenerateEvent\_TRIG

### LL\_TIM\_DeInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_TIM\_DeInit (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx)**

### Function description

Set TIMx registers to their reset values.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: TIMx registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: invalid TIMx instance

### LL\_TIM\_StructInit

### Function name

**void LL\_TIM\_StructInit (LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef \* TIM\_InitStruct)**

### Function description

Set the fields of the time base unit configuration data structure to their default values.

### Parameters

- **TIM\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef structure (time base unit configuration data structure)

### Return values

- **None:**

### LL\_TIM\_Init

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_TIM\_Init (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx, const LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef \* TIM\_InitStruct)**

### Function description

Configure the TIMx time base unit.

### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer Instance
- **TIM\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_TIM\_InitTypeDef structure (TIMx time base unit configuration data structure)

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: TIMx registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_StructInit

## Function name

**void LL\_TIM\_OC\_StructInit (LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef \* TIM\_OC\_InitStruct)**

## Function description

Set the fields of the TIMx output channel configuration data structure to their default values.

## Parameters

- **TIM\_OC\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef structure (the output channel configuration data structure)

## Return values

- **None:**

## LL\_TIM\_OC\_Init

## Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_TIM\_OC\_Init (TIM\_TypeDef \* TIMx, uint32\_t Channel, const LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef \* TIM\_OC\_InitStruct)**

## Function description

Configure the TIMx output channel.

## Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3
  - LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4
- **TIM\_OC\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_TIM\_OC\_InitTypeDef structure (TIMx output channel configuration data structure)

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: TIMx output channel is initialized
  - ERROR: TIMx output channel is not initialized

## LL\_TIM\_IC\_StructInit

## Function name

**void LL\_TIM\_IC\_StructInit (LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef \* TIM\_ICInitStruct)**

## Function description

Set the fields of the TIMx input channel configuration data structure to their default values.

## Parameters

- **TIM\_ICInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef structure (the input channel configuration data structure)

#### Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_TIM\_IC\_Init**

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus** **LL\_TIM\_IC\_Init** (**TIM\_TypeDef** \* **TIMx**, **uint32\_t** **Channel**, **const** **LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef** \* **TIM\_IC\_InitStruct**)

#### Function description

Configure the TIMx input channel.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer Instance
- **Channel:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - **LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1**
  - **LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2**
  - **LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3**
  - **LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4**
- **TIM\_IC\_InitStruct:** pointer to a **LL\_TIM\_IC\_InitTypeDef** structure (TIMx input channel configuration data structure)

#### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - **SUCCESS:** TIMx output channel is initialized
  - **ERROR:** TIMx output channel is not initialized

**LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_StructInit**

#### Function name

**void** **LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_StructInit** (**LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef** \* **TIM\_EncoderInitStruct**)

#### Function description

Fills each **TIM\_EncoderInitStruct** field with its default value.

#### Parameters

- **TIM\_EncoderInitStruct:** pointer to a **LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef** structure (encoder interface configuration data structure)

#### Return values

- **None:**

**LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_Init**

#### Function name

**ErrorStatus** **LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_Init** (**TIM\_TypeDef** \* **TIMx**, **const** **LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef** \* **TIM\_EncoderInitStruct**)

#### Function description

Configure the encoder interface of the timer instance.

#### Parameters

- **TIMx:** Timer Instance
- **TIM\_EncoderInitStruct:** pointer to a **LL\_TIM\_ENCODER\_InitTypeDef** structure (TIMx encoder interface configuration data structure)

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: TIMx registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: not applicable

## 76.3 TIM Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 76.3.1 TIM

TIM

#### *Active Input Selection*

#### LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_DIRECTTI

ICx is mapped on TIx

#### LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_INDIRECTTI

ICx is mapped on TIy

#### LL\_TIM\_ACTIVEINPUT\_TRC

ICx is mapped on TRC

#### *Capture Compare DMA Request*

#### LL\_TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_CC

CCx DMA request sent when CCx event occurs

#### LL\_TIM\_CCDMAREQUEST\_UPDATE

CCx DMA requests sent when update event occurs

#### *Channel*

#### LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH1

Timer input/output channel 1

#### LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH2

Timer input/output channel 2

#### LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH3

Timer input/output channel 3

#### LL\_TIM\_CHANNEL\_CH4

Timer input/output channel 4

#### *Clock Division*

#### LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV1

tDTS=tCK\_INT

#### LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV2

tDTS=2\*tCK\_INT

#### LL\_TIM\_CLOCKDIVISION\_DIV4

tDTS=4\*tCK\_INT

#### *Clock Source*

**LL\_TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_INTERNAL**

The timer is clocked by the internal clock provided from the RCC

**LL\_TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_EXT\_MODE1**

Counter counts at each rising or falling edge on a selected input

**LL\_TIM\_CLOCKSOURCE\_EXT\_MODE2**

Counter counts at each rising or falling edge on the external trigger input ETR

**Counter Direction****LL\_TIM\_COUNTERDIRECTION\_UP**

Timer counter counts up

**LL\_TIM\_COUNTERDIRECTION\_DOWN**

Timer counter counts down

**Counter Mode****LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_UP**

Counter used as upcounter

**LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_DOWN**

Counter used as downcounter

**LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_DOWN**

The counter counts up and down alternatively. Output compare interrupt flags of output channels are set only when the counter is counting down.

**LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_UP**

The counter counts up and down alternatively. Output compare interrupt flags of output channels are set only when the counter is counting up

**LL\_TIM\_COUNTERMODE\_CENTER\_UP\_DOWN**

The counter counts up and down alternatively. Output compare interrupt flags of output channels are set only when the counter is counting up or down.

**DMA Burst Base Address****LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CR1**

TIMx\_CR1 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

**LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CR2**

TIMx\_CR2 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

**LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_SMCR**

TIMx\_SMCR register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

**LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_DIER**

TIMx\_DIER register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

**LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_SR**

TIMx\_SR register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

**LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_EGR**

TIMx\_EGR register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCMR1

TIMx\_CCMR1 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCMR2

TIMx\_CCMR2 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCER

TIMx\_CCER register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CNT

TIMx\_CNT register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_PSC

TIMx\_PSC register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_ARR

TIMx\_ARR register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR1

TIMx\_CCR1 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR2

TIMx\_CCR2 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR3

TIMx\_CCR3 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_CCR4

TIMx\_CCR4 register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_BASEADDR\_OR

TIMx\_OR register is the DMA base address for DMA burst

#### **DMA Burst Length**

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_1TRANSFER

Transfer is done to 1 register starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_2TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 2 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_3TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 3 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_4TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 4 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_5TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 5 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_6TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 6 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_7TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 7 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_8TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 1 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_9TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 9 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_10TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 10 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_11TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 11 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_12TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 12 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_13TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 13 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_14TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 14 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_15TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 15 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_16TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 16 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_17TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 17 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

#### LL\_TIM\_DMABURST\_LENGTH\_18TRANSFERS

Transfer is done to 18 registers starting from the DMA burst base address

### **Encoder Mode**

#### LL\_TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_X2\_TI1

Quadrature encoder mode 1, x2 mode - Counter counts up/down on TI1FP1 edge depending on TI2FP2 level

#### LL\_TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_X2\_TI2

Quadrature encoder mode 2, x2 mode - Counter counts up/down on TI2FP2 edge depending on TI1FP1 level

#### LL\_TIM\_ENCODERMODE\_X4\_TI12

Quadrature encoder mode 3, x4 mode - Counter counts up/down on both TI1FP1 and TI2FP2 edges depending on the level of the other input

### **External Trigger Filter**

#### LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV1

No filter, sampling is done at fDTS

#### LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N2

fSAMPLING=fCK\_INT, N=2

#### LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N4

fSAMPLING=fCK\_INT, N=4

#### LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N8

fSAMPLING=fCK\_INT, N=8

#### LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N6

fSAMPLING=fDTS/2, N=6



**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N8**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/2, N=8

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N6**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/4, N=6

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N8**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/4, N=8

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N6**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/8, N=8

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N8**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=5

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N5**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=6

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N6**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=8

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N8**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=5

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N5**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/32, N=5

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N6**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/32, N=6

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N8**

fSAMPLING=fDTS/32, N=8

***External Trigger Polarity*****LL\_TIM\_ETR\_POLARITY\_NONINVERTED**

ETR is non-inverted, active at high level or rising edge

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_POLARITY\_INVERTED**

ETR is inverted, active at low level or falling edge

***External Trigger Prescaler*****LL\_TIM\_ETR\_PRESCALER\_DIV1**

ETR prescaler OFF

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_PRESCALER\_DIV2**

ETR frequency is divided by 2

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_PRESCALER\_DIV4**

ETR frequency is divided by 4

**LL\_TIM\_ETR\_PRESCALER\_DIV8**

ETR frequency is divided by 8

***Get Flags Defines***

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_UIF**

Update interrupt flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC1IF**

Capture/compare 1 interrupt flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC2IF**

Capture/compare 2 interrupt flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC3IF**

Capture/compare 3 interrupt flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC4IF**

Capture/compare 4 interrupt flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_TIF**

Trigger interrupt flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC1OF**

Capture/Compare 1 overcapture flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC2OF**

Capture/Compare 2 overcapture flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC3OF**

Capture/Compare 3 overcapture flag

**LL\_TIM\_SR\_CC4OF**

Capture/Compare 4 overcapture flag

***Input Configuration Prescaler*****LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV1**

No prescaler, capture is done each time an edge is detected on the capture input

**LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV2**

Capture is done once every 2 events

**LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV4**

Capture is done once every 4 events

**LL\_TIM\_ICPSC\_DIV8**

Capture is done once every 8 events

***Input Configuration Filter*****LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1**

No filter, sampling is done at fDTS

**LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N2**

fSAMPLING=fCK\_INT, N=2

**LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N4**

fSAMPLING=fCK\_INT, N=4

**LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV1\_N8**

fSAMPLING=fCK\_INT, N=8

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N6

fSAMPLING=fDTS/2, N=6

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV2\_N8

fSAMPLING=fDTS/2, N=8

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N6

fSAMPLING=fDTS/4, N=6

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV4\_N8

fSAMPLING=fDTS/4, N=8

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N6

fSAMPLING=fDTS/8, N=6

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV8\_N8

fSAMPLING=fDTS/8, N=8

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N5

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=5

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N6

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=6

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV16\_N8

fSAMPLING=fDTS/16, N=8

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N5

fSAMPLING=fDTS/32, N=5

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N6

fSAMPLING=fDTS/32, N=6

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_FILTER\_FDIV32\_N8

fSAMPLING=fDTS/32, N=8

### ***Input Configuration Polarity***

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_RISING

The circuit is sensitive to TlxFP1 rising edge, TlxFP1 is not inverted

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_FALLING

The circuit is sensitive to TlxFP1 falling edge, TlxFP1 is inverted

#### LL\_TIM\_IC\_POLARITY\_BOTHEDGE

The circuit is sensitive to both TlxFP1 rising and falling edges, TlxFP1 is not inverted

### ***IT Defines***

#### LL\_TIM\_DIER\_UIE

Update interrupt enable

#### LL\_TIM\_DIER\_CC1IE

Capture/compare 1 interrupt enable

#### LL\_TIM\_DIER\_CC2IE

Capture/compare 2 interrupt enable

#### LL\_TIM\_DIER\_CC3IE

Capture/compare 3 interrupt enable

#### LL\_TIM\_DIER\_CC4IE

Capture/compare 4 interrupt enable

#### LL\_TIM\_DIER\_TIE

Trigger interrupt enable

### Output Configuration Mode

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_FROZEN

The comparison between the output compare register TIMx\_CCRy and the counter TIMx\_CNT has no effect on the output channel level

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_ACTIVE

OCyREF is forced high on compare match

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_INACTIVE

OCyREF is forced low on compare match

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_TOGGLE

OCyREF toggles on compare match

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_FORCED\_INACTIVE

OCyREF is forced low

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_FORCED\_ACTIVE

OCyREF is forced high

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_PWM1

In upcounting, channel y is active as long as TIMx\_CNT < TIMx\_CCRy else inactive. In downcounting, channel y is inactive as long as TIMx\_CNT > TIMx\_CCRy else active.

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_MODE\_PWM2

In upcounting, channel y is inactive as long as TIMx\_CNT < TIMx\_CCRy else active. In downcounting, channel y is active as long as TIMx\_CNT > TIMx\_CCRy else inactive

### Output Configuration Polarity

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_POLARITY\_HIGH

OCxactive high

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_POLARITY\_LOW

OCxactive low

### Output Configuration State

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_STATE\_DISABLE

OCx is not active

#### LL\_TIM\_OC\_STATE\_ENABLE

OCx signal is output on the corresponding output pin

### One Pulse Mode

#### LL\_TIM\_ONEPULSEMODE\_SINGLE

Counter stops counting at the next update event

**LL\_TIM\_ONEPULSEMODE\_REPETITIVE**

Counter is not stopped at update event

**Slave Mode****LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_DISABLED**

Slave mode disabled

**LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_RESET**

Reset Mode - Rising edge of the selected trigger input (TRGI) reinitializes the counter

**LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_GATED**

Gated Mode - The counter clock is enabled when the trigger input (TRGI) is high

**LL\_TIM\_SLAVEMODE\_TRIGGER**

Trigger Mode - The counter starts at a rising edge of the trigger TRGI

**TIM21 External Trigger Remap****LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_ETR\_RMP\_GPIO**

TIM21\_ETR is connected to Ored GPIO1

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_ETR\_RMP\_COMP2**

TIM21\_ETR is connected to COMP2\_OUT

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_ETR\_RMP\_COMP1**

TIM21\_ETR is connected to COMP1\_OUT

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_ETR\_RMP\_LSE**

TIM21\_ETR is connected to LSE

**TIM21 External Input Ch1 Remap****LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_GPIO**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to Ored GPIO1

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_RTC\_WK**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to RTC\_WAKEUP

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_HSE\_RTC**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to HSE\_RTC

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_MSI**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to MSI

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_LSE**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to LSE

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_LSI**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to LSI

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_COMP1**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to COMP1\_OUT

**LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI1\_RMP\_MCO**

TIM21\_TI1 is connected to MCO

**TIM21 External Input Ch2 Remap**

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI2\_RMP\_GPIO

TIM21\_TI2 is connected to Ored GPIO1

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM21\_TI2\_RMP\_COMP2

TIM21\_TI2 is connected to COMP2\_OUT

#### ***TIM22 External Trigger Remap***

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_ETR\_RMP\_GPIO

TIM22\_ETR is connected to GPIO

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_ETR\_RMP\_COMP2

TIM22\_ETR is connected to COMP2\_OUT

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_ETR\_RMP\_COMP1

TIM22\_ETR is connected to COMP1\_OUT

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_ETR\_RMP\_LSE

TIM22\_ETR is connected to LSE

#### ***TIM22 External Input Ch1 Remap***

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_TI1\_RMP\_GPIO1

TIM22\_TI1 is connected to GPIO1

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_TI1\_RMP\_COMP2

TIM22\_TI1 is connected to COMP2\_OUT

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_TI1\_RMP\_COMP1

TIM22\_TI1 is connected to COMP1\_OUT

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM22\_TI1\_RMP\_GPIO2

TIM22\_TI1 is connected to GPIO2

#### ***TIM2 External Trigger Remap***

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_ETR\_RMP\_GPIO

TIM2\_ETR is connected to Ored GPIO

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_ETR\_RMP\_HSI

TIM2\_ETR is connected to HSI

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_ETR\_RMP\_HSI48

TIM2\_ETR is connected to HSI48

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_ETR\_RMP\_LSE

TIM2\_ETR is connected to LSE

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_ETR\_RMP\_COMP2

TIM2\_ETR is connected to COMP2\_OUT

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_ETR\_RMP\_COMP1

TIM2\_ETR is connected to COMP1\_OUT

#### ***TIM2 Timer Input Ch4 Remap***

#### LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_TI4\_RMP\_GPIO

TIM2 input capture 4 is connected to GPIO

**LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_TI4\_RMP\_COMP2**

TIM2 input capture 4 is connected to COMP2\_OUT

**LL\_TIM\_TIM2\_TI4\_RMP\_COMP1**

TIM2 input capture 4 is connected to COMP1\_OUT

***TIM3 External Trigger Remap*****LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_ETR\_RMP\_GPIO**

TIM3\_ETR is connected to GPIO

**LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_ETR\_RMP\_HSI48DIV6**

TIM3\_ETR is connected to HSI48 divided by 6

***TIM3 External Inputs Remap*****LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_TI\_RMP\_TI1\_USB\_SOF**

TIM3\_TI1 input is connected to USB\_SOF

**LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_TI\_RMP\_TI1\_GPIO**

TIM3\_TI1 input is connected to PE3, PA6, PC6 or PB4

**LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_TI\_RMP\_TI2\_GPIO\_DEF**

Mapping PB5 to TIM22\_CH2

**LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_TI\_RMP\_TI2\_GPIOB5\_AF4**

Mapping PB5 to TIM3\_CH2

**LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_TI\_RMP\_TI4\_GPIO\_DEF**

Mapping PC9 to USB\_OE

**LL\_TIM\_TIM3\_TI\_RMP\_TI4\_GPIOC9\_AF2**

Mapping PC9 to TIM3\_CH4

***Trigger Output*****LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_RESET**

UG bit from the TIMx\_EGR register is used as trigger output

**LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_ENABLE**

Counter Enable signal (CNT\_EN) is used as trigger output

**LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_UPDATE**

Update event is used as trigger output

**LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_CC1IF**

CC1 capture or a compare match is used as trigger output

**LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC1REF**

OC1REF signal is used as trigger output

**LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC2REF**

OC2REF signal is used as trigger output

**LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC3REF**

OC3REF signal is used as trigger output

#### LL\_TIM\_TRGO\_OC4REF

OC4REF signal is used as trigger output

#### *Trigger Selection*

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR0

Internal Trigger 0 (ITR0) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR1

Internal Trigger 1 (ITR1) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR2

Internal Trigger 2 (ITR2) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_ITR3

Internal Trigger 3 (ITR3) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_TI1F\_ED

TI1 Edge Detector (TI1F\_ED) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_TI1FP1

Filtered Timer Input 1 (TI1FP1) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_TI2FP2

Filtered Timer Input 2 (TI2FP2) is used as trigger input

#### LL\_TIM\_TS\_ETRF

Filtered external Trigger (ETRF) is used as trigger input

#### *Update Source*

#### LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_REGULAR

Counter overflow/underflow, Setting the UG bit or Update generation through the slave mode controller generates an update request

#### LL\_TIM\_UPDATESOURCE\_COUNTER

Only counter overflow/underflow generates an update request

#### *Common Write and read registers Macros*

#### LL\_TIM\_WriteReg

##### **Description:**

- Write a value in TIM register.

##### **Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: TIM Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

##### **Return value:**

- None



## LL\_TIM\_ReadReg

### Description:

- Read a value in TIM register.

### Parameters:

- `__INSTANCE__`: TIM Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

### Return value:

- Register: value

## TIM Exported Macros

## \_\_LL\_TIM\_CALC\_PSC

### Description:

- HELPER macro calculating the prescaler value to achieve the required counter clock frequency.

### Parameters:

- `__TIMCLK__`: timer input clock frequency (in Hz)
- `__CNTCLK__`: counter clock frequency (in Hz)

### Return value:

- Prescaler: value (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

### Notes:

- ex: `__LL_TIM_CALC_PSC (80000000, 1000000);`

## \_\_LL\_TIM\_CALC\_ARR

### Description:

- HELPER macro calculating the auto-reload value to achieve the required output signal frequency.

### Parameters:

- `__TIMCLK__`: timer input clock frequency (in Hz)
- `__PSC__`: prescaler
- `__FREQ__`: output signal frequency (in Hz)

### Return value:

- Auto-reload: value (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

### Notes:

- ex: `__LL_TIM_CALC_ARR (1000000, LL_TIM_GetPrescaler (), 10000);`

## \_\_LL\_TIM\_CALC\_DELAY

### Description:

- HELPER macro calculating the compare value required to achieve the required timer output compare active/inactive delay.

### Parameters:

- `__TIMCLK__`: timer input clock frequency (in Hz)
- `__PSC__`: prescaler
- `__DELAY__`: timer output compare active/inactive delay (in us)

### Return value:

- Compare: value (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

### Notes:

- ex: `__LL_TIM_CALC_DELAY (1000000, LL_TIM_GetPrescaler (), 10);`

## **\_\_LL\_TIM\_CALC\_PULSE**

**Description:**

- HELPER macro calculating the auto-reload value to achieve the required pulse duration (when the timer operates in one pulse mode).

**Parameters:**

- `__TIMCLK__`: timer input clock frequency (in Hz)
- `__PSC__`: prescaler
- `__DELAY__`: timer output compare active/inactive delay (in us)
- `__PULSE__`: pulse duration (in us)

**Return value:**

- Auto-reload: value (between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=65535)

**Notes:**

- ex: `__LL_TIM_CALC_PULSE (1000000, LL_TIM_GetPrescaler (), 10, 20);`

## **\_\_LL\_TIM\_GET\_ICPSC\_RATIO**

**Description:**

- HELPER macro retrieving the ratio of the input capture prescaler.

**Parameters:**

- `__ICPSC__`: This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_TIM_ICPSC_DIV1`
  - `LL_TIM_ICPSC_DIV2`
  - `LL_TIM_ICPSC_DIV4`
  - `LL_TIM_ICPSC_DIV8`

**Return value:**

- Input: capture prescaler ratio (1, 2, 4 or 8)

**Notes:**

- ex: `__LL_TIM_GET_ICPSC_RATIO (LL_TIM_IC_GetPrescaler ());`

## 77 LL USART Generic Driver

### 77.1 USART Firmware driver registers structures

#### 77.1.1 LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef

**LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_usart.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t BaudRate**
- **uint32\_t DataWidth**
- **uint32\_t StopBits**
- **uint32\_t Parity**
- **uint32\_t TransferDirection**
- **uint32\_t HardwareFlowControl**
- **uint32\_t OverSampling**

##### Field Documentation

- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::BaudRate**  
This field defines expected Usart communication baud rate. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetBaudRate()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::DataWidth**  
Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter can be a value of **USART\_LL\_EC\_DATAWIDTH**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetDataWidth()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::StopBits**  
Specifies the number of stop bits transmitted. This parameter can be a value of **USART\_LL\_EC\_STOPBITS**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::Parity**  
Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of **USART\_LL\_EC\_PARITY**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetParity()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::TransferDirection**  
Specifies whether the Receive and/or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of **USART\_LL\_EC\_DIRECTION**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetTransferDirection()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::HardwareFlowControl**  
Specifies whether the hardware flow control mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of **USART\_LL\_EC\_HWCONTROL**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetHWFlowCtrl()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef::OverSampling**  
Specifies whether USART oversampling mode is 16 or 8. This parameter can be a value of **USART\_LL\_EC\_OVERSAMPLING**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_USART\_SetOverSampling()**.

#### 77.1.2 LL\_USART\_ClockInitTypeDef

**LL\_USART\_ClockInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_usart.h

##### Data Fields

- **uint32\_t ClockOutput**
- **uint32\_t ClockPolarity**
- **uint32\_t ClockPhase**
- **uint32\_t LastBitClockPulse**

##### Field Documentation

- **`uint32_t LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef::ClockOutput`**  
Specifies whether the USART clock is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_LL\\_EC\\_CLOCK](#). USART HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_USART_EnableSCLKOutput()` or `LL_USART_DisableSCLKOutput()`. For more details, refer to description of this function.
- **`uint32_t LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef::ClockPolarity`**  
Specifies the steady state of the serial clock. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_LL\\_EC\\_POLARITY](#). USART HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_USART_SetClockPolarity()`. For more details, refer to description of this function.
- **`uint32_t LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef::ClockPhase`**  
Specifies the clock transition on which the bit capture is made. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_LL\\_EC\\_PHASE](#). USART HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_USART_SetClockPhase()`. For more details, refer to description of this function.
- **`uint32_t LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef::LastBitClockPulse`**  
Specifies whether the clock pulse corresponding to the last transmitted data bit (MSB) has to be output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode. This parameter can be a value of [USART\\_LL\\_EC\\_LASTCLKPULSE](#). USART HW configuration can be modified afterwards using unitary functions `LL_USART_SetLastClkPulseOutput()`. For more details, refer to description of this function.

## 77.2 USART Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the USART library.

### 77.2.1 Detailed description of functions

#### LL\_USART\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_Enable (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

##### Function description

USART Enable.

##### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UE LL\_USART\_Enable

#### LL\_USART\_Disable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_Disable (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

##### Function description

USART Disable (all USART prescalers and outputs are disabled)

##### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

##### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When USART is disabled, USART prescalers and outputs are stopped immediately, and current operations are discarded. The configuration of the USART is kept, but all the status flags, in the USARTx\_ISR are set to their default values.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UE LL\_USART\_Disable

### LL\_USART\_IsEnabled

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabled (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if USART is enabled.

#### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UE LL\_USART\_IsEnabled

### LL\_USART\_EnableInStopMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

USART enabled in STOP Mode.

#### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- When this function is enabled, USART is able to wake up the MCU from Stop mode, provided that USART clock selection is HSI or LSE in RCC.
- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UESM LL\_USART\_EnableInStopMode

### LL\_USART\_DisableInStopMode

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

USART disabled in STOP Mode.

#### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When this function is disabled, USART is not able to wake up the MCU from Stop mode
- Macro `IS_UART_WAKEUP_FROMSTOP_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UESM `LL_USART_DisableInStopMode`

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledInStopMode (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if USART is enabled in STOP Mode (able to wake up MCU from Stop mode or not)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_WAKEUP_FROMSTOP_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 UESM `LL_USART_IsEnabledInStopMode`

## LL\_USART\_EnableClockInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableClockInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

USART Clock enabled in STOP Mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When this function is called, USART Clock is enabled while in STOP mode

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 UCESM `LL_USART_EnableClockInStopMode`

## LL\_USART\_DisableClockInStopMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableClockInStopMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

USART clock disabled in STOP Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When this function is called, USART Clock is disabled while in STOP mode

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 UCESM LL\_USART\_DisableClockInStopMode

### LL\_USART\_IsClockEnabledInStopMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsClockEnabledInStopMode (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Indicate if USART clock is enabled in STOP Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 UCESM LL\_USART\_IsClockEnabledInStopMode

### LL\_USART\_EnableDirectionRx

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableDirectionRx (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Receiver Enable (Receiver is enabled and begins searching for a start bit)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_USART\_EnableDirectionRx

### LL\_USART\_DisableDirectionRx

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableDirectionRx (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Receiver Disable.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_USART\_DisableDirectionRx

#### LL\_USART\_EnableDirectionTx

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableDirectionTx (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Transmitter Enable.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TE LL\_USART\_EnableDirectionTx

#### LL\_USART\_DisableDirectionTx

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableDirectionTx (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Transmitter Disable.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TE LL\_USART\_DisableDirectionTx

#### LL\_USART\_SetTransferDirection

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetTransferDirection (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t TransferDirection)
```

#### Function description

Configure simultaneously enabled/disabled states of Transmitter and Receiver.



## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **TransferDirection:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_NONE
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_RX
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_TX
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_TX\_RX

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_USART\_SetTransferDirection
- CR1 TE LL\_USART\_SetTransferDirection

### LL\_USART\_GetTransferDirection

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetTransferDirection (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return enabled/disabled states of Transmitter and Receiver.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_NONE
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_RX
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_TX
  - LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_TX\_RX

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RE LL\_USART\_GetTransferDirection
- CR1 TE LL\_USART\_GetTransferDirection

### LL\_USART\_SetParity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetParity (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t Parity)
```

## Function description

Configure Parity (enabled/disabled and parity mode if enabled).

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Parity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_NONE
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_ODD

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- This function selects if hardware parity control (generation and detection) is enabled or disabled. When the parity control is enabled (Odd or Even), computed parity bit is inserted at the MSB position (9th or 8th bit depending on data width) and parity is checked on the received data.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PS LL\_USART\_SetParity
- CR1 PCE LL\_USART\_SetParity

### LL\_USART\_GetParity

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetParity (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return Parity configuration (enabled/disabled and parity mode if enabled)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_NONE
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_ODD

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PS LL\_USART\_GetParity
- CR1 PCE LL\_USART\_GetParity

### LL\_USART\_SetWakeUpMethod

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetWakeUpMethod (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t Method)
```

## Function description

Set Receiver Wake Up method from Mute mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Method:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_IDLELINE
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ADDRESSMARK

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WAKE LL\_USART\_SetWakeUpMethod

### LL\_USART\_GetWakeUpMethod

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetWakeUpMethod (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return Receiver Wake Up method from Mute mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_IDLELINE
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ADDRESSMARK

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 WAKE LL\_USART\_GetWakeUpMethod

## LL\_USART\_SetDataWidth

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetDataWidth (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t DataWidth)
```

## Function description

Set Word length (i.e.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **DataWidth:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 M0 LL\_USART\_SetDataWidth
- CR1 M1 LL\_USART\_SetDataWidth

## LL\_USART\_GetDataWidth

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetDataWidth (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return Word length (i.e.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 M0 LL\_USART\_GetDataWidth
- CR1 M1 LL\_USART\_GetDataWidth

**LL\_USART\_EnableMuteMode****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableMuteMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Allow switch between Mute Mode and Active mode.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 MME LL\_USART\_EnableMuteMode

**LL\_USART\_DisableMuteMode****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableMuteMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Prevent Mute Mode use.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 MME LL\_USART\_DisableMuteMode

**LL\_USART\_IsEnabledMuteMode****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledMuteMode (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Indicate if switch between Mute Mode and Active mode is allowed.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 MME LL\_USART\_IsEnabledMuteMode

**LL\_USART\_SetOverSampling****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetOverSampling (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t OverSampling)
```

## Function description

Set Oversampling to 8-bit or 16-bit mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **OverSampling:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_16
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_8

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 OVER8 LL\_USART\_SetOverSampling

## LL\_USART\_GetOverSampling

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetOverSampling (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return Oversampling mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_16
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_8

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 OVER8 LL\_USART\_GetOverSampling

## LL\_USART\_SetLastClkPulseOutput

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetLastClkPulseOutput (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t LastBitClockPulse)
```

## Function description

Configure if Clock pulse of the last data bit is output to the SCLK pin or not.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **LastBitClockPulse:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_NO\_OUTPUT
  - LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_OUTPUT

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBCL LL\_USART\_SetLastClkPulseOutput

#### LL\_USART\_GetLastClkPulseOutput

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetLastClkPulseOutput (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Retrieve Clock pulse of the last data bit output configuration (Last bit Clock pulse output to the SCLK pin or not)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_NO\_OUTPUT
  - LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_OUTPUT

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBCL LL\_USART\_GetLastClkPulseOutput

#### LL\_USART\_SetClockPhase

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_SetClockPhase (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t ClockPhase)**

#### Function description

Select the phase of the clock output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **ClockPhase:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_PHASE\_1EDGE
  - LL\_USART\_PHASE\_2EDGE

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CPHA LL\_USART\_SetClockPhase

#### LL\_USART\_GetClockPhase

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetClockPhase (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Return phase of the clock output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_PHASE\_1EDGE
  - LL\_USART\_PHASE\_2EDGE

### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CPHA LL\_USART\_GetClockPhase

### LL\_USART\_SetClockPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetClockPolarity (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t ClockPolarity)
```

### Function description

Select the polarity of the clock output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **ClockPolarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_HIGH

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CPOL LL\_USART\_SetClockPolarity

### LL\_USART\_GetClockPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetClockPolarity (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return polarity of the clock output on the SCLK pin in synchronous mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_HIGH

## Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CPOL LL\_USART\_GetClockPolarity

## LL\_USART\_ConfigClock

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ConfigClock (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t Phase, uint32\_t Polarity, uint32\_t LBCPOutput)**

### Function description

Configure Clock signal format (Phase Polarity and choice about output of last bit clock pulse)

### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance
- Phase:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_PHASE\_1EDGE
  - LL\_USART\_PHASE\_2EDGE
- Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_LOW
  - LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_HIGH
- LBCPOutput:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_NO\_OUTPUT
  - LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_OUTPUT

### Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clock Phase configuration using `LL_USART_SetClockPhase()` functionClock Polarity configuration using `LL_USART_SetClockPolarity()` functionOutput of Last bit Clock pulse configuration using `LL_USART_SetLastClkPulseOutput()` function

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CPHA LL\_USART\_ConfigClock
- CR2 CPOL LL\_USART\_ConfigClock
- CR2 LBCL LL\_USART\_ConfigClock

## LL\_USART\_EnableSCLKOutput

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_EnableSCLKOutput (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Enable Clock output on SCLK pin.

### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- None:**



## Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CLKEN `LL_USART_EnableSCLKOutput`

### LL\_USART\_DisableSCLKOutput

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableSCLKOutput (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable Clock output on SCLK pin.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CLKEN `LL_USART_DisableSCLKOutput`

### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledSCLKOutput

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledSCLKOutput (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if Clock output on SCLK pin is enabled.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CLKEN `LL_USART_IsEnabledSCLKOutput`

### LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetStopBitsLength (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t StopBits)
```

## Function description

Set the length of the stop bits.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **StopBits:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_0\_5
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1\_5
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_2

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 STOP LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength

### LL\_USART\_GetStopBitsLength

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetStopBitsLength (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Retrieve the length of the stop bits.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_0\_5
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1\_5
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_2

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 STOP LL\_USART\_GetStopBitsLength

### LL\_USART\_ConfigCharacter

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ConfigCharacter (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t DataWidth,
uint32_t Parity, uint32_t StopBits)
```

### Function description

Configure Character frame format (Datawidth, Parity control, Stop Bits)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **DataWidth:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B
  - LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B
- **Parity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_NONE
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_EVEN
  - LL\_USART\_PARITY\_ODD
- **StopBits:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_0\_5
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1\_5
  - LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_2

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Data Width configuration using LL\_USART\_SetDataWidth() functionParity Control and mode configuration using LL\_USART\_SetParity() functionStop bits configuration using LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength() function

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PS LL\_USART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR1 PCE LL\_USART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR1 M0 LL\_USART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR1 M1 LL\_USART\_ConfigCharacter
- CR2 STOP LL\_USART\_ConfigCharacter

## LL\_USART\_SetTXRXSwap

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetTXRXSwap (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t SwapConfig)
```

### Function description

Configure TX/RX pins swapping setting.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **SwapConfig:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_TXRX\_STANDARD
  - LL\_USART\_TXRX\_SWAPPED

### Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SWAP LL\_USART\_SetTXRXSwap

## LL\_USART\_GetTXRXSwap

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetTXRXSwap (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Retrieve TX/RX pins swapping configuration.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_TXRX\_STANDARD
  - LL\_USART\_TXRX\_SWAPPED

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 SWAP LL\_USART\_GetTXRXSwap

## LL\_USART\_SetRXPinLevel

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetRXPinLevel (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t PinInvMethod)
```

### Function description

Configure RX pin active level logic.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PinInvMethod:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_USART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXINV LL\_USART\_SetRXPinLevel

## LL\_USART\_GetRXPinLevel

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetRXPinLevel (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Retrieve RX pin active level logic configuration.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_USART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RXINV LL\_USART\_GetRXPinLevel

#### LL\_USART\_SetTXPinLevel

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetTXPinLevel (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t PinInvMethod)
```

#### Function description

Configure TX pin active level logic.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PinInvMethod:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_USART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXINV LL\_USART\_SetTXPinLevel

#### LL\_USART\_GetTXPinLevel

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetTXPinLevel (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Retrieve TX pin active level logic configuration.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD
  - LL\_USART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 TXINV LL\_USART\_GetTXPinLevel

#### LL\_USART\_SetBinaryDataLogic

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetBinaryDataLogic (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t DataLogic)
```

#### Function description

Configure Binary data logic.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **DataLogic:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_POSITIVE
  - LL\_USART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_NEGATIVE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Allow to define how Logical data from the data register are send/received : either in positive/direct logic (1=H, 0=L) or in negative/inverse logic (1=L, 0=H)

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 DATAINV LL\_USART\_SetBinaryDataLogic

### LL\_USART\_GetBinaryDataLogic

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetBinaryDataLogic (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Retrieve Binary data configuration.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_POSITIVE
  - LL\_USART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_NEGATIVE

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 DATAINV LL\_USART\_GetBinaryDataLogic

### LL\_USART\_SetTransferBitOrder

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetTransferBitOrder (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t BitOrder)
```

## Function description

Configure transfer bit order (either Less or Most Significant Bit First)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **BitOrder:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_BITORDER\_LSBFIRST
  - LL\_USART\_BITORDER\_MSBFIRST

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- MSB First means data is transmitted/received with the MSB first, following the start bit. LSB First means data is transmitted/received with data bit 0 first, following the start bit.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 MSBFIRST LL\_USART\_SetTransferBitOrder

### LL\_USART\_GetTransferBitOrder

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetTransferBitOrder (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return transfer bit order (either Less or Most Significant Bit First)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_BITORDER\_LSBFIRST
  - LL\_USART\_BITORDER\_MSBFIRST

## Notes

- MSB First means data is transmitted/received with the MSB first, following the start bit. LSB First means data is transmitted/received with data bit 0 first, following the start bit.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 MSBFIRST LL\_USART\_GetTransferBitOrder

## LL\_USART\_EnableAutoBaudRate

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableAutoBaudRate (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable Auto Baud-Rate Detection.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DETECTION\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ABREN LL\_USART\_EnableAutoBaudRate

## LL\_USART\_DisableAutoBaudRate

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableAutoBaudRate (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable Auto Baud-Rate Detection.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DETECTION\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ABREN LL\_USART\_DisableAutoBaudRate

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledAutoBaud

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledAutoBaud (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Indicate if Auto Baud-Rate Detection mechanism is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DETECTION\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ABREN LL\_USART\_IsEnabledAutoBaud

#### LL\_USART\_SetAutoBaudRateMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_SetAutoBaudRateMode (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t AutoBaudRateMode)**

#### Function description

Set Auto Baud-Rate mode bits.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **AutoBaudRateMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_FALLINGEDGE
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_7F\_FRAME
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_55\_FRAME

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DETECTION\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ABRMODE LL\_USART\_SetAutoBaudRateMode

#### LL\_USART\_GetAutoBaudRateMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetAutoBaudRateMode (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**



## Function description

Return Auto Baud-Rate mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_FALLINGEDGE
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_7F\_FRAME
  - LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_55\_FRAME

## Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DETECTION\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ABRMODE LL\_USART\_GetAutoBaudRateMode

## LL\_USART\_EnableRxTimeout

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableRxTimeout (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable Receiver Timeout.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RTOEN LL\_USART\_EnableRxTimeout

## LL\_USART\_DisableRxTimeout

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableRxTimeout (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable Receiver Timeout.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RTOEN LL\_USART\_DisableRxTimeout

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledRxTimeout

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledRxTimeout (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Indicate if Receiver Timeout feature is enabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 RTOEN LL\_USART\_IsEnabledRxTimeout

## LL\_USART\_ConfigNodeAddress

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ConfigNodeAddress (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t AddressLen, uint32_t NodeAddress)
```

### Function description

Set Address of the USART node.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **AddressLen:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B
  - LL\_USART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B
- **NodeAddress:** 4 or 7 bit Address of the USART node.

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- This is used in multiprocessor communication during Mute mode or Stop mode, for wake up with address mark detection.
- 4bits address node is used when 4-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7. (b7-b4 should be set to 0) 8bits address node is used when 7-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7. (This is used in multiprocessor communication during Mute mode or Stop mode, for wake up with 7-bit address mark detection. The MSB of the character sent by the transmitter should be equal to 1. It may also be used for character detection during normal reception, Mute mode inactive (for example, end of block detection in ModBus protocol). In this case, the whole received character (8-bit) is compared to the ADD[7:0] value and CMF flag is set on match)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADD LL\_USART\_ConfigNodeAddress
- CR2 ADDM7 LL\_USART\_ConfigNodeAddress

## LL\_USART\_GetNodeAddress

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetNodeAddress (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return 8 bit Address of the USART node as set in ADD field of CR2.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Address:** of the USART node (Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=255)

### Notes

- If 4-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7, only 4bits (b3-b0) of returned value are relevant (b31-b4 are not relevant) If 7-bit Address Detection is selected in ADDM7, only 8bits (b7-b0) of returned value are relevant (b31-b8 are not relevant)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADD LL\_USART\_GetNodeAddress

### LL\_USART\_GetNodeAddressLen

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetNodeAddressLen (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return Length of Node Address used in Address Detection mode (7-bit or 4-bit)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B
  - LL\_USART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 ADDM7 LL\_USART\_GetNodeAddressLen

### LL\_USART\_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable RTS HW Flow Control.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE LL\_USART\_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl

## LL\_USART\_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable RTS HW Flow Control.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE LL\_USART\_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl

## LL\_USART\_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable CTS HW Flow Control.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSE LL\_USART\_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl

## LL\_USART\_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable CTS HW Flow Control.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_HWFLOW_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSE `LL_USART_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl`

### LL\_USART\_SetHWFlowCtrl

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_SetHWFlowCtrl (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t HardwareFlowControl)**

## Function description

Configure HW Flow Control mode (both CTS and RTS)

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance
- HardwareFlowControl:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_NONE`
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_RTS`
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_CTS`
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_RTS_CTS`

## Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_HWFLOW_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 RTSE `LL_USART_SetHWFlowCtrl`
- CR3 CTSE `LL_USART_SetHWFlowCtrl`

### LL\_USART\_GetHWFlowCtrl

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetHWFlowCtrl (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

## Function description

Return HW Flow Control configuration (both CTS and RTS)

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_NONE`
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_RTS`
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_CTS`
  - `LL_USART_HWCONTROL_RTS_CTS`

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_HWFLOW_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR3 RTSE LL\_USART\_GetHWFlowCtrl
- CR3 CTSE LL\_USART\_GetHWFlowCtrl

**LL\_USART\_EnableOneBitSamp****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableOneBitSamp (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Enable One bit sampling method.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR3 ONEBIT LL\_USART\_EnableOneBitSamp

**LL\_USART\_DisableOneBitSamp****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableOneBitSamp (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Disable One bit sampling method.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR3 ONEBIT LL\_USART\_DisableOneBitSamp

**LL\_USART\_IsEnabledOneBitSamp****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledOneBitSamp (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Indicate if One bit sampling method is enabled.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR3 ONEBIT LL\_USART\_IsEnabledOneBitSamp

## LL\_USART\_EnableOverrunDetect

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableOverrunDetect (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Overrun detection.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 OVRDIS LL\_USART\_EnableOverrunDetect

## LL\_USART\_DisableOverrunDetect

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableOverrunDetect (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable Overrun detection.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 OVRDIS LL\_USART\_DisableOverrunDetect

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledOverrunDetect

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledOverrunDetect (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Indicate if Overrun detection is enabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 OVRDIS LL\_USART\_IsEnabledOverrunDetect

## LL\_USART\_SetWKUPType

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetWKUPType (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t Type)
```

## Function description

Select event type for Wake UP Interrupt Flag (WUS[1:0] bits)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Type:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_RXNE

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUS LL\_USART\_SetWKUPType

### LL\_USART\_GetWKUPType

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetWKUPType (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

## Function description

Return event type for Wake UP Interrupt Flag (WUS[1:0] bits)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT
  - LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_RXNE

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUS LL\_USART\_GetWKUPType

### LL\_USART\_SetBaudRate

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_SetBaudRate (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t PeriphClk, uint32\_t OverSampling, uint32\_t BaudRate)**

## Function description

Configure USART BRR register for achieving expected Baud Rate value.



## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PeriphClk:** Peripheral Clock
- **OverSampling:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_16
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_8
- **BaudRate:** Baud Rate

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Compute and set USARTDIV value in BRR Register (full BRR content) according to used Peripheral Clock, Oversampling mode, and expected Baud Rate values
- Peripheral clock and Baud rate values provided as function parameters should be valid (Baud rate value != 0)
- In case of oversampling by 16 and 8, BRR content must be greater than or equal to 16d.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BRR BRR LL\_USART\_SetBaudRate

## LL\_USART\_GetBaudRate

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetBaudRate (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t PeriphClk, uint32\_t OverSampling)**

## Function description

Return current Baud Rate value, according to USARTDIV present in BRR register (full BRR content), and to used Peripheral Clock and Oversampling mode values.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PeriphClk:** Peripheral Clock
- **OverSampling:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_16
  - LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_8

## Return values

- **Baud:** Rate

## Notes

- In case of non-initialized or invalid value stored in BRR register, value 0 will be returned.
- In case of oversampling by 16 and 8, BRR content must be greater than or equal to 16d.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- BRR BRR LL\_USART\_GetBaudRate

## LL\_USART\_SetRxTimeout

## Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_SetRxTimeout (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t Timeout)**

## Function description

Set Receiver Time Out Value (expressed in nb of bits duration)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Timeout:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x00FFFFFF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTOR RTO LL\_USART\_SetRxTimeout

#### LL\_USART\_GetRxTimeout

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetRxTimeout (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Get Receiver Time Out Value (expressed in nb of bits duration)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x00FFFFFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTOR RTO LL\_USART\_GetRxTimeout

#### LL\_USART\_SetBlockLength

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetBlockLength (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t BlockLength)
```

#### Function description

Set Block Length value in reception.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **BlockLength:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTOR BLEN LL\_USART\_SetBlockLength

#### LL\_USART\_GetBlockLength

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetBlockLength (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Get Block Length value in reception.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RTOR BLEN LL\_USART\_GetBlockLength

#### LL\_USART\_EnableIrda

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIrda (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable IrDA mode.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_IRDA\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_EnableIrda

#### LL\_USART\_DisableIrda

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIrda (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable IrDA mode.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_IRDA\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_DisableIrda

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIrda

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledIrda (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if IrDA mode is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_IRDA_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 IREN `LL_USART_IsEnabledIrda`

## LL\_USART\_SetIrdaPowerMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetIrdaPowerMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t PowerMode)
```

## Function description

Configure IrDA Power Mode (Normal or Low Power)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PowerMode:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_USART_IRDA_POWER_NORMAL`
  - `LL_USART_IRDA_POWER_LOW`

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_IRDA_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 IRLP `LL_USART_SetIrdaPowerMode`

## LL\_USART\_GetIrdaPowerMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetIrdaPowerMode (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Retrieve IrDA Power Mode configuration (Normal or Low Power)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_USART_IRDA_POWER_NORMAL`
  - `LL_USART_PHASE_2EDGE`

## Notes

- Macro `IS_IRDA_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 IRLP `LL_USART_GetIrdaPowerMode`

## LL\_USART\_SetIrdaPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetIrdaPrescaler (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t PrescalerValue)
```

### Function description

Set Irda prescaler value, used for dividing the USART clock source to achieve the Irda Low Power frequency (8 bits value)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PrescalerValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_IRDA\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- GTPR PSC LL\_USART\_SetIrdaPrescaler

## LL\_USART\_GetIrdaPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetIrdaPrescaler (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return Irda prescaler value, used for dividing the USART clock source to achieve the Irda Low Power frequency (8 bits value)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Irda:** prescaler value (Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF)

### Notes

- Macro IS\_IRDA\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- GTPR PSC LL\_USART\_GetIrdaPrescaler

## LL\_USART\_EnableSmartcardNACK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableSmartcardNACK (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Smartcard NACK transmission.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 NACK `LL_USART_EnableSmartcardNACK`

## LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcardNACK

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableSmartcardNACK (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable Smartcard NACK transmission.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 NACK `LL_USART_DisableSmartcardNACK`

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledSmartcardNACK

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledSmartcardNACK (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if Smartcard NACK transmission is enabled.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 NACK `LL_USART_IsEnabledSmartcardNACK`

## LL\_USART\_EnableSmartcard

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableSmartcard (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable Smartcard mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 SCEN `LL_USART_EnableSmartcard`

## LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableSmartcard (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)`

## Function description

Disable Smartcard mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 SCEN `LL_USART_DisableSmartcard`

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledSmartcard

## Function name

`__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledSmartcard (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)`

## Function description

Indicate if Smartcard mode is enabled.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 SCEN `LL_USART_IsEnabledSmartcard`

## LL\_USART\_SetSmartcardAutoRetryCount

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetSmartcardAutoRetryCount (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t AutoRetryCount)
```

### Function description

Set Smartcard Auto-Retry Count value (SCARCNT[2:0] bits)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **AutoRetryCount:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=7

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.
- This bit-field specifies the number of retries in transmit and receive, in Smartcard mode. In transmission mode, it specifies the number of automatic retransmission retries, before generating a transmission error (FE bit set). In reception mode, it specifies the number of erroneous reception trials, before generating a reception error (RXNE and PE bits set)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 SCARCNT LL\_USART\_SetSmartcardAutoRetryCount

## LL\_USART\_GetSmartcardAutoRetryCount

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetSmartcardAutoRetryCount (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return Smartcard Auto-Retry Count value (SCARCNT[2:0] bits)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Smartcard:** Auto-Retry Count value (Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=7)

### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 SCARCNT LL\_USART\_GetSmartcardAutoRetryCount

## LL\_USART\_SetSmartcardPrescaler

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetSmartcardPrescaler (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t PrescalerValue)
```

### Function description

Set Smartcard prescaler value, used for dividing the USART clock source to provide the SMARTCARD Clock (5 bits value)



## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **PrescalerValue:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- GTPR PSC LL\_USART\_SetSmartcardPrescaler

### LL\_USART\_GetSmartcardPrescaler

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetSmartcardPrescaler (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return Smartcard prescaler value, used for dividing the USART clock source to provide the SMARTCARD Clock (5 bits value)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Smartcard:** prescaler value (Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31)

## Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- GTPR PSC LL\_USART\_GetSmartcardPrescaler

### LL\_USART\_SetSmartcardGuardTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetSmartcardGuardTime (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t GuardTime)
```

## Function description

Set Smartcard Guard time value, expressed in nb of baud clocks periods (GT[7:0] bits : Guard time value)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **GuardTime:** Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- GTPR GT LL\_USART\_SetSmartcardGuardTime

## LL\_USART\_GetSmartcardGuardTime

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetSmartcardGuardTime (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return Smartcard Guard time value, expressed in nb of baud clocks periods (GT[7:0] bits : Guard time value)

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Smartcard:** Guard time value (Value between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF)

### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- GTPR GT LL\_USART\_GetSmartcardGuardTime

## LL\_USART\_EnableHalfDuplex

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableHalfDuplex (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Single Wire Half-Duplex mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HALFDUPLEX\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Half-Duplex mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_EnableHalfDuplex

## LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableHalfDuplex (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable Single Wire Half-Duplex mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_HALFDUPLEX_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Half-Duplex mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 HDSEL `LL_USART_DisableHalfDuplex`

### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledHalfDuplex

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledHalfDuplex (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Indicate if Single Wire Half-Duplex mode is enabled.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_HALFDUPLEX_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Half-Duplex mode is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 HDSEL `LL_USART_IsEnabledHalfDuplex`

### LL\_USART\_SetLINBrkDetectionLen

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetLINBrkDetectionLen (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t LINBDLength)
```

## Function description

Set LIN Break Detection Length.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance
- LINBDLength:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - `LL_USART_LINBREAK_DETECT_10B`
  - `LL_USART_LINBREAK_DETECT_11B`

## Return values

- None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_LIN_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBDL `LL_USART_SetLINBrkDetectionLen`

### LL\_USART\_GetLINBrkDetectionLen

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetLINBrkDetectionLen (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return LIN Break Detection Length.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_LINBREAK\_DETECT\_10B
  - LL\_USART\_LINBREAK\_DETECT\_11B

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBDL LL\_USART\_GetLINBrkDetectionLen

## LL\_USART\_EnableLIN

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableLIN (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable LIN mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_EnableLIN

## LL\_USART\_DisableLIN

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableLIN (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable LIN mode.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_DisableLIN

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledLIN

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledLIN (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Indicate if LIN mode is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_IsEnabledLIN

#### LL\_USART\_SetDEDeassertionTime

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_SetDEDeassertionTime (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, uint32\_t Time)**

#### Function description

Set DEDT (Driver Enable De-Assertion Time), Time value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits).

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Time:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEDT LL\_USART\_SetDEDeassertionTime

#### LL\_USART\_GetDEDeassertionTime

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_GetDEDeassertionTime (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Return DEDT (Driver Enable De-Assertion Time)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Time:** value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits) : Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEDT LL\_USART\_GetDEDeassertionTime

## LL\_USART\_SetDEAssertionTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetDEAssertionTime (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t Time)
```

## Function description

Set DEAT (Driver Enable Assertion Time), Time value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits).

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Time:** Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEAT LL\_USART\_SetDEAssertionTime

## LL\_USART\_GetDEAssertionTime

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetDEAssertionTime (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Return DEAT (Driver Enable Assertion Time)

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **Time:** value expressed on 5 bits ([4:0] bits) : Value between Min\_Data=0 and Max\_Data=31

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 DEAT LL\_USART\_GetDEAssertionTime

## LL\_USART\_EnableDEMode

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableDEMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Driver Enable (DE) Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_DRIVER_ENABLE_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEM LL\_USART\_EnableDEMode

### LL\_USART\_DisableDEMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableDEMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable Driver Enable (DE) Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_DRIVER_ENABLE_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEM LL\_USART\_DisableDEMode

### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDEMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledDEMode (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Indicate if Driver Enable (DE) Mode is enabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_DRIVER_ENABLE_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEM LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDEMode

## LL\_USART\_SetDESignalPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_SetDESignalPolarity (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t Polarity)
```

### Function description

Select Driver Enable Polarity.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Polarity:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_USART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEP LL\_USART\_SetDESignalPolarity

## LL\_USART\_GetDESignalPolarity

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_GetDESignalPolarity (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Return Driver Enable Polarity.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH
  - LL\_USART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_DRIVER\_ENABLE\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Driver Enable feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DEP LL\_USART\_GetDESignalPolarity

## LL\_USART\_ConfigAsyncMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ConfigAsyncMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in Asynchronous Mode (UART)



## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In UART mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: LINEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, CLKEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, SCEN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, IREN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, HDSEL bit in the USART\_CR3 register.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableLIN() functionClear CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableSCLKOutput() functionClear SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard() functionClear IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableIrda() functionClear HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to Asynchronous Mode (as Baud Rate, Word length, Parity, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigAsyncMode
- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigAsyncMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigAsyncMode
- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_ConfigAsyncMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigAsyncMode

## LL\_USART\_ConfigSyncMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ConfigSyncMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in Synchronous Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- In Synchronous mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: LINEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, SCEN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, IREN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, HDSEL bit in the USART\_CR3 register. This function also sets the USART in Synchronous mode.
- Macro IS\_USART\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Synchronous mode is supported by the USARTx instance.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableLIN() functionClear IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableIrda() functionClear SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard() functionClear HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex() functionSet CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_EnableSCLKOutput() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to Synchronous Mode (as Baud Rate, Word length, Parity, Clock Polarity, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigSyncMode
- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigSyncMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigSyncMode
- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_ConfigSyncMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigSyncMode

#### LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in LIN Mode.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- In LIN mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: STOP and CLKEN bits in the USART\_CR2 register, SCEN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, IREN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, HDSEL bit in the USART\_CR3 register. This function also set the UART/USART in LIN mode.
- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableSCLKOutput() functionClear STOP in CR2 using LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength() functionClear SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard() functionClear IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableIrda() functionClear HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex() functionSet LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_EnableLIN() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to LIN Mode (as Baud Rate, Word length, LIN Break Detection Length, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode
- CR2 STOP LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode
- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode
- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigLINMode

#### LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in Half Duplex Mode.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In Half Duplex mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: LINEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, CLKEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, SCEN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, IREN bit in the USART\_CR3 register. This function also sets the UART/USART in Half Duplex mode.
- Macro IS\_UART\_HALFDUPLEX\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Half-Duplex mode is supported by the USARTx instance.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableLIN() functionClear CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableSCLKOutput() functionClear SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard() functionClear IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableIrda() functionSet HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_EnableHalfDuplex() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to Half Duplex Mode (as Baud Rate, Word length, Parity, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_ConfigHalfDuplexMode

## LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in Smartcard Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In Smartcard mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: LINEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, IREN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, HDSEL bit in the USART\_CR3 register. This function also configures Stop bits to 1.5 bits and sets the USART in Smartcard mode (SCEN bit). Clock Output is also enabled (CLKEN).
- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableLIN() functionClear IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableIrda() functionClear HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex() functionConfigure STOP in CR2 using LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength() functionSet CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_EnableSCLKOutput() functionSet SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_EnableSmartcard() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to Smartcard Mode (as Baud Rate, Word length, Parity, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode
- CR2 STOP LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode
- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigSmartcardMode

## LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in Irda Mode.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- In IRDA mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: LINEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, STOP and CLKEN bits in the USART\_CR2 register, SCEN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, HDSEL bit in the USART\_CR3 register. This function also sets the UART/USART in IRDA mode (IREN bit).
- Macro IS\_IRDA\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not IrDA feature is supported by the USARTx instance.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableLIN() functionClear CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableSCLKOutput() functionClear SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard() functionClear HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex() functionConfigure STOP in CR2 using LL\_USART\_SetStopBitsLength() functionSet IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_EnableIrda() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to Irda Mode (as Baud Rate, Word length, Power mode, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode
- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode
- CR2 STOP LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode
- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_ConfigIrdaMode

## LL\_USART\_ConfigMultiProcessMode

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ConfigMultiProcessMode (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Perform basic configuration of USART for enabling use in Multi processor Mode (several USARTs connected in a network, one of the USARTs can be the master, its TX output connected to the RX inputs of the other slaves USARTs).

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- In MultiProcessor mode, the following bits must be kept cleared: LINEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, CLKEN bit in the USART\_CR2 register, SCEN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, IREN bit in the USART\_CR3 register, HDSEL bit in the USART\_CR3 register.
- Call of this function is equivalent to following function call sequence : Clear LINEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableLIN() functionClear CLKEN in CR2 using LL\_USART\_DisableSCLKOutput() functionClear SCEN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableSmartcard() functionClear IREN in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableIrda() functionClear HDSEL in CR3 using LL\_USART\_DisableHalfDuplex() function
- Other remaining configurations items related to Multi processor Mode (as Baud Rate, Wake Up Method, Node address, ...) should be set using dedicated functions

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LINEN LL\_USART\_ConfigMultiProcessMode
- CR2 CLKEN LL\_USART\_ConfigMultiProcessMode
- CR3 SCEN LL\_USART\_ConfigMultiProcessMode
- CR3 HDSEL LL\_USART\_ConfigMultiProcessMode
- CR3 IREN LL\_USART\_ConfigMultiProcessMode

### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_PE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_PE (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the USART Parity Error Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR PE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_PE

### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_FE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_FE (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if the USART Framing Error Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR FE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_FE

### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_NE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_NE (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART Noise error detected Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR NE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_NE

**LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ORE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ORE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the USART OverRun Error Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ORE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ORE

**LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_IDLE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_IDLE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the USART IDLE line detected Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR IDLE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_IDLE

**LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the USART Read Data Register Not Empty Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RXNE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RXNE

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TC

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TC (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Transmission Complete Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TC LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TC

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Transmit Data Register Empty Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TXE LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TXE

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_LBD

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_LBD (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART LIN Break Detection Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR LBDF LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_LBD

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_nCTS

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_nCTS (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART CTS interrupt Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CTSIF LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_nCTS

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_CTS

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_CTS (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART CTS Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CTS LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_CTS

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RTO

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RTO (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Receiver Time Out Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).



#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [ISR RTOF LL\\_USART\\_IsActiveFlag\\_RTO](#)

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_EOB

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_EOB (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART End Of Block Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro `IS_SMARTCARD_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [ISR EOBF LL\\_USART\\_IsActiveFlag\\_EOB](#)

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ABRE

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ABRE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Auto-Baud Rate Error Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_AUTOBAUDRATE_DETECTION_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- [ISR ABRE LL\\_USART\\_IsActiveFlag\\_ABRE](#)

#### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ABR

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_ABR (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Auto-Baud Rate Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Notes

- Macro `IS_USART_AUTOBAUDRATE_DETECTION_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR ABRF `LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_ABR`

### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_BUSY

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_BUSY (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Check if the USART Busy Flag is set or not.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR BUSY `LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_BUSY`

### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_CM

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_CM (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Check if the USART Character Match Flag is set or not.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR CMF `LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_CM`

### LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_SBK

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_SBK (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Check if the USART Send Break Flag is set or not.

## Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- State:** of bit (1 or 0).

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR SBKF `LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_SBK`

## LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RWU

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_RWU (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART Receive Wake Up from mute mode Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR RWU LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_RWU

## LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_WKUP

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_WKUP (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART Wake Up from stop mode Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR WUF LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_WKUP

## LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TEACK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_TEACK (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART Transmit Enable Acknowledge Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR TEACK LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_TEACK

## LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_REACK

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_REACK (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART Receive Enable Acknowledge Flag is set or not.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ISR REACK LL\_USART\_IsActiveFlag\_REACK

## LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_PE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_PE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear Parity Error Flag.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR PECF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_PE

## LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_FE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_FE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear Framing Error Flag.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR FECF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_FE

## LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_NE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_NE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Clear Noise Error detected Flag.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR NCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_NE

**LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_ORE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_ORE (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Clear OverRun Error Flag.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR ORECF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_ORE

**LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_IDLE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_IDLE (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Clear IDLE line detected Flag.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR IDLECF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_IDLE

**LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_TC**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_TC (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Clear Transmission Complete Flag.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR TCCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_TC

#### LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_LBD

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_LBD (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Clear LIN Break Detection Flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR LBDCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_LBD

#### LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_nCTS

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_nCTS (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Clear CTS Interrupt Flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR CTSCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_nCTS

#### LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_RTO

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_RTO (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Receiver Time Out Flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR RTOCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_RTO

#### LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_EOB

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_EOB (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Clear End Of Block Flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR EOBCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_EOB

#### LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_CM

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_CM (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Character Match Flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR CMCF LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_CM

#### LL\_USART\_ClearFlag\_WKUP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_ClearFlag_WKUP (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Clear Wake Up from stop mode Flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro `IS_UART_WAKEUP_FROMSTOP_INSTANCE(USARTx)` can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- ICR WUCF `LL_USART_ClearFlag_WKUP`

### LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_IDLE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_IDLE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable IDLE Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 IDLEIE `LL_USART_EnableIT_IDLE`

### LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_RXNE

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_RXNE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable RX Not Empty Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXNEIE `LL_USART_EnableIT_RXNE`

### LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_TC

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_TC (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable Transmission Complete Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- None:**

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE `LL_USART_EnableIT_TC`



## LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_TXE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_TXE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable TX Empty Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXEIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_TXE

## LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_PE

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_PE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Parity Error Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PEIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_PE

## LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_CM

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_CM (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Character Match Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CMIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_CM

## LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_RTO

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_RTO (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable Receiver Timeout Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RTOIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_RTO

### LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_EOB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_EOB (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable End Of Block Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 EOBI LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_EOB

### LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_LBD

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_LBD (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Enable LIN Break Detection Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBDIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_LBD

### LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_ERROR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_ERROR (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable Error Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When set, Error Interrupt Enable Bit is enabling interrupt generation in case of a framing error, overrun error or noise flag (FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the USARTx\_ISR register). 0: Interrupt is inhibited 1: An interrupt is generated when FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the USARTx\_ISR register.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 EIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_ERROR

## LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_CTS

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_CTS (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable CTS Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_CTS

## LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_WKUP

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableIT_WKUP (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Enable Wake Up from Stop Mode Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUFIE LL\_USART\_EnableIT\_WKUP

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_IDLE****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_IDLE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Disable IDLE Interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 IDLEIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_IDLE

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_RXNE****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_RXNE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Disable RX Not Empty Interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 RXNEIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_RXNE

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_TC****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_TC (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

**Function description**

Disable Transmission Complete Interrupt.

**Parameters**

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

**Return values**

- **None:**

**Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:**

- CR1 TCIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_TC

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_TXE****Function name**

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_TXE (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable TX Empty Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXEIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_TXE

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_PE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_PE (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Disable Parity Error Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PEIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_PE

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_CM**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_CM (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Disable Character Match Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CMIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_CM

**LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_RTO**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_RTO (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Disable Receiver Timeout Interrupt.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RTOIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_RTO

#### LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_EOB

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_EOB (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable End Of Block Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 EOBI LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_EOB

#### LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_LBD

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_LBD (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable LIN Break Detection Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBDIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_LBD

#### LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_ERROR

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_ERROR (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable Error Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When set, Error Interrupt Enable Bit is enabling interrupt generation in case of a framing error, overrun error or noise flag (FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the USARTx\_ISR register). 0: Interrupt is inhibited 1: An interrupt is generated when FE=1 or ORE=1 or NF=1 in the USARTx\_ISR register.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 EIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_ERROR

## LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_CTS

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_CTS (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable CTS Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_CTS

## LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_WKUP

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableIT_WKUP (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

## Function description

Disable Wake Up from Stop Mode Interrupt.

## Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

## Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUFIE LL\_USART\_DisableIT\_WKUP

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_IDLE

## Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_IDLE (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART IDLE Interrupt source is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 IDLEIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_IDLE

**LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the USART RX Not Empty Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RXNEIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_RXNE

**LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_TC**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_TC (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the USART Transmission Complete Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TCIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_TC

**LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if the USART TX Empty Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance



#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 TXEIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_TXE

LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_PE

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_PE (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Parity Error Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 PEIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_PE

LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_CM

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_CM (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Character Match Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 CMIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_CM

LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_RTO

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_RTO (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Receiver Timeout Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 RTOIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_RTO

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_EOB

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_EOB (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART End Of Block Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR1 EOBIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_EOB

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_LBD

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_LBD (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART LIN Break Detection Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_LIN\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not LIN feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR2 LBDIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_LBD

## LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_ERROR

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_ERROR (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Check if the USART Error Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 EIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_ERROR

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_CTS

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_CTS (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART CTS Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_HWFLOW\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Hardware Flow control feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 CTSIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_CTS

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_WKUP

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_WKUP (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Check if the USART Wake Up from Stop Mode Interrupt is enabled or disabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_UART\_WAKEUP\_FROMSTOP\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Wake-up from Stop mode feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 WUFIE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledIT\_WKUP

#### LL\_USART\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_EnableDMAReq\_RX (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Enable DMA Mode for reception.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAR LL\_USART\_EnableDMAReq\_RX

#### LL\_USART\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableDMAReq_RX (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Disable DMA Mode for reception.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAR LL\_USART\_DisableDMAReq\_RX

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Check if DMA Mode is enabled for reception.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAR LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_RX

#### LL\_USART\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_EnableDMAReq_TX (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Enable DMA Mode for transmission.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAT LL\_USART\_EnableDMAReq\_TX

#### LL\_USART\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_DisableDMAReq_TX (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Disable DMA Mode for transmission.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAT LL\_USART\_DisableDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX (const USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Check if DMA Mode is enabled for transmission.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DMAT LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMAReq\_TX

**LL\_USART\_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Enable DMA Disabling on Reception Error.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DDRE LL\_USART\_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr

**LL\_USART\_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr**

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

### Function description

Disable DMA Disabling on Reception Error.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DDRE LL\_USART\_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr

#### LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Indicate if DMA Disabling on Reception Error is disabled.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR3 DDRE LL\_USART\_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr

#### LL\_USART\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_USART_DMA_GetRegAddr (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint32_t Direction)
```

#### Function description

Get the data register address used for DMA transfer.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Direction:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_USART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_TRANSMIT
  - LL\_USART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_RECEIVE

#### Return values

- **Address:** of data register

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RDR RDR LL\_USART\_DMA\_GetRegAddr
- 
- TDR TDR LL\_USART\_DMA\_GetRegAddr

#### LL\_USART\_ReceiveData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint8_t LL_USART_ReceiveData8 (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Read Receiver Data register (Receive Data value, 8 bits)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RDR RDR LL\_USART\_ReceiveData8

#### LL\_USART\_ReceiveData9

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint16_t LL_USART_ReceiveData9 (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

#### Function description

Read Receiver Data register (Receive Data value, 9 bits)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x1FF

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RDR RDR LL\_USART\_ReceiveData9

#### LL\_USART\_TransmitData8

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_TransmitData8 (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint8_t Value)
```

#### Function description

Write in Transmitter Data Register (Transmit Data value, 8 bits)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0xFF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TDR TDR LL\_USART\_TransmitData8

#### LL\_USART\_TransmitData9

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_TransmitData9 (USART_TypeDef * USARTx, uint16_t Value)
```

#### Function description

Write in Transmitter Data Register (Transmit Data value, 9 bits)

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **Value:** between Min\_Data=0x00 and Max\_Data=0x1FF

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- TDR TDR LL\_USART\_TransmitData9

#### LL\_USART\_RequestAutoBaudRate

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_RequestAutoBaudRate (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Request an Automatic Baud Rate measurement on next received data frame.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- Macro IS\_USART\_AUTOBAUDRATE\_DETECTION\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Auto Baud Rate detection feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR ABRRQ LL\_USART\_RequestAutoBaudRate

#### LL\_USART\_RequestBreakSending

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_RequestBreakSending (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Request Break sending.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR SBKRQ LL\_USART\_RequestBreakSending

#### LL\_USART\_RequestEnterMuteMode

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_USART\_RequestEnterMuteMode (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx)**

#### Function description

Put USART in mute mode and set the RWU flag.

#### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR MMRQ LL\_USART\_RequestEnterMuteMode



## LL\_USART\_RequestRxDataFlush

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_RequestRxDataFlush (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Request a Receive Data flush.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Allows to discard the received data without reading them, and avoid an overrun condition.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR RXFRQ LL\_USART\_RequestRxDataFlush

## LL\_USART\_RequestTxDataFlush

### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_USART_RequestTxDataFlush (USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

Request a Transmit data flush.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Macro IS\_SMARTCARD\_INSTANCE(USARTx) can be used to check whether or not Smartcard feature is supported by the USARTx instance.

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- RQR TXFRQ LL\_USART\_RequestTxDataFlush

## LL\_USART\_DeInit

### Function name

```
ErrorStatus LL_USART_DeInit (const USART_TypeDef * USARTx)
```

### Function description

De-initialize USART registers (Registers restored to their default values).

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: USART registers are de-initialized
  - ERROR: USART registers are not de-initialized

## LL\_USART\_Init

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_USART\_Init (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, const LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef \* USART\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Initialize USART registers according to the specified parameters in USART\_InitStruct.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **USART\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified USART peripheral.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: USART registers are initialized according to USART\_InitStruct content
  - ERROR: Problem occurred during USART Registers initialization

### Notes

- As some bits in USART configuration registers can only be written when the USART is disabled (USART\_CR1\_UE bit =0), USART Peripheral should be in disabled state prior calling this function. Otherwise, ERROR result will be returned.
- Baud rate value stored in USART\_InitStruct BaudRate field, should be valid (different from 0).

## LL\_USART\_StructInit

### Function name

**void** LL\_USART\_StructInit (LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef \* USART\_InitStruct)

### Function description

Set each LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef field to default value.

### Parameters

- **USART\_InitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_USART\_InitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

### Return values

- **None:**

## LL\_USART\_ClockInit

### Function name

**ErrorStatus** LL\_USART\_ClockInit (USART\_TypeDef \* USARTx, const LL\_USART\_ClockInitTypeDef \* USART\_ClockInitStruct)

### Function description

Initialize USART Clock related settings according to the specified parameters in the USART\_ClockInitStruct.

### Parameters

- **USARTx:** USART Instance
- **USART\_ClockInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_USART\_ClockInitTypeDef structure that contains the Clock configuration information for the specified USART peripheral.

## Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: USART registers related to Clock settings are initialized according to USART\_ClockInitStruct content
  - ERROR: Problem occurred during USART Registers initialization

## Notes

- As some bits in USART configuration registers can only be written when the USART is disabled (USART\_CR1\_UE bit =0), USART Peripheral should be in disabled state prior calling this function. Otherwise, ERROR result will be returned.

## LL\_USART\_ClockStructInit

## Function name

```
void LL_USART_ClockStructInit (LL_USART_ClockInitTypeDef * USART_ClockInitStruct)
```

## Function description

Set each field of a LL\_USART\_ClockInitTypeDef type structure to default value.

## Parameters

- **USART\_ClockInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_USART\_ClockInitTypeDef structure whose fields will be set to default values.

## Return values

- **None:**

## 77.3 USART Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 77.3.1 USART

USART

#### *Address Length Detection*

#### LL\_USART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_4B

4-bit address detection method selected

#### LL\_USART\_ADDRESS\_DETECT\_7B

7-bit address detection (in 8-bit data mode) method selected

#### *Autobaud Detection*

#### LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_STARTBIT

Measurement of the start bit is used to detect the baud rate

#### LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_FALLINGEDGE

Falling edge to falling edge measurement. Received frame must start with a single bit = 1 -> Frame = Start10xxxxxx

#### LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_7F\_FRAME

0x7F frame detection

#### LL\_USART\_AUTOBAUD\_DETECT\_ON\_55\_FRAME

0x55 frame detection

#### *Binary Data Inversion*

**LL\_USART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_POSITIVE**

Logical data from the data register are send/received in positive/direct logic. (1=H, 0=L)

**LL\_USART\_BINARY\_LOGIC\_NEGATIVE**

Logical data from the data register are send/received in negative/inverse logic. (1=L, 0=H). The parity bit is also inverted.

***Bit Order*****LL\_USART\_BITORDER\_LSBFIRST**

data is transmitted/received with data bit 0 first, following the start bit

**LL\_USART\_BITORDER\_MSBFIRST**

data is transmitted/received with the MSB first, following the start bit

***Clear Flags Defines*****LL\_USART\_ICR\_PECF**

Parity error clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_FECF**

Framing error clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_NCF**

Noise error detected clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_ORECF**

Overrun error clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_IDLECF**

Idle line detected clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_TCCF**

Transmission complete clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_LBDCF**

LIN break detection clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_CTSCF**

CTS clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_RTOCF**

Receiver timeout clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_EOBCF**

End of block clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_CMCF**

Character match clear flag

**LL\_USART\_ICR\_WUCF**

Wakeup from Stop mode clear flag

***Clock Signal*****LL\_USART\_CLOCK\_DISABLE**

Clock signal not provided

**LL\_USART\_CLOCK\_ENABLE**

Clock signal provided

**Datawidth****LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_7B**

7 bits word length : Start bit, 7 data bits, n stop bits

**LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_8B**

8 bits word length : Start bit, 8 data bits, n stop bits

**LL\_USART\_DATAWIDTH\_9B**

9 bits word length : Start bit, 9 data bits, n stop bits

**Driver Enable Polarity****LL\_USART\_DE\_POLARITY\_HIGH**

DE signal is active high

**LL\_USART\_DE\_POLARITY\_LOW**

DE signal is active low

**Communication Direction****LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_NONE**

Transmitter and Receiver are disabled

**LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_RX**

Transmitter is disabled and Receiver is enabled

**LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_TX**

Transmitter is enabled and Receiver is disabled

**LL\_USART\_DIRECTION\_TX\_RX**

Transmitter and Receiver are enabled

**DMA Register Data****LL\_USART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_TRANSMIT**

Get address of data register used for transmission

**LL\_USART\_DMA\_REG\_DATA\_RECEIVE**

Get address of data register used for reception

**Get Flags Defines****LL\_USART\_ISR\_PE**

Parity error flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_FE**

Framing error flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_NE**

Noise detected flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_ORE**

Overrun error flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_IDLE**

Idle line detected flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_RXNE**

Read data register not empty flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_TC**

Transmission complete flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_TXE**

Transmit data register empty flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_LBDF**

LIN break detection flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_CTSIF**

CTS interrupt flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_CTS**

CTS flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_RTOF**

Receiver timeout flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_EOBF**

End of block flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_ABRE**

Auto baud rate error flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_ABRF**

Auto baud rate flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_BUSY**

Busy flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_CMF**

Character match flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_SBKF**

Send break flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_RWU**

Receiver wakeup from Mute mode flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_WUF**

Wakeup from Stop mode flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_TEACK**

Transmit enable acknowledge flag

**LL\_USART\_ISR\_REACK**

Receive enable acknowledge flag

***Hardware Control*****LL\_USART\_HWCONTROL\_NONE**

CTS and RTS hardware flow control disabled

**LL\_USART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS**

RTS output enabled, data is only requested when there is space in the receive buffer

**LL\_USART\_HWCONTROL\_CTS**

CTS mode enabled, data is only transmitted when the nCTS input is asserted (tied to 0)

**LL\_USART\_HWCONTROL\_RTS\_CTS**

CTS and RTS hardware flow control enabled

***IrDA Power*****LL\_USART\_IRDA\_POWER\_NORMAL**

IrDA normal power mode

**LL\_USART\_IRDA\_POWER\_LOW**

IrDA low power mode

***IT Defines*****LL\_USART\_CR1\_IDLEIE**

IDLE interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_RXNEIE**

Read data register not empty interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_TCIE**

Transmission complete interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_TXEIE**

Transmit data register empty interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_PEIE**

Parity error

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_CMIE**

Character match interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_RTOIE**

Receiver timeout interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR1\_EOBIE**

End of Block interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR2\_LBDIE**

LIN break detection interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR3\_EIE**

Error interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR3\_CTSIE**

CTS interrupt enable

**LL\_USART\_CR3\_WUFIE**

Wakeup from Stop mode interrupt enable

***Last Clock Pulse***

**LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_NO\_OUTPUT**

The clock pulse of the last data bit is not output to the SCLK pin

**LL\_USART\_LASTCLKPULSE\_OUTPUT**

The clock pulse of the last data bit is output to the SCLK pin

***LIN Break Detection Length*****LL\_USART\_LINBREAK\_DETECT\_10B**

10-bit break detection method selected

**LL\_USART\_LINBREAK\_DETECT\_11B**

11-bit break detection method selected

***Oversampling*****LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_16**

Oversampling by 16

**LL\_USART\_OVERSAMPLING\_8**

Oversampling by 8

***Parity Control*****LL\_USART\_PARITY\_NONE**

Parity control disabled

**LL\_USART\_PARITY\_EVEN**

Parity control enabled and Even Parity is selected

**LL\_USART\_PARITY\_ODD**

Parity control enabled and Odd Parity is selected

***Clock Phase*****LL\_USART\_PHASE\_1EDGE**

The first clock transition is the first data capture edge

**LL\_USART\_PHASE\_2EDGE**

The second clock transition is the first data capture edge

***Clock Polarity*****LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_LOW**

Steady low value on SCLK pin outside transmission window

**LL\_USART\_POLARITY\_HIGH**

Steady high value on SCLK pin outside transmission window

***RX Pin Active Level Inversion*****LL\_USART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD**

RX pin signal works using the standard logic levels

**LL\_USART\_RXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED**

RX pin signal values are inverted.

***Stop Bits***



**LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_0\_5**

0.5 stop bit

**LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1**

1 stop bit

**LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_1\_5**

1.5 stop bits

**LL\_USART\_STOPBITS\_2**

2 stop bits

***TX Pin Active Level Inversion*****LL\_USART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_STANDARD**

TX pin signal works using the standard logic levels

**LL\_USART\_TXPIN\_LEVEL\_INVERTED**

TX pin signal values are inverted.

***TX RX Pins Swap*****LL\_USART\_TXRX\_STANDARD**

TX/RX pins are used as defined in standard pinout

**LL\_USART\_TXRX\_SWAPPED**

TX and RX pins functions are swapped.

***Wakeup*****LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_IDLELINE**

USART wake up from Mute mode on Idle Line

**LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ADDRESSMARK**

USART wake up from Mute mode on Address Mark

***Wakeup Activation*****LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_ADDRESS**

Wake up active on address match

**LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_STARTBIT**

Wake up active on Start bit detection

**LL\_USART\_WAKEUP\_ON\_RXNE**

Wake up active on RXNE

***Exported\_Macros\_Helper***

## \_\_LL\_USART\_DIV\_SAMPLING8

### Description:

- Compute USARTDIV value according to Peripheral Clock and expected Baud Rate in 8 bits sampling mode (32 bits value of USARTDIV is returned)

### Parameters:

- \_\_PERIPHCLK\_\_: Peripheral Clock frequency used for USART instance
- \_\_BAUDRATE\_\_: Baud rate value to achieve

### Return value:

- USARTDIV: value to be used for BRR register filling in OverSampling\_8 case

## \_\_LL\_USART\_DIV\_SAMPLING16

### Description:

- Compute USARTDIV value according to Peripheral Clock and expected Baud Rate in 16 bits sampling mode (32 bits value of USARTDIV is returned)

### Parameters:

- \_\_PERIPHCLK\_\_: Peripheral Clock frequency used for USART instance
- \_\_BAUDRATE\_\_: Baud rate value to achieve

### Return value:

- USARTDIV: value to be used for BRR register filling in OverSampling\_16 case

## Common Write and read registers Macros

### LL\_USART\_WriteReg

### Description:

- Write a value in USART register.

### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: USART Instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be written
- \_\_VALUE\_\_: Value to be written in the register

### Return value:

- None

### LL\_USART\_ReadReg

### Description:

- Read a value in USART register.

### Parameters:

- \_\_INSTANCE\_\_: USART Instance
- \_\_REG\_\_: Register to be read

### Return value:

- Register: value

## 78 LL UTILS Generic Driver

### 78.1 UTILS Firmware driver registers structures

#### 78.1.1 LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef

**LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_utils.h

**Data Fields**

- **uint32\_t PLLMul**
- **uint32\_t PLLDiv**

**Field Documentation**

- **uint32\_t LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef::PLLMul**  
Multiplication factor for PLL VCO input clock. This parameter can be a value of **RCC\_LL\_EC\_PLL\_MUL**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RCC\_PLL\_ConfigDomain\_SYS()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef::PLLDiv**  
Division factor for PLL VCO output clock. This parameter can be a value of **RCC\_LL\_EC\_PLL\_DIV**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RCC\_PLL\_ConfigDomain\_SYS()**.

#### 78.1.2 LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef

**LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef** is defined in the stm32l0xx\_ll\_utils.h

**Data Fields**

- **uint32\_t AHBCLKDivider**
- **uint32\_t APB1CLKDivider**
- **uint32\_t APB2CLKDivider**

**Field Documentation**

- **uint32\_t LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef::AHBCLKDivider**  
The AHB clock (HCLK) divider. This clock is derived from the system clock (SYSCLK). This parameter can be a value of **RCC\_LL\_EC\_SYSCLK\_DIV**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RCC\_SetAHBPrescaler()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef::APB1CLKDivider**  
The APB1 clock (PCLK1) divider. This clock is derived from the AHB clock (HCLK). This parameter can be a value of **RCC\_LL\_EC\_APB1\_DIV**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RCC\_SetAPB1Prescaler()**.
- **uint32\_t LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef::APB2CLKDivider**  
The APB2 clock (PCLK2) divider. This clock is derived from the AHB clock (HCLK). This parameter can be a value of **RCC\_LL\_EC\_APB2\_DIV**. This feature can be modified afterwards using unitary function **LL\_RCC\_SetAPB2Prescaler()**.

### 78.2 UTILS Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the UTILS library.

#### 78.2.1 System Configuration functions

System, AHB and APB buses clocks configuration

- The maximum frequency of the SYSCLK, HCLK, PCLK1 and PCLK2 is 32000000 Hz.

This section contains the following APIs:

- **LL\_SetSystemCoreClock()**
- **LL\_SetFlashLatency()**
- **LL\_PLL\_ConfigSystemClock\_HSI()**
- **LL\_PLL\_ConfigSystemClock\_HSE()**

## 78.2.2 Detailed description of functions

### LL\_GetUID\_Word0

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GetUID_Word0 (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Word0 of the unique device identifier (UID based on 96 bits)

#### Return values

- **UID[31:0]:**

### LL\_GetUID\_Word1

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GetUID_Word1 (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Word1 of the unique device identifier (UID based on 96 bits)

#### Return values

- **UID[63:32]:**

### LL\_GetUID\_Word2

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GetUID_Word2 (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Word2 of the unique device identifier (UID based on 96 bits)

#### Return values

- **UID[95:64]:**

### LL\_GetFlashSize

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_GetFlashSize (void )
```

#### Function description

Get Flash memory size.

#### Return values

- **FLASH\_SIZE[15:0]:** Flash memory size

#### Notes

- This bitfield indicates the size of the device Flash memory expressed in Kbytes. As an example, 0x040 corresponds to 64 Kbytes.

### LL\_InitTick

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_InitTick (uint32_t HCLKFrequency, uint32_t Ticks)
```

#### Function description

This function configures the Cortex-M SysTick source of the time base.

## Parameters

- **HCLKFrequency:** HCLK frequency in Hz (can be calculated thanks to RCC helper macro)
- **Ticks:** Number of ticks

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When a RTOS is used, it is recommended to avoid changing the SysTick configuration by calling this function, for a delay use rather osDelay RTOS service.

### LL\_Init1msTick

## Function name

```
void LL_Init1msTick (uint32_t HCLKFrequency)
```

## Function description

This function configures the Cortex-M SysTick source to have 1ms time base.

## Parameters

- **HCLKFrequency:** HCLK frequency in Hz

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When a RTOS is used, it is recommended to avoid changing the SysTick configuration by calling this function, for a delay use rather osDelay RTOS service.
- HCLK frequency can be calculated thanks to RCC helper macro or function LL\_RCC\_GetSystemClocksFreq

### LL\_mDelay

## Function name

```
void LL_mDelay (uint32_t Delay)
```

## Function description

This function provides accurate delay (in milliseconds) based on SysTick counter flag.

## Parameters

- **Delay:** specifies the delay time length, in milliseconds.

## Return values

- **None:**

## Notes

- When a RTOS is used, it is recommended to avoid using blocking delay and use rather osDelay service.
- To respect 1ms timebase, user should call LL\_Init1msTick function which will configure SysTick to 1ms

### LL\_SetSystemCoreClock

## Function name

```
void LL_SetSystemCoreClock (uint32_t HCLKFrequency)
```

## Function description

This function sets directly SystemCoreClock CMSIS variable.

### Parameters

- **HCLKFrequency:** HCLK frequency in Hz (can be calculated thanks to RCC helper macro)

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Variable can be calculated also through SystemCoreClockUpdate function.

## LL\_SetFlashLatency

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_SetFlashLatency (uint32\_t Frequency)**

### Function description

Update number of Flash wait states in line with new frequency and current voltage range.

### Parameters

- **Frequency:** HCLK frequency

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: Latency has been modified
  - ERROR: Latency cannot be modified

## LL\_PLL\_ConfigSystemClock\_HSI

### Function name

**ErrorStatus LL\_PLL\_ConfigSystemClock\_HSI (LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef \* UTILS\_PLLInitStruct, LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef \* UTILS\_ClkInitStruct)**

### Function description

This function configures system clock with HSI as clock source of the PLL.

### Parameters

- **UTILS\_PLLInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the PLL.
- **UTILS\_ClkInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the BUS prescalers.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: Max frequency configuration done
  - ERROR: Max frequency configuration not done

### Notes

- The application need to ensure that PLL is disabled.
- Function is based on the following formula:  $\text{PLL output frequency} = ((\text{HSI frequency} * \text{PLLMul}) / \text{PLLDiv})$  PLLMul: The application software must set correctly the PLL multiplication factor to ensure PLLVCO does not exceed 96 MHz when the product is in range 1, PLLVCO does not exceed 48 MHz when the product is in range 2, PLLVCO does not exceed 24 MHz when the product is in range 3
- FLASH latency can be modified through this function.

## LL\_PLL\_ConfigSystemClock\_HSE

### Function name

ErrorStatus LL\_PLL\_ConfigSystemClock\_HSE (uint32\_t HSEFrequency, uint32\_t HSEBypass, LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef \* UTILS\_PLLInitStruct, LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef \* UTILS\_ClkInitStruct)

### Function description

This function configures system clock with HSE as clock source of the PLL.

### Parameters

- **HSEFrequency:** Value between Min\_Data = 1000000 and Max\_Data = 24000000
- **HSEBypass:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_UTILS\_HSEBYPASS\_ON
  - LL\_UTILS\_HSEBYPASS\_OFF
- **UTILS\_PLLInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_UTILS\_PLLInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the PLL.
- **UTILS\_ClkInitStruct:** pointer to a LL\_UTILS\_ClkInitTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the BUS prescalers.

### Return values

- **An:** ErrorStatus enumeration value:
  - SUCCESS: Max frequency configuration done
  - ERROR: Max frequency configuration not done

### Notes

- The application need to ensure that PLL is disabled.
- Function is based on the following formula: PLL output frequency = ((HSE frequency \* PLLMul) / PLLDiv)PLLMul: The application software must set correctly the PLL multiplication factor to to ensure PLLVCO does not exceed 96 MHz when the product is in range 1, PLLVCO does not exceed 48 MHz when the product is in range 2, PLLVCO does not exceed 24 MHz when the product is in range 3
- FLASH latency can be modified through this function.

## 78.3 UTILS Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 78.3.1 UTILS

UTILS

**HSE Bypass activation**

#### LL\_UTILS\_HSEBYPASS\_OFF

HSE Bypass is not enabled

#### LL\_UTILS\_HSEBYPASS\_ON

HSE Bypass is enabled

## 79 LL WWDG Generic Driver

### 79.1 WWDG Firmware driver API description

The following section lists the various functions of the WWDG library.

#### 79.1.1 Detailed description of functions

##### LL\_WWDG\_Enable

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_WWDG_Enable (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

##### Function description

Enable Window Watchdog.

##### Parameters

- **WWDGx**: WWDG Instance

##### Return values

- **None**:

##### Notes

- It is enabled by setting the WDGA bit in the WWDG\_CR register, then it cannot be disabled again except by a reset. This bit is set by software and only cleared by hardware after a reset. When WDGA = 1, the watchdog can generate a reset.

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WDGA LL\_WWDG\_Enable

##### LL\_WWDG\_IsEnabled

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_WWDG_IsEnabled (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

##### Function description

Checks if Window Watchdog is enabled.

##### Parameters

- **WWDGx**: WWDG Instance

##### Return values

- **State**: of bit (1 or 0).

##### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR WDGA LL\_WWDG\_IsEnabled

##### LL\_WWDG\_SetCounter

##### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_WWDG_SetCounter (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx, uint32_t Counter)
```

##### Function description

Set the Watchdog counter value to provided value (7-bits T[6:0])



### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance
- **Counter:** 0..0x7F (7 bit counter value)

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- When writing to the WWDG\_CR register, always write 1 in the MSB b6 to avoid generating an immediate reset This counter is decremented every (4096 x 2expWDGTB) PCLK cycles A reset is produced when it rolls over from 0x40 to 0x3F (bit T6 becomes cleared) Setting the counter lower then 0x40 causes an immediate reset (if WWDG enabled)

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR T LL\_WWDG\_SetCounter

### LL\_WWDG\_GetCounter

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_WWDG\_GetCounter (WWDG\_TypeDef \* WWDGx)**

### Function description

Return current Watchdog Counter Value (7 bits counter value)

### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

### Return values

- **7:** bit Watchdog Counter value

### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CR T LL\_WWDG\_GetCounter

### LL\_WWDG\_SetPrescaler

### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE void LL\_WWDG\_SetPrescaler (WWDG\_TypeDef \* WWDGx, uint32\_t Prescaler)**

### Function description

Set the time base of the prescaler (WDGTB).

### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance
- **Prescaler:** This parameter can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_1
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_2
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_4
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_8

### Return values

- **None:**

### Notes

- Prescaler is used to apply ratio on PCLK clock, so that Watchdog counter is decremented every (4096 x 2expWDGTB) PCLK cycles

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFR WDG TB LL\_WWDG\_SetPrescaler

#### LL\_WWDG\_GetPrescaler

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_WWDG_GetPrescaler (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Return current Watchdog Prescaler Value.

#### Parameters

- WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

#### Return values

- Returned:** value can be one of the following values:
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_1
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_2
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_4
  - LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_8

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFR WDG TB LL\_WWDG\_GetPrescaler

#### LL\_WWDG\_SetWindow

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_WWDG_SetWindow (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx, uint32_t Window)
```

#### Function description

Set the Watchdog Window value to be compared to the downcounter (7-bits W[6:0]).

#### Parameters

- WWDGx:** WWDG Instance
- Window:** 0x00..0x7F (7 bit Window value)

#### Return values

- None:**

#### Notes

- This window value defines when write in the WWDG\_CR register to program Watchdog counter is allowed. Watchdog counter value update must occur only when the counter value is lower than the Watchdog window register value. Otherwise, a MCU reset is generated if the 7-bit Watchdog counter value (in the control register) is refreshed before the downcounter has reached the watchdog window register value. Physically is possible to set the Window lower than 0x40 but it is not recommended. To generate an immediate reset, it is possible to set the Counter lower than 0x40.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFR W LL\_WWDG\_SetWindow

#### LL\_WWDG\_GetWindow

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_WWDG_GetWindow (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Return current Watchdog Window Value (7 bits value)

#### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **7:** bit Watchdog Window value

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFR W LL\_WWDG\_GetWindow

#### LL\_WWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_EWKUP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE uint32_t LL_WWDG_IsActiveFlag_EWKUP (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Indicates if the WWDG Early Wakeup Interrupt Flag is set or not.

#### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Notes

- This bit is set by hardware when the counter has reached the value 0x40. It must be cleared by software by writing 0. A write of 1 has no effect. This bit is also set if the interrupt is not enabled.

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR EWIF LL\_WWDG\_IsActiveFlag\_EWKUP

#### LL\_WWDG\_ClearFlag\_EWKUP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_WWDG_ClearFlag_EWKUP (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Clear WWDG Early Wakeup Interrupt Flag (EWIF)

#### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- SR EWIF LL\_WWDG\_ClearFlag\_EWKUP

#### LL\_WWDG\_EnableIT\_EWKUP

#### Function name

```
__STATIC_INLINE void LL_WWDG_EnableIT_EWKUP (WWDG_TypeDef * WWDGx)
```

#### Function description

Enable the Early Wakeup Interrupt.

#### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **None:**

#### Notes

- When set, an interrupt occurs whenever the counter reaches value 0x40. This interrupt is only cleared by hardware after a reset

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFR EWI LL\_WWDG\_EnableIT\_EWKUP

**LL\_WWDG\_IsEnabledIT\_EWKUP**

#### Function name

**\_\_STATIC\_INLINE uint32\_t LL\_WWDG\_IsEnabledIT\_EWKUP (WWDG\_TypeDef \* WWDGx)**

#### Function description

Check if Early Wakeup Interrupt is enabled.

#### Parameters

- **WWDGx:** WWDG Instance

#### Return values

- **State:** of bit (1 or 0).

#### Reference Manual to LL API cross reference:

- CFR EWI LL\_WWDG\_IsEnabledIT\_EWKUP

## 79.2 WWDG Firmware driver defines

The following section lists the various define and macros of the module.

### 79.2.1 WWDG WWDG IT Defines

#### LL\_WWDG\_CFR\_EWI

**PRESCALER**

#### LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_1

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/1

#### LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_2

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/2

#### LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_4

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/4

#### LL\_WWDG\_PRESCALER\_8

WWDG counter clock = (PCLK1/4096)/8

**Common Write and read registers macros**

### LL\_WWDG\_WriteReg

**Description:**

- Write a value in WWDG register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: WWDG Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be written
- `__VALUE__`: Value to be written in the register

**Return value:**

- None

### LL\_WWDG\_ReadReg

**Description:**

- Read a value in WWDG register.

**Parameters:**

- `__INSTANCE__`: WWDG Instance
- `__REG__`: Register to be read

**Return value:**

- Register: value

## 80 Correspondence between API registers and API low-layer driver functions

### 80.1 ADC

**Table 25. Correspondence between ADC registers and ADC low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CALFACT	CALFACT	LL_ADC_GetCalibrationFactor
		LL_ADC_SetCalibrationFactor
CCR	LFMEN	LL_ADC_GetCommonFrequencyMode
		LL_ADC_SetCommonFrequencyMode
	PRESC	LL_ADC_GetCommonClock
		LL_ADC_SetCommonClock
	TSEN	LL_ADC_GetCommonPathInternalCh
		LL_ADC_SetCommonPathInternalCh
	VLCDEN	LL_ADC_GetCommonPathInternalCh
		LL_ADC_SetCommonPathInternalCh
	VREFEN	LL_ADC_GetCommonPathInternalCh
		LL_ADC_SetCommonPathInternalCh
CFGR1	ALIGN	LL_ADC_GetDataAlignment
		LL_ADC_SetDataAlignment
	AUTOFF	LL_ADC_GetLowPowerMode
		LL_ADC_SetLowPowerMode
	AWDCH	LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels
		LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels
	AWDEN	LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels
		LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels
	AWDSGL	LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDMonitChannels
		LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDMonitChannels
	CONT	LL_ADC_REG_GetContinuousMode
		LL_ADC_REG_SetContinuousMode
	DISCEN	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerDiscont
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerDiscont
	DMACFG	LL_ADC_REG_GetDMATransfer
		LL_ADC_REG_SetDMATransfer
	DMAEN	LL_ADC_REG_GetDMATransfer
		LL_ADC_REG_SetDMATransfer
	EXTEN	LL_ADC_REG_GetTriggerEdge
		LL_ADC_REG_GetTriggerSource
		LL_ADC_REG_IsTriggerSourceSWStart
		LL_ADC_REG_SetTriggerEdge

Register	Field	Function
CFGR1	EXTEN	LL_ADC_REG_SetTriggerSource
	EXTSEL	LL_ADC_REG_GetTriggerSource
		LL_ADC_REG_SetTriggerSource
	OVRMOD	LL_ADC_REG_GetOverrun
		LL_ADC_REG_SetOverrun
	RES	LL_ADC_GetResolution
		LL_ADC_SetResolution
	SCANDIR	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerScanDirection
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerScanDirection
	WAIT	LL_ADC_GetLowPowerMode
		LL_ADC_SetLowPowerMode
CFGR2	CKMODE	LL_ADC_GetClock
		LL_ADC_SetClock
	OVSE	LL_ADC_GetOverSamplingScope
		LL_ADC_SetOverSamplingScope
	OVSR	LL_ADC_ConfigOverSamplingRatioShift
		LL_ADC_GetOverSamplingRatio
	OVSS	LL_ADC_ConfigOverSamplingRatioShift
		LL_ADC_GetOverSamplingShift
	TOVS	LL_ADC_GetOverSamplingDiscont
		LL_ADC_SetOverSamplingDiscont
CHSELR	CHSEL0	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL1	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL10	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL11	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL12	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels

Register	Field	Function
CHSELR	CHSEL13	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL14	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL15	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL16	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL17	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL18	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL2	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL3	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL4	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL5	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL6	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels



Register	Field	Function
CHSELR	CHSEL6	LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
	CHSEL7	LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
	CHSEL8	LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
	CHSEL9	LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChRem
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_GetSequencerChannels
		LL_ADC_REG_SetSequencerChAdd
CR	ADCAL	LL_ADC_IsCalibrationOnGoing
		LL_ADC_StartCalibration
	ADDIS	LL_ADC_Disable
		LL_ADC_IsDisableOngoing
	ADEN	LL_ADC_Enable
		LL_ADC_IsEnabled
	ADSTART	LL_ADC_REG_IsConversionOngoing
		LL_ADC_REG_StartConversion
	ADSTP	LL_ADC_REG_IsStopConversionOngoing
		LL_ADC_REG_StopConversion
DR	DATA	LL_ADC_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData10
		LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData12
		LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData32
		LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData6
		LL_ADC_REG_ReadConversionData8
IER	ADRDYIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_ADRDY
		LL_ADC_EnableIT_ADRDY
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_ADRDY
	AWDIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_AWD1
		LL_ADC_EnableIT_AWD1
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_AWD1
	EOCALIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_EOCAL

Register	Field	Function
IER	EOCALIE	LL_ADC_EnableIT_EOCAL
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_EOCAL
	EOCIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_EOC
		LL_ADC_EnableIT_EOC
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_EOC
	EOSEQIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_EOS
		LL_ADC_EnableIT_EOS
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_EOS
	EOSMPIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_EOSMP
		LL_ADC_EnableIT_EOSMP
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_EOSMP
	OVRIE	LL_ADC_DisableIT_OVR
		LL_ADC_EnableIT_OVR
		LL_ADC_IsEnabledIT_OVR
ISR	ADRDY	LL_ADC_ClearFlag_ADRDY
		LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_ADRDY
	AWD	LL_ADC_ClearFlag_AWD1
		LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_AWD1
	EOC	LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOC
		LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOC
	EOCAL	LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOCAL
		LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOCAL
	EOSEQ	LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOS
		LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOS
	EOSMP	LL_ADC_ClearFlag_EOSMP
		LL_ADC_IsActiveFlag_EOSMP
SMPR	SMP	LL_ADC_GetSamplingTimeCommonChannels
		LL_ADC_SetSamplingTimeCommonChannels
TR	HT	LL_ADC_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds
		LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDThresholds
		LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDThresholds
	LT	LL_ADC_ConfigAnalogWDThresholds
		LL_ADC_GetAnalogWDThresholds
		LL_ADC_SetAnalogWDThresholds

## 80.2 BUS

**Table 26. Correspondence between BUS registers and BUS low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
AHBENR	CRCEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	CRYPEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	DMAEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	MIFEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	RNGEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TSCEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
AHBRSTR	CRCRST	LL_AHB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	CRYPRST	LL_AHB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	DMARST	LL_AHB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	MIFRST	LL_AHB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	RNGRST	LL_AHB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TSCRST	LL_AHB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
AHBSMENR	CRCSMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	CRYPSMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	DMASMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	MIFSMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep

Register	Field	Function
AHBSMENR	RNGSMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	SRAMSMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	TSCSMEN	LL_AHB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
APB1ENR	CRSEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	DACEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	I2C1EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	I2C2EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	I2C3EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	LCDEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	LPTIM1EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	LPUART1EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	PWREN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	SPI2EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TIM2EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TIM3EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock

Register	Field	Function
APB1ENR	TIM3EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TIM6EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TIM7EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	USART2EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	USART4EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	USART5EN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	USBEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	WWDGEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB1_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
APB1RSTR	CRSRST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	DACRST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	I2C1RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	I2C2RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	I2C3RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	LCDRST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	LPTIM1RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	LPUART1RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	PWRRST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	SPI2RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset

Register	Field	Function
APB1RSTR	SPI2RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TIM2RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TIM3RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TIM6RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TIM7RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	USART2RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	USART4RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	USART5RST	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
APB1SMENR	CRSSMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	DACSMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	I2C1SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	I2C2SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	I2C3SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	LCDSMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	LPTIM1SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	LPUART1SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	PWRSMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	SPI2SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TIM2SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB1_GRP1_ReleaseReset

Register	Field	Function
APB1SMENR	TIM3SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	TIM6SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	TIM7SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	USART2SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	USART4SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	USART5SMEN	LL_APB1_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB1_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
APB2ENR	ADCCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	DBGCCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	FWCCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	SPI1CCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	SYSCFGCCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TIM21CCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	TIM22CCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	USART1CCEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_APB2_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
APB2RSTR	ADCRST	LL_APB2_GRP1_ForceReset

Register	Field	Function
APB2RSTR	ADCRST	LL_APB2_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	DBG_RST	LL_APB2_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB2_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	SPI1RST	LL_APB2_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB2_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	SYSCFG_RST	LL_APB2_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB2_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	TIM21RST	LL_APB2_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_APB2_GRP1_ReleaseReset
APB2SMENR	ADCSMEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	DBGSMEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	SPI1SMEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	SYSCFGSMEN	LL_APB2_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_APB2_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
IOPENR	GPIOAEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	GPIOBEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	GPIOCEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	GPIODEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
	GPIOEEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock



Register	Field	Function
IOPENR	GPIOHEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClock
		LL_IOP_GRP1_IsEnabledClock
IOPRSTR	GPIOASMEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	GPIOBSMEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	GPIOCSMEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	GPIODSMEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	GPIOESMEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset
	GPIOHSMEN	LL_IOP_GRP1_ForceReset
		LL_IOP_GRP1_ReleaseReset
IOPSMENR	GPIOARST	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	GPIOBRST	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	GPIOCRST	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	GPIODRST	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	GPIOERST	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClockSleep
	GPIOHRST	LL_IOP_GRP1_DisableClockSleep
		LL_IOP_GRP1_EnableClockSleep

## 80.3 COMP

**Table 27. Correspondence between COMP registers and COMP low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
COMP	COMP1POLARITY	LL_COMP_GetOutputPolarity
		LL_COMP_SetOutputPolarity
COMP1_CSR	COMP1EN	LL_COMP_Disable
		LL_COMP_Enable
		LL_COMP_IsEnabled
	COMP1INNSEL	LL_COMP_GetInputMinus
		LL_COMP_SetInputMinus
	COMP1LOCK	LL_COMP_IsLocked

Register	Field	Function
COMP1_CSR	COMP1LOCK	LL_COMP_Lock
	COMP1LPTIMIN1	LL_COMP_GetOutputLPTIM
		LL_COMP_SetOutputLPTIM
	COMP1VALUE	LL_COMP_ReadOutputLevel
	COMP1WM	LL_COMP_GetCommonWindowMode
		LL_COMP_SetCommonWindowMode
COMP2_CSR	COMP2EN	LL_COMP_Disable
		LL_COMP_Enable
		LL_COMP_IsEnabled
	COMP2INNSEL	LL_COMP_ConfigInputs
		LL_COMP_GetInputMinus
		LL_COMP_SetInputMinus
	COMP2INPSEL	LL_COMP_ConfigInputs
		LL_COMP_GetInputPlus
		LL_COMP_SetInputPlus
	COMP2LOCK	LL_COMP_IsLocked
		LL_COMP_Lock
	COMP2LPTIMIN1	LL_COMP_GetOutputLPTIM
		LL_COMP_SetOutputLPTIM
	COMP2LPTIMIN2	LL_COMP_GetOutputLPTIM
		LL_COMP_SetOutputLPTIM
	COMP2SPEED	LL_COMP_GetPowerMode
		LL_COMP_SetPowerMode
	COMP2VALUE	LL_COMP_ReadOutputLevel

## 80.4 CORTEX

**Table 28. Correspondence between CORTEX registers and CORTEX low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
MPU_CTRL	ENABLE	LL_MPU_Disable
		LL_MPU_Enable
		LL_MPU_IsEnabled
MPU_RASR	AP	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
	B	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
	C	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
	ENABLE	LL_MPU_DisableRegion
		LL_MPU_EnableRegion
	S	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
	SIZE	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
	XN	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
MPU_RBAR	ADDR	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion

Register	Field	Function
MPU_RBAR	REGION	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
MPU_RNR	REGION	LL_MPU_ConfigRegion
		LL_MPU_DisableRegion
SCB_CPUID	ARCHITECTURE	LL_CPUID_GetArchitecture
	IMPLEMENTER	LL_CPUID_GetImplementer
	PARTNO	LL_CPUID_GetParNo
	REVISION	LL_CPUID_GetRevision
	VARIANT	LL_CPUID_GetVariant
SCB_SCR	SEVEONPEND	LL_LPM_DisableEventOnPend
		LL_LPM_EnableEventOnPend
	SLEEPDEEP	LL_LPM_EnableDeepSleep
		LL_LPM_EnableSleep
	SLEEPONEXIT	LL_LPM_DisableSleepOnExit
		LL_LPM_EnableSleepOnExit
STK_CTRL	CLKSOURCE	LL_SYSTICK_GetClkSource
		LL_SYSTICK_SetClkSource
	COUNTFLAG	LL_SYSTICK_IsActiveCounterFlag
	TICKINT	LL_SYSTICK_DisableIT
		LL_SYSTICK_EnableIT
		LL_SYSTICK_IsEnabledIT

## 80.5 CRC

**Table 29. Correspondence between CRC registers and CRC low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR	POLYSIZE	LL_CRC_GetPolynomialSize
		LL_CRC_SetPolynomialSize
	RESET	LL_CRC_ResetCRCCalculationUnit
	REV_IN	LL_CRC_GetInputDataReverseMode
		LL_CRC_SetInputDataReverseMode
	REV_OUT	LL_CRC_GetOutputDataReverseMode
		LL_CRC_SetOutputDataReverseMode
DR	DR	LL_CRC_FeedData16
		LL_CRC_FeedData32
		LL_CRC_FeedData8
		LL_CRC_ReadData16
		LL_CRC_ReadData32
		LL_CRC_ReadData7
		LL_CRC_ReadData8
IDR	IDR	LL_CRC_Read_IDR
		LL_CRC_Write_IDR

Register	Field	Function
INIT	INIT	LL_CRS_GetInitialData
		LL_CRS_SetInitialData
POL	POL	LL_CRS_GetPolynomialCoef
		LL_CRS_SetPolynomialCoef

## 80.6 CRS

**Table 30. Correspondence between CRS registers and CRS low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CFGR	FELIM	LL_CRS_ConfigSynchronization
		LL_CRS_GetFreqErrorLimit
		LL_CRS_SetFreqErrorLimit
	RELOAD	LL_CRS_ConfigSynchronization
		LL_CRS_GetReloadCounter
		LL_CRS_SetReloadCounter
	SYNCDIV	LL_CRS_ConfigSynchronization
		LL_CRS_GetSyncDivider
		LL_CRS_SetSyncDivider
	SYNCPOL	LL_CRS_ConfigSynchronization
		LL_CRS_GetSyncPolarity
		LL_CRS_SetSyncPolarity
CR	AUTOTRIMEN	LL_CRS_ConfigSynchronization
		LL_CRS_GetSyncSignalSource
		LL_CRS_SetSyncSignalSource
	CEN	LL_CRS_DisableAutoTrimming
		LL_CRS_EnableAutoTrimming
		LL_CRS_IsEnabledAutoTrimming
	ERRIE	LL_CRS_DisableFreqErrorCounter
		LL_CRS_EnableFreqErrorCounter
		LL_CRS_IsEnabledFreqErrorCounter
	ESYNCE	LL_CRS_DisableIT_ERR
		LL_CRS_EnableIT_ERR
		LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_ERR
	SWSYNC	LL_CRS_DisableIT_ESYNC
		LL_CRS_EnableIT_ESYNC
		LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_ESYNC
	SYNCOKIE	LL_CRS_GenerateEvent_SWSYNC
		LL_CRS_DisableIT_SYNCOK
		LL_CRS_EnableIT_SYNCOK
	SYNCWARNIE	LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_SYNCOK
		LL_CRS_DisableIT_SYNCWARN

Register	Field	Function
CR	SYNCWARNIE	LL_CRS_EnableIT_SYNCWARN
		LL_CRS_IsEnabledIT_SYNCWARN
	TRIM	LL_CRS_ConfigSynchronization
		LL_CRS_GetHSI48SmoothTrimming
		LL_CRS_SetHSI48SmoothTrimming
ICR	ERRC	LL_CRS_ClearFlag_ERR
	ESYNCC	LL_CRS_ClearFlag_ESYNC
	SYNCOKC	LL_CRS_ClearFlag_SYNCOK
	SYNCWARNC	LL_CRS_ClearFlag_SYNCWARN
ISR	ERRF	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_ERR
	ESYNCF	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_ESYNC
	FECAP	LL_CRS_GetFreqErrorCapture
	FEDIR	LL_CRS_GetFreqErrorDirection
	SYNCERR	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCERR
	SYNCMISS	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCMISS
	SYNCOKF	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCOK
	SYNCWARNF	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_SYNCWARN
	TRIMOVF	LL_CRS_IsActiveFlag_TRIMOVF

## 80.7 DAC

**Table 31. Correspondence between DAC registers and DAC low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR	BOFF1	LL_DAC_GetOutputBuffer
		LL_DAC_SetOutputBuffer
	BOFF2	LL_DAC_GetOutputBuffer
		LL_DAC_SetOutputBuffer
	DMAEN1	LL_DAC_DisableDMAReq
		LL_DAC_EnableDMAReq
		LL_DAC_IsDMAReqEnabled
	DMAEN2	LL_DAC_DisableDMAReq
		LL_DAC_EnableDMAReq
		LL_DAC_IsDMAReqEnabled
	DMAUDRIE1	LL_DAC_DisableIT_DMAUDR1
		LL_DAC_EnableIT_DMAUDR1
		LL_DAC_IsEnabledIT_DMAUDR1
	DMAUDRIE2	LL_DAC_DisableIT_DMAUDR2
		LL_DAC_EnableIT_DMAUDR2
		LL_DAC_IsEnabledIT_DMAUDR2
	EN1	LL_DAC_Disable
		LL_DAC_Enable

Register	Field	Function
CR	EN1	LL_DAC_IsEnabled
	EN2	LL_DAC_Disable
		LL_DAC_Enable
		LL_DAC_IsEnabled
	MAMP1	LL_DAC_GetWaveNoiseLFSR
		LL_DAC_GetWaveTriangleAmplitude
		LL_DAC_SetWaveNoiseLFSR
		LL_DAC_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude
	MAMP2	LL_DAC_GetWaveNoiseLFSR
		LL_DAC_GetWaveTriangleAmplitude
		LL_DAC_SetWaveNoiseLFSR
		LL_DAC_SetWaveTriangleAmplitude
	TEN1	LL_DAC_DisableTrigger
		LL_DAC_EnableTrigger
		LL_DAC_IsTriggerEnabled
	TEN2	LL_DAC_DisableTrigger
		LL_DAC_EnableTrigger
		LL_DAC_IsTriggerEnabled
	TSEL1	LL_DAC_GetTriggerSource
		LL_DAC_SetTriggerSource
	TSEL2	LL_DAC_GetTriggerSource
		LL_DAC_SetTriggerSource
	WAVE1	LL_DAC_GetWaveAutoGeneration
		LL_DAC_SetWaveAutoGeneration
	WAVE2	LL_DAC_GetWaveAutoGeneration
		LL_DAC_SetWaveAutoGeneration
DHR12L1	DACC1DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertData12LeftAligned
		LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr
DHR12L2	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertData12LeftAligned
		LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr
DHR12LD	DACC1DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertDualData12LeftAligned
	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertDualData12LeftAligned
DHR12R1	DACC1DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertData12RightAligned
		LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr
DHR12R2	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertData12RightAligned
		LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr
DHR12RD	DACC1DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertDualData12RightAligned
	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertDualData12RightAligned
DHR8R1	DACC1DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertData8RightAligned
		LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr
DHR8R2	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertData8RightAligned

Register	Field	Function
DHR8R2	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_DMA_GetRegAddr
DHR8RD	DACC1DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertDualData8RightAligned
	DACC2DHR	LL_DAC_ConvertDualData8RightAligned
DOR1	DACC1DOR	LL_DAC_RetrieveOutputData
DOR2	DACC2DOR	LL_DAC_RetrieveOutputData
SR	DMAUDR1	LL_DAC_ClearFlag_DMAUDR1
		LL_DAC_IsActiveFlag_DMAUDR1
	DMAUDR2	LL_DAC_ClearFlag_DMAUDR2
		LL_DAC_IsActiveFlag_DMAUDR2
SWTRIGR	SWTRIG1	LL_DAC_TrigSWConversion
	SWTRIG2	LL_DAC_TrigSWConversion

## 80.8 DMA

**Table 32. Correspondence between DMA registers and DMA low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CCR	CIRC	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetMode
		LL_DMA_SetMode
	DIR	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetDataTransferDirection
		LL_DMA_SetDataTransferDirection
	EN	LL_DMA_DisableChannel
		LL_DMA_EnableChannel
		LL_DMA_IsEnabledChannel
	HTIE	LL_DMA_DisableIT_HT
		LL_DMA_EnableIT_HT
		LL_DMA_IsEnabledIT_HT
	MEM2MEM	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetDataTransferDirection
		LL_DMA_SetDataTransferDirection
	MINC	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetMemoryIncMode
		LL_DMA_SetMemoryIncMode
	MSIZE	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetMemorySize
		LL_DMA_SetMemorySize
	PINC	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetPeriphIncMode
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphIncMode
	PL	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer

Register	Field	Function
CCR	PL	LL_DMA_GetChannelPriorityLevel
		LL_DMA_SetChannelPriorityLevel
	PSIZE	LL_DMA_ConfigTransfer
		LL_DMA_GetPeriphSize
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphSize
	TCIE	LL_DMA_DisableIT_TC
		LL_DMA_EnableIT_TC
		LL_DMA_IsEnabledIT_TC
	TEIE	LL_DMA_DisableIT_TE
		LL_DMA_EnableIT_TE
		LL_DMA_IsEnabledIT_TE
CMAR	MA	LL_DMA_ConfigAddresses
		LL_DMA_GetM2MDstAddress
		LL_DMA_GetMemoryAddress
		LL_DMA_SetM2MDstAddress
		LL_DMA_SetMemoryAddress
CNDTR	NDT	LL_DMA_GetDataLength
		LL_DMA_SetDataLength
CPAR	PA	LL_DMA_ConfigAddresses
		LL_DMA_GetM2MSrcAddress
		LL_DMA_GetPeriphAddress
		LL_DMA_SetM2MSrcAddress
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphAddress
CSELR	C1S	LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest
	C2S	LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest
	C3S	LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest
	C4S	LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest
	C5S	LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest
	C6S	LL_DMA_GetPeriphRequest
		LL_DMA_SetPeriphRequest
IFCR	CGIF1	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI1
	CGIF2	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI2
	CGIF3	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI3
	CGIF4	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI4



Register	Field	Function
IFCR	CGIF5	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI5
	CGIF6	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI6
	CGIF7	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_GI7
	CHTIF1	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT1
	CHTIF2	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT2
	CHTIF3	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT3
	CHTIF4	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT4
	CHTIF5	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT5
	CHTIF6	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT6
	CHTIF7	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_HT7
	CTCIF1	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC1
	CTCIF2	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC2
	CTCIF3	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC3
	CTCIF4	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC4
	CTCIF5	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC5
	CTCIF6	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC6
	CTCIF7	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TC7
	CTEIF1	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE1
	CTEIF2	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE2
	CTEIF3	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE3
	CTEIF4	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE4
	CTEIF5	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE5
	CTEIF6	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE6
	CTEIF7	LL_DMA_ClearFlag_TE7
ISR	GIF1	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI1
	GIF2	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI2
	GIF3	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI3
	GIF4	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI4
	GIF5	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI5
	GIF6	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI6
	GIF7	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_GI7
	HTIF1	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT1
	HTIF2	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT2
	HTIF3	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT3
	HTIF4	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT4
	HTIF5	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT5
	HTIF6	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT6
	HTIF7	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_HT7
	TCIF1	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC1
	TCIF2	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC2
	TCIF3	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC3

Register	Field	Function
ISR	TCIF4	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC4
	TCIF5	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC5
	TCIF6	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC6
	TCIF7	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TC7
	TEIF1	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE1
	TEIF2	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE2
	TEIF3	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE3
	TEIF4	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE4
	TEIF5	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE5
	TEIF6	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE6
	TEIF7	LL_DMA_IsActiveFlag_TE7

## 80.9 EXTI

**Table 33. Correspondence between EXTI registers and EXTI low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
EMR	EMx	LL_EXTI_DisableEvent_0_31
		LL_EXTI_EnableEvent_0_31
		LL_EXTI_IsEnabledEvent_0_31
FTSR	FTx	LL_EXTI_DisableFallingTrig_0_31
		LL_EXTI_EnableFallingTrig_0_31
		LL_EXTI_IsEnabledFallingTrig_0_31
IMR	IMx	LL_EXTI_DisableIT_0_31
		LL_EXTI_EnableIT_0_31
		LL_EXTI_IsEnabledIT_0_31
PR	PIFx	LL_EXTI_ClearFlag_0_31
		LL_EXTI_IsActiveFlag_0_31
		LL_EXTI_ReadFlag_0_31
RTSR	RTx	LL_EXTI_DisableRisingTrig_0_31
		LL_EXTI_EnableRisingTrig_0_31
		LL_EXTI_IsEnabledRisingTrig_0_31
SWIER	SWIx	LL_EXTI_GenerateSWI_0_31

## 80.10 GPIO

**Table 34. Correspondence between GPIO registers and GPIO low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
AFRH	AFSELy	LL_GPIO_GetAFPin_8_15
		LL_GPIO_SetAFPin_8_15
AFRL	AFSELy	LL_GPIO_GetAFPin_0_7
		LL_GPIO_SetAFPin_0_7

Register	Field	Function
BRR	BRy	LL_GPIO_ResetOutputPin
BSRR	BSy	LL_GPIO_SetOutputPin
IDR	IDy	LL_GPIO_IsInputPinSet
		LL_GPIO_ReadInputPort
LCKR	LCKK	LL_GPIO_IsAnyPinLocked
	LCKy	LL_GPIO_LockPin
MODER	MODEy	LL_GPIO_IsPinLocked
		LL_GPIO_GetPinMode
ODR	ODy	LL_GPIO_SetPinMode
		LL_GPIO_IsOutputPinSet
		LL_GPIO_ReadOutputPort
		LL_GPIO_TogglePin
OSPEEDR	OSPEEDy	LL_GPIO_WriteOutputPort
		LL_GPIO_GetPinSpeed
OTYPER	OTy	LL_GPIO_SetPinSpeed
		LL_GPIO_GetPinOutputType
PUPDR	PUPDy	LL_GPIO_SetPinOutputType
		LL_GPIO_GetPinPull
		LL_GPIO_SetPinPull

## 80.11

## I2C

**Table 35. Correspondence between I2C registers and I2C low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR1	ADDRIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_ADDR
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_ADDR
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_ADDR
	ALERTEN	LL_I2C_DisableSMBusAlert
		LL_I2C_EnableSMBusAlert
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusAlert
	ANFOFF	LL_I2C_ConfigFilters
		LL_I2C_DisableAnalogFilter
		LL_I2C_EnableAnalogFilter
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledAnalogFilter
	DNF	LL_I2C_ConfigFilters
		LL_I2C_GetDigitalFilter
		LL_I2C_SetDigitalFilter
	ERRIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_ERR
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_ERR
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_ERR
	GCEN	LL_I2C_DisableGeneralCall

Register	Field	Function
CR1	GCEN	LL_I2C_EnableGeneralCall
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledGeneralCall
	NACKIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_NACK
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_NACK
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_NACK
	NOSTRETCH	LL_I2C_DisableClockStretching
		LL_I2C_EnableClockStretching
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledClockStretching
	PE	LL_I2C_Disable
		LL_I2C_Enable
		LL_I2C_IsEnabled
	PECEN	LL_I2C_DisableSMBusPEC
		LL_I2C_EnableSMBusPEC
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusPEC
	RXDMAEN	LL_I2C_DisableDMAReq_RX
		LL_I2C_EnableDMAReq_RX
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX
	RXIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_RX
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_RX
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_RX
	SBC	LL_I2C_DisableSlaveByteControl
		LL_I2C_EnableSlaveByteControl
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledSlaveByteControl
	SMBDEN	LL_I2C_GetMode
		LL_I2C_SetMode
	SMBHEN	LL_I2C_GetMode
		LL_I2C_SetMode
	STOPIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_STOP
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_STOP
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_STOP
	TCIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_TC
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_TC
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_TC
	TXDMAEN	LL_I2C_DisableDMAReq_TX
		LL_I2C_EnableDMAReq_TX
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledDMAReq_TX
	TXIE	LL_I2C_DisableIT_TX
		LL_I2C_EnableIT_TX
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledIT_TX
	WUPEN	LL_I2C_DisableWakeUpFromStop
		LL_I2C_EnableWakeUpFromStop

Register	Field	Function
CR1	WUPEN	LL_I2C_IsEnabledWakeUpFromStop
CR2	ADD10	LL_I2C_GetMasterAddressingMode
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_SetMasterAddressingMode
	AUTOEND	LL_I2C_DisableAutoEndMode
		LL_I2C_EnableAutoEndMode
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledAutoEndMode
	HEAD10R	LL_I2C_DisableAuto10BitRead
		LL_I2C_EnableAuto10BitRead
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledAuto10BitRead
	NACK	LL_I2C_AcknowledgeNextData
	NBYTES	LL_I2C_GetTransferSize
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_SetTransferSize
	PECBYTE	LL_I2C_EnableSMBusPECCCompare
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusPECCCompare
	RD_WRN	LL_I2C_GetTransferRequest
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_SetTransferRequest
	RELOAD	LL_I2C_DisableReloadMode
		LL_I2C_EnableReloadMode
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledReloadMode
	SADD	LL_I2C_GetSlaveAddr
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
		LL_I2C_SetSlaveAddr
	START	LL_I2C_GenerateStartCondition
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
	STOP	LL_I2C_GenerateStopCondition
		LL_I2C_HandleTransfer
ICR	ADDRCF	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_ADDR
	ALERTCF	LL_I2C_ClearSMBusFlag_ALERT
	ARLOCF	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_ARLO
	BERRCF	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_BERR
	NACKCF	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_NACK
	OVRCF	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_OVR
	PECCF	LL_I2C_ClearSMBusFlag_PECERR
	STOPCF	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_STOP
	TIMOUTCF	LL_I2C_ClearSMBusFlag_TIMEOUT

Register	Field	Function
ISR	ADDCODE	LL_I2C_GetAddressMatchCode
	ADDR	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_ADDR
	ALERT	LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_ALERT
	ARLO	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_ARLO
	BERR	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_BERR
	BUSY	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_BUSY
	DIR	LL_I2C_GetTransferDirection
	NACKF	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_NACK
	OVR	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_OVR
	PECERR	LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_PECERR
	RXNE	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_RXNE
	STOPF	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_STOP
	TC	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_TC
	TCR	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_TCR
	TIMEOUT	LL_I2C_IsActiveSMBusFlag_TIMEOUT
	TXE	LL_I2C_ClearFlag_TXE
		LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_TXE
	TXIS	LL_I2C_IsActiveFlag_TXIS
OAR1	OA1	LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress1
	OA1EN	LL_I2C_DisableOwnAddress1
		LL_I2C_EnableOwnAddress1
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledOwnAddress1
	OA1MODE	LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress1
OAR2	OA2	LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress2
	OA2EN	LL_I2C_DisableOwnAddress2
		LL_I2C_EnableOwnAddress2
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledOwnAddress2
	OA2MSK	LL_I2C_SetOwnAddress2
PECR	PEC	LL_I2C_GetSMBusPEC
RXDR	RXDATA	LL_I2C_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_I2C_ReceiveData8
TIMEOUTR	TEXTEN	LL_I2C_DisableSMBusTimeout
		LL_I2C_EnableSMBusTimeout
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusTimeout
	TIDLE	LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout
		LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutAMode
		LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutAMode
	TIMEOUTA	LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout
		LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutA
		LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutA
	TIMEOUTB	LL_I2C_ConfigSMBusTimeout

Register	Field	Function
TIMEOUTR	TIMEOUTB	LL_I2C_GetSMBusTimeoutB
		LL_I2C_SetSMBusTimeoutB
	TIMOUTEN	LL_I2C_DisableSMBusTimeout
		LL_I2C_EnableSMBusTimeout
		LL_I2C_IsEnabledSMBusTimeout
TIMINGR	PRESC	LL_I2C_GetTimingPrescaler
	SCLDEL	LL_I2C_GetDataSetupTime
	SCLH	LL_I2C_GetClockHighPeriod
	SCLL	LL_I2C_GetClockLowPeriod
	SDADEL	LL_I2C_GetDataHoldTime
	TIMINGR	LL_I2C_SetTiming
TXDR	TXDATA	LL_I2C_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_I2C_TransmitData8

## 80.12 I2S

**Table 36. Correspondence between I2S registers and I2S low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR2	ERRIE	LL_I2S_DisableIT_ERR
		LL_I2S_EnableIT_ERR
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledIT_ERR
	RXDMAEN	LL_I2S_DisableDMAReq_RX
		LL_I2S_EnableDMAReq_RX
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX
	RXNEIE	LL_I2S_DisableIT_RXNE
		LL_I2S_EnableIT_RXNE
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledIT_RXNE
	TXDMAEN	LL_I2S_DisableDMAReq_TX
		LL_I2S_EnableDMAReq_TX
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledDMAReq_TX
	TXEIE	LL_I2S_DisableIT_TXE
		LL_I2S_EnableIT_TXE
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledIT_TXE
DR	DR	LL_I2S_ReceiveData16
		LL_I2S_TransmitData16
I2SCFGR	ASTRTEN	LL_I2S_DisableAsyncStart
		LL_I2S_EnableAsyncStart
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledAsyncStart
	CHLEN	LL_I2S_GetDataFormat
		LL_I2S_SetDataFormat
	CKPOL	LL_I2S_GetClockPolarity

Register	Field	Function
I2SCFGR	CKPOL	LL_I2S_SetClockPolarity
	DATLEN	LL_I2S_GetDataFormat
		LL_I2S_SetDataFormat
	I2SCFG	LL_I2S_GetTransferMode
		LL_I2S_SetTransferMode
	I2SE	LL_I2S_Disable
		LL_I2S_Enable
		LL_I2S_IsEnabled
	I2SMOD	LL_I2S_Enable
	I2SSTD	LL_I2S_GetStandard
		LL_I2S_SetStandard
	PCMSYNC	LL_I2S_GetStandard
		LL_I2S_SetStandard
I2SPR	I2SDIV	LL_I2S_GetPrescalerLinear
		LL_I2S_SetPrescalerLinear
	MCKOE	LL_I2S_DisableMasterClock
		LL_I2S_EnableMasterClock
		LL_I2S_IsEnabledMasterClock
	ODD	LL_I2S_GetPrescalerParity
		LL_I2S_SetPrescalerParity
SR	BSY	LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_BSY
	CHSIDE	LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_CHSIDE
	FRE	LL_I2S_ClearFlag_FRE
		LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_FRE
	OVR	LL_I2S_ClearFlag_OVR
		LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_OVR
	RXNE	LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_RXNE
	TXE	LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_TXE
		LL_I2S_ClearFlag_UDR
	UDR	LL_I2S_IsActiveFlag_UDR

## 80.13 IWDG

**Table 37. Correspondence between IWDG registers and IWDG low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
KR	KEY	LL_IWDG_DisableWriteAccess
		LL_IWDG_Enable
		LL_IWDG_EnableWriteAccess
		LL_IWDG_ReloadCounter
PR	PR	LL_IWDG_GetPrescaler
		LL_IWDG_SetPrescaler



Register	Field	Function
RLR	RL	LL_IWDG_GetReloadCounter
		LL_IWDG_SetReloadCounter
SR	PVU	LL_IWDG_IsActiveFlag_PVU
		LL_IWDG_IsReady
	RVU	LL_IWDG_IsActiveFlag_RVU
		LL_IWDG_IsReady
	WVU	LL_IWDG_IsActiveFlag_WVU
		LL_IWDG_IsReady
WINR	WIN	LL_IWDG_GetWindow
		LL_IWDG_SetWindow

## 80.14 LPTIM

**Table 38. Correspondence between LPTIM registers and LPTIM low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
ARR	ARR	LL_LPTIM_GetAutoReload
		LL_LPTIM_SetAutoReload
CFGR	CKFLT	LL_LPTIM_ConfigClock
		LL_LPTIM_GetClockFilter
	CKPOL	LL_LPTIM_ConfigClock
		LL_LPTIM_GetClockPolarity
		LL_LPTIM_GetEncoderMode
		LL_LPTIM_SetEncoderMode
	CKSEL	LL_LPTIM_GetClockSource
		LL_LPTIM_SetClockSource
	COUNTMODE	LL_LPTIM_GetCounterMode
		LL_LPTIM_SetCounterMode
	ENC	LL_LPTIM_DisableEncoderMode
		LL_LPTIM_EnableEncoderMode
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledEncoderMode
	PRELOAD	LL_LPTIM_GetUpdateMode
		LL_LPTIM_SetUpdateMode
	PRESC	LL_LPTIM_GetPrescaler
		LL_LPTIM_SetPrescaler
	TIMOUT	LL_LPTIM_DisableTimeout
		LL_LPTIM_EnableTimeout
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledTimeout
	TRGFLT	LL_LPTIM_ConfigTrigger
		LL_LPTIM_GetTriggerFilter
	TRIGEN	LL_LPTIM_ConfigTrigger
		LL_LPTIM_GetTriggerPolarity

Register	Field	Function
CFGR	TRIGEN	LL_LPTIM_TrigSw
	TRIGSEL	LL_LPTIM_ConfigTrigger
		LL_LPTIM_GetTriggerSource
	WAVE	LL_LPTIM_ConfigOutput
		LL_LPTIM_GetWaveform
		LL_LPTIM_SetWaveform
	WAVPOL	LL_LPTIM_ConfigOutput
		LL_LPTIM_GetPolarity
		LL_LPTIM_SetPolarity
CMP	CMP	LL_LPTIM_GetCompare
		LL_LPTIM_SetCompare
CNT	CNT	LL_LPTIM_GetCounter
CR	CNTSTRT	LL_LPTIM_StartCounter
	ENABLE	LL_LPTIM_Disable
		LL_LPTIM_Enable
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabled
	SNGSTRT	LL_LPTIM_StartCounter
ICR	ARRMCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFLAG_ARRM
	ARROKCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_ARROK
	CMPMCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFLAG_CMPM
	CMPOKCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_CMPOK
	DOWNCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_DOWN
	EXTTRIGCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_EXTTRIG
	UPCF	LL_LPTIM_ClearFlag_UP
IER	ARRMIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_ARRM
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_ARRM
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_ARRM
	ARROKIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_ARROK
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_ARROK
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_ARROK
	CMPMIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_CMPM
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_CMPM
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_CMPM
	CMPOKIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_CMPOK
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_CMPOK
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_CMPOK
	DOWNIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_DOWN
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_DOWN
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_DOWN
	EXTTRIGIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_EXTTRIG
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_EXTTRIG

Register	Field	Function
IER	EXTTRIGIE	LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_EXTTRIG
	UPIE	LL_LPTIM_DisableIT_UP
		LL_LPTIM_EnableIT_UP
		LL_LPTIM_IsEnabledIT_UP
ISR	ARRM	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_ARRM
	ARROK	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_ARROK
	CMPM	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_CMPM
	CMPOK	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_CMPOK
	DOWN	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_DOWN
	EXTTRIG	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_EXTTRIG
	UP	LL_LPTIM_IsActiveFlag_UP

## 80.15 LPUART

**Table 39. Correspondence between LPUART registers and LPUART low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
BRR	BRR	LL_LPUART_GetBaudRate
		LL_LPUART_SetBaudRate
CR1	CMIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_CM
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_CM
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_CM
	DEAT	LL_LPUART_GetDEAssertionTime
		LL_LPUART_SetDEAssertionTime
	DEDT	LL_LPUART_GetDEDeassertionTime
		LL_LPUART_SetDEDeassertionTime
	IDLEIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_IDLE
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_IDLE
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_IDLE
	M	LL_LPUART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_LPUART_GetDataWidth
		LL_LPUART_SetDataWidth
	MME	LL_LPUART_DisableMuteMode
		LL_LPUART_EnableMuteMode
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledMuteMode
	PCE	LL_LPUART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_LPUART_GetParity
		LL_LPUART_SetParity
	PEIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_PE
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_PE
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_PE
	PS	LL_LPUART_ConfigCharacter

Register	Field	Function
CR1	PS	LL_LPUART_GetParity
		LL_LPUART_SetParity
	RE	LL_LPUART_DisableDirectionRx
		LL_LPUART_EnableDirectionRx
		LL_LPUART_GetTransferDirection
		LL_LPUART_SetTransferDirection
	RXNEIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_RXNE
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_RXNE
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_RXNE
	TCIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_TC
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_TC
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_TC
	TE	LL_LPUART_DisableDirectionTx
		LL_LPUART_EnableDirectionTx
		LL_LPUART_GetTransferDirection
		LL_LPUART_SetTransferDirection
	TXEIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_TXE
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_TXE
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_TXE
	UE	LL_LPUART_Disable
		LL_LPUART_Enable
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabled
	UESM	LL_LPUART_DisableInStopMode
		LL_LPUART_EnableInStopMode
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledInStopMode
	WAKE	LL_LPUART_GetWakeUpMethod
		LL_LPUART_SetWakeUpMethod
CR2	ADD	LL_LPUART_ConfigNodeAddress
		LL_LPUART_GetNodeAddress
	ADDM7	LL_LPUART_ConfigNodeAddress
		LL_LPUART_GetNodeAddressLen
	DATAINV	LL_LPUART_GetBinaryDataLogic
		LL_LPUART_SetBinaryDataLogic
	MSBFIRST	LL_LPUART_GetTransferBitOrder
		LL_LPUART_SetTransferBitOrder
	RXINV	LL_LPUART_GetRXPinLevel
		LL_LPUART_SetRXPinLevel
	STOP	LL_LPUART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_LPUART_GetStopBitsLength
		LL_LPUART_SetStopBitsLength
	SWAP	LL_LPUART_GetTXRXSwap

Register	Field	Function
CR2	SWAP	LL_LPUART_SetTXRXSwap
	TXINV	LL_LPUART_GetTXPinLevel
		LL_LPUART_SetTXPinLevel
CR3	CTSE	LL_LPUART_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_LPUART_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_LPUART_GetHWFlowCtrl
		LL_LPUART_SetHWFlowCtrl
	CTSIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_CTS
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_CTS
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_CTS
	DDRE	LL_LPUART_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr
		LL_LPUART_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr
	DEM	LL_LPUART_DisableDEMode
		LL_LPUART_EnableDEMode
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDEMode
	DEP	LL_LPUART_GetDESignalPolarity
		LL_LPUART_SetDESignalPolarity
	DMAR	LL_LPUART_DisableDMAReq_RX
		LL_LPUART_EnableDMAReq_RX
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX
	DMAT	LL_LPUART_DisableDMAReq_TX
		LL_LPUART_EnableDMAReq_TX
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledDMAReq_TX
	EIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_ERROR
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_ERROR
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_ERROR
	HDSEL	LL_LPUART_DisableHalfDuplex
		LL_LPUART_EnableHalfDuplex
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledHalfDuplex
	OVRDIS	LL_LPUART_DisableOverrunDetect
		LL_LPUART_EnableOverrunDetect
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledOverrunDetect
	RTSE	LL_LPUART_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_LPUART_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_LPUART_GetHWFlowCtrl
		LL_LPUART_SetHWFlowCtrl
	WUFIE	LL_LPUART_DisableIT_WKUP
		LL_LPUART_EnableIT_WKUP
		LL_LPUART_IsEnabledIT_WKUP
	WUS	LL_LPUART_GetWKUPType

Register	Field	Function
CR3	WUS	LL_LPUART_SetWKUPType
ICR	CMCF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_CM
	CTSCF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_nCTS
	FECF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_FE
	IDLECF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_IDLE
	NCF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_NE
	ORECF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_ORE
	PECF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_PE
	TCCF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_TC
	WUCF	LL_LPUART_ClearFlag_WKUP
ISR	BUSY	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_BUSY
	CMF	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_CM
	CTS	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_CTS
	CTSIF	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_nCTS
	FE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_FE
	IDLE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_IDLE
	NE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_NE
	ORE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_ORE
	PE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_PE
	REACK	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_REACK
	RWU	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_RWU
	RXNE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_RXNE
	SBKF	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_SBK
	TC	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_TC
	TEACK	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_TEACK
	TXE	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_TXE
	WUF	LL_LPUART_IsActiveFlag_WKUP
RDR	RDR	LL_LPUART_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_LPUART_ReceiveData8
		LL_LPUART_ReceiveData9
RQR	MMRQ	LL_LPUART_RequestEnterMuteMode
	RXFRQ	LL_LPUART_RequestRxDataFlush
	SBKRQ	LL_LPUART_RequestBreakSending
TDR	TDR	LL_LPUART_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_LPUART_TransmitData8
		LL_LPUART_TransmitData9

**80.16 PWR**
**Table 40. Correspondence between PWR registers and PWR low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR	CSBF	LL_PWR_ClearFlag_SB
	CWUF	LL_PWR_ClearFlag_WU
	DBP	LL_PWR_DisableBkUpAccess
		LL_PWR_EnableBkUpAccess
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledBkUpAccess
	DS_EE_KOFF	LL_PWR_DisableNVMMKeptOff
		LL_PWR_EnableNVMMKeptOff
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledNVMMKeptOff
	FWU	LL_PWR_DisableFastWakeUp
		LL_PWR_EnableFastWakeUp
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledFastWakeUp
	LPRUN	LL_PWR_DisableLowPowerRunMode
		LL_PWR_EnableLowPowerRunMode
		LL_PWR_EnterLowPowerRunMode
		LL_PWR_ExitLowPowerRunMode
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledLowPowerRunMode
	LPSSDR	LL_PWR_EnterLowPowerRunMode
		LL_PWR_ExitLowPowerRunMode
		LL_PWR_GetRegulModelLP
		LL_PWR_SetRegulModelLP
	PDDS	LL_PWR_GetPowerMode
		LL_PWR_SetPowerMode
	PLS	LL_PWR_GetPVDLevel
		LL_PWR_SetPVDLevel
	PVDE	LL_PWR_DisablePVD
		LL_PWR_EnablePVD
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledPVD
	ULP	LL_PWR_DisableUltraLowPower
		LL_PWR_EnableUltraLowPower
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledUltraLowPower
	VOS	LL_PWR_GetRegulVoltageScaling
		LL_PWR_SetRegulVoltageScaling
CSR	EWUP1	LL_PWR_DisableWakeUpPin
		LL_PWR_EnableWakeUpPin
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledWakeUpPin
	EWUP2	LL_PWR_DisableWakeUpPin
		LL_PWR_EnableWakeUpPin
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledWakeUpPin

Register	Field	Function
CSR	EWUP3	LL_PWR_DisableWakeUpPin
		LL_PWR_EnableWakeUpPin
		LL_PWR_IsEnabledWakeUpPin
	PVDO	LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_PVDO
	REGLPF	LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_REGLPF
	SBF	LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_SBF
	VOSF	LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_VOSF
	VREFINTRDYF	LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_VREFINTRDY
	WUF	LL_PWR_IsActiveFlag_WU

## 80.17 RCC

**Table 41. Correspondence between RCC registers and RCC low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CCIPR	CLK48SEL	LL_RCC_GetRNGClockSource
		LL_RCC_GetUSBClockSource
	HSI48SEL	LL_RCC_SetRNGClockSource
		LL_RCC_SetUSBClockSource
	I2CxSEL	LL_RCC_GetI2CClockSource
		LL_RCC_SetI2CClockSource
	LPTIMxSEL	LL_RCC_GetLPTIMClockSource
		LL_RCC_SetLPTIMClockSource
	LPUART1SEL	LL_RCC_GetLPUARTClockSource
		LL_RCC_SetLPUARTClockSource
	USARTxSEL	LL_RCC_GetUSARTClockSource
		LL_RCC_SetUSARTClockSource
CFGR	HPRE	LL_RCC_GetAHBPrescaler
		LL_RCC_SetAHBPrescaler
	MCOPRE	LL_RCC_ConfigMCO
	MCOSSEL	LL_RCC_ConfigMCO
	PLLDIV	LL_RCC_PLL_ConfigDomain_SYS
		LL_RCC_PLL_GetDivider
	PLLMUL	LL_RCC_PLL_ConfigDomain_SYS
		LL_RCC_PLL_GetMultiplier
	PLLSRC	LL_RCC_PLL_ConfigDomain_SYS
		LL_RCC_PLL_GetMainSource
	PPRE1	LL_RCC_GetAPB1Prescaler
		LL_RCC_SetAPB1Prescaler
	PPRE2	LL_RCC_GetAPB2Prescaler
		LL_RCC_SetAPB2Prescaler
	STOPWUCK	LL_RCC_GetClkAfterWakeFromStop



Register	Field	Function
CFGR	STOPWUCK	LL_RCC_SetClkAfterWakeFromStop
	SW	LL_RCC_SetSysClkSource
	SWS	LL_RCC_GetSysClkSource
CICR	CSSC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_HSECSS
	HSERDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_HSERDY
	HSI48RDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_HSI48RDY
	HSIRDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_HSIRDY
	LSECSSC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_LSECSS
	LSERDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_LSERDY
	LSIRDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_LSIRDY
	MSIRDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_MSIRDY
	PLLRDYC	LL_RCC_ClearFlag_PLLRDY
	HSERDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_HSERDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_HSERDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_HSERDY
CIER	HSI48RDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_HSI48RDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_HSI48RDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_HSI48RDY
	HSIRDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_HSIRDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_HSIRDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_HSIRDY
	LSECSSIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_LSECSS
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_LSECSS
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_LSECSS
	LSERDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_LSERDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_LSERDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_LSERDY
	LSIRDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_LSIRDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_LSIRDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_LSIRDY
	MSIRDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_MSIRDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_MSIRDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_MSIRDY
	PLLRDYIE	LL_RCC_DisableIT_PLLRDY
		LL_RCC_EnableIT_PLLRDY
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledIT_PLLRDY
CIFR	CSSF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSECSS
	HSERDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSERDY
	HSI48RDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSI48RDY
	HSIRDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSIRDY
	LSECSSF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSECSS

Register	Field	Function
CIFR	LSERDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSERDY
	LSIRDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LSIRDY
	MSIRDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_MSIRDY
	PLLRDYF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_PLLRDY
CR	CSSHSEON	LL_RCC_HSE_EnableCSS
	HSEBYP	LL_RCC_HSE_DisableBypass
		LL_RCC_HSE_EnableBypass
	HSEON	LL_RCC_HSE_Disable
		LL_RCC_HSE_Enable
	HSERDY	LL_RCC_HSE_IsReady
	HSIDIVEN	LL_RCC_HSI_DisableDivider
		LL_RCC_HSI_EnableDivider
	HSIDIVF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_HSIDIV
	HSIKERON	LL_RCC_HSI_DisableInStopMode
		LL_RCC_HSI_EnableInStopMode
	HSION	LL_RCC_HSI_Disable
		LL_RCC_HSI_Enable
	HSIOUTEN	LL_RCC_HSI_DisableOutput
		LL_RCC_HSI_EnableOutput
	HSIRDY	LL_RCC_HSI_IsReady
	MSION	LL_RCC_MSI_Disable
		LL_RCC_MSI_Enable
	MSIRDY	LL_RCC_MSI_IsReady
	PLLON	LL_RCC_PLL_Disable
		LL_RCC_PLL_Enable
	PLLRDY	LL_RCC_PLL_IsReady
	RTCPRE	LL_RCC_GetRTC_HSEPrescaler
		LL_RCC_SetRTC_HSEPrescaler
CRRCR	HSI48CAL	LL_RCC_HSI48_GetCalibration
	HSI48DIV6OUTEN	LL_RCC_HSI48_DisableDivider
		LL_RCC_HSI48_EnableDivider
		LL_RCC_HSI48_IsDivided
	HSI48ON	LL_RCC_HSI48_Disable
		LL_RCC_HSI48_Enable
	HSI48RDY	LL_RCC_HSI48_IsReady
CSR	FWRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_FWRST
	IWDGRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_IWDGRST
	LPWRRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_LPWRRST
	LSEBYP	LL_RCC_LSE_DisableBypass
		LL_RCC_LSE_EnableBypass
	LSECSSD	LL_RCC_LSE_IsCSSDetected

Register	Field	Function
CSR	LSECSSON	LL_RCC_LSE_DisableCSS
		LL_RCC_LSE_EnableCSS
	LSEDRV	LL_RCC_LSE_GetDriveCapability
		LL_RCC_LSE_SetDriveCapability
	LSEON	LL_RCC_LSE_Disable
		LL_RCC_LSE_Enable
	LSERDY	LL_RCC_LSE_IsReady
	LSION	LL_RCC_LSI_Disable
		LL_RCC_LSI_Enable
	LSIRDY	LL_RCC_LSI_IsReady
	OBLRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_OBLRST
	PINRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_PINRST
	PORRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_PORRST
	RMVF	LL_RCC_ClearResetFlags
	RTCEN	LL_RCC_DisableRTC
		LL_RCC_EnableRTC
		LL_RCC_IsEnabledRTC
	RTCRST	LL_RCC_ForceBackupDomainReset
		LL_RCC_ReleaseBackupDomainReset
	RTCSEL	LL_RCC_GetRTCClockSource
		LL_RCC_SetRTCClockSource
	SFTRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_SFTRST
	WWDGRSTF	LL_RCC_IsActiveFlag_WWDGRST
ICSCR	HSICAL	LL_RCC_HSI_GetCalibration
	HSITRIM	LL_RCC_HSI_GetCalibTrimming
		LL_RCC_HSI_SetCalibTrimming
	MSICAL	LL_RCC_MSI_GetCalibration
	MSIRANGE	LL_RCC_MSI_GetRange
		LL_RCC_MSI_SetRange
	MSITRIM	LL_RCC_MSI_GetCalibTrimming
		LL_RCC_MSI_SetCalibTrimming

## 80.18 RNG

**Table 42. Correspondence between RNG registers and RNG low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR	IE	LL_RNG_DisableIT
		LL_RNG_EnableIT
		LL_RNG_IsEnabledIT
	RNGEN	LL_RNG_Disable
		LL_RNG_Enable

Register	Field	Function
CR	RNGEN	LL_RNG_IsEnabled
DR	RNDATA	LL_RNG_ReadRandData32
SR	CECS	LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_CECS
	CEIS	LL_RNG_ClearFlag_CEIS
		LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_CEIS
	DRDY	LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_DRDY
	SECS	LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_SECS
	SEIS	LL_RNG_ClearFlag_SEIS
		LL_RNG_IsActiveFlag_SEIS

## 80.19 RTC

**Table 43. Correspondence between RTC registers and RTC low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
ALRMAR	DT	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetDay
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetDay
	DU	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetDay
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetWeekDay
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetDay
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetWeekDay
	HT	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetHour
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetHour
	HU	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetHour
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetHour
	MNT	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMinute
	MNU	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMinute
	MSK1	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMask
	MSK2	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMask
	MSK3	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMask

Register	Field	Function
ALRMAR	MSK3	LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMask
	MSK4	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetMask
	PM	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTimeFormat
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetTimeFormat
	ST	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSecond
	SU	LL_RTC_ALMA_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_ALMA_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSecond
ALRMASRR	MASKSS	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSubSecondMask
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSubSecondMask
	SS	LL_RTC_ALMA_GetSubSecond
		LL_RTC_ALMA_SetSubSecond
ALRMBSR	DT	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetDay
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetDay
	DU	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetDay
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetWeekDay
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetDay
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetWeekDay
	HT	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetHour
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetHour
	HU	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetHour
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetHour
	MNT	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMinute
	MNU	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime

Register	Field	Function
ALRMBR	MNU	LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMinute
	MSK1	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMask
	MSK2	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMask
	MSK3	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMask
	MSK4	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetMask
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetMask
	PM	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTimeFormat
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetTimeFormat
	ST	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSecond
	SU	LL_RTC_ALMB_ConfigTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_ALMB_GetTime
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSecond
	WDSEL	LL_RTC_ALMB_DisableWeekday
		LL_RTC_ALMB_EnableWeekday
ALRMBSSR	MASKSS	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSubSecondMask
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSubSecondMask
	SS	LL_RTC_ALMB_GetSubSecond
		LL_RTC_ALMB_SetSubSecond
BKPxR	BKP	LL_RTC_BAK_GetRegister
		LL_RTC_BAK_SetRegister
CALR	CALM	LL_RTC_CAL_GetMinus
		LL_RTC_CAL_SetMinus
	CALP	LL_RTC_CAL_IsPulseInserted
		LL_RTC_CAL_SetPulse
	CALW16	LL_RTC_CAL_GetPeriod
		LL_RTC_CAL_SetPeriod
	CALW8	LL_RTC_CAL_GetPeriod
		LL_RTC_CAL_SetPeriod
CR	ADD1H	LL_RTC_TIME_IncHour
	ALRAE	LL_RTC_ALMA_Disable
		LL_RTC_ALMA_Enable
	ALRAIE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_ALRA
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_ALRA

Register	Field	Function
CR	ALRAIE	LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_ALRA
	ALRBE	LL_RTC_ALMB_Disable
		LL_RTC_ALMB_Enable
	ALRBIE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_ALRB
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_ALRB
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_ALRB
	BCK	LL_RTC_TIME_DisableDayLightStore
		LL_RTC_TIME_EnableDayLightStore
		LL_RTC_TIME_IsDayLightStoreEnabled
	BYPSHAD	LL_RTC_DisableShadowRegBypass
		LL_RTC_EnableShadowRegBypass
		LL_RTC_IsShadowRegBypassEnabled
	COE	LL_RTC_CAL_GetOutputFreq
		LL_RTC_CAL_SetOutputFreq
	COSEL	LL_RTC_CAL_GetOutputFreq
		LL_RTC_CAL_SetOutputFreq
	FMT	LL_RTC_GetHourFormat
		LL_RTC_SetHourFormat
	OSEL	LL_RTC_GetAlarmOutEvent
		LL_RTC_SetAlarmOutEvent
	POL	LL_RTC_GetOutputPolarity
		LL_RTC_SetOutputPolarity
	REFCKON	LL_RTC_DisableRefClock
		LL_RTC_EnableRefClock
	SUB1H	LL_RTC_TIME_DecHour
	TSE	LL_RTC_TS_Disable
		LL_RTC_TS_Enable
	TSEDGE	LL_RTC_TS_GetActiveEdge
		LL_RTC_TS_SetActiveEdge
	TSIE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_TS
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_TS
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TS
	WUCKSEL	LL_RTC_WAKEUP_GetClock
		LL_RTC_WAKEUP_SetClock
	WUTE	LL_RTC_WAKEUP_Disable
		LL_RTC_WAKEUP_Enable
		LL_RTC_WAKEUP_IsEnabled
	WUTIE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_WUT
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_WUT
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_WUT
DR	DT	LL_RTC_DATE_Config

Register	Field	Function
DR	DT	LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetDay
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetDay
	DU	LL_RTC_DATE_Config
		LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetDay
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetDay
	MT	LL_RTC_DATE_Config
		LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetMonth
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetMonth
	MU	LL_RTC_DATE_Config
		LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetMonth
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetMonth
	WDU	LL_RTC_DATE_Config
		LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetWeekDay
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetWeekDay
	YT	LL_RTC_DATE_Config
		LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetYear
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetYear
	YU	LL_RTC_DATE_Config
		LL_RTC_DATE_Get
		LL_RTC_DATE_GetYear
		LL_RTC_DATE_SetYear
ISR	ALRAF	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_ALRA
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_ALRA
	ALRAWF	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_ALRAW
	ALRBF	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_ALRB
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_ALRB
	ALRBWF	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_ALRBW
	INIT	LL_RTC_DisableInitMode
		LL_RTC_EnableInitMode
	INITF	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_INIT
	INITS	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_INITS
	RECALPF	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_RECALP
	RSF	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_RS
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_RS
	SHPF	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_SHP



Register	Field	Function
ISR	TAMP1F	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TAMP1
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TAMP1
	TAMP2F	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TAMP2
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TAMP2
	TAMP3F	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TAMP3
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TAMP3
	TSF	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TS
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TS
	TSOVF	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_TSOV
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_TSOV
	WUTF	LL_RTC_ClearFlag_WUT
		LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_WUT
	WUTWF	LL_RTC_IsActiveFlag_WUTW
OR	ALARMOUTTYPE	LL_RTC_GetAlarmOutputType
		LL_RTC_SetAlarmOutputType
	OUT_RMP	LL_RTC_DisableOutRemap
		LL_RTC_EnableOutRemap
PRER	PREDIV_A	LL_RTC_GetAsynchPrescaler
		LL_RTC_SetAsynchPrescaler
	PREDIV_S	LL_RTC_GetSynchPrescaler
		LL_RTC_SetSynchPrescaler
SHIFTR	ADD1S	LL_RTC_TIME_Synchronize
	SUBFS	LL_RTC_TIME_Synchronize
SSR	SS	LL_RTC_TIME_GetSubSecond
TAMPCR	TAMP1E	LL_RTC_TAMPER_Disable
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_Enable
	TAMP1IE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_TAMP1
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP1
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP1
	TAMP1MF	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableMask
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableMask
	TAMP1NOERASE	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableEraseBKP
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableEraseBKP
	TAMP1TRG	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableActiveLevel
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableActiveLevel
	TAMP2E	LL_RTC_TAMPER_Disable
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_Enable
	TAMP2IE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_TAMP2
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP2
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP2
	TAMP2MF	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableMask

Register	Field	Function
TAMPCR	TAMP2MF	LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableMask
	TAMP2NOERASE	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableEraseBKP
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableEraseBKP
	TAMP2TRG	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableActiveLevel
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableActiveLevel
	TAMP3E	LL_RTC_TAMPER_Disable
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_Enable
	TAMP3IE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_TAMP3
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP3
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP3
	TAMP3MF	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableMask
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableMask
	TAMP3NOERASE	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableEraseBKP
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableEraseBKP
	TAMP3TRG	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisableActiveLevel
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnableActiveLevel
	TAMPFLT	LL_RTC_TAMPER_GetFilterCount
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_SetFilterCount
	TAMPFREQ	LL_RTC_TAMPER_GetSamplingFreq
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_SetSamplingFreq
	TAMPIE	LL_RTC_DisableIT_TAMP
		LL_RTC_EnableIT_TAMP
		LL_RTC_IsEnabledIT_TAMP
	TAMPPRCH	LL_RTC_TAMPER_GetPrecharge
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_SetPrecharge
	TAMPPUDIS	LL_RTC_TAMPER_DisablePullUp
		LL_RTC_TAMPER_EnablePullUp
	TAMPTS	LL_RTC_TS_DisableOnTamper
		LL_RTC_TS_EnableOnTamper
TR	HT	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_Get
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetHour
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetHour
	HU	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_Get
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetHour
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetHour
	MNT	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_Get
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetMinute

Register	Field	Function
TR	MNU	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_Get
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetMinute
	PM	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetFormat
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetFormat
	ST	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_Get
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetSecond
	SU	LL_RTC_TIME_Config
		LL_RTC_TIME_Get
		LL_RTC_TIME_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_TIME_SetSecond
TSDR	DT	LL_RTC_TS_GetDate
		LL_RTC_TS_GetDay
	DU	LL_RTC_TS_GetDate
		LL_RTC_TS_GetDay
	MT	LL_RTC_TS_GetDate
		LL_RTC_TS_GetMonth
	MU	LL_RTC_TS_GetDate
		LL_RTC_TS_GetMonth
TSSSR	WDU	LL_RTC_TS_GetDate
		LL_RTC_TS_GetWeekDay
TSSSR	SS	LL_RTC_TS_GetSubSecond
TSTR	HT	LL_RTC_TS_GetHour
		LL_RTC_TS_GetTime
	HU	LL_RTC_TS_GetHour
		LL_RTC_TS_GetTime
	MNT	LL_RTC_TS_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_TS_GetTime
	MNU	LL_RTC_TS_GetMinute
		LL_RTC_TS_GetTime
	PM	LL_RTC_TS_GetTimeFormat
	ST	LL_RTC_TS_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_TS_GetTime
	SU	LL_RTC_TS_GetSecond
		LL_RTC_TS_GetTime
WPR	KEY	LL_RTC_DisableWriteProtection
		LL_RTC_EnableWriteProtection

Register	Field	Function
WUTR	WUT	LL_RTC_WAKEUP_GetAutoReload
		LL_RTC_WAKEUP_SetAutoReload

## 80.20 SPI

**Table 44. Correspondence between SPI registers and SPI low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CR1	BIDIMODE	LL_SPI_GetTransferDirection
		LL_SPI_SetTransferDirection
	BIDIOE	LL_SPI_GetTransferDirection
		LL_SPI_SetTransferDirection
	BR	LL_SPI_GetBaudRatePrescaler
		LL_SPI_SetBaudRatePrescaler
	CPHA	LL_SPI_GetClockPhase
		LL_SPI_SetClockPhase
	CPOL	LL_SPI_GetClockPolarity
		LL_SPI_SetClockPolarity
	CRCEN	LL_SPI_DisableCRC
		LL_SPI_EnableCRC
		LL_SPI_IsEnabledCRC
	CRCNEXT	LL_SPI_SetCRCNext
	DFF	LL_SPI_GetDataWidth
		LL_SPI_SetDataWidth
	LSBFIRST	LL_SPI_GetTransferBitOrder
		LL_SPI_SetTransferBitOrder
	MSTR	LL_SPI_GetMode
		LL_SPI_SetMode
	RXONLY	LL_SPI_GetTransferDirection
		LL_SPI_SetTransferDirection
	SPE	LL_SPI_Disable
		LL_SPI_Enable
		LL_SPI_IsEnabled
	SSI	LL_SPI_GetMode
		LL_SPI_SetMode
	SSM	LL_SPI_GetNSSMode
		LL_SPI_SetNSSMode
CR2	ERRIE	LL_SPI_DisableIT_ERR
		LL_SPI_EnableIT_ERR
		LL_SPI_IsEnabledIT_ERR
	FRF	LL_SPI_GetStandard
		LL_SPI_SetStandard

Register	Field	Function
CR2	RXDMAEN	LL_SPI_DisableDMAReq_RX
		LL_SPI_EnableDMAReq_RX
		LL_SPI_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX
	RXNEIE	LL_SPI_DisableIT_RXNE
		LL_SPI_EnableIT_RXNE
		LL_SPI_IsEnabledIT_RXNE
	SSOE	LL_SPI_GetNSSMode
		LL_SPI_SetNSSMode
	TXDMAEN	LL_SPI_DisableDMAReq_TX
		LL_SPI_EnableDMAReq_TX
		LL_SPI_IsEnabledDMAReq_TX
	TXEIE	LL_SPI_DisableIT_TXE
		LL_SPI_EnableIT_TXE
		LL_SPI_IsEnabledIT_TXE
CRCPR	CRCPOLY	LL_SPI_GetCRCPolynomial
		LL_SPI_SetCRCPolynomial
DR	DR	LL_SPI_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_SPI_ReceiveData16
		LL_SPI_ReceiveData8
		LL_SPI_TransmitData16
		LL_SPI_TransmitData8
RXCRCR	RXCRC	LL_SPI_GetRxCRC
SR	BSY	LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_BSY
	CRCERR	LL_SPI_ClearFlag_CRCERR
		LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_CRCERR
	FRE	LL_SPI_ClearFlag_FRE
		LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_FRE
	MODF	LL_SPI_ClearFlag_MODF
		LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_MODF
	OVR	LL_SPI_ClearFlag_OVR
		LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_OVR
	RXNE	LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_RXNE
	TXE	LL_SPI_IsActiveFlag_TXE
TXCRCR	TXCRC	LL_SPI_GetTxCRC

## 80.21 SYSTEM

**Table 45. Correspondence between SYSTEM registers and SYSTEM low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
APB1FZ	DBG_I2C1_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph

Register	Field	Function
APB1FZ	DBG_I2C2_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_I2C3_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_IWDG_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_LPTIMER_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_RTC_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_TIM2_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_TIM3_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB1_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
APB2FZ	DBG_TIM21_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB2_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB2_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
	DBG_TIM22_STOP	LL_DBGMCU_APB2_GRP1_FreezePeriph
		LL_DBGMCU_APB2_GRP1_UnFreezePeriph
DBGMCU_CR	DBG_SLEEP	LL_DBGMCU_DisableDBGSleepMode
		LL_DBGMCU_EnableDBGSleepMode
	DBG_STANDBY	LL_DBGMCU_DisableDBGStandbyMode
		LL_DBGMCU_EnableDBGStandbyMode
DBGMCU_IDCODE	DEV_ID	LL_DBGMCU_GetDeviceID
	REV_ID	LL_DBGMCU_GetRevisionID
FLASH_ACR	DISAB_BUF	LL_FLASH_DisableBuffers
		LL_FLASH_EnableBuffers
	LATENCY	LL_FLASH_GetLatency
		LL_FLASH_SetLatency
	PRE_READ	LL_FLASH_DisablePreRead
		LL_FLASH_EnablePreRead
	PRFTEN	LL_FLASH_DisablePrefetch
		LL_FLASH_EnablePrefetch
		LL_FLASH_IsPrefetchEnabled

Register	Field	Function
FLASH_ACR	RUN_PD	LL_FLASH_DisableRunPowerDown
		LL_FLASH_EnableRunPowerDown
	SLEEP_PD	LL_FLASH_DisableSleepPowerDown
		LL_FLASH_EnableSleepPowerDown
FLASH_PDKEYR	PDKEY1	LL_FLASH_DisableRunPowerDown
		LL_FLASH_EnableRunPowerDown
	PDKEY2	LL_FLASH_DisableRunPowerDown
		LL_FLASH_EnableRunPowerDown
SYSCFG_CFGR1	BOOT_MODE	LL_SYSCFG_GetBootMode
	MEM_MODE	LL_SYSCFG_GetRemapMemory
		LL_SYSCFG_SetRemapMemory
	UFB	LL_SYSCFG_GetFlashBankMode
LL_SYSCFG_SetFlashBankMode		
SYSCFG_CFGR2	CAPA	LL_SYSCFG_GetVLCDRailConnection
		LL_SYSCFG_SetVLCDRailConnection
	FWDIS	LL_SYSCFG_EnableFirewall
		LL_SYSCFG_IsEnabledFirewall
	I2C_PBx_FMP	LL_SYSCFG_DisableFastModePlus
		LL_SYSCFG_EnableFastModePlus
	I2Cx_FMP	LL_SYSCFG_DisableFastModePlus
		LL_SYSCFG_EnableFastModePlus
SYSCFG_CFGR3	ENBUF_SENSOR_ADC	LL_SYSCFG_TEMPSENSOR_Disable
		LL_SYSCFG_TEMPSENSOR_Enable
	ENBUF_VREFINT_ADC	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_DisableADC
		LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_EnableADC
	ENBUF_VREFINT_COMP	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_DisableCOMP
		LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_EnableCOMP
	ENREF_HSI48	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_DisableHSI48
		LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_EnableHSI48
	REF_LOCK	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_IsLocked
		LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_Lock
SEL_VREF_OUT	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_GetConnection	
	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_SetConnection	
VREFINT_RDYF	LL_SYSCFG_VREFINT_IsReady	
SYSCFG_EXTICR1	EXTI0	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI1	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI2	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI3	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
SYSCFG_EXTICR2	EXTI4	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI5	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI6	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource

Register	Field	Function
SYSCFG_EXTICR2	EXTI7	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
SYSCFG_EXTICR3	EXTI10	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI11	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI8	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI9	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
SYSCFG_EXTICR4	EXTI12	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI13	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI14	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource
	EXTI15	LL_SYSCFG_SetEXTISource

## 80.22 TIM

**Table 46. Correspondence between TIM registers and TIM low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
ARR	ARR	LL_TIM_GetAutoReload
		LL_TIM_SetAutoReload
CCER	CC1E	LL_TIM_CC_DisableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_EnableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_IsEnabledChannel
	CC1NP	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
	CC1P	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
		LL_TIM_OC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_SetPolarity
	CC2E	LL_TIM_CC_DisableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_EnableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_IsEnabledChannel
	CC2NP	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
	CC2P	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
		LL_TIM_OC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_SetPolarity
	CC3E	LL_TIM_CC_DisableChannel



Register	Field	Function
CCER	CC3E	LL_TIM_CC_EnableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_IsEnabledChannel
	CC3NP	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
	CC3P	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
		LL_TIM_OC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_SetPolarity
	CC4E	LL_TIM_CC_DisableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_EnableChannel
		LL_TIM_CC_IsEnabledChannel
	CC4NP	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
	CC4P	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
		LL_TIM_OC_GetPolarity
		LL_TIM_OC_SetPolarity
CCMR1	CC1S	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_IC_SetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
	CC2S	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_IC_SetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
	IC1F	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetFilter
		LL_TIM_IC_SetFilter
	IC1PSC	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPrescaler
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPrescaler
	IC2F	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetFilter
		LL_TIM_IC_SetFilter
	IC2PSC	LL_TIM_IC_Config

Register	Field	Function
CCMR1	IC2PSC	LL_TIM_IC_GetPrescaler
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPrescaler
	OC1CE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledClear
	OC1FE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledFast
	OC1M	LL_TIM_OC_GetMode
		LL_TIM_OC_SetMode
	OC1PE	LL_TIM_OC_DisablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_EnablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledPreload
	OC2CE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledClear
	OC2FE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledFast
	OC2M	LL_TIM_OC_GetMode
		LL_TIM_OC_SetMode
	OC2PE	LL_TIM_OC_DisablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_EnablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledPreload
CCMR2	CC3S	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_IC_SetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
	CC4S	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_IC_SetActiveInput
		LL_TIM_OC_ConfigOutput
	IC3F	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetFilter
		LL_TIM_IC_SetFilter
	IC3PSC	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPrescaler
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPrescaler
	IC4F	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetFilter
		LL_TIM_IC_SetFilter

Register	Field	Function
CCMR2	IC4PSC	LL_TIM_IC_Config
		LL_TIM_IC_GetPrescaler
		LL_TIM_IC_SetPrescaler
	OC3CE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledClear
	OC3FE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledFast
	OC3M	LL_TIM_OC_GetMode
		LL_TIM_OC_SetMode
	OC3PE	LL_TIM_OC_DisablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_EnablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledPreload
	OC4CE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableClear
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledClear
	OC4FE	LL_TIM_OC_DisableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_EnableFast
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledFast
	OC4M	LL_TIM_OC_GetMode
		LL_TIM_OC_SetMode
	OC4PE	LL_TIM_OC_DisablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_EnablePreload
		LL_TIM_OC_IsEnabledPreload
CCR1	CCR1	LL_TIM_IC_GetCaptureCH1
		LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH1
		LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH1
CCR2	CCR2	LL_TIM_IC_GetCaptureCH2
		LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH2
		LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH2
CCR3	CCR3	LL_TIM_IC_GetCaptureCH3
		LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH3
		LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH3
CCR4	CCR4	LL_TIM_IC_GetCaptureCH4
		LL_TIM_OC_GetCompareCH4
		LL_TIM_OC_SetCompareCH4
CNT	CNT	LL_TIM_GetCounter
		LL_TIM_SetCounter
CR1	ARPE	LL_TIM_DisableARRPreload
		LL_TIM_EnableARRPreload

Register	Field	Function
CR1	ARPE	LL_TIM_IsEnabledARRPreload
	CEN	LL_TIM_DisableCounter
		LL_TIM_EnableCounter
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledCounter
	CKD	LL_TIM_GetClockDivision
		LL_TIM_SetClockDivision
	CMS	LL_TIM_GetCounterMode
		LL_TIM_SetCounterMode
	DIR	LL_TIM_GetCounterMode
		LL_TIM_GetDirection
		LL_TIM_SetCounterMode
	OPM	LL_TIM_GetOnePulseMode
		LL_TIM_SetOnePulseMode
	UDIS	LL_TIM_DisableUpdateEvent
		LL_TIM_EnableUpdateEvent
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledUpdateEvent
	URS	LL_TIM_GetUpdateSource
		LL_TIM_SetUpdateSource
CR2	CCDS	LL_TIM_CC_GetDMAReqTrigger
		LL_TIM_CC_SetDMAReqTrigger
	MMS	LL_TIM_SetTriggerOutput
	TI1S	LL_TIM_IC_DisableXORCombination
		LL_TIM_IC_EnableXORCombination
		LL_TIM_IC_IsEnabledXORCombination
DCR	DBA	LL_TIM_ConfigDMABurst
	DBL	LL_TIM_ConfigDMABurst
DIER	CC1DE	LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_CC1
		LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_CC1
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_CC1
	CC1IE	LL_TIM_DisableIT_CC1
		LL_TIM_EnableIT_CC1
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_CC1
	CC2DE	LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_CC2
		LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_CC2
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_CC2
	CC2IE	LL_TIM_DisableIT_CC2
		LL_TIM_EnableIT_CC2
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_CC2
	CC3DE	LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_CC3
		LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_CC3
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_CC3

Register	Field	Function
DIER	CC3IE	LL_TIM_DisableIT_CC3
		LL_TIM_EnableIT_CC3
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_CC3
	CC4DE	LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_CC4
		LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_CC4
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_CC4
	CC4IE	LL_TIM_DisableIT_CC4
		LL_TIM_EnableIT_CC4
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_CC4
	TDE	LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_TRIG
		LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_TRIG
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_TRIG
	TIE	LL_TIM_DisableIT_TRIG
		LL_TIM_EnableIT_TRIG
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_TRIG
	UDE	LL_TIM_DisableDMAReq_UPDATE
		LL_TIM_EnableDMAReq_UPDATE
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledDMAReq_UPDATE
	UIE	LL_TIM_DisableIT_UPDATE
		LL_TIM_EnableIT_UPDATE
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledIT_UPDATE
EGR	CC1G	LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC1
	CC2G	LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC2
	CC3G	LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC3
	CC4G	LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_CC4
	TG	LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_TRIG
	UG	LL_TIM_GenerateEvent_UPDATE
PSC	PSC	LL_TIM_GetPrescaler
		LL_TIM_SetPrescaler
SMCR	ECE	LL_TIM_DisableExternalClock
		LL_TIM_EnableExternalClock
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledExternalClock
		LL_TIM_SetClockSource
	ETF	LL_TIM_ConfigETR
	ETP	LL_TIM_ConfigETR
	ETPS	LL_TIM_ConfigETR
	MSM	LL_TIM_DisableMasterSlaveMode
		LL_TIM_EnableMasterSlaveMode
		LL_TIM_IsEnabledMasterSlaveMode
	OCCS	LL_TIM_SetOCRefClearInputSource
	SMS	LL_TIM_SetClockSource

Register	Field	Function
SMCR	SMS	LL_TIM_SetEncoderMode
		LL_TIM_SetSlaveMode
	TS	LL_TIM_SetTriggerInput
SR	CC1IF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC1
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC1
	CC1OF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC1OVR
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC1OVR
	CC2IF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC2
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC2
	CC2OF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC2OVR
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC2OVR
	CC3IF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC3
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC3
	CC3OF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC3OVR
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC3OVR
	CC4IF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC4
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC4
	CC4OF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_CC4OVR
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_CC4OVR
	TIF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_TRIG
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_TRIG
	UIF	LL_TIM_ClearFlag_UPDATE
		LL_TIM_IsActiveFlag_UPDATE
TIM21_OR	ETR_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI1_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI2_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
TIM22_OR	ETR_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI1_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
TIM2_OR	ETR_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI4_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
TIM3_OR	ETR_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI1_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI2_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap
	TI4_RMP	LL_TIM_SetRemap

## 80.23 USART

**Table 47. Correspondence between USART registers and USART low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
BRR	BRR	LL_USART_GetBaudRate
		LL_USART_SetBaudRate

Register	Field	Function
CR1	CMIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_CM
		LL_USART_EnableIT_CM
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_CM
	DEAT	LL_USART_GetDEAssertionTime
		LL_USART_SetDEAssertionTime
	DEDT	LL_USART_GetDEDeassertionTime
		LL_USART_SetDEDeassertionTime
	EOBIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_EOB
		LL_USART_EnableIT_EOB
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_EOB
	IDLEIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_IDLE
		LL_USART_EnableIT_IDLE
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_IDLE
	M0	LL_USART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_USART_GetDataWidth
		LL_USART_SetDataWidth
	M1	LL_USART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_USART_GetDataWidth
		LL_USART_SetDataWidth
	MME	LL_USART_DisableMuteMode
		LL_USART_EnableMuteMode
		LL_USART_IsEnabledMuteMode
	OVER8	LL_USART_GetOverSampling
		LL_USART_SetOverSampling
	PCE	LL_USART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_USART_GetParity
		LL_USART_SetParity
	PEIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_PE
		LL_USART_EnableIT_PE
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_PE
	PS	LL_USART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_USART_GetParity
		LL_USART_SetParity
	RE	LL_USART_DisableDirectionRx
		LL_USART_EnableDirectionRx
		LL_USART_GetTransferDirection
		LL_USART_SetTransferDirection
	RTOIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_RTO
		LL_USART_EnableIT_RTO
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_RTO
	RXNEIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_RXNE

Register	Field	Function
CR1	RXNEIE	LL_USART_EnableIT_RXNE
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_RXNE
	TCIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_TC
		LL_USART_EnableIT_TC
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_TC
	TE	LL_USART_DisableDirectionTx
		LL_USART_EnableDirectionTx
		LL_USART_GetTransferDirection
		LL_USART_SetTransferDirection
	TXEIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_TXE
		LL_USART_EnableIT_TXE
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_TXE
	UE	LL_USART_Disable
		LL_USART_Enable
		LL_USART_IsEnabled
	UESM	LL_USART_DisableInStopMode
		LL_USART_EnableInStopMode
		LL_USART_IsEnabledInStopMode
	WAKE	LL_USART_GetWakeUpMethod
		LL_USART_SetWakeUpMethod
CR2	ABREN	LL_USART_DisableAutoBaudRate
		LL_USART_EnableAutoBaudRate
		LL_USART_IsEnabledAutoBaud
	ABRMODE	LL_USART_GetAutoBaudRateMode
		LL_USART_SetAutoBaudRateMode
	ADD	LL_USART_ConfigNodeAddress
		LL_USART_GetNodeAddress
	ADDM7	LL_USART_ConfigNodeAddress
		LL_USART_GetNodeAddressLen
	CLKEN	LL_USART_ConfigAsyncMode
		LL_USART_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
		LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode
		LL_USART_ConfigLINMode
		LL_USART_ConfigMultiProcessMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSmartcardMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSyncMode
		LL_USART_DisableSCLKOutput
		LL_USART_EnableSCLKOutput
		LL_USART_IsEnabledSCLKOutput
	CPHA	LL_USART_ConfigClock
		LL_USART_GetClockPhase



Register	Field	Function
CR2	CPHA	LL_USART_SetClockPhase
	CPOL	LL_USART_ConfigClock
		LL_USART_GetClockPolarity
		LL_USART_SetClockPolarity
	DATAINV	LL_USART_GetBinaryDataLogic
		LL_USART_SetBinaryDataLogic
	LBCL	LL_USART_ConfigClock
		LL_USART_GetLastClkPulseOutput
		LL_USART_SetLastClkPulseOutput
	LBDIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_LBD
		LL_USART_EnableIT_LBD
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_LBD
	LBDL	LL_USART_GetLINBrkDetectionLen
		LL_USART_SetLINBrkDetectionLen
	LINEN	LL_USART_ConfigAsyncMode
		LL_USART_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
		LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode
		LL_USART_ConfigLINMode
		LL_USART_ConfigMultiProcessMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSmartcardMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSyncMode
		LL_USART_DisableLIN
		LL_USART_EnableLIN
		LL_USART_IsEnabledLIN
	MSBFIRST	LL_USART_GetTransferBitOrder
		LL_USART_SetTransferBitOrder
	RTOEN	LL_USART_DisableRxTimeout
		LL_USART_EnableRxTimeout
		LL_USART_IsEnabledRxTimeout
	RXINV	LL_USART_GetRXPinLevel
		LL_USART_SetRXPinLevel
	STOP	LL_USART_ConfigCharacter
		LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode
		LL_USART_ConfigLINMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSmartcardMode
		LL_USART_GetStopBitsLength
		LL_USART_SetStopBitsLength
	SWAP	LL_USART_GetTXRXSwap
		LL_USART_SetTXRXSwap
	TXINV	LL_USART_GetTXPinLevel
		LL_USART_SetTXPinLevel

Register	Field	Function
CR3	CTSE	LL_USART_DisableCTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_USART_EnableCTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_USART_GetHWFlowCtrl
		LL_USART_SetHWFlowCtrl
	CTSIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_CTS
		LL_USART_EnableIT_CTS
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_CTS
	DDRE	LL_USART_DisableDMADeactOnRxErr
		LL_USART_EnableDMADeactOnRxErr
		LL_USART_IsEnabledDMADeactOnRxErr
	DEM	LL_USART_DisableDEMode
		LL_USART_EnableDEMode
		LL_USART_IsEnabledDEMode
	DEP	LL_USART_GetDESignalPolarity
		LL_USART_SetDESignalPolarity
	DMAR	LL_USART_DisableDMAReq_RX
		LL_USART_EnableDMAReq_RX
		LL_USART_IsEnabledDMAReq_RX
	DMAT	LL_USART_DisableDMAReq_TX
		LL_USART_EnableDMAReq_TX
		LL_USART_IsEnabledDMAReq_TX
	EIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_ERROR
		LL_USART_EnableIT_ERROR
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_ERROR
	HDSEL	LL_USART_ConfigAsyncMode
		LL_USART_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
		LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode
		LL_USART_ConfigLINMode
		LL_USART_ConfigMultiProcessMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSmartcardMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSyncMode
		LL_USART_DisableHalfDuplex
		LL_USART_EnableHalfDuplex
		LL_USART_IsEnabledHalfDuplex
	IREN	LL_USART_ConfigAsyncMode
		LL_USART_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
		LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode
		LL_USART_ConfigLINMode
		LL_USART_ConfigMultiProcessMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSyncMode
		LL_USART_DisableIrda

Register	Field	Function
CR3	IREN	LL_USART_EnableIrda
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIrda
	IRLP	LL_USART_GetIrdaPowerMode
		LL_USART_SetIrdaPowerMode
	NACK	LL_USART_DisableSmartcardNACK
		LL_USART_EnableSmartcardNACK
		LL_USART_IsEnabledSmartcardNACK
	ONEBIT	LL_USART_DisableOneBitSamp
		LL_USART_EnableOneBitSamp
		LL_USART_IsEnabledOneBitSamp
	OVRDIS	LL_USART_DisableOverrunDetect
		LL_USART_EnableOverrunDetect
		LL_USART_IsEnabledOverrunDetect
	RTSE	LL_USART_DisableRTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_USART_EnableRTSHWFlowCtrl
		LL_USART_GetHWFlowCtrl
		LL_USART_SetHWFlowCtrl
	SCARCNT	LL_USART_GetSmartcardAutoRetryCount
		LL_USART_SetSmartcardAutoRetryCount
	SCEN	LL_USART_ConfigAsyncMode
		LL_USART_ConfigHalfDuplexMode
		LL_USART_ConfigIrdaMode
		LL_USART_ConfigLINMode
		LL_USART_ConfigMultiProcessMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSmartcardMode
		LL_USART_ConfigSyncMode
		LL_USART_DisableSmartcard
		LL_USART_EnableSmartcard
		LL_USART_IsEnabledSmartcard
	WUFIE	LL_USART_DisableIT_WKUP
		LL_USART_EnableIT_WKUP
		LL_USART_IsEnabledIT_WKUP
	WUS	LL_USART_GetWKUPType
		LL_USART_SetWKUPType
GTPR	GT	LL_USART_GetSmartcardGuardTime
		LL_USART_SetSmartcardGuardTime
	PSC	LL_USART_GetIrdaPrescaler
		LL_USART_GetSmartcardPrescaler
		LL_USART_SetIrdaPrescaler
ICR	CMCF	LL_USART_SetSmartcardPrescaler
		LL_USART_ClearFlag_CM

Register	Field	Function
ICR	CTSCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_nCTS
	EOBCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_EOB
	FECF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_FE
	IDLECF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_IDLE
	LBDCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_LBD
	NCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_NE
	ORECF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_ORE
	PECF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_PE
	RTOCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_RTO
	TCCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_TC
	WUCF	LL_USART_ClearFlag_WKUP
ISR	ABRE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_ABRE
	ABRF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_ABR
	BUSY	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_BUSY
	CMF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_CM
	CTS	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_CTS
	CTSIF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_nCTS
	EOBF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_EOB
	FE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_FE
	IDLE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_IDLE
	LBDF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_LBD
	NF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_NE
	ORE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_ORE
	PE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_PE
	REACK	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_REACK
	RTOF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_RTO
	RWU	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_RWU
	RXNE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_RXNE
	SBKF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_SBK
	TC	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_TC
	TEACK	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_TEACK
	TXE	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_TXE
	WUF	LL_USART_IsActiveFlag_WKUP
RDR	RDR	LL_USART_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_USART_ReceiveData8
		LL_USART_ReceiveData9
RQR	ABRRQ	LL_USART_RequestAutoBaudRate
	MMRQ	LL_USART_RequestEnterMuteMode
	RXFRQ	LL_USART_RequestRxDataFlush
	SBKRQ	LL_USART_RequestBreakSending
	TXFRQ	LL_USART_RequestTxDataFlush

Register	Field	Function
RTOR	BLEN	LL_USART_GetBlockLength
		LL_USART_SetBlockLength
	RTO	LL_USART_GetRxTimeout
		LL_USART_SetRxTimeout
TDR	TDR	LL_USART_DMA_GetRegAddr
		LL_USART_TransmitData8
		LL_USART_TransmitData9

## 80.24 WWDG

**Table 48. Correspondence between WWDG registers and WWDG low-layer driver functions**

Register	Field	Function
CFR	EWI	LL_WWDG_EnableIT_EWKUP
		LL_WWDG_IsEnabledIT_EWKUP
	W	LL_WWDG_GetWindow
		LL_WWDG_SetWindow
	WDGTB	LL_WWDG_GetPrescaler
		LL_WWDG_SetPrescaler
CR	T	LL_WWDG_GetCounter
		LL_WWDG_SetCounter
	WDGA	LL_WWDG_Enable
		LL_WWDG_IsEnabled
SR	EWIF	LL_WWDG_ClearFlag_EWKUP
		LL_WWDG_IsActiveFlag_EWKUP

## 81 FAQs

### General subjects

#### Why should I use the HAL drivers?

There are many advantages in using the HAL drivers:

- Ease of use: you can use the HAL drivers to configure and control any peripheral embedded within your STM32 MCU without prior in-depth knowledge of the product.
- HAL drivers provide intuitive and ready-to-use APIs to configure the peripherals and support polling, interrupt and DMA programming model to accommodate all application requirements, thus allowing the end-user to build a complete application by calling a few APIs.
- Higher level of abstraction than a standard peripheral library allowing to transparently manage:
  - Data transfers and processing using blocking mode (polling) or non-blocking mode (interrupt or DMA)
  - Error management through peripheral error detection and timeout mechanism.
- Generic architecture speeding up initialization and porting, thus allowing customers to focus on innovation.
- Generic set of APIs with full compatibility across the STM32 Series/lines, to ease the porting task between STM32 MCUs.
- The APIs provided within the HAL drivers are feature-oriented and do not require in-depth knowledge of peripheral operation.
- The APIs provided are modular. They include initialization, IO operation and control functions. The end-user has to call init function, then start the process by calling one IO operation functions (write, read, transmit, receive, ...). Most of the peripherals have the same architecture.
- The number of functions required to build a complete and useful application is very reduced. As an example, to build a UART communication process, the user only has to call HAL\_UART\_Init() then HAL\_UART\_Transmit() or HAL\_UART\_Receive().

#### Which devices are supported by the HAL drivers?

The HAL drivers are developed to support all STM32L0 devices. To ensure compatibility between all devices and portability with others Series and lines, the API is split into the generic and the extension APIs. For more details, please refer to *section **Devices supported by the HAL drivers***.

#### What is the cost of using HAL drivers in term of code size and performance?

Like generic architecture drivers, the HAL drivers may induce firmware overhead.

This is due to the high abstraction level and ready-to-use APIs which allow data transfers, errors management and offloads the user application from implementation details.

### Architecture

#### How many files should I modify to configure the HAL drivers?

Only one file needs to be modified: stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf.h. You can modify this file by disabling unused modules, or adjusting some parameters (i.e. HSE value, System configuration...)

A template is provided in the HAL drivers folders (stm32l0xx\_hal\_conf\_template.c).

#### Which header files should I include in my application to use the HAL drivers?

Only stm32l0xx\_hal.h file has to be included.

#### What is the difference between xx\_hal\_ppp.c/h and xx\_hal\_ppp\_ex.c/h?

The HAL driver architecture supports common features across STM32 Series/lines. To support specific features, the drivers are split into two groups.

- The generic APIs (stm32l0xx\_hal\_ppp.c): It includes the common set of APIs across all the STM32 product lines
- The extension APIs (stm32l0xx\_hal\_ppp\_ex.c): It includes the specific APIs for specific device part number or family.

## Initialization and I/O operation functions

### How do I configure the system clock?

Unlike the standard library, the system clock configuration is not performed in CMSIS drivers file (system\_stm32l0xx.c) but in the main user application by calling the two main functions, HAL\_RCC\_OscConfig() and HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig(). It can be modified in any user application section.

### What is the purpose of the *PPP\_HandleTypeDef \*pHandle* structure located in each driver in addition to the Initialization structure

*PPP\_HandleTypeDef \*pHandle* is the main structure implemented in the HAL drivers. It handles the peripheral configuration and registers, and embeds all the structures and variables required to follow the peripheral device flow (pointer to buffer, Error code, State,...)

However, this structure is not required to service peripherals such as GPIO, SYSTICK, PWR, and RCC.

### What is the purpose of HAL\_PPP\_MspInit() and HAL\_PPP\_MspDeInit() functions?

These functions are called within HAL\_PPP\_Init() and HAL\_PPP\_DeInit(), respectively. They are used to perform the low level Initialization/de-initialization related to the additional hardware resources (RCC, GPIO, NVIC and DMA).

These functions are declared in stm32l0xx\_hal\_msp.c. A template is provided in the HAL driver folders (stm32l0xx\_hal\_msp\_template.c).

### When and how should I use callbacks functions (functions declared with the attribute *\_\_weak*)?

Use callback functions for the I/O operations used in DMA or interrupt mode. The PPP process complete callbacks are called to inform the user about process completion in real-time event mode (interrupts).

The Errors callbacks are called when a processing error occurs in DMA or interrupt mode. These callbacks are customized by the user to add user proprietary code. They can be declared in the application. Note that the same process completion callbacks are used for DMA and interrupt mode.

### Is it mandatory to use HAL\_Init() function at the beginning of the user application?

It is mandatory to use HAL\_Init() function to enable the system configuration (Prefetch, Data instruction cache,...), configure the SysTick and the NVIC priority grouping and the hardware low level initialization.

The SysTick configuration shall be adjusted by calling *HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig()* function, to obtain 1 ms whatever the system clock.

### Why do I need to configure the SysTick timer to use the HAL drivers?

The SysTick timer is configured to be used to generate variable increments by calling *HAL\_IncTick()* function in SysTick ISR and retrieve the value of this variable by calling *HAL\_GetTick()* function.

The call HAL\_GetTick() function is mandatory when using HAL drivers with Polling Process or when using HAL\_Delay().

### Why is the SysTick timer configured to have 1 ms?

This is mandatory to ensure correct IO operation in particular for polling mode operation where the 1 ms is required as timebase.

### Could HAL\_Delay() function block my application under certain conditions?

Care must be taken when using HAL\_Delay() since this function provides accurate delay based on a variable incremented in SysTick ISR. This implies that if HAL\_Delay() is called from a peripheral ISR process, then the SysTick interrupt must have higher priority (numerically lower) than the peripheral interrupt, otherwise the caller ISR process will be blocked. Use HAL\_NVIC\_SetPriority() function to change the SysTick interrupt priority.

### What programming model sequence should I follow to use HAL drivers ?

Follow the sequence below to use the APIs provided in the HAL drivers:

1. Call HAL\_Init() function to initialize the system (data cache, NVIC priority,...).

2. Initialize the system clock by calling HAL\_RCC\_OscConfig() followed by HAL\_RCC\_ClockConfig().
3. Add HAL\_IncTick() function under SysTick\_Handler() ISR function to enable polling process when using HAL\_Delay() function
4. Start initializing your peripheral by calling HAL\_PPP\_Init().
5. Implement the hardware low level initialization (Peripheral clock, GPIO, DMA,...) by calling HAL\_PPP\_MspInit() in stm32l0xx\_hal\_msp.c
6. Start your process operation by calling IO operation functions.

#### **What is the purpose of HAL\_PPP\_IRQHandler() function and when should I use it?**

HAL\_PPP\_IRQHandler() is used to handle interrupt process. It is called under PPP\_IRQHandler() function in stm32l0xx\_it.c. In this case, the end-user has to implement only the callbacks functions (prefixed by \_\_weak) to perform the appropriate action when an interrupt is detected. Advanced users can implement their own code in PPP\_IRQHandler() without calling HAL\_PPP\_IRQHandler().

#### **Can I use directly the macros defined in xx\_hal\_ppp.h ?**

Yes, you can: a set of macros is provided with the APIs. They allow accessing directly some specific features using peripheral flags.

#### **Where must PPP\_HandleTypeDef structure peripheral handler be declared?**

PPP\_HandleTypeDef structure peripheral handler must be declared as a global variable, so that all the structure fields are set to 0 by default. In this way, the peripheral handler default state are set to HAL\_PPP\_STATE\_RESET, which is the default state for each peripheral after a system reset.

#### **When should I use HAL versus LL drivers?**

HAL drivers offer high-level and function-oriented APIs, with a high level of portability. Product/IPs complexity is hidden for end users. LL drivers offer low-level APIs at registers level, with a better optimization but less portability. They require a deep knowledge of product/IPs specifications.

#### **How can I include LL drivers in my environment? Is there any LL configuration file as for HAL?**

There is no configuration file. Source code shall directly include the necessary stm32l0xx\_ll\_ppp.h file(s).

#### **Can I use HAL and LL drivers together? If yes, what are the constraints?**

It is possible to use both HAL and LL drivers. One can handle the IP initialization phase with HAL and then manage the I/O operations with LL drivers. The major difference between HAL and LL is that HAL drivers require to create and use handles for operation management while LL drivers operates directly on peripheral registers. Mixing HAL and LL is illustrated in Examples\_MIX example.

#### **Is there any LL APIs which are not available with HAL?**

Yes, there are. A few Cortex® APIs have been added in stm32l0xx\_ll\_cortex.h e.g. for accessing SCB or SysTick registers.

#### **Why are SysTick interrupts not enabled on LL drivers?**

When using LL drivers in standalone mode, you do not need to enable SysTick interrupts because they are not used in LL APIs, while HAL functions requires SysTick interrupts to manage timeouts.



## Revision history

**Table 49. Document revision history**

Date	Revision	Changes
03-Jun-2014	1	Initial release.
30-Jul-2015	2	<p>Section Devices supported by HAL drivers added support for STM32L07xxx and STM32L08xxx and updated stm32l0xx_stm32l0xx_hal_lcd.c support for STM32L05/6xx devices.</p> <p>Removed note related to STM32Cube V1.0 in Section HAL global initialization.</p> <p>Updated common macros in Section HAL common resources</p> <p>Updated GPIO_Typedef type (AF0) in Section HAL GPIO Generic Driver.</p> <p>Added new HAL_NVIC_GetPriority(IRQn_Type IRQn function in Section HAL CORTEX Generic Driver.</p>
20-Nov-2015	3	<p>Added stm32l0xx_flash.ld in Section 2.1.2 User-application files.</p> <p>Added STM32L011xx, STM32L021xx, STM32L031xx and STM32L041xx in Section Devices supported by HAL drivers.</p> <p>Updated example of peripheral structure in Section Peripheral handle structures.</p> <p>Changed HAL_ADCEX_CalibrationStart() into HAL_ADCEX_Calibration_Start() in Table HAL extension APIs.</p> <p>Replaced GPIO_SPEED_LOW by GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW, GPIO_SPEED_MEDIUM by GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_MEDIUM, GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_HIGH and GPIO_SPEED_HIGH by GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_VERY_HIGH) speed in Table Structure.</p> <p>Updated example of system clock configuration code in Section System clock initialization.</p> <p>Add new API to control the MPU (see HAL_MPU_Disable and HAL_MPU_Enable).</p> <p>Renamed some HAL macros and driver define statements to ensure consistency all over STM32 families:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added new define statements to specify the GPIO Speed (GPIO_SPEED_LOW replaced by GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_</li> <li>Added new macro to check the Comparator inputs (IS_COMP1_LPTIMCONNECTION and IS_COMP2_LPTIMCONNECTION</li> </ul>
05-Apr-2016	4	<p>Updated Figure HAL driver model.</p> <p>Added Section Overview of low-layer drivers.</p> <p>Added Section Cohabiting of HAL and LL .</p> <p>Section CORTEX Firmware driver API description: remove __HAL_CORTEX_SYSTICKCLK_CONFIG(...) macro since HAL_SYSTICK_CLKSourceConfig() function.</p> <p>Section DMA Firmware driver defines: Added HAL_DMA_GET_COUNTER macro.</p> <p>Added descriptions of LL drivers for the following peripherals: ADC, COMP, CRC, CRS, DAC, DMA, EXTI, GPIO, I2C, I2S, RCC, RNG, RTC, SPI, TIM, USART, WWDG, as well as additional Low Level Bus, System, Cortex and Utilities APIs.</p>

Date	Revision	Changes
06-Jun-2016	5	<p>HAL/LL COMP</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Added missing definition for COMP_INPUT_PLUS_IO6 and LL_COMP_INPUT_PLUS_IO6, supported by STM32L0 STM32L021xx).</li> <li>Removed COMP_INVERTINGINPUT_IO3 definition.</li> <li>Renamed COMP_INVERTINGINPUT_IO2 to COMP_INPUT_MINUS_DAC1_CH2.</li> <li>The EXTI set-up is now managed by HAL_COMP_Init() function, using updated definitions of COMP_TRIGGERMODE_ The functions HAL_COMP_Start_IT() and HAL_COMP_Stop_IT() have been removed.</li> </ul> <p>HAL LCD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Corrected SYSCFG LCD External Capacitors definitions.</li> <li>Added new __HAL_SYSCFG_VLCD_CAPA_CONFIG() macro to configure the VLCD Decoupling capacitance connection.</li> <li>Added new __HAL_SYSCFG_GET_VLCD_CAPA_CONFIG() macro to return the decoupling of LCD capacitance configured</li> <li>Added LCD Voltage output buffer enable macro definitions.</li> </ul>
13-Dec-2016	6	Update for release V1.8.0 of the HAL and LL drivers. Refer to the release note provided within the firmware package for
22-Mar-2023	7	<p>Updated <a href="#">Section Introduction</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 3.2.2 Initialization and configuration structure</a>.</p> <p>Updated list of header files in <a href="#">Section 3.5.1 HAL API naming rules</a>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Section 3.12.4.1 Timeout management</a>.</p> <p>Updated LL_PPP{CATEGORY}_Init, and LL_PPP{CATEGORY}_StructInit, examples in <a href="#">Table 18</a>. Optional peripheral initialization functions. Updated <a href="#">Table 22</a>. Peripheral activation/deactivation management.</p> <p>Updated HAL and LL drivers.</p>

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